

PRINTED

G.O., No. 1037 P

DATED 8-9-98

DESPATCHED

[Despatch Abstract.]

Observation Circles

Declining, with remarks
the Collector's proposal to establish
and road inspection
stations on the Kurnool frontier
adjoining the Bellary and
Anantapur districts.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

From MUHAMMAD RÁZA KHÁN, Esq., Collector of Kurnool, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 31st August 1898, C. No. 2338—Genl.

In view of the existence of plague at Guntakal and Hubli (figures for the week ending 19th August for Dharwar were 809 seizures and 671 deaths) and the exposure of the western section of this district to infection, and the fact that the disease is prevalent only to an inconsiderable extent in two districts of the Hyderabad territory remote from Kurnool, I have the honour to suggest the advisability of the abolition of circles Nos. VII and IX to XIV shown in the map submitted with reference to paragraph 3 of G.O., No. 184 P., dated 11th March 1898, and the formation of seven new circles on the frontier of the Bellary and Anantapur districts on either side of Guntakal. The new circles will, as those already in existence, be constituted with a radius of about five miles each, and their head-quarters will be (1) Karumanchi, (2) Billekallu, (3) Hosúr, (4) Maddikera, (5) Jonnagiri, (6) Pyápalli, and (7) Pendekallu.

The first six circles are on the frontier of the two districts abovementioned and the seventh is a continuation, along the railway line, of the Maddikera circle and is proposed with a view to protect a tract of five miles breadth on either side of Guntakal to a special depth of 20 miles (please *vide* last paragraph of Additional Regulation No. 22) instead of the depth of 10 miles provided elsewhere. The villages to be comprised in each circle are given in the accompanying list.

2. The staff of sanitary inspectors employed in the seven circles to be abolished will be transferred for duty to the new ones.

3. I beg also to propose that road frontier inspection stations may be established at Maddikera and Pyápalli, those of Mudumala and Gopalasingavaram on the Tungabhadra being closed as the river is not fordable and almost no travellers from infected localities pass through them at present. The staff now employed and the disinfectants, &c., maintained at these places may be transferred to Maddikera and Pyápalli, and the accommodation to be provided may be somewhat on a scale similar to that adopted in the case of the chowki stations (Tandrapad excepted), *i.e.*, the following sheds may be erected at each of the stations, the instructions at page 97 *et seq.* of the "Madras Plague Regulations and Rules" being, as far as practicable, carried out :—

- A hospital for three patients;
- A suspect camp for three families of five souls each;
- Sheds for stores, servants, kitchens, latrines, &c.

4. Pyápalli and Maddikera are large union villages of importance, the former 7 miles from Guntakal on the Southern Maharatta Railway and the latter 11 miles from Gooty on the Gooty-Kurnool road, and it is advisable that, to protect these villages and those in the interior, the proposed inspection stations should be established, which will also serve as observation camps referred to in Additional Regulation No. 24.

5. The charges and head-quarters of the supervisors under the revised scheme will be as follows :—

	Circles numbers.
Supervisor's division No. 1, Head-quarters Taggali	1. Pyápalli. 2. Jonnagiri. 3. Maddikera. 4. Hosúr. 14. Pendekallu.
Supervisor's division No. 2, Head-quarters Gonegundla	5. Billekallu. 6. Karumanchi. 7. Tornikal. 8. Gundrevula. 9. Edurur. 10. Kurnool.
Supervisor's division No. 3, Head-quarters Nandikotkur	11. Satanikota. 12. Nagatur. 13. Musalimadugu.

6. A sketch (scale 1" = 4 miles) illustrating the above circles and divisions is under preparation and will be submitted shortly.

7. I request the favour of very early orders (by wire, if possible) on this reference and on my tour No. C., dated 24th August 1898, so that I may issue immediate instructions for the transfer of the establishment and stores and for the construction of the necessary sheds.

From MUHAMMAD RAZÁ KHÁN, Esq., Collector of Kurnool, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th September 1898, R. C. No. 2338—Genl.

