

V.F.
PROCEEDINGS OF THE PLAGUE COMMISSIONER.

(1898)

PRINTED.

No. 777

DATED 23. 11. 98
Sept 29-11-98.
M.B.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Treatment of Plague

circulating ^{a few sample} ~~certain~~ rules for

BACK PAPERS.

No.	Date.	No.	Date.

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Proceedings of the Plague Commissioner, MADRAS — 1898.

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1898.

Enclosures

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Proceedings, No. 777, 23rd November 1898.

NOVEMBER.

Treatment of Plague.

Circulating a few simple rules for —.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE PLAGUE COMMISSIONER.

PROCEEDINGS—No. 777, dated 23rd November 1898.

The Plague Commissioner circulates for information the following rules which have been drawn up by a Medical Officer.

2. The Translators to Government are requested to translate the rules, and the Superintendent, Government Press, will distribute copies both in English and Vernaculars to Collectors and the President, Municipal Commission, Madras.

for Plague Commissioner
25/11/98

To all Collectors (A—L).
 „ the President, Municipal Commission, Madras.
 „ the Surgeon-General.
 „ the Sanitary Commissioner.
 „ the Superintendent, Government Press.
 „ the Translators to Government.
 Editors' Table.

Exd. P. Seetharam

[Appendix.

APPENDIX.

A few simple Rules for the treatment of Plague before the Doctor arrives.

The patient should be treated as much in the open air as possible. A tent well protected from the sun and with the side *kanats* raised to allow wind to blow through, makes an excellent sick ward. The floor should be kept covered with lime-wash, renewed once in two days or so. Everything leaving the sick-room should be disinfected. Glass, cutlery and crockery should be scalded. Bedding and clothes should be boiled for half an hour or soaked in disinfectant for some hours before washing. The most convenient disinfectant is $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. mercuric chloride, 1 oz. hydrochloric acid in 3 gallons (a stable-bucket full) of water, coloured with red-ink powder. No metallic vessels should be used for storing this solution, and any clothes soaked in it should be steeped for an hour in water before being sent to the dhobie. All discharges of the patient should be sprinkled with lime and at once burned.

The patient should be kept constantly lying down, not being allowed to sit up even to relieve bladder or bowels until at least four days after fever has ceased. This is to avoid danger of sudden collapse and death from failure of heart's action.

As the tongue is generally coated, calomel in a dose of 5 to 10 grains should be given, followed by a dose of salts some hours after, if necessary. Sponging and ice to the head for the fever, but no phenacetin or antifebrin, as the heart is early affected. Stimulants are early called for and should be given with a liberal hand. For the thirst, ice to suck, and any ordinary cooling drink in moderation. Food should be given in small quantities and frequently, chicken or other soup or essence, conjee, milk, milk and soda iced. The stomach should not be distended with large quantities of food or drink.

Retention of urine may occur early in delirium, and will require the catheter.

32-100
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Proceedings of the Plague Commissioner,
MADRAS — 1898.

Proof for approval

Recd.

Regd.

1898.

Enclosures

Spare copies

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stick off
the type should remain
steady. Long 25/11/98

Proceedings, No. 777, 23rd November 1898.

NOVEMBER.

Treatment of Plague.

Circulating certain rules for —

a few simple!

brief

20-11-98

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M. HAMMICK,
Plague Commissioner.

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D. O. No. 396.



Myambakam
21st Nov. 1898.

Dear Haunick

Your D.O. of
the 8th. I send you a
Copy of simple rules for
the treatment of plague
drawn up by Major
Baumman. Esq.

Your sincerely
Chiborne

Printed and
published by
the Government
Printer, Madras.

18
Prop No 777 of 23.11.98

The Mayor Comd.

Circulates for information
the following Rules which have
been drawn up by a medical
officer.

2. The Translators to Govt
are requested to translate the
rules, and the Dept. Govt Press
will distribute copies to the
English and Vernaculars to
Colles and the President M.C.
Madras.

23/11/98

To All Colles (A.L.)
President M.C. Madras
Surgical
Sanitary Comm.
Editor's Table.
Dept. Govt Press
Translators to Govt

Long
23/11/98.

Copy to all News Papers.

23/11/98

A FEW SIMPLE RULES FOR THE TREATMENT OF PLAGUE

BEFORE THE DOCTOR ARRIVES.

The patient should be treated as much in the open air as possible. A tent well protected from the sun and with the side kanats raised to allow wind to blow through, makes an excellent sick ward. The floor should be kept covered with lime-wash, renewed once in two days or so. Everything leaving the sick-room should be disinfected. Glass cutlery and crockery should be scalded. Bedding and clothes should be boiled for half an hour or soaked in disinfectant for some hours before washing. The most convenient disinfectant is $\frac{1}{2}$ oz mercuric chloride, 1oz. hydrochloric acid in 5 gallons (a stable-bucket full) of water, coloured with red-ink powder. No metallic vessels should be used for storing this solution, and any clothes soaked in it should be steeped for an hour in water before being sent to the dhobie. All discharges of the patient should be sprinkled with lime and at once burned.

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Retention of urine may occur early in delirium, and will require the catheter.

True with
Proceedings
below

23/41

Please finish
with other
part.

Proceedings

The Kapre Comm. Circular for in making the following Rules which have been drawn up by a Medical Officer for information -
Copy to all News papers.

23/41/90

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V.E.

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MS
23/11/98

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- B = Not to be printed.
- P = Print abstract only.
- Q = Print heading only.