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Administration Report

Reviewing the —— of the Divisional Boards

and: Council for 1896-97.

BACK PAERS.

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Government {1897} of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

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G.O., No. 1730 M., 5th August 1897.

AUGUST.

Administration Report.

Reviewing the — of the Vizianagram Municipal Council for 1896–97.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following papers :—

From M.R.Ry. C. H. RAMAMURTHI Pantulu Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th June 1897, No. 32.

I have the honour to submit herewith the report on the administration of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896–97, together with the statements noted in the margin, prescribed in G.O., No. 2193 M., dated the 10th December 1891. The report was approved of and passed by the council at its meeting held on the 5th instant.

Statements I, I-A, II, II-A, II-B, III, IV-A, IV-B.
Appendix A and B to statements IV-A and IV-B, V-A, V-B. VI-A, VII, VIII, IX, IX-A, X, X-A, XI, XII and XIII.

I.—Constitution of the Council.

2. The administration of the municipal affairs was managed by M.R.Ry. V. Venkatraya Sastri Garu throughout the year 1896–97 as elected Chairman.

3. The accounts of the municipality have not yet been audited.

4. The number of councillors allowed to this municipality is sixteen, twelve of whom are elected and the rest nominated by Government. The council worked with its full complement of members from the beginning of the official year till 30th May 1896 when the seat of Mr. A. J. Home, apothecary in charge of the Police hospital, was vacated by his transfer which was filled up by the appointment of M.R.Ry. P. Govindarajulu Nayudu Garu, Police hospital assistant on the 14th July 1896. The term of M.R.Ry. N.Chirunjiviran Garu, an elected councillor, having expired on the 8th August 1896, his seat was filled up by the election of M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur K. Narayanaswamy Nayudu Garu, police inspector in October 1896. Since then the council was again at its full complement of members till the close of the official year. The total number of meetings held in the year was 27 against 25 in the previous year, of which only one meeting had to be postponed for want of quorum against 3 of the last year. Further details are given in statement X.

II.—Receipts.

5. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 943–2–6 and closed with Rs. 511. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 32,806–10–4 against Rs. 32,205–15–1 of the previous year, as also against the sum of Rs. 36,260 provided for in the revised estimate passed by Government in their order No. 602 M., dated 18th March 1897, showing an increase of Rs. 600–11–3 over the actual collections of the previous year. Notwithstanding this increase, there has been a fall in the collection of the important items of receipts under "2. Municipal Rates and Taxes" except in (*b*) Tax on Buildings, and (*h*) Tolls, under which there was an increase of Rs. 454–14–1 and Rs. 1,500, respectively. Owing to the distress in the year many petty traders, agriculturists and customers were compelled to leave the place for Gódávari and Rangoon with their families, and the taxes originally imposed upon them could not be collected owing to their absence from station and consequent abandonment of their business in the town. This affected several resources of the municipality, and it was with much difficulty that the taxes were collected in the year. The financial condition of the council cannot, therefore, be called satisfactory, as will be explained hereafter in detail.

6. *Tax on Arts.*—The current demand under this head, as finally settled by the council, was Rs. 4,642 and that of arrears was Rs. 1,965–5–6, making a total of Rs. 6,607–5–6, of which a sum of Rs. 3,204–8–0 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 232–9–0 out of the arrear demands were collected, making a total of Rs. 3,437–1–0. Rs. 56–12–0 was remitted and Rs. 812–4–0 was written off as irrecoverable, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,437–8–0 under the current and Rs. 863–12–6 under the arrear demands, respectively. The collections under this head were comparatively less than those of the previous year, but as much as Rs. 908–9–0 more than in the year 1894–95. Owing to the existing famine many tax-payers were impoverished and made to abandon their petty trades and some were made destitute. Consequently though warrants of distress were freely issued and executed, more than 50 per cent. of them were returned with the remark that there was no property or profession.

7. *Tax on Buildings.*—The rate at which the tax on houses was levied in the year was 7½ per cent. on the annual rent value. The copy of the rules framed by the council for fixing the annual rent value on buildings and lands was submitted to Government along with the annual statements of 1895–96. The house-tax registers were thoroughly revised in 1895–96. The current demand under this head was Rs. 10,998–3–0 and the arrear demand was Rs. 2,573–10–9, making a total of Rupees 13,571–13–9, of which a sum of Rs. 9,300–0–9 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 858–10–0 out of the arrear demands were collected, Rs. 88–10–0 was remitted and Rs. 806–13–9 written off as irrecoverable after proper enquiry, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,517–11–3, both under the current and arrears, the latter appertaining only to 1895–96. Much difficulty was experienced in the collection of taxes on buildings also owing to the present scarcity. The total amount collected under this head including arrear and current was Rs. 10,158–10–9 against Rs. 9,703–12–8 of the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 454–14–1 over the largest collections ever made under this head. The council notes this with satisfaction considering the year's disadvantages.

8. *Tax on Lands.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was collected. The total demand (arrear and current) was Rs. 127–12–0 and the amount collected was Rs. 100–1–0, leaving a balance of Rs. 27–11–0.

9. The collections under tax on animals and vehicles with springs were much less than in the previous year. This is due to the reduction again of a large number of animals in the Maharaja's stud.

Tax on Carts.—The small decrease in the collection of tax under this head was due to certain people who were earning their livelihood by letting their carts and driving them for hire, having left the place for Rangoon owing to the distress and having sold their carts and bulls.

10. *Realization under Special Acts.*—The expected license-fee in addition to the fee realized from Sangali Dramatic Company was not received from the new Muhammadan Victoria Theatrical Company as they gave no performances during the year.

11. The difference in many of the items between the actual collection and the revised estimate is due to the fact that in laying down figures originally under the revised estimate, the council ignored the peculiar circumstances of the year and raised the figures laid down by the Chairman who foresaw the difficulties, in order to make them equivalent to the year's demand in each case. The council notes, however, that the actual collections do not compare so unfavourably as might be expected with the previous year.

12. *Coercive process.*—Appendix A to statement IV-A and IV-B shows the number of warrants issued during the year. In 44 cases the property was attached and in 10 cases the property was sold and the sale-proceeds credited in satisfaction of the amounts due.

13. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls was sold to one M.R.Ry. B. Parvatisam Garu for Rs. 14,000. Tolls were levied at the maximum rates. The whole amount was collected and the local fund share was also paid to the board within the year.

14. *Incidence of Taxation.*—The total actual income from taxation including tolls is Rs. 28,314 and that excluding tolls is Rs. 17,814 against Rs. 26,952 and Rupees 17,952, respectively, of last year. The population according to the census of 1891

being 29,180, the incidence per head, tolls being included is As. 15-6 against As. 14-9 of last year and that excluding tolls is As. 9-9 against As. 9-10 of 1895-96 The increase in the former is due to the increase under tolls collection.

15. *Produce of Gardens.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 300 and the actual collections were Rs. 324-8-7. The cause of increase in the collections was due to the fact that the realisations by the sale of grass in the Park meadows were more than expected.

16. *Sale-proceeds of old Materials.*—The increase is due to the collection made by auction sale of old tools, oil-cans and other materials lying waste.

17. *Conservancy Receipts—Sale-proceeds of Street refuse and Night-soil.*—The sum provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 250 and that realised was Rs. 230-8-0. The fall is due to the reduction caused in the sale of night-soil for which there was not much demand owing to the failure of crops. The amount fetched by the sale of rubbish and street refuse was Rs. 190. The whole amount was collected in the year. There were three rubbish depôts and one night-soil depôt.

18. *Fees from Educational Institutions*, Rs. 24-5-6.—This is the amount realised as school-fees from the boys of the Muhammadan school.

Other Revenue from Educational Institutions, Rs. 45-6-0.—This comprises the amount of fees received as subscriptions from members for reading books in the Wenlock Library. It has 12 subscribers and is managed by a sub-committee presided over by the Municipal Chairman. It contains 550 volumes of English, 115 Sanskrit volumes in Devanagari characters, 17 volumes of Sanskrit in Telugu characters, 23 volumes of English translations of Sanskrit books, 47 volumes of Telugu and 45 volumes of Persian literature.

19. *Slaughter-houses.*—The right of collecting fees at the slaughter-houses at the marginally-noted rates was leased out by the council for Rs. 700, of which Rs. 480 were collected within the close of the year and the remaining sum, viz., Rs. 220 was collected on the 14th April 1897, the contractor having failed to pay the full amount in time.

	As.	P.
Every sheep or goat slaughtered ..	0	9
Every bullock or buffalo	1	6

20. *Distraint fees.*—In spite of the present scarcity no pains were spared in the issue of warrants. In 1,398 cases payments were made as soon as warrants were shown and in 32 cases the Chairman had to excuse warrant fee under the circumstances; hence there was a decrease under the head.

21. *License-fees.*—There was an increase of Rs. 13-3-6 over the amount provided for in the revised estimate, but the decrease under the previous years' actuals is due to certain pot-makers and others having had to leave the country for Rangoon.

22. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*—It is very much to be regretted that the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates were again but nominal. Cases have been thrown out for want of evidence other than that of the municipal servants. The actual collections under the head for 1894-95 were Rs. 770 and those for 1895-96 were Rs. 434-10-6, while for the year under report, they were only Rs. 96-15-0 showing a great fall. The matter was brought to the notice of Government in the last annual report as well as in the current year's budget report.

23. *Endowments.*—This is the amount paid as interest by Government on a promissory note of Rs. 5,000 endowed for feeding the poor by the late Rai Bahadur Sri P. Jagannadharaju Sahib, Diwan of Vizianagram Samastanam.

24. *Grants and Contributions—(a) From Government Normal Stipends, Rs.* 67-8-0.—This is the amount paid for the first time from Provincial funds as a grant for stipends to normal students.

Other Purposes—Gymnasium, Rs. 48.—This is also a grant received from Provincial funds for gymnasium maintained by the council.

