

1. Number of Pages
2. Date of Receipt
3. Initials of Receiver

M. O. 1-22-400-12-11-20

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public Works DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 27273

Press
Mis.

30-31
Dated

18

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Read the following papers.

No. 30. Letter from Colonel W. E. BAKER, Secretary to the Government of India; to T. PYCROFT, Esq., Chief Secretary to Government of Fort St. George, dated Fort William, the 18th September, 1857, No. 4609.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter No. 3981, dated the 7th Ultimo, I am directed to forward for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, Extract (paras. 6, 7 and 12) of a Despatch from the Honorable the Court of Directors No. 14, dated 6th May 1857, regarding the duties and allowances of certain Officers of the Department of Public Works, and of Superintending Engineers in particular. It will be observed that in the 12th para., the Honorable Court desire to be informed of the accurate amount of charge to be incurred by the new establishment in the Madras Presidency.

Extract from a Despatch from the Honorable Court of Directors, addressed to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, No. 14 of 1857, dated 6th May.

Para. 6. Chief Engineers are distributed in three classes, according to the extent and importance of their territorial jurisdiction, the monthly departmental pay assigned to members of each class being respectively Rupees 2,250, Rupees 1,200 and Rupees 1,000. With Chief Engineers of the third class are ranked Superintending Engineers, who also are to receive Rupees 1,000 per month. The Code Committee had proposed only Rupees 800 a month for Superintending Engineers; but the amount was increased by you at the instance of the Madras Government and in consideration of the responsibility of the office, the standing in the service of the Officers likely to hold it, and the superiority of the allowances of Officers of similar rank in the Commissariat Department. Another reason urged by the Madras Government is the greater comparative expense of living at the several presidential capitals, where, it is assumed, that the three Superintending Engineers of each Presidency would reside. Their duties are described as being those of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, "each for a third part of the Presidency." Their business it is said would be for the most part of a sedentary character, two of them being constantly at their posts in the Chief Engineer's office, though the third might be engaged on occasional tours of inspection.

7. This is in substance the description given by the Madras Government and accepted by you, of the duties of a Superintending Engineer, but we had formed a very different notion of them. We supposed that Superintending Engineers would be required to reside in the Divisions which they respectively superintended. We neither designed that they should be regarded as "virtual Secretaries," nor did we consider that the Chief Engineer would require the aid of three Secretaries in addition to that of a specially designated "Assistant," nor, if three Secretaries were really required, should we be disposed to allot departmental pay at the rate of Rupees 1,000 per mensem to each, exclusive of full Regimental pay and allowances. This part of the plan must therefore be reconsidered. It is manifest that superintendence of Public Works in the Provinces, in order to be effectual, must be maintained by means of immediate personal inspection, and is incompatible with habitual residence in a Metropolis. We are decidedly of opinion that the salaries should be reduced to Rupees 800 a month as proposed by the Committee, and we desire that this reduction may be made three months after the receipt of the present Despatch. We desire that you will also revert with a similar interval to the Committee's proposal respecting the salaries of Chief Engineers of the 2nd Class and of the Superintendent of Canals in the North Western Provinces. The departmental salary of each of these functionaries (in the case of the post being held by a Military man) was intended by the Committee to have been Rupees 1,000 per mensem, but was raised to Rupees 1,200, when that of Superintending Engineers was raised, in order that the same relative superiority might be preserved.

12. The annual charge for the existing Establishments for Bengal, the North West Provinces, the Punjab, Saugor and Pegu, may be stated at 16½ lacs per annum, the additions

NOTE.—It is stated in the Code Committee's letter at 20½ lacs, but on comparison with the Table appended to the letter, this would seem to be a clerical error.

recommended by the Code Committee would require a further sum stated at Rupees 3,87,048 per annum. This is a large increase to an expenditure already very large, but with the exception of what has been enjoined above, we cannot perceive in what way it can be materially diminished without hazard of a corresponding diminution of efficiency. We admit the justice of the Committee's remark that the cost of a judiciously increased Establishment for supervising Public Works will always be more than compensated by the greater efficiency and economy of execution. We consider the Committee fairly entitled to the encomium you have passed upon the care, forethought and ability with which they have discharged their functions, and we recognize these qualities not less in the financial than in the other details of their scheme. By far the greatest part of the increased expenditure is proposed to take place in the Subordinate grades of the Department where, as the employees must necessarily be largely trusted, liberal, though not excessive remuneration is especially requisite to ensure integrity and to encourage energy. But we are not aware that in their desire to foster honesty and zeal, the Committee have erred on the side of profusion, and we the more readily sanction your adoption of their recommendations on account of your explicit declaration that in filling up the appointments, merit shall be chiefly regarded, in preference to the claims of mere seniority. We desire to be informed of the accurate amount of charge to be incurred by the new establishments, not only under the Government of India, but in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay also.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) W. E. BAKER, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 30. A. Minute by the Right Honorable the President.

