Date taken out.	For what purpose.			Initials of Referencer.	Date returned.	Initials of attender.
	Department.	C. No.	Year.			

[L. 4 M. 1,000—24-6-95]

Local & Munl. (1898) Department.

PRINTED.

G.O., No. 1714 m

Dated 11/10/98

INDEXED.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Administration Report — Reviewing the — of the Vizagapatam Municipal for 1897-98.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1898} of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Recd. } 1898. *Enclosures*

Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 1714 M., 11th October 1898.

OCTOBER.

Administration Report.

Reviewing the — of the Vizagapatam Municipal Council for 1897–98.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. P. KRISHNASWAMY NAYUDU Garu, L.M.&S., Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department (through the Collector of Vizagapatam), dated 14th September 1898, No. 1471.

I have the honour to submit my annual report on the working of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897–98, together with the prescribed statements as per separate packets.

I.—Constitution of the Council.

2. The municipality continued to be administered under Madras Act IV of 1884 up to 5th May 1897, when the Act III of 1897 amending the Act IV of 1884 came into force. M.R.Ry. B. Suryanarayana Sastry Garu, B.A., B.L., held the office of Chairman till the 10th of April 1897 and vacated his seat as a Councillor and Chairman. The Revenue Divisional officer, M.R.Ry. R. Govindarao Nayudu Garu, assumed charge of the office on the 11th April 1897 and continued till 7th September 1897. Meanwhile, an election to fill up the vacancy was held and M.R.Ry. P. Krishnaswamy Nayudu Garu, L.M.&S., had duly been elected on the 4th July 1897, and the appointment gazetted on the 7th September 1897 ; he assumed charge of the office on the latter date and continued to hold the office ever since.

3. The sanctioned strength of the Council is twenty, consisting of five nominated and fifteen elected members. During the year under report thirteen vacancies occurred in the elected seats and were duly filled in by elections held on 24th April 1897, 2nd October 1897, 30th October 1897, and 27th November 1897. Twelve of these were contested. There were no seats vacant on the 31st of March 1898.

4. Statement X-A gives the particulars of the elections held during the year.

5. There were thus twenty councillors at the close of the year, of whom six were officials and fourteen non-officials.

6. Forty-two meetings were held during the year under report against twenty-eight in the previous year, giving an average 3·5 per mensem. Ten meetings were dissolved for want of quorum against two of the previous year. The average attendance at each meeting actually held was 10·65 against 11·5 of the previous year, of which the average attendance of officials was 3·73 against 4·43 in the previous year.

II.—Receipts.

7. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,11,536–2–10 (audited figure) ; the receipts under all heads during the year amounted to Rs. 99,497–7–5 against Rupees 3,56,745–7–7, making in all Rs. 4,11,033–10–3 against Rs. 3,69,380–11–0 in the preceding year and Rs. 4,92,940 anticipated in the revised estimate. The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is chiefly noticeable under the following :—

(*a*) Contribution from Government.
(*b*) Tax on buildings.
(*c*) Water-tax.
(*d*) Sale-proceeds of old materials.

A.—Receipts from Taxation.

8. *Tax on Arts.*—The Act IV of 1884 as amended by Act III of 1897 was brought into operation in the early part of the year and the assessment was made with reference to the estimated monthly income, with the consequence that the demand under this head shows a considerable decrease. The several causes that have

operated in bringing about a decrease in the demand had already been reported to Government in my letter No. 1119, dated 27th August 1897. Thus the current demand for the year was Rs. 4,549 against Rs. 5,954 in the previous year. Rs. 2,373–8–0 or 52·17 per cent. on account of current demand were collected within the year against Rs. 4,864 or 81·69 per cent. during the previous year, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,175–8–0 for subsequent adjustment; of this, Rs. 552 have since been collected. Rs. 409 were held under deposits on 31st March 1898 pending orders of Government on my reference No. 148, dated 21st February 1898, which were received on 16th April 1898 ; the appeals bearing on the same having been rejected by the Council on 9th June 1898, the deposits are now being adjusted. The arrear demand was Rs. 1,190–5–6 as audited by the Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, of which Rs. 612 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 578–5–6. This amount is almost irrecoverable and will be written off the accounts. The total collections of arrears and current amounted to Rs. 2,985–8–0 against Rs. 5,091–0–3 in the preceding year and Rs. 5,130 in the revised estimate. The decrease in collections is chiefly due to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway.

9. *Tax on Buildings and Lands.*—This tax was levied at 8½ per cent. on the rental value of buildings and lands as against 7½ per cent. in the previous year. The Council having contracted a debt with Government for the purpose of providing the town with water-supply, resolved to find funds for the liquidation of the same and for payment of interest thereon by enhancing the rate. The Government in its Mis. No. 2429 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of the tax under this head at the maximum rate. During the year under report some of the houses were newly brought to assessment and the tax on certain houses was revised.

10. The total number of houses under taxation on the 31st March 1897 was 4,605—*vide* last year's report. Adding to this, the number of houses newly assessed during the year, there were 4,700 on the 31st March 1898.

11. *House Tax.*—The demand for the previous year was Rs. 17,169–10–0 at 7½ per cent. on the rent value. The increase effected on account of enhanced assessment at 8½ per cent. was Rs. 3,540–8–0 and Rs. 529–4–0 were the result of revision and assessment on new buildings. The net demand was therefore Rs. 20,239–6–0. The current collections within the year were Rs. 5,329–10–6 and Rs. 291 as deposits against Rs. 12,882–0–5 and Rs. 111–1–10 remitted in the previous year. Rs. 12,124–13–6 have since been collected. The decrease in the collections was due to the late issue of bills in February 1898. This was unavoidable since final orders of Government on the requisition of the Council to levy the tax at the enhanced rate had been received in November 1897, and it was not much before February that the new register could have been written up, taxes calculated and bill books filled in and distributed.

12. The arrear demand under this tax amounted to Rs. (4,186–7–9 + 26–14–3) 4,213–6–0 ; Rs. 4,008 were collected during the year and Rs. 34–13–0 have been written off and the balance, Rs. 170–9–0, will be adjusted shortly. The total amount of arrear and current collections was Rs. 9,337–10–6 against Rs. 15,826–15–5 in the preceding year. The decrease in collections is also attributable to the prevalence of famine. Of the current demand, 26·33 per cent., and of arrears, 95·15 per cent. had been realized within the year against 75·02 and 96·40 per cent. in the preceding year. The falling off in the percentage is due to the reasons already explained.

13. *Land Tax.*—The current net demand under this tax was Rs. 765–7–0 against Rs. 699–7–0. Of this, Rs. 95–4–6 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 670–2–6. The arrear demand amounted to Rs. 125–3–0, and of this Rs. 107–7–0 had been collected. Of the current balance, Rs. 542–4–6 have been since collected and the remainder will be adjusted shortly.

14. *Water Tax.*—In G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, the proposal of the Council embodied in my letter No. 1012, dated 3rd October 1896, to levy the water-tax at 4 per cent. throughout the town, was approved with this modification, that the rate be reduced to 1 per cent. in Waltair as it will not be directly benefited by the works ; but the Council in its meeting held on 2nd June 1897 resolved that this tax be levied at the maximum rate, under the amended Act in all parts of the town irrespective of the benefit to be derived from the works, and this was represented to

Government in my letter No. 768, dated 28th June 1897. The Government in its order No. 2499 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of this tax at the maximum rate (8 per cent.) in all parts except Waltair, where it should be levied at 4 per cent.

15. The demand under this head was Rs. 14,563–3–0. Of this sum, Rupees 4,924–2–0 were collected within the year and Rs. 7,179–10–0 have subsequently been collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. The collections under this head would have been more, had the East Coast Railway paid the tax levied on its buildings. On my demanding the Manager for the payment of the same, together with house-tax (as both are demanded in one bill), the Manager declined to pay the water tax in the absence of a notification by the Governor-General in Council, and forwarded to me an extract from the Government of India, Public Works Department, letter No. 228 R.T., dated Calcutta, 5th March 1898, from the Under Secretary to the Director of Railway Traffic.

I have already requested you in my letter No. 208, dated 3rd March 1897, that the Local Government should obtain the sanction of the Governor-General in Council for the imposition of this tax. In G.O., Mis. No. 1223 M., dated 9th July 1898, I was informed that the question, whether the enhancement of the maximum rate of the water tax from 4 to 8 per cent. in the amending Act III of 1897 is a new tax within the meaning of paragraph 3 of Government of India Resolution, No. 434 R.T., dated 17th August 1894, has been referred to the Advocate-General for opinion.

16. *Tax on Vehicles, Animals and Carts.*—The maximum rate as per schedule appended to the Act IV of 1884, as amended by Act III of 1897, has been levied. The demand under this head was Rs. 3,132–8–0 as shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Vehicles	1,425	0	0
Animals	1,253	8	0
Carts	454	0	0
Total .	3,132	8	0

against Rs. 3,147–8–0 in the previous year. The decrease in demand under animals as compared with that of the previous year is attributable to the withdrawal from the municipal limits of the animals belonging to the Siripuram estate and to the decrease in the live-stock of Maharaja G. N. Gajapatirow, C.I.E., and Rani Ankitam Atchiahama Garu. The current collections amounted to Rs. 1,917–8–0 against Rs. 2,723–8–0 in the previous year leaving a balance of Rs. 1,215; of this, Rupees 335–8–0 have since been collected.

17. *Coercive Process.*—Appendix A to Statements IV-A & IV-B shows the extent to which coercive measures have been taken in the current year for the collection of the tax. The number of warrants issued under all kinds was 122 against 791 in the preceding year. The total number of warrants executed or cancelled was 267. No prosecutions have been instituted during the year.

18. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls, which were levied at full schedule rates, was rented out to farmers at a public auction and Rs. 12,852 and a penal interest of Rs. 83–7–5 were realised, showing a decrease of Rs. 194–7–2 against the preceding year, which is attributable to lack of competition at the time of auction. The whole of this amount was duly collected within the year. Rs. 1,096–6–5, being the proceeds of the Pontoon bridge tolls with the penal interest levied thereon, were paid to the District Board.

19. *Incidence of Taxation.*—Statement VII gives full particulars of tolls. Statements IX and IX-A exhibit the incidence of taxation in the year under report under the taxes on buildings and arts. The total average incidence was As. 14–7 with tolls and As. 9–1 excluding them, against Re. 1–0–11 and As. 11–5, respectively, in the previous year.

B.—Miscellaneous Receipts

20. *Realization under Special Acts.*—Rs. [illegible] were collected under Act II of 1888. The Inspector of Local Fund Accounts transferred the sale-proceeds of the right of collecting tolls on Dolphin's [illegible]erry to this head; but ever since the ferry was

opened it had been credited to tolls and a portion of the collections was also paid to the District Board on account of its share. In the absence of definite orders from Government on the subject, the item is shown as usual under Tolls.

21. *Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—Rent of Lands.*—This is the sum collected on account of rent of sites in the regimental lines and in the town for temporary occupation. The increase is small and calls for no remark.

22. *Avenue Receipts.*—The cocoanut trees on the side of the Beach road were rented out for Rs. 44 at a public auction against Rs. 45 in the previous year. The increase over the revised estimate is due to sales of trees at the Thepparavupalem and Mudasarlova and of withered trees on the sides of roads.

23. *Sale-proceeds of Lands.*—As noted in paragraph 8 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget for 1898–99, printed in G.O., No. 618, M., dated 21st March 1898, page 7, the land acquired from the fishermen was not sold, and for want of funds, some of the tiled houses in the Northern block of the fishermen's village have not been acquired. It is reported that a sum of Rs. 15,000 will be required for the acquisition of these houses. The Northern block cannot be levelled, allotted into blocks and sold for house-sites on that account.

24. *Sale-proceeds of old materials.*—This represents the sale-proceeds of the building materials of the huts and houses acquired in the fishermen's village. The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is chiefly due to the old material of some of the houses not being sold within the year. The entry in the revised estimate represents the probable value of the old materials of all the huts and tiled houses in the fishermen's village. As had already been stated there are still many tiled houses that await acquisition.

25. *Sale-proceeds of night-soil, &c.*—The income under this head is altogether insignificant. The value of manure is not known to the cultivators of these parts besides the outskirts of the municipality have hardly any land under cultivation; hence the absence of demand for manure.

26. *Income from Slaughter-houses and Cart-stand Fees.*—These items are of a fluctuating nature. The competition at the time of sales was dull, the renter of the previous year having sustained a loss in the transaction; hence the decrease.

26-A. *Fines under Municipal and other Laws.*—Rs. 588–2–2 were realized under this head. Of this Rs. 571–11–2 represent the adjustment communicated by Accountant-General.

27. *Grant from Government.*—During the year under report, the balance of contribution, viz., Rs. 50,000 as taken credit for in the revised estimate was not paid. The Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, wired to the effect that the grant should be drawn before the 31st of March. An application was made to the Treasury Deputy Collector to place the same to the credit of the Council which was refused in the absence of specific instructions from the Accountant-General.

28. *Local Funds.*—This is the usual contribution from the District Board and the Taluk Board, Vizagapatam, for the maintenance of the roads (600) and water-shed (100) within the municipal limits. The water-shed is located in the Collector's office.

29. *Other Grants*—(ii) *Education.*—The services of the drawing master employed under the Council were lent to the Local Hindu College on the condition that the drawing master credits to the Council 25 per cent. of his income from the College. Rs. 12–8–0 represent the collections under this head for five months.

30. *Poor House Subscription.*—The demand under this head has been very much reduced. The collections from the local subscriptions have fallen considerably and cannot be recovered by legal processes.

31. *Contribution from private individuals for works.*—There were no contributions from private persons for the execution of any public work during the year.

32. *Recoveries from private individuals for service rendered on account of private scavenging.*—There were 1,197 private latrines under the municipal agency at the beginning of the year under report; 43 were added to, and 56 withdrawn from, the list.

The number at the close of the year was 1,184. The demand for the current year was Rs. 2,437–9–9 against Rs. 2,275–5–11 in the previous year and Rs. 1,592–2–7 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 845–7–2. Rs. 369–7–9 were subsequently collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. As regards the arrears demand of Rs. 287–9–0, Rs. 210–4–4 were collected, leaving Rs. 77–4–8 as balance to be collected.

33. *Fishery-rent.*—The decrease under the head was due to the causes mentioned above with regard to the income from slaughter-houses and cart-stands.

34. *Refund of Expenditure.*—A sum of Rs. 11–12–0 was recovered from Messrs. Burn & Co. for excess freight paid on account of materials for a double iron latrine supplied by them; the original payment was made in 1896–97.

35. *Loans from Government.*—Rs. 60,500, being the balance of the loan sanctioned in G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, were paid during the year under report in two instalments of Rs. 48,000 and Rs. 12,500 in the months of September 1897 and March 1898, respectively.

36. *Loans from private individuals.*—No loan was raised in the local market from private individuals during the year, although the one raised from the District Board, Vizagapatam, for the removal of Fishermenpeta was found inadequate to meet the demands for compensation towards the acquisition of all the tiled houses which in the interests of the Council have to be acquired to realize a fair value for the site that had already been acquired.

III.—EXPENDITURE.

37. *Grant 1, Public Works—New Works.*—The total expenditure under Grant 1 amounted to Rs. 1,73,291–2–2 or 70·73 per cent. of the total expenditure of the year, against Rs. 16,282–1–7 or 28·15 per cent. in the preceding year and Rs. 1,74,630 in the revised estimate. Details of all the works executed during the year are given in Statement II-A under Grant 1. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the commencement of the water-works scheme for which a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 were placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer. Rs. 8,909–9–8 were also paid to the Revenue Divisional Officer for payment as compensation for the land and huts taken up for the project; the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the saving caused under new works (Miscellaneous) and repairs (Buildings, Roads and Water-supply).

38. (*a*) *Communications.*—As detailed in Statement II-A, Rs. 2,419–7–1 were spent on new works. The necessity and importance of constructing an approach road from Allipur to Dondaparty were recognized, and a road was made at a cost of Rupees 1,240–3–9; roads were also laid in the site acquired for the accommodation of fishermen at Thepparavupalem at a cost of Rs. 1,078–11–5. A small road leading to Neralla Koneru from the Allipur main road was laid at a cost of Rs. 92–5–11.

39. (*b*) *Buildings.*—Materials for a double iron latrine were purchased from Messrs. Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 729–12–9; temporary tatty latrines were built for the use of the public at a cost of Rs. 185–4–0. Slight improvements were made in the sheep slaughter-house with a small expenditure of Rs. 45–15–2. Three kutcha incinerators were constructed at the night-soil depots at a cost of Rs. 19–15–3.

40. (*c*) *Drainage.*—At the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner, some of the drains were improved by converting the V shape into egg shape with surki and cement and pointing the sides at a cost of Rs. 254–15–3; a drain from Dyke's tank was constructed at a cost of Rs. 26–12–2. The site acquired for a sewage farm is filled with old foundations which is being dug up and levelled with silt and sand removed from drains where it accumulates during rains; a sum of Rs. 203–2–0 was spent for this purpose.

41. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—As pointed out in paragraph 37 *supra*, a sum of Rupees 1,59,262–7–5 was spent up to 31st March 1898; out of this, the Public Works Department have expended only Rs. 25,364, and Rs. 8,909–9–8 were paid to Revenue Divisional Officer as compensation for lands and huts at the work site. The Pallapu well was rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 229–8–8, and a well for the use of travellers halting

in the cart-stand was constructed at a cost of Rs. 84–12–7; six temporary wells were sunk at a cost of Rs. 38–8–6 for the use of the public when scarcity for water was felt.

42. (*e*) *Miscellaneous.*—The site acquired for accommodating the fishermen was filled with prickly-pear and rank vegetation, which had to be cleared; Rs. 48 were spent on this account and a sum of Rs. 25–5–3 was spent in allotting sites; most of the fishermen have taken up house-sites and all the houses and huts have been completed. Their wants are being attended to. As stated in paragraph 21 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget, a sum of Rs. 350 was provided for levelling the sites acquired by the removal of the Fishermenpeta. The removal of the fishermen to the new site was found impracticable till the last week of March 1898, though sites had been allotted and public notice given to them by beat of tom-tom in the month of January, that sites will be given from 1st February; considerable difficulty was experienced in allotting sites. The extent of land allowed in the first instance was the same that has been acquired from each individual, lists having been furnished to me by the Huzur Deputy Collector giving the names of persons and the area of land required by each in exchange. On the representation of the fishermen coupled with the advice of the Huzur Deputy Collector, the Council in the middle of March agreed to a minimum scale to be allotted to each individual irrespective of the extent of land acquired from him and that in cases where the extent of land acquired fell short of the minimum, that the minimum should be given and that in cases where the land acquired exceeded the minimum in its extent, the actual quantity acquired. Owing to these changed circumstances, the original allocation of sites was found useless and sites had to be newly allotted. It will be some time before the actual levelling operations are undertaken. As has been stated in paragraph 36 *supra*, the Council will be put to a heavy loss should these sites be now levelled and sold without acquiring the adjoining tiled houses, which have already been notified for acquisition. The Council will very shortly consider the best means for financing the scheme.

43. *Repairs—*(*a*) *Communications.*—The total mileage of roads in the municipal limits at the beginning of the year was 43 miles, furlong and 158 yards; the road newly made known as the Vizianagram Maharaja's "Beach road" was abandoned, since the maintenance grant promised by late Maharaja for the first three years was not forthcoming from his successor after his demise. Thus the length of the roads within the limits amounted to 41 miles, 7 furlongs and 158 yards. The length of roads maintained and repaired during the year was nearly 26 miles. The removal of sand on the Beach road takes a prominent place in the lists of roads repaired. Two thousand one hundred and fifty-seven linear feet of under-drains were opened up for silt clearance at a cost of Rs. 81–5–6. The total outlay incurred on roads was Rs. 8,037–6–4 or 67·80 per cent. of the net receipts from tolls. The roads in the town were kept in fair order. It is proposed to re-coat the whole width of the main road with gravel, and materials have been collected and the works are under progress.

44. (*b*) *Buildings.*—As most of the buildings had been repaired during the previous year, there was a saving in the allotment for the year under report. The cholera shed attached to the civil dispensary was repaired at a cost of Rs. 81 and the sheep slaughter-house at a cost of Rs. 73–3–6; some latrines were also repaired. The details of expenditure under the head are given in statement II-A, Repairs.

45. (*c*) *Drainage.*—The principal works that were executed under the head were—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Bailing out sewage water from the swamp	137	12	0
(2) Flushing drains with sea water	366	5	4
(3) Repairs to V drains by converting them into U shape with surki cement	401	13	3
(4) Removing silt and sand from drains	173	5	6
Total ..	1,079	4	1

Seven thousand nine hundred and forty-nine linear feet of the drains in the town were converted into U shape with surki and cement.

46. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—Thirty-eight wells have been cleared of silt; steps were taken to guard against the scarcity of water. The total expenditure under the head was Rs. 121–14–7 against Rs. 379–11–8 and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. As most of the wells have been repaired during 1896–97, silt clearance was rendered necessary to keep the water fresh. The details of the expenditure are given in statement II-A.

A watcher was also employed to guard the Katakamvari tank from being polluted.

47. *Establishment.*—The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the reduction in the pay of the overseer from Rs. 40 to 30, while on probation for three months during the year.

48. *Contribution to others for Public Works.*—Rs. 500 were paid to the Turner choultry committee as the first instalment of the Council's contribution towards the construction of the building.

49. *Grant 2, Education—Training Schools,—Stipends to Normal Students.*—The Educational Department did not recommend any teacher in the municipality to be trained; but the expenditure under the head represents the stipends allowed to the Superintendent of municipal schools for his training at the Teachers' College at Rajahmundry and to the gymnastic instructor sent to Madras for training. The expenditure under the head was only Rs. 19 against Rs. 302–14–8 in the previous year and Rs. 120 in the revised estimate.

50. *Municipal Schools—Salary-result System.*—As detailed in Statement V-A, there were four schools on this system. The total expenditure of these schools amounted under all heads to Rs. 1,315–15–1 against Rs. 1,319–13–2 in the preceding year and Rs. 1,350 in the revised estimate. The decrease as compared with the actuals of the previous year is small and calls for no remark.

51. *Salary Grant.*—There were two institutions that have drawn grant as usual from municipal funds, viz., the Hindu College and the London Mission High school. The teachers of both the schools are qualified to draw grants; but the latter institution has a primary department, while the former has none and as such has drawn larger grants.

The expenditure under this head was Rs. 768–9–4 against Rs. 808–0–8 in the previous year and Rs. 900 in the revised estimate. The reports on the working of these institutions are enclosed.

52. *Result Grants.*—There were twenty schools at the beginning of the year, thirteen upper primary and seven lower primary; of these, one lower primary school was not aided since it had been closed in the first half of the year. In addition to this, three other schools were closed, two in the lower primary and one in the upper primary; three schools, two in the upper primary and one in the lower primary, were newly opened. The total number of schools at the close of the year was therefore nineteen. The aid given in the shape of result grants during the year amounted to Rs. 1,706–12–0 against Rs. 1,668–9–0, the actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 1,700 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the payment of result grants actually earned, though it was in excess of the assignment during the year under report. This excess was not paid in 1896–97.

53. *Inspection—Municipal Inspectors.*—The permanent Superintendent of municipal schools returned to duty from training in the month of May 1897. The total expenditure under the head amounted to Rs. 242 against Rs. 252–4–5 in the previous year and Rs. 260 in the revised estimate. The decrease is due to the small pay allowed to the *locum tenens* of the permanent incumbent during the early part of the year.

54. *Miscellaneous—Buildings and Furniture Grant.*—The manager of the London Mission High school improved the school building to a considerable extent and applied for a third grant of Rs. 525–5–4. This was recommended by the Inspector of Schools and sanctioned by the Council; but only Rs. 300 were paid during the year. A small sum of Rs. 6–6–9 was also paid to the manager on account of grant for non-Indian appliances purchased for the use of Middle school department. A furniture

grant of Rs. 40 and a rent grant of Rs. 16 were given to the manager of the Temple school during the year. The total amount spent under the head during the year was Rs. 362–6–9 against Rs. 32–4–1 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the fact that payments under this head in that year were withheld to secure funds for the purchase of a school building for the Fort Muhammadan school.

55. *Common Gymnasium.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 130 against Rs. 68–6–9 in the preceding year and Rs. 170 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the fact that the post of the gymnastic instructor was not filled up while he was under training. He rejoined his duties in the early part of April 1897.

56. *Other Items.*—A class to teach freehand drawing to the masters of result schools has continued to work since 1895–96.

A sum of Rs. 237–11–0 was paid as salary to the drawing master and Rs. 25 as travelling allowance to join the appointment. The drawing master visits each and every school on the result grants system to examine the pupils therein in drawing, and in this connection, he is allowed a carriage allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem. The amount paid on this account was Rs. 14; thus the total amount paid was Rs. 277–9–0 against Rs. 251–8–0, actuals of the previous year; the increase is attributable to the increased pay of the drawing master and to the travelling allowance paid to him.

57. The total expenditure under Grant 2 was Rs. 4,807–8–8 against Rupees 4,703–12–9, actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 5,180, the revised estimate of 1897–98. The increase over the actuals is chiefly due to the payment of building grant, while the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the savings effected under training schools and salary grants.

58. *Grant 3, Medical Services, Sanitation—Hospital and Dispensaries.*—The usual contribution of Rs. 2,400 towards the upkeep of the local civil hospital was paid during the year; Rs. 225, Rs. 140 and Rs. 49 were also paid on account of contribution to Medical College, Sanitary Inspection and Reserve Medical staff, respectively. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 2,814 against Rupees 2,770 in the preceding year and Rs. 2,740 in the revised estimate. The civil hospital is not under the management of the Municipal Council; but a local committee of seven members, among whom are the Collector, the District Medical and Sanitary Officer and the Chairman, manages its affairs.

The total number of patients that were afforded relief was 24,672, of whom 641 are in-patients and 24,031 out-patients against 535 and 21,769 in the previous year. The institution is increasing in popularity.

59. *Vaccination.*—Compulsory vaccination has been in force since 1st August 1890. The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year was 1,609 against 1,331 in the previous year; of these, 1,023 were primary vaccinations and include 853 children under one year of age; the rest were re-vaccinations. The large number of re-vaccinations is due to the orders of Government enjoining all newly entertained Government servants to undergo that operation and to the directions of the Council on the advice of the Sanitary Commissioner that grants should be withheld from result grants schools unless the pupils in those schools above 10 years of age undergo revaccination.

Of the total number vaccinated, 1,421 were successful with a percentage of 88·31 against 1,129 or 84·82 per cent. in the previous year. The percentage of successful primary vaccinations was 96 and of re-vaccinations 73. Vaccine lymph preserved in glycerine from the local calf vaccine depôt was used for the first eight months and lanoline paste from the Mysore Government Vaccine Institute for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter (18·61) than with the former (8·61). This is attributable to the use of ordinary lancets instead of scarificators specially made for the purpose. The resulting scars with lanoline paste are however larger and better forecasted. The practice hitherto adopted was for the

vaccinator to perform vaccination at the houses of the children. This was done away with during the year and three depots were established, one in the town and two in the suburbs, where children are compelled to be brought up for vaccination. The number of prosecutions under clause II, section 138, was 122 against 28 in the previous year.

First-class vaccinator G. Mutyaliah was in charge throughout the year. Seven hundred and forty-three or 52·29 per cent. of the successful cases have been inspected by the Assistant Surgeon.

The total cost under this head was Rs. 429–8–7 against Rs. 373–1–9 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase is chiefly attributable to the rent paid to the vaccine depots mentioned above.

60. *Vital Statistics.*—The total number of births registered was 1,111 against 1,274 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 163. The total number of deaths was 1,181 against 954 in the preceding year. The rate per mille of births was 32·22 against 36·94 and that of deaths was 34·22 against 27·7. The enclosed statement shows the deaths registered under the several heads; nearly 50 per cent. of the deaths are due to "all other causes." The three deaths reported under small-pox should have been shown under measles; but as this heading was absent, it was made to appear under "small-pox." The expenditure on account of registration of vital statistics amounted to Rs. 699–9–7 against Rs. 658–1–4 in the preceding year and Rs. 730 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year was due to the purchase of stationery for the use of registrars, debiting the cost to this head.

61. *General Health.*—Public health was unsatisfactory owing to the failure of the south-west monsoon and to the consequent failure of crops and to the high prices of food grains; cholera broke out in the month of August and continued till the end of November. There were 282 attacks with 136 deaths. Every precaution was taken against the spread of the disease by hankinizing wells.

A temporary establishment consisting of two sanitary inspectors, four peons and four diggers was employed for the immediate disinfection of the houses and bedding and clothing, where cholera occurred. Watchers were put over hankinized wells to prevent pollution, special buckets and ropes being provided for the purpose.

Measles and chicken-pox of a severe type prevailed during the latter part of the year.