(c) Other Grants and Contributions—(iii) *Other Purposes, Rs.* 109-12-0.—This comprises the sum of Rs. 90 received from the Wenlock Reception Committee and Rs. 19-12-0 from private individuals for works done.

25. *Private scavenging.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,600 and the amount actually collected was Rs. 1,344-4-6. The current demand was Rs 1,520-1-0 and that of the arrear was Rs. 1,147-13-0 of which Rs. 1,232-13-0 of the former and Rs. 111-7-6 of the latter was collected in the year. Rs. 101-8-0 have since been collected from the current demand. The balance of Rs. 185-12-0 still remaining will be adjusted shortly. Deducting the arrear collection from the demand of Rs. 1,147-13-0, there was a balance of Rs. 1,036-5-6 which was outstanding so long ago as 1892-93 and cannot at all be collected for various reasons. The list was laid before the council and is undergoing scrutiny for adjustment.

(ii) *Other Purposes.*—This is the amount of fees collected from persons requiring the vaccinator's attendance at their quarters to vaccinate their children. The fee charged is only As. 2-0 per visit.

Fee for Numbering Carts.—As the number of carts registered is reduced, the fee collected for numbering them is also diminished.

Other Items.—This is the amount taken credit on account of deposits not claimed by parties.

III.—Expenditure.

26. The sum available for expenditure in the year was Rs. 32,806-10-4 including the opening balance for 1896-97 and the total sum spent during the year was Rs. 32,295-10-4 against the revised estimate of Rs. 33,030.

27. *Grant 1, Public Works.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate for expenditure under this grant was Rs. 12,200 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 11,704-5-10. The expenditure under the several minor heads in original works was below the provisions under (*b*) and (*c*) and by far below under (*d*), the provision of Rs. 1,000 made under New Works—Water-supply—having been spent only in part before the close of the official year by the Sanitary Engineering department. In almost all the items of expenditure under repairs, the actuals more or less exceeded the provisions made in the revised estimate.

28. *Roads and Communications—New Works and Repairs.*—Before going into the details, it may be necessary to mention that a very large sum over and above the sanctioned amount was spent on roads and communications. No new roads were made in the year, but a small sum of Rs. 122-3-8 was spent in making culverts in several streets where they were most required. The sum provided for originally in the budget estimate under "Repairs" Communications—was Rs. 4,500 and that actually spent was Rs. 5,990-13-8, of which Rs. 2,713-14-8 was spent in repairing the main and the major roads of the town over which there is much traffic; Rs. 790-12-3 was spent on minor roads in Santapeta ward and a sum of Rs. 626-1-0 on those of Kaspa ward. These roads require annual repairs as they are much used by people. The divisional councillors supervised the works and only those which were executed to their satisfaction were paid for. A sum of Rs. 1,380-1-9 was necessarily spent in repairing certain streets and lanes situated in very thickly populated areas. Rs. 480 were spent on permanent road coolies and maistry for making patch works and other small repairs to roads wherever they were required. I know personally that this year not a single road, street or lane was left untouched and the general condition of all the roads, streets and lanes was much bettered. The number of main and major roads repaired is 33 and their length is 6½ miles. The number of minor roads, lanes and streets repaired is 54 and their length is 21 miles. The number of roads repaired with patch work is 24 and the length is 3 miles.

29. *Buildings—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 400 for original works under buildings and Rs. 300 for repairs, and the sum actually spent was Rs. 366-11-10 and Rs. 287-4-1, respectively. A sum of Rs. 102-0-5 was usefully spent in constructing a double masonry latrine in Dasannapeta where the want of a public latrine was much felt. Dr. Bannerman, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, once recommended that a latrine should be constructed in that portion of the town. It is now being freely used by the people. Rs. 103-15-7 was spent in enclosing the iron latrine built in 1895-96 in the poor-house road during the rainy season, the parapet side wall of the big sewer in the stable road fell

down all on a sudden and as it was dangerous to keep the same without repair, Rs. 84–10–4 was spent in re-building it. Further, Rs. 60 was spent on the masonry sewage filter constructed as recommended by the Sanitary Commissioner, Dr. King, to receive the sewage of a portion of Santapeta. The sum of Rs. 16–1–6 was spent under certain petty works. The male and the female compartments of the large masonry latrines in the cattle market were repaired at a cost of Rs. 75–9–9 and Rs. 71–3–1, respectively. The privy in the fish market was repaired at a cost of Rs. 48–0–9. The remaining sum of Rs. 92–6–6 was spent on certain petty repairs to buildings.

30. *Drainage—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate under original works and repairs was Rs. 800 and Rs. 500, respectively, and that actually spent was Rs. 696–0–6 and Rs. 600–5–2. A masonry drain by the side of the hospital road was constructed at a cost of Rs. 78–10–8 as the work was found to be necessary to carry off the drainage of that locality into the existing drain in the main street. The work of constructing the side drain in Amiengari street had to be undertaken in the year as the drain was completely damaged and the flow of water stopped in many places owing to its faulty levels; the work was therefore done at a cost of Rs. 195–11–1. The drain in Kanukurtivari street as also that in Aripiralavari street had to be repaired. The former was improved at a cost of Rs. 112–6–8 and the latter was repaired and joined to a masonry under-ground tunnel near the college road at a cost of Rs. 117–7–7. The other works executed at a cost of Rs. 191–12–6 are of a petty nature.

Repairs.—Besides the cut-stone V shaped old drain in Sharabkhanvari street which was constructed so long ago as 1859 when the municipal association was first formed, which required a touching up to set its levels right and which was accordingly done at a cost of Rs. 102–4–8, many small drains, culverts and tunnels were also repaired in the year at a cost of Rs. 498–0–6. The council having diverted its attention towards the water-supply scheme of the town which is now under investigation under the orders of Government and having therefore postponed the drainage scheme for the future, it was thought expedient to make such repairs in the drainage works as were unavoidable and accordingly sanctioned the above sums.

31. *Water-supply—New Works and Repairs.*—There has been a great want for a well in the Park compound where many people used to resort to the existing old wells for water during the recent scarcity. A well was constructed therefore at a cost of Rs. 133–4–9, which is now very useful to the public and to the Park as well. At the request of the people of Harakala street by a well-represented mahazar, the council constructed a masonry well in that part of the town at a cost of Rs. 112–1–4, which also is now much used by the people. A sum of Rs. 92–13–6 was spent in digging new wells and improving old wells of a petty nature in the town and in the several tank beds, as they were found to be necessary in the recent drought. The sum spent within the year on the investigation of the water-supply scheme was Rs. 321–1–2. A further sum of Rs. 27–0–11 was spent in removing silt and in cleaning many wells in the town as also in the tank-beds.

32. *Establishment for flushing drains.*—Statement II-B gives the details. In the year under report the flushing of side drains by a permanent gang of eight flushers was first introduced as the Government were pleased to sanction it. They have done very useful work and the general complaint of the stink emanating from the street gutters is not so much heard of now.

33. *Water Works Establishment.*—Statement II-B shows the details. The work done by the several tank watchmen with the additional men sanctioned in the year was satisfactory and the tanks are better protected from contamination now than ever.

Contingencies.—This is the amount spent for the purchase of baskets, ropes and other necessary articles for the water works.

34. *Public Works Establishment.*—There was no change in the establishment under this head.

Tools and plant and other stores.—Two iron rollers were purchased in the year at a cost of Rs. 205–6–0 and the remainder was spent in the purchase of ordinary tools; hence the increase under this head.

35. *Grant 2, Education.*—The amount provided in the revised estimate under this grant was Rs. 3,380 and the actual expenditure came up to Rs. 3,078–12–4.

36. *Training Schools—(b) Stipends to Normal students.*—In the year two teacher-pupils—one from the Ripon Hindu primary school and the other from Raja Bazaar street result school—were sent for training to the Government Normal school, Vizagapatam. They both completed their course and joined back their schools.

37. *Salary-result system schools.*—In the year the municipality maintained three schools under this system, viz., Muhammadan, the Night and the Pariah schools, in all of which boys are taught up to the fourth standard. The number of boys on the rolls on the 31st March 1897 in the Muhammadan school was 67 and the average attendance was 57 in the year against 73 and 58, respectively, in the previous year. Of the three masters in the school, the second is a trained man, while the other masters passed the fifth standard examination. The school presented 45 boys, of whom 20 passed. Four boys were sent for Primary school examination, all of whom passed. There is one master in the night school who is a trained teacher. The school presented 23 boys, of whom 15 passed, while the Pariah school presented 27 boys and passed 21. The teacher in the Pariah school is also a trained man. The night school sent up 2 boys for the Primary school examination and passed, while the Pariah school sent up 4 but passed 2 of them. The number of boys passed in the night school as well as in the Pariah school was more than that in the previous year, while that in the Muhammadan school was much less. Result grants were paid at half the rates to all the schools on salary-result system. The cost of maintaining the Muhammadan school was Rs. 385–7–10 and that of the Pariah school was Rs. 107–3–8, while the cost of the night school was Rs. 156–7–8 as shown in statement V-A herewith submitted.

38. *Result Grants.*—The sum provided in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,800 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 1,556–11–0 against the actuals of Rs. 1,719–1–0 in the previous year. The cause of decrease in the expenditure was that the grants earned by the Ripon Hindu Primary school and Tana result school were not paid. All the other bills were paid in the year. The number of schools under this system was 23 in the beginning, the number closed was 1 and the number opened was 1. The number at the close of the year was therefore 23. The qualifications of the school-masters were almost stationary, only two masters completed their course of training since last year's report. The number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,199 against 1,187.

39. *Gymnastic Instruction.*—The sum provided under establishment was fully utilised. There is an increase under contingencies which is due to the improvements made to the gymnastic ground by enclosing it with wooden paling, 25 schools received instruction in gymnastics. The number of boys that received instruction was 1,217, and their average attendance was 1,085. None of the masters attended drill during the year. Instruction was given to boys in position drill, physical drill and physical exercise. There is a trained gymnastic instructor who is a military pensioner holding a first-class certificate given by the Inspector, Gymnasia, Madras and Bombay Presidencies, Central Gymnasium, Poona.