Since writing my Minute of the 16th of September, Colonel Baker's letter of 18th Ultimo, has been received and brought to my notice, enclosing an Extract of the Honorable Court's Despatch to the Supreme Government dated 6th May 1857, No. 14.

In this Despatch considerable stress appears to be laid on the term "Virtual Secretaries" which it is assumed, is the view which this Government holds of the position of the Superintending Engineer.

The only authority I find for this is, that the expression is employed by the Chief Engineer in a letter to Government and that it is included in an Extract from that letter in the Despatch to the Government of India of the 27th August 1855.

It is probably difficult to define the distinction that exists, because in some respects the duties of the Superintending Engineer must be similar to those of Secretaries to the Chief Engineers, whilst in other respects as Inspecting Officers of Circles, they are not so, and these similarities and dissimilarities must continue unless the positions of the respective Officers are very much altered and this change can I believe only be effected by enlarged establishments and increased expenditure.

It will be remembered, that the original plan for the Department was to have a grade of Inspecting Officers between the Superintending and the District Engineers.

I declined to sanction the formation of this grade until the necessity for it was proved, which has not been the case as yet, and I believe the District Engineers properly handled and supervised by the Superintending Engineers can well fulfil all the duties of District Inspection.

I must take this opportunity of expressing my full concurrence with the views which my Honorable Colleague Mr. Elliot has so ably expressed respecting the advantages to be derived from the opportunities of consultation, which their residence at the Presidency affords to the Consulting Engineers but I cannot altogether go with him in his opinion respecting the arrangements for the Central office.

If the Superintending Engineers are allowed to correspond with the Chief Engineer I should fear, that there would be the old evils again to contend with, great delay in the transaction of business, and increased expense.

Discussions upon works might be continued between the Chief and a Superintending Engineer for months, while by the present arrangement the opinions of both when they differ will be laid before Government and decided on at once.

I should, at all events, be disposed to give the rules now in force, and which have been lately revised, a fair trial.

I dread delay, and an accumulation of unnecessary correspondence, and even now there is a superabundance of the latter, and too much of the former.

I give this opinion always supposing, the present position of the Chief Engineer to continue and that he is still required to correspond with the Secretary to Government.

Colonel Faber has already impugned that arrangement, and has contended that the Chief Engineer should be the Secretary to Government for the Department of Public Works.

I have given no opinion on that point, and am certainly not prepared at present to recommend such a change.

(Signed) HARRIS.

No. 31. ORDER THEREON, No. 2072; dated 6th November 1857.

Ordered that the following reply be despatched with reference to paras. 6 and 7 of the Honorable Court's Despatch received with the letter from the Government of India, and that the Chief Engineer be called on to supply the information required by the Honorable Court in para. 12.

(Signed) H. FORBES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

No. 32. Ordered in consequence that the following letter be despatched.

From H. FORBES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George; to Colonel W. E. BAKER, Secretary to the Government of India, D. P. W. dated 6th November 1857, No. 2073.

SIR,

Para. 1. I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th September No. 4609, enclosing an extract from a Despatch from the Honorable Court of Directors to the Supreme Government, dated 6th May 1857, No. 14, regarding the duties and allowances of certain Officers of the Department of Public Works.