In continuation of my letter, C. No. 2338—Genl., dated 31st August 1898, I have the honour to submit herewith a sketch (scale 1" = 4 miles) showing the seven new plague circles therein proposed and a revised list containing the names of the villages constituting each of them.

The head-quarters of the circles are, it will be observed, not in the centre in most instances, but they have been selected in view of their proximity to the frontier of the infected districts and of their importance as being the division, taluk or firka head-quarters, or being on the line of railway, or containing a post office or police station, or carrying with them several of these advantages combined. They are, moreover, nominal as the inspectors have almost always to be on circuit.

I have on reconsideration changed the head-quarters of circle No. 4 from Hosúr to Pattikonda.

ORDER—No. 1037 P., dated 8th September 1898.

The Collector misapprehends the object of placing the Kurnool district "under observation" and of organizing observation circles along its northern frontier. It was not simply to protect the Kurnool district, but to protect the Presidency generally.

2. There has been no case of indigenous plague yet in the Bellary district, and as regards Guntakal, the last case of plague occurred there on the 27th August 1898. The whole of the Bellary frontier bordering on His Highness the Nizam's Dominions and the Bombay Presidency is under observation, and road inspection stations* are being organized in Hindupur and Madakasira taluks of the Anantapur district. It does not, therefore, appear to Government that there is any urgent necessity of establishing observation circles and road inspection stations on the Kurnool frontier adjoining the Bellary and Anantapur districts.

3. In Hyderabad, plague is confined to the Naldrug district, and the Government considers that observation circles Nos. VII and IX to XIV and the road inspection stations at Mudumala and Gopalasingavaram may be temporarily closed and the staff

* The order directing the opening of these stations has since been cancelled.

No. 1037 P., 8TH SEPTEMBER 1898.

lent to the districts of Anantapur, North Arcot and Salem, where the want of men to take charge of the newly-established circles and inspection stations is much felt. The Collectors of those districts should apply to the Collector of Kurnool for the men he will thus be able to spare.

4. Orders on Collector's letter No. C, dated 24th August 1898, have been passed in G.O., No. 936, dated 29th August 1898.

(True Extract.)

H. TREMENHEERE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Collector of Kurnool (A—L).

Copy to the Collector of Anantapur (A, F, G, H).

" " " North Arcot (A, F, H).

" " " Salem (A, F, G, H).

" " Surgeon-General.

" " Sanitary Commissioner.

Government (1898) of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

S. A.

Proof for approval.

PR
14/9/98

Recd.

Regd.

1898.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 1037 P., 8th September 1898.

SEPTEMBER.

Please check
& strike off
1898

Observation Circles.

Declining, with remarks, to sanction the Collector's proposal to establish — and road inspection stations on the Kurnool frontier adjoining the Bellary and Anantapur districts.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers:—

From MUHAMMAD RÁZA KHÁN, Esq., Collector of Kurnool, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 31st August 1898, C. No. 2338—Genl.

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The first six circles are on the frontier of the two districts abovementioned and the seventh is a continuation, along the railway line, of the Maddikera circle and is proposed with a view to protect a tract of five miles breadth on either side of Guntakal to a special depth of 20 miles (please *vide* last paragraph of Additional Regulation No. 22) instead of the depth of 10 miles provided elsewhere. The villages to be comprised in each circle are given in the accompanying list.

2. The staff of sanitary inspectors employed in the seven circles to be abolished will be transferred for duty to the new ones.

3. I beg also to propose that road frontier inspection stations may be established at Maddikera and Pyápalli, those of Mudumala and Gopalasingavaram on the Tungabhadra being closed as the river is not fordable and almost no travellers from infected localities pass through them at present. The staff now employed and the disinfectants, &c., maintained at these places may be transferred to Maddikera and Pyápalli, and the accommodation to be provided may be somewhat on a scale similar to that adopted in the case of the chowki stations (Tandrapad excepted), i.e., the following sheds may be erected at each of the stations, the instructions at page 97 *et seq.* of the Plague Regulations and Rules" being, as far as practicable, carried out:—

- A hospital for three patients;
- A suspect camp for three families of five souls each;
- Sheds for stores, servants, kitchens, latrines, &c.