Building and Furniture Grants.—The amount spent under this head was Rs. 113 against Rs. 150 provided in the revised estimate. The amount spent was distributed as follows:—

	RS.
Ripon Hindu primary school for furniture and library books	41
Muramallavari school for rent grant	6
Maharanipeta school do.	5
Munsif's street school do.	11
Ripon Hindu primary school for rent grant	18
Kanukurtivari school for rent grant	12
Pallividhi result school for furniture	20

40. *Inspection.*—In the year, there was one inspecting schoolmaster employed by the municipality. He inspected on an average 40 schools a month. He trained 4 teacher-pupils for the Primary school examination for which he received a remuneration of Rs. 20 from the municipal funds as recommended by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, although no provision was made in the budget for the same.

41. *Grant 3, Sanitation and Medical service.*—The total expenditure under this grant was Rs 10,664–10–11 against Rs. 10,170–15–1 in the previous year. Except under 5 (*c*) cholera charges the expenditure under all heads of this grant was incurred without much variation from the figures shown in the revised estimate for the year.

42. *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The municipality owns no hospital or dispensary. A provision of Rs. 600 towards the contribution for an hospital was made in the year's budget, but the amount was not utilised as the Government have not passed orders on the subject. The want of an hospital in a central locality of the town is much felt. In the year there was a midwife on Rs. 12–8–0 per month who is not a trained woman. She attended 144 cases of labour against 131 of the previous year. Considering the number of deliveries according to the birth register, she does not seem to have attended as many cases as might be expected. Towards the close of the year, a trained midwife was employed as recommended by the Superintendent of the Maternity Hospital, Madras. She attended only one case before the close of the official year.

43. *Vaccination.*—In the year there was one first-class vaccinator employed by the municipality. He performed 1,884 cases, of which 1,807 were successful. There were 221 cases prosecuted for failure to have children vaccinated. Of the number of cases vaccinated, 909 were below one year with 866 which were successful. The results of vaccination in the year were a little more satisfactory than in the previous year especially as regards infantile vaccination which shows an excess of 125 cases of vaccination and 208 successful over the corresponding numbers of the previous year. The total number of cases vaccinated was less by 13 but with a higher rate of successful cases, showing again an excess of 115. The number of notices issued to parties under section 138 of the Act was 1,143. The number of complaints lodged before the Magistrate was 221. The number of persons who produced their children for vaccination upon the Magistrate's order was 186 and the number postponed on medical certificate was 4. As usual the preliminary order of the Magistrate for obedience had the desired effect in all but 4 cases. Glycerine lymph was supplied from the calf-lymph depôts maintained by the District Board at Vizagapatam and Vizianagram. The Deputy Inspector of Vaccination verified 399 cases and the hospital assistant in charge of the Police hospital, who is a municipal councillor, also verified 402 cases. The vaccinator is paid at the rate of As. 2 per each successful case vaccinated by him over and above 100 cases, the minimum fixed for a month, and he accordingly received a reward of Rs. 11–14–0 from time to time during the year which includes a sum of Rs. 55–4–0 paid for cases of 1895–96, and the cost of lymph amounted to Rs. 36–12–0. Thus the average cost for each successful case was As. 2–11 as against As. 2–5 in the previous year.

44. *Vital Statistics.*—The number of births registered during the year was 932 against 853 in the previous year and that of deaths was 889 against 749 of last year. The various causes of mortality are noted below:—

	1895–96.	1896–97.
Cholera	..	40
Small-pox	2	30
Fever	333	301
Bowel complaints	79	154
Other causes	335	364
	749	889

The population of the municipality according to the census of 1891 is 29,180 and the birth-rate per mille in the year was 31·939, while the death-rate was 30·469, both of which are above the standard rates. The public health could not be said to be satisfactory, as there were cholera and small-pox during the year showing a mortality of 40 and 30, respectively. Fever and bowel complaints were also prevalent. As usual the conservancy out-door staff reports the occurrences of births and deaths in the office. The registrars also are directed to check the reports by frequent personal inspections. There are two registrars, one for each ward of the town.

45. *Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering.*—The amount provided in the revised estimate was Rs. 10,230 and that actually spent was Rs. 9,837–8–11. The decrease in expenditure is due to the non-utilization of the whole sum provided under "Cholera charges" and "Contingencies."

There is a slight decrease in the conservancy establishment charges which is due to fines imposed and stoppages made in the staff. Statement II-B gives the details. There were four sanitary inspectors for the town, of whom one is a trained and certificated man who is styled the chief sanitary inspector. The sanitation of the town was reported to be generally satisfactory. The Chairman used to go out in the mornings on inspection duty and a few councillors also took interest in the sanitation of the town. While the number of prosecutions made before the bench court remain almost the same as in previous years, the collections during the year under report amount to Rs. 96–15–0 against Rs. 770 which was realised not long ago in the year 1894–95. The figures speak for themselves as regards the way in which cases are now being disposed of by the bench court, the consequences of which could well be imagined. For removing the house and street refuses there were in the year 337 dust-bins against 307 of last year, of which 11 are of corrugated zinc, 226 iron, 26 masonry, 74 wooden. The number of dust-bins made in the year newly were 60, of which 30 were put up in place of old ones damaged and 30 were newly fixed. The number of public latrines is 28 and 2 were added during the year, of which one is masonry and the other is of corrugated iron. The night-soil from private privies and public latrines is removed by means of air tight iron carts to the depôt where it is buried in trenches dug for the purpose. There are three rubbish depôts in the town and one night soil depôt; the latter being too close to the burial-ground, a suitable site was selected beyond the railway line and an application was made for the acquisition of the land in question. The Vizianagram sewage filters, of which there are 30 in number, are in proper working order. As in the previous year the result of the sanitary arrangements are good. There were in the year 30 rubbish carts maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 1,800.

Private scavenging.—The amount actually spent under establishment was the same as that provided in the revised estimate, but it is in excess of Rs. 250 over that provided in the original budget. It is much to be regretted that the original arrangements made by the Chairman with regard to the retrenchment in the establishment charges in proportion to the work done by scavengers could not stand longer than three or four months. In the month of April 1896 the scavengers struck work all on a sudden and caused great inconvenience to the public. The council then, though reluctantly, had to revert to its old loose system of paying them as before. The establishment charges were framed on that basis when the original budget for 1896–97 was submitted to Government; hence the increase over that figure. The amount spent under establishment was Rs. 1,451–4–0 and under contingencies was Rs. 428–12–0, making a total of Rs. 1,880 against a revenue of Rs. 1,344–4–6, showing a loss of Rs. 535–11–6 to the municipality. This loss could be reduced to half if the council could justly lower the establishment charges and pay the scavengers in proportion to their work as was proposed and brought under execution for three or four months in the previous year, which, for fear of strike, the council could not enforce. The only remedy is to raise the scavenging fees which the council is contemplating to do. It is also true that the collections under this head could not be made in advance and much arrears were left uncollected. It is hoped that matters may be improved in the year 1897–98 under the increased powers given in the amendment Act. There were 1,063 private latrines under the municipal supervision on the 31st March 1896. There were 15 added and 9 removed from the list in the year under report. There are 8 night-soil carts and 63 toties employed for cleaning the private latrines.

Cholera Charges.—Of the sum of Rs. 1,000 provided in the revised estimate, only Rs. 681–10–5 was spent within the year. Cholera made its first appearance in the town in August 1896 having been brought in by the Gódávari Pushkaram pilgrims. There were then 69 attacks and 36 deaths. The provisions laid down in cholera rules were strictly enforced and temporary establishments as required under the same rules were employed at a cost of Rs. 72–15–0. In the month of February

last, a second time it was imported from Srikurmum and caused 4 deaths amongst 6 attacks. The effect of the above precautions was not fruitless, the disease for the first time having disappeared within 20 days, while on the second occasion it was stopped within a week after the first occurrence. The effects of purifying water sources which were affected by the free use of permanganate of potash on both occasions were remarkable.

Contingencies.—The sum provided in the revised estimate was not utilised except Rs. 9 as there was no necessity for providing conservancy tools and other petty conservancy charges for the establishment in the year.

46. *Public health.*—The public health of the town cannot be said to be satisfactory. There was cholera in the town, although imported on both occasions in the year, which carried off 40 souls. The deaths from small-pox were no less than 30. The prices of food-grains and other stuff were high and not within the easy reach of the poor. There were 154 cases of bowel complaints caused by eating unusual food and drinking any water which the people could get. There were no rains, in consequence of which there was an utter failure of crops. People suffered greatly for want of proper food and sufficient pure water in the year.

47. *Grant 4, Lighting and Miscellaneous.*—The amount originally estimated under this grant was reduced to Rs. 3,920 against Rs. 4,468, the actuals of the previous year, and when the revised estimate was framed, it was further reduced to Rs. 3,610. But the actuals came up to Rs. 4,123-3-8 during the closing months of the year, as many lanterns and lamp-posts were broken which had to be replaced and a few fresh lanterns and lamp-posts were also made. Besides, during the year the price of kerosine-oil rose higher; hence the budgeted figure had to be exceeded.

Lighting.—The establishment charges were almost stationary. In the beginning of the year there were 284 lamps with 92 iron posts and 132 wooden posts and 60 wall brackets. In the year, 13 posts were newly made and put up and 4 lamp-posts were replaced by brackets and three more were fixed in new places. The total number of lights on the 31st March 1897 was 300. The number had to be increased in Dasannapeta as well as on the main road. Six hundred and thirty-three chimneys, 420 burners were purchased, and 24 lanterns were made and 450 were repaired. The council is of opinion that all the expenditure under this head was usefully incurred and that the lighting in the town, in which the Chairman took particular interest, was satisfactory throughout the year.