Though there have been no cases of plague, yet measures were taken to prevent its introduction into the town. A shed was constructed in the beach for the segregation and isolation of patients. The sanitary inspectors were made to attend the trains arriving from Bombay and to note the names of passengers arriving from there and to keep them under observation for the required period. On the advice of the Collector and the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, a shed was constructed at the Waltair railway station for the inspection and examination of passengers arriving here from plague-infected areas. A third-class hospital assistant was put in charge of this work as well as the subsequent observation of the passengers, relieving the sanitary staff of this duty. The charges incurred for combating cholera amounted to Rs. 1,068–11–5 as detailed below against Rs. 1,710–6–6 in the previous year:—

	RS.	A.	P.
(1) Establishment	324	0	0
(2) Cost of disinfectants	271	1	6
(3) Cost of disinfecting apparatus	306	14	3
(4) Distribution of medicines	147	2	6
(5) Contingencies	19	9	2
Total ..	1,068	11	5

The charges on account of plague observation amounted to Rs. 359–1–11 as detailed below:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Establishment—			
Medical	140	0	0
Watchers	75	5	0
Buildings	137	7	11
Contingencies	6	5	0
Total ..	359	1	11

The shed in the beach had to be built a second time as the first one was burnt down.

62. *Conservancy.*—The total charges under this head, including those incurred on account of cholera, amounted to Rs. 15,837–3–2 against Rs. 15,538–8–1 in the previous year. The number of public latrines remained the same as in the previous year. This includes one double iron latrine on the standard plan: all the latrines are freely resorted to by the people. The latrines are daily visited by the sanitary inspectors and maistries. The average population per latrine was 437.

Four night-soil depots were in use, whither the night-soil is carted in air-tight receptacles and deposited in trenches dug for the purpose which are leased out for cultivation after six months. The street-refuse is collected in dust-bins, of which there are 323 in number; of these 93 are moveable and of corrugated iron, 180 are masonry, and the rest are of sheet iron.

The refuse is carted away in double bullock basket carts to the rubbish depôts, of which there are three in number, where it is burnt in Kutcha incinerators. The rubbish of Waltair is purchased by the Lunatic Asylum, and hence the depôt there was closed.

The existing arrangements for the carriage of rubbish cannot be bettered without considerable outlay on the part of the Council in the purchase of live-stock and carts specially made for the purpose. The depôts are a long way off from the centre of the town and the carts have to traverse a considerable distance. It is to be hoped that the construction of patent incinerator in the heart of the town will minimize the inconveniences and the disadvantages of the existing system. The number of carts was 21 as in the previous year.

The drains are now systematically flushed; as there are no carts specially made for the carriage of silt, country carts with baskets are used; the silt is allowed to remain alongside the drains and is removed within 24 hours. All the silt is carted to the site selected for a sewage farm, where it is used for levelling the same.

63. *Private Scavenging.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 2,079–14–6 against Rs. 2,090–10–0 in the previous year and Rs. 2,120 in the revised estimate. The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 1,802–6–11. Two night-soil carts were purchased from Messrs. Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 300, and these were fitted up with 12 iron receptacles locally made at a cost of Rs. 186–9–0. There is a decrease in the number of latrines at the close of the year, although 56 were newly brought under this agency. There are many latrines that have still to be brought under this service, and arrangements have been made in the current year to enforce the same. The provisions of sections 219 and 221 will be enforced in the case of those who fail to comply with the demand.

64. *Grant 4, Lighting.*—The number of lights at the beginning of the year was 283; 20 were added during the year, making a total of 303 at the close of the year. The charges under the head amounted to Rs. 2,651–14–3 against Rs. 2,674–10–0 (audited figure) in the previous year and Rs. 2,620 in the revised estimate. The increase over the revised estimate is chiefly due to the payment of the cost of oil supplied in the month of March 1897 during the year under report.

65. *Choultries—Poor-houses.*—The charges on account of the poor-house establishment amounted to Rs. 384 and the contingent charges including the feeding of the poor Rs. 1,937–4–10 against Rs. 384 and Rs. 1,118–15–3, respectively, in the preceding year. The increase in the cost of feeding is chiefly due to the high prices of

food-grains owing to famine. The aggregate number of paupers fed during the year was 19,431 against 13,986 in the preceding year, and the average cost of dieting and clothing per head per diem was As. 1-7 against As. 1-3 in 1896-97.

66. *Compensation for Land.*—A sum of Rs. 25,800-4-11 was placed at the disposal of the Huzur Deputy Collector for payment as compensation for the huts and tiled houses acquired in the Fishermenpeta. The following temporary establishment was sanctioned to assist him in the acquisition of the land :—

	Rs.
1 surveyor	20
1 lascar	6
1 clerk	15
1 peon	5
Total ..	46

The services of the surveyor and lascar were also utilized in allotting house-sites for the fishermen.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Cost of establishment	180	12	0
Cost of stationery	8	10	3

The site was not completely acquired. The Council has incurred a heavy expenditure under this head; as has already been stated, the site at present acquired will be valueless unless the rest of the tiled houses, of which there are 48 in number, are acquired before the existing sites are levelled so as to fetch a fair and reasonable value.

67. *Other Items—Famine allowance.*—As reported in my letter, No. 501, dated 19th April 1898, and in the application that accompanied the revised estimate for 1897-98, a sum of Rs. 1,458-7-6 was paid as famine allowance to all the servants of the municipality; but the Government, in its Order, No. 1435 M., dated 15th August 1898, directed the recovery of the sum paid after 14th August; hence the item is shown under "Advances recoverable."

68. *Grant 5, Inspection.*—Details of expenditure are given in Statement II (*b*). The increase over the revised estimate is small and calls for no remark, and the decrease as compared with the actuals of 1896-97 is due to the Chairman having drawn his carriage allowance for six months from date of appointment.

69. *Collection Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate and actuals of the previous year is due to the adjustment given by the Accountant-General on account of the cost of printed account forms supplied in the year under report.

70. *Office Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate is due to the charges incurred in advertising for applicants for the post of the Secretary.

71. *Repayment of Debt.*—The loan granted by Government was completed during the year, and as such no instalment towards repayment of debt fell due during the year. The first instalment of the debt due to the District Board, Vizagapatam, was also not paid during the year.

72. *Interest.*—Rs. 8,842-9-1 were paid on account of interest. Of this, Rs. 1,000 represent the interest paid to the District Board on account of the loan of Rs. 20,000 borrowed at 5 per cent. and Rs. 7,842-9-1 were paid into the Government Treasury on account of the interest due on the amount borrowed from Government for the water-works scheme.

The other items call for no remark.

73. *Closing Balance.*—The year closed with a deficit of Rs. 22,688-4-11 appertaining to Municipal funds. The balance of the water-tax fund was Rupees 1,88,689-15-3. The deficit was mainly due to the short collection of taxes, the amounts anticipated in the revised estimate not having been realized within the close of the year.

74. The long delay in the submission of this report was unavoidable. The introduction of a new tax and the enhancement of the already existing taxes at the fag-end of the year have increased the clerical work considerably inasmuch as the balances at the close of the year were about the same as the assessments themselves.

From Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. LEAPINGWELL, District Medical and Sanitary officer, Vizagapatam, to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, dated 19th May 1898, No. 860-S.

I have the honour to forward the annual report on the Civil Hospital, Vizagapatam, for the year 1897-98.

(1) *Public Health.*—The public health was unsatisfactory owing to the high price of food-grains and scarcity of drinking water.

(2) *Vital Statistics.*—The birth-rate fell from 36·94 in the previous year to 32·22, and the death-rate rose from 27·66 to 34·22. Cholera was in the town for four months, commencing in August. The attacks and deaths reported were 282 and 136 respectively.

Omitting deaths from cholera, the death-rate was nearly 4 per mille higher than in the previous year, owing to the increase in the number of deaths recorded as from "all other causes."

Three deaths from small-pox appear in the municipal return, but the Assistant Surgeon, who enquired into these cases, reported them as undoubtedly due to measles, he having visited the houses when the deaths occurred for the purpose of enquiry and found others suffering from measles.

Measles of a severe type and chicken-pox were very prevalent.

(3) *Sanitation.*—I learn from the Assistant Surgeon, who is also the Chairman, that considerable improvement has been made in the drainage of the town. Five thousand eight hundred and forty feet of V-shaped drains have been converted into U-shaped, and 1,400 yards of under-drains have been opened up and cleared of silt.

The drains are said to be "systematically flushed."

The silt removed from drains may still be seen deposited on the sides of the roads prior to removal. This is a very filthy custom and should be discontinued.

The carts employed in removing rubbish are very small and ill-adapted for the purpose, the bullocks are wretched-half-starved animals and the drivers usually small boys too young to be entrusted with the work.

One properly-equipped cart will do the work of any three now employed for the purpose.

The filthy fishing village which has for so long been a nuisance to the town is being demolished.

The new water-works are under construction. The work has been hindered by outbreaks of cholera among the coolies employed.

(4) *Vaccination.*—One thousand six hundred and nine cases were vaccinated against 1,331 last year. Of these 1,023 were primary vaccinations and include 853 under one year of age. The percentage of successful primary vaccinations was 96 and of re-vaccinations 73.

Lymph in glycerine obtained from the local calf depot was used for the first eight months and lanoline lymph from Mysore for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter, 18·61 than with the former 8·66; but this would appear to have been due to the use of ordinary lancets instead of those made for the purpose.

The resulting cicatrices, on the other hand, are reported to be much more satisfactory with the lanoline lymph than with the glycerine.

The vaccinator is closely supervised by the Assistant Surgeon who is also in charge of the calf depot.

(5) *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The civil hospital provides beds for 48 patients, — 40 in the general ward and eight in the contagious shed.

The police occupy one ward (six beds) for which a rent of Rs. 20 per mensem is paid.

One of the wards, containing six beds, has been set apart for any females who may apply at the hospital for admission.

Two small detached rooms with verandahs and a detached kitchen have been built during the year at a cost of Rs. 800.

His Excellency the Governor at the time of his visit, acceded to the request of the committee that they should be named after him the "Havelock Wards".

The old room used for operations has been enlarged and re-roofed with a sky light and the floor cemented at a cost of Rs. 800. It is now admirably adapted for the purpose, and the committee have furnished it with a glass, a septic operation table and necessary fittings.

(*b*) The buildings are in good repair.

(*c*) Furniture and fittings sufficient and in good order.

(*d*) Copies of the remarks of His Excellency the Governor and the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras are attached.

(*e*) Rupees 25 were recovered for diets and Rs. 1,525 for medicines from those able to pay for them. Fifty-two patients provided their own diet.

(*f*) Six hundred and forty-one in-patients with an average daily sick of 26·56 and 24,031 out-patients with an average daily attendance of 193·87 were treated, showing an increase of 106 among in and 2,262 among out patients in admissions and 5·71 and 28·79 in average daily attendance, respectively.

(*g*) There were in all 50 deaths; of these 19 were from cholera.

There was no case of septic disease.

(*h*) One thousand and fifteen surgical operations were performed with four deaths against 977 and 6 deaths last year.

(*i*) The establishment is sufficient.

(*j*) The midwife attached to this hospital works under the supervision of the female practitioner.

She was suspended for misbehaviour in January and her place taken by another midwife. The number of cases attended was 156 against 241 last year. This does not include the cases attended by the other midwife attached to the female hospital.

(*k*) The Victoria Hospital for Women is maintained by the District Board, and the salary of the medical practitioner is being paid by Sree Rajah Gajapathi Rao, C.I.E.

The report of that hospital is included in the District Board's report.

(*l*) *General Remarks.*—The hospital is doing good work. The number of caste patients who apply for admission has considerably increased.

First-class Hospital Assistant M. Appalanarsayya Nayudu, No. 220, has been in charge throughout the year, making the sixth year since his appointment.

He is well known and trusted and, as in former years, I have had every reason to be pleased with his work.

Submitted to the Collector.

2. Roads were not in good order, but the Council has now taken steps for their repair. Repairs of important roads are commenced. The Revenue Divisional Officer delegated his powers to the present Chairman on the 4th July 1897, the day on which he was elected Chairman by the Council as he was then busily engaged on famine duty.

16*th September* 1898. (Signed) R. GOVINDA RAO, NAYUDU,
Deputy Collector.

Submitted to Government.

2. The delay in the preparation of this report is regrettable and not sufficiently explained.

3. Collections were bad under all sources of income, and noticeably so in the case of the tax on arts. The statement that the heavy balance under that head was due to the failure of the officers and clerks of the East Coast Railway to pay the tax is not clear, and the circumstances under which they failed should have been stated.

4. In paragraph 11 of the report a figure is entered in pencil. As the Government has telegraphed calling for the urgent submission of the report, I have not been able to return it to ascertain whether the figure is correct.

5. The removal of the fishermen's village, alluded to in paragraph 42, has been a good deal mismanaged. There was a great deal of avoidable delay in allotting sites in the new village, and those allotted were absurdly small. The reallotment had to be done by my Deputy Collector and Deputy Tahsildar, as the subordinates of the Council appeared unable to get through the business. The land acquired by the Council, from which the fishermen's huts have been removed, is useless at present for disposal as house-sites, owing to its being occupied at intervals by tiled houses which the Council had not the funds to acquire. It is to be hoped that the Council will be able to see its way to complete the scheme. The new village to which the fishermen have been removed is very unhealthy owing to the Council's failure to construct proper drains in spite of my repeated instructions given on the spot to the Chairman and his staff. There has been much sickness in the new village. I am attending to this and hope to get the Council to do what is necessary.

6. The proceedings of the Council have been much marred by the markedly controversial turn which their proceedings have lately taken. Much time, which might profitably have been given to business, has been occupied in acrimonious discussion and the passing of votes of censure, and business has been retarded by the withdrawal from the Chairman of the power to sanction estimates below Rs. 200, so that no trifling work can now be undertaken without a meeting.

VIZAGAPATAM,
17*th September* 1898. (Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Collector.

ORDER—No. 1714 M., dated 11th October 1898.

The receipts and charges of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897–98 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1896–97:—

—	Actuals, 1896–97.	Budget estimate, 1897–98.	Revised estimate, 1897–98.	Actuals, 1897–98.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance brought forward	12,635	2,13,700	3,11,570	3,11,536
Tax on Arts	5,091	6,010	5,170	2,986
,, Buildings and Lands	16,490	17,110	24,130	9,540
Water-tax on Buildings and Lands	..	6,000	15,060	4,919
Tax on Vehicles and Animals	2,661	2,840	3,380	1,680
,, Carts	323	410	780	394
Tolls	11,509	11,940	11,760	11,203
Realizations under Special Acts	504	100	100	946
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	236	30,260	2,230	632
Conservancy Receipts	16	30	50	37
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	39	40	40	44
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	1,823	1,830	1,830	1,823
License Fees	127	300	300	243
Other Fees	1,194	1,270	1,090	1,047
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	53	660	660	588
Grants and Contributions from Government	1,40,148	70,360	50,300	..
,, ,, ,, Local Boards	700	700	700	700
,, ,, ,, other bodies	3,337	460	370	47
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	2,045	2,410	2,560	1,805
Miscellaneous	444	470	360	342
Loans	1,70,000	50,500	60,500	60,500
Advances Recovered	6	..	..	22
Total	3,69,381	4,17,400	4,92,940	4,11,034

—	Actuals, 1896–97.	Budget estimate, 1897–98.	Revised estimate, 1897–98.	Actuals, 1897–98.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Grant 1— *Charges.*				
New Works—				
Communications	3,357	2,000	2,400	2,419
Buildings	2,632	2,000	1,050	981
Drainage	239	5,000	490	485
Water-supply	111	3,11,000	1,59,300	1,59,262
Miscellaneous public improvements	30	50	400	76
Repairs—				
Communications	5,812	5,900	5,900	5,618
Buildings	717	700	700	321
Drainage	1,987	2,260	2,550	2,612
Water-supply	416	440	440	158
Establishment	863	850	850	831
Tools and Plant and other Stores	118	50	50	28
Contributions for Public Works	..	500	500	500
Total	16,282	3,30,750	1,74,630	1,73,291
Grant 2—				
Training Schools	303	120	20	19
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result system	1,320	1,350	1,350	1,301
Grants-in-Aid—				
Salary Grants	808	900	900	769
Result Grants	1,669	1,700	1,700	1,707
Building, Furniture, &c., Grants	32	300	400	362
Inspection	252	250	260	242
Miscellaneous	320	760	550	408
Total	4,704	5,380	5,180	4,808
Grant 3—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
Contributions	370	440	440	414
Vaccination	373	320	400	429
Registration of Births and Deaths	658	730	730	700
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	15,619	15,840	16,030	15,837
Total	19,420	19,730	20,000	19,780
Grant 4—				
Lighting	2,675	2,620	2,620	2,652
Markets and Slaughter-houses	132	140	140	132
Choultries	1,503	1,590	2,290	2,321
Avenues	162	190	190	156
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other Charges	8,131	26,910	28,670	26,595
Total	12,603	31,450	33,910	31,856
Grant 5—				
Supervision and Management	4,699	4,550	4,450	4,913
Repayment of Debt	..	10,000	6,170	..
Interest on Loan	..	1,000	7,380	8,843
Advances Recoverable	134	..	..	1,529
Refunds	3	..	20	12
Grand Total	57,845	4,02,860	2,51,740	2,45,032
Balance	3,11,536	14,540	2,41,200	1,66,002

2. The Municipal Council held 42 meetings against 28 in 1896–97 and ten others were adjourned for want of a quorum against two in that year. The average attendance of members, though not so good as in the previous year, was fair. Thirteen seats were filled by election during the year and twelve of these were contested, 50·4 per cent. of the registered voters attending the poll.

3. *Receipts.*—(1) Owing to the adoption of the revised schedule A annexed to the Madras District Municipalities Act, the demand under the tax on arts as originally assessed by the Chairman fell from Rs. 6,098 to Rs. 5,007, and as much as Rs. 458 or 9·2 per cent. of this sum was remitted by the Municipal Council on appeal. This large remission was apparently due to undue leniency on the part of the Council in disposing of appeals. The net current demand under this head thus showed a decrease of Rs. 1,405. Owing to the enhancement of the rate of the taxes on buildings and lands from $7\frac{1}{2}$ to $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the annual value, the net current demand under these heads rose from Rs. 17,169 and Rs. 699 respectively to Rs. 20,239 and Rs. 765. The water-tax on buildings and lands was for the first time levied during the year at the rate of 4 per cent. in Waltair and at 8 per cent. in the other parts of the town, and the net current demand amounted to Rs. 14,563.

(2) The arrear realizations under the principal taxes, though not so good as in the previous year, were on the whole fair, but the current collections under these heads declined considerably and were extremely poor. In the case of the house, land and water taxes, the short collections were due to the late date on which the sanction of Government was obtained to the enhancement in the rates, while the decrease under the arts tax is stated to be due chiefly to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway. As observed by the Collector in paragraph 3 of his endorsement, this explanation is neither clear nor adequate. The balances outstanding at the close of the year were large, amounting to as much as Rs. 28,161. A sum of Rs. 20,399 has however been since collected and it is hoped that no pains will be spared to adjust the remainder without delay.

(3) There was an increase in the receipts under sale-proceeds of old materials and fines, but under the taxes on vehicles and animals, contributions from Government and from other bodies and loans there was a decline, which in the case of the tax on animals is explained in paragraph 16 of the Chairman's report.

(4) The number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was 1,184 or thirteen less than in the previous year. The receipts from this source amounted to Rs. 1,802 against Rs. 2,046 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs. 764 against Rs. 45 in 1896–97. If however the fees had been collected in advance, as repeatedly ordered by Government, the service would have been nearly self-supporting. The disobedience of the orders of Government on this subject notwithstanding the remarks in paragraph 3 (4) of G.O., No. 2253 M., dated 15th October 1897, is reprehensible and requires explanation which should be submitted without delay. There is evidently considerable scope for the extension of the service, seeing that the number of houses now served by the municipal scavengers is only about one-third of the total number assessed to the tax on buildings and the Council should exert itself to the utmost to effect this in the current year.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—The most important of the new works undertaken during the year was the scheme for the water-supply of the town, which is under execution by the Public Works Department. A sum of Rs. 1,50,000 was placed at the disposal of that department and Rs. 8,910 were paid to the Revenue Divisional officer for the payment of compensation for the land and huts taken up for this project. Besides this, materials of the value of Rs. 730 were purchased for the construction of a double iron latrine. The total outlay on communications amounted to Rs. 8,037 or 71·7 per cent. of the net municipal income from tolls, but the Revenue Divisional officer reports that the town roads were not in good order. Considering the large expenditure incurred on them, this is not satisfactory. It is however observed that the Council has now taken steps for their repair. The attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the remarks of the Collector in paragraph 5 of his endorsement regarding the mismanagement of the scheme for the removal of the fishermen's village to a new site.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 4,751 or 15·5 per cent. of the receipts from taxation, and of this sum, Rs. 1,075 were spent on secondary, and the remainder on primary, education. As in the previous year, the Municipal Council maintained four primary schools on the salary-result system and aided two secondary schools with salary grants. The number of primary schools aided with result grants was 21 or one more than in the previous year, but two of these were closed before the end of the year. The attendance at the municipal schools taken together showed an improvement, but that at the result system schools declined. All these schools however appear to have done well at the departmental and grant examinations and the allotment for result grants was slightly exceeded. The working of the schools aided with salary grants is also reported to have been fair. The total number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,734 or 69·2 per cent. of the male population of school-going age against 51·3 per cent. in 1896–97.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—As in previous years the Municipal Council had no hospital of its own, but paid the usual contribution of Rs. 2,400 towards the maintenance of the local hospital managed by a private committee. There was an increase

in the numbers of both in- and out- patients treated at this institution. The midwife employed by the Municipal Council attended 156 cases of labour against 241 in the previous year. This large decline should be explained.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year rose from 1,331 to 1,609 and the percentage of reported success from 84·8 to 88·3. Infantile vaccination however showed a retrogression, the total number of children under one year successfully vaccinated having been 824 or 23·9 per mille of the population against 24·6 per mille in 1896–97 and a registered birth-rate of 32·2 per mille. Increased attention should be paid to this subject in the current year.

There was an increase in the number of deaths registered during the year, but that of births showed a decline for which no explanation has been offered. The returns in the latter case were not complete, the rate recorded being much below the normal. Steps should be taken to render them more trustworthy. In this connection the attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the instructions issued in the latter portion of paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 926 M., dated 17th May 1898.

(5) *Sanitation.*—The allotment under this head was fully utilized and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 15,837 or 50·5 per cent. of the ordinary current receipts against 33·2 per cent. in the previous year. From paragraphs 39 to 41, 45, 46 and 62 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the sanitation of the town, but much remains to be done before all the defects pointed out by the Sanitary Commissioner in his last inspection notes and in paragraph 3 of the medical report are remedied.

5. *General Remarks.*—Owing mainly to the unsatisfactory state of the collections under the principal taxes, the year closed with a deficit of Rs. 25,588 under Municipal funds, which was met from the balance of the grants and loans on account of the water-supply scheme amounting to Rs. 1,91,590. The appropriation of these funds for general municipal purposes was highly improper and the Council should therefore take immediate steps to recoup this amount.

The administration of the Municipality during the year under review showed a retrogression in several respects and must be characterized as inefficient. The collection of taxes declined considerably, the private scavenging system retrograded, the roads were not maintained in good condition and infantile vaccination and registration of births declined. This state of affairs was partly due to the factious spirit in the Council, to which reference is made in paragraph 6 of the Collector's endorsement. The Government however trusts that the Chairman and the Councillors will work in harmony in future and spare no pains to effect an improvement in all directions in the current year.

The explanation offered by the Chairman, of the inordinate delay in the submission of this report, cannot be considered adequate.

(True Extract.)

H. TREMENHEERE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam.
" Collector of Vizagapatam.
" President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
" Accountant-General.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Board.
" " Commissioner.
" " Engineer.
Editors' Table.

Exd. A. F. Eceleston.

Government {1898} of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Proof for approval

Recd. } 1898. *Enclosures*
Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 1714 M., 11th October 1898.

OCTOBER.

Administration Report.

Reviewing the — of the Vizagapatam Municipal Council for 1897–98.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. P. KRISHNASWAMY NAYUDU Garu, L.M.&S., Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department (through the Collector of Vizagapatam), dated 14th September 1898, No. 1471.

I have the honour to submit my annual report on the working of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897–98, together with the prescribed statements as per separate packets.

I.—CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL.

2. The municipality continued to be administered under Madras Act IV of 1884 up to 5th May 1897, when the Act III of 1897 amending the Act IV of 1884 came into force. M.R.Ry. B. Suryanarayana Sastry Garu, B.A., B.L., held the office of Chairman till the 10th of April 1897 and vacated his seat as a Councillor and Chairman. The Revenue Divisional officer, M.R.Ry. R. Govindarao Nayudu Garu, assumed charge of the office on the 11th April 1897 and continued till 7th September 1897. Meanwhile, an election to fill up the vacancy was held and M.R Ry. P. Krishnaswamy Nayudu Garu, L.M.&S., had duly been elected on the 4th July 1897, and the appointment gazetted on the 7th September 1897; he assumed charge of the office on the latter date and continued to hold the office ever since.

3. The sanctioned strength of the Council is twenty, consisting of five nominated and fifteen elected members. During the year under report thirteen vacancies occurred in the elected seats and were duly filled in by elections held on 24th April 1897, 2nd October 1897, 30th October 1897, and 27th November 1897. Twelve of these were contested. There were no seats vacant on the 31st of March 1898.

4. Statement X-A gives the particulars of the elections held during the year.

5. There were thus twenty councillors at the close of the year, of whom six were officials and fourteen non-officials.

6. Forty-two meetings were held during the year under report against twenty-eight in the previous year, giving an average 3·5 per mensem. Ten meetings were dissolved for want of quorum against two of the previous year. The average attendance at each meeting actually held was 10·65 against 11·5 of the previous year, of which the average attendance of officials was 3·73 against 4·43 in the previous year.

II.—RECEIPTS.

7. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,11,536–2–10 (audited figure); the receipts under all heads during the year amounted to Rs. 99,497–7–5 against Rupees 3,56,745–7–7, making in all Rs. 4,11,033–10–3 against Rs. 3,69,380–11–0 in the preceding year and Rs. 4,92,940 anticipated in the revised estimate. The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is chiefly noticeable under the following :—

(*a*) Contribution from Government.
(*b*) Tax on buildings.
(*c*) Water-tax.
(*d*) Sale-proceeds of old materials.

A.—Receipts from Taxation.

8. *Tax on Arts.*—The Act IV of 1884 as amended by Act III of 1897 was brought into operation in the early part of the year and the assessment was made with reference to the estimated monthly income, with the consequence that the demand under this head shows a considerable decrease. The several causes that have

operated in bringing out a decrease in the demand had already been reported to Government in my letter No. 1119, dated 27th August 1897. Thus the current demand for the year was Rs. 4,549 against Rs. 5,954 in the previous year. Rs. 2,373–8–0 or 52·17 per cent. on account of current demand were collected within the year against Rs. 4,864 or 81·69 per cent. during the previous year, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,175–8–0 for subsequent adjustment; of this, Rs. 552 have since been collected. Rs. 409 were held under deposits on 31st March 1898 pending orders of Government on my reference No. 148, dated 21st February 1898, which were received on 16th April 1898; the appeals bearing on the same having been rejected by the Council on 9th June 1898, the deposits are now being adjusted. The arrear demand was Rs. 1,190–5–6 as audited by the Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, of which Rs. 612 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 578–5–6. This amount is almost irrecoverable and will be written off the accounts. The total collections of arrears and current amounted to Rs. 2,985–8–0 against Rs. 5,091–0–3 in the preceding year and Rs. 5,130 in the revised estimate. The decrease in collections is chiefly due to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway.

9. *Tax on Buildings and Lands.*—This tax was levied at 8½ per cent. on the rental value of buildings and lands as against 7½ per cent. in the previous year. The Council having contracted a debt with Government for the purpose of providing the town with water-supply, resolved to find funds for the liquidation of the same and for payment of interest thereon by enhancing the rate. The Government in its Mis. No. 2429 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of the tax under this head at the maximum rate. During the year under report some of the houses were newly brought to assessment and the tax on certain houses was revised.

10. The total number of houses under taxation on the 31st March 1897 was 4,605—*vide* last year's report. Adding to this the number of houses newly assessed during the year, there were 4,700 on the 31st March 1898.

11. *House Tax.*—The demand for the previous year was Rs. 17,169–10–0 at 7½ per cent. on the rent value. The increase effected on account of enhanced assessment at 8½ per cent. was Rs. 3,540–8–0 and Rs. 529–4–0 were the result of revision and assessment on new buildings. The net demand was therefore Rs. 20,239–6–0. The current collections within the year were Rs. 5,329–10–6 and Rs. 291 as deposits against Rs. 12,882–0–5 and Rs. 111–1–10 remitted in the previous year. Rs. 12,124–13–6 have since been collected. The decrease in the collections was due to the late issue of bills in February 1898. This was unavoidable since final orders of Government on the requisition of the Council to levy the tax at the enhanced rate had been received in November 1897, and it was not much before February that the new register could have been written up, taxes calculated and bill books filled in and distributed.

