

[L. & M.]
[1,000-15,000]

Local & Munl. (189) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G.O., No. 1259 P.

DATED 6-10-98

[Despatch Abstract.]

Supervision System, Mysore.

Recording letter from the Resident in Mysore forwarding copy of notification issued by the Mysore Durbar regarding the introduction into Harihar of a system of houses to have inspection known as the ———.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

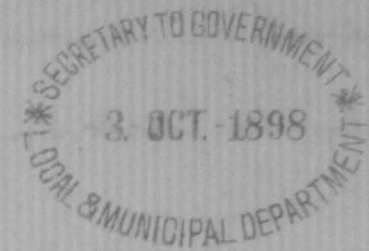
FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.



C No 523 P.
D.O. No 197

Bangalore
30. September 1898.



My dear Mr. Tremenhare,

W

In reply to your Dami

A.O. no 92. P.

No 2734 dated 27th
M. 21-96
August 1898 from
the General Secretary
Mysore Govt. -
Memo: of inspection
by the Plague Com.
- discussion with
Memo: A, B & C.

Official of the 23rd instant, I am desired by
the Resident to forward to you the enclosed
papers on the subject of the "Supervision system"
which is identical with the system in force at
Mudli. Further experience in the working of
Plague seems to leave little doubt that wholesale
detention of passengers serves little or no
useful purpose, and is moreover objectionable
as tending to harass the people unnecessarily.

26/10

Again G.O., dated

189 , No.

Current No. 1820 P of 1898, dated 14-9-98 from the Resident, Mysore

Current No. 2023 P of 1898, dated 30-9-98 from the Do

SUBJECT.

Supervision system

FOR ORDERS. Order No. 1259 P.M. 27/6/10-28

Recorded.
Filed.Chung.
5/10/98HT
6/10/98

The disinfection of all dirty passengers and their careful medical examination appear to supply the best safeguards.

Y. Sinc

K. S. Esquire

J. H. Freeman Esquire, Esq.,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Municipal Department.

H.

26/10

Local & Munl. (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 820P.

Perhaps D.O. referred to therein.
That has been too long in the
Office.

Long
20/9/18

You perhaps adapt which
was not heard
The paper referred to is one
of last month's & is marked
with D.O. register

Submitted
Kannada

From

The Resident in Mysore.

Order

You have put up a wrong
paper which has no connection
with the subject at all. There
is another D.O. description
forwarding a description of the
pillage arrangements in Bangalore,
dated about the beginning of
August.

Long
21/9/18

No. 4723

Dated 14. 9. 98

Received

Registered

15. 9. 98

Enclosures

2

Spare copies. 17 of each Encl.

SUBJECT.

Forwaring for information
a copy of a Notification, issued
by the Mysore Durbar, directing
the introduction into Harihar
of a system of house to house
inspection known as the super-
vision system.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

GENERAL.

No. 2734—M. F. 21-96, dated 27th August 1898.

Under Section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Regulation, 1897, the Government of Mysore are pleased to direct the introduction into the town of Harihar, Chitaldrug district, of a system of house to house inspection known as the supervision system and to empower the Plague Commissioner in Mysore to take such measures as he shall deem necessary for the due enforcement of that system.

By Order,
C. SREENIVASLINGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

Handwritten notes in Bengali script, possibly a signature or reference.

Handwritten signature and notes, including the word "Resident".

BACK PAPERS:

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

ಜ ನ ರ ಠ .

ತಾರೀಖು 27ನೇ ಆಗಸ್ಟ್ 1898.

ನಂ. 2734-ಮಿ ಪೈ. 21-96, ಸ್ವ. 1897ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಅಂಟು ಜಾಡ್ಯಗಳ ರಗ್ಗುಲೇದಿನ 2ನೇ ಸಕಷ್ ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ ಚಿತ್ರರುರ್ಗ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್ ಜರಿಜರ ಪದವಿಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೂ ಪದ್ಧತಿಯಾದ ಮನಮನೆಯ ಅಜಮಾಯಿಷಿಮಾಡುವ ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಜಾರಿ ತರುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವೈಸೂರು ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿನವರು ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವುದಲ್ಲದೆ ವೈಸೂರು ಶೀಮೆಯ ಸ್ಲೇಟ್ ಕಮಿಷನರಿಗೆ ಸದರ ಪದ್ಧತಿಯನ್ನು ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಜಾರಿ ತರುವುದಕ್ಕೋಸ್ಕರ ತಕ್ಕ ಏರ್ಪಾಡುಗಳು ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಹ.ಕಂ ಬಮೋಜೇಬ್,
ಸಿ. ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್, ಜನರಲ್ ವರವಿನ್ಯಾ
ಇಲಾಖೆಗಳ ಗವರಣ ಮೆಂಟ ಸೆಕ್ರೆಟರಿ.