48. *Markets.*—The council owns no market in the town. The Samastanam maintains 4 markets, which are under the licensing control of the municipality. Many improvements were made during the year under report by the Samastanam. The vegetable stalls were repaired and retiled. The southern side of the Prince of Wales market was improved very much by the construction of a line of godowns, which, besides adding to the beauty of the market, has attracted many a merchant to keep their stalls in them. The Samastanam collects rents and looks after the conservancy, lighting and other particulars. The municipality has in its service a superintendent on Rs. 10 a month. He inspects the articles of food and drink as well as meat and fish exposed for sale in the markets, as also the cattle and sheep brought to the slaughter-houses before they are slaughtered.

49. *Choultries—Feeding the poor.*—The interest accrued on Rs. 5,000, the capital endowed by M.R.Ry. P. Jagannadharaju Sahib Garu, Rai Bahadur, the late Dewan of Vizianagram Raj, in a Government promissory note was Rs. 174-9-0 as received from the Accountant-General's office. The sum spent for feeding and clothing the poor during the three days of Pongal, which was the object of the endowment, was Rs. 160.

50. *Clock Tower.*—The municipality constructed a clock tower some 15 years back, to which is attached a clock-maker on Rs. 4 a month. The clock is keeping good time.

51. *Public Garden.*—The establishment charges on the Victoria Jubilee Park are almost the same as was provided for in the revised estimate, but the contingencies have risen much. The excess expenditure was usefully spent in improving the flower

beds and cleaning the wells, repairing the pump in one of the wells and in the employment of additional coolies to water the plants which were almost dying during the recent water scarcity. The construction of a continuous boundary wall was abandoned in obedience to the orders of Government. In accordance with the directions contained in paragraph 4 (i) of G.O., No. 1729, dated 9th October 1896, estimates for completing the park wall were submitted and orders are awaited. The net cost of maintaining the park is about Rs. 40 a month. It would have been much less if no additional coolies were employed which was unavoidable owing to the special circumstances of the season.

52. *Other charges.*—The items that this major head comprises are of a very uncertain character. For printing municipal proceedings for the District Gazette and doing other miscellaneous works for the municipality, the council had to pay Rupees 538-15-1. Rs. 50 were spent for the purchase of a hut and its surrounding site situated close to the office building. The purchase was made for extending the office compound and it removed a great nuisance to which the building was subject. Other items call for no remarks.

53. *Grant 5, Supervision and Management.*—The details of the establishment are shown in statement II-B. The office establishment and the collection staff continued to be the same as in previous year.

(*b*) ii *and* (*d*).—The charges incurred under these two heads put together amount to Rs. 401-11-6 against the sum of Rs. 380 in the revised estimate. The excess is not much and calls for no remarks.

54. *General Remarks.*—Having had title share in the administration of the municipality during the year under report, except as councillor throughout and Chairman-Delegate for a little more than a month in last May and June, I have no remarks to offer in particular. It would appear from the records that the total collections of the year are slightly above those of the previous year and though they have fallen short under tax on arts and professions they are in excess under tax on buildings. If the predictions of the revised estimate were not realized, it was because the council then made an over-estimate as would be evident if the figures were compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year. The council is, however, of opinion that, under the special circumstances of the year, the collections could not be better and that no pains were spared by the executive in the discharge of this important duty. The private scavenging could have become self-supporting if the proposals of the Chairman adopted in the last quarter of the year 1895-96 could be continued in the year under report; but, owing to a strike among the scavengers, the council had to yield to their somewhat unreasonable demands. The only remedy that now lies is to increase the scavenging fees which are still low in several instances for which the Chairman's proposal is under consideration of the council. The town roads were in very good order throughout, many of the streets and lanes long neglected having been metalled and gravelled for the first time during the year and every endeavour was made to improve the sanitation of the town as far as the limited means of the municipality could permit. For the first time a trained midwife was appointed at the close of the year. As regards vaccination and registration the Chairman's special attention to these subjects has not been fruitless. The council thankfully acknowledges the services rendered by the late Chairman who did not spare himself in the discharge of his duties and who showed considerable tact in his dealings with the different classes of the people of the town. Let me quote in this connection the council's resolution passed at the expiry of his term which runs as follows:—

"Resolved unanimously that this council places on record its vote of thanks for and its sense of appreciation of the good services rendered by the Chairman M.R.Ry. V. Venkatrayasastri Garu, B.A., in the administration of the municipal affairs and of the zeal displayed by him in its improvements."

In conclusion the council thankfully acknowledges the kind and sympathetic support it received throughout from E. B. Elwin, Esq., Revenue Divisional officer and ex-officio councillor.

P.S.—The educational statements received from the Assistant Inspector of Schools only on the 7th instant are herewith submitted in original. The following points are noticed in them.

The statements have not been forwarded through the Inspector of Schools as required in G.O., No. 885 L., dated 15th April 1891.

Statement I.—It does not stand to reason that the Muhammadan school suffered in its strength by the introduction of school-fees inasmuch as the fees are being paid for the boys by M.R.Ry. Dewan Bahadur V. Anantharao Pantulu Garu, Joint Manager of the Vizianagram Samastanam. There was no cholera in the Muhammadan quarters as remarked by the Assistant Inspector of Schools.

The certifying memorandum of the Tana school which was said to have been issued on the 28th November last was received in the municipal office only on the 4th April 1897.

Statement IV.—The total number of pupils shown as presented and passed in 1896–97, viz., 801 and 665, respectively, includes 47 under presented and 33 under passed of two schools aided from Provincial funds, but in statement V-B, they are omitted; hence the number in the municipal statement is shown as 754 and 632 under columns 8 and 9, statement IV-A. The number given as passed in the 4th standard under municipal schools for 1896–97 is 7, but it should be 8 according to what is given in the certifying memoranda. This seems to be a clerical error. The correct figure is shown in the foot-note to statement V-A.

From M.R.Ry. C. H. RAMAMURTHI Pantulu Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Principal Assistant Collector, Vizianagram, dated 10th June 1897, No. 33.

I have the honour to forward herewith the annual administration report and statements of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896–97 and request you will be so good as to transmit the same to the Secretary to Government, Madras, at your earliest convenience.

Forwarded.

2. The roads are now in good order.

3. As regards nuisance cases, the Bench Magistrates explain that there has been great carelessness on the part of the police and municipal servants in bringing prosecutions. My enquiries show that there is truth in this.

4. Medical arrangements are in the same backward condition. It is hoped now that the Vizianagram estate will hand over the hospital to the municipality and make an annual contribution towards its maintenance.

5. The late Chairman deserves special credit for his energy in taking steps to suppress cholera last August. Drinking-water tanks require better guarding.

VIZIANAGRAM,
13*th June* 1897.

(Signed) E. B. ELWIN,
Ag. Principal Asst. Collector.

Forwarded.

(Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Ag. Collector.

19*th June* 1897.

ORDER—No. 1730 M., dated 5th August 1897.

The receipts and charges of the Vizianagram Municipality for 1896–97 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1895–96:—

	Actuals, 1895–96.	Budget estimate, 1896–97.	Revised estimate, 1896–97.	Actuals, 1896–97.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts.				
Balance brought forward	1,278	3,480	940	943
Tax on Arts	3,756	3,700	4,200	3,437
,, on Buildings and Lands	9,816	10,100	11,000	10,259
,, on Vehicles and Animals	2,669	2,750	2,750	2,430
,, on Carts	1,710	1,700	1,700	1,688
Tolls	9,000	9,000	10,500	10,500
Realizations under Special Acts	45	30	70	35
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	330	320	320	358
Conservancy Receipts	202	250	250	230
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	52	70	70	70
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	760	760	700	480
License Fees	330	300	300	313
Other Fees	2	10	10	5
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	435	620	250	97
Interest on Investments and Premium on Loans	175	180	180	175
Grants and Contributions from Government	..	180	180	115
,, ,, from other Bodies	..	..	1,100	110
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	1,535	1,600	1,620	1,355
Miscellaneous	111	120	120	107
Advances Recovered	..	..	..	100
Total	32,206	35,170	36,260	32,807
Charges.				
GRANT 1—				
New Works—				
Communications	172	200	120	122
Buildings	930	400	400	367
Drainage	257	600	800	696
Water-supply	389	2,300	1,400	659
Repairs—	5,442	4,500	5,800	6,023
Communications	87	300	300	287
Buildings	1,505	2,060	2,160	2,190
Drainage	355	550	470	404
Water-supply	580	600	600	590
Establishment	220	150	150	366
Tools and Plant and other Stores				
Total	9,937	11,660	12,200	11,704
GRANT 2—				
Training Schools	75	120	140	131
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result System	715	690	730	674
Grants-in-aid—	1,719	2,000	1,800	1,557
Result Grants	187	300	150	113
Building and Furniture Grants	189	200	200	200
Inspection	596	290	360	404
Miscellaneous				
Total	3,481	3,600	3,380	3,079
GRANT 3—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	154	780	180	160
Contributions	101	100	100	99
Vaccination	263	230	300	328
Registration of Births and Deaths	258	250	250	240
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	9,395	9,820	10,230	9,838
Total	10,171	11,180	11,060	10,665
GRANT 4—	1,854	1,740	1,940	2,323
Lighting	130	120	120	120
Markets and Slaughter-houses	193	200	180	160
Choultries	48	50	50	48
Clock Tower	2,243	1,810	1,320	1,472
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other Charges				
Total	4,468	3,920	3,610	4,123
GRANT 5—	3,147	2,640	2,740	2,665
Supervision and Management	54	40	40	66
Advances Recoverable	5	..	..	..
Refunds	943	2,130	3,230	511
Balance				
Grand Total	32,206	35,170	36,260	32,807

2. The municipal council held 26 meetings against 22 in 1895–96. The average attendance of the members improved and was fair in the case of the non-officials, but poor in that of the officials. The Collector will call the attention of the latter to G.O., No. 859 M., dated 10th April 1897.

