

G.O., No. 745 Ma
746 Mar

DATED 23rd August 1897

[Despatch Abstract.]

Revised Quarantine Regulations. Forward
ing copy of Proceedings ordering the publication
in the Fort St. George and all Maritime Districts
of the notification prescribing the — under the
Epidemic Diseases Act in all ports of the
Madras Presidency in supersession of those
now in force.

71226
71256

MARINE.

Original

Recd.

Regd.

1897.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G. O., Nos. 745, 746, 23rd August 1897.

AUGUST.

Revised Quarantine Regulations.

Forwarding Copy of Proceedings ordering the publication, in the Port Saint George and all Maritime District Gazettes, of the notification prescribing the—under the Epidemic Diseases Act in all ports of the Madras Presidency, in supersession of those now in force.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O. No. 601, Marine, dated 6th July 1897.

ORDER—No. 745, Marine, dated 23rd August 1897.

Ordered that the following notification be published in the Fort St. George and all Maritime District Gazettes:—

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor General in Council under section 2, sub-section (3) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe, under the said Epidemic Diseases Act, the following temporary regulations to be observed in all ports of the Madras Presidency. These regulations will supersede those now in force and which are published on pp. 601—604, Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette of the 11th May 1897.

Definitions.

1. In these regulations—

(1.) "Vessel" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or of property.

(2.) "Port Officer" includes any person acting under the authority of Government in charge of Port discipline.

(3.) "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means any person (except a pilot or harbour master) having for the time being the charge or control of the vessel.

(4.) "Sanitary authority" means the Collector of the district, and the Municipal Council or Local Board, the area under whose jurisdiction includes or abuts on any part of a customs port. Where a customs port is included within or abuts on the jurisdiction of more than one of the authorities above mentioned, the Governor in Council shall appoint which of them shall be the Sanitary authority for the purpose of these regulations, or he may distribute among them, in such manner as he may deem fit, the duties imposed by these regulations. The jurisdiction of every Sanitary authority shall, for the purposes of these regulations, extend to seaward for a distance of three miles beyond low water mark on all parts of the coast line bounding the area ordinarily under its jurisdiction.

(5.) "Port Health Officer" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary authority or by the Local Government to act in the execution of these regulations.

(6.) "Observation" means segregation either on board a vessel, or in an isolation camp or place.

(7.) "Surveillance" means that the persons subjected to it will not be isolated; they will at once obtain free pratique, but will be kept under medical supervision.

2. (1.) "Infected" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel with plague on board, or on board which one or more cases have taken place within twelve days.

(2.) "Suspected" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel on board which there has been a case of plague at the time of departure, or during the voyage, but on which no fresh case has occurred for twelve days.

(3.) "Healthy" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel which has come from, or which during the voyage has touched at, an infected port, but which has had no (death, or) case of plague on board, either before departure, during the voyage, or on arrival.

3. The master of every "infected," "suspected," or "healthy" vessel shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of the Madras Presidency, cause to be hoisted at the foremast head the Commercial Code flag *Q* being a yellow flag, and shall keep the same displayed during the whole time between sun-rise and sun-set. If any person on board such vessel be at the time suffering or suspected to be suffering from the plague, the master shall also hoist the Commercial Code flag *R* below the yellow flag *Q*. Any such vessel arriving at a port after dark shall hoist on coming to an anchor one *white* light at the foremast head and one *red* light at the mainmast head. Regulations.

4. The master of any such vessel shall before arriving at an anchorage pump out the bilge water, if possible after disinfection, and pass fresh sea water over the parts that have been in contact with the bilge water. The bilge water shall not be discharged within port limits.

5. The Port Officer on the arrival of any vessel displaying the flag or flags or light or lights aforesaid, or if he ascertains from the master of such vessel, or otherwise has reason to believe, that the vessel is *infected*, *suspected* or *healthy* from an infected port, shall detain such vessel, and order the master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such place as may be fixed by him; and the master shall moor or anchor accordingly. Provided that in the case of any ship which has not communicated with the shore, the master if he objects to submit to the obligations imposed by these regulations shall be free to put back to sea. In such case the Port Officer shall send immediate information to the Sanitary authorities of the port in India, Burma or Ceylon to which the vessel is bound or at which she is next about to call.

6. While a vessel shall be so detained, no person shall leave the same.

7. The Port Officer, on the approach to the port of any vessel displaying the flag or flags or light or lights aforesaid, or on his detaining any vessel as aforesaid, shall forthwith give notice thereof and of the cause of such detention to the Sanitary authority of the port, and also to the Port Health Officer.

8. The detention by the Port Officer of a vessel under Regulation 5 shall cease as soon as the vessel shall have been, as hereinafter provided, duly visited and examined by the Port Health Officer or, if the vessel shall, upon such examination, be found to be *infected* or *suspected*, as soon as the same shall be moored or anchored in pursuance of Regulations 9 and 13.

9. The Sanitary authority shall, as speedily as practicable, with the approval of the Port Officer, fix some place where vessels may be moored or anchored for the purpose of Regulation 13; and shall make provision for the reception of plague patients and other persons removed from vessels under these regulations. The place to be fixed as aforesaid, where any vessel may be moored or anchored for the purpose of Regulation 13, shall be some place within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, unless the local Government otherwise orders, in which case the place so fixed shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be within such jurisdiction.

10. On receiving the notice prescribed by Regulation 7 the Port Health Officer shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is *infected*,

suspected or healthy. He shall also do so if he have reason to believe that any vessel which has arrived or is within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, whether detained by the Port Officer or not, is *infected or suspected* or has come from or touched at a port where plague prevails. The master of such vessel shall permit it to be so visited and examined and shall afford all reasonable facilities for such examination as the Port Health Officer may deem requisite.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the state of the vessel as aforesaid, the Port Health Officer may demand from the doctor of the ship or, failing him, from the master a declaration on oath whether there has been or has not been a case of plague on the ship since her departure, or whether any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from the plague has left or been removed from the vessel prior to or during the voyage, and all particulars relative to any such circumstance; and the Doctor or the Master, as the case may be, shall be bound to make a true declaration to the best of his knowledge and belief.

12. When the Port Health Officer has made such examination as aforesaid, he shall forthwith give a certificate in duplicate in the following form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one copy to the master and transmit the other to the Sanitary authority. He shall also, if the vessel is *infected or suspected*, give immediate information of the fact to the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.

Certificate.

I hereby certify that I have examined the vessel _____ day of 189 ____
_____, now lying in the port of _____, of
(or detained at _____) and that I find that she is
(a) "*infected*" with plague,
(b) "*suspected*," or
(c) "*healthy*" from an infected port (as the case may be).
(Signed)

Port Health Officer.

13. The master of any vessel certified by the Port Health Officer to be "*infected*" or "*suspected*" shall thereupon moor or anchor her if he has not already done so at the place fixed for that purpose under Regulation 9 where she shall remain until the requirements of these regulations have been duly fulfilled, and from which she shall not depart without the written or, where communication with the vessel is impracticable owing to stress of weather, the signalled permission of the Port Health Officer.

14. No person shall leave any such vessel until the examination hereinafter prescribed shall have been made.

15. (1) The Port Health Officer shall, as soon as possible after a vessel has been certified as *infected, suspected or healthy*, examine every person on board the same.

(2) If any person on board any such vessel is found to be suffering from plague, or from any illness which the Port Health Officer suspects may prove to be plague, the Port Health Officer shall certify accordingly. Every person who shall be so certified by him shall, if possible, be immediately disembarked and shall be detained for treatment in a suitable hospital or ward or isolation camp or other place.

(3) If the vessel is certified to be *infected*, all persons on board shall be kept under *observation or surveillance*, as the Port Health Officer may determine, and shall, if possible, be disembarked for the purpose.

(4) All persons kept under *observation*, whether on shore or on board the vessel, shall be detained for such period as the Port Health Officer shall in his absolute discretion prescribe with regard to the sanitary condition of the vessel and the date of the last case of plague which has occurred among the crew or passengers, but which shall not exceed ten days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of plague which has occurred on board, or which may subsequently occur among the persons detained in such camp or place as the Sanitary authority shall have appointed for the purpose of their detention or on board the vessel, after which they shall, if certified by the Chief Medical Officer on the spot to be free from the infection of plague, be permitted to proceed to their destination.

(5) If the vessel is certified to be *suspected or healthy*, all persons on board who may disembark shall be subjected to *surveillance* either at the port or at their destination as the Sanitary authority may direct, in the case of a *suspected* vessel for a period of ten days from the date of the arrival of the vessel in port, and in the case of a *healthy* vessel for the period necessary to complete a term of ten days from the date of the vessel's departure from the infected port last visited. In either case the Port Health Officer may place under *observation*, instead of *surveillance*, ~~for a term not exceeding ten days from such vessel's arrival at the port~~ any person whom he may consider to be in any way likely to carry the infection of the plague.

for the above mentioned persons mentioned in the above

16. A clean Bill of Health shall not be granted to an *infected* vessel until all the requirements of these regulations have been complied with, nor until ten days have elapsed from the date of the last case of plague which has occurred on board; nor, if the person attacked has been treated on board, until ten days from the death or recovery of such person.

17. In the case of a vessel certified to be *suspected or healthy*, a clean Bill of Health shall be given provided the requirements of these regulations have been complied with and if ten days have elapsed since the vessel's departure from the infected port last visited. If ten days have not elapsed the vessel may be detained in quarantine at the discretion of the Port Health Officer for the time necessary to complete the period of ten days, the crew and passengers being placed during such period under *surveillance*. Free *pratique* granted at Colombo or at an intermediate Indian or Burmese port shall be recognized.

18. No port clearance shall be granted to any vessel which has been subjected to these rules unless with the written concurrence of the Port Health Officer.

19. No person detained for treatment or placed under *observation* shall leave the camp or place or vessel in which he is detained under treatment or *observation*, until the Chief Medical Officer present at the spot shall have certified that such person is free from the infection of the plague.

20. Every person placed under *surveillance* shall present himself for examination by the medical officer appointed for this purpose, by the Sanitary authority, at such times and places as such medical officer may direct.

21. If any person suffering from plague or from any illness which the Port Health Officer suspects may prove to be plague cannot be disembarked under

Regulation 15, he may be detained on board the vessel, which shall remain subject, for the purpose of this regulation, to the control of the Port Health Officer. Such person shall not be removed from or leave the vessel, except with the consent, in writing, of the Port Health Officer; and, if the illness from which such person suffered is, or proves to be, plague, the vessel shall be treated as an infected vessel.

22. Any person detained under observation or placed under surveillance who is certified by the Port Health Officer or by the medical officer appointed under Regulation 19 to be suffering from plague, or from any illness which such officer suspects may prove to be plague, may be taken to such hospital or ward or observation camp or other suitable place as may be appointed for that purpose by the Sanitary authority of the port or place, and detained there until his recovery, or for such period, not exceeding ten days, as may be necessary for ascertaining whether his illness is, or is not, plague. The said person shall be bound to remain in the place where he is detained and to follow such instructions as the Sanitary authority may prescribe.

23. The Port Health Officer shall, in the case of every vessel certified to be infected or suspected, give directions for the disinfection of all parts of the vessel which have been inhabited by plague patients and he may also give such other directions for the more thorough disinfection of the vessel as may appear to him to be necessary for preventing the spread of infection. The master of the said vessel shall forthwith carry into execution all such directions.

24. In the event of any death from plague on board such vessel while detained under these regulations the master shall, as directed by the Sanitary authority, or the Port Health Officer, either cause the dead body to be taken out to sea and committed to the deep properly loaded to prevent its rising, or shall deliver it into the charge of the Sanitary authority for disposal, if the former procedure be not in accordance with caste or race customs.

