Local & Munl. (1899) Department.

PRINTED.

G.O., No. 52 P

DATED 9-1-99

Sent to Press Mr. G. / 10.1.99

Despd. Mr. [illegible] / 11.1.99.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Fortnightly narrative of the progress of plague.

Recording Plague Commissioner's letter submitting — from Sunday the 18th December to Saturday the 31st December 1898.

BACK PAPERS.

9

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

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Government (1899) of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Recd. } 1899. *Enclosures*

Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 52 P., 9th January 1899.

JANUARY.

Fortnightly Narrative of Plague Cases.

Recording Plague Commissioner's letter submitting — from Sunday the 18th December to Saturday the 31st December 1898.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From L. E. BUCKLEY, Esq., I.C.S., Plague Commissioner, Madras, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th January 1899, No. 22.

I have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, the fortnightly narrative of plague from Sunday, 18th December, to Saturday, 31st December 1898.

Enclosures.

Fortnightly narrative for the period from 18th to 31st December 1898.

Progress of Plague.—During the fortnight the following cases were reported :—

District.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Previous fortnight.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur	4	2	74	60	78	62	39	22
Bellary	..	..	50	48	50	48	60	56
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	3
Kurnool	..	..	4	4	4	4	4	2
Madras City	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2
North Arcot	1	..	..	..	1	..	7	4
Salem	6	2	51	36	57	38	29	18
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Total ..	11	4	179	148	190	152	149	107

Details are given in the appendix.

Anantapur District.—There was slight improvement at Guntakal and a marked improvement at Kotala; in the latter hamlet the attacks fell from 23 to 7. The outbreak at Hindúpur reported in the last narrative has taken firm hold and a neighbouring village, Chavulur, is also badly affected. Gooty reports an imported case, while an indigenous case is reported from Konakondla near Guntakal; the Collector considers that there is good reason to believe that infection was carried to Konakondla by rats.

Bellary District.—The reports from Molagavalli show a slight improvement. Indigenous cases were discovered in the neighbouring village of Peddahotur, but the spread of the disease seems to have been stopped by the prompt action of the Local authorities. No fresh attacks at Sirigiri or Hospet have been reported since the 18th and 20th December.

Kurnool District.—The disease continues at Maddikera, but is held in check.

Salem District.—There was an improvement at Mattigiri, but the small village of Zuzuvada close by suffered severely for its size. Shulagiri, a village 14 miles distant, and with a population of only about 1,000, suffered severely, reporting 29 seizures and 21 deaths. The disease is believed to have been conveyed by charcoal bags returned empty from Bangalore.

2. *Segregation, &c.*—Complete evacuation of infected towns and villages has been carried out in almost all cases and without much difficulty. Even the large trading town of Hindúpur is practically deserted. There can be no doubt that the people themselves realize the necessity for evacuation; difficulty is experienced only in the case of those who have much to leave behind. It has been found possible in a few parts to arrange for the people being collected to some extent in camps, and as long as this can be done, it is possible to exercise some control over them; but in the majority of cases the people leave their houses for huts in their own fields, and when this is the case efficient control cannot be attained. When the people scatter in the fields it is difficult to obtain reliable information as to attacks and deaths, and to enforce segregation; the encampments, however, in these cases usually consist of separate households, or 3 or 4 households together at most; encampments refuse to communicate with one another; and a voluntary system of segregation is often practised, the sick person being placed in a separate shed at some distance. Segregation has been satisfactorily carried out in practically all imported cases.

3. *The attitude of the people.*—There has been no active hostility to plague measures in the fortnight, but there is a general reluctance to let the sick be taken to the Government camps, even though their relatives will do little or nothing for them themselves. The necessity for evacuation appears to be generally recognised, and the inhabitants of healthy villages in the neighbourhood of infected villages are generally on the alert to exclude suspicious strangers.