Report
in Bangalore
25/8

for Residence
H.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

C. N. 1820 P

No. 4723 Enc

FROM

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL D. ROBERTSON,
RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

TO

The Secretary to the Government of
Madras, Local and Municipal Dept.

Dated Bangalore, 14th September 1898.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward
for information, a copy of a notification
issued by the Mysore Durbar, directing
the introduction into the town of Harihar,
Chitaldrug District, of a system of
house to house inspection known as
the Supervision System.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,
K. S. Esquire Captain
for Resident.

with 16 spare copies.
N. 2734/M.F. 27-8-98
in English
and Canarese

Ask what
this is

15-9-98

Put up 50
ready made
in Bangalore
27-5-98

[L. A. M.]
100-16-3-93.

Papers to be read in Proceedings:—

Again G.O., No.	dated	189	,
Again G.O., No.	dated	189	,
Current No.	1820 P of 189 ^a , dated 14-9-98	, from	Resident in my room
" "	" 189	,	"
" "	" 189	,	"

D.D. No 92 P. d/23-9-1898. ORDER.

Received

My dear Robertson

Your letter No 4723 of
the 14th September (under cover to
not for No 2734 of the 27th August
introducing the "supervision
system" into Hagerman. Will
you kindly let me know what
this system is?

Yrs truly

W.T.
23 9 98Ling
23/9/98Despatch
26-9-98

To The Mayor Comr
" Sanitary Comr
" Mayor General
" Resident, Hagerman

Note The supervision system seems
to be that described at ~~28~~

28 (p. 964 P. d/31-9-98)

Ling 22/9/98 I doubt this. What
Better ask what
it is.

W.T.
23 9 98Ling
23/9/98

Local & Munl. (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 20238

From The Assistant to the
Resident in Mysore
Bangalore

~~In Order 5.~~

Dir

No.

Dated 30-9-1898

Received 3-10-1898

Registered 3-10-1898

Enclosures

Spare copies.

SUBJECT.

Forwarding certain papers
on the subject of the "super-
vision system" which is
identical with the system
in force at Kuleli.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
	Do no 92A		

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

GENERAL.

No. 2734—M. F. 21-96, dated 27th August 1898.
Under Section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Regulation, 1897, the Government of Mysore are pleased to direct the introduction into the town of Harihar, Chitaldrug district, of a system of house to house inspection known as the supervision system and to empower the Plague Commissioner in Mysore to take such measures as he shall deem necessary for the due enforcement of that system.

By Order,
C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
Do no 928			

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

MEMORANDUM OF INSPECTION VISIT TO HARIHAR OF MR. V. P. MADHAVA RAO, IN ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGE OF PLAGUE PREVENTIVE MEASURES, AND THE SENIOR SURGEON.

At the suggestion of Dr. Benson, Surgeon-Captain Meyer, Special Plague Officer at Hubli, was asked if he could kindly manage to come to Harihar to meet Mr. Madhava Rao, in Administrative Charge of Plague Preventive Measures, and the Senior Surgeon, and give them the benefit of his experience.

Mr. Madhava Rao and Dr. Benson arrived at Harihar on the morning of the 14th January 1898, and were met by Surgeon-Captain Meyer, and it was decided to hold a meeting at the Travellers' Bungalow at 2 P.M.

Surgeon-Captain Meyer, on being asked whether in his opinion quarantine was necessary at Harihar at present, replied that as Plague only existed at Hubli in a sporadic form, he did not think that quarantine was necessary, provided that medical inspection was carefully carried out at Harihar and Bangalore combined with what he termed a correct supervision system at Bangalore, which system is fully explained in the accompanying Memos A, B, and C. Dr. Meyer added that if Plague should become epidemic in Hubli, it would then be advisable to introduce quarantine at all places where passengers by rail can enter the Province.

Dr. Meyer then carefully explained the system of supervision, a system which had been carefully scrutinised by Mr. Wingate, C.L.E., Plague Commissioner of Bombay, Surgeon-Major-General Cleghorn, Surgeon-General of India, and subsequently perfected by them and Mr. Coppel, the Collector of Dharwar.

Mr. Madhava Rao and the Senior Surgeon were both convinced that this system was under the present circumstances the most reliable, as by its means, if properly worked, no imported case could escape detection.

Dr. Meyer was of opinion that if this system be adopted, there was no need for employing a Medical Officer of the grade of Mr. T. V. Arumugam Mudaliar for inspection duty at Harihar, and that for the present the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge was quite sufficient.

He further thought that all arrivals from the Bombay Presidency should be kept under observation for not less than ten days, and he advised the adoption of the same surveillance rules as are in vogue in Bombay and elsewhere.

Mr. Madhava Rao and the Sanitary Commissioner, in company with Dr. Meyer, inspected the present observation sheds, and were fully satisfied that they were calculated to meet the present requirements.