Pyápalli and Maddikera are large union villages of importance, the former 7 miles from Guntakal on the Southern Maharatta Railway and the latter 11 miles from Gooty on the Gooty-Kurnool road, and it is advisable that, to protect these villages and those in the interior, the proposed inspection stations should be established, which will also serve as observation camps referred to in Additional Regulation No. 24.

5/ The charges and head-quarters of the supervisors under the revised scheme will be as follows:—

	Circles numbers.
Supervisor's division No. 1, Head-quarters Taggali	1. Pyápalli.
	2. Jonnagiri.
	3. Maddikera.
	4. Hosúr.
Supervisor's division No. 2, Head-quarters Gonedundla	14. Pendekallu.
	5. Billekallu.
	6. Karamanchi.
	7. Tornikal.
Supervisor's division No. 3, Head-quarters Nandikotkur	8. Gundrevula.
	9. Edurur.
	10. Kurnool.
	11. Satanikota.
	12. Nagatur.
	13. Musalimadugu.

6/ 5. A sketch (scale 1" = 4 miles) illustrating the above circles and divisions is under preparation and will be submitted shortly.

7/ 6. I request the favour of very early orders (by wire, if possible) on this reference and on my tour No. C., dated 24th August 1898, so that I may issue immediate instructions for the transfer of the establishment and stores and for the construction of the necessary sheds.

From MUHAMMAD RÁZA KHÁN, Esq., Collector of Kurnool, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th September 1898, R. C. No. 2338—Genl.

In continuation of my letter, C. No. 2338—Genl., dated 31st August 1898, I have the honour to submit herewith a sketch (scale 1" = 4 miles) showing the seven new plague circles therein proposed and a revised list containing the names of the villages constituting each of them.

The head-quarters of the circles are, it will be observed, not in the centre in most instances, but they have been selected in view of their proximity to the frontier of the infected districts and of their importance as being the division, taluk or firka head-quarters, or being on the line of railway, or containing a post office or police station, or carrying with them several of these advantages combined. They are, moreover, nominal as the inspectors have almost always to be on circuit.

I have on reconsideration changed the head-quarters of circle No. 4 from Hosúr to Pattikonda.

ORDER—No. 1037 P., dated 8th September 1898.

The Collector misapprehends the object of placing the Kurnool district "under observation" and of organizing observation circles along its northern frontier. It was not simply to protect the Kurnool district, but to protect the Presidency generally.

2. There has been no case of indigenous plague yet in the Bellary district, and as regards Guntakal, the last case of plague occurred there on the 27th August 1898. The whole of the Bellary frontier bordering on His Highness the Nizam's Dominions and the Bombay Presidency is under observation, and road inspection stations are being organized in Hindupur and Madakasira taluks of the Anantapur district. It does not, therefore, appear to Government that there is any urgent necessity of establishing observation circles and road inspection stations on the Kurnool frontier adjoining the Bellary and Anantapur districts.

3. In Hyderabad, plague is confined to the Nalárug district, and the Government considers that observation circles Nos. VII and IX to XIV and the road inspection stations at Mudumala and Gopalasingavaram may be temporarily closed and the staff

(3) The order directing the opening of these inspection stations is small.

lent to the districts of Anantapur, North Arcot and Salem, where the want of men to take charge of the newly-established circles and inspection stations is much felt. The Collectors of those districts should apply to the Collector of Kurnool for the men he will thus be able to spare.

4. Orders on Collector's letter No. C., dated 24th August 1898, has been passed in G.O., No. 936, dated 29th August 1898.

(True Extract.)

for Secretary to Government.

To the Collector of Kurnool (A-L)

Copy to the Collector of Anantapur. (A.7.9.11)
 " " " of North Arcot. (A.7.9.11)
 " " " of Salem. (A.7.9.11)
 " " Surgeon-General.
 " " Sanitary Commissioner.

of "being" on far instructions as able, carry

Exd. W. D'Moss.

Papers to be read in proceedings:—

Again G.O., No. dated 189

Again G.O., No. dated 189

Current No. 1585 P of 189 P, dated 31-5-98, from Coll. of Kurnool
 " " 1666 P. " 189, " 5-8-98, " "
 " " " 189, " " " "

ORDER.