12. The arrear demand under this tax amounted to Rs. (4,186–7–9 + 26–14–3) 4,213–6–0; Rs. 4,008 were collected during the year and Rs. 34–13–0 have been written off and the balance, Rs. 170–9–0, will be adjusted shortly. The total amount of arrear and current collections was Rs. 9,337–10–6 against Rs. 15,826–15–5 in the preceding year. The decrease in collections is also attributable to the prevalence of famine. Of the current demand, 26·33 per cent., and of arrears, 95·15 per cent. had been realized within the year against 75·02 and 96·40 per cent. in the preceding year. The falling off in the percentage is due to the reasons already explained.

13. *Land Tax.*—The current net demand under this tax was Rs. 765–7–0 against Rs. 699–7–0. Of this, Rs. 95–4–6 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 670–2–6. The arrear demand amounted to Rs. 125–3–0, and of this Rs. 10[illegible]–7–0 had been collected. Of the current balance, Rs. 542–4–6 have been since collected and the remainder will be adjusted shortly.

14. *Water Tax.*—In G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, the proposal of Council embodied in my letter No. 1012, dated 3rd October 1896, to levy the water-tax at 4 per cent. throughout the town, was approved with this modification, that the rate be reduced to 1 per cent. in Waltair as it will not be directly benefited by the works; but the Council in its meeting held on 2nd June 1897 resolved that this tax be levied at the maximum rate, under the amended Act in all parts of the town irrespective of the benefit to be derived from the works, and this was represented to

Government in my letter No. 768, dated 28th June 1897. The Government in its order No. 2499 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of this tax at the maximum rate (8 per cent.) in all parts except Waltair, where it should be levied at 4 per cent.

15. The demand under this head was Rs. 14,563–3–0. Of this sum, Rupees 4,924–2–0 were collected within the year and Rs. 7,179–10–0 have subsequently been collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. The collections under this head would have been more, had the East Coast Railway paid the tax levied on its buildings. On my demanding the Manager for the payment of the same, together with house-tax (as both are demanded in one bill), the Manager declined to pay the water tax in the absence of a notification by the Governor-General in Council, and forwarded to me an extract from the Government of India, Public Works Department, letter No. 228 R.T., dated Calcutta, 5th March 1898, from the Under Secretary to the Director of Railway Traffic.

I have already requested you in my letter No. 208, dated 3rd March 1897, that the Local Government should obtain the sanction of the Governor-General in Council for the imposition of this tax. In G.O., Mis. No. 1223 M., dated 9th July 1898, I was informed that the question, whether the enhancement of the maximum rate of the water tax from 4 to 8 per cent. in the amending Act III of 1897 is a new tax within the meaning of paragraph 3 of Government of India Resolution, No. 434 R.T., dated 17th August 1894, has been referred to the Advocate-General for opinion.

16. *Tax on Vehicles, Animals and Carts.*—The maximum rate as per schedule appended to the Act IV of 1884, as amended by Act III of 1897, has been levied. The demand under this head was Rs. 3,132–8–0 as shown below :—

	RS.	A.	P.
Vehicles	1,425	0	0
Animals	1,253	8	0
Carts	454	0	0
Total ..	3,132	8	0

against Rs. 3,147–8–0 in the previous year. The decrease in demand under animals as compared with that of the previous year is attributable to the withdrawal from the municipal limits of the animals belonging to the Siripuram estate and to the decrease in the live-stock of Maharaja G. N. Gajapatirow, C.I.E., and Rani Ankitam Atchiahama Garu. The current collections amounted to Rs. 1,917–8–0 against Rs. 2,723–8–0 in the previous year leaving a balance of Rs. 1,215; of this, Rupees 335–8–0 have since been collected.

17. *Coercive Process.*—Appendix A to Statements IV-A & IV-B shows the extent to which coercive measures have been taken in the current year for the collection of the tax. The number of warrants issued under all kinds was 122 against 791 in the preceding year. The total number of warrants executed or cancelled was 267. No prosecutions have been instituted during the year.

18. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls, which were levied at full schedule rates, was rented out to farmers at a public auction and realized Rs. 12,852 and a penal interest of Rs. 83–7–5, showing a decrease of Rs. 194–7–2 against the preceding year, which is attributable to lack of competition at the time of auction. The whole of this amount was duly collected within the year. Rs. 1,096–6–5, being the proceeds of the Pontoon bridge tolls with the penal interest levied thereon, were paid to the District Board.

19. *Incidence of Taxation.*—Statement VII gives full particulars of tolls. Statements IX and IX-A exhibit the incidence of taxation in the year under report under the taxes on buildings and arts. The total average incidence was As. 14–7 with tolls and As. 9–1 excluding them, against Re. 1–0–11 and As. 11–5, respectively, in the previous year.

B.—Miscellaneous Receipts.

20. *Realization under Special Acts.*—Rs. 210 were collected under Act II of 1888. The Inspector of Local Fund Accounts transferred the sale-proceeds of the right of collecting tolls on Dolphin's ferry to this head; but ever since the ferry was

opened it had been credited to tolls and a portion of the collections was also paid to the District Board on account of its share. In the absence of definite orders from Government on the subject, the item is shown as usual under Tolls.

21. *Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—Rent of Lands.*—This is the sum collected on account of rent of sites in the regimental lines and in the town for temporary occupation. The increase is small and calls for no remark.

22. *Avenue Receipts.*—The cocoanut trees on the side of the Beach road were rented out for Rs. 44 at a public auction against Rs. 45 in the previous year. The increase over the revised estimate is due to sales of trees at the Thepparavupalem and Mudasarlova and of withered trees on the sides of roads.

23. *Sale-proceeds of Lands.*—As noted in paragraph 8 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget for 1898–99, printed in G.O., No. 618, M., dated 21st March 1898, page 7, the land acquired from the fishermen was not sold, and for want of funds, some of the tiled houses in the Northern block of the fishermen's village have not been acquired. It is reported that a sum of Rs. 15,000 will be required for the acquisition of these houses. The Northern block cannot be levelled, allotted into blocks and sold for house-sites on that account.

24. *Sale-proceeds of old materials.*—This represents the sale-proceeds of the building materials of the huts and houses acquired in the fishermen's village. The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is chiefly due to the old material of some of the houses not being sold within the year. The entry in the revised estimate represents the probable value of the old materials of all the huts and tiled houses in the fishermen's village. As had already been stated there are still many tiled houses that await acquisition.

25. *Sale-proceeds of night-soil, &c.*—The income under this head is altogether insignificant. The value of manure is not known to the cultivators of these parts; besides the outskirts of the municipality have hardly any land under cultivation; hence the absence of demand for manure.

26. *Income from Slaughter-houses and Cart-stand Fees.*—These items are of a fluctuating nature. The competition at the time of sales was dull, the renter of the previous year having sustained a loss in the transaction; hence the decrease.

26-A. *Fines under Municipal and other Laws.*—Rs. 588–2–2 were realized under this head. Of this Rs. 571–11–2 represent the adjustment communicated by Accountant-General.

27. *Grant from Government.*—During the year under report, the balance of contribution, viz., Rs. 50,000 as taken credit for in the revised estimate was not paid. The Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, wired to the effect that the grant should be drawn before the 31st of March. An application was made to the Treasury Deputy Collector to place the same to the credit of the Council which was refused in the absence of specific instructions from the Accountant-General.

28. *Local Funds.*—This is the usual contribution from the District Board and the Taluk Board, Vizagapatam, for the maintenance of the roads (600) and water-shed (100) within the municipal limits. The water-shed is located in the Collector's office.

29. *Other Grants*—(ii) *Education.*—The services of the drawing master employed under the Council were lent to the Local Hindu College on the condition that the drawing master credits to the Council 25 per cent. of his income from the College. Rs. 12–8–0 represent the collections under this head for five months.

30. *Poor House Subscription.*—The demand under this head has been very much reduced. The collections from the local subscriptions have fallen considerably and cannot be recovered by legal processes.

31. *Contribution from private individuals for works.*—There were no contributions from private persons for the execution of any public work during the year.

32. *Recoveries from private individuals for service rendered on account of private scavenging.*—There were 1,197 private latrines under the municipal agency at the beginning of the year under report; 43 were added to, and 56 withdrawn from, the list.

The number at the close of the year was 1,184. The demand for the current year was Rs. 2,437–9–9 against Rs. 2,275–5–11 in the previous year and Rs. 1,592–2–7 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 845–7–2. Rs. 369–7–9 were subsequently collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. As regards the arrears demand of Rs. 287–9–0, Rs. 210–4–4 were collected, leaving Rs. 77–4–8 as balance to be collected.

33. *Fishery-rent.*—The decrease under the head was due to the causes mentioned above with regard to the income from slaughter-houses and cart-stands.

34. *Refund of Expenditure.*—A sum of Rs. 11–12–0 was recovered from Messrs. Burn & Co. for excess freight paid on account of materials for a double iron latrine supplied by them; the original payment was made in 1896–97.

35. *Loans from Government.*—Rs. 60,500, being the balance of the loan sanctioned in G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, were paid during the year under report in two instalments of Rs. 48,000 and Rs. 12,500 in the months of September 1897 and March 1898, respectively.

36. *Loans from private individuals.*—No loan was raised in the local market from private individuals during the year, although the one raised from the District Board, Vizagapatam, for the removal of Fishermenpeta was found inadequate to meet the demands for compensation towards the acquisition of all the tiled houses which in the interests of the Council have to be acquired to realize a fair value for the site that had already been acquired.

III.—Expenditure.

37. *Grant 1, Public Works—New Works.*—The total expenditure under Grant 1 amounted to Rs. 1,73,291–2–2 or 70·73 per cent. of the total expenditure of the year, against Rs. 16,282–1–7 or 28·15 per cent. in the preceding year and Rs. 1,74,630 in the revised estimate. Details of all the works executed during the year are given in Statement II-A under Grant 1. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the commencement of the water-works scheme for which a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 were placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer. Rs. 8,909–9–8 were also paid to the Revenue Divisional Officer for payment as compensation for the land and huts taken up for the project; the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the saving caused under new works (Miscellaneous) and repairs (Buildings, Roads and Water-supply).

38. (*a*) *Communications.*—As detailed in Statement II-A, Rs. 2,419–7–1 were spent on new works. The necessity and importance of constructing an approach road from Allipur to Dondaparty were recognized, and a road was made at a cost of Rupees 1,240–3–9; roads were also laid in the site acquired for the accommodation of fishermen at Thepparavupalem at a cost of Rs. 1,078–11–5. A small road leading to Neralla Koneru from the Allipur main road was laid at a cost of Rs. 92–5–11.

39. (*b*) *Buildings.*—Materials for a double iron latrine were purchased from Messrs. Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 729–12–9; temporary tatty latrines were built for the use of the public at a cost of Rs. 185–4–0. Slight improvements were made in the sheep slaughter-house with a small expenditure of Rs. 45–15–2. Three kutcha incinerators were constructed at the night-soil depots at a cost of Rs. 19–15–3.

40. (*c*) *Drainage.*—At the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner, some of the drains were improved by converting the V shape into egg shape with surki and cement and pointing the sides at a cost of Rs. 254–15–3; a drain from Dyke's tank was constructed at a cost of Rs. 26–12–2. The site acquired for a sewage farm is filled with old foundations which is being dug up and levelled with silt and sand removed from drains where it accumulates during rains; a sum of Rs. 203–2–0 was spent for this purpose.

41. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—As pointed out in paragraph 37 *supra*, a sum of Rupees 1,59,262–7–5 was spent up to 31st March 1898; out of this, the Public Works Department have expended only Rs. 25,364, and Rs. 8,909–9–8 were paid to Revenue Divisional Officer as compensation for lands and huts at the work site. The Pallapu well was rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 229–8–8, and a well for the use of travellers halting

in the cart-stand was constructed at a cost of Rs. 84–12–7; six temporary wells were sunk at a cost of Rs. 38–8–6 for the use of the public when scarcity for water was felt.

42. (*e*) *Miscellaneous.*—The site acquired for accommodating the fishermen was filled with prickly-pear and rank vegetation, which had to be cleared; Rs. 48 were spent on this account and a sum of Rs. 25–5–3 was spent in allotting sites; most of the fishermen have taken up house-sites and all the houses and huts have been completed. Their wants are being attended to. As stated in paragraph 21 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget, a sum of Rs. 350 was provided for levelling the sites acquired by the removal of Fishermenpeta. The removal of the fishermen to the new site was found impracticable till the last week of March 1898, though sites had been allotted and public notice given to them by beat of tom-tom in the month of January, that sites will be given from 1st February; considerable difficulty was experienced in allotting sites. The extent of land allowed in the first instance was the same that has been acquired from each individual, lists having been furnished to me by the Huzur Deputy Collector giving the names of persons and the area of land required by each in exchange. On the representation of the fishermen coupled with the advice of the Huzur Deputy Collector, the Council in the middle of March agreed to a minimum scale to be allotted to each individual irrespective of the extent of land acquired from him and that in cases where the extent of land acquired fell short of the minimum, that the minimum should be given and that in cases where the land acquired exceeded the minimum in its extent, the actual quantity acquired. Owing to these changed circumstances, the original allocation of sites was found useless and sites had to be newly allotted. It will be some time before the actual levelling operations are undertaken. As has been stated in paragraph 36 *supra*, the Council will be put to a heavy loss should these sites be now levelled and sold without acquiring the adjoining tiled houses, which have already been notified for acquisition. The Council will very shortly consider the best means for financing the scheme.

43. *Repairs*—(*a*) *Communications.*—The total mileage of roads in the municipal limits at the beginning of the year was 43 miles, furlong and 158 yards; the road newly made known as the Vizianagram Maharaja's "Beach road" was abandoned, since the maintenance grant promised by late Maharaja for the first three years was not forthcoming from his successor after his demise. Thus the length of the roads within the limits amounted to 41 miles, 7 furlongs and 158 yards. The length of roads maintained and repaired during the year was nearly 26 miles. The removal of sand on the Beach road takes a prominent place in the lists of roads repaired. Two thousand one hundred and fifty-seven linear feet of under-drains were opened up for silt clearance at a cost of Rs. 81–5–6. The total outlay incurred on roads was Rs. 8,037–6–4 or 67·80 per cent. of the net receipts from tolls. The roads in the town were kept in fair order. It is proposed to re-coat the whole width of the main road with gravel, and materials have been collected and the works are under progress.

44. (*b*) *Buildings.*—As most of the buildings had been repaired during the previous year, there was a saving in the allotment for the year under report. The cholera shed attached to the civil dispensary was repaired at a cost of Rs. 81 and the sheep slaughter-house at a cost of Rs. 73–3–6; some latrines were also repaired. The details of expenditure under the head are given in statement II-A, Repairs.

45. (*c*) *Drainage.*—The principal works that were executed under the head were—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Bailing out sewage water from the swamp	137	12	0
(2) Flushing drains with sea water	366	5	4
(3) Repairs to V drains by converting them into U shape with surki cement	401	13	3
(4) Removing silt and sand from drains	173	5	6
Total ..	1,079	4	1

Seven thousand nine hundred and forty-nine linear feet of the drains in the town were converted into U shape with surki and cement.

46. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—Thirty-eight wells have been cleared of silt; steps were taken to guard against the scarcity of water. The total expenditure under the head was Rs. 121-14-7 against Rs. 379-11-8 and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. As most of the wells have been repaired during 1896-97, silt clearance was rendered necessary to keep the water fresh. The details of the expenditure are given in statement II-A.

A watcher was also employed to guard the Katakamvari tank from being polluted.

47. *Establishment.*—The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the reduction in the pay of the overseer from Rs. 40 to 30, while on probation for three months during the year.

48. *Contribution to others for Public Works.*—Rs. 500 were paid to the Turner choultry committee as the first instalment of the Council's contribution towards the construction of the building.

49. *Grant 2, Education—Training Schools,—Stipends to Normal Students.*—The Educational Department did not recommend any teacher in the municipality to be trained; but the expenditure under the head represents the stipends allowed to the Superintendent of municipal schools for his training at the Teachers' College at Rajahmundry and to the gymnastic instructor sent to Madras for training The expenditure under the head was only Rs. 19 against Rs. 302-14-8 in the previous year and Rs. 120 in the revised estimate.

50. *Municipal Schools—Salary-result System.*—As detailed in Statement V-A, there were four schools on this system. The total expenditure of these schools amounted under all heads to Rs. 1,315-15-1 against Rs. 1,319-13-2 in the preceding year and Rs. 1,350 in the revised estimate. The decrease as compared with the actuals of the previous year is small and calls for no remark.

51. *Salary Grant.*—There were two institutions that have drawn grant as usual from municipal funds, viz., the Hindu College and the London Mission High school. The teachers of both the schools are qualified to draw grants; but the latter institution has a primary department, while the former has none and as such has drawn larger grants.

The expenditure under this head was Rs. 768-9-4 against Rs. 808-0-8 in the previous year and Rs. 900 in the revised estimate. The reports on the working of these institutions are enclosed.

52. *Result Grants.*—There were twenty schools at the beginning of the year, thirteen upper primary and seven lower primary; of these, one lower primary school was not aided since it had been closed in the first half of the year. In addition to this, three other schools were closed, two in the lower primary and one in the upper primary; three schools, two in the upper primary and one in the lower primary, were newly opened. The total number of schools at the close of the year was therefore nineteen. The aid given in the shape of result grants during the year amounted to Rs. 1,706-12-0 against Rs. 1,668-9-0, the actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 1,700 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the payment of result grants actually earned, though it was in excess of the assignment during the year under report. This excess was not paid in 1896-97.

53. *Inspection—Municipal Inspectors.*—The permanent Superintendent of municipal schools returned to duty from training in the month of May 1897. The total expenditure under the head amounted to Rs. 242 against Rs. 252-4-5 in the previous year and Rs. 260 in the revised estimate. The decrease is due to the small pay allowed to the *locum tenens* of the permanent incumbent during the early part of the year.

54. *Miscellaneous—Buildings and Furniture Grant.*—The manager of the London Mission High school improved the school building to a considerable extent and applied for a third grant of Rs. 525-5-4. This was recommended by the Inspector of Schools and sanctioned by the Council; but only Rs. 300 were paid during the year. A small sum of Rs. 6-6-9 was also paid to the manager on account of grant for non-Indian appliances purchased for the use of Middle school department. A furniture

grant of Rs. 40 and a rent grant of Rs. 16 were given to the manager of the Temple school during the year. The total amount spent under the head during the year was Rs. 362-6-9 against Rs. 32-4-1 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the fact that payments under this head in that year were withheld to secure funds for the purchase of a school building for the Fort Muhammadan school.

55. *Common Gymnasium.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 130 against Rs. 68-6-9 in the preceding year and Rs. 170 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the fact that the post of the gymnastic instructor was not filled up while he was under training. He rejoined his duties in the early part of April 1897.

56. *Other Items.*—A class to teach freehand drawing to the masters of result schools has continued to work since 1895-96.

A sum of Rs. 237-11-0 was paid as salary to the drawing master and Rs. 25 as travelling allowance to join the appointment. The drawing master visits each and every school on the result grants system to examine the pupils therein in drawing, and in this connection, he is allowed a carriage allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem. The amount paid on this account was Rs. 14; thus the total amount paid was Rs. 277-9-0 against Rs. 251-8-0, actuals of the previous year; the increase is attributable to the increased pay of the drawing master and to the travelling allowance paid to him.

57. The total expenditure under Grant 2 was Rs. 4,807-8-8 against Rupees 4,703-12-9, actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 5,180, the revised estimate of 1897-98. The increase over the actuals is chiefly due to the payment of building grant, while the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the savings effected under training schools and salary grants.

58. *Grant 3, Medical Services, Sanitation—Hospital and Dispensaries.*—The usual contribution of Rs. 2,400 towards the upkeep of the local civil hospital was paid during the year; Rs. 225, Rs. 140 and Rs. 49 were also paid on account of contribution to Medical College, Sanitary Inspection and Reserve Medical staff, respectively. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 2,814 against Rupees 2,770 in the preceding year and Rs. 2,740 in the revised estimate. The civil hospital is not under the management of the Municipal Council; but a local committee of seven members, among whom are the Collector, the District Medical and Sanitary Officer and the Chairman, manages its affairs.

The total number of patients that were afforded relief was 24,672, of whom 641 are in-patients and 24,031 out-patients against 535 and 21,769 in the previous year. The institution is increasing in popularity.

59. *Vaccination.*—Compulsory vaccination has been in force since 1st August 1890. The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year was 1,609 against 1,331 in the previous year; of these, 1,023 were primary vaccinations and include 853 children under one year of age; the rest were revaccinations. The large number of revaccinations is due to the orders of Government enjoining all newly entertained Government servants to undergo that operation and to the directions of the Council on the advice of the Sanitary Commissioner that grants should be withheld from result grants schools unless the pupils in those schools above 10 years of age undergo revaccination.

Of the total number vaccinated, 1,421 were successful with a percentage of 88·31 against 1,179 or 84·82 per cent. in the previous year. The percentage of successful primary vaccinations was 96 and of revaccinations 73. Vaccine lymph preserved in glycerine from the local calf vaccine depot was used for the first eight months and lanoline paste from the Mysore Government Vaccine Institute for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter (18·61) than with the former (8·61). This is attributable to the use of ordinary lancets instead of scarificators specially made for the purpose. The resulting scars with lanoline paste are however larger and better forecasted. The practice hitherto adopted was for the

vaccinator to perform vaccination at the houses of the children. This was done away with during the year and three depots were established, one in the town and two in the suburbs, where children are compelled to be brought up for vaccination. The number of prosecutions under clause II, section 138, was 122 against 28 in the previous year.

First-class vaccinator G. Mutyaliah was in charge throughout the year. Seven hundred and forty-three or 52·29 per cent. of the successful cases have been inspected by the Assistant Surgeon.

The total cost under this head was Rs. 429–8–7 against Rs. 373–1–9 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase is chiefly attributable to the rent paid to the vaccine depots mentioned above.

60. *Vital Statistics.*—The total number of births registered was 1,111 against 1,274 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 163. The total number of deaths was 1,181 against 954 in the preceding year. The rate per mille of births was 32·22 against 36·94 and that of deaths was 34·22 against 27·7. The enclosed statement shows the deaths registered under the several heads; nearly 50 per cent. of the deaths are due to "all other causes." The three deaths reported under small-pox should have been shown under measles; but as this heading was absent, it was made to appear under "small-pox." The expenditure on account of registration of vital statistics amounted to Rs. 699–9–7 against Rs. 658–1–4 in the preceding year and Rs. 730 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year was due to the purchase of stationery for the use of registrars, debiting the cost to this head.

61. *General Health.*—Public health was unsatisfactory owing to the failure of the south-west monsoon and to the consequent failure of crops and to the high prices of food grains; cholera broke out in the month of August and continued till the end of November. There were 282 attacks with 136 deaths. Every precaution was taken against the spread of the disease by hankinizing wells.

A temporary establishment consisting of two sanitary inspectors, four peons and four diggers was employed for the immediate disinfection of the houses and bedding and clothing, where cholera occurred. Watchers were put over hankinized wells to prevent pollution, special buckets and ropes being provided for the purpose.

Measles and chicken-pox of a severe type prevailed during the latter part of the year.

Though there has been no cases of plague, yet measures were taken to prevent its introduction into the town. A shed was constructed in the beach for the segregation and isolation of patients. The sanitary inspectors were made to attend the trains arriving from Bombay and to note the names of passengers arriving from there and to keep them under observation for the required period. On the advice of the Collector and the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, a shed was constructed at the Waltair railway station for the inspection and examination of passengers arriving here from plague-infected areas. A third-class hospital assistant was put in charge of this work as well as the subsequent observation of the passengers, relieving the sanitary staff of this duty. The charges incurred for combating cholera amounted to Rs. 1,068–11–5 as detailed below against Rs. 1,710–6–6 in the previous year:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Establishment	324	0	0
(2) Cost of disinfectants	271	1	6
(3) Cost of disinfecting apparatus	306	14	3
(4) Distribution of medicines	147	2	6
(5) Contingencies	19	9	2
Total ..	1,068	11	5

The charges on account of plague observation amounted to Rs. 359–1–11 as detailed below:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment—			
Medical	140	0	0
Watchers	75	5	0
Buildings	137	7	11
Contingencies	6	5	0
Total ..	359	1	11

The shed in the beach had to be built a second time as the first one was burnt down.

62. *Conservancy.*—The total charges under this head, including those incurred on account of cholera, amounted to Rs. 15,837–3–2 against Rs. 15,538–8–1 in the previous year. The number of public latrines remained the same as in the previous year. This includes one double iron latrine on the standard plan: all the latrines are freely resorted to by the people. The latrines are daily visited by the sanitary inspectors and maistries. The average population per latrine was 437.

Four night-soil depots were in use, whither the night-soil is carted in air-tight receptacles and deposited in trenches dug for the purpose which are leased out for cultivation after six months. The street-refuse is collected in dust-bins, of which there are 323 in number; of these 93 are moveable and of corrugated iron, 180 are masonry, and the rest are of sheet iron.

The refuse is carted away in double bullock basket carts to the rubbish depots, of which there are three in number, where it is burnt in Kutcha incinerators. The rubbish of Waltair is purchased by the Lunatic Asylum, and hence the depot there was closed.

The existing arrangements for the carriage of rubbish cannot be bettered without considerable outlay on the part of the Council in the purchase of live-stock and carts specially made for the purpose. The depots are a long way off from the centre of the town and the carts have to traverse a considerable distance. It is to be hoped that the construction of patent incinerator in the heart of the town will minimize the inconveniences and the disadvantages of the existing system. The number of carts was 21 as in the previous year.

The drains are now systematically flushed; as there are no carts specially made for the carriage of silt, country carts with baskets are used; the silt is allowed to remain alongside the drains and is removed within 24 hours. All the silt is carted to the site selected for a sewage farm, where it is used for levelling the same.

63. *Private Scavenging.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 2,079–14–6 against Rs. 2,090–10–0 in the previous year and Rs. 2,120 in the revised estimate. The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 1,802–6–11. Two night-soil carts were purchased from Messrs Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 300, and these were fitted up with 12 iron receptacles locally made at a cost of Rs. 186–9–0. There is a decrease in the number of latrines at the close of the year, although 56 were newly brought under this agency. There are many latrines that have still to be brought under this service, and arrangements have been made in the current year to enforce the same. The provisions of sections 219 and 221 will be enforced in the case of those who fail to comply with the demand.

64. *Grant 4, Lighting.*—The number of lights at the beginning of the year was 283; 20 were added during the year, making a total of 303 at the close of the year. The charges under the head amounted to Rs. 2,651–14–3 against Rs. 2,674–10–0 (audited figure) in the previous year and Rs. 2,620 in the revised estimate. The increase over the revised estimate is chiefly due to the payment of the cost of oil supplied in the month of March 1897 during the year under report.

65. *Choultries—Poor-houses.*—The charges on account of the poor-house establishment amounted to Rs. 384 and the contingent charges including the feeding of the poor Rs. 1,937–4–10 against Rs. 384 and Rs. 1,118–15–3, respectively, in the preceding year. The increase in the cost of feeding is chiefly due to the high prices of

food-grains owing to famine. The aggregate number of paupers fed during the year was 19,431 against 13,986 in the preceding year, and the average cost of dieting and clothing per head per diem was As. 1-7 against As. 1-3 in 1896-97.

66. *Compensation for Land.*—A sum of Rs. 25,800-4-11 was placed at the disposal of the Huzur Deputy Collector for payment as compensation for the huts and tiled houses acquired in the fishermenpeta. The following temporary establishment was sanctioned to assist him in the acquisition of the land :—

	Rs.
1 surveyor	20
1 lascar	6
1 clerk	15
1 peon	5
Total ..	46

The services of the surveyor and lascar were also utilized in allotting house-sites for the fishermen.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Cost of establishment	180	12	0
Cost of stationery	8	10	3

The site was not completely acquired. The Council has incurred a heavy expenditure under this head ; as has already been stated, the site at present acquired will be valueless unless the rest of the tiled houses, of which there are 48 in number, are acquired before the existing sites are levelled so as to fetch a fair and reasonable value.

67. *Other Items—Famine allowance.*—As reported in my letter, No. 501, dated 19th April 1898, and in the application that accompanied the revised estimate for 1897-98, a sum of Rs. 1,458-7-6 was paid as famine allowance to all the servants of the municipality ; but the Government, in its Order No. 1433 M., dated 15th August 1898, directed the recovery of the sum paid after 14th August ; hence the item is shown under " Advances recoverable."

68. *Grant 5, Inspection.*—Details of expenditure are given in Statement II (*b*). The increase over the revised estimate is small and calls for no remark, and the decrease as compared with the actuals of 1896-97 is due to the Chairman having drawn his carriage allowance for six months from date of appointment.