25. The master shall cause to be destroyed any articles on board his vessel that may have been soiled with plague discharges and he shall also cause to be disinfected or destroyed the clothing and bedding, and other articles of personal use likely to retain infection which are on board his vessel and which have been used by any person who has suffered from plague on board such vessel, or who, having left such vessel, shall have suffered from plague during the stay of such vessel in the port. If the master shall have neglected to do so or have done so ineffectually before the vessel arrives in port, he shall forthwith, upon the direction of the Sanitary authority or the Port Health Officer, cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed to the satisfaction of that authority, and in accordance with the instructions as to disinfection contained in the Appendix to these Regulations. If the said master neglect to comply with any such directions within a reasonable time, the Sanitary authority or the Port Health Officer shall cause the same to be carried into execution at the expense of the said vessel.

26. Provided facilities exist for obtaining suitable water in the port, the master shall, on the direction of the Port Health Officer, cause all tanks in an infected or suspected vessel to be completely emptied and cleaned and disinfected in such manner as the Port Health Officer may direct and fresh water to be taken in. The Port Health Officer may also, if he thinks necessary, give like directions in the case of a healthy vessel. The master of the vessel shall forthwith carry any such direction into execution.

27. Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel subject to these regulations may be landed under such precautions as the Port Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

28. It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels detained under these regulations of such supplies of provisions, stores or other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessel, to be subsequently removed by the crew.

29. All expenses incurred by any Sanitary authority in carrying out these regulations shall be defrayed from Municipal or District or taluk Funds in such proportions as the District Collector may, subject to the orders of the Local Government, direct.

30. Any person disobeying or contravening any of the foregoing regulations shall be deemed to have committed an offence punishable under Section 188 of the Indian Penal Code, and shall be liable on conviction to be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) D. McNEIL CAMPBELL, COLONEL, R.E.,
Secretary to Government.

To

The Superintendent, Government Press, with Notification.
" Surgeon-General with the Government.
" Presidency Port Officer.
" Sanitary Commissioner, through the Public Department.
" Collectors of Maritime Districts.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Revenue Department.
" Public Department.
" Other Governments with C. L.

Endorsement—No. 746, Marine, dated 23rd August 1897.

Copy forwarded to the Government of India, Home Department, in continuation of letter No. 602, Marine, dated 6th July 1897.

(By order)

(Signed) D. McNEIL CAMPBELL, COLONEL, R.E.,
Secretary to Government.

Share copy despatched
20/8/97

No.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT, *vide Govt. No. 4680/23-8-97*

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF
BOMBAY, MARINE DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF
BENGAL, MARINE DEPARTMENT.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE N. W. PROVINCES AND OUDH.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE PUNJAB.

THE SECRETARY TO THE COMMISSIONER OF SINDH.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMIS-
SIONER, CENTRAL PROVINCES.

THE SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
ASSAM.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE ^{Government} ~~CHIEF COMMIS-~~
~~SIONER~~ BURMA.

THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE AND CHIEF COMMIS-
SIONER OF COORG.

THE RESIDENT AT HYDERABAD.

THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN
CENTRAL INDIA.

The Honble the Colonial Secretary, Colombo.
THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR
THE STATES OF RAJPUIANA.

The Agent to the Govr. General for Beluchistan
SIR,

I am directed to forward, for the information
of *the Govt of India &c*
a copy of the Proceedings of this Government
quoted in the margin containing a notification
issued by His Excellency the Governor in Coun-
cil to prevent the spread of epidemic diseases.

I have, &c.,

25/8/97

25/8/97
M.

visitation & examine

Note for the Honourable Member

The Hon. Sir Henry Blundell & Co

I think the Regs. should have an appendix giving the methods of disinfection as prescribed by the convention.

I don't like the 3 heads - they will lead to difficulty in referring to particular rules - better let the numbering run through - of course the Regs. & the clauses as to infected & vessels may have sub-numbers.

Please wire as asked by me & then get proof on side margin & let me see again after Mr. Forbes has criticised & noted.

RS

8/7/97

Note for Mr. Forbes.

The Regulations have been revised as revised by the Hon. Member, and are forwarded herewith for the purpose specified above. They will be put into type for final revision by the Hon. Member after you have passed them.

H.M. 6.7.97 R 87-57

Printing out over

A draft of the revised Regulations under the Epidemic Diseases Act for vessels inwards is herewith submitted for approval.

Attention is invited to the arrangement adopted which is somewhat different from that appearing in G.O. 363 Marine, dated 22nd April 1897.

There are now 3 heads

viz.,

- (1) Definitions
- (2) Instructions
- (3) Regulations.

Head (2) is adapted from the Venice Convention page 23. The "instructions" are to a certain extent permissive, and would not be governed by the penal clause No. 27.

The provisions of (3) are Compulsory.

9/7/97

M

Visitation & Examination

on pubsony and would
so governed. It is
right that this ar-
angement gives a com-
teness to the rules.

There are some provisions
the present Madras
rules (not contained in
the Convention) which it
may be thought desirable
to retain - e.g. destruction
of infected clothing. The
Convention provides for
disinfection only. The changes
in existing rules are indicated
by marginal notes.

The Local and Municipal
Department has been asked
to proceed with its portion
of the work - inland arrang-
ments - in anticipation of
the receipt of the preliminary
Order No. 601 dated 6th
July 1897, a copy of which
is included in the file
for reference.

1/2/97
M

LL

Revised quarantine regulations
for Ships & Passengers Inwards

Government of Madras.

Marine Department.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read again
G.O. No. 601 Marine, dated 6th July 1897.

The Hon Sir Henry Blount

Ordered that the following no-
tification be published in the Fort
Saint George and all Maritime Dis-
trict Gazettes:-

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers dele-
gated to him by the Governor General
in Council under section 2, sub-sec-
tion (3) of the Epidemic Diseases
Act, 1897, His Excellency the Governor
in Council is pleased to prescribe,
under the said Epidemic Diseases Act,
the following temporary regulations
to be observed in all ports of the
Madras Presidency. These regulations
will supersede those now in force and
are published on pp. 601-604, Part I of
the Fort St. George Gazette of the
11th May 1897.

I Definitions.

In these regulations -

1. "Vessel" includes anything made
for the conveyance by water of human
beings or of property.

2. "Port Office" includes any
person acting under the authority of
Govt.

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Government in charge of port district.

III 3 "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means, any person (except a pilot or harbour master) having for the time being the charge or control of the vessel.

IV 4 "Sanitary authority" means the Collector of the district, and every Municipal Council and Local Board, the area under whose jurisdiction includes or abuts on any part of a customs port; and the jurisdiction of every sanitary authority shall, for the purposes of these regulations, extend to seaward for a distance of three miles beyond low water mark on all parts of the coast line bounding the area ordinarily under its jurisdiction.

V 5 "Port Health Officer" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary authority or by the Local Government to act in the execution of these regulations.

VI 6 Any vessel with plague on board, or on board which one or more cases have taken place within twelve days, will be considered "infected".

VII 7 Any vessel on board which there has been a case of plague at the time of departure, or during the voyage, but on which no fresh case has occurred for twelve days, will be considered as "suspected".

Any

The above is from G.O. 363 Marine - 21-4-17. (present rules)

The following regulations are taken from p. 23 of the Convention and may per. be taken up as per. rules come in further down.

After leaving this to the District

Note. The expression "observation" means segregation of passengers, either on board a vessel, or in an isolation camp or place. The expression "surveillance" means that the persons subjected to it will not be isolated; they will at once obtain free pratique, but on arriving at their destination they will be kept under medical supervision and will be subject to Reg.

* These words are added so as to accord with existing rules. vide no 17 of present draft. rules. G.O. 363 Marine.

* This is not compulsory under existing rules. vide I (b) p 4 of G.O. 363.

III 8 Any vessel, even though coming from an infected port, which has had no death, or case of plague on board, either before departure, during the voyage, or on arrival, will be considered as "healthy".
VIII 8 "Infected" vessels are subject to the following rules:-

1. The sick will be immediately disembarked and isolated.
2. The other persons on board should also, if possible, be disembarked and kept under observation or surveillance on shore for a period varying according to the sanitary condition of the vessel, and the date of the last case, but which must not exceed ten days.
3. The soiled linen and personal effects of the crew and passengers, which, in the opinion of the Sanitary authority of the port, may be considered as infected, will be disinfected or destroyed.
4. The bilge water will be pumped out after disinfection, and good drinking water will be substituted for the water stored on board.
5. All parts of the vessel which have been inhabited by plague patients will be disinfected. More thorough disinfection may be ordered by

examined

on hulls and would

by the local sanitary authority.
X "Suspected" vessels ^{are} subject to the following measures.

6X Medical inspection.

7X Disinfection; the soiled linen and personal effects of the crew and passengers, which, in the opinion of the local Sanitary authority, may be regarded as contaminated, should be disinfected or destroyed.

* Added to accord with existing rules.

8X Pumping out the bilge water after disinfection, and the substitution of good drinking water for the water stored on board.

9X Disinfection of all parts of the vessel which have been inhabited by plague patients. More thorough disinfection may be ordered by the local sanitary authority.

10X A watch should be kept over the health of the crew and passengers for ten days from the date of arrival of the vessel.

11X The crew should not be allowed to land except on duty and will then be subject to surveillance.

* Added. Seems to be necessary.

12X "Healthy" vessels will be given free pratique at once, irrespective of the nature of the Bill of Health.

(Subject to the rules contained in this Regn.)

13X The measures which the authorities of the port of arrival should enforce with regard to such vessels consist in those which are prescribed

in the case of suspected vessels (medical inspection, disinfection, pumping out the bilge water, and the substitution of good drinking water for the water stored on board), except that the measures prescribed for the disinfection of the vessel itself should not be enforced in the case of healthy vessels.

2/3 The crew and passengers should be kept under medical surveillance for ten days from the date on which the vessel left an infected port.

3/4 The crew should not be allowed to land except on duty and will then be subject to surveillance.

* The word "Supervision" is used in the original.

Added.
I should say "Port Officer" - the "app. authority" for such cases.

15 The appropriate authority of the port of arrival may always demand a declaration, on oath, from the doctor of the vessel, or failing him, from the captain, that there has been no case of plague on the vessel since her departure.

Here ends the extract from p 23 of the Convention.

7. III. Regulations
The master of every vessel to which the above definitions of "infected", "suspected", or "healthy" apply

* New matter.
The following rules are adapted from existing rules GO 363.

16 Free pratique granted at Colombo or other intermediate port should be recognised (rule para 12 of Indian rules)

shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of the Madras Presidency, cause to be hoisted at the foremast head the Commercial Code flag Q being a yellow flag, and shall keep the same displayed during the whole

Madras.

on pulsony and would

1. If any person on board such vessel be at the time sick of the plague, the master shall also hoist the Commercial Code flag R below the yellow flag Q. Any such vessel arriving at a port after dark shall hoist on coming to an anchor one white light at the foremast head and one red light at the mainmast head.

2. The master shall before arriving at an anchorage free his vessel from bilge water and pass fresh sea water over the parts that have been in contact with such bilge water.

3. Vessels declared "infected" or "suspected" will be detained in quarantine for ten days from the date of the last case of plague on board.

Vessels declared "healthy" ^{even though} ~~infected~~ ^{should be given} free pratique at once.

This is rather inconsistent with the above provisions as to bilge water. However it may stand - A master coming in may not know the regulations if he has effectively carried out the rules then will be no bilge water to pump out under the other rules. W.S.

New rule

4. If a Port Officer on the arrival of any vessel ascertains from the Master of such vessel or otherwise has reason to believe that the vessel is infected ^{or suspected} as defined above he shall detain such vessel, and order the master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such position as may

these

may be appointed under regulations 5. While such vessel shall be so

detained, no person shall leave the

6. The Port Officer detaining any vessel as aforesaid shall forthwith give notice thereof and of the cause of such detention to the Sanitary authority of the port.