The Col. misapprehends the object of placing the Kurnool district "under observation" and for organizing observation ^{stations} along its frontier. It was simply to protect the Kurnool district but to protect the Bellary generally.

This is new to me - that are these ^{stations}? I can't remember having heard of them & don't know for what purpose they are intended.

Please see with attached

2. There has been no case of indigenous plague yet in the Bellary district, and as regards Guntakal the last case of plague occurred in the 27-8-98. The whole of the Bellary frontier bordering on H.H. the Nizam's dominions and the Bombay Presidency is under observation, and observation ^{road inspection} stations are being organized in Hindupur and Madakurra taluks of the ~~Hindupur~~ Anantapur. It does not therefore appear to follow that there is any urgent necessity of establishing observation circles and road inspection stations on the ~~frontier~~ Kurnool frontier adjoining the Bellary and Anantapur &c.

2. As Hyderabad, plague is confined to the Nalgonda &c. and the Government consider that the

icles No. III & IV to XIV and the road inspection stations at Kudmala and Sopoliaingaverson may be temporarily closed, and the staff sent to the Sts of Anantapur, N. West & Salem where the want of men to take charge of the newly established circles & inspection stations is much felt.

3. Orders on Ellis letter No. ^C 26-8-98 has been passed in G.O. No 936 dt 29-8-98

To Mr. Collyer ^{H.T.}
 Copy to the Commr of Anantapur
 " Mr. District
 " Salem
 " Sarganpore
 " Sanitary Commr

6/9/98

29-9-98

best copy of the order...

The Commr of these districts should apply to the Commr of Anantapur for the men to be sent there to take charge of the circles.

L. & M.
 100-28-3-95

NOTE FOR THE Secretary

to the draft order on C.O.

1505 P (revised observation scheme for Kurnool), it was said - "Observation circles are being organized in Hindupur and Madakurda taluks of the Anantapur St." With reference to this, the H.M. has remarked

"This is new to me. What are these circles? I don't remember having heard of them and don't know for what purpose they are intended."
 (L.H.) H.W.B
 7/9-98

14/9/98 P. 4

2 It is submitted that the ^{above} statement in the draft was made with reference to (a) G.O. No 849 P. dt 24-8-98, in which Anantapur St. has been placed under observation

(b) Govt. Manual Ref. 2 (page 30 of the pamphlet) which authorizes states that after or declaring a St. to be under observation, the Commr. shall establish inspection stations, arrange observation circles &c.

The closing of road inspection stations

I can't find in the file any order of mine to place the Anantapur district under observation. My recollection is that I did give such an order, accompanying it however, I wrote that it would not be necessary to establish observation circles. As for the road inspection stations in Hindupur & Madakurda, I did not authorize them, nor do I consider that they are at present required. The plague in Mysore is apparently confined to a small area in Bangalore city. This is more than 50 miles from the Hindupur - Madakurda frontier, & the road communication there must be almost nil. From the map, indeed, it does not appear that there is any road at all. Therefore the establishment of these road inspection stations should be cancelled, and

stations in Madaknia and Hindu
Calais has been vacated in f.p.
No 972 P. d-1-g-50. It is not
known whether observation circles
are actually being opened. To be
on the safe side, the draft has
been issued ~~with~~ after
substituting "road inspection stations"
for "observation circles"

Long
2/18/98

H.M.

H.T.

12.9.98

in future it will be better not to issue
orders of such importance without refer-
ence, especially when opposed to the
views of the local officers. In
any case of emergency it is necessary
to issue orders without prior refer-
ence, the orders should be sent to me
for perusal & issue. It is not right
that I should be left to hear of them
about 12 days after a delay
of 11 days

12/9/98

Plague
Local & Munl. (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 1585

Order

10370-8/9-

From The Collector of
Karnataka

No. 2330
Genl of 90

Dated 31st August '90

Received 13 SEP 1898

Registered 5-9-1898

Enclosures

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Submitting for sanction
a revised scheme of
operation in regard to
plague observation
circles & inspection
stations (Road frontier)

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

No. 2338 of 1898 Kurnool DISTRICT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
31st August 1898

FROM
Shahomed Raza Khan Esq.,

COLLECTOR OF THE
Kurnool District,

To
THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
Local Municipal DEPARTMENT,
Madras.