69. *Collection Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate and actuals of the previous year is due to the adjustment given by the Accountant-General on account of the cost of printed account forms supplied in the year under report.

70. *Office Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate is due to the charges incurred in advertising for applicants for the post of the Secretary.

71. *Repayment of Debt.*—The loan granted by Government was completed during the year, and as such no instalment towards repayment of debt fell due during the year. The first instalment of the debt due to the District Board, Vizagapatam, was also not paid during the year.

72. *Interest.*—Rs. 8,842-9-1 were paid on account of interest. Of this, Rs. 1,000 represent the interest paid to the District Board on account of the loan of Rs. 20,000 borrowed at 5 per cent. and Rs. 7,842-9-1 were paid into the Government Treasury on account of the interest due on the amount borrowed from Government for the water-works scheme.

The other items call for no remark.

73. *Closing Balance.*—The year closed with a deficit of Rs. 22,683-4-11 appertaining to Municipal funds. The balance of the water-tax fund was Rupees 1,88,689-15-3. The deficit was mainly due to the short collection of taxes, the amounts anticipated in the revised estimate not having been realized within the close of the year.

74. The long delay in the submission of this report was unavoidable. The introduction of a new tax and the enhancement of the already existing taxes at the fag-end of the year have increased the clerical work considerably inasmuch as the balances at the close of the year were about the same as the assessments themselves.

From Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. LEAPINGWELL, District Medical and Sanitary officer, Vizagapatam, to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, dated 19th May 1898, No. 860-S.

I have the honour to forward the annual report on the Civil Hospital, Vizagapatam, for the year 1897-98.

(1) *Public Health.*—The public health was unsatisfactory owing to the high price of food-grains and scarcity of drinking water.

(2) *Vital Statistics.*—The birth-rate fell from 36·94 in the previous year to 32·22, and the death-rate rose from 27·65 to 34·22. Cholera was in the town for four months, commencing in August. The attacks and deaths reported were 282 and 136 respectively.

Omitting deaths from cholera, the death-rate was nearly 4 per mille higher than in the previous year, owing to the increase in the number of deaths recorded as from " all other causes."

Three deaths from small-pox appear in the municipal return, but the Assistant Surgeon, who enquired into these cases, reported them as undoubtedly due to measles, he having visited the houses when the deaths occurred for the purpose of enquiry and found others suffering from measles.

Measles of a severe type and chicken-pox were very prevalent.

(3) *Sanitation.*—I learn from the Assistant Surgeon, who is also the Chairman, that considerable improvement has been made in the drainage of the town. Five thousand eight hundred and forty feet of V-shaped drains have been converted into U-shaped, and 1,400 yards of under-drains have been opened up and cleared of silt.

The drains are said to be " systematically flushed."

The silt removed from drains may still be seen deposited on the sides of the roads prior to removal. This is a very filthy custom and should be discontinued.

The carts employed in removing rubbish are very small and ill-adapted for the purpose, the bullocks are wretched-half-starved animals and the drivers usually small boys too young to be entrusted with the work.

One properly-equipped cart will do the work of any three now employed for the purpose.

The filthy fishing village which has for so long been a nuisance to the town is being demolished.

The new water-works are under construction. The work has been hindered by outbreaks of cholera among the coolies employed.

(4) *Vaccination.*—One thousand six hundred and nine cases were vaccinated against 1,331 last year. Of these 1,023 were primary vaccinations and include 853 under one year of age. The percentage of successful primary vaccinations was 96 and of re-vaccinations 73.

Lymph in glycerine obtained from the local calf depot was used for the first eight months and lanoline lymph from Mysore for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter, 18·61 than with the former 8·66 ; but this would appear to have been due to the use of ordinary lancets instead of those made for the purpose.

The resulting cicatrices, on the other hand, are reported to be much more satisfactory with the lanoline lymph than with the glycerine.

The vaccinator is closely supervised by the Assistant Surgeon who is also in charge of the calf depot.

(5) *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The civil hospital provides beds for 48 patients, — 40 in the general ward and eight in the contagious shed.

The police occupy one ward (six beds) for which a rent of Rs. 20 per mensem is paid.

One of the wards, containing six beds, has been set apart for any females who may apply at the hospital for admission.

Two small detached rooms with verandahs and a detached kitchen have been built during the year at a cost of Rs. 800.

His Excellency the Governor at the time of his visit, acceded to the request of the committee that they should be named after him the " Havelock Wards ".

The old room used for operations has been enlarged and re-roofed with a sky light and the floor cemented at a cost of Rs. 800. It is now admirably adapted for the purpose, and the committee have furnished it with a glass, a septic operation table and necessary fittings.

(*b*) The buildings are in good repair.

(*c*) Furniture and fittings sufficient and in good order.

(*d*) Copies of the remarks of His Excellency the Governor and the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras are attached.

(*e*) Rupees 25 were recovered for diets and Rs. 1,525 for medicines from those able to pay for them. Fifty-two patients provided their own diet.

(*f*) Six hundred and forty-one in-patients with an average daily sick of 26·56 and 24,031 out-patients with an average daily attendance of 193·87 were treated, showing an increase of 106 among in and 2,262 among out patients in admissions and 5·71 and 28·79 in average daily attendance, respectively.

(*g*) There were in all 50 deaths; of these 19 were from cholera.

There was no case of septic disease.

(*h*) One thousand and fifteen surgical operations were performed with four deaths against 977 and 6 deaths last year.

(*i*) The establishment is sufficient.

(*j*) The midwife attached to this hospital works under the supervision of the female practitioner.

She was suspended for misbehaviour in January and her place taken by another midwife. The number of cases attended was 156 against 241 last year. This does not include the cases attended by the other midwife attached to the female hospital.

(*k*) The Victoria Hospital for Women is maintained by the District Board, and the salary of the medical practitioner is being paid by Sree Rajah Gajapathi Rao, C.I.E.

The report of that hospital is included in the District Board's report.

(*l*) *General Remarks.*—The hospital is doing good work. The number of caste patients who apply for admission has considerably increased.

First-class Hospital Assistant M. Appalanarsayya Nayudu, No. 220, has been in charge throughout the year, making the sixth year since his appointment.

He is well known and trusted and, as in former years, I have had every reason to be pleased with his work.

Submitted to the Collector.

2. Roads were not in good order, but the Council has now taken steps for their repair. Repairs of important roads are commenced. The Revenue Divisional Officer delegated his powers to the present Chairman on the 4th July 1897, the day on which he was elected Chairman by the Council as he was then busily engaged on famine duty.

16*th September* 1898. (Signed) R. GOVINDA RAO, NAYUDU,
Deputy Collector.

Submitted to Government.

2. The delay in the preparation of this report is regrettable and not sufficiently explained.

3. Collections were bad under all sources of income, and noticeably so in the case of the tax on arts. The statement that the heavy balance under that head was due to the failure of the officers and clerks of the East Coast Railway to pay the tax is not clear, and the circumstances under which they failed should have been stated.

4. In paragraph 11 of the report a figure is entered in pencil. As the Government has telegraphed calling for the urgent submission of the report, I have not been able to return it to ascertain whether the figure is correct.

5. The removal of the fishermen's village, alluded to in paragraph 42, has been a good deal mismanaged. There was a great deal of avoidable delay in allotting sites in the new village, and those allotted were absurdly small. The reallotment had to be done by my Deputy Collector and Deputy Tahsildar, as the subordinates of the Council appeared unable to get through the business. The land acquired by the Council from which the fishermen's huts have been removed, is useless at present for disposal as house-sites, owing to its being occupied at intervals by tiled houses which the Council had not the funds to acquire. It is to be hoped that the Council will be able to see its way to complete the scheme. The new village to which the fishermen have been removed is very unhealthy owing to the Council's failure to construct proper drains in spite of my repeated instructions given on the spot to the Chairman and his staff. There has been much sickness in the new village. I am attending to this and hope to get the Council to do what is necessary.

6. The proceedings of the Council have been much marred by the markedly controversial turn which their proceedings have lately taken. Much time, which might profitably have been given to business, has been occupied in acrimonious discussion and the passing of votes of censure, and business has been retarded by the withdrawal from the Chairman of the power to sanction estimates below Rs. 200, so that no trifling work can now be undertaken without a meeting.

VIZAGAPATAM,
17*th September* 1898. (Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Collector.

ORDER—No. 1714 M., dated 11th October 1898.

The receipts and charges of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897–98 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1896–97 :—

—	Actuals, 1896–97.	Budget estimate, 1897–98.	Revised estimate, 1897–98.	Actuals, 1897–98.
Receipts.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Balance brought forward	12,635	2,13,760	3,11,570	3,11,536
Tax on Arts	5,091	6,010	5,170	2,986
,, Buildings and Lands	16,490	17,110	24,130	9,540
Water-tax on Buildings and Lands	..	6,000	15,060	4,919
Tax on Vehicles and Animals	2,661	2,840	3,380	1,680
,, Carts	323	410	780	394
Tolls	11,509	11,940	11,760	11,203
Realizations under Special Acts	504	100	100	946
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c. ..	236	30,260	2,230	632
Conservancy Receipts	16	30	50	37
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	39	40	40	44
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	1,823	1,830	1,830	1,823
License Fees	147	300	300	243
Other Fees	1,194	1,270	1,090	1,047
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	53	660	660	588
Grants and Contributions from Government	1,40,148	70,360	50,300	..
,, ,, ,, Local Boards	700	700	700	700
,, ,, ,, other bodies	3,337	460	370	47
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	2,045	2,410	2,560	1,805
Miscellaneous	414	470	360	342
Loans	1,70,000	50,500	60,500	60,500
Advances Recovered	6	..	..	22
Total ..	3,69,381	4,17,400	4,92,940	4,11,034

—	Actuals, 1896-97.	Budget estimate, 1897-98.	Revised estimate, 1897-98.	Actuals, 1897-98.
GRANT 1— *Charges.*				
New Works—	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Communications	3,357	2,000	2,400	2,419
Buildings	2,632	2,000	1,050	981
Drainage	239	5,000	490	485
Water-supply	111	3,11,000	1,59,100	1,59,262
Miscellaneous public improvements	30	50	400	76
Repairs—				
Communications	5,812	5,900	5,900	5,618
Buildings	717	700	700	321
Drainage	1,987	2,260	2,550	2,672
Water-supply	416	440	440	158
Establishment	863	850	850	831
Tools and Plant and other Stores	118	50	50	28
Contributions for Public Works	..	500	500	500
Total ..	16,282	3,30,750	1,74,630	1,73,291
GRANT 2—				
Training Schools	303	120	20	19
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result system	1,320	1,350	1,350	1,301
Grants-in-Aid—				
Salary Grants	808	900	900	769
Result Grants	1,669	1,700	1,700	1,707
Building, Furniture, &c., Grants	32	300	400	362
Inspection	252	250	260	242
Miscellaneous	320	760	550	408
Total ..	4,704	5,380	5,180	4,808
GRANT 3—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
Contributions	370	440	440	414
Vaccination	373	320	400	429
Registration of Births and Deaths	658	730	730	700
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	15,619	15,840	16,030	15,837
Total ..	19,420	19,730	20,000	19,780
GRANT 4—				
Lighting	2,675	2,620	2,620	2,652
Markets and Slaughter-houses	132	140	140	132
Choultries	1,503	1,590	2,290	2,321
Avenues	162	190	190	156
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other Charges	8,131	26,910	28,670	26,595
Total ..	12,603	31,450	33,910	31,856
GRANT 5—				
Supervision and Management	4,699	4,550	4,450	4,913
Repayment of Debt	..	10,000	6,170	..
Interest on Loan	..	1,000	7,380	8,843
Advances Recoverable	134	..	..	1,529
Refunds	3	..	20	12
Grand Total ..	57,845	4,02,860	2,51,740	2,45,032
Balance ..	3,11,536	14,540	2,41,200	1,66,002

2. The Municipal Council held 42 meetings against 28 in 1896–97 and ten others were adjourned for want of a quorum against two in that year. The average attendance of members, though not so good as in the previous year, was fair. Thirteen seats were filled by election during the year and twelve of these were contested, 50·4 per cent. of the registered voters attending the poll.

3. *Receipts.*—(1) Owing to the adoption of the revised schedule A annexed to the Madras District Municipalities Act, the demand under the tax on arts as originally assessed by the Chairman fell from Rs. 6,098 to Rs. 5,007, and as much as Rs. 458 or 9·2 per cent. of this sum was remitted by the Municipal Council on appeal. This large remission was apparently due to undue leniency on the part of the Council in disposing of appeals. The net current demand under this head thus showed a decrease of Rs. 1,405. Owing to the enhancement of the rate of the taxes on buildings and lands, from $7\frac{1}{2}$ to $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the annual value, the net current demand under these heads rose from Rs. 17,169 and Rs. 699, respectively, to Rs. 20,239 and Rs. 765. The water-tax on buildings and lands was, for the first time, levied during the year at the rate of 4 per cent. in Waltair and at 8 per cent. in the other parts of the town, and the net current demand amounted to Rs. 14,563.

(2) The arrear realizations under the principal taxes, though not so good as in the previous year, were on the whole fair; but the current collections under these heads declined considerably and were extremely poor. In the case of the house, land and water taxes, the short collections were due to the late date at which the sanction of Government was obtained to the enhancement in the rates, while the decrease under the arts tax is stated to be due chiefly to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway. As observed by the Collector in paragraph 3 of his endorsement, this explanation is neither clear nor adequate. The balances outstanding at the close of the year were large, amounting to as much as Rs. 28,161. A sum of Rs. 20,399 has, however, been since collected and it is hoped that no pains will be spared to adjust the remainder without delay.

(3) There was an increase in the receipts under sale-proceeds of old materials and fines, but under the taxes on vehicles and animals, contributions from Government and from other bodies and loans there was a decline, which in the case of the tax on animals is explained in paragraph 16 of the Chairman's report.

(4) The number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was 1,184 or thirteen less than in the previous year. The receipts from this source amounted to Rs. 1,802 against Rs. 2,046 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs. 764 against Rs. 45 in 1896–97. If, however, the fees had been collected in advance as repeatedly ordered by Government, the service would have been nearly self-supporting. The disobedience of the orders of Government on this subject notwithstanding the remarks in paragraph 3 (4) of G.O., No. 2253 M., dated 15th October 1897, is reprehensible and requires explanation which should be submitted without delay. There is evidently considerable scope for the extension of the service, seeing that the number of houses now served by the municipal scavengers is only about one-third of the total number assessed to the tax on buildings and the Council should exert itself to the utmost to effect this in the current year.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—The most important of the new works undertaken during the year was the scheme for the water-supply of the town, which is under execution by the Public Works Department. A sum of Rs. 1,50,000 was placed at the disposal of that department and Rs. 8,910 were paid to the Revenue Divisional officer for the payment of compensation for the land and huts taken up for this project. Besides this, materials of the value of Rs. 730 were purchased for the construction of a double iron latrine. The total outlay on communications amounted to Rs. 8,037 or 71·7 per cent. of the net municipal income from tolls, but the Revenue Divisional officer reports that the town roads were not in good order. Considering the large expenditure incurred on them, this is not satisfactory. It is, however, observed that the Council has now taken steps for their repair. The attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the remarks of the Collector in paragraph 5 of his endorsement regarding the mismanagement of the scheme for the removal of the fishermen's village to a new site.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 4,751 or 15·5 per cent. of the receipts from taxation, and of this sum, Rs. 1,075 were spent on secondary, and the remainder on primary, education. As in the previous year, the Municipal Council maintained four primary schools on the salary-result system and aided two secondary schools with salary grants. The number of primary schools aided with result grants was 21 or one more than in the previous year, but two of these were closed before the end of the year. The attendance at the municipal schools taken together showed an improvement, but that at the result system schools declined. All these schools, however, appear to have done well at the departmental and grant examinations and the allotment for result grants was slightly exceeded. The working of the schools aided with salary grants is also reported to have been fair. The total number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,734 or 69·2 per cent. of the male population of school-going age against 51·3 per cent. in 1896–97.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—As in previous years, the Municipal Council had no hospital of its own, but paid the usual contribution of Rs. 2,400 towards the maintenance of the local hospital managed by a private committee. There was an increase

in the numbers of both in- and out- patients treated at this institution. The midwife employed by the Municipal Council attended 156 cases of labour against 241 in the previous year. This large decline should be explained.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year rose from 1,331 to 1,609 and the percentage of reported success from 84·8 to 88·3. Infantile vaccination, however, showed a retrogression, the total number of children under one year successfully vaccinated having been 824 or 23·9 per mille of the population against 24·6 per mille in 1896–97 and a registered birth-rate of 32·2 per mille. Increased attention should be paid to this subject in the current year.

There was an increase in the number of deaths registered during the year, but that of births showed a decline for which no explanation has been offered. The returns in the latter case were not complete, the rate recorded being much below the normal. Steps should be taken to render them more trustworthy. In this connection the attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the instructions issued in the latter portion of paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 926 M., dated 17th May 1898.

(5) *Sanitation.*—The allotment under this head was fully utilized and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 15,837 or 50·5 per cent. of the ordinary current receipts against 33·2 per cent. in the previous year. From paragraphs 39 to 41, 45, 46 and 62 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the sanitation of the town, but much remains to be done before all the defects pointed out by the Sanitary Commissioner in his last inspection notes and in paragraph 3 of the medical report are remedied.

5. *General Remarks.*—Owing mainly to the unsatisfactory state of the collections under the principal taxes, the year closed with a deficit of Rs. 25,588 under Municipal funds, which was met from the balance of the grants and loans on account of the water-supply scheme amounting to Rs. 1,91,590. The appropriation of these funds for general municipal purposes was highly improper and the council should therefore take immediate steps to recoup this amount.

The administration of the municipality during the year under review showed a retrogression in several respects and must be characterized as inefficient. The collection of taxes declined considerably, the private scavenging system retrograded, the roads were not maintained in good condition and infantile vaccination and registration of births declined. This state of affairs was partly due to the factious spirit in the council, to which reference is made in paragraph 6 of the Collector's endorsement. The Government, however, trusts that the Chairman and the Councillors will work in harmony in future and spare no pains to effect an improvement in all directions in the current year.

The explanation offered by the Chairman of the inordinate delay in the submission of this report cannot be considered adequate.

(True Extract.)

for *Secretary to Government.*

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam.
" Collector of Vizagapatam.
" President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
" Accountant-General.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Board.
" " Commissioner.
" " Engineer.
Editors' Table.

Exd. A. F. Eceleston.

Cho. 2963

Vizagapatam Report 1897-98

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. P. KRISTNASWAMY NAIDU Garu, L.M.&S., Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department (through the Collector of Vizagapatam), dated 14th September 1898, No. 1471.

I have the honour to submit my annual report on the working of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897–98, together with the prescribed statements as per separate packets.

I.—CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL.

2. The municipality continued to be administered under Madras Act IV of 1884 up to 5th May 1897, when the Act III of 1897 amending the Act IV of 1884 came into force. M.R.Ry. B. Suryanarayana Sastry Garu, B.A., B.L., held the office of Chairman till the 10th of April 1897 and vacated his seat as a Councillor and Chairman. The Revenue Divisional officer, M.R.Ry. R. Govindarow Naidu Garu, assumed charge of the office on the 11th April 1897 and continued till 7th September 1897. Meanwhile, an election to fill up the vacancy was held, and M.R.Ry. P. Kristnaswamy Naidu Garu, L.M. & S., had duly been elected on the 4th July 1897, and the appointment gazetted on the 7th September 1897; he assumed charge of the office on the latter date, and continued to hold the office ever since.

3. The sanctioned strength of the Council is twenty, consisting of five nominated and fifteen elected members. During the year under report thirteen vacancies occurred in the elected seats and were duly filled in by elections held on 24th April 1897, 2nd October 1897, 30th October 1897, and 27th November 1897. Twelve of these were contested. There were no seats vacant on the 31st of March 1898.

4. Statement X-A gives the particulars of the elections held during the year.

5. There were thus twenty councillors at the close of the year, of whom six were officials and fourteen non-officials.

6. Forty-two meetings were held during the year under report against twenty-eight in the previous year, giving an average 3·5 per mensem. Ten meetings were dissolved for want of quorum against two of the previous year. The average attendance at each meeting actually held was 10·65 against 11·5 of the previous year, of which the average attendance of officials was 3·73 against 4·43 in the previous year.

II.—RECEIPTS.

7. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,11,536–2–10 (audited figure); the receipts under all heads during the year amounted to Rs. 99,497–7–5 against Rupees 3,56,745–7–7, making in all Rs. 4,11,033–10–3 against Rs. 3,69,380–11–0 in the preceding year and Rs. 4,92,940 anticipated in the revised estimate. The decrease, as compared with the revised estimate, is chiefly noticeable under the following :—

(*a*) Contribution from Government.
(*b*) Tax on buildings.
(*c*) Water-tax.
(*d*) Sale-proceeds of old materials.

A.—Receipts from Taxation.

8. *Tax on Arts.*—The Act IV of 1884 as amended by Act III of 1897 was brought into operation in the early part of the year, and the assessment was made with reference to the estimated monthly income, with the consequence that the demand under this head shows a considerable decrease. The several causes that have operated in bringing out a decrease in the demand had already been reported to Government in my letter No. 1119, dated 27th August 1897. Thus the current demand for the year was Rs. 4,549 against Rs. 5,954 in the previous year. Rs. 2,373–8–0 or 52·17 per cent. on account of current demand were collected within the year against Rs. 4,864 or 81·69 per cent. during the previous year, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,175–8–0 for subsequent adjustment; of this, Rs. 552 have since been collected. Rs. 409 were held under deposits on 31st March 1898 pending orders of Government on my reference No. 148, dated 21st February 1898, which were received on 16th April 1898; the appeals bearing on the same having been rejected by the Council on 9th June 1898, the deposits are now being adjusted. The arrear demand was Rs. 1,190–5–6 as audited by the Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, of which Rs. 612 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 578–5–6. This amount is almost irrecoverable and will be written off the accounts. The total collections of arrears and current amounted to Rs. 2,985–8–0 against Rs. 5,091–0–3 in the preceding year and Rs. 5,130 in the revised estimate. The decrease in collection is chiefly due to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway.

9. *Tax on Buildings and Lands.*—This tax was levied at 8½ per cent. on the rental value of buildings and lands as against 7½ per cent. in the previous year. The Council having contracted a debt with Government for the purpose of providing the town with water-supply, resolved to find funds for the liquidation of the same and for payment of interest thereon, by enhancing the rate. The Government in its Mis. No. 2129 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of the tax under this head at the maximum rate. During the year under report some of the houses were newly brought to assessment and the tax on certain houses was revised.

10. The total number of houses under taxation on the 31st March 1897 was 4,605—*vide* last year's report. Adding to this number of houses newly assessed during the year, there were 4,700 on the 31st March 1898.

11. *House Tax.*—The demand for the previous year was Rs. 17,169–10–0 at 7½ per cent. on the rent value. The increase effected on account of enhanced assessment at 8½ per cent. was Rs. 3,540–8–0 and Rs. 529–4–0 were the result of revision and assessment on new buildings. The net demand was therefore Rs. 20,239–6–0. The current collections within the year were Rs. 5,329–10–6 and Rs. 291 as deposits against Rs. 12,882–0–5 and Rs. 111–1–10 remitted in the previous year. Rs. 12,124–13–6 have since been collected. The decrease in the collections was due to the late issue of bills in February 1898. This was unavoidable since final orders of Government on the requisition of the Council to levy the tax at the enhanced rate had been received in November 1897, and it was not much before February that the new register could have been written up, taxes calculated and bill books filled in and distributed.

12. The arrear demand under this tax amounted to Rs. (4,186–7–9 + 26–14–3) = 4,213–6–0; Rs. 4,008 were collected during the year and Rs. 34–13–0 have been written off and the balance Rs. 170–9–0 will be adjusted shortly. The total amount of arrear and current collections was Rs. 9,337–10–6 against Rs. 15,826–15–5 in the preceding year. The decrease in collection is also attributable to the prevalence of famine. Of the current demand 26·33 per cent., and of arrears 95·15 per cent. had been realized within the year against 75·02 and 96·40 per cent. in the preceding year. The falling off in the percentage is due to the reasons already explained.

13. *Land Tax.*—The current net demand under this tax was Rs. 765–7–0 against Rs. 699–7–0. Of this, Rs. 95–4–6 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 670–2–6. The arrear demand amounted to Rs. 125–3–0, and of this Rs. 107–7–0 had been collected. Of the current balance, Rs. 542–4–6 have been since collected, and the remainder will be adjusted shortly.

14. *Water Tax.*—In G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, the proposal of Council embodied in my letter No. 1012, dated 3rd October 1896, to levy the water-tax at 4 per cent. throughout the town, was approved with this modification, that the

rate be reduced to 1 per cent. in Waltair as it will not be directly benefited by the works; but the Council in its meeting held on 2nd June 1897 resolved hat this tax be levied at the maximum rate, under the amended Act in all parts of the town irrespective of the benefit to be derived from the works, and this was represented to Government in my letter No. 768, dated 28th June 1897. The Government in its order No. 2499 M., dated 5th November 1897, sanctioned the levy of this tax at the maximum rate (8 per cent.) in all parts except Waltair, where it should be levied at 4 per cent.

15. The demand under this head was Rs. 14,563–3–0. Of this sum, Rupees 4,924–2–0 were collected within the year and Rs. 7,179–10–0 have subsequently been collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. The collections under this head would have been more, had the East Coast Railway paid the tax levied on its buildings. On my demanding the manager for the payment of the same, together with house-tax (as both are demanded in one bill), the manager declined to pay the water tax in the absence of a notification by the Governor-General in Council, and forwarded to me an extract from the Government of India, Public Works Department, letter No. 228 R.T., dated Calcutta, 5th March 1898, from the Under Secretary to the Director of Railway Traffic.

I have already requested you in my letter No. 208, dated 3rd March 1897, that the Local Government should obtain the sanction of the Governor-General in Council for the imposition of this tax. In G.O., Mis. No. 1223 M., dated 9th July 1898, I was informed that the question, whether the enhancement of the maximum rate of the water tax from 4 to 8 per cent. in the amending Act III of 1897 is a new tax within the meaning of paragraph 3 (of Government of India Resolution, No. 434 R.T., dated 17th August 1894, has been referred to the Advocate-General for opinion.

16. *Tax on Vehicles, Animals and Carts.*—The maximum rate as per schedule appended to the Act IV of 1884, as amended by Act III of 1897, had been levied. The demand under this head was Rs. 3,132–8–0 as shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Vehicles	1,425	0	0
Animals	1,253	8	0
Carts	454	0	0
Total ..	3,132	8	0

against Rs. 3,147–8–0 in the previous year. The decrease in demand under animals as compared with that of the previous year is attributable to the withdrawal from the municipal limits of the animals belonging to the Siripuram estate and to the decreases in the live-stock of Maharaja G. N. Gajapatirow, C.I.E., and Rani Ankitam Atchiahama Garu. The current collections amounted to Rs. 1,917–8–0 against Rs. 2,723–8–0 in the previous year leaving a balance of Rs. 1,215; of this, Rupees 335–8–0 have since been collected.

17. *Coercive Process.*—Appendix A to Statements IV-A, IV-B shows the extent to which coercive measures have been taken in the current year for the collection of tax. The number of warrants issued under all kinds was 132 against 791 in the preceding year. The total number of warrants executed or cancelled was 267. No prosecutions had been instituted during the year.

18. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls, which were levied at full schedule rates, was rented out to farmers at a public auction and realized Rs. 12,852 and a penal interest of Rs. 83–7–5 showing a decrease of Rs. 194–7–2 against the preceding year, which is attributable to lack of competition at the time of auction. The whole of this amount was duly collected within the year. Rs. 1,096–6–5, being the proceeds of the Pontoon bridge tolls with the penal interest levied thereon, were paid to the District Board.

19. *Incidence of Taxation.*—Statement VII gives full particulars of tolls, incidence of taxation. Statements IX and IX-A exhibit the incidence of taxation in the year under report. The total average incidence was As. 14–7 with tolls and As. 9–1 excluding them, against Re. 1–0–11 and As. 11–5, respectively, in the previous year.

B.—Miscellaneous Receipts.

20. *Realization under Special Acts.*—Rs. 210 were collected under Act II of 1888. The Inspector of Local Fund Accounts transferred the sale-proceeds of the right of collecting tolls on Dolphin's ferry to this head; but ever since the ferry was opened it had been credited to tolls and a portion of the collections was also paid to the District Board on account of its share. In the absence of definite orders from Government on the subject, the item is shown as usual under Tolls.

21. *Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—Rent of Lands.*—This is the sum collected on account of rent of sites in the regimental lines and in the town for temporary occupation. The increase is small and calls for no remark.