6.7. Such detention by the Port Officer shall cease as soon as the vessel shall have been duly visited and examined by the Port Health Officer or, if the vessel shall, upon such examination, be found to be infected or suspected

plague, as soon as the same shall be moored or anchored in pursuance of regulations 8 and 12; provided that, if the examination be not commenced within twelve hours after notice given as aforesaid, the vessel shall, on expiration of the said twelve hours, be released from detention. In such latter case, the Port Officer shall send immediate information to the Sanitary authorities of the port to which the vessel is bound or at which she is next about to call.

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8. Every Sanitary authority within whose jurisdiction a port exists shall, as speedily as practicable,

with

call or over will
A. Blamire

in person and would

in some place where vessels may be moored or anchored for the purpose of regulation 12; and shall make provision for the reception of plague patients and ^{other} persons ~~from vessels~~ removed under regulation 14.

Persons not actually suffering from illness may be removed under Reg 14. No

The place to be fixed as aforesaid, where any vessel may be moored or anchored for the purpose of regulation 12, shall be some place within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, unless the Local Government otherwise orders, in which case the place so fixed shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be within such jurisdiction.

8.9. It shall be the duty of the Port Officer on the approach to the port of any vessel to make the fact known to the Port Health Officer who shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is "infected"

Subject to these regulations.

"suspected" or "healthy"

10. The Port Health Officer if he have reason to believe that any vessel which has arrived or is within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, whether examined by the Port Officer or not, is infected ^{suspected} or has

* Seems unnecessary.

if the vessel is suspected or suspected,

This portion of the Certificate has been modified to suit the new regulations.

of Madras.

from a place where plague prevails, shall visit and examine such vessel for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is ^{her state with reference to these Regulations} infected; and the master of such vessel shall permit the same to be so visited and examined.

XX.11. ^{When} the Port Health Officer has made such examination as aforesaid (under regulation 12 or regulation 13) and finds that the vessel is infected, he shall forthwith give a certificate in duplicate in the following form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one copy to the master and transmit the other to the Sanitary authority. He shall also give immediate information of ^{her} arrival to the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.

Certificate

day of 189

I hereby certify that I have examined the vessel

now lying in the port of (or detained at) and

that I find that she is infected with plague ^(a) "suspected" or ^(b) "healthy" ^(c) from an infected port (as the case may be)

(Signed)

Port Health Officer.

on the board and would

X-12. A person infected "or suspected"

at the place of infection shall remain

regulation 8 where she shall remain

until the requirements of these regu-

lations have been duly fulfilled,

X-13. No person shall leave any such

vessel until the examination hereina-

after mentioned shall have been made.

X-14. The Port Health Officer shall,

as soon as possible after any such

vessel has been certified as

examining every person on board the

vessel and in the case of any person

suffering from plague, or from any

illness which the Port Health Of-

ficer suspects may prove to be

plague, shall certify accordingly.

Every person who shall be so certified

by him shall, ^{if possible,} be

housed and shall be detained in a

suitable isolation camp or other

place. All other persons on board

shall ^{be} kept under observation

or surveillance as provided above,

and shall, if possible, be disembarked

for the purpose.

Such period as the Port Health Officer

shall in his absolute discretion prescribe

with regard to the sanitary condition of the vessel

and the date of the last case of plague which

has occurred among the crew or passengers,

but which shall not exceed

the occurrence of the last case of

plague which has already occurred on board,

or which may subsequently occur among

the persons detained in such camp or

place, after which they shall be re-

leased if certified by the Chief Medical

Officer

infected or suspected,
new matter

new matter

modified rule.

and shall, if possible, be disembarked
for the purpose.

Such period as the Port Health Officer
shall in his absolute discretion prescribe
with regard to the sanitary condition of the vessel
and the date of the last case of plague which
has occurred among the crew or passengers,
but which shall not exceed

All persons kept

under observation

shall be

detained for ten days from the date of

the occurrence of the last case of

plague which has already occurred on board,

or which may subsequently occur among

the persons detained in such camp or

place, after which they shall be re-

leased if certified by the Chief Medical

Officer

Officer

Officer

Officer

Officer

Officer

detained for treatment or
placed

the camp or place or vessel in which
he is detained under observation, or the
limits of such place as the sanitary au-
thority may appoint for his being kept
under surveillance, as the case may be.

16. It shall be the duty of every person
kept under surveillance to present him-
self for examination ~~and~~ by such medical
officer as the sanitary authority shall appoint for this pur-
pose, at such times and places as such medi-
cal officer may direct.

or from any illness, which the Port Health
Officer suspects may prove to be plague

Now, if the illness from which such person
is suffering suffered was a wound or
plague, shall the vessel be permitted to
leave the port for such period as the Port Health
Officer may prescribe, but which shall not exceed
ten days from the death or recovery of such person
or of any other person who may, after the arrival of the
vessel, be attacked by plague on board and
who may be detained on board for treatment.

until his recovery or

I don't think that, as I have
altered the above rules, this one
will be needed

on the spot, so he shall be permitted to
plague, and the vessel shall be permitted to
leave the port.

X-15. No person under ^{observation or surveillance} shall

leave until the Chief Medical Offi-

cer present at the spot shall have

certified that such person is free

from plague.

X-17. If any person suffering from

plague cannot be ^{disembarked under Reg 14, he} ~~may be detained on board~~ the vessel, which

shall remain, subject, for the purpose

of this regulation, to the control

of the Port Health Officer.

Such

person shall not be removed

from or leave the vessel, except with

the consent, in writing, of the Port

Health Officer;

X-18. Any person ^{detained under observation or} ~~detained~~ by the Port

Health Officer to be suffering from

plague, or from any

illness, which such officer suspects

may prove to be plague, may either be

detained on board the vessel for any

period not exceeding four days, or

may be taken, either immediately or

at any time within the said period

of four days to ^{such} ~~any~~ hospital, obser-

vation camp ^{or other suitable} ~~or other suitable~~

place appointed for that purpose by

the Sanitary authority, and detained

there for ^{such} ~~ten~~ days, ^{or} ~~as~~

may be necessary in

order that it may be ascertained

whether ^{his} ~~the~~ illness is or is not

plague.

X-19. Any such person who, while so

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

detained

on board and would

By a com-
pulsory medical officer, suffering
from plague, shall be dealt with as pro-
vided by regulation 14.

19 The Port Health Officer shall, in
the case of every vessel certified ^{to be infected or suspected}
above, give such directions and take
such steps as may appear to him to
be necessary for preventing the spread
of infection, and the master of the
said vessel shall forthwith carry into
execution such directions as shall be
so given to him.

X 20 In the event of any death from
plague on board such vessel while re-
tained under regulation 12, the master
shall, as directed by the Sanitary
authority, or the Port Health Officer,
either cause the dead body to be taken out
to sea and committed to the deep properly
lanced to prevent its rising, or shall
deliver it into the charge of the Sani-
tary authority for disposal, if the former
procedure be not in accordance with
customs or trade customs.

21 The master shall cause any articles
that may have been soiled with plague
discharges to be destroyed, and the
clothing and bedding, and other articles
of personal use likely to retain infec-
tion which have been used by any person
who has suffered from plague on board
such vessel, or who, having left such
vessel,

disinfected to the satisfaction
of the Port Health Officer or
to be

vessel, shall have suffered from
plague during the stay of such ves-
sel in the port to be destroyed;
and if the master shall have neglect-
ed to do so before the vessel ar-
rives in port, he shall forthwith,
upon the direction of the Sanitary
authority or the Port Health Offi-
cer, cause the same to be ^{so disinfected or} destroyed;
and if the said master neglect to
comply with such direction within a
reasonable time, the Sanitary autho-
rity shall cause the same to be car-
ried into execution.

22 The master shall cause the vessel
to be disinfected and every article
therein, other than those last men-
tioned which may probably be in-
fected with plague, to be disinfected
or destroyed, according to the
directions of the Port Health Offi-
cer.

23 Provided facilities exist for
obtaining suitable water in the port
the master shall, on the requisition
of the Port Health Officer, cause all
tanks to be completely emptied and
cleaned and disinfected in such
manner as the Port Health Officer
may direct.

24 Any mails or cargo which may be
brought by ^{any} vessel so arriving

shall

1. *Land would*

shall be subject to such regulations as the Port Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

24. It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels detained under regulations 8 and 12 of such supplies of provisions, stores or other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessel, to be subsequently removed by ~~the~~ ^{the} crew.

25. All expenses incurred by ~~any~~ ^{any} Sanitary authority in carrying out these regulations shall be defrayed from Municipal or District or Taluk Funds in such proportions as the District Collector may, subject to the orders of the Local Government, direct.

26. Any person disobeying or contravening any of the foregoing regulations shall be deemed to have committed an offence punishable under section 188 of the Indian Penal Code, and shall be liable on conviction to be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

5/7/89
M

R.S. Khanna

To

To

The Supt., Govt. Press, with notification.
,, Surgeon-General with the Govt.
,, Presy. Port Officer.
,, Sanitary Commissioner, through the Public Department.
,, Collectors of Maritime Districts.
,, Local & Municipal Department.
,, Revenue Department.
,, Public Department.
,, other Governments with C.L.

H.F. No. Marine dated 197.

Copy forwarded to the Government of India, Home Department, in continuation of letter No. Marine dated

5/7/89
M.

R.S.

(H.E. Appendix A)

Khanna

Appendix to Regulations

CHAPTER III.

INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING THE METHOD OF DISINFECTION.

1. Personal effects, rags, infected bandages, papers, and other articles without value should be destroyed by fire.

2. Under-clothing, bedding, wearing apparel, mattresses, carpets, etc., which are contaminated or suspected should be disinfected in stoves at normal pressure, or at a pressure of from one and a half to two degrees, with or without the presence of steam.

Before a stove is passed as efficient for the purposes of disinfection, it should be subjected to a test, with the aid of a signal thermometer, showing the moment when the temperature in the middle of a mattress rises to at least 100° (centigrade).

To ensure that the disinfection is effective, this temperature must be maintained for from 10 to 15 minutes.

3. Disinfecting solutions—

(a) Solution of corrosive sublimate, of 1 part in 1,000, with the addition of 10 grammes of chloride of soda.

The solution should be coloured with aniline dye or indigo. It should not be placed in metal vessels.

(b) A 5 per cent. solution of pure crystallized carbolic acid, or 5 per cent. of crude commercial carbolic acid, in a warm solution of soft soap.

(c) Fresh slaked-lime⁽¹⁾.

4. Special instructions to be observed in the employment of disinfecting solutions.

The linen, clothing and articles soiled by the excreta of patients should be soaked in the solution of corrosive sublimate. The solution of pure carbolic acid, and the solution of soap and carbolic acid are equally suited to the purpose. The articles should remain in the solution for at least six hours.

Articles which cannot be subjected to the temperature of the stove (100° centigrade) without injury, such as leather goods, wooden articles stuck together with glue, felt, velvet, silk, etc., should be washed with the solution of corrosive sublimate; coins can be disinfected with the solution of soap and carbolic acid.

Persons engaged in nursing the sick should wash their hands and faces with the solution of corrosive sublimate, or with one of the carbolic solutions.

The carbolic solutions will be useful more particularly for disinfecting articles, such as metals, instruments, etc., which can neither be subjected to a temperature of 100° centigrade, nor placed in contact with corrosive sublimate.

Slaked-lime is particularly recommended for disinfecting excreta. Expecterated matter should be burnt.

5. Disinfection of ships with plague patients on board.

The cabin or cabins, and all parts of the ship occupied by the sick or suspected should be cleared out and all articles in them should be treated as described above.

The partitions should be disinfected with the solution of corrosive sublimate with an addition of 10 per cent. of alcohol. The washing should commence from the top, horizontally, and be continued downwards, so that the whole surface of the partition becomes covered with a coating of minute drops.

The boarding should be washed with the same solution.

Two hours after, the walls and flooring should be washed over with plenty of water.