3. *Receipts.*—(1) There was again an increase in the number of persons assessed to the tax on arts and professions, the number being 210 more than in the previous year, while the net current demand was Rs. 317 higher; but as the increase in the former case was mostly under the last class of the schedule, the average assessment per head fell from Rs. 4–5–7 to Rs. 3–13–8, the general average for municipalities in 1895–96 being Rs. 4–1–0. The demand under the taxes on buildings and lands, however, remained almost stationary.

(2) The current collections under the tax on lands were good, but owing to the prevalent distress the realizations under the arts and house taxes were not satisfactory. For the same reason, the arrear collections under these heads were extremely poor, and over 44 per cent. and 32 per cent., respectively, of the arrear demand under the taxes on arts and houses were written off as irrecoverable. There was still a large balance of Rs. 4,847 outstanding under these taxes at the end of the year, the arrears dating as far back as 1893–94. Steps should be taken without further delay to adjust the amount. Coercive measures were freely resorted to, but nearly one-third of the number of distress warrants issued for the collection of the house and land taxes remained unexecuted on the 31st March 1897.

(3) The income from tolls and the sale of night-soil and street-refuse showed some advance, but the latter source appears capable of further development. On the other hand, there was a decline in the receipts from the taxes on vehicles and animals and from slaughter-houses, which is explained in paragraphs 9 and 19 of the Chairman's report. The income from fines again fell from Rs. 435 to Rs. 97. The Chairman attributes this to the inadequacy of the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates, but from paragraph 3 of the Revenue Divisional officer's endorsement, it appears to have been in a considerable measure due to want of care on the part of the police and the municipal executive in instituting prosecutions. It is not stated how the number of prosecutions instituted compared with the returns of the previous year. The attention of the District Magistrate, the Inspector-General of Police and the Chairman will be drawn to the matter.

(4) Though the number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was about the same as in the previous year, the income from these fees fell from Rs. 1,535 to Rs. 1,344 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs. 536 as against Rs. 192 in 1895–96. The Chairman states that the reduction by the municipal council of the cost of the establishment resulted in a strike among the scavengers and injury to the service, but no reason is given for the neglect to collect the fees in advance in accordance with the repeated instructions of Government. The disregard by the municipal council of the orders of Government in this matter is very unsatisfactory and should not be allowed to continue. In consequence of this, nearly one-fifth of the current demand under private scavenging fees was outstanding on the 31st March 1897. A portion of this, however, has since been collected. The remainder should be speedily realized, and the large arrears dating from the year 1892–93, which are found after due inquiry to be irrecoverable, should be written off the accounts without delay. Steps should be taken in the current year to make the service self-supporting and to extend it, for which there is ample room seeing that the number of houses now under municipal control is only 22 per cent. of the number assessed to the tax on buildings.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—A sum of Rs. 320 out of an allotment of Rs. 1,000 was spent upon the investigation of a scheme for the water-supply of the town. The outlay on communications amounted to Rs. 6,113, or 58·2 per cent. of the net municipal income from tolls, and the Revenue Divisional officer reports that the roads are in good order.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditure on education amounted to Rs. 2,894, or 10·2 per cent. of the receipts from taxation, and the whole of it was devoted to primary education. Three primary schools were, as heretofore, maintained by the municipal council, of which one was for Muhammadans and another for Panchamas, while 22 schools were aided with result grants against 23 in the previous year. The attendance at the municipal schools was almost stationary, but at the aided schools it fell from 1,157 to 1,044. The working of the former was not satisfactory, only 59 per cent. of the pupils presented for the departmental examinations being successful. The latter, however, fared better at the grant examinations, the percentage of success being 83. More than 20 per cent. of the allotment for result grants was allowed to lapse, the short outlay being attributed to the non-payment in the year of the grants earned by two schools. The total number of boys under instruction in the schools maintained and aided from municipal funds was 1,078, or 48·3 per cent. of the male population of school-going age, against 53·2 in 1895–96, and 57·3, the average for municipalities in that year. From Statement III submitted by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, it appears that the number of untrained teachers employed in the aided schools is still large. Active steps should be taken to reduce this number in the current year. The attention of the Assistant Inspector of Schools should be drawn to the errors in his statements noticed by the Chairman at the end of his report.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—The municipal council had no hospital of its own. A concise report on the working of the Maharaja's hospital has not been submitted—an omission which should be supplied. The midwife employed by the municipal council attended 144 cases of labour against 131 in the previous year. Now that a trained midwife has been entertained, it is hoped that there will be a further improvement in the current year.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—The reported number of persons vaccinated during the year was almost the same as in 1895–96, but the percentage of success rose from 89·2 to 95·9, which is gratifying. Infantile vaccination also showed an advance, the number of successful operations on children under one year of age having been 866, or 29·7 per mille of the population, against 658, or 22·5 per mille in 1895–96 and against a registered birth-rate of 31·9 per mille.

There was an increase in the number of births and deaths registered during the year, but the returns cannot yet be regarded as complete—the rates, especially in the case of births, being much below the normal. Again, not a single prosecution appears to have been instituted for failure to report these occurrences. The Government views with dissatisfaction this continued disregard of the repeated orders of Government on the subject. No further time should be lost in making registration as accurate as possible.

(5) *Sanitation.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 9,838, or Rs. 18 more than the allotment, and was 30·9 per cent. of the receipts. From paragraphs 30, 31 and 45 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the improvement of sanitation; but from the inspection notes of the Sanitary Commissioner recorded in G.O., No. 760 M., dated 4th May 1896, it is clear that much yet remains to be done. The necessary steps to remedy the several defects pointed out by this officer should be systematically pursued as funds become available.

5. *General Remarks.*—The year closed with a balance of Rs. 511, or 1·6 per cent. of the current receipts. The excess expenditure referred to in paragraphs 28, 45 and 47 of the Chairman's report will be admitted in the accounts of 1896–97.

The collection of taxes and the working of the private scavenging system were not satisfactory, while education and the registration of vital statistics demand increased attention. In other respects the administration of the municipality during

the year under review was fairly efficient. The Government is pleased to note the testimony borne by the municipal council and the Revenue Divisional officer to the good work done by the late Chairman, M.R.Ry. V. Venkataraya Sastri.

(True Extract.)

G. S. FORBES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizianagram.
" Collector of Vizagapatam.
" President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
" Accountant-General.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Board.
" Sanitary Commissioner.
" Sanitary Engineer.
" Judicial Department, with reference to paragraph 3 (3).
Editors' Table.

Ex4. A. Raitt.

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Government {1897} of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

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G.O., No. 1730 M., 5th August 1897.

AUGUST.

Administration Report.

Reviewing the — of the Vizianagram Municipal Council for 1896-97.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper s :—

From M.R.Ry. C. H. RAMAMURTHI Pantulu Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th June 1897, No. 32.

I have the honour to submit herewith the report on the administration of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896-97, together with the statements noted in the margin, prescribed in G.O., No. 2193 M., dated the 10th December 1891. The report was approved of and passed by the council at its meeting held on the 5th instant.

Statements I, I-A, II, II-A, II-B, III, IV-A, IV-B.
Appendix A and B to statements IV-A and IV-B, V-A, V-B. VI-A, VII, VIII, IX, IX-A, X, X-A, XI, XII and XIII.

I.—Constitution of the Council.

2. The administration of the municipal affairs was managed by M.R.Ry. V. Venkatraya Sastri Garu throughout the year 1896-97 as elected Chairman.

3. The accounts of the municipality have not yet been audited.

4. The number of councillors allowed to this municipality is sixteen, twelve of whom are elected and the rest nominated by Government. The council worked with its full complement of members from the beginning of the official year till 30th May 1896 when the seat of Mr. A. J. Home, apothecary in charge of the Police hospital, was vacated by his transfer which was filled up by the appointment of M.R.Ry. P. Govindarajulu Nayudu Garu, Police hospital assistant on the 14th July 1896. The term of M.R.Ry. N.Chirunjiviran Garu, an elected councillor, having expired on the 8th August 1896, his seat was filled up by the election of M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur K. Narayanaswamy Nayudu Garu, police inspector in October 1896. Since then the council was again at its full complement of members till the close of the official year. The total number of meetings held in the year was 27 against 25 in the previous year, of which only one meeting had to be postponed for want of quorum against 3 of the last year. Further details are given in statement X.

II.—Receipts.

5. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 943-2-6 and closed with Rs. 511. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 32,806-10-4 against Rs. 32,205-15-1 of the previous year, as also against the sum of Rs. 36,260 provided for in the revised estimate passed by Government in their order No. 602 M., dated 18th March 1897, showing an increase of Rs. 600-11-3 over the actual collections of the previous year. Notwithstanding this increase, there has been a fall in the collection of the important items of receipts under "2. Municipal Rates and Taxes" except in (*b*) Tax on Buildings, and (*h*) Tolls, under which there was an increase of Rs. 454-14-1 and Rs. 1,500, respectively. Owing to the distress in the year many petty traders, agriculturists and customers were compelled to leave the place for Gódávari and Rangoon with their families, and the taxes originally imposed upon them could not be collected owing to their absence from station and consequent abandonment of their business in the town. This affected several resources of the municipality, and it was with much difficulty that the taxes were collected in the year. The financial condition of the council cannot, therefore, be called satisfactory, as will be explained hereafter in detail.

6. *Tax on Arts.*—The current demand under this head, as finally settled by the council, was Rs. 4,642 and that of arrears was Rs. 1,965-5-6, making a total of Rs. 6,607-5-6, of which a sum of Rs. 3,204-8-0 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 232-9-0 out of the arrear demands were collected, making a total of Rs. 3,437-1-0. Rs. 56-12-0 was remitted and Rs. 812-4-0 was written off as irrecoverable, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,437-8-0 under the current and Rs. 863-12-6 under the arrear demands, respectively. The collections under this head were comparatively less than those of the previous year, but as much as Rs. 908-9-0 more than in the year 1894-95. Owing to the existing famine many tax-payers were impoverished and made to abandon their petty trades and some were made destitute. Consequently though warrants of distress were freely issued and executed, more than 50 per cent. of them were returned with the remark that there was no property or profession.