22. *Avenue Receipts.*—The Cocoanut trees on the side of the Beach road were rented out for Rs. 44 at a public auction against Rs. 45 in the previous year. The increase over the revised estimate is due to sales of trees at the Thepparavupalem and Mudasarlova and of withered trees on the sides of roads.

23. *Sale-proceeds of Lands.*—As noted in paragraph 8 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget for 1898–99, printed in G.O., No. 618, M., dated 21st March 1898, page 7, the land acquired from fishermen was not sold, and for want of funds, some of the tiled houses in the Northern block of the fishermen village have not been acquired. It is reported that a sum of Rs. 15,000 will be required for the acquisition of these houses. The Northern block cannot be levelled, allotted into blocks and sold for house-sites on that account.

24. *Sale-proceeds of old materials.*—This represents the sale-proceeds of the building materials of the huts and houses acquired in fishermen village. The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is chiefly due to the old material of some of the houses not being sold within the year. The entry in the revised estimate represents the probable value of the old materials of all the huts and tiled houses in the fishermen village. As had already been stated there are still [many tiled houses that a wait acquisition.

25. *Sale-proceeds of night-soil, &c.*—The income under this head is altogether insignificant. The value of manure is not known to the cultivators of these parts; besides the outskirts of the municipality have hardly any land under cultivation; hence the absence of demand for manure.

26. *Income from Slaughter-houses and Cart-stand Fees.*—These items are of a fluctuating nature. The competition at the time of sales was dull, the renter of the previous year having sustained a loss in the transaction; hence the decrease.

26-A. *Fines under Municipal and other Laws.*—Rs. 588–2–2 were realized under this head. Of this Rs. 571–11–2 represent the adjustment communicated by Accountant-General.

27. *Grant from Government.*—During the year under report, the balance of contribution, viz., Rs. 50,000 as taken credit for in the revised estimate was not paid. The Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, wired to the effect that the grant should be drawn before the 31st of March. An application was made to the Treasury Deputy Collector to place the same to the credit of the council which was refused in the absence of specific instructions from the Accountant-General.

28. *Local Funds.*—This is the usual contribution from the District Board and the Taluk Board, Vizagapatam, for the maintenance of the roads (600) and water-shed (100) within the municipal limits. The water-shed is located in the Collector's office.

29. *Other Grants*—(ii) *Education.*—The services of the drawing master employed under the council were lent to the Local Hindu College on the condition that the drawing master credits to the council 25 per cent. of his income from the College. Rs. 12–8–0 represent the collections under this head for five months.

30. *Poor House Subscription.*—The demand under this head had been very much reduced. The collections from the local subscriptions have fallen considerably and cannot be recovered by legal processes.

31. *Contribution from private individuals for works.*—There were no contributions from private persons for the execution of any public work during the year.

32. *Recoveries from private individuals for service rendered on account of private scavenging.*—There were 1,197 private latrines under the municipal agency at the beginning of the year under report; 43 were added to, and 56 withdrawn from, the list. The number at the close of the year was 1,184. The demand for the current year was Rs. 2,437–9–9 against Rs. 2,275–5–11 in the previous year and Rs. 1,592–2–7 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 845–7–2. Rs. 369–7–9 were subsequently collected and the balance will be adjusted shortly. As regards the arrears demand of Rs. 287–9–0, Rs. 210–4–4 were collected, leaving Rs. 77–4–8 as balance to be collected.

33. *Fishery-rent.*—The decrease under the head was due to the causes mentioned above with regard to the income from slaughter-houses and cart-stands.

34. *Refund of Expenditure.*—A sum of Rs. 11–12–0 was recovered from Messrs. Burn & Co. for excess freight paid on account of materials for a double iron latrine supplied by them; the original payment was made in 1896–97.

35. *Loans from Government.*—Rs. 60,500 being the balance of the loan sanctioned in G.O., No. 22 M., dated 11th January 1897, were paid during the year under report in two instalments of Rs. 48,000 and Rs. 12,500 in the months of September 1897 and March 1898, respectively.

36. *Loans from private individuals.*—No loan was raised in the local market from private individuals during the year, although the one raised from the District Board, Vizagapatam, for the removal of Fishermenpeta was found inadequate to meet the demands for compensation towards the acquisition of all the tiled houses which in the interests of the council have to be acquired to realize a fair value for the site that had already been acquired.

III.—Expenditure.

37. *Grant 1, Public Works—New Works.*—The total expenditure under Grant 1 amounted to Rs. 1,73,291–2–2 or 70·73 per cent. of the total expenditure of the year, against Rs. 16,282–1–7 or 28·15 per cent. in the preceding year and Rs. 1,74,630 in the revised estimate. Details of all the works executed during the year are given in Statement II-A under Grant 1. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the commencement of the water-works scheme for which a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 were placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer. Rs. 8,909–9–8 were also paid to the Revenue Divisional Officer for payment as compensation for the land and huts taken up for the project; the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the saving caused under new works (Miscellaneous) and repairs (Buildings, Roads and Water-supply).

38. (*a*) *Communications.*—As detailed in Statement II-A, Rs. 2,419–7–1 were spent on new works. The necessity and importance of constructing an approach road from Allipur to Dondaparty were recognized, and a road was made at a cost of Rupees 1,240–3–9; roads were also laid in the site acquired for the accommodation of fishermen at Thepparavupalem at a cost of Rs. 1,078–11–5. A small road leading to Neralla Koneru from the Allipur main road was laid at a cost of Rs. 92–5–11.

39. (*b*) *Buildings.*—Materials for a double iron latrine were purchased from Messrs. Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 729–12–9; temporary tatty latrines were built for the use of the public at a cost of Rs. 185–4–0. Slight improvements were made in the sheep slaughter-house with a small expenditure of Rs. 45–15–2. Three kutcha incinerators were constructed at the night-soil depots at a cost of Rs. 19–15–3.

40. (*c*) *Drainage.*—At the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner, some of the drains were improved by converting the V shape into egg shape with surki and cement and pointing the sides at a cost of Rs. 254–15–3; a drain from Dyke's tank was constructed at a cost of Rs. 26–12–2. The site acquired for a sewage farm is filled with old foundations which is being dug up and levelled with silt and sand removed from drains where it accumulates during rains; a sum of Rs. 203–2–0 was spent for this purpose.

41. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—As pointed out in paragraph 37 *supra*, a sum of Rupees 1,59,262–7–5 was spent up to 31st March 1898; out of this, the Public Works Department have expended only Rs. 25,364, and Rs. 8,909–9–8 were paid to Revenue Divisional Officer as compensation for lands and huts at the work site. The Pallapu

well was rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 229–8–8, and a well for the use of travellers halting in the cart-stand was constructed at a cost of Rs. 84–12–7; six temporary wells were sunk at a cost of Rs. 38–8–6 for the use of the public when scarcity for water was felt.

42. (*e*) *Miscellaneous.*—The site acquired for accommodating the fishermen was filled with prickly-pear and rank vegetation, which had to be cleared; Rs. 48 were spent on this account and a sum of Rs. 25–5–3 was spent in allotting sites; most of the fishermen have taken up house-sites and all the houses and huts have been completed. Their wants are being attended to. As stated in paragraph 21 of the memorandum that accompanied the budget, a sum of Rs. 350 was provided for levelling the sites acquired by the removal of Fishermenpeta. The removal of fishermen to the new site was found impracticable till the last week of March 1898, though sites had been allotted and public notice given to them by beat of tom-tom in the month of January, that sites will be given from 1st February; considerable difficulty was experienced in allotting sites. The extent of land allowed in the first instance was the same that has been acquired from each individual, lists having been furnished to me by the Huzur Deputy Collector giving the names of persons and the area of land required by each in exchange. On the representation of the fishermen coupled with the advice of the Huzur Deputy Collector, the council in the middle of March agreed to a minimum scale to be allotted to each individual irrespective of the extent of land acquired from him and that in cases where the extent of land acquired fell short of the minimum, that the minimum should be given and that in cases where the land acquired exceeded the minimum in its extent, the actual quantity acquired. Owing to these changed circumstances, the original allocation of sites was found useless and sites had to be newly allotted. It will be some time before the actual levelling operations are undertaken. As had been stated in paragraph 36 *supra*, the council will be put to a heavy loss should these sites be now levelled and sold without acquiring the adjoining tiled houses, which have already been notified for acquisition. The council will very shortly consider the best means for financing the scheme.

43. *Repairs*—(*a*) *Communications.*—The total mileage of roads in the municipal limits at the beginning of the year was 43 miles, furlong and 158 yards; the road newly made known as the Vizianagram Maharaja's "Beach road" was abandoned, since the maintenance grant promised by late Maharaja for the first three years was not forthcoming from his successor after his demise. Thus the length of the roads within the limits amounted to 41 miles, 7 furlongs and 158 yards. The length of roads maintained and repaired during the year was nearly 26 miles. The removal of sand on the Beach road takes a prominent place in the lists of roads repaired. Two thousand one hundred and fifty-seven linear feet of under-drains were opened up for silt clearance at a cost of Rs. 81–5–6. The total outlay incurred on roads was Rs. 8,037–6–4 or 67·80 per cent. of the net receipts from tolls. The roads in the town were kept in fair order. It is proposed to re-coat the whole width of the main road with gravel, and materials have been collected and the works are under progress.

44. (*b*) *Buildings.*—As most of the buildings had been repaired during the previous year, there was a saving in the allotment for the year under report. Cholera shed attached to the civil dispensary was repaired at a cost of Rs. 81 and the sheep slaughter-house at a cost of Rs. 73–3–6; some latrines were also repaired. The details of expenditure under the head are given in statement II-A, Repairs.

45. (*c*) *Drainage.*—The principal works that were executed under the head were—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Bailing out sewage water from the swamp	137	12	0
(2) Flushing drains with sea water	366	5	4
(3) Repairs to V drains by converting them into U shape with surki cement	401	13	3
(4) Removing silt and sand from drains	173	5	6
Total ..	1,079	4	1

Seven thousand nine hundrad and forty-nine linear feet of the drains in the town were converted into U shape with surki and cement.

46. (*d*) *Water-supply.*—Thirty-eight wells had been cleared of silt; steps were taken to guard against the scarcity of water. The total expenditure under the head was Rs. 121–14–7 against Rs. 379–11–8 and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. As most of the wells have been repaired during 1896–97, silt clearance was rendered necessary to keep the water fresh. The details of the expenditure are given in statement II-A.

A watcher was also employed to guard the Katakamvari tank from being polluted.

47. *Establishment.*—The decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the reduction in the pay of overseer from Rs. 40 to 30 while on probation for three months during the year.

48. *Contribution to others for Public Works.*—Rs. 500 were paid to the Turner choultry committee as the first instalment of the council's contribution towards the construction of the building.

49. *Grant 2, Education—Training Schools,—Stipends to Normal Students.*—The Educational Department did not recommend any teacher in the municipality to be trained; but the expenditure under the head represents the stipends allowed to the Superintendent of municipal schools for his training at the Teachers' College at Rajahmundry and to the gymnastic instructor sent to Madras for training The expenditure under the head was only Rs. 19 against Rs. 302–14–8 in the previous year and Rs. 120 in the revised estimate.

50. *Municipal Schools—Salary-result System.*—As detailed in Statement V-A there were four schools on this system. The total expenditure of these schools amounted under all heads to Rs. 1,315–15–1 against Rs. 1,319–13–2 in the preceding year and Rs. 1,350 in the revised estimate. The decrease as compared with the actuals of the previous year is small and calls for no remark.

51. *Salary Grant.*—There were two institutions that had drawn grant as usual from municipal funds, viz., the Hindu College and the London Mission High school. The teachers of both the schools are qualified to draw grants; but the latter institution has a primary department, while the former has none and as such had drawn larger grants.

The expenditure under this head was Rs. 768–9–4 against Rs. 803–0–8 in the previous year and Rs. 900 in the revised estimate. The reports on the working of these institutions are enclosed.

52. *Results Grants.*—There were twenty schools at the beginning of the year, thirteen upper primary and seven lower primary; of these, one lower primary school was not aided since it had been closed in the first half of the year. In addition to this, three other schools were closed, two in the lower primary and one in the upper primary; three schools, two in the upper primary and one in the lower primary, were newly opened. The total number of schools at the close of the year was therefore nineteen. The aid given in the shape of results grants during the year amounted to Rs. 1,706–12–0 against Rs. 1,668–9–0, the actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 1,700 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the payment of results grants actually earned, though it was in excess of the assignment during the year under report. This excess was not paid in 1896–97.

53. *Inspection—Municipal Inspectors.*—The permanent superintendent of municipal schools returned to duty from training in the month of May 1897. The total expenditure under the head amounted to Rs. 242 against Rs. 252–4–5 in the previous year and Rs. 260 in the revised estimate. The decrease is due to the small pay allowed to the *locum tenens* of the permanent incumbent during the early part of the year.

54. *Miscellaneous—Buildings and Furniture Grant.*—The manager of the London Mission High school improved the school building to a considerable extent and applied for a third grant of Rs. 525–5–4. This was recommended by the Inspector of Schools and sanctioned by the council; but only Rs. 300 were paid during the year. A small sum of Rs. 6–6–9 was also paid to the manager on account of grant to non-Indian appliances purchased for the use of Middle school department. A furniture

grant of Rs. 40 and a rent grant of Rs. 16 were given to the manager of the Temple school during the year. The total amount spent under the head during the year was Rs. 362–6–9 against Rs. 32–4–1 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is owing to the fact that payments under this head in that year were withheld to secure funds for the purchase of a school building for the Fort Muhammadan school.

55. *Common Gymnasium.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 130 against Rs. 6,869 in the preceding year and Rs. 170 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year is due to the fact that the post of the gymnastic instructor was not filled up while he was under training. He rejoined his duties in the early part of April 1897.

56. *Other Items.*—A class to teach freehand drawing to the masters of results schools has continued to work since 1895–96.

A sum of Rs. 237–11–0 was paid as salary to the drawing master and Rs. 25 as travelling allowance to join the appointment. The drawing master visits each and every school on the results grants system to examine the pupils therein in drawing, and in this connection, he is allowed a carriage allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem. The amount paid on this account was Rs. 14; thus the total amount paid was Rs. 277–9–0 against Rs. 251–8–0, actuals of the previous year; the increase is attributable to the increased pay of the drawing master and to the travelling allowance paid to him.

57. The total expenditure under Grant 2 was Rs. 4,807–8–8 against Rupees 4,703–12–9, actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 5,180 in the revised estimate of 1897–98. The increase over the actuals is chiefly due to the payment of building grant, while the decrease as compared with the revised estimate is due to the savings effected under training schools and salary grants.

58. *Grant 3, Medical Services, Sanitation, Hospital and Dispensaries.*—The usual contribution of Rs. 2,400 towards the upkeep of the local civil hospital was paid during the year; Rs. 225, Rs. 140 and Rs. 49 were also paid on account of contribution to Medical College, Sanitary Inspectors and Reserve Medical staff, respectively. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 2,814 against Rupees 2,770 in the preceding year and Rs. 2,740 in the revised estimate. The civil hospital is not under the management of the Municipal Council; but a local committee of seven members, among whom are the Collector, the District Medical and Sanitary Officer and the Chairman, manages its affairs.

The total number of patients that were afforded relief was 24,672, of whom 641 are in-patients and 22,031 out-patients against 535 and 21,769 in the previous year. The institution is increasing in popularity.

59. *Vaccination.*—Compulsory vaccination has been in force since 1st August 1890. The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year was 1,609 against 1,331 in the previous year; of these, 1,023 were primary vaccination and include 853 children under one year of age; the rest were revaccinations. The large number of revaccinations is due to the orders of Government enjoining all newly entertained Government servants to undergo that operation and to the directions of the council on the advice of the Sanitary Commissioner that grants should be withheld from results grants schools unless the pupils in those schools above 10 years of age undergo revaccination.

Of the total number vaccinated, 1,421 were successful with a percentage of 88·31 against 1,129 or 84·82 per cent. in the previous year. The percentage of successful primary vaccination was 96 and of revaccination 73. Vaccine lymph preserved in glycerine from the local calf vaccine depot was used for the first eight months and lanoline paste from the Mysore Government Vaccine Institute for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter (18·61) than with the former (8·61). This is attributable to the use of ordinary lancets instead of scarificators specially made for the purpose. The resulting scars with lanoline paste are however larger and better forecasted. The practice hitherto adopted was for the

vaccinator to perform vaccination at the houses of the children. This was done away with during the year and three depots were established, one in the town and two in the suburbs where children are compelled to be brought up for vaccination. The number of prosecutions under clause II, section 138, was 122 against 28 in the previous year.

First-class vaccinator G. Mutyaliah was in charge throughout the year. Seven hundred and forty-three or 52·29 per cent. of the successful cases have been inspected by the Assistant Surgeon.

The total cost under this head was Rs. 429-8-7 against Rs. 373-1-9 in the previous year and Rs. 400 in the revised estimate. The increase is chiefly attributable to the rent paid to the vaccine depots mentioned above.

60. *Vital Statistics.*—The total number of births registered was 1,111 against 1,274 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 163. The total number of deaths was 1,181 against 954 in the preceding year. The rate per mille of births was 32·22 against 36·94 and that of deaths was 34·22 against 24·66. The enclosed statement shows the deaths registered under the several heads; nearly 50 per cent. of the deaths are due to "all other causes." The three deaths reported under small-pox should have been shown under measles; but as this heading was absent, it was made to appear under "small-pox." The expenditure on account of registration of vital statistics amounted to Rs. 699-9-7 against Rs. 658-1-4 in the preceding year and Rs. 730 in the revised estimate. The increase over the actuals of the previous year was due to the purchase of stationery for the use of registrars, debiting the cost to this head.

61. *General Health.*—Public health was unsatisfactory owing to the failure of the south-west monsoon and to the consequent failure of crops and to the high prices of food grains; cholera broke out in the month of August and continued till the end of November. There were 282 attacks with 136 deaths. Every precaution was taken against the spread of the disease by hankinizing wells.

A temporary establishment consisting of two sanitary inspectors, four peons and four diggers was employed for the immediate disinfection of the houses, and bedding and clothing where cholera had occurred. Watchers were put over hankinized wells to prevent pollution, special buckets and ropes being provided for the purpose.

Measles and chicken-pox of a severe type prevailed during the latter part of the year.

Though there had been no cases of plague, yet measures were taken to prevent its introduction into the town. A shed was constructed in the beach for the segregation and isolation of patients. The sanitary inspectors were made to attend the trains arriving from Bombay and to note the names of passengers arriving from there and to keep them under observation for the required period. On the advice of the Collector and the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, a shed was constructed at Waltair railway station for the inspection and examination of passengers arriving here from plague-infected areas. A third-class hospital assistant was put in charge of this work as well as the subsequent observation of the passengers, relieving sanitary staff of this duty. The charges incurred for combating cholera amounted to Rs. 1,068-11-5 as detailed below against Rs. 1,710-6-6 in the previous year:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Establishment	324	0	0
(2) Cost of disinfectants	271	1	6
(3) Cost of disinfecting apparatus	306	14	3
(4) Distribution of medicines	147	2	6
(5) Contingencies	19	9	2
Total ..	1,068	11	7

The charges on account of plague observation amount to Rs. 359-1-11 as detailed below:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment—			
Medical	140	0	0
Watchers	75	5	0
Buildings	137	7	11
Contingencies	6	5	0
Total ..	359	1	11

The shed in the beach had to be built a second time as the first one was burnt down.

62. *Conservancy.*—The total charges under this head, including those incurred on account of cholera, amounted to Rs. 15,837-3-2 against Rs. 15,538-8-1 in the previous year. The number of public latrines remained the same as in the previous year. This includes one double iron latrine on the standard plan: all the latrines are freely resorted to by the people. The latrines are daily visited by the sanitary inspectors and maistries. The average population per latrine was 437.

Four night-soil depots were in use, whither the night-soil is carted in air-tight receptacles and deposited in trenches dug for the purpose which are leased out for cultivation after six months. The street-refuse is collected in dust-bins, of which there are 323 in number; of these 93 are moveable and of corrugated iron, 180 are masonry, and the rest are of sheet iron.

The refuse is carted away in double bullock basket carts to the rubbish depots, of which there are three in number, where it is burnt in Kutcha incinerators. The rubbish of Waltair is purchased by the Lunatic Asylum, and hence the depot there was closed.

The existing arrangements for the carriage of rubbish cannot be bettered without considerable outlay on the part of the council in the purchase of live-stock and carts specially made for the purpose. The depots are a long way off from the centre of the town, and the carts have to traverse a considerable distance. It is to be hoped that the construction of patent incinerator in the heart of the town will minimize the inconveniences and the disadvantages of the existing system. The number of carts was 21 as in the previous year.

The drains are now systematically flushed; as there are no carts specially made for the carriage of silt, country carts with baskets are used; the silt is allowed to remain alongside the drains and is removed within 24 hours. All the silt is carted to the site selected for a sewage farm, where it is used for levelling the same.

63. *Private Scavenging.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 2,079-14-6, against Rs. 2,090-10-0 in the previous year and Rs. 2,120 in the revised estimate. The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 1,802-6-11. Two night-soil carts were purchased from Messrs. Burn & Co. at a cost of Rs. 300, and these were fitted up with 12 iron receptacles locally made at a cost of Rs. 186-9-0. There is a decrease in the number of latrines at the close of the year, although 56 were newly brought under this agency. There are many latrines that have still to be brought under this service, and arrangements have been made in the current year to enforce the same. Provisions of sections 219 and 221 will be enforced in the case of those who fail to comply with the demand.

64. *Grant 4, Lighting.*—The number of lights at the beginning of the year was 283; 20 were added during the year making a total of 303 at the close of the year. The charges under the head amounted to Rs. 2,651-14-3 against Rs. 2,674-10-0 (audited figure) in the previous year and Rs. 2,620 in the revised estimate. The increase over the revised estimate is chiefly due to the payment of the cost of oil supplied in the month of March 1897 during the year under report.

65. *Choultries—Poor-houses.*—The charges on account of poor-house establishment amount to Rs. 384 and the contingent charges including the feeding of the poor Rs. 1,937-4-10 against Rs. 384 and Rs. 1,118-15-3, respectively, in the preceding year. The increase in the cost of feeding is chiefly due to the high prices of

food-grains owing to famine. The aggregate number of paupers fed during the year was 19,431 against 13,986 in the preceding year, and the average cost of dieting and clothing per head per diem was As. 1–7 against As. 1–3 in 1896–97.

66. *Compensation for Land.*—A sum of Rs. 25,800–4–11 was placed at the disposal of the Huzur Deputy Collector for payment as compensation for the huts and tiled houses acquired in the fishermenpeta. The following temporary establishment was sanctioned to assist him in the acquisition of the land :—

	Rs.
1 surveyor	20
1 lascar	6
1 clerk	15
1 peon	5
Total ..	46

The services of the surveyor and lascar were also utilized in allotting house-sites for the fishermen.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Cost of establishment	180	12	0
Cost of stationery	8	10	3

The site was not completely acquired. The council has incurred a heavy expenditure under this head ; as had already been stated, the site at present acquired will be valueless unless the rest of the tiled houses, of which there are 48 in number, are acquired before the existing sites are levelled so as to fetch a fair and reasonable value.

67. *Other Items—Famine allowance.*—As reported in my letter, No. 501, dated 19th April 1898, and in the application that accompanied the revised estimate for 1897–98, a sum of Rs. 1,458–7–6 was paid as famine allowance to all the servants of the municipality ; but the Government, in its Order. No. 1435 M., dated 15th August 1898, directed the recovery of the sum paid after 14th August ; hence the item is shown under " Advances recoverable."

68. *Grant 5, Inspection.*—Details of expenditure are given in Statement II (*b*). The increase over the revised estimate is small and calls for no remark, and the decrease as compared with the actuals of 1896–97 is due to the Chairman having drawn his carriage allowance for six months from date of appointment.

69. *Collection Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate and actuals of the previous year is due to the adjustment given by the Accountant-General on account of the cost of printed account forms supplied in the year under report.

70. *Office Contingencies.*—The increase over the revised estimate is due to the charges incurred in advertising for applicants for the post of the Secretary.

71. *Repayment of Debt.*—The loan granted by Government was completed during the year, and as such no instalment towards repayment of debt fell due during the year. The first instalment of the debt due to the District Board, Vizagapatam, was also not paid during the year.

72. *Interest.*—Rs. 8,842–9–1 were paid on account of interest. Of this Rs. 1,000 represent the interest paid to the District Board on account of the loan of Rs. 20,000 borrowed at 5 per cent. and Rs. 7,842–9–1 were paid into the Government Treasury on account of the interest due on the amount borrowed from Government for the water-works scheme.

Other items call for no remark.

73. *Closing Balance.*—The year closed with a deficit balance of Rs. 22,688–4–11 appertaining to Municipal Fund. The balance of water-tax fund was Rupees 1,88,689–15–3. The deficit was mainly due to the short collection of taxes, the amounts anticipated in the revised estimate not having been realized within the close of the year.

74. The long delay in the submission of this report was unavoidable. The introduction of a new tax and the enhancement of the already existing taxes at the fag-end of the year have increased the clerical work considerably inasmuch as the balances at the close of the year were about the same as the assessments themselves.

From Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. LEAPINGWELL, District Medical and Sanitary officer, Vizagapatam, to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, dated 19th May 1898, No. 860-S.

I have the honour to forward the annual report on the Civil Hospital, Vizagapatam, for the year 1897–98.

(1) *Public Health.*—The public health was unsatisfactory due to the high price of food-grains and scarcity of drinking water.

(2) *Vital Statistics.*—The birth-rate fell from 36·94 in the previous year to 32·22, and the death-rate rose from 27·66 to 34·22. Cholera was in the town for four months, commencing in August. The attacks and deaths reported were 282 and 136 respectively.

Omitting deaths from cholera, the death-rate was nearly 4 per mille higher than in the previous year due to the increase in the number of deaths recorded as from " all other causes."

Three deaths from small-pox appear in the municipal return, but the Assistant Surgeon, who enquired into these cases, reported them as undoubtedly due to measles, he having visited the houses when the deaths occurred for the purpose of enquiry and found others suffering from measles.

Measles of a severe type and chicken-pox were very prevalent.

(3) *Sanitation.*—I learn from the Assistant Surgeon, who is also chairman, that considerable improvement has been made in the drainage of the town. " Five thousand eight hundred and forty feet of V-shaped drains have been converted into U-shaped, and 1,400 yards of under-drains have been opened up and cleared of silt.

The drains are said to be " systematically flushed."

The silt removed from drains may still be seen deposited on the sides of the roads prior to removal. This is a very filthy custom and should be discontinued.

The carts employed in removing rubbish are very small and ill-adapted for the purpose, the bullocks are wretched-half-starved animals and the drivers usually small boys too young to be entrusted with the work.

One properly-equipped cart would do the work of any three now employed for the purpose.

The filthy fishing village which has for so long been a nuisance to the town is being demolished.

The new water-works are under construction. The work has been hindered by outbreaks of cholera among the coolies employed.

(4) *Vaccination.*—One thousand six hundred and nine cases were vaccinated against 1,331 last year. Of these 1,023 were primary vaccination and include 853 under one year of age. The percentage of successful primary vaccination was 96 and of re-vaccination 73.

Lymph in glycerine obtained from the local calf depot was used for the first eight months and lanoline lymph from Mysore for the remainder of the year. The percentage of failure was greater with the latter 18·61 than with the former 8·66 ; but this would appear to have been due to the use of ordinary lancets instead of those made for the purpose.

The resulting cicatrices, on the other hand, are reported much more satisfactorily with the lanoline lymph than with the glycerine.

The vaccinator is closely supervised by the Assistant Surgeon who is also in charge of the calf depot.

(5) *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The civil hospital provides beds for 48 patients, —40 in the general ward and eight in the contagious shed.

The police occupy one ward (six beds) for which a rent of Rs. 20 per mensem is paid.

One of the wards, containing six beds, has been set apart for any females who may apply at the hospital for admission.

Two small detached rooms with verandahs and a detached kitchen have been built during the year at a cost of Rs. 800.

His Excellency the Governor at the time of his visit, acceded to the request of the committee that they should be named after him the " Havelock Wards ".

The old room used for operations has been enlarged and re-roofed with a sky light and the floor cemented at a cost of Rs. 800. It is now admirably adapted for the purpose, and the committee have furnished it with a glass aseptic operation table and necessary fittings.

(*b*) The buildings are in good repair.

(*c*) Furniture and fittings sufficient and in good order.

(*d*) Copies of the remarks of His Excellency the Governor and the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras are attached.

(*e*) Rupees 25 were recovered for diets and Rs. 1,525 for medicines from those able to pay for them. Fifty-two patients provided their own diet.

(*f*) Six hundred and forty-one in-patients with an average daily sick of 26·56 and 24,031 out-patients with an average daily attendance of 193·87 were treated, showing an increase of 106 among in and 2,262 among out patients in admissions and 5·71 and 28·79 in average daily attendance, respectively.