SIR,

In view of the existence of
Plague at Guntakal and Hubli
(figures for the week ending 19 August
for Dharwar were 809 seizures and
671 deaths) and the exposure of the
western section of this district
to infection and the fact that the
disease is prevalent only to an
inconspicuous extent in two districts
of the Hyderabad territory remote
from Kurnool, I have the honour

to suggest the advisability of the abolition of Circles nos VIII and IX to XIV shown in the map submitted with reference to para 3 of Government order no 184 D 11. 3. 98 and the formation of the 7 new Circles on the frontier of the Belary and Anantpore districts on either side of Gunakal. The new Circles with as those already in existence, be constituted with a radius of about 5 miles each and their head-quarters will be 1) Karumanchi, (2) Billekallu, (3) Hosur, (4) Chaddikera, (5) Jonnagiri, (6) Peapalli and (7) Penderkallu.

The first six Circles are on the

the frontier of the two districts above mentioned and the 7th is a continuation, along the Railway line, of the Chaddikera Circle and is proposed with a view to protect a tract of 5 miles breadth on either side of Gunakal to a special depth of 20 miles (please vide last para of additional Regulations instead of the depth of 10 miles, vide elsewhere). The villages comprised in each Circle are given in the accompanying list.

2. The staff of Sanitary Inspectors employed in the 7 Circles to be abolished will be transferred for duty to the new ones.

3. I beg also to propose that the Frontier Inspection Station

to a may be established at Shaddi-
abo-Kera and Puzapalli, those of Shindur-
IX mala and Gopatasingivaram on
the Tungabhadra being closed as the
of river is not fordable and almost
no travellers from infected localities
can pass through them at present.

The staff now employed and the
disinfectants etc maintained
at these places may be transferred
to Shaddikera and Puzapalli and
accommodation to be provided
may be somewhat on a scale
similar to that adopted in the case
of the Chowki Stations (in Madras
excepted) i.e. the following sheds
may be erected at each of the
stations, the instructions at

pp 97 et seq of the Mysore Regula-
tions and rules "being, as far as
practicable, carried out—

A hospital for 3 patients

A Suspect Camp for three fa-
milies of 5 souls each.

Sheds for stores, servants,
kitchens, latrines etc.

Puzapalli and Shaddikera are
large Union villages of importance
the former 7 miles from Guntakal
on the Southern Mahratta Railway
and the latter 11 miles from Gooty
on the Gooty-Mangalore Road, and
it is advisable that, to protect
these villages and those in the interior
the proposed Inspection Station
should be established which will
also serve as observation station.

referred to in additional Regulation
no 24.

5. The Charge and headquarters
of the Supervisors under the revised
scheme will be as follows—

Supervisor's Division no 1 headquarters Tiggali	Circles no. { 1. Deipali. 2. Jannagiri 3. Mandikera 4. Kassar 14. Bendikotla
---	---

Do — 2 headquarters Gonepalle	{ 5. Billekalu 6. Kurnamanchi 7. Kurnat 8. Kurnavala 9. Kurnur
----------------------------------	--

Do — 3 headquarters Mandikotla	{ 10. Kurnool 11. Patankota 12. Bagatur 13. Kurnamanchi
-----------------------------------	--

A sketch (scale 1" = 4 miles)
illustrating the above Circles and
Divisions is under preparation
and

and will be submitted shortly.

7. I request the favour of very
early orders (by wire, if possible)
on this reference and on my tour
no. $\frac{C}{24.8.98}$ so that I may issue im-
mediate instructions for the
transfer of the establishment and
stores and for the construction
of the necessary sheds.

I have the honour to be
Sir,

Your most obedient servant

Copd
Sub
49/98

For Collector

FROM

THE COLLECTOR OF THE

District,

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

DEPARTMENT,

Madras.

Dated

Despatched

189

Received

No.

ENCLOSURES.