⁽¹⁾ To get very strong slaked-lime, take lime of good quality, slack it, by moistening it gradually, with half its weight of water. When the operation is completed, put the powder in a carefully corked receptacle, and place it in a dry spot. As each kilogramme of lime absorbs 500 grains of water in order to become slack, it acquires a volume of 2 litres 200, and it is sufficient to dilute it with double its volume of water, say 4 kilogrammes 400 grains to obtain a white-wash which will be of about 20 per cent strength.

28 M Sept

The Secretary L & Co. Dept.

To Secy. Pw Dept (Marine)

Please see draft

I approve your amendments and will send it to the

Quarantine Regs with the revision I have suggested.

Before forwarding any copy to the Local Officer I think I must see the other side to be sure of the copy. I am sure all agreed with the alterations of the rules in the appendix & then in the Marine Dept. It is discussed.

These will be most easily followed in the galley proof with my ink corrections; & there is also a galley proof of the draft with the alterations printed.

My note of 30/7/97 explains the proposed amendments & the references there are to the Regs as numbered in the draft as received from the Marine Dept.

16/8/97

H.M. 16/8/97

I have made a few verbal amendments in the proof marked A. Subject to the suggestion I have added, I think the Regs may pass.

When Marine Secy has gone over the pp., if he will settle a day for going to the H.M., I shall be ready. Date or hour with

Imagine subsidiary instructions should go to the sanitary authorities. Especially pointing out that houses

6. Disinfection of the hold of an infected ship. To disinfect the hold, sulphate of iron, in quantity sufficient to neutralize the sulphuretted hydrogen, should first be thrown in, the bilge-water should be pumped out, and the hold washed with sea-water. Solution of corrosive sublimate should then be thrown in. The bilge-water should not be pumped out while the ship is in port.

under surveillance must
be kept in some place where there
is a competent health officer to
whom they can be required to
present themselves periodically
under Rule 19.

This is
provided for
in para 4(a) of
G.O. 601 Marine
dtd 6 July 1897

A notice must issue cancelling
the existing quarantine rules.

The first para of
the draft provides
for this.

The file will now be
returned to the
Marine Dept.

20/8/97

The paper marked "3^d proof"
embodies, so far as I can judge, all
the proposed amendments. Instructions
are now requested to issue the order
and notification as thus revised.

23 Aug 97.

23/8/97

Sent to L.O. Press and
for striking Press and
to keep type standing
until further notice.

Government of Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Ostacamund
Madras, 11th August 1897.

OFFICE NOTE.

From

The Secretary to Govern-
ment, Marine Dept.

To

The Secretary to Govern-
ment, Local & Municipal
Department.

Member

The Honourable, considers that
in the quarantine rules now under
revision by you, power should be
taken to compel the master or doctor
of a ship to disclose to the Port
authority of the port of arrival
(Port Health Officer or Port
the fact that persons suspected
plague have been removed pro-
during the voyage.

I have inserted in kept
of the draft as revised
me (please see galley proof)
words with the object indicated

*
Vide page 23 of G.O. 601 Marine,
dated 6th July 1897.

2. It is provided in the
Convention that "the ap-
ity of the port of arrival
ways demand a declaration
from the doctor of
ing him from the
has been no case
ship since 1897.

...would
...of a
...case from a ship at Bombay
...to her departure for Tuticorin,
which the captain did not disclose,
has shown the necessity for a rule in
the sense indicated in para 1 above.
3. Will you kindly add a rule ac-
cordingly.

J. R. Campbell Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Government.

The
Regulations under
Dis. Act. 1897

R.M.
The Venice Convention does
not lay down rules applicable
directly to Indian ports; but
as our object is to keep
our ports free from infection
so that they may be classed
in Europe as healthy & be
entitled to vessels coming
from them to free ports,
the proposition is the adap-
to our ports of rules wh
in the words of para 10
Gov. of India letter, con-
the conclusions of
on the important m-
"quarantine of
see also paras. 11 &
I have found it
-plexing to
these rules
as I have
the ^{galley} proof
below
an

the lines already
in the D.P.W. The revision
proved very troublesome.
The notes below explain
the reason of the more in-
portant amendments I have
inserted.

Definitions

Sanitary Authority. I have amended
to meet the case where both a
B. and a Municipality or more than
of them abate or adjoin a
port. The port B. declare
is the San. Auth.
purpose of the regulations.
The Govt. may also dis-
charge duties. At any rate
no harm in
power to do so.

Is it clear that full ex-
amination of the Regs. will involve the
Pres. (or V.P.) of the L. A. or in the
main (or his chairman) of the Health C.
or Comtee, as the case may be? Good
please mark it so.

HW

the regulations the classification of a
as "healthy" applies
infected ports.
are mis-
led, as I
is
lag

Ref: 4. I have also
deft. to make it clear that
the term applies only to
vessels coming from an in-
fected port or wh. have touched
at an infected port.

HW

Surveillance - the difference is:
that the persons subject to it
proceed at once to their dest.
The reference to a refusal
is unnecessary. The re-
flects for itself.

Not quite - Suppose a vessel comes into
Mangalore - The passengers would be detained,
but they can't be allowed to proceed to their
destinations in the interior. They must present
themselves periodically to the doctor in Mangalore
or in some place where there is a doctor, perhaps
one of those were doctors, all over the
place, as in England, we could work this in
a different way. HS

In the def. as left in the
draft I omitted the reference
to "destination". I forgot
to alter this part of the
note. See note about "Surveillance"
S.A. 10/8/1 under Reg 14
lower down

Instructions. These
altogether as a
So far as they
they of the incl
indeed in
repeated
leads to

90

would
use the lines of
in the
instructions before
affect the vessel & the master;
and so far as they are of any
value can be readily absorbed
in the Regulations. This I have
endeavoured to do.

Regulations

No 2. I have added a rider making
it clear that the bilge water
must not be discharged within
limits - (vide the last
rec of p. 26 Chap III. In-
s regarding disinfection)
also be disinfected. if possible
place & has been
in the appropriate
I have drafted & inserted lower down.
substantially altered
also made
vessels
that vessels

under reg. 4 may be left entirely
to the Port offices; & I w^d substitute
"fixed by him" for "appointed under
these regul^{ns}."

flying the ensign
fished port - & he
before getting true pratique. The
~~condition of the~~

vide Regn. below as to healthy
vessels. ^{There is another point: the place}
fixed for anchoring until the ship has
medically examined. the place app^d for quarantine
under reg. 4. I think the fixing of the anchorage
I have added a proviso

founded on the rule in
the Convention p. 19
(third sentence from top), & p. 24 (4th
sentence from top), permitting a
sh. has not communicated with
the shore & sh. directs to enter
the regulations to put her
sea. I have added to
obligation, following ^{so far} the
of present Reg. 7,
officer to send in
case to the vessel
India Bureau
it necessary
to facts

... would
... this, ^{also} included
... the Vice to
the Port Health Officer, whose name
appears in Reg. 7.

Reg. 7. The proviso as to ^{vessel's} release
from detention if the P. Health Offr
fails to examine within 12 hours
is not intelligible. Why ~~is the~~

~~release of the P.H.O.~~ What is
meant by the release from de-
tention? If it means that
^{even tho' impeded}
ship is then free to

use her passengers &
the port, such a
situation follows from
the P.H.O. to

But apparently
attention for the
to the vessel's
money. As
is really
omission.

This is true - better
cut out

Reps 9 & 10 may conveniently be
run together. I have added an
delegation on the master to afford
facilities for the P.H.O's examt.

Reg. 10 A. I have inserted a new rep
enabling the P.H.O. to obtain
Declaration on oath, & requiring
the Doctor or Master to make a true
Declaration - vide bottom of p. 2
of the Convention

Reg. 12. prohibits the departure from the
port of a vessel subject to the
Reg. without the "written per-
mission" of the P.H.O. But there
may be cases where owing to
of weather written permission
cannot be given & to avoid
due detention ^{or danger from a storm} it may be necessary
to signal ^{such} that permission
is granted.

anytime requirements to know
whether the Master must have the
evidence of a written document
satisfy the next part of call.

Anyway, if he had to have an
account of stress of weather, he
would have to put back to his
port clearance.

If not, a signal w^d in
a circ^s referred to be enough;
information being sent by the
A. Officer to next port of call
- India Burma & Japan.

3. 14

This rep. presents several dif-
ficulties.

(Persons on board ^{even a healthy} ~~as a~~ vessel (from an infected port) must
medically examined. This is a
violation of getting free pratique
and of para. 10 of G. O. 1. (letter); &
first part of the rep. must
fore include such vessels.

With regard to persons on
board.

* Vide para 10 of G. O. 1 of
India letter.

are to be dealt with in different
ways according to the character
of the vessel. In the case of an infected
vessel, they are to be subjected
either to observation or to surveillance
at the discretion of the P. H. O.; ^{for 10 days from the last case} in the
a suspected vessel they are to
be placed under surveillance only
for 10 days from arrival; in the case
of a healthy vessel they are, to be
subjected ~~(to the P. H. O.)~~ to sur-
-veillance for a period sufficient
to complete a term of 10 days
from the date of departure of
the vessel from the infected port.

Surveillance is defined
as meaning medical supervision
at the person's destination &
in a circumscribed place at
the port. But in some cases it may be
to enforce it at the port itself.

One of the first ques-

of the first ques-
tion is the question of
the state of the vessel.

is at our ports to be applied
to the passengers on board
proceeding with the steam vessel
or only to those who may
land, or to both, and whether
in the same or different degrees.

It is to be remembered

that the main object of the
regulations is to keep our
ports from being classed as
infected ~~by the enforcement of~~
by the enforcement of
precautions in respect of all
persons & things landed thereat.
~~Disinfecting measures~~

I don't know about this. Our
main object is to keep the
plague out of the Presy - that
this will result in our ports being
classed as healthy & in quarantine
therefore not being enforced
them in foreign countries is rather
a subsidiary object - RR

If a suspected ship merely
anchors at the port, it does not
seem necessary that, as the Drs.

advise, all persons on
whether proceeding in the ship or not
and if possible be
placed & kept under obsⁿ or
surveillance for a period of
exceeding ten days. If
the port is a foreign one

me that in the case of, at any
rate, "suspected" & "healthy" vessels
~~respect~~ it will be enough to
apply the rules of observation
& surveillance to only to persons
who desire to land at the
port. Old rule 12 (Go. 22 Apr 97 No. 363 Mar) aff^s
apparently only to such persons - vide "shall be permitted
to land" if the vessel is an infected

vessel, the P.H.O. will determine

whether the persons who may
(or all persons on board) if
desire to land, shall be placed
under observation or surveillance.

This ^{latter} discretion is apparently
^{now} allowed - vide para: 10 of the present
Govt of India letter - tho' opposed to
their telegram of 14 Apr 97. No. 1290

in Jo. 22 Apr 97 No. 363 Mar. The
persons landed from ^{even} an infected
vessel may apparently be
allowed, if the local authority
(i.e. the P.H.O.) thinks fit, to
proceed to their destination
& there be subjected to periodical
medical

visitation

The point as to whether
all persons on board are
infected vessel touching at
a port are to be landed
or placed under observation
is for decision.

I don't see how we can land
all persons from an infected
vessel. Some must be left on board
to take charge of the vessel.
BS

In the case of a suspected
or healthy vessel, only surveillance
is to be applied, and, as I take
it, only to persons (including
the crew) who may land at
the port. I have drafted a
single Reg. to cover both classes
of vessels. I have fixed the
term of surveillance at
10 days, counted in former case
from date of arrival, in latter
from departure from last infected
port. That this should be the
required term seems clear from
the India letter.

x marked O on galley proof
I think this will do
BS

penultimate clause of
Para. 12 of the letter recommended
that power be taken to place
under observation persons
likely to carry infection. I
have applied this both to
suspected & healthy vessels; &
added a clause to my Reg.
accordingly.

The next difficulty is
as to the grant of pratique
to the vessel itself, as distinguished
from the passengers.