(*g*) There were in all 50 deaths, of these 19 were from cholera.

There was no case of septic disease.

(*h*) One thousand and fifteen surgical operations were performed with four deaths against 977 and 6 deaths last year.

(*i*) The establishment is sufficient.

(*j*) The midwife attached to this hospital works under the supervision of the female practitioner.

She was suspended for misbehaviour in January and her place taken by another midwife. The number of cases attended was 156 against 241 last year. This does not include the cases attended by the other midwife attached to the female hospital.

(*k*) The Victoria Hospital for Women is maintained by the District Board, and the salary of the medical practitioner being paid by Sree Rajah Gajapathi Rao, C.I.E. The report of that hospital is included in the District Board report.

(*l*) *General Remarks.*—The hospital is doing good work. The number of caste patients who apply for admission has considerably increased.

First-class Hospital Assistant M. Appalanarsayya Naidu, No. 220, has been in charge throughout the year, making the sixth year since his appointment.

He is well known and trusted and, as in former years, I have had every reason to be pleased with his work.

Submitted to the Collector.

2. Roads were not in good order, but the Council has now taken steps for their repair. Repairs of important roads are commenced. The Revenue Divisional Officer delegated his powers to the present Chairman on the 4th July 1897, the day on which he was elected Chairman by the Council as he was then busily engaged on famine duty.

16*th September* 1898.

(Signed) R. GOVINDA RAO, NAYUDU,
~~Huzur~~ Deputy Collector.

Submitted to Government.

2. The delay in the preparation of this report is regrettable and not sufficiently explained.

3. Collections were bad under all sources of income, and noticeably so in the case of the tax on arts. The statement that the heavy balance under that head was due to the failure of the officers and clerks of the East Coast Railway to pay the tax is not clear, and the circumstances under which they failed should have been stated.

4. In paragraph 11 of the report a figure is entered in pencil. As the Government has telegraphed calling for the urgent submission of the report, I have not been able to return it to ascertain whether the figure is correct.

5. The removal of the fishermen's village, alluded to in paragraph 42, has been a good deal mismanaged. There was a great deal of avoidable delay in allotting sites in the new village, and those allotted were absurdly small. The reallotment had to be done by my Deputy Collector and Deputy Tahsildar, as the subordinates of the Council appeared unable to get through the business. The land acquired by the Council, from which the fishermen's huts have been removed, is useless at present for disposal as house-sites, owing to its being occupied at intervals by tiled houses which the Council had not the funds to acquire. It is to be hoped that the Council will be able to see its way to complete the scheme. The new village to which the fishermen have been removed is very unhealthy owing to the Council's failure to construct proper drains in spite of my repeated instructions given on the spot to the Chairman and his staff. There has been much sickness in the new village. I am attending to this and hope to get the Council to do what is necessary.

6. The proceedings of the Council have been much marred by the markedly controversial turn which their proceedings have lately taken. Much time, which might profitably have been given to business, has been occupied in acrimonious discussion and the passing of votes of censure, and business has been retarded by the withdrawal from the Chairman of the power to sanction estimates below Rs. 200, so that no trifling work can now be undertaken without a meeting.

(Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Collector.

VIZAGAPATAM,
17*th September* 1898.

Vizagapatam Mun. Council Reports
1897-98

Note. It is at the end of the month report to for 1897-98. It was received only last week. The report for 1896-97 was sent up to the Secretary on the 14th Feb 97.
V.R. 20/2/98.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

No 8

Papers to be read in Proceedings: –

Current No. 2963 of 1898, dated 14th Sept from the Chairman, Municipal Council Vizagapatam

Current No of 189 , dated from the

Current No. of 189 , dated from the

Current No. of 189 , dated from the

Order.

No 1718 m dy 11/10/98

The ~~estimated~~ receipts and charges of the Vizagapatam Municipality for 1897-98, ~~as passed by Government~~, are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1896-97.

	Actuals, 1896-97	Budget Estimate, 1897-98.	Revised Estimate, 1897-98.	Actuals 1897-98.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance brought forward	12,635	213,700	311570	311536
Tax on Arts	5091	6,010	5170	2986
Tax on Buildings and Lands	16,490	17,110	24,139	9540
Water-Tax on Buildings and Lands	-	6,000	15,000	4919
Tax on Vehicles and Animals	2,661	2840	3380	1680
Tax on Carts	323	410	780	394
Tolls	11,509	11,946	11760	11203
Realizations under Special Acts	504	100	700	246
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c, and sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	236	30,260	1230	632
Conservancy Receipts	16	30	50	37
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions ..	39	40	40	44
~~Fees and Revenue from Medical Institutions~~	-	-	-	-
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	1823	1830	1830	1823
License fees	127	300	300	243
Other fees	1194	1270	1090	1047
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	53	660	660	588
~~Interest on Investments and premium on Loans~~ ..	-	-	-	-
Grants and Contributions from Government	140,148	70,360	50,300	-
Do. from Local Boards	700	700	700	700
Do. from other bodies	3337	460	370	47
Recoveries for services to private individuals	2045	2,410	2560	1805
Miscellaneous	444	470	360	342
Loans	170,000	50,500	60,500	60,500
~~Sale-proceeds of Government Securities, &c, and Realizations of Sinking Fund~~	-	-	-	-
Advances Recovered	6	-	-	22
Total ..	369,381	417,400	492,940	411034

Charges.	Actuals, 1896-97.	Budget Estimate, 1897-98.	Revised Estimate, 1897-98.	Actuals 1897-98.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
GRANT 1.				
New Works—				
Communications	3,357	2,000	2,400	2,419
Buildings	2,632	2,000	1,050	981
Drainage	239	5,000	290	485
Water-supply	111	311,000	159,300	159,262
Miscellaneous public improvements ..	30	50	400	76
Repairs—				
Communications	5,812	5,900	5,900	5,618
Buildings	717	700	700	321
Drainage	1,987	2,260	2,550	2,612
Water-supply	416	440	440	158
Establishment	863	850	850	831
Tools and Plant and other Stores	118	50	50	28
Contributions for Public Works	7	500	500	500
Total ..	16,282	330,750	174,630	173,291
GRANT 2.				
Training Schools	303	120	120	19
Municipal Schools—				
(*a*) On the Salary System	-	-	-	-
(*b*) On the Salary Result System	1,320	1,350	1,350	1,301
Grants-in-aid—				
(*a*) Salary grants	808	900	900	769
(*b*) Result grants	1,669	1,700	1,700	1,707
(*c*) Building, Furniture, &c., grants	32	300	400	362
Inspection	252	250	260	242
Miscellaneous	308	680	530	408
Total ..	4,704	5,380	5180	4,808
GRANT 3.				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
Contributions	370	440	440	414
Vaccination	373	320	400	429
Registration of Births and Deaths	658	730	730	700
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering ..	15,619	15,840	16,030	15,837
Total ..	19,420	19,730	20,000	19,780
GRANT 4.				
Lighting	2,675	2,620	2,620	2,652
Markets and Slaughter-houses	132	140	140	132
Choultries	1,503	1,590	2,290	2,321
Travellers' Bungalows	-	-	-	-
Avenues	162	190	190	156
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other charges ..	8,121	26,910	27,080 (18670)	26,595
Total ..	12,603	31,450	33,910	31,856
GRANT 5.				
Supervision and management	4,699	4,550	4,450	4,913
Repayment of Debt	-	10,000	6,170	-
Interest on loan	-	1,000	7,380	8843
Advances Recoverable	134	-	-	1529
Refunds	3	-	20	12
Discount	-	-	-	-
Pensions and Gratuities	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-
Grand Total ..	57,845	402,860	251,740	245,032
Balance	311,536	14,540	241,200	166,002

38

2. The Municipal Council held 42 meetings against 28 in 1896-97 and ten others were adjourned for want of a quorum against two in that year. The average attendance of members, though not so good as in the previous year, was fair. Thirteen seats were filled by election during the year and twelve of these were contested, 50·4 per cent of the registered voters attending the poll.

3. Receipts. (1) Owing to the adoption of the revised schedule A annexed to the Madras District Municipalities Act, the demand under the tax on arts as originally assessed by the Chairman fell from Rs 6,098 to Rs 5,007, and as much as Rs 458 or 9·2 per cent of this sum was remitted by the Municipal Council on appeal. This large remission was apparently due to undue leniency on the part of the Council in disposing of appeals. The net current demand under this head thus showed a decrease of Rs 1405. Owing to the enhancement of the rate of the taxes on buildings and lands, from 7½ to

8½ per cent of the annual ~~rental~~ Value, the net current demand under these heads rose from Rs 17,169 and Rs 699 respectively to Rs 20,239 and Rs 765. The water tax on buildings and lands was, for the first time, levied during the year at the rate of 4 per cent in Waltair and at 8 per cent in the other parts of the town, and the net current demand amounted to Rs 14,563.

Paras 11 & 12

Para 14

Para 15

(2) The arrear realizations under the principal taxes, though not so good as in the previous year, were on the whole fair, but the current collections under these heads declined considerably and were extremely poor. In the case of the house, land and water taxes, the short collections were due to the late date at which the sanction of Govern-ment was obtained to the enhancement in the rates, while the decrease under the Arts tax is stated to be due chiefly to the non-payment of the tax by the officers and clerks employed in the offices of the East Coast Railway. As observed by the Collector in para. 3 of his endorsement, this explanations is neither clear

Para 11

Para 8

48

nor adequate. The balances outstanding at the close of the year were large, amounting to as much as Rs 28,161. A sum of Rs 20,399 has, however, been since collected and it is hoped that no pains will be spared to adjust the remainder without delay.

Paras 8, 11 & 15

(3) There was an increase in the receipts under sale-proceeds of old materials and fines, but under the taxes on vehicles and animals, contributions from Govern-ment and from other bodies and loans there was a decline, which in the case of the tax on animals is explained in para. 16 of the Chairman's report.

(4). The number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was 1,184 or thirteen less than in the previous year. The receipts from this source amounted to Rs 1,802 against Rs. 2,046 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs 764 against Rs 45 in 1896-97. If, however the fees had been collected in advance, as repeatedly ordered by Government, the service would have been nearly self-supporting. The disobedience of

Para 32

the orders of Government on this subject, notwithstanding the remarks in para. 3(4) of G.O. No. 2253 M, dated 15th October 1897, is reprehensible and requires explanation, which should be submitted without delay. There is evidently considerable scope for the extension of the service, seeing that the number of houses now served by the Municipal scavengers is only about one-third of the total number assessed to the tax on buildings and the Council should exert itself to the utmost to effect this in the current year.

Flag O

4. Expenditure (1) Public Works. The most important of the new works undertaken during the year was the scheme for the water-supply of the town, which is under execution by the Public Works Department. A sum of Rs. 150,000 was placed at the disposal of that department and Rs 8910 were paid to the Revenue Divisional Officer for the payment of compensation for the land and huts taken up for this project. Besides this, materials of the value of Rs 730 were purchased for the construction

Para. 37

Para. 39

58

of a double iron latrine. The total outlay on communications amounted to Rs 8037 or 71·7 per cent of the net municipal income from tolls, but the Revenue Divisional Officer reports that the town roads were not in good order. Considering the large expenditure incurred on them, this is not satisfactory. It is, however, observed that the Council has now taken steps for their repair. The attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the remarks of the Collector in his para. 5 of his endorsement regarding the mismanagement of the scheme for the removal of the fishermen's village to a new site.

Vide para. 2 of this Endorsement

(2) Education. The net expenditure under this head amounted to Rs 4751 or 15·5 per cent of the receipts from taxation and of this sum, Rs 1075 were spent on secondary and the remainder on primary education. As in the previous year, the Municipal Council maintained four primary schools on the salary result system and aided two secondary schools with salary grants. The number of primary

Paras 50 & 51

schools aided with result grants was 21 or one more than in the previous year, but two of these were closed before the end of the year. The attendance at the Municipal schools taken together showed an improvement, but that at the result system schools declined. All these schools, however, appear to have done well at the departmental and grant examinations and the allotment for result grants was slightly exceeded. The working of the schools aided with salary grants is also reported to have been fair. The total number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,784 or 69.2 per cent of the male population of school-going age against 57.3 per cent in 1896-97.

Vide Statt V-B Subd with the report

(3) Medical Relief. As in previous years, the municipal Council had no hospital of its own, but paid the usual contribution of Rs 24-00 towards the maintenance of the local hospital managed by a private committee. There was an

Para-58

increase in the numbers of both in- and out-patients treated at this institution. The midwife employed by the Municipal Council attended 156 cases of labour against 241 in the previous year. This large decline should be explained.

Para-59.

(4) Vaccination and Vital Statistics. The total number of vaccine operations performed during the year rose from 1,331 to 1,609 and the percentage of reported success from 84·8 to 88·3. Infantile vaccination, however, showed a retrogression, the total number of children under one year successfully vaccinated having been 824 or 23·9 per mille of the population against 24·6 per mille in 1896-97 and a registered birth rate of 32·2 per mille. Increased attention should be paid to this subject in the current year.

Para-60

There was an increase in the number of deaths registered during the year, but that of births showed a decline, for which no explanation has been offered. The returns in the latter

case were not complete, the rate recorded being much below the normal. Steps should be taken to render them more trustworthy. In this connection the attention of the Municipal Council is drawn to the instructions issued in the latter portion of para-2. of G.O. No. 926. M, dated 17th May 1898.

(5) Sanitation. The allotment under this head was fully utilized and the expenditure amounted to Rs 15.837 or 50.5 per cent of the ordinary current receipts against 33.2 per cent in the previous year. From paras 39 to 41, 45, 46 and 62 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the sanitation of the town, but much remains to be done before all the defects pointed out by the Sanitary Commissioner in his last inspection notes and in para-3. of the medical report, are remedied.

5. General Remarks. Owing mainly to the unsatisfactory state of the collections under the principal taxes, the year closed with a deficit of Rs 29,688 under municipal funds, which was met from the balance of the grants and loans on account of the water supply scheme, amounting to Rs 191590. The appropriation of these funds for general municipal purposes was highly improper and the Council should therefore take immediate steps to recoup the amount.

The year closed with a balance of Rs 166002, but after excluding the balances of the Provincial grants & loans on account of the water supply scheme amounting to Rs 191590, there was a deficit of Rs 25588

Go 479 M P 20-3-98

25588 78

Para 73

The administration of the Municipality during the year under review, showed a retrogression in several respects and must be characterized as inefficient. The collection of taxes declined considerably, the private scavenging system retrograded, the roads were not maintained in good condition and infantile vaccination and registration of births declined. The state of affairs was partly due to the factious spirit in the Council, to which reference is made in para 6. of the Collector's endorsement. The Government, however, trusts that the Chairman and the Councillors will work in harmony in future and spare no pains

to effect an improvement in all directions in the current year.

The explanation offered by the Chairman, of the inordinate delay in the submission of this report, cannot be considered adequate.

Para 4

1/R
30/11/98

To
The Chairman M. C. Vizagapatam 12
" Collector of Vizagapatam 13
" President D.B. and Vizagapatam 10
" Accountant-General 11
" Director of Public Instruction
" Surgeon General 1
" Sanitary Board
" " Commissioners 15
" " Engineer 9
Editor's Table

Copies 22/12/98

189

Enclosure II

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

in a letter No. 1471 dy 14-998

From

THE CHAIRMAN,

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

VIZAGAPATAM.

To

The Secretary to
Government
Local & municipal Dept.
Through the Collector
Vizagapatam

Dated
Despatched
Received } _____ 189

No.

Enclosures.

SUBJECT.

Annual Concise
Report of the District
Medical & Sanitary
Officer Vizagapatam
for 1897 — 1898

No. 30.

Vizagapatam Hindu College

15th August 1898.

From

M.R.Ry. P. T. Srinivas Iyengar avl. M.A.

Principal, Hindu College,

Vizagapatam.

MUNICIPAL OFFICE
No. 15 85
REC. 1230
VIZAGAPATAM

To

The Chairman,

Muncipal Council,

Vizagapatam.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. 646 dated 17th May 1898, I have the honor to send herewith the report on the working of the Lower Secondary Department of this College for 1897-98.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

your most obedient Servant.

P. T. Srinivas Iyengar

Principal.

Report on the working of the Lower Secondary Department of the Hindu College, Vizagapatam for the Official year 1897-98.

Numerical strength. The strength of the Lower Secondary Department during the year under report is as follows:—

		No. on rolls on 31st March 1898.
III	Form	51
II	Do	60
I	Do	50
	Total	161

Results of the Public Examinations. During the year under report 25 applied for the Lower Secondary Examination of whom 3* came out successful.

* of these 2 passed in all subjects and 1 in Compulsory and one optional subject.

Financial. The annexed is the statement showing the receipts and expenditure during the year under report.

Vizagapatam
Hindu College
15th August 1898.

D. D. Drummond Esq
Principal.

7
2963/M/98

Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Lower Secondary Department of the Hindu College, Vizagapatam for the Official year 1897-98.

Receipts.						Expenditure.						Excess or Deficit			Remarks.
No.	Items.	Amount.				No.	Items.	Amount							
		Rs	a	p.				Rs	a	p.		Rs	a	p.	
1	School fees	1860	3	6		1	Teaching Staff	1854	8	-					
2	Other fees	75	8	-		2	House-rent and Taxes	60	4	6					
3	Subscriptions	37	4	-		3	Repairs	20	4	8					
4	Grants	137	14	8		4	Library	121	15	3					
5	Interest	28	10	5		5	Servants	315	9	2					
6	Miscellaneous (Fines)	10	9	-		6	Furniture &c	8	6	4					
						7	Miscellaneous (Contingencies)	197	6	-					
												Deficit			
	Total	2150	1	7			Total	2575	5	11		425	4	4	

Vizagapatam
Hindu College
15th August 1898.

Principal

2963/m/98

Report on the working of the Middle School Dept. for 1897—1898.

	Third Form	Second Form	First Form	Fourth Class Upper Primary	Third Class	Second Class	First Class	Infant Class	Total	Average number on Rolls	Average daily attendance	European and Eurasian	Native Christians	Muhammadans	Brahmans	Non-Brahmans	Panchamas or Parayas	Others	Richer classes paying more than Rs 500	Paying an annual income of Rs 200 & upwards	Poorer classes paying less than Rs 200	Officials	Both Officials & Private Students	Lawyers	Land-holders	Artizans	Coolies	Domestics	Others	English	Sanskrit	Telugu	Vaccinated	Small pox marks	No. of Illiterate Students	Government examinations: Lower Secondary Examination — No. sent up	Lower Secondary Examination — No. passed	Primary Examination — No. sent up	Primary Examination — No. passed
46		55	76						177	176	155	2	6	7	82	79	—	—	5	114	59	89	19	23	26	8	—	—	10	177	12	165	154	23	12	8	40	28
Girls		1	4						2	2	2	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	2	0	2				
Boys				53					53	53	48	—	2	5	14	31	1	—	1	18	34	19	—	13	19	2	—	—	—	53	—	53	39	14	0				
Girls				1					1	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—													1		1	1	0					
	Boys				33	39	19	13	104	100	88	4	14	11	20	54	1		1	27	76	31	14	10	24	7	13	1	4	104	—	104	63	41	0				
	Girls					1			1	1	1		1							1		1								1		1	1	0					
47		56	76	54	33	40	19	13	338	333	295	7	26	23	116	164	2	—	7	161	169	142	33	46	71	17	13	1	14	338	12	326	246	78	1				

Lower Secondary

Upper Primary

Lower Primary

London Mission High School,
Vizagapatam.
6th September 1898.

D. Rayanna
Master

Enclosure III & IV

189

in a letter No. 1471 dt 14-9-98

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

From

THE CHAIRMAN,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,
VIZAGAPATAM.

To

The Secretary to Govt
Local & Municipal Dept
Through the Collector
Vizagapatam

Dated
Despatched } _____ 189
Received

No.

Enclosures.

SUBJECT.

Annual Report on the working of the middle School Department of Hindu College & London Mission High School Vizagapatam

Proceedings of the Municipal Council, Vizagapatam at its meeting held on Friday the 9th September 1898 at the Municipal Hall.

Present.

M. R. Ry P. Kristnaswamy Naidu garu L.M.&S. Chairman M.C.
— R. Govindarow Naidu garu Ex officio
— B. Suryanarayana Sastry garu B.A.+B.L.
— P. T. Srinivasa Iyengar avergal M.A.+L.T.
— W. Bangaiah Chetty garu B.A.+B.L.
— B. Narsimheswara Sarma garu B.A.+B.L.
— V. Appalanarasimhulu Chetty garu
— Pundit Sheo Narayana Tewari garu
— Munshi Shaik Mowla Saheb garu
— J. V. Appalanarsiah Pantulu garu
— M. Appalanarsiah Naidu garu
— D. Venkatanarsiah Naidu garu
— G. Nookayya Chetty garu
— C. Subramanya Sastri garu

Read Administration Report of the Vizagapatam municipality for 1897-98.

Proposed by M.R.Ry. B. Suryanarayana Sastry garu that the report of the Chairman be adopted and the Council do express its regret for the delay in submitting it. Seconded by Munshi Shaik Mowla Saheb.

Carried

2. The Council requests the Chairman to take serious notice of the Conduct of the clerks for whose default the report has been delayed. Proposed by M.R.Ry B. Suryanarayana Sastry garu and seconded by M.R.Ry B. Narsimheswara Sarma garu —

Carried - M.R.Ry V. Appalanarsimha Chetty dissenting.

Signed P. Kristnaswamy
Chairman M.C.

True Copy
P. Kristnaswamy
Chairman M.C.

3/2963/m/198

Deaths from 1st April 1897 to 31st March 1898

Cholera		Small Pox		Fever		Bowel Complaints		Accidents		Wounds		Snake bite		All other causes		Total		Grand Total	Births from 1st April 1897 to 31st March 1898		
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		M	F	Total
74	62	2	1	121	113	114	83	8	6	1	-	-	1	320	275	640	541	1181	584	527	1111

Govt. Medl. Store Office.

Extract from the visitors book of the Civil Hospital, Vizagapatam.

Visited the Civil Hospital, under the charge of Mr. Dristnaswamy Naidu Assistant to the District Medl. and Sanitary Officer. There are 42 beds, and there are to day 26 patients, 5 of whom are women. The Hospital is admirably situated and is well planned and in good order. The only criticism, I would offer, is that the female ward is too close to the male Surgical ward. New wards for Caste patients are being built, and I have gladly consented that they should be named after me.

The attendance of out door patients 150 to 200 a day, in a population of 34,000, seems satisfactory.

(Sd) H. E. Havelock.
Governor.

19th February 1898

True Copy,

Surgeon Lieut. Col.
Distr. Medl. & Sanr. Offr.

Vizagapatam
20/5/98

11
2963/m/98

Extract from the visitors book of the Civil Hospital, Vizagapatam,

Inspected the Hospital, which is in good order, and the patients well looked after. The new isolated wards for caste patients, are a great improvement but it is a pity they were not constructed on the type design. The essentials of this design could now be added with little additional Expense, and would improve them. I would again call attention to my remarks recorded in January 1896.

(1) A type design plain out-patients department.

(2) Separate ward for females suffering from venereal diseases.

(3) Isolation huts for Septic and dirty cases, male and female.

(4) Equipment to be brought up to the minimum Scale.

(5) Provision in other part of the town for Cholera and Small-pox cases during Epidemics in type design.

These

9
2963/M/98

(b) There should be some provision in the Hospital for isolating small-pox cases males and female.

In such a large institution there should be a European or Eurasian trained Sick Nurse as matron over the male and female ward attendants and in charge of the bedding and clothing.

The system of obtaining Supplies from a Contractor is not recommended

The kitchen requires a Chimney.

(Sd) C. Sibthorpe
Surgeon Major General
Surgeon General with the Govt. of Madras.

September 22nd 1897.

(True Copy)

W. Beaumont
Surgeon Lieut Col
Distt. Medical & Sanit. offr

Vizagapatam
20-5-1898

8
2963/M/98

STATEMENT I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam during the official year 1897-98.

	Actuals 1897-98				Budget	Revised	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
	Details of Minor Heads.		Totals of Major Heads.		Estimate for 1897-98.	Estimate for 1897-98.	
1	2		3		4	5	6
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1. BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD—			311536 2 10		213700	311570	12635 3 5
a. Municipal Fund							
b. Endowments							
c. Water-tax Fund							
2. MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES—							
a. Tax on arts, &c. (section 53) ..	2785 8 -				5970 - -	5730 - -	5091 - 3
b. Tax on buildings (section 63) ..	9337 10 6				16350	23230 - -	15826 15 5
c. Tax on lands (section 63) ..	202 11 6				730 - -	870 - -	663 3 6
d. Water-tax on buildings and lands (section 75)	4919 2 -				6000 - -	15040 - -	
e. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins (section 77) ..	862 - -				1370 - -	1620 - -	1357 8 -
f. Tax on animals (section 77) ..	818 - -				1430 - -	1720 - -	1309 8 -
g. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs (section 85) ..	394 - -				390 - -	760	323 - -
h. Tolls (section 91)—							
Gross receipts 1735-8-5 1096-6-5 1839-2-0	11839 2 -				11940 - -	11760 - -	11509 1 5
Less Local Fund share ..							
i. Penalties on account of—							
i. Tax on arts					40 - -	40 - -	
ii. Tax on buildings ..					20 - -	20 - -	
iii. Tax on lands					10 - -	10 - -	
iv. Water-tax on buildings and lands							
v. Tax on vehicles, &c. ..					20	20 - -	
vi. Tax on animals					20 - -	20 - -	
vii. Tax on carts, &c. ..					20 - -	20 - -	
vii. Evasion of tolls							
3. REALIZATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS—			31358 2 -				
a. Pounds							
b. Ferry rents	X						
c. Fees under Act II of 1888 ..	310		310 - -		100	100	504 2 -
Carried forward ..			31668 2 -		44410 - -	60380 - -	36578 6 7

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of during the official year 189 -9 —*continued*.

——	189 -9 . Details of Minor Heads.	189 -9 . Totals of Major Heads.	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Actuals, 189 -9 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		31668 2	44410	40770 - -	36578 6 7
4. REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—					
a. i. Rent of lands	81 10 11		60 - -	80 - -	134 6 3
ii. Rent of buildings					
iii. Avenue receipts	74 1 6		50 - -	50 - -	66 5 9
iv. Fees from Travellers' Bungalows	23 - -				
b. i. Sale-proceeds of lands and buildings	43 7 6	178125	30,000		
ii. Produce of lands, gardens, &c.			100 - -	100 - -	27 2
iii. Sale-proceeds of old materials, empty oil cans, packing cases, &c.	409 10 3	453 9	50 - -	2,000 - -	8 - -
c. Conservancy receipts—					
Sale-proceeds of night-soil, street refuse, &c.	36 10 9		30 - -	50 - -	15 8 8
d. i. Fees from educational institutions	44 1 -		40 - -	40 - -	39 4 1
ii. Other revenue from educational institutions ..					
e. i. Sale-proceeds and composition fees of medicines ..					
ii. Other Hospital receipts ..					
f. i. Income from markets ..	588 5 8	X	540 - -	600 - -	533 14 2
ii. „ slaughter-houses.	1,234 6 3		1,290 - -	1,230 - -	1288 14 5
g. Other fees					
i. Distraint fees	17 8 -		50 - -	50 - -	15 11 -
ii. License fees	243 - 6		300 - -	300 - -	127 2 -
iii. Cartstand fees	1,029 5 3		1,210 - -	1,030 - -	1177 6 5
iv. Other fees	8 -		10 - -	10 - -	1 - -
h. Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	588 2 2		660 - -	660 - -	52 11 -
i. Interest on investments					
i. General, including choultries					
ii Educational					
iii. Medical					
j. Premium on loans					
		4413 13 9			
Carried forward ..		36081 15 9	78800 - -	66,580 - -	40,065 12 4

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of during the official year 189 -9 —*cont.*

——	189 -9 . Details of Minor Heads.	189 -9 . Totals of Major Heads.	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Actuals, 189 -9 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward .		35764 - 7 / 36081 15 9	78800 - -	66580 - -	40065 12 4
5. GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS—					
a. From Government—					
i. Education—					
Normal stipends			70 - -	100 - -	133 9 1
Buildings					
Municipal Schools ..					
Other purposes			270 - -	270 - -	
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes—					
Communications ..					
Water-supply			79000 - -	50,000	140900
Drainage					
Sanitation					
Other purposes ..			20 - -	20 - -	14 - -
b. From Local Boards—					
i. Education					
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes	700 - -		700 - -	700 - -	700 - -
c. Other grants and contributions—					
i. Education	12 8 -				
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes Poorhouse.	34 - -		460 - -	370 - -	38 - -
					3,298 11 11
6. MISCELLANEOUS—		746 8			
a. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals—					
i. Private scavenging ..	1,802 6 11		2,400 - -	2550 - -	2041 15 1
ii. Other purposes	3 - -		10 - -	10 - -	3 - -
		1805 6 11			
b. Other items—					
i. Fishery rents	314 9 6		420 - -	310 - -	423 6 2
ii. Refunds of Expenditure of previous year	11 12 -				4 -
iii. Fee for numbering carts, &c.	7 14 -		20 -	20 - -	14 2
iv. Other items	7 8 -		30 - -	30 - -	5 12 1
		341 11 6			
Carried forward ..		38975 10 2	153200 - -	120870 - -	186738 8 8

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of during the official year 189 -9 —*cont.*

—	189 -9 . Details of Minor Heads.	189 -9 . Totals of Major Heads.	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Estimate for 189 -9 .	Actuals, 189 -9 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		38975 10 2	153200 - -	120870 - -	186738 4 8
7. EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT—					
a. Sale-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.					
b. Loans—					
i. From Government ..	60,500 - -		50,500 - -	60,500 - -	150,000 - -
ii. In the market from private individuals					20,000
c. Realizations of Sinking fund for repayment of loans.					
d. Advances—					
i. Permanent	21 13 -	60521 13 3			6 4 11
ii. Others					
Total Receipts ..		99497 4 5	203700 - -	181370 - -	356745 7 7
Grand Total ..		411033 10 3	417400 - -	492940	369380 11 -

NOTE TO STATEMENT I.