SUBJECT

plague
R.C.

No.

2338 of 98
genc

FROM

Mahomed Rayappa Esq.,

COLLECTOR OF

Kurnool.

To

Government,

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF

Local and Municipal Dept.

Madras.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter
C.O. 2338 of 98, I have the honour to sub-
mit herewith a sketch (Scale 1" =
4 miles) showing the 7 new plague
circles therein proposed and a revised
list containing the names of the
villages comprising each of them.
The head quarters of the circles, as
it will be observed, are not in the centre
in most instances but they have
been selected in view of their proximity
to the frontier of the infected
districts and of their importance
as being the Division, Taluk or Zilla
head quarters, or being on the line

of Railway or containing a Post Office
or Police Station, or carrying with
them several of these advantages
combined. They are moreover,
nominal as the Inspectors have
almost always to be on Circuit.

I have on reconsideration—
changed the head quarters of
circle to 4 from Hosur to Patankonda.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Yours most obedt servant,

For Collector.

9/9

(189) DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE COLLECTOR OF

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE

COMMISSIONER OF

Madras.

Dated

Despatched

Received

No.

ENCLOSURES.

SUBJECT.

189

List of Vihaps Comprised in the
Observation Circles on the frontier
of Anantapur and Bellary Districts
& H. H. the Nizam's Dominions -
Peapalli Circle no 1.

1. Peapalli.
2. Potidoddi.
3. Gudipad.
4. Kalachabla.
5. Pedda Podilla.
6. Kengalamkali.
7. Kottekota.
8. Khetupalli.
9. Seemabanda.
10. Jakkur Chavla.
11. Ch. M. M. M.
12. Chakaballa.

For Nizam's Circle no 2.

1. J. J. J.
2. P. P. P.
3. J. J. J.
4. J. J. J.
5. J. J. J.
6. J. J. J.
7. J. J. J.

Shaddikera Circle no 3.

1. Shaddikera.

2. Agraharam.

3. Kampa.

4. Peravali.

5. Yadavali.

St. B. The villages in this Circle are few but they are large and important and contain many hamlets. They are moreover, in close proximity to the infected area.

Arur Circle no 4.

1. Arur.

2. Chinnamuttu.

3. Peddabailu.

4. Patteeswar.

5. Puchai.

6. P.

7. P.

8. P.

9. Devanahalli.

10. Pandikona.

Simundla Arilo No. 7.

Bikekattu Arilo No. 5.

1. Bikekattu.
2. Juturo.
3. Shutukuro.
4. Bailupattu Konda.
5. Kairappuli.
6. Kunkanur.
7. Velamakur.
8. Devanakonda.
9. Alardina.

Karamanchi Arilo No. 6.

1. Karamanchi.
2. Karamanchi.
3. Chilapantam.
4. Chenna Konda.
5. Sadasatukonda.
6. Katakam.
7. Potlapad.
8. Ba.
9. Karamanchi.
10. Karamanchi.
11. Karamanchi.
12. Karamanchi.
13. Karamanchi.

Herb. ...
... Arilo

Gonegunda Circle No. 7.

1. Gonegunda.
2. Petta marvadi.
3. Ironibanda.
4. Palakurki.
5. Karivenula.
6. Kapatrika.
7. Tippanur.
8. Chachapuram.
9. Yerrabadi.
10. Kemagol.
11. Nenu Koviadi.

Circle no. 8 same as former Circle no. 1

do — do — no. 2

do — do —

do — do —

do — do —

do — do —

Pondakallu

1. Pondakallu
2. Edla
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
6. Chula
7. Chula
8. Kottaburugu
9. Gunpla

Original
Local & Munl. (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 1866

From Mahomed Nagelbaaz
Collector of Karnool

Order

Re No. 2338 of 1898
gaul.

Dated 5th September

Received 15 SEP. 1898

Registered 19-98

Enclosures Two (one plan)

Spare copies nil

SUBJECT.

Sketch
of the
in the
formed in the
District
of the
and other
District

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revised list of villages Com-
prised in the observation Circle
on the frontier of the Ananthapur
and Bellary Districts and His
Highness the Nizam's Dominions.