7. *Tax on Buildings.*—The rate at which the tax on houses was levied in the year was 7½ per cent. on the annual rent value. The copy of the rules framed by the council for fixing the annual rent value on buildings and lands was submitted to Government along with the annual statements of 1895-96. The house-tax registers were thoroughly revised in 1895-96. The current demand under this head was Rs. 10,998-3-0 and the arrear demand was Rs. 2,573-10-9, making a total of Rupees 13,571-13-9, of which a sum of Rs. 9,300-0-9 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 858-10-0 out of the arrear demands were collected, Rs. 88-10-0 was remitted and Rs. 806-13-9 written off as irrecoverable after proper enquiry, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,517-11-3, both under the current and arrears, the latter appertaining only to 1895-96. Much difficulty was experienced in the collection of taxes on buildings also owing to the present scarcity. The total amount collected under this head including arrear and current was Rs. 10,158-10-9 against Rs. 9,703-12-8 of the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 454-14-1 over the largest collections ever made under this head. The council notes this with satisfaction considering the year's disadvantages.

8. *Tax on Lands.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was collected. The total demand (arrear and current) was Rs. 127-12-0 and the amount collected was Rs. 100-1-0, leaving a balance of Rs. 27-11-0.

9. The collections under tax on animals and vehicles with springs were much less than in the previous year. This is due to the reduction again of a large number of animals in the Maharaja's stud.

Tax on Carts.—The small decrease in the collection of tax under this head was due to certain people who were earning their livelihood by letting their carts and driving them for hire, having left the place for Rangoon owing to the distress and having sold their carts and bulls.

10. *Realization under Special Acts.*—The expected license-fee in addition to the fee realized from Sangali Dramatic Company was not received from the new Muhammadan Victoria Theatrical Company as they gave no performances during the year.

11. The difference in many of the items between the actual collection and the revised estimate is due to the fact that in laying down figures originally under the revised estimate, the council ignored the peculiar circumstances of the year and raised the figures laid down by the Chairman who foresaw the difficulties, in order to make them equivalent to the year's demand in each case. The council notes, however, that the actual collections do not compare so unfavourably as might be expected with the previous year.

12. *Coercive process.*—Appendix A to statement IV-A and IV-B shows the number of warrants issued during the year. In 44 cases the property was attached and in 10 cases the property was sold and the sale-proceeds credited in satisfaction of the amounts due.

13. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls was sold to one M.R.Ry. B. Parvatisam Garu for Rs. 14,000. Tolls were levied at the maximum rates. The whole amount was collected and the local fund share was also paid to the board within the year.

14. *Incidence of Taxation.*—The total actual income from taxation including tolls is Rs. 28,314 and that excluding tolls is Rs. 17,814 against Rs. 26,952 and Rupees 17,952, respectively, of last year. The population according to the census of 1891

being 29,180, the incidence per head, tolls being included is As. 15-6 against As. 14-9 of last year and that excluding tolls is As. 9-9 against As. 9-10 of 1895-96 The increase in the former is due to the increase under tolls collection.

15. *Produce of Gardens.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 300 and the actual collections were Rs. 324-8-7. The cause of increase in the collections was due to the fact that the realisations by the sale of grass in the Park meadows were more than expected.

16. *Sale-proceeds of old Materials.*—The increase is due to the collection made by auction sale of old tools, oil-cans and other materials lying waste.

17. *Conservancy Receipts—Sale-proceeds of Street refuse and Night-soil.*—The sum provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 250 and that realised was Rs. 230-8-0. The fall is due to the reduction caused in the sale of night-soil for which there was not much demand owing to the failure of crops. The amount fetched by the sale of rubbish and street refuse was Rs. 190. The whole amount was collected in the year. There were three rubbish depôts and one night-soil depôt.

18. *Fees from Educational Institutions*, Rs. 24-5-6.—This is the amount realised as school-fees from the boys of the Muhammadan school.

Other Revenue from Educational Institutions, Rs. 45-6-0.—This comprises the amount of fees received as subscriptions from members for reading books in the Wenlock Library. It has 12 subscribers and is managed by a sub-committee presided over by the Municipal Chairman. It contains 550 volumes of English, 115 Sanskrit volumes in Devanagari characters, 7 volumes of Sanskrit in Telugu characters, 23 volumes of English translations of Sanskrit books, 47 volumes of Telugu and 45 volumes of Persian literature.

19. *Slaughter-houses.*—The right of collecting fees at the slaughter-houses at the marginally-noted rates was leased out by the council for Rs. 700, of which Rs. 480 were collected within the close of the year and the remaining sum, viz., Rs. 220 was collected on the 14th April 1897, the contractor having failed to pay the full amount in time.

	AS.	P.
Every sheep or goat slaughtered ..	0	9
Every bullock or buffalo	1	6

20. *Distraint fees.*—In spite of the present scarcity no pains were spared in the issue of warrants. In 1,398 cases payments were made as soon as warrants were shown and in 32 cases the Chairman had to excuse warrant fee under the circumstances; hence there was a decrease under the head.

21. *License-fees.*—There was an increase of Rs. 13-3-6 over the amount provided for in the revised estimate, but the decrease under the previous years' actuals is due to certain pot-makers and others having had to leave the country for Rangoon.

22. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*—It is very much to be regretted that the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates were again but nominal. Cases have been thrown out for want of evidence other than that of the municipal servants. The actual collections under the head for 1894-95 were Rs. 770 and those for 1895-96 were Rs. 434-10-6, while for the year under report, they were only Rs. 96-15-0 showing a great fall. The matter was brought to the notice of Government in the last annual report as well as in the current year's budget report.

23. *Endowments.*—This is the amount paid as interest by Government on a promissory note of Rs. 5,000 endowed for feeding the poor by the late Rai Bahadur Sri P. Jagannadharaju Sahib, Diwan of Vizianagram Samastanam.

24. *Grants and Contributions—(a) From Government Normal Stipends, Rs.* 67-8-0. —This is the amount paid for the first time from Provincial funds as a grant for stipends to normal students.

Other Purposes—Gymnasium, Rs. 48.—This is also a grant received from Provincial funds for gymnasium maintained by the council.

(c) *Other Grants and Contributions*—(iii) *Other Purposes, Rs.* 109-12-0.—This comprises the sum of Rs. 90 received from the Wenlock Reception Committee and Rs. 19-12-0 from private individuals for works done.

25. *Private scavenging.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,600 and the amount actually collected was Rs. 1,344-4-6. The current demand was Rs 1,520-1-0 and that of the arrear was Rs. 1,147-13-0 of which Rs. 1,232-13-0 of the former and Rs. 111-7-6 of the latter was collected in the year. Rs. 101-8-0 have since been collected from the current demand. The balance of Rs. 185-12-0 still remaining will be adjusted shortly. Deducting the arrear collection from the demand of Rs. 1,147-13-0, there was a balance of Rs. 1,036-5-6 which was outstanding so long ago as 1892-93 and cannot at all be collected for various reasons. The list was laid before the council and is undergoing scrutiny for adjustment.

(ii) *Other Purposes.*—This is the amount of fees collected from persons requiring the vaccinator's attendance at their quarters to vaccinate their children. The fee charged is only As. 2-0 per visit.

Fee for Numbering Carts.—As the number of carts registered is reduced, the fee collected for numbering them is also diminished.

Other Items.—This is the amount taken credit on account of deposits not claimed by parties.

III.—EXPENDITURE.

26. The sum available for expenditure in the year was Rs. 32,806-10-4 including the opening balance for 1896-97 and the total sum spent during the year was Rs. 32,295-10-4 against the revised estimate of Rs. 33,030.

27. *Grant 1, Public Works.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate for expenditure under this grant was Rs. 12,200 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 11,704-5-10. The expenditure under the several minor heads in original works was below the provisions under (*b*) and (*c*) and by far below under (*d*), the provision of Rs. 1,000 made under New Works—Water-supply—having been spent only in part before the close of the official year by the Sanitary Engineering department. In almost all the items of expenditure under repairs, the actuals more or less exceeded the provisions made in the revised estimate.

28. *Roads and Communications—New Works and Repairs.*—Before going into the details, it may be necessary to mention that a very large sum over and above the sanctioned amount was spent on roads and communications. No new roads were made in the year, but a small sum of Rs. 122-3-8 was spent in making culverts in several streets where they were most required. The sum provided for originally in the budget estimate under "Repairs" Communications—was Rs. 4,500 and that actually spent was Rs. 5,990-13-8, of which Rs. 2,713-14-8 was spent in repairing the main and the major roads of the town over which there is much traffic; Rs. 790-12-3 was spent on minor roads in Santapeta ward and a sum of Rs. 626-1-0 on those of Kaspa ward. These roads require annual repairs as they are much used by people. The divisional councillors supervised the works and only those which were executed to their satisfaction were paid for. A sum of Rs. 1,380-1-9 was necessarily spent in repairing certain streets and lanes situated in very thickly populated areas. Rs. 480 were spent on permanent road coolies and maistry for making patch works and other small repairs to roads wherever they were required. I know personally that this year not a single road, street or lane was left untouched and the general condition of all the roads, streets and lanes was much bettered. The number of main and major roads repaired is 33 and their length is $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles. The number of minor roads, lanes and streets repaired is 54 and their length is 21 miles. The number of roads repaired with patch work is 24 and the length is 3 miles.