4. *Inoculation.*—It is regretted that satisfactory information cannot be given as to the progress of inoculation. Steps have been taken so that it may be possible to give complete figures in the next narrative. Speaking generally, it may be said that no keen desire exists for inoculation. Good work has been done at Mattigiri, in Salem district, but this is mainly among the employés of the Remount department and their dependants.

Statement showing Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898.

Names of places.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Remarks.
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	
Anantapur District.					
1. Guntakal	..	..	7	6	Village completely evacuated and disinfected. Deaths occurred in scattered huts in fields.
2. Kotala	..	..	7	11	Village completely evacuated and disinfected. Villagers practically all in one camp. Sick isolated.
3. Konakondla	..	..	1	1	Segregation and disinfection carried out. Village being evacuated voluntarily.
4. Gooty	1	1	..	..	....
5. Hindúpur	..	..	28	21	Most of the sick are treated in the plague hospital and their contacts placed under observation in the camp. Others are left in their encampments. About three-fourths of the population have left their houses and live in the fields.
6. Chavulur	3	1	31	21	Village voluntarily evacuated. Villagers live in scattered huts. Disinfection progressing.
Bellary District.					
1. Molagavalli	..	..	45	45	Village evacuated and being disinfected. Villagers live in scattered huts in fields.
2. Peddahotur	..	..	3	2	Evacuation and disinfection of quarters carried out. Segregation enforced. No spread.
3. Sirigeri	..	..	1	1	Segregation and disinfection carried out.
4. Hospet	..	..	1	..	Do.
Kurnool District.					
Maddikera	..	..	4	4	Evacuation and disinfection of infected quarters carried out. Segregation enforced.
North Arcot District.					
Chittoor	1	..	..	..	Patient isolated in a vacant building. Contacts home segregated. House disinfected.

Statement showing Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898—*cont.*

Names of places.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Remarks.
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	
Salem District.					
1. Mattigiri	..	..	14	8	All but one quarter of village evacuated. Disinfection progressing. Sick treated in hospital and contacts segregated.
2. Zuzuwada	..	..	8	7	Treated at road frontier camps. Village evacuated. Infected houses disinfected. Villagers live in fields.
3. Shulagiri	..	..	29	21	The villagers have fled to fields. Necessary arrangements being made.
4. Hosur	1	..	..	..	All necessary steps taken.
5. Komarnapalli	1	..	..	..	....
6. Jalarpet	3	1	1	..	Treated in the plague camp attached to the inspection station.
7. Vániyambádi	1	1	..	..	The patient was not permitted by the people to enter the town. He lived in a vacant building outside the municipal limits. This house has been disinfected.

ORDER—No. 52 P., dated 9th January 1899.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

H. TREMENHEERE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Plague Commissioner.
,, Sanitary Commissioner.
,, Surgeon-General.

Exd. Shaik Karim.

88

Proof
12-1-99

Government (1899) of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Proof for approval
12/1/99.

Struck off as amended
12/1/99

Recd. }
Regd. } 1899.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 52 P., 9th January 1899.

JANUARY.

Fortnightly Narrative of Plague Cases.

Recording Plague Commissioner's letter submitting — from Sunday the 18th December to Saturday the 31st December 1898.

Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898—*cont.*

Names of places.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Remarks.
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	
Salem District.					
1. Mattigiri	..	..	14	8	All but one quarter of village evacuated. Disinfection progressing. Sick treated in hospital and contacts segregated.
2. Zuzuwada	..	..	8	7	Treated at road frontier camps. Village evacuated. Infected houses disinfected. Villagers live in fields.
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4. Hosur	1	..	..	..	All necessary steps taken.
5. Komarnapalli	1	..	..	..	....
6. Jalarpet	3	1	1	..	Treated in the plague camp attached to the inspection station.
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ORDER—No. 52 P., dated 9th January 1899.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

for *Secretary to Government.*

~~Chd~~

Copy to the Plague Commissioner ✓

" Sanitary Commissioner, ✓

" Surgeon-General ✓

10
2
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despd M. Sn 16.1.99.