2. In paras. 6 and 7 of this Despatch, the Honorable Court appear to lay considerable stress on the term "Virtual Secretaries," as applied in the earlier correspondence of this Government, to the position which the Superintending Engineers occupy, relatively to the Chief Engineer, and assume that this is the view entertained by this Government of the position of those Officers. The Honorable Court appear to have received this impression from the term having been employed by the Chief Engineer in his letter to this Government dated 25th May 1855, of which an extract was given in para. 13 of the communication to your address dated the 27th August following; but the Government did not on that occasion wholly adopt that view, or intend, as they have since explained in their separate letter of the 21st Ultimo No. 1977, that the Superintending Engineers should occupy the position of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, but rather that of

Port Saint George, Public Works Consultation of 10th November 1857.

his advisers and professional Assistants. It is not practicable to define with precision the distinction that now exists, because, in some respects, the duties of the Superintending Engineers are, as they must necessarily be, similar to those of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, whilst in other respects, as Superintending Officers of Circles, their position is very different; and these similarities and dissimilarities must continue, unless the position of the Superintending Engineers is much altered, by a change which must be followed by enlarged establishments and increased expenditure. The Rules prescribing and regulating the duties of the Superintending Engineers recorded in the Consultations of this Government of the 17th June 1856, a copy of which has been furnished to the Government of India, will better explain the position of these Officers, and I am desired to refer you to them for the information. Some modifications of these rules were made in orders passed on the 10th August and 17th September 1857, Nos. 1556 and 1770, in order to give more personal authority and responsibility to the Superintending Engineers, and more leisure to the Head of the Department. Copies of these orders are now submitted for the information of the Government of India.

3. The Government of India are aware, from Mr. Bourdillon's letter to your address dated 27th August 1855, that in the original plan for the Public Works Department of this Presidency, it was proposed by the Chief Engineer to have a grade of Inspecting Officers between the Superintending and the District Engineers, but that this Government, declined to sanction the arrangement, until a necessity for it had appeared. The Government

* para. 15.

particularly noticed* that one consequence of their refusal would be that the Superintending Engineers would be more frequently called upon to make tours of inspection than if a grade of Inspecting Officers had been sanctioned. I am desired to remark that the necessity for Inspecting Officers has not yet been apparent, and that, under the supervision which the Superintending Engineers will exercise under existing arrangements, the Government believe that the District Engineers will be found satisfactorily to fulfil all the requirements of the service as respects District inspection.

4. The information required in para. 12 of the Honorable Court's Despatch has been called for from the Chief Engineer, and will be furnished as soon as received.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
Public.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
6th November 1857.

No. 2073.

From

H. FORBES, Esq.,

Acting Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George.

To

COLONEL W. E. BAKER,

Secretary to the Government of India, D. P. W.

SIR,

Para. 1. I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th September No. 4609, enclosing an extract from a Despatch from the Honorable Court of Directors to the Supreme Government, dated 6th May 1857, No. 14, regarding the duties and allowances of certain Officers of the Department of Public Works.

2. In paras. 6 and 7 of this Despatch, the Honorable Court appear to lay considerable stress on the term "virtual Secretaries," as applied in the earlier correspondence of this Government, to the position which the Superintending Engineers occupy, relatively to the Chief Engineer, and assume that this is the view entertained by this Government of the position of those Officers. The Honorable Court appear to have received this impression from the term having been employed by the Chief Engineer in his letter to this Government dated 25th May 1855, of which an extract was given in para. 13 of the communication to your address dated the 27th August following; but the Government did not on that occasion wholly adopt that view, or intend, as they have since explained in their separate letter of the 21st Ult. No. 1977, that the Superintending Engineers should occupy the position of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, but rather that of his advisers and professional Assistants. It is not practicable to define with precision the distinction that now exists, because, in some respects, the duties of the Superintending Engineers are, as they must necessarily be, similar to those of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, whilst in other respects, as Superintending Officers of Circles, their position is very different; and these similarities and dissimilarities must continue, unless the position of the Superintending Engineers is much altered, by a change which must be followed by enlarged establishments and increased expenditure. The Rules prescribing and regulating the duties of the Superintending Engineers recorded in the Consultations of this Government of the 17th June 1856, a copy of which has been furnished to the Government of India, will better explain the position of these Officers, and I am desired to refer you to them for the information. Some modifications of these rules were made in orders passed on the 10th August and 17th September 1857, Nos. 1556 and 1770, in order to give more personal authority and responsibility to the Superintending Engineers, and more leisure to the Head of the Department. Copies of these orders are now submitted for the information of the Government of India.

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* para. 15.

vision which the Superintending Engineers will exercise under existing arrangements, the Government believe that the District Engineers will be found satisfactorily to fulfil all the requirements of the service as respects District inspection.