They also inspected the quarantine camp situated on a site selected by the Senior Surgeon at his former visit; it is situated on the right bank of the Tungabhadra river and is very suitable for the purpose. They think, however, that under the present circumstances, there is no further need to continue building operations, as there is already sufficient accommodation to meet all requirements should a quarantine camp be suddenly decided upon. The structure and the arrangement of the camp are not quite what they should be, and the Executive Engineer will be asked to make such alterations as may be directed, should occasion arise for starting a quarantine camp. Dr. Meyer approved of the suggestion of placing Police guards at the entrance of all important high-roads leading from the Dharwar District into the Mysore Province, and the placing of Hospital Assistants at Anawatte and Siralkoppa, which are the farthest towns in the Mysore Province on these high-roads. An Hospital Assistant has already been posted to Siralkoppa with definite instructions, and another would be sent immediately to Anawatte. The Inspector-General of Police has issued the necessary instructions to the Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga and Chitaldrug Districts for the posting of intelligent policemen at these posts.

It is extremely important that the registration of deaths in all towns and villages of the Province should be kept as accurately as possible, as an excessive death-rate would immediately excite suspicion, and for this reason the death reports should be submitted once a week instead of once a month.

MEMO A.

GENERAL SCHEME OF ORGANIZATION.

I. Supervisors to be "Ordinary" Plague authorities. Superintendents to be "Special" Plague authorities.

II. There will be wards, each of about 150 houses. Each ward to be in charge of a Supervisor.

III. The wards will be grouped in sub-divisions of about five wards each. Each sub-division will be in charge of a Superintendent. Superintendents will be Gazetted Officers or officers of similar rank.

IV. The whole will be under the control of a Chief Superintendent.

V. The following forms will be kept—

- (1) Census Register for each ward; a page to each house.
- (2) Supervisor's daily report of arrivals, departures, sickness, and death, for each ward.
- (3) Superintendent's daily return in the same form for each sub-division.
- (4) Chief Superintendent's daily report to District Magistrate and through him to the Officer in Administrative charge of Plague Preventive Measures.

VI. Accommodation, establishment, and appliances—

Each Superintendent will have an office *in his sub-division*; he will have a clerk and a peon (coolies may be engaged as necessary).

Each office will have a stock of disinfectants and appliances for disinfection, *viz.*, two pumps, three pails, two tubs, two watering pots, tin pots, two brooms, and a basket.

VII. Stretchers for removal of sick or dead will be kept in a central quarter.

VIII. Corpse-bearers—Each caste must organize ten at least to be ready for any call. The President will arrange about this without delay. A list of the names and residence of each bearer for each caste will be furnished to each Supervisor and Superintendent. The caste people will be responsible for the payment of the men.

2
2023-07-1998
197

MEMO B.

It will be seen that the first requisite is (a) To number the houses consecutively. This should be undertaken immediately. The next step will be (b) To issue the census forms to each Supervisor, the number of pages corresponding to the number of houses in the ward. These should be roughly bound together so as to form a census register for each ward. At the same time (c) Office room should be selected in each Superintendent's sub-division, and the equipment should be provided. Further (d) Each Superintendent should be provided with a clerk (who must for the present be engaged for the purpose), and with a peon. All peons can be requisitioned from Government departments.

No form is at present prescribed for the Chief Superintendent's report, but a daily report must be made in such form as circumstances may require. Of course, until Plague cases are reported, no reports need be sent in under this head.

3/23/80
1911

MEMO C

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUPERINTENDENTS AND SUPERVISORS.

The Supervisor makes a list of his houses and their inhabitants. He arranges to get immediate information of any case of sickness or death, and under the Superintendent's order is provided with coolies, masons, disinfectants &c.

Superintendents will receive instructions in disinfection and segregation from Dr. Choksi, and each Superintendent will be expected to personally train all Supervisors under him. In this way every Supervisor being provided with the necessary appliances and being fully trained in their use, is in a position to disinfect and segregate instantaneously should the necessity arise.

Superintendents and Supervisors ought to know every house and practically most inmates, so concealment is out of the question, and prosecution is if necessary prompt.

Each Supervisor should keep a register of the daily visitation, and particularly note any illness of any description and any death. In doubtful or suspicious cases immediate report should be made to Dr. Choksi.

In addition to this, each Supervisor should make a daily report on (a) sickness, (b) death, (c) new arrivals, and (d) departures.

Superintendents will personally investigate all necessary cases under these four heads, and will submit daily a consolidated return to the Chief Superintendent.

Should any Plague case or death which has not been previously reported be discovered in any sub-division, it will reflect great discredit on the Superintendent thereof. Within a few days each Supervisor will have a complete census of his ward made by himself. This census will consist of a number of pages corresponding to the number of houses in the ward—the pages being bound together so as to form a register. It is very probable that the number of Supervisors will be shortly doubled, and the existing wards divided into two, and thus every Supervisor will be expected to see every inmate daily.

4
2023/10/15
NO. 107