Exd. Shaik Karim.

Local & Munl. (1899) Department.

CURRENT No. 33 P

H.m
H.E. the Gov.

From The Plague Commissioner

Order No 52 P d/ 9-1-99 Recorded.

P.S. To, The Plague Commr.
Copy to the Sanitary Commr.
" Surgeon-Gl. D. O No 2 P d/ 9-1-99

H T

MA 6.1.99

A.S.H. 7.1.99

No. 22

To the Secy to G. of I, Home Dept

Dear Sir,

In contn. of my letter dated 30th ultimo, I am directed to forward a copy of the Plague Commr's narrative for the fortnight ending 31st Dec.

despd 10.1.99 M. Sn

H T 6.1.99

Dated } 5-1-99
Received
Registered
Enclosures 2
Spare copies.

SUBJECT.

Submitting fortnightly narrative of plague from Sunday 18th Decr to Saturday 31st Decr 98.

V.H.
For Despn.

This should go to India today
9.1.99 11.30 AM

9/1

5th 3/99

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G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

No 22 with encls. 2

C No 33 P

ASSISTT SECY TO GOVT. LOCAL MUNL EDL & LEG DEPTTS
5-JAN 1899

Plague Commissioner's Office,
Madras, 5th January 1899.

From
L. E. Buckley, Esquire., I. C. S.,
Plague Commissioner,
Madras.

To
The Secretary to Government,
Local and Municipal Department,
Madras.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit for the ~~notification~~ information of Government the fortnightly narrative of plague from Sunday 18th December to Saturday 31st December 1898.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Buckley
5/1
Plague Commissioner.

Escd.
H.S.
5.1.99

FORTNIGHTLY NARRATIVE.

Progress of Plague. During the fortnight the following cases were reported.-

District	Imported		Indigenous		Total		Previous Fortnight	
	Seizures	Deaths	Seizures	Deaths	Seizures	Deaths	Seizures	Deaths
Anantapur	4	2	74	60	78	62	39	22
Bellary	–	–	50	48	50	48	60	56
Chinglepat	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	3
Kurnool	–	–	4	4	4	4	4	2
Madras City	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	2
North Arcot	1	–	–	–	1	–	7	4
Salem	6	2	51	36	57	38	29	18
Trichinopoly	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Total	11	4	179	148	190	152	149	107

Details are given in the appendix.

Anantapur District. There was slight improvement at Guntakal and a marked improvement at Kotála; in the latter hamlet the attacks fell from 23 to 7. The ~~attacks~~ outbreak at Hindupur reported in the last narrative has taken firm hold and a neighbouring village ~~Chowloor~~ Chavalur is also badly affected. Gooty reports an imported case, while an indigenous case is reported from Konakondla near Guntakal; the Collector considers that there is good reason to believe that infection was carried to Konakondla by rats.

Bellary District. The reports from Molagavalli show~~s~~ a slight improvement. Indigenous cases were discovered in the neighbouring village of Peddahotur, but the spread of the disease seems to have been stopped by the prompt action of the local authorities. No fresh attacks at Sirigiri or Hospet have been reported since the 18th and 20th December.

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Salem District. There was an improvement at Mattigiri, but the small village of Zuzuwada close by suffered severely for its size. Shulagiri, a village 14 miles distant, and with a population of only about 1000, suffered severely, reporting 29 seizures and 21 deaths. The disease is believed to have been conveyed by charcoal bags returned empty from Bangalore.

[illegible]

2. Segregation etc. Complete evacuation of infected towns and villages has been carried out in almost all cases and without much difficulty. Even the large trading town of Hindupur is practically deserted. There can be no doubt that the people themselves realise the necessity for evacuation; difficulty is experienced only in the case of those who have much to leave behind. It has been found possible in a few parts to arrange for the people being collected to some extent in camps, and as long as this can be done, it is possible to exercise some control over them; but in the majority of cases the people leave their houses for huts in their own fields, and when this is the case efficient control cannot be attained. When the people scatter in the fields, it is difficult to obtain reliable information as to attacks and deaths, and to enforce segregation; the encampments however in these cases usually consist of separate households, or 3 or 4 households together at most; encampments refuse to communicate with one another, and a voluntary system of segregation is often practised, the sick person being placed in a separate shed at some distance. Segregation has been satisfactorily carried out in practically all imported cases.