If the vessel is infected
I think there must be 10 days
from last case on board
provided all requirements as
to disinfection &c are carried
out - see clause in galley
proof marked A, in which

I have incorporated the last
clause of present Reg. 17: but
the period shd. be a full 10 days

As to suspected & healthy
state.

vessels, if the requirements are
complied with (which in the case
of a healthy vessel are only medical
exams under reg. 16 & disinfection
& discharge of bilge water ~~under~~
reg. 2), free pratique will be
given ^{in any case if} ~~on arrival~~ 10 days ^{have elapsed} from
departure from last infected
port. If 10 days have not
elapsed pratique may be given,
but it is left to the discretion of
the P.H.O. to direct the vessel to complete
the period of 10 days. See para 12 & 1

1st of March 1892. 12 Feb
It is to be remembered that pratique
given at Colon or at an inter-
mediate port - that is to say the
intermediate Indian or
Siamese port - is the re-
quired

Reg 15. The obligations of a person under
sanitation are alone specified here. Reg
16 is given 12 Feb 1892

Logue. But let us get
rid of the word 'pratique'
which means 'a
clean bill of health'
1892

* The sign of a suspected
vessel means that there
has been no plague case
onboard for 12 days.

Reg 17. See note on front page on Reg. 17.
Reg 18. As surveillance may be
at destination, I have added after
'Sanitary Authority' the words
'of the port or place'. And I have
added a specific obligation upon
the person ordered to a place of
observation or treatment to
obey the directions etc.

Reg 19. I have made this more
specific, following the Convention
vide page 23. And incorporated
Reg 22.

Reg 21. The obligation on the Master
which incidentally apply only to
things on board his vessel.

Reg 23. I have made more specific.

Reg 24. The ^{loading} of cargo is
to take place under such pre-
cautions as the P.H.O. may direct.

Perhaps some rules will be made to guide his discretion.

The Port of India with its under-
stood, some any necessary
restrictions as to articles de-
scribed the landing of which it
is intended to prohibit
absolutely.

As to the rules & pre-
cautions to be enforced ~~with~~
with reference both to passengers
& to cargo, I understand that
the Port is awaiting the receipt
of the Bombay rules. It is
to be remembered that these
will give additional securities
for the vessels ~~departs~~ being
"clean" on departure from
our ports.

With regard to keeping
a part of the area round a
port free from plague & "uninfected"

What we are awaiting from
Bombay are the rules for the
of vessels leaving our ports.
These rules are quarantine
rules, that is, rules for
vessels arriving at our
ports. The two have no
connection.

We have also rules as to
disinfection of railway
carriages (Co. 1068 D 3 May
1872 L.H.)

X Co. 816 D 2. 674 (87)

Convention Chap II p. 20.

I don't think there is any
thing more specially to be
done in the 20th Sept.
We have rules for the inspection
of all passengers on the lines
of rail, & also rules for
the immediate reporting &
treatment of persons attacked
by plague, or suspected to be so
attacked, in local areas.

The Port of India have
issued rules requiring the
disinfection on the frontier
of the Bombay Port, the area
at present infected, of all
passengers' baggage & anything
more required in that direction
may be left to that Port. The
transport of certain articles
has also been entirely
prohibited.

As to the notification to pre-

gates & consular agents, I presume the Govt of India will shortly issue instructions, as they also propose to do with regard to the pilgrim traffic & pilgrim ships.

In the revision of the Draft Quarantine Regs, which I have suggested, I have not altered the no. of the Regs, this will have to be done after they have been finally settled. The order of some of them may at the same time be altered with advantage.

Perhaps the H.M. wd like to discuss them at a conference.

S.P.
30/7/97

Please alter as far as you can according to suggestions & get a fresh proof & we shall see better how we stand - Any points that don't put right be cleared up at a conference if the Secs Lt & Mr. & Mr. Sept. 5. kindly come up to my house
B.S.

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text on the right page, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.]

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No. , MARINE, TH JULY 1897.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O. No. 601, Marine, dated 6th July 1897.
Ordered that the following notification be published in the Fort St. George
and all Maritime District Gazettes:—

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor General in
Council under section 2, sub-section (3) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, His
Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe, under the said
Epidemic Diseases Act, the following temporary regulations to be observed in all
ports of the Madras Presidency. These regulations will supersede those now in
force and which are published on pp. 601—604, Part 1 of the Fort St. George
Gazette of the 11th May 1897.

In these regulations—

[I.] Definitions.

1. "Vessel" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or of property.
2. "Port Officer" includes any person acting under the authority of Government in charge of Port discipline.
3. "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means, any person (except a pilot or harbour master) having for the time being the charge or control of the vessel.
4. "Sanitary authority" means the Collector of the district, and ~~every~~ the Municipal Council and Local Board, the area under whose jurisdiction includes or abuts on any part of a customs port, and the jurisdiction of every Sanitary authority shall, for the purposes of these regulations, extend to seaward for a distance of three miles beyond low water mark on all parts of the coast line bounding the area ordinarily under its jurisdiction.
5. "Port Health Officer" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary authority or by the Local Government to act in the execution of these regulations.
6. "Infected" any vessel with plague on board, or on board which one or more cases have taken place within twelve days, will be considered infected.
7. "Suspected" any vessel on board which there has been a case of plague at the time of departure, or during the voyage, but on which no fresh case has occurred for twelve days, will be consid

Where the customs port is included within or abuts the jurisdiction of more than one of the authorities above mentioned, the Collector shall appoint which of them shall be the San. Authority for the purpose of these regulations, or he may distribute among them, in such manner as he may deem fit the duties imposed by these regulations.

nos 6-8 do not read right - you can't say "Infected" under 6. "Infected" ~~any vessel~~ "Infected" being then down below the Dept of Surveillance, and number them as Regs. II (1), (2), & (3), and put the words "Infected" in a marginal heading.

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day of 189

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lying in the port of

doctor of the ship or L.D.

69. "Observation" means segregation on either on board a vessel, or in an isolation camp or place.

70. "Surveillance" means that persons subjected to it will not be isolated; they will at once obtain *free pratique*, but will be kept under medical supervision and will be subject to Regulation 14.

II.—Instructions.

"Infected" vessels are subject to the following rules:—

1. The sick will be immediately disembarked and isolated.
2. The other persons on board should also, if possible, be disembarked and kept under observation or surveillance on shore for a period varying according to the Sanitary condition of the vessel, and the date of the last case, but which must not exceed ten days.
3. The soiled linen and personal effects of the crew and passengers, which, in the opinion of the Sanitary authority of the port, may be considered as infected, will be disinfected or destroyed.
4. The bilge water will be pumped out after disinfection, and good drinking water will be substituted for the water stored on board.
5. All parts of the vessel which have been inhabited by plague patients will be disinfected. More thorough disinfection may be ordered by the local Sanitary authority.

"Suspected" vessels are subject to the following measures:—

6. Medical inspection.
7. Disinfection; the soiled linen and personal effects of the crew and passengers, which, in the opinion of the local Sanitary authority, may be regarded as contaminated, should be disinfected or destroyed.
8. Pumping out the bilge water after disinfection, and substitution of good drinking water for the water stored on board.
9. Disinfection of all parts of the vessel which have been inhabited by plague patients. More thorough disinfection may be ordered by the local Sanitary authority.
10. A watch should be kept over the health of the crew and passengers for ten days from the date of arrival of the vessel.
11. The crew should not be allowed to land except on duty and will then be subject to surveillance.

Subject to the rules contained in this Regulation "Healthy" vessels will be given *free pratique* at once, irrespective of the nature of the Bill of Health.

12. The measures which the authorities of the port of arrival should enforce with regard to such vessels consist in those which are prescribed in the case of suspected vessels (medical inspection, disinfection, pumping out the bilge water, and the substitution of good drinking water for the water stored on board), except that the measures prescribed for the disinfection of the vessel itself should not be enforced in the case of healthy vessels.

13. The crew and passengers should be kept under medical surveillance for ten days from the date on which the vessel left an infected port.

14. The crew should not be allowed to land except on duty and will then be subjected to surveillance.

15. The Port Officer of the port of arrival may always demand a declaration, on oath, from the doctor of the vessel, or failing him, from the captain, that there has been no case of plague on the vessel since her departure.

16. *Free pratique* granted at Colombo or other intermediate port should be recognised.

See instructions in the book on previous page -

Persons suffering from plague or suspected of it

187 *Sanitary Commissioner*

detained under Health Officer's order from the plague, suitable to be netted and

Orut

Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.

day of 189

the vessel
lying in the port of
I find that she is (a) "infected" with
from an infected port (as the case

(Signed)

aforesaid the Port H.O. may
doctor of the ship or, failing him,
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Regulations.

1. The master of every vessel which the above definition of "infected," "suspected," or "healthy" shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of the Madras Presidency, cause to be hoisted at the foremost head the commercial code flag Q being a yellow flag, and shall keep same displayed during the whole time between sun-rise and sun-set. If any person on board such vessel be at the time of the plague, the master shall also hoist the Commercial Code flag R below the yellow flag Q. Any such vessel arriving at a port after dark shall hoist on coming to an anchor one white light at the foremast head and one red light at the mainmast head.

2. The master shall before arriving at an anchorage, pump out from bilge water and pass fresh sea water over the parts that have been in contact with the bilge water.

3. Vessels declared "infected" or "suspected" will be detained in quarantine from the date of the last case of plague on board. Vessels declared "healthy," after ten days even though from an infected port, should be given free pratique at once.

4. The Port Officer on the arrival of any vessel, or otherwise has reason to believe, that the vessel is infected or suspected, shall forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such position as may be appointed under these regulations.

5. While such vessel shall be so detained, no person shall leave the same. 6. The Port Officer, detaining a vessel as aforesaid shall forthwith give notice thereof and of the cause of such detention to the Sanitary authority of the port.

7. Such detention by the Port Officer shall cease as soon as the vessel shall have been duly visited and examined by the Port Health Officer or, if the vessel be infected or suspected, as soon as the purpose of Regulation 12; and shall be within twelve hours after notice given of the said twelve hours, be released. 8. The Port Officer shall send immediate information to which the vessel is bound or at which she is next about to call.

9. The Sanitary authority within whose jurisdiction a port exists shall, as of the Port Officer, fix some place where patients and other persons removed from vessels under Regulation 12, shall be some place so fixed shall, for the purposes of such jurisdiction.

10. It shall be the duty of the Port Officer, on the approach to the port of any vessel subject to these regulations to make the fact known to the Port Health Officer who shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is "infected," "suspected" or "healthy."

11. The Port Health Officer, if he has reason to believe that any vessel which has arrived or is within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, whether from a port or from a place, shall be detained or suspected or has come from a place where plague prevails, shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is "infected," "suspected" or "healthy."

of any such vessel & to pump out
the bilge water shall not be discharged within port limits

(This is in wrong place - incorporated lower down)
displaying the flag or flags aforesaid, or if if he
or "healthy" from an infected port

and the master shall anchor or moor accordingly.
Provided that in the case of any ship, which has not
communicated with the shore, the master if he
objects to submit to the obligations imposed by these
regulations shall be free to put back to sea. In
such case the Port Officer shall send immediate information to the San. Auth. of
the Port to which the vessel is bound or at which she is next about to call

on the approach to the port of any vessel displaying the flag
or flags aforesaid or on his
and also to the Port Health Officer.

of a vessel under reg.

On receiving the notice prescribed by reg.

He shall also do so

[There is no examination by the Port Officer]
"Touch at" is I learn the purpose
where. It is used also in the San.
Customs Act 1877

shall be detained or suspected or has come from a place where plague prevails, shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is "infected," "suspected" or "healthy."