29. *Buildings—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 400 for original works under buildings and Rs. 300 for repairs, and the sum actually spent was Rs. 366-11-10 and Rs. 287-4-1, respectively. A sum of Rs. 102-0-5 was usefully spent in constructing a double masonry latrine in Dasannapeta where the want of a public latrine was much felt. Dr. Bannerman, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, once recommended that a latrine should be constructed in that portion of the town. It is now being freely used by the people. Rs. 103-15-7 was spent in enclosing the iron latrine built in 1895-96 in the poor-house road during the rainy season, the parapet side wall of the big sewer in the stable road fell

down all on a sudden and as it was dangerous to keep the same without repair, Rs. 84–10–4 was spent in re-building it. Further, Rs. 60 was spent on the masonry sewage filter constructed as recommended by the Sanitary Commissioner, Dr. King, to receive the sewage of a portion of Santapeta. The sum of Rs. 16–1–6 was spent under certain petty works. The male and the female compartments of the large masonry latrines in the cattle market were repaired at a cost of Rs. 75–9–9 and Rs. 71–3–1, respectively. The privy in the fish market was repaired at a cost of Rs. 48–0–9. The remaining sum of Rs. 92–6–6 was spent on certain petty repairs to buildings.

30. *Drainage—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate under original works and repairs was Rs. 800 and Rs. 500, respectively, and that actually spent was Rs. 696–0–6 and Rs. 600–5–2. A masonry drain by the side of the hospital road was constructed at a cost of Rs. 78–10–8 as the work was found to be necessary to carry off the drainage of that locality into the existing drain in the main street. The work of constructing the side drain in Amiengari street had to be undertaken in the year as the drain was completely damaged and the flow of water stopped in many places owing to its faulty levels; the work was therefore done at a cost of Rs. 195–11–1. The drain in Kanukurtivari street as also that in Aripiralavari street had to be repaired. The former was improved at a cost of Rs. 112–6–8 and the latter was repaired and joined to a masonry under-ground tunnel near the college road at a cost of Rs. 117–7–7. The other works executed at a cost of Rs. 191–12–6 are of a petty nature.

Repairs.—Besides the cut-stone V shaped old drain in Sharabkhanvari street which was constructed so long ago as 1859 when the municipal association was first formed, which required a touching up to set its levels right and which was accordingly done at a cost of Rs. 102–4–8, many small drains, culverts and tunnels were also repaired in the year at a cost of Rs. 498–0–6. The council having diverted its attention towards the water-supply scheme of the town which is now under investigation under the orders of Government and having therefore postponed the drainage scheme for the future, it was thought expedient to make such repairs in the drainage works as were unavoidable and accordingly sanctioned the above sums.

31. *Water-supply—New Works and Repairs.*—There has been a great want for a well in the Park compound where many people used to resort to the existing old wells for water during the recent scarcity. A well was constructed therefore at a cost of Rs. 133–4–9, which is now very useful to the public and to the Park as well. At the request of the people of Harakala street by a well-represented mahazar, the council constructed a masonry well in that part of the town at a cost of Rs. 112–1–4, which also is now much used by the people. A sum of Rs. 92–13–6 was spent in digging new wells and improving old wells of a petty nature in the town and in the several tank beds, as they were found to be necessary in the recent drought. The sum spent within the year on the investigation of the water-supply scheme was Rs. 321–1–2. A further sum of Rs. 27–0–11 was spent in removing silt and in cleaning many wells in the town as also in the tank-beds.

32. *Establishment for flushing drains.*—Statement II-B gives the details. In the year under report the flushing of side drains by a permanent gang of eight flushers was first introduced as the Government were pleased to sanction it. They have done very useful work and the general complaint of the stink emanating from the street gutters is not so much heard of now.

33. *Water Works Establishment.*—Statement II-B shows the details. The work done by the several tank watchmen with the additional men sanctioned in the year was satisfactory and the tanks are better protected from contamination now than ever.

Contingencies.—This is the amount spent for the purchase of baskets, ropes and other necessary articles for the water works.

34. *Public Works Establishment.*—There was no change in the establishment under this head.

Tools and plant and other stores.—Two iron rollers were purchased in the year at a cost of Rs. 205–6–0 and the remainder was spent in the purchase of ordinary tools; hence the increase under this head.

35. *Grant 2, Education.*—The amount provided in the revised estimate under this grant was Rs. 3,380 and the actual expenditure came up to Rs. 3,078–12–4.

36. *Training Schools—(b) Stipends to Normal students.*—In the year two teacher-pupils—one from the Ripon Hindu primary school and the other from Raja Bazaar street result school—were sent for training to the Government Normal school, Vizagapatam. They both completed their course and joined back their schools.

37. *Salary-result system schools.*—In the year the municipality maintained three schools under this system, viz., Muhammadan, the Night and the Pariah schools, in all of which boys are taught up to the fourth standard. The number of boys on the rolls on the 31st March 1897 in the Muhammadan school was 67 and the average attendance was 57 in the year against 73 and 58, respectively, in the previous year. Of the three masters in the school, the second is a trained man, while the other masters passed the fifth standard examination. The school presented 45 boys, of whom 20 passed. Four boys were sent for Primary school examination, all of whom passed. There is one master in the night school who is a trained teacher. The school presented 23 boys, of whom 15 passed, while the Pariah school presented 27 boys and passed 21. The teacher in the Pariah school is also a trained man. The night school sent up 2 boys for the Primary school examination and passed, while the Pariah school sent up 4 but passed 2 of them. The number of boys passed in the night school as well as in the Pariah school was more than that in the previous year, while that in the Muhammadan school was much less. Result grants were paid at half the rates to all the schools on salary-result system. The cost of maintaining the Muhammadan school was Rs. 385–7–10 and that of the Pariah school was Rs. 107–3–8, while the cost of the night school was Rs. 156–7–8 as shown in statement V-A herewith submitted.

38. *Result Grants.*—The sum provided in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,800 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 1,556–11–0 against the actuals of Rs. 1,719–1–0 in the previous year. The cause of decrease in the expenditure was that the grants earned by the Ripon Hindu Primary school and Tana result school were not paid. All the other bills were paid in the year. The number of schools under this system was 23 in the beginning, the number closed was 1 and the number opened was 1. The number at the close of the year was therefore 23. The qualifications of the school-masters were almost stationary, only two masters completed their course of training since last year's report. The number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,199 against 1,187.

39. *Gymnastic Instruction.*—The sum provided ~~for~~ under establishment was fully utilised. There is an increase under contingencies which is due to the improvements made to the gymnastic ground by enclosing it with wooden paling, 25 schools received instruction in gymnastics. The number of boys that received instruction was 1,217, and their average attendance was 1,085. None of the masters attended drill during the year. Instruction was given to boys in position drill, physical drill and physical exercise. There is a trained gymnastic instructor who is a military pensioner holding a first-class certificate given by the Inspector, Gymnasia, Madras and Bombay Presidencies, Central Gymnasium, Poona.

Building and Furniture Grants.—The amount spent under this head was Rs. 113 against Rs. 150 provided in the revised estimate. The amount spent was distributed as follows:—

	RS.
Ripon Hindu primary school for furniture and library books	41
Muramallavari school for rent grant	6
Maharanipeta school do.	5
Munsif's street school do.	11
Ripon Hindu primary school for rent grant	18
Kanukurtivari school for rent grant	12
Pallividhi result school for furniture	20

40. *Inspection.*—In the year, there was one inspecting schoolmaster employed by the municipality. He inspected on an average 40 schools a month. He trained 4 teacher-pupils for the Primary school examination for which he received a remuneration of Rs. 20 from the municipal funds as recommended by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, although no provision was made in the budget for the same.

41. *Grant 3, Sanitation and Medical service.*—The total expenditure under this grant was Rs 10,664–10–11 against Rs. 10,170–15–1 in the previous year. Except under 5 (*c*) cholera charges the expenditure under all heads of this grant was incurred without much variation from the figures shown in the revised estimate for the year.

42. *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The municipality owns no hospital or dispensary. A provision of Rs. 600 towards the contribution for an hospital was made in the year's budget, but the amount was not utilised as the Government have not passed orders on the subject. The want of an hospital in a central locality of the town is much felt. In the year there was a midwife on Rs. 12–8–0 per month who is not a trained woman. She attended 144 cases of labour against 131 of the previous year. Considering the number of deliveries according to the birth register, she does not seem to have attended as many cases as might be expected. Towards the close of the year, a trained midwife was employed as recommended by the Superintendent of the Maternity Hospital, Madras. She attended only one case before the close of the official year.

43. *Vaccination.*—In the year there was one first-class vaccinator employed by the municipality. He performed 1,884 cases, of which 1,807 were successful. There were 221 cases prosecuted for failure to have children vaccinated. Of the number of cases vaccinated, 909 were below one year with 866 which were successful. The results of vaccination in the year were a little more satisfactory than in the previous year especially as regards infantile vaccination which shows an excess of 125 cases of vaccination and 208 successful over the corresponding numbers of the previous year. The total number of cases vaccinated was less by 13 but with a higher rate of successful cases, showing again an excess of 115. The number of notices issued to parties under section 138 of the Act was 1,143. The number of complaints lodged before the Magistrate was 221. The number of persons who produced their children for vaccination upon the Magistrate's order was 186 and the number postponed on medical certificate was 4. As usual the preliminary order of the Magistrate for obedience had the desired effect in all but 4 cases. Glycerine lymph was supplied from the calf-lymph depôts maintained by the District Board at Vizagapatam and Vizianagram. The Deputy Inspector of Vaccination verified 399 cases and the hospital assistant in charge of the Police hospital, who is a municipal councillor, also verified 402 cases. The vaccinator is paid at the rate of As. 2 per each successful case vaccinated by him over and above 100 cases, the minimum fixed for a month, and he accordingly received a reward of Rs. 111–14–0 from time to time during the year which includes a sum of Rs. 55–4–0 paid for cases of 1895–96, and the cost of lymph amounted to Rs. 36–12–0. Thus the average cost for each successful case was As. 2–11 as against As. 2–5 in the previous year.