1. Tax on arts, &c., is levied on ~~the first~~ all classes.
2. Tax on buildings is levied at 8½ per cent. and tax on lands at 8 ½ per cent. of rent value. annas for every 80 square yards.
3. Water-tax on buildings and lands is levied at 8 per cent. in Town and 4 per cent in Wallaja
4. Tax on vehicles and animals is levied at ~ the maximum rates.
5. Tax on carts, &c., is levied at Rs. 4 per cart. per annum.
6. Tolls are levied at ~ the maximum rates.
7. License-fees are levied at the rates sanctioned in G.O. &o 319 535 dt 4th January & 27th March 1896
8. The house-tax registers were last revised in the official year 18 95/96 and the land tax registers in the official year.
9. Total extent of land assessed is ~ acres.
10. The mode of estimating the annual rental of houses and lands is as follows :—

In cases of houses the actual rent they are paying or had last paid is taken as Rent Value; in other cases the gross annual rent at which a building might reasonably be accepted to let with reference to rent paid to similar houses in the neighbourhood is taken.

The land tax is assessed ordinarily on the rent of which the land had leased out the land and in other cases the rent value is fixed with reference to the rent paid for similar lands in the neighbourhood.

P Krishnaswami
Chairman. Mb.

Vizagapatam
12th September 1898

STATEMENT I-A.—Endowments entrusted to the Municipal Council under Sections 25 and 26 of Act V of 1884 for the official year 189 -9

Name of Institution	Amount of Funded Capital.	Opening Balance.	Interest, Produce of Land, or Rent of buildings.	Appropriation from Capital for Expenditure.	Private Contributions and Donations.	Sale of Medicines or Sundry Property.	Total (Columns 4—7).	CONTRIBUTION FROM: Local Funds.	CONTRIBUTION FROM: Provincial Funds.	Total Receipts (Columns 3, 8 and 9).	Appropriation from Municipal Funds (Column 16 *minus* Column 10).	Invested.	Current Charges.	Total (Statement II).	Allotted for Public Works, (Statement II-A)	Total Charges (Column 14 *plus* Column 15).	Closing Balance (Column 10 *minus* Column 16).	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	RS	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98.

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
GRANT I—(*Public Works*)—					
1. New Works—					
a. Communications	2419 7 1		2000 - -	2400 - -	3357 3 4
b. Buildings	780 15 2		2000 - -	1050 - -	2631 12 1
c. Drainage	484 13 5		5000 - -	290 - -	238 12 -
d. Water-supply	159262 7 3		311000 - -	159300 - -	110 14 8
e. Miscellaneous	76 6 3	163224 1 4	50 - -	400 - -	29 7 9
2. Repairs—					
a. Communications	5617 15 3		5900 - -	5900 - -	5812 4 7
b. Buildings	320 13 8		700 - -	700 - -	717 7 10
c. Drainage—					
i. Repairs to works ..	1079 4 1		700 - -	990 - -	419 10 8
ii. Establishment for flushing drains, &c.	1532 9 2		1560 - -	1560 - -	1567 6 -
d. Water-supply—					
i. Repairs to works, machinery, &c	121 14 7		400 - -	400 - -	379 11 8
ii. Establishment	36 - -	8708 8 9	40 - -	40 - -	36 - -
iii. Contingencies					
3. Establishment	830 14 1	830 14 1	850 - -	850 - -	863 5 2
4. Tools and Plant and other stores.	27 10 -	27 10 -	50 - -	50 - -	118 1 10
5. Contributions—					
a. To Local Boards for works ..					
b. To Provincial Funds for scrutiny of estimates, &c. ..					
c. To others for public works ..	500 - -	500 - -	500 - -	500 - -	
Total, Grant I ..		173291 2 2	330750 - -	174630 - -	16282 1 7
GRANT II—(*Education*)—					
1. Training Schools—					
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Stipends to Normal students ..	19 - -		120 - -	120 - -	302 14 8
2. Municipal Schools—					
i On Salary System—					
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies		19			
Carried forward ..		19 - -	120 - -	120 - -	302 14 8

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98.—*cont.*

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		19 - -	120 - -	120 - -	302 14 8
GRANT II—(*Education*)—cont.					
ii. On Salary-Results System—					
a. Fixed Payments	835 15 7		950 - -	950 - -	847 8 10
b. Result Grants	260 4 -		200 - -	200 - -	188 10 -
c. Contingencies	205 - -	1301 3 7	200 - -	200 - -	283 10 4
3. Salary Grants	768 9 4	768 9 4	900 - -	900 - -	808 - 8
4. Results Grants	1706 12 -	1706 12 -	1700 - -	1700 - -	1668 9 -
5. Combined Grants—					
a. Fixed Payments					
b. Result Grants					
6. Inspection—					
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Municipal Inspectors—					
i. Establishment	220 - -		240 - -	240 - -	226 12 7
ii. Contingencies	22 - -	242 - -	10 - -	20 - -	25 7 10
7. Miscellaneous—					
a. Building, furniture, &c., grants ..	362 6 9		300 - -	400 - -	32 4 1
b. Common gymnasium—					
i. Establishment	130 - -		180 - -	150 - -	49 8 9
ii. Contingencies			20 - -	20 - -	18 14 -
c. Common Drawing Master—					
i. Establishment					
ii. Contingencies J. Ramanaiah	237 11 - 25 - -		480 - -	380 - -	240 - -
d. Other items	14 14 -	769 15 9	780 - -	532 - -	556
Total, Grant II ..		4807 8 8	5380 - -	5180 - -	4703 12 9
GRANT III—(*Sanitation and Medical Services*).					
1. Hospitals and Dispensaries—					
a. Establishment					
b. Medicines and Supplies					
c. Diet of Patients					
d. Sundries and Contingencies ..					
e. Contributions to ~~Local Boards~~ Cantonment Dispensary Committee &c., &c., &c. Vizagapatam	2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -
Carried forward ..		2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98—*cont.*

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Total of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -	2400 - -
GRANT III—*Sanitation and Medical Services*—cont.					
2. *a.* CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVINCIAL FUNDS FOR—					
i. Medical College ..	225 - -		190 - -	190 - -	183 - -
ii. Sanitary Inspection ..	140 - -		190 - -	190 - -	146 - -
iii. Medical Reserve staff ..	49 - -	414 - -	60 - -	60 - -	41 - -
iv. Cutlers' Establishment ..					
b. CONTRIBUTIONS TO LOCAL BOARDS, &C., FOR—					
i. Medical Schools ..					
ii. Reserve staff					
&c., &c., &c, ..					
c. OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS					
3. VACCINATION—					
a. Establishment	216 - -		220 - -	220 - -	204 4 10
b. Contingencies	213 8 7	429 8 7	100 - -	180 - -	168 12 11
c. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
4. REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS—					
a. Establishment	627 2 9		630 - -	630 - -	635 - 4
b. Contingencies	72 6 10	699 9 7	100 - -	100 - -	23 1 -
5. CONSERVANCY, ROAD CLEANING AND ROAD WATERING—					
a. i. Establishment	8548 10 5		8420 - -	8420 - -	8366 3 9
ii. Other charges such as purchase or hire of carts, dry earth, purchase and maintenance or hire of bullocks, &c. ..	3108 14 10		3300 - -	3300 - -	3095 14 9
b. Private scavenging—					
i. Establishment	2079 14 6		2120 - -	2120 - -	2090 10 -
ii. Contingencies, such as cost of scavenging carts, &c. ..	486 9 -		300 - -	490 - -	
c. Cholera charges ..	1427 13 4		1500 - -	1500 - -	1710 6 6
d. Contingencies	185 5 1		200 - -	200 - -	355 13 1
&c., &c., &c. ..		1587 3 2			
Total, Grant III ..		1980 5 4	19730 - -	20000 - -	19420 3 2

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98—*cont.*

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*).					
1. LIGHTING—					
a. Establishment	612 2 3		620 - -	620 - -	525 9 -
b. Contingencies	2039 12 -		2000 - -	2000 - -	2149 1 -
2. i. MARKETS—		2657 14 3			
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies					
ii. SLAUGHTER-HOUSES—					
a. Establishment	131 10 -		130 - -	130 - -	131 12 -
b. Contingencies	10 - -		10 - -	10 - -	6 3
3. CHOULTRIES—		132 4 -			
a. Establishment	384 - -		390 - -	390 - -	384 - -
b Contingencies	1937 4 10		1200 - -	1900 - -	1118 15 3
c. Feeding Travellers		2321 4 10			
4. TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOWS—					
a. Establishment	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -
b. Contingencies					
5. AVENUES—					
a. Establishment	156 - -		170 - -	170 - -	162 - -
b. Contingencies	1 - -		20 - -	20 - -	- - -
6. PUBLIC GARDEN—		156 1 -			
a. Establishment					
b. Purchase of seeds, repair of well, purchase of bullocks, &c. ..	12 8 -	12 8 -	40 - -	40 - -	12 3 -
7. SURVEY OF LAND					
8. FIRE—					
a. Establishment					
b. Purchase of fire-engine, buckets, repairs, &c.	20 - -	20 - -	20 - -	70 - -	104 3 6
9. OTHER CHARGES—					
i. Work done for private individuals other than private scavenging					
Carried forward ..		5294 - 1	4600 - -	5350 - -	4588 2 -

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98 —*cont.*

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		5294 - 1	4600 - -	5350 - -	4588 2 -
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*)—cont.					
9. Other Charges—*cont.*					6 6
ii. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes ..	32 8		30 - -	30 - -	21 13 6
iii. Printing	424 11 9		400 - -	520 - -	370 11 -
iv. Compensation for lands ..	25989 11 2		26200 - -	26200 - -	7529 - 8
v. Other items			220 - -	220 - -	133 3 9
Water plug.	93 2 -				
Hot-weather allowance	50 10 8				
Out-turn of Land.	3 13 7	26579 9 2			
Total, Grant IV ..		31856 7 3	31450 - -	33910 - -	12602 14 11
GRANT V—					
a. General Establishment—					
i. Office Establishment ..	1403 5 8		1410 - -	1410 - -	1499 - -
ii. Inspection	282 10 8		480 - -	280 - -	480 - -
b. Collection of Municipal Taxes—					
i. Establishment	1318 - -		1330 - -	1330 - -	1317 5 8
ii. Purchase of account books, paper, money-boxes, repair to out-posts, &c. ..	619 10 -		270 - -	270 - -	276 7 3
c. Collection of Tolls—					
i. Establishment					
ii. Contingencies					
d. Office contingencies other than (b) (ii)	829 3 4		600 - -	700 - -	772 10 6
e. Contributions for Central office and Audit establishments ..	460 - -		460 - -	460 - -	353 - -
Total, Grant V ..		4912 13 8	4560 - -	4450 - -	4698 7 5
Repayment of Debt—					
a. Instalments paid during the year.			10000	6170 - -	
b. Invested on account of Sinking Fund (Value of securities purchased)					
c. Charges of investment ..					
Interest—					
a. On account of last year ..	8842 9 1				
b. „ of current years.		8842 9 1	1000	7380 - -	

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98 —*cont.*

—	1897-98. Details of Minor Heads.	1897-98. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1897-98.	Revised Estimate for 1897-98.	Actuals, 1896-97 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Advances recoverable—					
a. Permanent					20 - -
b. Others	1528 15 9				109 - 4
Refunds of other than current collections ..	12 8 -			20 - -	3 - -
Discount					
Pensions and gratuities					
Investments—					
a. In Government securities for purposes other than Sinking Fund		1541 7 9			
b. In Savings Bank					
Total Expenditure ..		245031 15 11	402860 - -	257140 - -	357544 8 2
Balances—					
a. Municipal Fund		-22688 4 11	14540 - -	-2590 - -	311536 2 10
b. Endowments					
c. Water-tax Fund		188689 15 3		243790 - -	
Grand Total ..		411033 10 3	417400 - -	492940 - -	369380 11 -

Note to Statement II.

Position of the Municipality of Vizagapatam *on* 31*st March* 1898. Chairman M.C.

Liabilities.	RS.	Assets.		RS.
Liabilities—		Municipal Balance ..	Cash	166001-10-4
Balance of Loans	230500		Securities	
Deposits to be adjusted ..	2922-12-9	Deposit Balance ..	Cash	2822-12-9
Other Liabilities (in detail)			Securities	100- - -
		Sinking Fund of loans		
		Funded Capital of endowed institutions, Hospitals, &c.		
			Total ..	168924-7-1
		Value of Premises, &c.		47624-7-6
		Do. of Tools and plant		867-7-6
		Do. of Live stock		
		Do. of Furniture		1403-9-0
		Arrears of taxes, &c.		30964-7-3
		Other assets (in detail)		
			Total ..	80859-15-3
		Claims—		
		Advances Recoverable—		
		Permanent advance		25-0-0
		Advances for works, &c.		165-13-11
			Total ..	190-13-11
Total ..	233422-12-9	Grand Total		249975-4-3

Vizagapatam
14 September 1898

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure on Public Works.

Part I.—New Works.

Number.	Project.	Amount of estimate.	Past expenditure.			Expenditure in 189 -9 .			Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
		Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
(a)	Communications								
1	Reconstructing Approach road								
&	to Dondra parish with masonry								
&	works ———	1300				1240	3	9	
2	do Road in the Happaram								
	palam ———	2000				1078	11	2	
3	do Road to Varalla Kovam	98				92	3	11	
4	do Culvert in main								
	Road Fort	10				8	2	0	
	Total ..	3408				2419	7	1	
(b)	Buildings								
1	Cost of the materials of								
2	an Open Double Latrine	1200				729	12	9	
2²	Reconstructing Tatty								
	Latrine	200				185	4	-	
3	Thatching sheep pen and								
	house ———	50				45	15	2	
4	Reconstructing three Generators	20				19	15	3	
	Total ..	1470				980	15	2	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part I.—New Works.—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Amount of estimate.	Past expenditure.			Expenditure in 189 -9 .			Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
		Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
(c)	Drainage								
1	Supporting V Drains.								
2	converting them from	280							
3	their shape into U shape.					254	15	3	
2	Reconstructing a drain								
	~~from~~ Sykes tank	30				26	12	2	
3	Levelling the pile								
	acquired for sewage								
	farm ———					203	2	-	
	Total ..	310				484	13	5	
(d)	Water-supply								
1	Amount placed								
2	at the disposal of P.W.D								
3	for Hanumanthavaka								
	water works ———	421000				150000			
2	do Revenue office for								
	compensation.					8909	9	8	
3	Reconstructing Pallapu								
	well	270				229	8	6	
4	Reconstructing a well								
	in Court Plaza ———	90				84	12	7	
5	Building six temporary								
	wells in the towns.	42				38	8	6	
	Total ..	421402				159262	7	5	

Miscellaneous

1 Reclaiming the pile in the farm - Rs. 48-0-0

2 Cost of allotting sites to fishermen 20:5:3

3 Cost of pego refuse to for municipality 3-1-0

Total 76.6.3

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

PART II.—Repairs.

Number.	Project.	Grant.			Actual expenditure.			REMARKS.
1	2	3			4			5
		RS.	A.	P	RS.	A.	P.	
(a)	Communications							Total mileage of roads streets, lanes, &c., in the town.
1	Repairing main Road				1010	12	8	
2	do Walltax main Road				465	1	6	Metalled or Gravelled 34-0-169 Unmetalled. 5-0-169
	do Bowdara Road -				384	9	8	
3								
4	Poolon Bridge Road				107	13	4	
5	District gaol Road.				298	9	6	Tallavan 2-6-42
6	Allipore main Road				156	7	.	41-7-158
7	Beach Road				186	9	.	Total mileage under maintenance.
8	Commercial shed Road				88	4	7	Metalled 26-0-0 Unmetalled.
9	Civil Dispensary Road				284	10	7	Gravelled
10	Road at the pre ingate of gaol				83	2	11	
11	Chengalvarayapeta Road				27	9	2	
12	General Hospital Road -				21	2	9	
13	Vellageddy Road				183	6	1	
14	Lyce Road				66	7	.	
15	Rail veeri Road.				8	11	8	
16	Band stand Road				27	3	.	
17	Karakachetty Road				216	.	8	
18	Allipore veeri Road				2	.	.	
19	Sondapatty Road				2	3	.	
20	Road from Lomas House to toll gate				61	7	10	
21	do Chowlery to Anikilam Bazaar				45	15	.	
22	do Thomas House to Kalakamvari				43	10	7	
23	Approach Road from main road to wood yard street.				34	10	.	
24	do Route of Sykes tank				10	6	.	
25	Road from old municipal office to Post office				22	11	3	
26	Roads in Salipeta				10	2	4	
27	Vijayaraya road				89	11	9	
28	Chinnam vari street				32	10	11	
29	Celevalavari street				15	11	6	
30	Willipalam vari street				16	6	11	
31	Jambara Naidu street				22	13	2	
32	Rajappa Naidu street				52	4	1	
33	Rohini Celebration road				125	4	1	
34	Market street				18	14	1	
35	Thummalapally vari street				48	13	1	
	Total ..							

Statement II Details of Expenditure, &c cont

Part II Repairs—

Number	Project	Grant	Actual Expenditure			Remarks
36	Vappala Agraharam street		13	4	.	
37	Railway station Road		7	8	8	
38	Gracesabrow street		37	11	4	
39	Repairing woodyard street		86	1	11	
40	Raja Gajapatirow street		159	9	8	
41	Gangabathula street		34	13	6	
42	Chittivari street		22	6	8	
43	Temple street		73	9	5	
44	Wada street		49	8	3	
45	Vellavari street		32	5	4	
46	Rudrivari street		26	3	5	
47	Kowdlavari street		9	9	1	
48	Reddivari street		46	15	9	
49	Pallavari street		11	15	3	
50	Chaganticvari street		13	3	2	
51	Gannavari street		25	7	9	
52	Boyi street & a lane leading to it		33	2	7	
53	Devaravari street		67	12	11	
54	Bondavari street		22	7	2	
55	Gajula street		36	13	10	
56	Rent of land used for gravel pits		40	.	.	
57	Removing silt & preparing underdrains		81	5	6	
58	Repairing lane near B. N. Sarma House-		14	15	3	
59	do do New Municipal office		17	.	8	
60	Removing sand from tree beach Road —		382	11	6	
			5617	15	3	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

PART II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Grant.			Actual expenditure.			Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
(b)	Buildings							
1	Repairing Pucca latrine				97	1	1	
2	do Temporary do				24	6	6	
3	do Cholera shed				81	4		
4	do Bullo slaughter house				27	2	8	
5	do Sheep slaughter do				73	3	6	
6	do Poor house				17	15	11	
	Total ..				320	13	8	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Grant.			Actual expenditure.			Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
		Rs.	A.	P	Rs.	A	P.	
(c) 1	Drainage Repairing drains with cement							
1	Do Pursi				241	14	3	
2	Do Drain in Lauchari street				96	6	4	
3	Do Do Fort				14	14	.	
4	Do Alipore & Sondaparry				7	7	10	
5	Do Do Town				35	7	10	
6	Do Do Normal school							
	Do Mission Girl school.				5	11	.	
7	Removing sand from drain				173	5	6	
8	Bailing out sewage, water from swamp				137	12	.	
9	Flushing drains with Sea water				366	5	4	
	Total ..				1079	4	1	
(d)	Water-supply							
1	Repairing well in ceremonial shed				7	15	.	
2	Do Dyhs tank				21	10	6	
3	Do Chank pleud				2	15	.	
4	Do Beach side				11	12	6	
5	Do washermen pettai				8	12	.	
6	Do Alipore				7	1	.	
7	Do Parade ground				13	6	.	
8	Do Wallatr				4	5	.	
9	Do Venkobayi well				1	2	.	
10	Do Sheppar avupalam				28	13	1	
11	Removing silt from wells				14	2	6	
	Total ..				121	14	7	

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments.

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A	P.
GRANT I.—2. *c.* Drainage—							
Overseers							
Drain cleaners @ Rs 3. 4-0.. each.	37	120	4	.	1443	.	.
Water women	4	8	.	.	96	.	.
Total ..	41	128	4	.	1539	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					6	6	10
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					1532	9	2
d. Water works—							
Overseers							
Watchmen	1	3	.	.	36	.	.
Total ..	1	3	.	.	36	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					.	.	.
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					.	.	.
Balance (Statement II) ..					36	.	.
3. General.—							
Overseers Day 40+.12 House allowance	1	52	.	.	624	.	.
Maistries	1	12	.	.	144	.	.
Lascar	1	4	.	.	48	.	.
Total ..	3	68	.	.	816	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					14	14	1
Drawing for mo							
Balance (Statement II) ..					830	14	1

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments *cont.*

——	Number	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—							
1. Training Schools—							
Pupils receiving scholarships							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
2. Municipal Schools—							
a. On the Salary System—							
Head Master							
1st Assistant Master							
2nd „ „							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

——	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—*cont.*							
b. On the Salary Result System—							
1 Head Master	1	12	..	..	144	..	..
1 Asst- do	1	10	..	..	120	..	..
1 do do	1	9	..	..	108	..	..
1 do do	1	8	..	..	96	..	..
3 do do @ Rs 6-- each	3	18	..	..	216	..	..
1 do do	1	5	..	..	60	..	..
1 Peon	1	3	..	..	36	..	..
3 Peons @ Rs 2-- each	3	6	..	..	72	..	..
Total ..	12	71	..	..	852	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					16	5	
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					835	15	7

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—EDUCATION—*cont.*							
6. INSPECTION—							
Inspecting schoolmaster	1	20	.	.	240	.	.
Total ..	1	20	.	.	240	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					20	.	.
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					220	.	.
7. *b.* GYMNASTIC INSTRUCTORS	1	12	.	.	144	.	.
Total ..	1	12	.	.	144	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					14	.	.
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					130	.	.
8. DRAWING MASTERS .. Pay 30+2 .. allowance	1	32	.	.	384	.	.
Total ..	1	32	.	.	384	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages .					106	7	.
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					277	9	.

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—SANITATION AND MEDICAL SERVICES—							
1. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES—							
Medical Subordinates							
,, ,, ...							
Midwife							
Clerk							
Compounder							
Servants							
,, ...							
,, ...							
Nil							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
3. Vaccination—							
Vaccinators	1	18			216		
Peons							
Total ..	1	18			216		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					216		
4. Registration—							
1 Superintendent	1	15			180		
Registrars 1 Asst	1	7	8		90		
6 Sub Registrars @ Rs 6 each	6	30			360		
Peons							
Total ..	8	52	8		630		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					2	13	3
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					627	2	9

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*		Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
5. *a.* "Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering."—							
Sanitary Nuisance Inspectors	1	49			588		
Asst do "	1	25			300		
Jemadars @ Rs 8 .. .. each	2	8			96		
Conservancy Inspectors ..	1	16			192		
Mistries do	1	11			132		
Scavengers do .. do	3	30			360		
Sweepers do .. do @ Rs 10 ..	3	27			324		
do do @ Rs 9 ..	2	16			192		
do do @ Rs 8 ..	1	7	8		90		
do do	18	63			756		
Diggers @ Rs 3-8 ..	26	97	8		1170		
Male Coolies @ Rs 3-12 ..	31	69	12		837		
Female do @ Rs 2-4 ..	31	100	12		1209		
Man pumpers @ Rs 3-4 ..	88	176			2112		
Women do @ Rs 2 ..	1	3			36		
Barber	1	1			12		
Washer							
Total ..	212	728	8		8442		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					10	13	7
Add ~~arrears for last year paid this year~~ .. Pay & Commutation of the Sanitary Inspectors					70	4	8
T. Allowance paid to him as per G.O. and Conservancy Inspectors. Balance (Statement II) ..					8501	10	5

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
b. Private Scavenging—							
Inspectors	1	11	8		138		
Maistries .. @ Rs 4 each	1	5			60		
Male Scavengers .. @ .. 5 .. do	3	12			144		
do do @ 4-8-0 do	3	15			180		
do do @ 4-8-0 do	8	36			432		
do do @ 3-8-0 do	1	3	8		42		
@ 4-0-0 do	1	4			48		
Female @ 3-0-0 do	3	9			108		
do @ 2-8-0 do	2	5			60		
do @ 2-4-0	31	69	12		837		
do @ 2-0-0	2	4			48		
do do 1-4-0	1	1	4		15		
do @ 0-8-0	1		8		6		
Total ..	58	176	8		2118		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					38	1	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					2079	14	6
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—							
1. Lighting—							
Superintendents	2	20			240		
Masalchies .. @ Rs. 4-0-0 each	8	32			384		
Total ..	10	52			624		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					11	13	9
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					612	2	3

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont*							
2. i. Markets—							
Superintendents		Nil.					
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
ii. Slaughter-houses—							
Superintendents							
Servants @ Rs 3-8-0 each	2	7			84		
do @ Rs 2-0-0 each	2	4			48		
Total ..	4	11			132		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					131	10	
3. Choultries— 1 superintendent	1	15			180		
Servants male cook	1	4			48		
Female do	1	2			24		
water women	2	4			48		
Dhoby	1	2	8		30		
Barber	1		8		6		
Police @ Rs 2-0-0 each	2	4			48		
Total ..	9	32			384		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					384		

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.*							
4. Travellers' Bungalows—							
Maty		Nil					
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
5. Avenues—							
Servants .. Male	1	3	8		42		
do @ Rs 3 per cal	2	6			72		
do @ Rs 2 per each	2	4			48		
Total ..	5	13	8		162		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					6		
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					156		
6. Public Garden—							
Gardeners		Nil					
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.*							
8. Fire—							
Servants		Nil					
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
9.—							
		Nil					

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—							
i. Office—							
Manager	1	60	.	✓	720	.	.
Clerks							
,, ...							
,, ...							
Accountants	1	40	.	.	480	.	.
Peons @ Rs. 6 each ..	2	12	.	✓	144	.	.
do @ Rs. 5 do	1	5	.	✓	60	.	.
Total ..	5	117	.	.	1404	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..						10	4
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					1403	5	8
ii. Inspection—							
Chairman's salary or carriage allowance @ Rs 40 pm	1	40	.	✓	480	.	.
Total ..	1	40	.	.	480	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					197	5	4
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					282	10	8

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—*cont.*							
b. Collection—	1	17	8	✓	210	.	.
Clerks	1	15	.	✓	180	.	.
Bill Collectors Sheriffs	1	15	.	✓	180	.	.
Peons Bill Collectors	1	9	.	✓	108	.	.
do @ Rs 8	2	16	.	✓	192	.	.
do @ Rs 7	2	14	.	✓	168	.	.
do @ Rs 6	4	24	.	✓	288	.	.
Total ..	12	110	8	✓	1326	.	.
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					8	.	.
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					1318	.	.
c. Collection of tolls—							
Inspectors							
Gate-keepers							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

STATEMENT III.—*Municipality of*

Abstract of

Deposits Account for the year 189 -9 .

	RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
Balance brought forward ..	3546	5	9				
				1. Credited to Municipal Funds ..	3369	6	1
1. Deposits by appellants	1279	8	6				
				2. Returned to appellants	645	5	11
2. Deposits by renters	1991	5	4				
				3. Returned to renters			
3. Deposits by contractors							
				4. Returned to contractors			
4. Deposits as security by municipal servants							
				5. Returned to municipal servants ..			
5. Deposited for the execution of work for which private parties are liable..							
				6. Returned to parties			
6. Other deposits under the Act or bye-laws	210	3	2	7. Paid to claimants	90		
Total, Receipts ..	3481	3		Total ..	4104	12	
				Balance ..	2922	12	9
Total, including balance ..	7027	8	9	Total ..	7027	8	9

STATEMENT IV-A.—*Municipality of* Vizagapatam. Demand, Collection and Balance tatement for the year 1897-98.

Current.