4. The information required in para. 12 of the Honorable Court's Despatch has been called for from the Chief Engineer, and will be furnished as soon as received.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Acting Secretary to Government.

N^o 4609.

(9)

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From,
Colonel W. E. Baker,
Secretary to the Gov^t of India,
To,

J. Pycroft, Esq^r,
Chief Secretary to Gov^t of Fort St. George,
Dated, the 18th September, 1857.

Pub. Works Dept^t Sir,
Public

In continuation of my letter N^o 3981 dated the 7th ultimo, I am directed to forward for the information of the Right Hon^{ble} the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, extract paras. 6, 7 and 12 of a Despatch from the Hon^{ble} the Court of Directors N^o 14 dated 6th May 1857, regarding the duties and allowances of certain Officers of the Department of Public Works, and of Superintending Engineers in particular. It will be observed that in the 12th para, the Hon^{ble} Court desire to be informed of the accurate amount of charge to be incurred by the new establishment in the Madras Presidency.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,

Your most obed^t servant,

Fort William,
The 18th September,
1857.

220.

W. Pycroft, Esq^r,
Chief Secretary to the Gov^t of India,
Engineer.

Extract from a Despatch from the Honble
Court of Directors, addressed to the Govern-
ment of India in the Public Works De-
partment, No. 14 of 1854, dated 6th May.

Letter No. 2 of Dated Para: 6. Chief Engineers are distributed
17th June 1856. in three classes, according to the extent and
importance of their territorial jurisdiction,
the monthly departmental pay assigned to
members of each class being respectively
Rupees 2,250, Rupees 1,200 and Rupees 1,000.
With Chief Engineers of the third class are
ranked Superintending Engineers, who, also
are to receive Rupees 1,000 per month.
The Code Committee had proposed only
Rupees 800 a month for Superintending En-
gineers, but the amount was increased by
you at the instance of the Madras Govern-
ment and in consideration of the respon-
sibility of the Office, the standing in the
service of the Officers likely to hold it, (and
the superiority of the allowances of Officers
of similar rank in the Commissariat
Department. Another reason urged by
the Madras Government is the greater
comparative expense of living at the
several presidential Capitals, where, it is
assumed

Engineers

Public Works Dept.
21st June 1856
A. 1982.

From the Chief to the
Country Districts.

Dated 18th Dec 1856 } 1857
Received to do

At 11 1609

With an Encl.
to the 20th Dec 1856
Communicated

a copy of letter 61942
of a District from the
Honble the Court of
Directors 19th Dec 1856

6th May 1857 regarding
the duties and duties

of certain Officers
of the Department of
Public Works and of
Chief Engineers in
charge and observing
that in some cases

Handed

Honble Court desire to
be informed of the
estimated amount of
charge to be incurred
by the new District
in the Madras
Presidency

Original No. 61
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Their duties are described as being those of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer, "each for a third part of the Presidency." Their business it is said, would be for the most part of a sedentary character, two of them being constantly at their posts in the Chief Engineer's Office, though the third might be engaged on occasional tours of inspection.

7. — This is, in substance the description given by the Madras Government and accepted by the Committee of a Superintending Engineer, but we had formed a very different notion of them. We supposed that Superintending Engineers would be required to reside in the Divisions which they respectively superintended. We neither designed that they should be regarded as "virtual Secretaries," nor did we consider that the Chief Engineer would require the aid of three Secretaries in addition to that of a specially designated "Assistant," nor, if three Secretaries were really required, should we be disposed to allot departmental pay

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pay at the rate of Rupees 1000 per Mensem to each, exclusive of full regimental pay and allowances. This part of the plan must therefore be reconsidered. It is manifest that Superintendence of public works in the Provinces, in order to be effectual, must be maintained by means of immediate personal inspection, and is incompatible with habitual residence in a Metropolis. We are decidedly of opinion that the salaries should be reduced to Rupees 800 a Month as proposed by the Committee, and we desire that this reduction may be made three months after the receipt of the present Dispatch. We desire that you will also revert with a similar interval to the Committee's proposal respecting the salaries of Chief Engineers of the 2nd Class and of the Superintendent of Canals in the North Western Provinces. The departmental salary of each of these functionaries (in the case of the post being held by a Military Man) was intended by the Committee to have been Rs. 1000 per Mensem, but was raised to Rs. 1200 when that of Superintending Engineer.