Remember continuously
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after disinfection

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the vessel
lying in the port of
I find that she is (a) "infected" with
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(Signed) Port Health Officer.

certified "infected" or "suspected" by the Port Health Officer. The
the place fixed for that purpose under
the requirements of these regulations
shall not depart without the written

essel until the examination hereinafter

soon as possible after any such vessel
examine every person on board the
ing from plague, or from any illness
may prove to be plague, shall certify
so certified by him shall, if possible, be
ained for treatment in a suitable hospital
All other persons on board shall be
ided ~~and~~ and shall, if possible,
ons kept under observation, whether on
ined for such period as the Port Health
cribe with regard to the sanitary condi-
st case of plague which has occurred
shall not exceed ten days from the date
which has ~~already~~ occurred on board,
he persons detained in such camp or
ey shall be released if certified by the
e from plague, and the vessel shall be

ot or placed under observation or on
he camp or place or vessel in which he
of such place as the Sanitary authority
illness as the case may be, until the
shall have certified that such person is
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ague or from any illness which the Port
plague cannot be disembarked under
the vessel, which shall remain subject,
leave the vessel, except with the consent,
if the illness from which such person
the vessel ~~is~~ permitted to leave the
officer may prescribe, but which shall not
of such person or of any other person
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shall be treated as
an infected vessel

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to a person the Port H.O. may
doctor of the ship or, failing him,
declaration on oath as to whether
has not been a case of plague on
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shall be bound to make a true declara-
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not signalled (7), where communication with the vessel is
unpracticable owing to stress of weather, the signalled

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from board such vessel is found to be
let P.H. Officer
who leave to (and at the port) see Note
Vessel certified to be infected, ~~and~~
for surveillance (alt) (8) As the P.H.O. may determine

permitted to proceed to their destination

The practice shall not be painted to an infected
vessel until all the requirements of these regns
have been complied with and until 10 days have
elapsed from the date of the occurrence of the
last case of plague wh. has occurred on board,
and if the person attacked has been treated on board
the period shall be 10 days from the death or
recovery of such person.

If the vessel is certified to be suspected or
healthy all persons on board who may dis-
embarc ~~at the port or at their destination at Madras~~ shall be subjected to surveillance in the direct
passage ~~case~~ for a period of ten days from the date of the arrival
of the vessel in port, & in the latter case for the period of ten
days necessary to complete a term of ten days from the
date of the vessel's departure from the infected port last
visited. In either case the P.H.O. may, instead of sur-
veillance, place under observation for a term not exceeding
ten days from the vessel's ~~departure~~ ^{arrival} at the port
any person whom he may consider to be
in any way likely to carry the infection of the plague

In the case of a vessel certified to be
suspected or healthy it shall be given free pratique
provided the requirements of these regns have been complied
with and if ten days have elapsed since the vessel's de-
parture from the infected port last visited. If 10 days have
not elapsed the vessel may be detained in quarantine at the
discretion of the P.H.O. for the time necessary to complete the

I hereby certify that I have examined
(or detained at
plague, (b) "suspected," or (c) "healthy"
may be).

13. The master of any vessel
shall thereupon moor or anchor her at
Regulation 8 where she shall remain until
have been duly fulfilled, and from which
permission of the Port Health Officer.

14. No person shall leave any such
vessel until the examination hereinafter

15. The Port Health Officer shall, if
has been certified as infected or suspected
same, and in the case of any person suffering
which the Port Health Officer suspects
accordingly. (2) Every person who shall be
immediately disembarked and shall be de-
tained in a suitable hospital or ward or isolation camp or other place
kept under observation for such period as the Port Health
Officer shall in his absolute discretion pre-
scribe with regard to the sanitary condi-
tion of the vessel and the date of the
occurrence of the last case of plague
or which may subsequently occur among
the crew or passengers, but which
Chief Medical Officer on the spot to be
permitted to leave the port.

16. No person detained for treatment
under Regulation 14 shall leave
the vessel until he has been certified by the
Chief Medical Officer present at the spot
free from plague.

17. It shall be the duty of every person
detained for this purpose, at such times as
may be directed, to submit himself for examination by a medical
officer appointed for this purpose, at such times as
may be directed.

18. If any person suffering from plague
Health Officer suspects may prove to be
Regulation 14, he may be detained on board
for the purpose of this regulation, to the
Such person shall not be removed from or
in writing, of the Port Health Officer; if
suffered was, or proved to be, plague, he
shall remain on board for such period as the Port Health
Officer may prescribe, but which shall not
exceed ten days from the death or recovery
of such person or of any other person
attacked by plague on board and who
may, after the arrival of the vessel, be
detained on board for treatment.

This reg has got so mixed up
in connection that I don't quite see
how it will run. It seems to me that the clause
"Wherever a vessel at the port" is wrong in the case of
an infected vessel, for on board an infected vessel must
be kept under observation. Also the clause "If the
vessel is certified to be infected" should not begin
with a big "I" but with a small "i" and should
follow the word "shall" instead of preceding it.
If modified in this way the Regn will provide
for people on board infected vessels - which is
what this could make this Regn
follow. Better split it up into numbered paras.
I think it wd be clear then.

NL
NL

14 ~~18.~~ No person shall leave any such ~~mentioned~~ shall have been made.

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later to be taken in, if he may, if he thinks
quite like directions in the case of a local

by such direction into execution.

to these regulations

No. , MARINE, TH JULY 1897.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O. No. 601, Marine, dated 6th July 1897.

Ordered that the following notification be published in the Fort St. George and all Maritime District Gazettes:—

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor General in Council under section 2, sub-section (3) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe, under the said Epidemic Diseases Act, the following temporary regulations to be observed in all ports of the Madras Presidency. These regulations will supersede those now in force and which are published on pp. 601—604, Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette of the 11th May 1897.

Definitions.

1. In these regulations—

(1) "Vessel" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or of property.

(2) "Port Officer" includes any person acting under the authority of Government in charge of Port discipline.

(3) "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means any person (except a pilot or harbour master) having for the time being the charge or control of the vessel.

(4) "Sanitary authority" means the Collector of the district, and the Municipal Council or Local Board, the area under whose jurisdiction includes or abuts on any part of a customs port. Where the customs Port is included within or abuts the jurisdiction of more than one of the authorities above mentioned, His Excellency the Governor in Council shall appoint which of them shall be the Sanitary authority for the purpose of these regulations or he may distribute among them, in such manner as he may deem fit, the duties imposed by these regulations. The jurisdiction of every Sanitary authority shall, for the purposes of these regulations, extend to seaward for a distance of three miles beyond low water mark on all parts of the coast line bounding the area ordinarily under its jurisdiction.

(5) "Port Health Officer" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary authority or by the Local Government to act in the execution of these regulations.

(1) "Infected." Any vessel with plague on board, or on board which one or more cases have taken place within twelve days, will be considered "infected."

(2) "Suspected." Any vessel on board which there has been a case of plague at the time of departure, or during the voyage, but on which no fresh case has occurred for twelve days, will be considered as "suspected."

(3) "Healthy." Any vessel which has come from, or which during the voyage has had no death, or case of plague on board, either before departure, during the voyage, or on arrival, will be considered as "healthy."

On if these asp. sh^d be retained under depts, the wording may be altered thus
"infected" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel with plague on board . . . twelve days.
as with the others.

Perhaps it is better to retain these clauses under depts than under Regs. than the Regs. 10th be numbered

I think I prefer this wording. I will make para 2 - The depts. are. I think a part of the Regs. not separate from them. the numbering should run all through BS

No. , MARINE

TH JULY 1897.

“Observation”
isolation camp or place.

"Surveillance" means that the persons supervised; they will at once obtain free pratique, but will be kept under supervision.

Regulations.

1. The master of every "infected," "suspected," or "quarantined" vessel shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of the United States, cause to be hoisted at the foremast head the Commercial Code flag Q being a yellow flag, and shall keep same displayed during the whole time between sun-rise and sun-set. If any person on board such vessel be at the time the plague, the master shall also hoist the Commercial Code flag R being a red flag. Any such vessel arriving at a port after dark shall hoist on coming to an anchor one white light at the foremast head and one red light at the mainmast head.

8. The master of any such vessel shall before arrival pump out bilge water, if possible after disinfection, and pass fresh sea water over the parts that have been in contact with the bilge water. The bilge water shall not be discharged within port limits.

6. The Port Officer on the arrival of any vessel displaying or light or lights aforesaid, or if he ascertains from the master of such vessel or otherwise has reason to believe, that the vessel is *infected, suspected* or "healthy" from an infected port shall detain such vessel, and order the master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such place as may be fixed by him; and the master shall moor or anchor accordingly. Provided that in the case of any ship which has not communicated with the shore, the master if he objects to submit to the obligations imposed by these regulations shall be free to put back to sea. In such case the Port Officer shall send immediate information to the Sanitary authorities of the port in India, Burma or Ceylon to which the vessel is bound at which she is next about to call.

67. While a vessel shall be so detained, no person shall leave the vessel if any vessel displaying t

7. The Port Officer, on the approach of any flag or flags or light or lights aforesaid, shall forthwith give notice thereof and certify the same to the sanitary authority of the port, and also to the Port Health Officer.

10. The detention by the Port Officer as soon as the vessel shall have been examined by the Port Health Officer or be found to be infected or suspected, as so in pursuance of Regulations 8 and 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839

9 10. The Sanitary authority shall
val of the Port Officer, fix some place
for the purpose of Regulation 12; and
plague patients and other persons rem
place to be fixed as aforesaid, where a
purpose of Regulation 12, shall be s
Sanitary authority, unless the local Gov
the place so fixed shall, for the purpose
within such jurisdiction.

11. On receiving the notice prescribed by regulation the Port Officer shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice has been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is "infected," "suspected" or "healthy." He shall also do so if he have reason to believe that any vessel which has arrived or is within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary Authority is infected or suspected or has been so.

ed by regulation the Port Health Officer
 el, in regard to which such notice shall
 ertaining whether she is "infected,"
 do so if he have reason to believe that
 the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority,
 ot, is *infected* or *suspected* or has come

3

prevails. The master of such vessel shall and shall afford all reasonable facilities for her may deem requisite.

ing the state of the vessel as aforesaid, the
the doctor of the ship or, failing him,
to whether there has been or has not
her departure; and the Doctor or the
d to make a true declaration to the best

has made such examination as aforesaid, duplicate in the following form, or to the master and transmit the other to the vessel is *infected* or *suspected*, give im-
itary Commissioner for Madras.

cate. day of 189 .
the vessel , of

day of 189 .

, of

as the case may be).

(Signed)

Port Health Officer.

ified by the Port Health Officer to be on moor or anchor her if he has not that purpose under Regulation 9 where of these regulations have been duly depart without the written or, where dicable owing to stress of weather, the officer.

all, as soon as possible after a vessel
detected, suspected or healthy, examine every

any such vessel is found to be suffering from any illness which the Port Health Officer suspects to be plague, the Port Health Officer shall certify any person who shall be so certified by the Port Health Officer to be immediately disembarked and shall be taken to a suitable hospital or ward or isolation station. If a vessel is certified to be infected, all persons on board shall be kept under observation or surveillance, as the Port Health Officer may determine, and shall, if possible, be kept in the vessel for the purpose.

ation, whether on shore or on board
d for such period as the Port Health
e discretion prescribe with regard to

... discretion prescribe with regard to

(3) All persons kept under the vessel, shall be de Officer shall in his ab

or whether any person ~~or~~ suffering or suspected to be suffering from the plague has left or been removed from the vessel prior to or during the voyage, and all particulars relative to any such circumstance

No. , MARIN

7

12. When the Port Health Officer he shall forthwith give a certificate in like effect, and shall deliver one copy to Sanitary authority. He shall also, if the mediate information of the fact to the S

(or detained at

(b) "suspected," or

(c) "healthy" from an infected por

13. The master of any vessel of "infected" or "suspected" shall there already done so at the place fixed for she shall remain until the requirements fulfilled, and from which she shall no communication with the vessel is impr signalled permission of the Port Health

14. No person shall leave any such prescribed shall have been made.

15. (1) The Port Health Officer has been certified as a person on board the sa

(2) If any person on board from plague, or from suspects may prove to certify accordingly. him shall, if possible, detained for treatment camp or other place, persons on board shall be the Port Health Officer be disembarked for t