Tax.	Demand as originally assessed by the Chairman.			Remitted by the Council on appeal.			Demand as finally settled (column 2 *minus* column 3).			Collected.			Remitted on account of vacant houses, &c.			Written off as irrecoverable.			Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7).		
1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	5007			458			4549			2373	8								2175	8	
2. Tax on buildings	20260	5		20	15		20239	6		5829	10	6							14909	11	6
3. Tax on lands	765	7					765	7		95	4	6							670	2	6
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..	14582	5		19	2		14563			4924	2								9639	1	
5. Tolls (gross receipts)	12852						12852			12852											
6. Market rents	588						588			574									14		
7. Slaughter-house fees	1224						1224			1224											
8. Rent of cart-stands	987						987			987											
9. Private scavenging fees	2437	9	9				2437	9	9	1592	2	7							845	7	2
Vehicles	1425						1425			788	8								636	8	
Animals	1253	8					1253	8		756									497	8	
Licensing Cowrie	454						454			373									81		
Poor house subscriptions	153						153												153		
Avenues	74	1	6				74	1	6	74	1	6									
Rent of lands & gardens	136	9	11				136	9	11	109	15	4							26	10	7
Fisheries rents	312						312			312											
Total ..	62511	14	2	498	1		62013	13	2	32365	4	5							29648	8	9

Statement IV-B.—Arrears.

—	Balance of old demand.			Arrears of previous year.			Total demand.			Collected.			Remitted.			Written off.			Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7).			Years to which the balance relates.			
1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8			9			
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	B.	C.	&c.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	75	5	6	1115	.	.	1190	5	6	612	.	.	✓						578	5	6	✓	✓	✓	
2. Tax on buildings	26	14	3	4186	7	9	4213	6	.	4008	.	.	✓			34	13	.	170	9	.	170			
3. Tax on lands	5	.	.	✓ 120	8	.	✓ 125	3	.	107	7		✓						17	12	.	17	12	.	
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..																			766	10	6				
5. Tolls																									
6. Market rents				10	.	.	✓ 10	.	.	10	.	.	✓												
7. Slaughter-house fees																									
8. Rent of cart-stands				38	.	✓	38	.	.	38	.	.													
9. Private scavenging fees	19	10	4	✓ 267	14	8	287	9	.	210	4	4	✓						77	4	8				
10 Vehicles	3	.	.	✓ 165			✓ 168	.	.	73	8	.	✓						94	8	.				
11 Animals	5	8	.	✓ 215	4	.	✓ 220	12	.	62	.	.	✓						158	12	.				
12 Cemetery certs	6	.	.	✓ 52	.	.	✓ 58	.	.	21	.	.							37	.	.				
13 Poor House subscriptions	62	.	.	✓ 147	8	.	✓ 211	8	.	34	.	.	✓						177	8	.	177	8	.	
14 Rent of lands.	2	3	6	✓ 17	2	7	✓ 19	6	1	15	2	9							4	3	4	.	3	1	
Total ..	217	9	8	6334	8	.	6542	1	7	5191	6	1				34	13	.	1315	14	6				

Appendix A to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Warrants remaining unexecuted at the beginning of the year.			Warrants issued during the year.			Total.			Warrants executed and warrants cancelled during the year.			Warrants remaining unexecuted at the close of the year.			Cancelled warrants on which no collections were made.			Collected after issue of warrants, but before distraint.			Property distrained, but not sold.			Property sold.		
	Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number of cases	Amount involved.		Number of cases.	Amount.		Number of cases.	Amount realized on distraint.		Number of cases.	Amount realized by sale.	
1	2	3		4	5		6	7		8	9		10	11		12	13		14	15		16	17		18	19	
		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
1. Tax on arts, &c. ..	21	40	.	96	138	8	117	178	8	103	137	.	12	37	8	2	4		84	99	8	8	19	8	11	18	
2. Tax on buildings ..	189	423	11	26	56	14	215	480	9	164	292	.	60	157	3	8	31		109	191	9	20	21	15	37	47	13
3. Tax on lands ..																											
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..																											
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..																											
6. Tax on animals ..																											
7. Tax on carts, &c ..																											
Total ..																											

Appedix B to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Prosecutions instituted.		Collections before judgment.		Collections after judgment.		Prosecutions withdrawn or dimissed.		Balance.	
	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Number of cases.	Amount collected	Number of cases.	Amount collected.	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Number of cases.	Amount involved.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.										
2 Tax on buildings.										
3. Tax on lands ..										
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..										
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..										
6 Tax on animals ..										
7. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs.										
Total ..										

Statement V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of for the official year 189 -9 .

STATEMENT V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of . for the official year 189 -9 .

Schools.	Number of schools.				Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .		Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Receipts.					Expenditure.								Net cost to municipality.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools.	Remarks.
													Teachers.			Clerks and servants.	Stipends and scholarships.	Library furniture, apparatus and appliances.	Contingencies and miscellaneous.	Total.			
	At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed in the year.	At the close of the year.	Boys.	Girls.		Grants from Provincial Funds.	Grants from Local Funds.	School fees.	Other receipts.	Total.	Fixed salary.	Results stipends.	School fees.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
								RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
I.—Colleges										Nil													
II.—Upper Secondary Schools and Departments.																							
(1)																							
(2)																							
(3)										Nil													
Total ...																							
III.—Lower Secondary Schools and Departments.										Nil													
(a) Salary System—																							
(1)																							
(2)																							
(3)																							
Total ...																							
(b) Salary-results System—										Nil													
(1)																							
(2)																							
(3)																							
Total ...																							
Total, Colleges and Secondary Schools																							
IV.—Primary Schools and Departments.																							
(a) Salary System—																							
(1)																							
(2)																							
(3)																							
Total ...																							

Statement V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Vizagapatam for the official year 1897-98—*cont.*

Schools.	Number of schools: At the beginning of the year.	Number of schools: Opened during the year.	Number of schools: Closed in the year.	Number of schools: At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1898: Boys.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1898: Girls.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Receipts: Grants from Provincial Funds.	Receipts: Grants from Local Funds.	Receipts: School fees.	Receipts: Other receipts.	Receipts: Total.	Expenditure: Teachers: Fixed salary.	Expenditure: Teachers: Results stipends.	Expenditure: Teachers: School fees.	Expenditure: Clerks and servants.	Expenditure: Stipends and scholarships.	Expenditure: Library furniture, apparatus and appliances.	Expenditure: Contingencies and miscellaneous.	Expenditure: Total.	Net cost to municipality.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
IV.—Primary Schools and Departments—*cont.*								Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
(b) Salary-results System—																							
(1) Reahamandan																							
(2) School Post-	1	.	.	1	91	.	86	- - -	- - -	25 6 3	- - -	25 6 3	38 4 7	13 3 14 -	- - -	25 10 2	- - -	- - -	120 - -	66 12 9	64 1 6	~~1 6 1~~		7-7-44
(3)																							
Polekengawarapeta	1	-	-	1	46		40	- - -	- - -	11 15 9	- - -	11 15 9	10 13 10	7 2 12 -	- - -	25 10 2	- - -	- - -	30 - -	30 4 -	29 4 3	7 6 11		
" Post-night School	1	"	"	1	35		30	- - -	- - -	3 7 3	- - -	3 7 3	1 7 2	3 4 2 -	- - -	2 4 - -	- - -	- - -	28 - -	15 8 2 -	15 2 10	9 5 2 6		
Fishermen Children School —	1	"	"	1	45		34	- - -	- - -	3 3 9	- - -	3 3 9	9 7 10	2 19 8 -	- - -	3 7 10	- - -	- - -	27 - -	18 12 4	17 8 7	5 4 -		
Total ...	4	"	"	4	215	-	190	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	44 1 -	- - -	44 1 -	73 7 12	26 4 -	- - -	11 2 4 6	- - -	- - -	205 - -	131 5 1	127 14 1	6 11 1		✱ Includes famine allowance Rs. 14-11-6
Total, Primary Schools ...	4	"	"	4	215	-	190	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	44 1 -	- - -	44 1 -	73 7 12	26 4 -	- - -	11 2 4 6	- - -	- - -	205 - -	131 5 1	127 14 1	6 11 1		
VI.—Special Schools.																							
(1) Drawing																							
(2) class at school	1	"	1	29		33							12 8 -	12 8 -	23 7 11 -					39 14 -	27 9 -	26 5 1 -	8 - 6	
(3)																							
Total ...	1	"	1	29		33							12 8 -	12 8 -	23 7 11 -					39 14 -	27 9 -	26 5 1 -	8 - 6	
Grand Total of Colleges and Schools	4	1	"	5	244	"	223	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	44 1 -	12 8 -	56 9 -	97 5 7	26 4 -	- - -	11 2 4 6	- - -	- - -	244 14 -	158 8 1	153 15 1	6 4 4		

Foot-note to Statement V-A.

Number of Students from Municipal Institutions who appeared for and passed the several examinations during the year.

Examinations.	Number of Students examined.	Number of Students passed.
First in Arts		
Matriculation		
Upper Secondary		
Lower Secondary or Seventh Standard.		
Sixth Standard		
Fifth Standard	16	12
Primary or Fourth Standard	21	15
Third Standard	22	19
Second Standard	44	35
First Standard	31	24
Infant Standard		
Total	134	105

STATEMENT V-B.—Showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the Municipality of for the official year 189 -9 .

Schools.	Number of Schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 . Boys.	Girls.	Number of pupils examined in results grants schools.	Number of pupils found qualified for results grants.	Full amount of results grants earned. Rs.	A.	P.	Amount of results grants passed for payment. Rs.	A.	P.	Amount of results grants disbursed. For current year. Rs.	A.	P.	For previous year. Rs.	A.	P.	Total. Rs.	A.	P.	Amount of salary grants disbursed. Rs.	A.	P.	Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15. Rs.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			11			12			13			14			15			16			17
A. Salary Grant Schools.																														
(a) Secondary schools ..																														
(1) Department of																								137	14	8	134	14	8	
(2) Hewan College	1			1	161																			630	10	8	630	10	8	
(3) 2 London mission High school	1			1	334	4																								
Total ..	2			2	495	4																		768	9	4	768	9	4	
(b) Primary schools ..																														
(1)																														
(2)																														
(3)																														
Total ..																														
Total of Salary Grant Schools ..	2	"	"	2	495	4	.	.	.	.														768	9	4	768	9	4	

Rs 300-0-0 on account of Building grant
6-6-9 on Sagim
Afternoon

306-6-9 Visit by London mission school

N. A.

Statement V-B.—Showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the Municipality of for the official year 189 -9 —*cont.*

Schools.	Number of Schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 . Boys.	Girls.	Number of pupils examined in results grants schools.	Number of pupils found qualified for results grants.	Full amount of results grants earned.	Amount of results grants passed for payment.	Amount of results grants disbursed. For current year.	For previous year.	Total.	Amount of salary grants disbursed.	Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
B. Results Grants Schools, *i.e.*, Schools actually examined for results grants—									RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	Rate at which grant was paid.
(*a*) Secondary Schools—							Nil									
(1)																
(2)																
(3)																
Total ..																
(*b*) Primary Schools ..																Result grants paid at maximum rate
1 Chachidipila	1	-	-	1	42	5	28	27	66 - -	66 - -	66 - -	- - -	66 - -		66 - -	
2 Cyanapuram	1	-	-	1	60	3	24	21	80 - -	80 - -	80 - -	- - -	80 - -		80 - -	
3 Chellakondawalla	1	-	-	1	20	7	28	14	26 12 -	26 12 -	26 12 -	- - -	26 12 -		26 12 -	
4 Chinchikavari	1	-	-	1	110	20	92	74	297 6 -	287 8 -	287 8 -	- - -	287 8 -	- - -	287 8 -	
5 Data garden	1	-	-	1	70	-	56	50	156 8 -	122 14 -	122 14 -	- - -	122 14 -	- - -	122 14 -	
Total ..																
6 Dibbalapalem	1	-	1		34		10	6	15 - -	15 - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	
7 Gopawari	1	-	-	1	22	4	13	8	11 3 -	11 3 -	11 3 -	- - -	11 3 -	- - -	11 3 -	
8 Kolluriwari	1	-	-	1	33	7	37	27	76 12 -	69 - -	69 - -	- - -	69 - -	- - -	69 - -	
9 Kottapeta	1	-	-	1	110	17	83	64	318 - -	191 14 -	191 14 -	- - -	191 14 -	- - -	191 14 -	
10 Vasaliganti wari		1	-	1	58	8	18	17	55 8 -	55 8 -	55 8 -	- - -	55 8 -	- - -	55 8 -	
11 Pension lines	1	-	-	1	60	-	34	19	59 4 -	59 4 -	59 4 -	- - -	59 4 -	- - -	59 4 -	
12 Temple school	1	-	-	1	112	-	72	65	370 4 -	268 1 -	268 1 -	- - -	268 1 -	- - -	268 1 -	
13 Wallavi	1	-	-	1	104	2	82	63	232 10 -	153 1 -	153 1 -	- - -	153 1 -	- - -	153 1 -	
14 Temple night school	1	-	-	1	40	-	21	7	52 2 -	38 1 -	38 1 -	- - -	38 1 -	- - -	38 1 -	
15 Bhupativari school	1	-	1	-	-	-	11	8	21 - -	21 - -	21 - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	21 - -	
16 Butchers street	1	-	-	1	26	11	34	25	80 7 -	70 - -	70 - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	70 - -	
17 Fort	1	-	-	1	19	8	16	6	15 - -	15 - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	
18 Jammupakebo street	1	-	-	1	34	-	23	17	43 15 -	43 15 -	43 15 -	- - -	43 15 -	- - -	43 15 -	
19 Kraka wari school	1	-	-	1	31	6	33	21	34 - -	34 - -	34 - -	- - -	34 - -	- - -	34 - -	
20 Salipeta night school	1	-	-	1	39	-	25	14	35 - -	35 - -	35 - -	- - -	35 - -	- - -	35 - -	
21 Pilakawari school	1	-	1	-	-	-	18	14	43 11 -	43 11 -	43 11 -	- - -	43 11 -	- - -	43 11 -	
Total of Results Grants Schools.	19	2	2	19	1024	98	758	567	2092 4 -	1706 12 -	1706 12 -	- - -	1706 12 -	- - -	1706 12 -	
Grand Total of Aided Schools..	21	2	2	21	1519	102	758	567	2092 4 -	1706 12 -	1706 12 -	- - -	1706 12 -	768 9 4	2475 5 4	

Foot-note.

Details of building and furniture grants (Grant 2, Statement I-B).

Names of Schools.	Amount of grant.	Purpose for which made.

1519 - 102
244
1763
2
1754

STATEMENT VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of for the year 189 -9 .

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of Expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS	A.	P.	
Entries as per Statement II wherever there is alteration ..													

61

Statement showing the revenue derived from the water and drainage tax and the details

Statement VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of
for the year 189 -9 —*continued.*

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	

STATEMENT VII.—Tolls.

Number of toll-gates.	Whether collection of tolls is leased out or managed departmentally.	Amount of collections.			Expenditure on: Works.			Establishment.			Contingencies.			Total.			Balance (column 3 *minus* column 7.)			Share due to the District Board.			Amount paid to the District Board.			Balance, if any, due to the District Board and date on which it was paid.		
1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8			9			10			11		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1 Bowdara	Leased	8124	-	-													8124	-	-									
2 Kalàkam																											
Kovai & Vallair	do.	3000	-	-													3000	-	-									
Tirmer																											
Poolon Bridge	do	1092	-	-													1092	-	-	1092	-	-	1092	-	-			
Dalphinsferry	do	636	-	-													636	-	-									
Pwalinterest	do	83	8	5													83	8	5	4	6	5	4	6	5			
Total		12935	8	5													12935	8	5	1096	6	5	1096	6	5			
		83	8	5																								
		12852																										

Statement showing the revenue derived from the water and drainage tax and the details of the ordinary expenditure incurred therefrom on water-supply and drainage

STATEMENT V.III—Loans.

Amount of loan and rate of interest.	For what purpose and terms on which obtained and year in which taken.	Date of Government sanction.	Amount re-paid. Up to 31st March 189 . Number of years.	Amount re-paid. Up to 31st March 189 . Amount.	Amount re-paid. In 189 -9 .	Amount transferred to Sinking Fund. Up to 31st March 189 . Number of years.	Amount transferred to Sinking Fund. Up to 31st March 189 . Amount.	Amount transferred to Sinking Fund. In 189 -9 .	Invested out of the total amount transferred up to end of 189 -9 . In Government Securities.	Invested out of the total amount transferred up to end of 189 -9 . In the Savings Bank.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
000 at per cent	For payment of compensation to the removal of the fishermen petā to the channel in Levindalam 17-12-1896			1000 - -	on account of interest					
10 5-00	To carry out the water project of Kummanthā wakā 13-3-97	G.O. No 22 m dt 11-1-1897		7842 9 1	do					
		Total		8842 9 1						

STATEMENT IX.—Showing the Incidence of the House-tax.

Name of Municipality.	Total Number of houses, as per census (occupied and unoccupied).	Number of houses on the municipal register out of the number in column 2.	Assessed. Under 8 Annas. Number.	Under 8 Annas. Amount.	8 Annas to Rs. 1½. Number.	8 Annas to Rs. 1½. Amount.	Rs. 1½ to Rs. 5. Number.	Rs. 1½ to Rs. 5. Amount.	Rs. 5 to Rs. 15. Number.	Rs. 5 to Rs. 15. Amount.	Rs. 15 to Rs. 30. Number.	Rs. 15 to Rs. 30. Amount.	Rs. 30 and above. Number.	Rs. 30 and above. Amount.	Total. Number.	Total. Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
				RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Vēdāgapattanam	9069	4700	39	10 6 -	1436	1038 10 -	1479	3242 4 -	816	3650 9 -	119	2276 11 -	145	10020 14 -	3114	20239 6 -

Statement showing the revenue ... and ex...

65

64

Statement IX-A.—Showing the Incidence of the Tax on Arts.

Assessed in

Name of Municipality.	Class I.		Class II.		Class III.		Class IV.		Class V.		Class VI.		Class VII.		Class VIII.		Total.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Kagajaram	5	450 ·	5	375 ·	13	675 ·	16	400 · 50		624 ·	55	440 ·	177	708	296	592	282	899 2 4 47

66

Statement showing the revenue derived from the water and drainage tax and the details of the ordinary expenditure incurred therefrom on water-supply and drainage.

Income.	Rs.	A.	P.	Expenditure.	Rs.	A.	P.
Opening balance ..	29000			Grant I—			
				1. New Works †—			
1. Water and drainage tax on buildings and lands	4919	2		(a) Drainage			
				(b) Water-supply ..	158909	9	8
2. Penalties on account of the water and drainage tax on buildings and lands ..				2. Repairs—			
3.* Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals for house service and drainage works				(a) Drainage—			
				i. Repairs to works			
4. Interest on investments				ii. Establishment for flushing drains, &c.			
5. Realizations of sinking fund ..	6050			(b) Water-supply—			
6. Miscellaneous	23			i. Repairs to works, machinery, &c.			
				ii. Establishment			
				iii. Contingencies			
				Grant IV—			
				3. Printing charges in connection with the water and drainage tax ..			
				4. Repayment of Debt—			
				(a) Instalments of loans on account of water or drainage works paid			
				(b) Invested on account of sinking fund			
				(c) Charges of investment ..			
				5. Interest—			
				(a) On account of last year ..			
				(b) On account of current year ..	7842	9	1
				6. Refunds of other than current collections			
Total ..	65442	2		Total ..	166752	2	9
				Closing balance ..	188689	15	3
	355442	2		Grand Total ..	355442	2	

* Under this head should be shown the surplus recoveries, representing the proportionate cost of establishment.

† Under this head should be shown only the charges on such petty new works as are not debited to the grants and loans on account of the initial outlay in the schemes

MEMORANDUM OF INVESTMENTS.

Description of security.	Nominal amounts.
Nil	Nil

Statement X.

1. Name of Municipality .. .. Vizagapatam

2. Population as per last census .. ..

3. Sanctioned number of Councillors — (*a*) Nominated .. .. 5 ; (*b*) Elected 15

4. Actual number of Councillors on 31st March 1898—

(*a*) Ex-officio		1
(*b*) Nominated — Officials		1
(*b*) Nominated — Non-officials		3
(*c*) Elected .. — Officials		4
(*c*) Elected .. — Non-officials		11
Total ..		20
(*d*) Europeans and Eurasians		3
(*e*) Natives		17

5. Total number of meetings actually held during the year .. 42

6. Number of meetings adjourned for want of a quorum 10

7. Average attendance at each meeting *actually* held—

(*a*) Officials	3·73
(*b*) Non-officials	6·92
Total ..	10·65
(*c*) Europeans and Eurasians	·73
(*d*) Natives	9·92
Total ..	10·65

8. Is the Chairman appointed or elected .. .. .. X elected

9. Name and designation of persons who have held the office of Chairman during the year, with the date of appointment or election in each case .. .. X elected

Kh. L.Dy P. Krishnaswamy Naidugaru L.M.S
who was elected on the 7th September 1897 held the
office of Chairman during the year

P. Krishnaswami
Chairman. M.C.

STATEMENT X-A.—Showing the particulars of Sel ections held in the Municipa' of in 189 - 9 .

Name of the wards, if any, into which the town is divided.	Population.	Number of registered voters.	Date of election.	Number of seats filled by election	Whether election was contested or not and the number of seats contested	If contested, number of voters who went to the poll.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Fort ward		203	30-10-97 27-11-97	1 1	1 1	97 93
2.					2/190	190
3. Arce Seetha Ramaswamy		273	2-10-97	3	3	163
Temple ward —	3487					
4.						
5. Chengalarowpeta ward		218	2-10-97	2	2	129
6. Gorayyari ward		217	24-4-98	2	2	130
7. Allipore &						
Wallajah ward.		324	24-1-97 2-10-97	2 1	2 1	156 63
8.						
9.						
10.				13 ride x Para 37 Rule repeat		
Total ..	34487	1235		12	12	831

90
103
129
130
110
562

STATEMENT XI.—Furnishing information regarding Municipal markets, hats, bazaars, latrines and of lights, &c., in the Town of for the year 189 - 9 .

Area of Municipality in square miles.	Name of Municipal markets.	Whether collection of fees, rents, &c., was leased out or managed departmentally.	Number of houses served by the private scavenging agency on the registers on 31st March 189 .	Number of public latrines on 31st March 189 .	Number of latrines constructed in 189 -9 .	Number of latrines demolished in 189 -9 .	Number of latrines on 31st March 189 .	Number of lamps on 31st March 189 .	Number of lamps put up in 189 -9 .	Number of lamps removed in 189 -9 .	Number of lamps on 31st March 189 .
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
5-25 miles	Market-al-	Leased out	1184	79	22	22	79	263	20	.	303
	al-Rupees 30 — Kottapeta.	Managed Departmentally									
							1				
				1							

STATEMENT XII – Showing particulars regarding the number of patients treated, &c., in the Town of during the year 189 - 9 .

Name of hospital and dispensary.	Patients treated.			Number and name of midwives employed.	Number of labour cases attended by the midwives.	Date and Number of G.O. sanctioning rules for the treatment of the sick under section 127 of Act IV of 1884.
	In	Out.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Civil Dispensary Vizagapatam.	648	24031	24672	one by the name of Somalamma	156	No

70

STATEMENT XIII.—Showing the Statistics of Vaccination and of Births and Deaths registered in the Town of Vizagapatam during the year 1897-98.

Number of births registered.	Number of deaths registered.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to register births or deaths.	Name of Medical subordinates and vaccinators performing vaccine operations.	Number of operations performed.		Number of successful operations.		Number of operations with animal lymph.	Number of successful operations with animal lymph.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to have children vaccinated.	Remarks.
				Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.	Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Medical Subordinates								
			1								
			2								
			3								
			Total ..								
1111	1187	X	Municipal Vaccinators	853	756	824	597	1609	1421	122	
			1								
			2								
			3								
			Total ..	853	756	824	597	1609	1421	122	
			Grand Total ..	853	756	824	597	1609	1421	122	

71

Chairman M.C.

St Tanad Municipality.

Institutions.			Remarks.
1			8
Colleges ..	..	Government ..	~~returns of the Carpentry class~~
		Local or municipal ..	~~attached to the Hindu College have~~
		Aided from public funds	~~been received as yet though~~
		Unaided and indigenous	~~they have been repeatedly called for~~
Secondary schools	..	Government ..	~~school is shown above but the~~
		Local or municipal ..	~~rolls are not shown~~. The fall
		Aided from public funds	in scholars is due partly to the closure
		Unaided and indigenous	of aided schools, ~~the non-receipt~~
Primary schools	..	Government ..	~~returns of the Carpentry class~~ partly
		Local or municipal ..	to the privalence of famine in the
		Aided from public funds	year.
		Unaided and indigenous	
Training schools	..	Government ..	
		Local or municipal ..	
		Aided from public funds	
		Unaided and indigenous	
Sessional schools	..	Government ..	
		Local or municipal ..	
		Aided from public funds	
		Unaided and indigenous	
Industrial schools	..	Government ..	
		Local or municipal	
		Aided from public funds	
		Unaided and indigenous	

NOTE.—1. *No comments should be made except as*

2. *This statement should be submitted in*

7,000—4-2-08.

G. V. Subbarayudu
Assistant Inspector of Schools,
Ganjam and Vizagapatam Dn.

Statement No. I relating to Genera

Institutions.			Number of schools.	Number of pupils on 31st March.	
				Boys.	Girls.
1			2	3	4
Colleges	Government				
	Local or municipal				
	Aided from public funds				
	Unaided and indigenous				
Secondary schools ..	Government				
	Local or municipal				
	Aided from public funds		3	946	6
	Unaided and indigenous		1	10	-
Primary schools ..	Government		1	55	-
	Local or municipal		4	203	-
	Aided from public funds		20	1082	97
	Unaided and indigenous		4	103	50
Training schools ..	Government			34	-
	Local or municipal				
	Aided from public funds				
	Unaided and indigenous				
Sessional schools ..	Government				
	Local or municipal				
	Aided from public funds				
	Unaided and indigenous				
Industrial schools ..	Government				
	Local or municipal Drawing class				
	Aided from public funds		3	98	-
	Unaided and indigenous				
			37	2531	153

NOTE.—1. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*

2. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of local boards or the Chairmen of municipal*

1,060—4-2-08.

1897-98.

Statement No. IV relating to the results of the grant examinations in

	1896-97 Compulsory subjects only.				Compulsory	
	Number of pupils presented.	Number of pupils passed.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Number of pupils presented.	Number of pupils passed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Seventh standard (or Lower Secondary Examination.)						
Sixth standard						
:h do.						
urth do. (or Primary Examination)..	129	81	16	65	123	86
Third standard	168	123	20	103	145	117
Second do.	146	109	20	89	170	123
First do.	146	118	41	77	170	137
Infant do.	135	106	34	72	150	104
	724	537	131	406	758	567

Name of subject.*	189 . Optional subjects				1 Option	
Geography	167	117	22	95	190	113
Hygiene	183	147	57	90	199	163
Agriculture	11	8	–	8	30	2
English	177	146	40	106	195	15
Telugu	8	7	3	4	–	–
Drawing	7	7	2	5	14	5
	553	432	124	308	628	46

No. II showing the proportion of pupils of the great classes of population to children of school age in the Vizagapatam Municipality / Board.

Classes of population.	Population of school age. Boys.	Girls.	Pupils under instruction. Boys.	Girls.	Percentage. Boys.	Girls.	Last year's figures. Boys.	Girls.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			8
Europeans and Eurasians	93	99	140	1	27	1	161	2	
Native Christians			164	42		43	162	47	
Muhammadans	164	172	289 294	11	176 179	6	252	9	
Hindus .. Brahmans	2248	2396	607 631	26	27	4	749	32	
Hindus .. Non-Brahman caste Hindus ..			1188 1200	53			1145	63	
Hindus .. Panchamas			61	5			62	-	
Others	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
	2505	2667	2491	138	99	5	2531	163	

NOTE.—1. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*

2. *In the column of remarks the figures of the previous year should be briefly compared.*

3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of local boards or the Chairmen of municipal councils concerned by the 1st May.*

Assistant Inspector of Schools
Vizagapatam Division

Ed. Ret. 33 2,000—4-2-98.

1898

Municipal Dept.

Enclosure No. I
in a letter No.
1471 d/14-9-98
from the Chairman
Mc. Vizagapatam
to the Secretary to
Government L + M
Dept. through the
Collector Vizagapatam

Vizagapatam
CN=2963

2963

1
2963/m/98

L. & M.
2,000—13-6-98

11-10-98
21-10-98
22-10-98

Loc[illegible]

DATED

Number of copies required. { Order complete. / Letter only. / Order complete with Letter.

Sent for typing

Sent for file
10/10/98

GOVERNMENT

POINT FOR DESPATCH

in full.
[illegible] printed.
[illegible] extract only.
[illegible] Print has [illegible] only.