Engineers, was raised, in order that the same relative superiority might be preserved.

12. — The Annual Charge for the existing Establishments for Bengal, the N. W. Provinces, the Punjab, Sagar, and Pegu, may be stated at $16\frac{3}{4}$ lacs per Annum, the additions recommended by the Code Committee would require a further sum stated at Rs. 3,87,048 per Annum.

(Note)

It is stated in the Code Committee's Letter at 25 1/4 lacs, but on comparison with the table appended to the letter, this would seem to be a clerical error.

This is a large increase to an expenditure already very large, but with the exception of what has been enjoined above, we cannot perceive in what way it can be materially diminished without hazard of a corresponding diminution of efficiency. We admit the justice of the Committee's remark that the cost of a judiciously increased Establishment for supervising public works will always be more than compensated by the greater efficiency and economy of execution. We consider the Committee fairly entitled to the premium you have passed upon the care, forethought and ability with which they have discharged their functions, and we recognize these qualities not

less in the financial than in the other details of their scheme. By far the greatest part of the increased expenditure is proposed to take place in the subordinate grades of the Department, where, as the employees must necessarily be largely trusted, liberal, though not excessive remuneration is especially requisite to ensure integrity and to encourage energy. But we are not aware that in their desire to foster honesty and zeal, the Committee have erred on the side of profusion and we the more readily sanction your adoption of their recommendations on account of your implicit declaration that in filling up the appointments, merit shall be chiefly regarded, in preference to the claims of mere seniority. We desire to be informed of the accurate amount of charge to be incurred by the new Establishments not only under the Govt. of India, but in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay also.

(A true Extract.)

W. D. Baker Colonel
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

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67W6

1907
The Overland

I have written my minute of the 16th
and of Sept. 20th to the letter of the 11th
has been removed. Enclosing are

Extract of the Standard South Sea
Island to the Supreme Govt. dated
6 May 1857 No 14.

In this dispatch considerable
 drift appears to be laid in the
 sense of actual secretaries - which
 it is assumed is the view which
 this last holds - of the position of

para 12.

was copy of the letter & Encl. Diff^y 7

The only authority I find for this
 is that the ^{Supervisor} is employed by the
 City of New York to look after the
 property in an extract from that
 letter in the appendix to the last volume
 of the 2^d kept 1858.

It is probably difficult to define the
distinction. That exists - because in
some respects the character of the Septic
Emp^a must be similar to those of Scabioides.

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I have been thinking of the
British paper the whistle, in which it is
as a matter of course, they are not
to be taken into consideration & difficulties
must continue unless the position
of the paper is changed. I have
written to the change can. I believe
only be effected by ~~the~~ enlarged
establishment & increased expenditure
which will be commenced - that the
original plan for the Dept. was to
have a grade of inspectors which

...disposition upon which might be ...
...which the Dept. of ...
...to be by the present ...
...the ... of the ...
...of the ...
...I should at all times be prepared
...the ... in force - which
...has been lately revised & fair trial
...the ... of
...my correspondence - I am now
...is a superabundance of the
...letter - also much of the former -

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I give this opinion through exp-
posing - the present position of the
of Mr. Buchanan & that he
is still required to correspond
with the Secy of War.

Col. Fisher has already informed
that accordingly - & has concluded
that the Mr. Fisher should be the Secy of
War for the Dept of P. W.

I have given no opinion in that
point - I am ^{entirely} not prepared at

believe to recommend such a change.
The only reason I can think of is

that it is not in the interest of the
State to have a change of this kind.

Very truly yours,
J. H. Johnson
Secretary of the State

Public Works 1857 Deptt.
D to Cons 10th Nov.

No 2229.

Minutes by the Right
Honble. the Governor.

Of 7th October 1857.

Observing with regard to the
term "virtual secretaries" that the expe-
rience is employed by the Chief Engineer
in a letter to Government and that
it is included in an Extract from
that letter in the dispatch to the
Government of India of the 24th
August 1857, and adding that in
some respects, the duties of the
Superintending Engineers, must
be similar to those of secretaries
to the Chief Engineer whilst in
other respects as Inspecting
officers of works, they are not so,
with certain observations and
suggestions on the office of In-
spectors.

No 30 A.

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P.W.D

No 2072.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation
Under date the 6th ~~October~~ ^{10th Nov} 1857.