(3) All persons kept under the vessel, shall be de Officer shall in his ab

the vessel and the date of the last case
erred among the crew or passengers, but
a days from the date of the occurrence of
which has occurred on board, or which may
ing the persons detained in such camp
vessel, after which they shall if certified
officer on the spot to be free from the
permitted to proceed to their destination.

suspected or healthy, all persons on board
 be subjected to surveillance either at the
 as the Sanitary authority may direct, in
 vessel for a period of ten days from the date
 in port, and in the case of a healthy vessel
 to complete a term of ten days from the
 ture from the infected port last visited.
Health Officer may, instead of surveillance,
 or a term not exceeding ten days from
 the port any person whom he may consider
 carry the infection of the plague.

be granted to an *infected* vessel until all have been complied with, nor until ~~10~~ days of plague which has occurred on board. ~~ed on board the period shall be 10 days~~

to be suspected or healthy it shall be given
 10. If the provisions of these regulations have been
 11. complied with since the vessel's departure from
 12. the port, and no time has elapsed the vessel may be
 13. cleared by the Port Health Officer for the time
 14. being. The crew and passengers during
 15. surveillance. Free pratique granted at
 16. Burmese port shall be recognized.

it or placed under *observation* shall leave
detained under treatment or *observation*,
the spot shall have certified that such
is true.

allance shall present himself for examination, at such times and places

ue or from any illness which the Port
plague cannot be disembarked under
the vessel, which shall remain subject,
control of the Port Health Officer.

ve the vessel, except with the consent,
if the illness from which such person
vessel shall be treated as an *infected*

tion or placed under *surveillance* who the medical officer appointed under from any illness, which such officer taken to such hospital or ward or may be appointed for that purpose by

As the Sanitary authority ^{shall} have appointed
for the purpose of their detention

4 No. , Marine

the sanitary condition of
of plague which has occurred
which shall not exceed the
the last case of plague which
subsequently occur and
or place or on board the
by the Chief Medical Officer
infection of plague, be

5/ (A) If the vessel is certified to be
who may disembark shall
port or at their destination
the case of a suspected vessel
of the arrival of the vessel
for the period necessary
date of the vessel's departure
In either case the Port Health
place under observation
such vessel's arrival at the
to be in any way likely to

16. A clean Bill of Health shall not
the requirements of these regulations have
have elapsed from the date of the last case
and if the person attacked has been treated
from the death or recovery of such person

17. In the case of a vessel certified
a clean Bill of Health provided the requirements
complied with and if ten days have elapsed
the infected port last visited. If ten days
detained in quarantine at the discretion of
necessary to complete the period of ten days
such period being placed under medical
Colombo or at an intermediate Indian port

18. No person detained for treatment
the camp or place or vessel in which he is
until the Chief Medical Officer presents a
person is free from the infection of the plague

20. Every person placed under surveillance
ation by the medical officer appointed
as such medical officer may direct.

21. If any person suffering from
Health Officer suspects may prove to
Regulation 15, he may be detained on board
for the purpose of this regulation, to
Such person shall not be removed from on board
in writing, of the Port Health Officer; and
suffered from, or proves to be, plague, the
vessel.

22. Any person detained under observation
is certified by the Port Health Officer
Regulation 19 to be suffering from plague
suspects may prove to be plague, may be
observation camp or other suitable place

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ined there until his recovery,
be necessary for ascertaining
id person shall be bound to
follow such instructions as the

of every vessel certified to be
ion of all parts of the vessel
he may also give such other
vessel as may appear to him
ion. The master of the said
directions.

on board such vessel while
as directed by the Sanitary
the dead body to be taken out
to prevent its rising, or shall
authority for disposal, if the former
customs.

ed any articles on board his
charges and he shall also cause
bedding, and other articles of
on board his vessel and which
in plague on board such vessel,
from plague during the stay of
ve neglected to do so or have
port, he shall forthwith, upon
Health Officer, cause the same
that authority, and in accordance
in the Appendix to these
with any such directions within
Port Health Officer shall cause
use of said vessel.

suitable water in the port, the
Health Officer, cause all tanks in an
ed and cleaned and disinfected
ect and fresh water to be taken
directions in the case of healthy
carry any such direction into

ught by any vessel subject to
precautions as the Port Health
of the disease.

to facilitate the conveyance to all
such supplies of provisions, stores
on board. Such supplies will be
atly removed by the crew.

authority in carrying out these
District or taluk Funds in such
ject to the orders of the Local

any of the foregoing regulations
punishable under section 188 of the
ion to be punished with imprison-

I think after Reg 17, vessel brought into
does a new rule of this effect: -
18. No port clearance shall be granted
to any vessel which has been subjected
to these rules unless with the written
concurrence of the Port Health Officer
I remember the subsequent reg 20

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No. 745 MARINE, 23rd August 1897
JULY 1897.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Order—No. 745 Marine dated 23rd August 1897
READ—again G.O. No. 601, Marine, dated 6th July 1897.

Ordered that the following notification be published in the Fort St. George and all Maritime District Gazettes:—

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor General in Council under section 2, sub-section (3) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe, under the said Epidemic Diseases Act, the following temporary regulations to be observed in all ports of the Madras Presidency. These regulations will supersede those now in force and which are published on pp. 601—604, Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette of the 11th May 1897.

Definitions.

1. In these regulations—

(1.) "Vessel" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or of property.

(2.) "Port Officer" includes any person acting under the authority of Government in charge of Port discipline.

(3.) "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means any person (except a pilot or harbour master) having for the time being the charge or control of the vessel.

(4.) "Sanitary authority" means the Collector of the district, and the Municipal Council or Local Board, the latter where a customs port is included within or abuts on any part of a customs port. If more than one of the authorities above mentioned, the Governor in Council may appoint which of them shall be the Sanitary authority for the purpose of the regulations, or he may distribute among them, in such manner as he may deem fit, the duties imposed by these regulations. The jurisdiction of every Sanitary authority shall, for the purposes of these regulations, extend to seaward for a distance of three miles beyond low water mark on all parts of the coast line or in any other area ordinarily under its jurisdiction.

(5.) "Port Health Officer" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary authority or Local Government to act in the execution of these regulations.

(6.) "Observation" means segregation on board a vessel, or in an isolation camp or place.

(7.) "Surveillance" means that persons subjected to it will not be isolated; they will at once obtain free medical supervision, but will be kept under medical supervision.

2. (1.) "Infected" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel with plague on board, or on board which cases have taken place within twelve days.

(2.) "Suspected" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel on board which there has been a case of plague at the time of departure, or during the voyage, but on which no fresh case has occurred for twelve days.

(3.) "Healthy" used with reference to a vessel denotes any vessel which has come from, or which during the voyage has touched at, an infected port, but which has had no death, or case of plague on board, either before departure, during the voyage, or on arrival.

Regulations.

3. The master of every "infected," "suspected," or "healthy" vessel shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of the Madras Presidency, cause to be hoisted at the foremast head the Commercial Code flag Q being a yellow flag, and shall keep the same displayed during the whole time between sun-rise and sun-set. If any person on board such vessel be at the time suffering or suspected to be suffering from the plague, the master shall also hoist the Commercial Code flag R below the yellow flag Q. Any such vessel arriving at a port after dark shall hoist on coming to an anchor one white light at the foremast head and one red light at the mainmast head.

4. The master of any such vessel shall before arriving at an anchorage pump out the bilge water, if possible, after disinfection, and pass fresh sea water over the parts that have been in contact with the bilge water. The bilge water shall not be discharged within port limits.

5. The Port Officer on the arrival of any vessel displaying the flag or flags or light or lights aforesaid, or if he ascertains from the master of such vessel, or otherwise has reason to believe, that the vessel is infected, suspected or healthy, shall forthwith give notice thereof to the master of such vessel, and order the master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such place as may be fixed by him; and the master shall moor or anchor accordingly. Provided that in the case of any ship which has not communicated with the shore, the master if he objects to submit to the obligations imposed by these regulations shall be free to put back to sea. In such case the Port Officer shall send immediate information to the Sanitary authorities of the port in India, Burma or Ceylon to which the vessel is bound or at which she is next about to call.

6. While a vessel shall be so detained, no person shall leave the same.

7. The Port Officer, on the approach to the port of any vessel displaying the flag or flags or light or lights aforesaid, or on his detaining any vessel as aforesaid, shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Sanitary authority of the port, and also to the Port Health Officer.

8. The detention by the Port Officer of a vessel under Regulations shall cease as soon as the vessel shall have been examined by the Port Health Officer, and the vessel shall, upon such examination, be found to be infected or suspected, as the same shall be moored or anchored in pursuance of Regulations 9 and 10.

9. The Sanitary authority for the port, or in the absence of the Port Officer, fix some place within the jurisdiction of the port for the purpose of Regulation 13, for the reception of plague patients and other persons coming from vessels under these regulations. The place to be fixed as aforesaid shall be in some place within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary authority, unless the Sanitary authority, unless the place so fixed shall, for the purpose of Regulation 13, be in some place within such jurisdiction.

10. On receiving the notice by Regulation 7 the Port Health Officer shall forthwith visit and examine the vessel, in regard to which such notice shall have been given, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is infected, suspected or healthy. He shall also ascertain whether she is infected, suspected or has come from any vessel which has arrived or is infected or suspected or has come from any vessel which has arrived or whether detained by the Port Officer.

from or touched at a port where plague prevails. The master of such vessel shall permit it to be so visited and examined and shall afford all reasonable facilities for such examination as the Port Health Officer may deem requisite.

11—For the purpose of ascertaining the state of the vessel as aforesaid, the Port Health Officer may demand from the doctor of the ship or, failing him, from the master a declaration on oath whether there has been or has not been a case of plague on the ship since her departure, or whether any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from the plague has left or been removed from the vessel prior to or during the voyage, and all particulars relative to any such circumstance; and the Doctor or the Master, as the case may be, shall be bound to make a true declaration to the best of his knowledge and belief.

12. When the Port Health Officer has made such examination as aforesaid, he shall forthwith give a certificate in duplicate in the following form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one copy to the master and transmit the other to the Sanitary authority. He shall also, if the vessel is infected or suspected, give immediate information of the fact to the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.

Certificate

day of 189

, of

I hereby certify that I have examined the vessel lying in the port of

, now I find that she is

(or detained at) and that

(a) "infected" with plague,

(b) "suspected," or

(as the case may be).

(c) "healthy" from an infected port (Signed)

Port Health Officer.

13. The master of any vessel certified "infected" or "suspected" shall thereupon already done so at the place fixed for, she shall remain until the requirements of the regulations from which she shall have been exempted, communication with the vessel is interrupted by signalled permission of the Port Health Officer.

14. No person shall leave any ship until the prescribed shall have been made.

15. (1) The Port Health Officer shall certify if the vessel has been certified as

person on board the vessel

(2) If any person on board the vessel is suspected of being infected with plague, or if any person on board the vessel is suspected of being a carrier of plague, the Port Health Officer may, if he thinks fit, detain him for treatment in a hospital or other place.

(3) If the vessel is certified as infected, the Port Health Officer may detain the vessel for the purpose.

(4) All persons kept on board the vessel, shall be examined by the Port Health Officer shall

ified by the Port Health Officer to be on moor or anchor her if he has not purpose under Regulation 9 where these regulations have been duly put without the written or, where owing to stress of weather, the vessel is not

until the examination hereinafter

as soon as possible after a vessel is suspected or healthy, examine every

which vessel is found to be suffering from plague, the Port Health Officer shall certify accordingly, and shall be immediately disembarked and shall be placed in a hospital or ward or isolation

infected, all persons on board shall be under surveillance, as the Port Health Officer may direct, and, if possible, be disembarked for

whether on shore or on board the vessel, for such period as the Port Health Officer may prescribe with regard to

the sanitary condition of the
of plague which has occurred
which shall not exceed ten days
the last case of plague which
subsequently occur among
or place as the Sanitary and
purpose of their detention or
shall, if certified by the Chi-
free from the infection of
their destination.