No. 1 Pyapalli Circle

- 1 Pyapalli
- 2 Jakabani
- 3 Gudipad
- 4 Potidassi
- 5 Nallapalli
- 6 Kolachatta
- 7 Rangafar
- 8 Potilla
- 9 Kotha
- 10 Kotha
- 11 Nallapalli
- 12 Chaudapalli
- 13 Kengal

No. 2 Circle

- 1
- 2
- 3 Eendurassi
- 4 Madamalakunta
- 5 Chennampalli

6 Kopperla palli
7 Ennapudi

No. 3 Maddikera Cicle

1 Maddikera

2 Buruzala

3 Apraharam

4 Peravali

5 Nampa

6 Yadavali

No. 4 Pattikonda Cicle

1 Pattikonda

2 Haddu

3 Pedda halli

4 Chinna halli

5 Devana

6 Kalla kadu

7 Intur

8 Dandu

9 Pundikonda

10 Chakkavalli

11 Ratana

12 Puchakayala Cicle

No. 5 Billa kalla Cicle

1 Billa kalla

2 Bailu pattikonda

3 Dada dadi Kotakonda

4 Kollaparai

5 Kairappa

6 Kuna Kanur

7 Marudine

8 Devana Konda

9 Velam akur

10 Kuttukur

No. 6 Kairu anelu Cicle

1 Kairu anelu

2 Kairu anelu

3 Chinna penchel

4 Kairu anelu

5 Kairu anelu

6 Kairu anelu

7 Kairu anelu

8 Apraharam

9 Taram

10 Banapuram

11 Pattikonda

12 Kairu anelu Cicle

1 Kairu anelu

2 Pedda maravadi

3 Inani banda

- 4 Palakarti
- 5 Karunavula
- 6 Kappa tralla
- 7 Nachapuram
- 8 Dippam
- 9 Yerabad
- 10 Hendrikairwadi
- 11 Venugod

Circle no 8 Same as the
former Circle no 1

- Do no 9
- Do no 10
- Do no 11
- Do no 12
- Do no 13

No 14 Penakallu

- 1 Panakallu
- 2 Thukal
- 3 Kallachuram
- 4 Gundakonda
- 5 Pakkam
- 6 Bondimadai
- 7 Alankonda
- 8 Katarikonda

- 9 Champanola
- 10 Gundala

Karnool }
S. 9. 28 } Collectors

68

Read the following:-

From the Collector of Burdwan, C. No. 2333/91, dated 31st

1898, submitted for consideration the following:-

From the same Officer, C. No. 2333/91, dated 5th September

Order No. 1037, dated 5th September 1898.

The Collector has the honor to inform that the

Burdwan District "under observation" and of organizing obser-

vation circles along its northern frontier. It was also to

protect the Burdwan District, and to protect the residents

of the same.

2. There has been no case of indigenous plunder in the

Burdwan District, and no case of indigenous plunder in the

district since the 1st of January 1898. The whole of the

district is under the control of the British Government

and no case of indigenous plunder has been reported

since the 1st of January 1898. The whole of the

district is under the control of the British Government

and no case of indigenous plunder has been reported

since the 1st of January 1898. The whole of the

district is under the control of the British Government

and no case of indigenous plunder has been reported

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district is under the control of the British Government

and no case of indigenous plunder has been reported

since the 1st of January 1898. The whole of the

district is under the control of the British Government

and no case of indigenous plunder has been reported

Print letter
full, don't
print end.
1898.

for

In G.O. No. 936 dated 19th August 1930.

(True extract.)

For Secretary to Government.

To

The Collector of Burdwan. # - Co.

Copy to the Collector of Midnapur.

~~Copy to the Collector of North Arcot.~~

Copy to the Collector of North Arcot.

" " " Salem.

" " " Surgeon General.

" " " Sanitary Commissioner.

Dypt 28/9/30

Print letter
for
Burdwan
Print letter

for

8-5-22 ✓

10
- 1
AFC #
AFC #
AFC #
AFC #

2/2/22

Signature 21-9-98
25-9-98

8/

A - Full
B - Copy
C - Print
D - Print