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alert to exclude suspicious strangers.

4. Inoculation. It is regretted that satisfactory information cannot be given as to the progress of inoculation. Steps have been taken so that it may ~~might~~ be possible to give complete figures in the next narrative. Speaking generally it may be said that no keen desire exists for inoculation. Good work has been done at Mattigiri, in Salem District, but this is mainly among the employés of the Remount Department and their dependents.

Plague Commissioner.

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5.1.99

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Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898.

Names of Places.	Imported		Indigenous		Remarks.
	S	D	S	D	
Anantapur district.					
1. Guntakal			7	6	Village completely evacuated and disinfected. Deaths occurred in in scattered huts in fields.
2. Kotala			7	11	Village completely evacuated and disinfected. Villagers practically all in one camp. Sick isolated.
3. Konakondla			1	1	Segregation and disinfection carried out. Village being evacuated voluntarily.
4. Gooty	1	1			
5. Hindupur			28	21	Most of the sick are treated in the plague hospital and their contacts placed under observation in the camp. Others are left in their encampments. About threefourths of the population have left their houses and live in the fields.
6. ~~Chavaldar~~ Chavntur	3	1	31	21	Village voluntarily evacuated. Villagers live in scattered huts. Disinfection progressing.

Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898.

Names of Places	Imported		Indigenous		Remarks.
	S.	D.	S.	D.	
Bellary District.					
Molagavalli.			45	45	Village evacuated & being disinfected. Villagers live in scattered huts in fields.
Peddahotur.			3	2	Evacuation & disinfection of quarter carried out - Segregation enforced No spread.
Sirigeri.			1	1	Segregation and disinfection carried out.
Hospet.			1	"	——Do——
Kurnool District					
Maddikera			4	4	Evacuation and disinfection of infected quarters carried out Segregation enforced.
N. Arcot District					
Chittoor	1	"			Patient isolated in a vacant building. Contacts have Segregated. House disinfected

Plague Seizures and Deaths for the fortnight ending 31st December 1898

Names of Places	Imported S.	Imported D.	Indigenous S.	Indigenous D.	Remarks.
Bellary District.					
Molagavalli.			45	45	Village evacuated & being disinfected. Villagers live in scattered huts in fields.
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Plague Seizures and deaths during the fortnight ending 31st December 1898.

Names of Places.	Imported S.	Imported D.	Indigenous S.	Indigenous D.	Remarks.
Salem District.					
1. Mattigiri.			14	8	All but one quarter of Village evacuated. disinfection progressing. Sick treated in hospital and contacts segregated.
2. Zuzuwada.			8	7	Treated at Road Frontier camp. Village evacuated. Infected houses disinfected. Villagers live in fields.
3. Shulagiri.			29	21	The villagers have fled to fields. necessary arrangements being made.
4. Hosur.	1	.			All necessary steps taken.
5. Komarnapalli.	1	.			"
6. Jalarpet.	3	1			Treated in the plague camp attached to the Inspection Station.
7. Vaniambady.	1	1			The patient was not permitted by the people to enter the town. He lived in a vacant building outside the Municipal limits. This house has been disinfected.

Esed.
H.B.
5.1.99

Plague Commissioner

2/
ch. 33 P of 99

L. & M. Depts

Proceedings of the Madras Govt.
Read the following paper

10

Fortnightly Narrative.