Read the following
^{Paper} letter from the Secretary to the
Government of India.

Min. by the R.H. the Govt. (Here enter 18th September 1857.)
1857—7 Oct 57—1 No 609

[Signature]

[Signature]

Ordered that the
following reply be dispatched
with reference to paras 6
and 7 of the Honorable Court's
Despatch received with the
above letter, and that the Chief
Engineer be called on to supply
the information required by
the Honorable Court in
para 12.

9 Copies to the Chief Eng.
with Copy of the letter & Encl.

Dis 7

J.W.D

N^o 2073.

To

Colonel W.E. Parker.

Secretary to the Government
of India.

Sir,

I am directed by the
Right Honorable the Governor
in Council to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter of
the 18th ^{Sept} Ultimo N^o 4609, encl^{os}
ing an extract from a
Despatch from the Honorable
Court of Directors to the
Supreme Government, dated
6th May 1857 N^o 14, regarding the
duties and allowances of
certain officers of the Depart-
ment of Public Works.

In paras 6 and 7
of this despatch, the Honorable
Court appear to lay considerable

stress

to Chief-Post
Steamer.

A

W.E.

W.E.

W.E.

Chief-Post 1857
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Secretaries," as applied in the
earlier correspondence of this
Government, to the position
which the Superintending
Engineers occupy, relatively
to the Chief Engineer, and
assume that this is the
view entertained by this
Government of the position
of those officers. The Honorable
Court appear to have ~~so~~
received this impression
from the term having been
employed by the Chief
Engineer in his letter to this
Government dated 25th May
1855, of which an extract
was given in para. 12 of the
communication to your ~~so~~
address dated the 27th August
following, but the Government

did

did not on that occasion
wholly adopt that view, or
intend, as they have since
explained in their separate
letter of the 19th ^{Oct. 1877} ~~Inst. 6~~, that
the Superintending Engineers
should occupy the position
of Secretaries to the Chief Engineer,
but rather that of his advisers
and professional assistants.
It is not practicable to define
with precision the distinction
that now exists, because, in
some respects, the duties of the
Superintending Engineer are,
as they must necessarily be,
similar to those of Secretaries to
the Chief Engineer, whilst in
other respects, as Superintending
Officers of Circles, their position
is very different, and these
similarities and dissimilarities
must continue, unless the
position

position of the Superintending
Engineers is much altered
by a change which must
be followed by enlarged
establishments and increased
expenditure. The Rules
prescribing and regulating
the duties of the Superintend-
ing Engineers recorded in
the Consultations of this Govt
of the 17th June 1856, a copy of
which has been furnished
to the Government of India,
will better explain the com-
position of these Officers, and
I am desired to refer you
to them for the information.
Some modifications of these
rules were made in orders
passed on the 10th August and
17th September 1857 Nos 4556 & 4770,
in order to give more personal
authority.

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authority and responsibility
to the Superintending Engineers,
and more leisure to the
Head of the Department.
Copies of these orders are now
submitted for the information
of the Government of India.
3 The Government of
India are aware, from Mr
Pourdillon's letter to your
address dated 27th August 1856,
that in the original plan for
the Public Works Department
of this Presidency, it was
proposed by the Chief Engineer
to have a grade of Inspecting
Officers between the Superintend-
ing and the District Engineers,
but that this Government, de-
clined to sanction the arrange-
ment, until a necessity for it
had appeared. The Government
particularly noticed that
one consequence of their refusal
would

would be that the Superintending Engineers would be more frequently called upon to make tours of inspection than if a grade of Inspecting Officers had been sanctioned. I am desirous to remark that the necessity for Inspecting Officers has not yet been apparent, and that, under the supervision which the Superintending Engineers will exercise under existing arrangements, the Government believe that the District Engineers will be found satisfactorily to fulfil all the requirements of the Service as respects District inspection.

The information required in para 12 of the Honorable Court's despatch has been called for from the Chief Engineer, and will be furnished as soon as received.

W.D.

For the Secy
6.5.1884

Public Works Dept.
Dated Cons: 10th Nov.

N^o 2073.

To the Secretary to the Govt. of
India - D. P. M.
D^d 6th Nov. 57.

Regarding the duties and
allowances of certain officers of the
Department of Public Works, and
of Superintending Engineers in
particular.

1032.