- (5) If the vessel is certified to be *su*
who may disembark shall be
port or at their destination a
the case of a *suspected* vessel
of the arrival of the vessel in
for the period necessary to
date of the vessel's departure
In either case the Port Hea
instead of *surveillance*, for a
such vessel's arrival at the
to be in any way likely to

16. A clean Bill of Health shall not be required if the requirements of these regulations have been complied with, or have elapsed from the date of the last case of such disease, or, nor, if the person attacked has been treated and recovered from death or recovery of such person.

17. In the case of a vessel certified as healthy, health shall be given provided the requirements have been complied with and if ten days have elapsed since the vessel left the infected port last visited. If ten days have not elapsed, the vessel shall be detained in quarantine at the discretion of the authorities, if necessary to complete the period of ten days. Vessels shall be placed during such period under surveillance by the authorities or at an intermediate Indian or Burmese port.

18. No port clearance shall be ^{int t}
jected to these rules unless with the Port
Officer. ^{ratio}

19. No person detained for treated by the camp or place or vessel in which he be sent until the Chief Medical Officer present by any State person is free from the infection of any Muncipal

20. Every person placed uncollector in
ation by the medical officer appoin
at such times and places as such

21. If any person suffering from a contagious disease, or from a disease which is liable to become contagious, is taken on board a vessel, and the Health Officer suspects that such person may prove to be liable to become contagious, he may, under Regulation 15, be detained on board the vessel for the purpose of this regulation. Such person shall not be removed from the vessel without the written consent in writing, of the Port Health Officer. If such person is removed from the vessel without the written consent in writing, of the Port Health Officer, he shall be liable to a fine of \$100, or to imprisonment for six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, if he is proved to be guilty of such offence.

22. Any person detained is certified by the Port Health Regulation 19 to be suffering from a communicable disease, suspects may prove to be plague, cholera, typhoid, or other observation camp or other suitable place.

JULY 1897.

[illegible]

pected or healthy, all persons on board subjected to *surveillance* either at the port, or at the Sanitary authority may direct, in the case of an infected vessel, for a period of ten days from the date of arrival at port, and in the case of a *healthy* vessel, for a complete term of ten days from the date of arrival from the infected port last visited. The Sanitary Officer may place under *observation*, any person on board a term not exceeding ten days from the date of arrival, for any person whom he may consider liable to carry the infection of the plague.

granted to an infected vessel until all
been complied with, nor until ten days
of plague which has occurred on board;
on board, until ten days from the

be suspected or healthy, a clean Bill of
 ments of these regulations have been
 d since the vessel's departure from
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 Free pratique granted at Colombo
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to any vessel which has been sub-
concurrence of the Port Health

placed under *observation* shall leave
ed under treatment or *observation*,
not shall have certified that such

e shall present himself for examination purpose, by the Sanitary authority or may direct.

From any illness which the Port cannot be disembarked under vessel, which shall remain subject, control of the Port Health Officer. The vessel, except with the consent, the illness from which such person shall be treated as an infected

placed under *surveillance* who medical officer appointed under any illness which such officer to such hospital or ward or appointed for that purpose by

the Sanitary authority of the port or place, or for such period, not exceeding ten days, whether his illness is, or is not, plague, remain in the place where he is detained. The Sanitary authority may prescribe.

23. The Port Health Officer shall, in the case of a vessel infected or suspected, give directions for the disinfection of the vessel, which have been inhabited by plague patients, and directions for the more thorough disinfection of the vessel to be necessary for preventing the spread of the disease. The vessel shall forthwith carry into execution.

24. In the event of any death from plague occurring on board a vessel detained under these regulations, the master, or the Port Health Officer, either at the port or at sea and committed to the deep, shall deliver it into the charge of the Sanitary authority. The procedure be not in accordance with the regulations.

25. The master shall cause to be done on board the vessel that may have been soiled with plague, to be disinfected or destroyed the clothing, bedding, and other articles of personal use likely to retain infection which have been used by any person who has suffered from plague, or who, having left such vessel, shall have been in such vessel in the port. If the master neglects to do so, the Port Health Officer, on the direction of the Sanitary authority, may cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed to the satisfaction of the Sanitary authority. If the said master neglects to do so, the Sanitary authority may cause the same to be carried into execution at the expense of the master.

26. Provided facilities exist for the purpose, the master shall, on the direction of the Port Health Officer, cause the vessel to be completely disinfected in such manner as the Port Health Officer may direct. The Port Health Officer may also, in the case of a healthy vessel, cause the vessel to be disinfected in the case of a healthy vessel. The Port Health Officer may carry any such direction into execution.

27. Any mails or cargo which may be landed under these regulations may be landed under the supervision of the Port Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

28. It will be the duty of the Port Health Officer to see that the vessels detained under these regulations, and the other articles as may be required by the Sanitary authority, be placed on the boats of the vessel, to be subject to the directions of the Sanitary authority.

29. All expenses incurred by any vessel under these regulations shall be defrayed from the Municipal funds, or in such proportions as the District Collector may direct.

30. Any person disobeying or contravening these regulations shall be deemed to have committed an offence under the Indian Penal Code, and shall be liable on

22nd August
TH JULY 1897.

and detained there until his recovery, as may be necessary for ascertaining the cause of the disease. The said person shall be bound to follow such instructions as the

the case of every vessel certified to be infected with plague, the Port Health Officer shall cause the disinfection of all parts of the vessel, and he may also give such other directions as may appear to him to be necessary for preventing the spread of infection. The master of the said vessel shall carry into execution all such directions.

21. In the case of a vessel infected with plague on board such vessel while detained, the Port Health Officer shall, as directed by the Sanitary authority, cause the dead body to be taken out of the vessel, and shall cause the vessel to be loaded to prevent its rising, or shall cause the vessel to be disinfected, if the former procedure be not in accordance with the regulations.

22. The master shall cause to be destroyed any articles on board his vessel which have been used by any person who has suffered from plague, or who, having left such vessel, shall have been in such vessel in the port. If the master neglects to do so, the Port Health Officer, on the direction of the Sanitary authority, may cause the same to be destroyed to the satisfaction of the Sanitary authority. If the said master neglects to do so, the Sanitary authority may cause the same to be carried into execution at the expense of the master.

23. The Port Health Officer shall, in the case of a vessel infected with plague, give directions for the disinfection of the vessel, which have been inhabited by plague patients, and directions for the more thorough disinfection of the vessel to be necessary for preventing the spread of the disease. The vessel shall forthwith carry into execution.

24. In the event of any death from plague occurring on board a vessel detained under these regulations, the master, or the Port Health Officer, either at the port or at sea and committed to the deep, shall deliver it into the charge of the Sanitary authority. The procedure be not in accordance with the regulations.

25. The master shall cause to be done on board the vessel that may have been soiled with plague, to be disinfected or destroyed the clothing, bedding, and other articles of personal use likely to retain infection which have been used by any person who has suffered from plague, or who, having left such vessel, shall have been in such vessel in the port. If the master neglects to do so, the Port Health Officer, on the direction of the Sanitary authority, may cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed to the satisfaction of the Sanitary authority. If the said master neglects to do so, the Sanitary authority may cause the same to be carried into execution at the expense of the master.

26. Provided facilities exist for the purpose, the master shall, on the direction of the Port Health Officer, cause the vessel to be completely disinfected in such manner as the Port Health Officer may direct. The Port Health Officer may also, in the case of a healthy vessel, cause the vessel to be disinfected in the case of a healthy vessel. The Port Health Officer may carry any such direction into execution.

27. Any mails or cargo which may be landed under these regulations may be landed under the supervision of the Port Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

JULY 1897.

6

No. , MARINE.

ment of either description for a term which
which may extend to one thousand rupees

may extend to six months or with fine
with both.

To
The Superintendent, Government Press, with
" Surgeon-General with the Government.
" Presidency Port Officer.
" Sanitary Commissioner, through the Pu
" Collectors of Maritime Districts.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Revenue Department.
" Public Department.
" Other Governments with C. L.

otification.

c Department.

Here enter No. 746, Marine, dated 2
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tion of letter No. 602, Marine, dated

Home Department, in continua-

July 1897

DDP

25/97

1st Proof

~~Press~~
Saw
carry out the
3. clean gallery
in the
Ran over
4-8-97

the Sanitary authority of the port or place, and or for such period, not exceeding ten days, as whether his illness is, or is not, plague. Th remain in the place where he is detained and t Sanitary authority may prescribe.

13 ~~22~~ 19. The Port Health Officer shall, in the c infected or suspected, give directions for the disin which have been inhabited by plague patients a directions for the more thorough disinfection of to be necessary for preventing the spread of inf vessel shall forthwith carry into execution all su

24 ~~23~~ 20. In the event of any death from pla detained under Regulation ~~19~~ the master sh authority, or the Port Health Officer, either ca to sea and committed to the deep properly deliver it into the charge of the Sanitary procedure be not in accordance with caste or

25 ~~24~~ 21. The master shall cause to be d vessel that may have been soiled with plagu to be disinfected or destroyed the clothing and personal use likely to retain infection which are have been used by any person who has suffered f or who, having left such vessel, shall have suffer such vessel in the port. If the master shall done so ineffectually before the vessel arrives the direction of the Sanitary authority or the to be disinfected or destroyed to the satisfacti ance with the instructions as to disinfection c Regulations. If the said master neglect to cor a reasonable time, the Sanitary authority or th the same to be carried into execution at the ex

26 ~~25~~ 22. Provided facilities exist for obtain master shall, on the direction of the Port He infected or suspected vessel to be completely em in such manner as the Port Health Officer may o ing and he may, if he thinks necessary, give lik vessel. The master of the vessel shall forthw execution.

27 ~~26~~ 23. Any mails or cargo which may be these regulations ~~shall~~ be landed under suc Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spr

28 ~~27~~ 24. It will be the duty of the Port Offi vessels detained under Regulations ~~and 19~~ or other articles as may be required by th placed on the boats of the vessel, to be subse

29 ~~28~~ 25. All expenses incurred by any Sanita regulations shall be defrayed from Municipal proportions as the District Collector may, Government, direct.

30 ~~29~~ 26. Any person disobeying or contrave shall be deemed to have committed an offend Indian Penal Code, and shall be liable on cor

o/ The Port Health Officer) also 31

No. , MARINE,

ment of either description for a term which
which may extend to one thousand rupees

19 44. Any person detained under
certified by the Port Health Officer
Regulation 16 to be suffering from
suspects may prove to be plague,
observation camp or other suitable
the Sanitary authority, and detainee
not exceeding ten days may be released
whether his illness is, or is not, plague.

20 45. The Port Health Officer
infected or suspected, give him to be necessary for preventing
said vessel shall forthwith carry

21 46. In the event of any detainee
detained under Regulation 12, the
authority, or the Port Health Officer,
to sea and committed to the deep
deliver it into the charge of the
procedure be not in accordance with

22 47. The master shall cause
plague discharges to be destroyed
of personal use likely to retain infect
has suffered from plague on board
shall have suffered from plague during
disinfected to the satisfaction of the

23 48. If the master shall have neglected to
forthwith, upon the direction of the
cause the same to be disinfected
comply with such direction within a

24 49. The master shall cause the
therein, other than those last described
plague, to be disinfected or destroyed
Health Officer.

25. Provided facilities exist
master shall, on the requisition of the
completely emptied and cleaned and
Officer may direct.

26. Any mails or cargo which
shall be landed under such precautions
necessary to prevent the spread of the

27. It will be the duty of the
vessels detained under Regulations 8
or other articles as may be required
placed on the boats of the vessel, to

28. All expenses incurred by
regulations shall be defrayed from the
proportions as the District Collector
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The Superintendent, Government Press, with
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" Presidency Port Officer.
" Sanitary Commissioner, through the Public
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" Local and Municipal Department.
" Revenue Department.
" Public Department.
" Other Governments with C. L.

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