Progress of Plague. During the fortnight the following cases were reported.-

District.	Imported Seizures	Imported Deaths	Indigenous Seizures	Indigenous Death/s	Total Seizures	Total Deaths	Previous fortnight S.	Previous fortnight D.
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Kurnool	..	..	4	4	4	4	4	2
Madras City	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2
North Arcot	1.	..	..	..	1	..	7	4
Salem	6	2	51	36	57	38	29	18
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	..	.	1	..
	11	4	179	148	190	152	149	107

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Anantapur District. There was slight improvement at Guntakal and a marked improvement at Kotala; in the latter hamlet the attacks fell from 23 to 7. The outbreak at Hindupur reported in the last narrative has taken firm hold and a neighbouring village Chavulur is also badly affected. Gooty reports an imported case, while an indigenous case is reported from Konakondla near Guntakal; the collector considers that there is good reason to believe that infection was carried to Konakondla by rats.

Bellary District. The reports from Melagavalli show a slight improvement. Indigenous cases were discovered in the neighbouring village of Peddahotur, but the spread of the disease seems to have been stopped by the prompt action of the local authorities. No fresh attacks at Sirigiri or Hospet have been reported since the 18th and 20th December.

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2
cn 233 Pop 99

L.&M. Dept

Proceedings of the Madras Govt.
Read the following paper

10

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(Sd) L. E. Buckley,
Plague Commissioner.

25

(True copy) [illegible] January 1899

Plague Seizures and Deaths for the
fortnight ending 31st December 1898.

Names of Places.	Imported		Indigenous		Remarks
	Seizure	Deaths	Seizure	Death	
Anantapur District					
1. Guntakal	..	..	7	6	Village completely evacuated, and disinfected. Deaths occurred in scattered huts in fields.
2. Kotala	..	..	7	11	Village completely evacuated and disinfected. Villager practically all in one camp. Sick isolated.
3. Konakondla	..	..	1	1	Segrgation and disinfection carried out. Village being evacuated voluntarily.
4. Gooty	1	1			
5. Hindupur	..	..	38	31	Most of the sick are treated at the Plague Hospital and their contacts placed under observation in the camp. Others are left in their encampments. About three-fourths of the population have left their houses and live in the fields.
6. Ghavulur	3	1	31	21	Village voluntarily evacuated. Villagers live in scattered huts. Disinfection progressing.
Bellary District.					
Molagavalli	..	..	45	45	Village evacuated and being disinfected. Villagers live in scattered huts in fields
Peddahotur	..	..	3	2	Evacuation and disinfection of quarters carried out. Segregation enforced. No spread.
Sirigeri	..	..	1	1	Segrgation and disinfection carried out.
Hospet	..	..	1	..	do.
Kurnool District.					
Maddikera	..	..	4	4	Evacuation and disinfection of infected quarters carried out. Segregation en

North Arcot District.

Chittore	1	..	..	..	Patient isolated in a vacant building. Contacts home segregated House disinfected.

Salem District.

1. Mattigiri	..	..	14	8	All but one quarter of village evacuated Disinfection progressing. Sick treated in Hospital and contacts segregated.
2. Zuzuwada	..	..	8	7	Treated at Road Frontier camps. Village evacuated. Infected houses disinfected. Villagers live in fields.
3. Shulagiri	..	.	29	21	The Villagers have fled to fields. Necessary arrangements being made.
4. Hosur	1	..	..	..	All necessary steps taken
5. Komarnapalli	1	..	..	..	..
6. Jalarpet	3	1	1.	..	Treated in the plague camp attached to the Inspection station.
7. Vaniambadi	1	1	..	..	The patient was not permitted by the people to enter the town. He lived in a vacant building outside the Municipal limits. This house has been disinfected.

(Sd) L. E. Buckley.

Plague Commissioner.

13 # 5 x 5x x 5 5 20 #

True Copy,

Order No. 52 P - 9th January 1899.

Recorded.

True Extract,

10/1/99

for Secretary to Govt.

First copy sent to Press. 10. 1-99

Returned for signature. 16. 1-99

Despatched in print. 16. 1-99

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