44. *Vital Statistics.*—The number of births registered during the year was 932 against 853 in the previous year and that of deaths was 889 against 749 of last year. The various causes of mortality are noted below:—

	1895–96.	1896–97.
Cholera	..	40
Small-pox	2	30
Fever	333	301
Bowel complaints	79	154
Other causes	335	364
	749	889

The population of the municipality according to the census of 1891 is 29,180 and the birth-rate per mille in the year was 31·939, while the death-rate was 30·469, both of which are above the standard rates. The public health could not be said to be satisfactory, as there were cholera and small-pox during the year showing a mortality of 40 and 30, respectively. Fever and bowel complaints were also prevalent. As usual the conservancy out-door staff reports the occurrences of births and deaths in the office. The registrars also are directed to check the reports by frequent personal inspections. There are two registrars, one for each ward of the town.

45. *Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering.*—The amount provided in the revised estimate was Rs. 10,230 and that actually spent was Rs. 9,837–8–11. The decrease in expenditure is due to the non-utilization of the whole sum provided under "Cholera charges" and "Contingencies."

There is a slight decrease in the conservancy establishment charges which is due to fines imposed and stoppages made in the staff. Statement II-B gives the details. There were four sanitary inspectors for the town, of whom one is a trained and certificated man who is styled the chief sanitary inspector. The sanitation of the town was reported to be generally satisfactory. The Chairman used to go out in the mornings on inspection duty and a few councillors also took interest in the sanitation of the town. While the number of prosecutions made before the bench court remain almost the same as in previous years, the collections during the year under report amount to Rs. 96–15–0 against Rs. 770 which was realised not long ago in the year 1894–95. The figures speak for themselves as regards the way in which cases are now being disposed of by the bench court, the consequences of which could well be imagined. For removing the house and street refuses there were in the year 337 dust-bins against 307 of last year, of which 11 are of corrugated zinc, 226 iron, 26 masonry, 74 wooden. The number of dust-bins made in the year newly were 60, of which 30 were put up in place of old ones damaged and 30 were newly fixed. The number of public latrines is 28 and 2 were added during the year, of which one is masonry and the other is of corrugated iron. The night-soil from private privies and public latrines is removed by means of air tight iron carts to the depôt where it is buried in trenches dug for the purpose. There are three rubbish depôts in the town and one night-soil depôt; the latter being too close to the burial-ground, a suitable site was selected beyond the railway line and an application was made for the acquisition of the land in question. The Vizianagram sewage filters, of which there are 30 in number, are in proper working order. As in the previous year the result of the sanitary arrangements are good. There were in the year 30 rubbish carts maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 1,800.

Private scavenging.—The amount actually spent under establishment was the same as that provided in the revised estimate, but it is in excess of Rs. 250 over that provided in the original budget. It is much to be regretted that the original arrangements made by the Chairman with regard to the retrenchment in the establishment charges in proportion to the work done by scavengers could not stand longer than three or four months. In the month of April 1896 the scavengers struck work all on a sudden and caused great inconvenience to the public. The council then, though reluctantly, had to revert to its old loose system of paying them as before. The establishment charges were framed on that basis when the original budget for 1896–97 was submitted to Government; hence the increase over that figure. The amount spent under establishment was Rs. 1,451–4–0 and under contingencies was Rs. 428–12–0, making a total of Rs. 1,880 against a revenue of Rs. 1,344–4–6, showing a loss of Rs. 535–11–6 to the municipality. This loss could be reduced to half if the council could justly lower the establishment charges and pay the scavengers in proportion to their work as was proposed and brought under execution for three or four months in the previous year, which, for fear of strike, the council could not enforce. The only remedy is to raise the scavenging fees which the council is contemplating to do. It is also true that the collections under this head could not be made in advance and much arrears were left uncollected. It is hoped that matters may be improved in the year 1897–98 under the increased powers given in the amendment Act. There were 1,063 private latrines under the municipal supervision on the 31st March 1896. There were 15 added and 9 removed from the list in the year under report. There are 8 night-soil carts and 63 toties employed for cleaning the private latrines.

Cholera Charges.—Of the sum of Rs. 1,000 provided in the revised estimate, only Rs. 681–10–5 was spent within the year. Cholera made its first appearance in the town in August 1896 having been brought in by the Gódávari Pushkaram pilgrims. There were then 69 attacks and 36 deaths. The provisions laid down in cholera rules were strictly enforced and temporary establishments as required under the same rules were employed at a cost of Rs. 72–15–0. In the month of February

last, a second time it was imported from Srikurmum and caused 4 deaths amongst 6 attacks. The effect of the above precautions was not fruitless, the disease for the first time having disappeared within 20 days, while on the second occasion it was stopped within a week after the first occurrence. The effects of purifying water sources which were affected by the free use of permanganate of potash on both occasions were remarkable.

Contingencies.—The sum provided in the revised estimate was not utilised except Rs. 9 as there was no necessity for providing conservancy tools and other petty conservancy charges for the establishment in the year.

46. *Public health.*—The public health of the town cannot be said to be satisfactory. There was cholera in the town, although imported on both occasions in the year, which carried off 40 souls. The deaths from small-pox were no less than 30. The prices of food-grains and other stuff were high and not within the easy reach of the poor. There were 154 cases of bowel complaints caused by eating unusual food and drinking any water which the people could get. There were no rains, in consequence of which there was an utter failure of crops. People suffered greatly for want of proper food and sufficient pure water in the year.

47. *Grant 4, Lighting and Miscellaneous.*—The amount originally estimated under this grant was reduced to Rs. 3,920 against Rs. 4,468, the actuals of the previous year, and when the revised estimate was framed, it was further reduced to Rs. 3,610. But the actuals came up to Rs. 4,123-3-8 during the closing months of the year, as many lanterns and lamp-posts were broken which had to be replaced and a few fresh lanterns and lamp-posts were also made. Besides, during the year the price of kerosine-oil rose higher; hence the budgeted figure had to be exceeded.

Lighting.—The establishment charges were almost stationary. In the beginning of the year there were 284 lamps with 92 iron posts and 132 wooden posts and 60 wall brackets. In the year, 13 posts were newly made and put up and 4 lamp-posts were replaced by brackets and three more were fixed in new places. The total number of lights on the 31st March 1897 was 300. The number had to be increased in Dasannapeta as well as on the main road. Six hundred and thirty-three chimneys, 420 burners were purchased, and 24 lanterns were made and 450 were repaired. The council is of opinion that all the expenditure under this head was usefully incurred and that the lighting in the town, in which the Chairman took particular interest, was satisfactory throughout the year.

48. *Markets.*—The council owns no market in the town. The Samastanam maintains 4 markets, which are under the licensing control of the municipality. Many improvements were made during the year under report by the Samastanam. The vegetable stalls were repaired and retiled. The southern side of the Prince of Wales market was improved very much by the construction of a line of godowns, which, besides adding to the beauty of the market, has attracted many a merchant to keep their stalls in them. The Samastanam collects rents and looks after the conservancy, lighting and other particulars. The municipality has in its service a superintendent on Rs. 10 a month. He inspects the articles of food and drink as well as meat and fish exposed for sale in the markets, as also the cattle and sheep brought to the slaughter-houses before they are slaughtered.

49. *Choultries—Feeding the poor.*—The interest accrued on Rs. 5,000, the capital endowed by M.R.Ry. P. Jagannadharaju Sahib Garu, Rai Bahadur, the late Dewan of Vizianagram Raj, in a Government promissory note was Rs. 174-9-0 as received from the Accountant-General's office. The sum spent for feeding and clothing the poor during the three days of Pongal, which was the object of the endowment, was Rs. 160.

50. *Clock Tower.*—The municipality constructed a clock tower some 15 years back, to which is attached a clock-maker on Rs. 4 a month. The clock is keeping good time.

51. *Public Garden.*—The establishment charges on the Victoria Jubilee Park are almost the same as was provided for in the revised estimate, but the contingencies have risen much. The excess expenditure was usefully spent in improving the flower

beds and cleaning the wells, repairing the pump in one of the wells and in the employment of additional coolies to water the plants which were almost dying during the recent water scarcity. The construction of a continuous boundary wall was abandoned in obedience to the orders of Government. In accordance with the directions contained in paragraph 4 (i) of G.O., No. 1729, dated 9th October 1896, estimates for completing the park wall were submitted and orders are awaited. The net cost of maintaining the park is about Rs. 40 a month. It would have been much less if no additional coolies were employed which was unavoidable owing to the special circumstances of the season.

52. *Other charges.*—The items that this major head comprises are of a very uncertain character. For printing municipal proceedings for the District Gazette and doing other miscellaneous works for the municipality, the council had to pay Rupees 538-15-1. Rs. 50 were spent for the purchase of a hut and its surrounding site situated close to the office building. The purchase was made for extending the office compound and it removed a great nuisance to which the building was subject. Other items call for no remarks.

53. *Grant 5, Supervision and Management.*—The details of the establishment are shown in statement II-B. The office establishment and the collection staff continued to be the same as in previous year.

(*b*) ii *and* (*d*).—The charges incurred under these two heads put together amount to Rs. 401-11-6 against the sum of Rs. 380 in the revised estimate. The excess is not much and calls for no remarks.

54. *General Remarks.*—Having had title share in the administration of the municipality during the year under report, except as councillor throughout and Chairman-Delegate for a little more than a month in last May and June, I have no remarks to offer in particular. It would appear from the records that the total collections of the year are slightly above those of the previous year and though they have fallen short under tax on arts and professions they are in excess under tax on buildings. If the predictions of the revised estimate were not realized, it was because the council then made an over-estimate as would be evident if the figures were compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year. The council is, however, of opinion that, under the special circumstances of the year, the collections could not be better and that no pains were spared by the executive in the discharge of this important duty. The private scavenging could have become self-supporting if the proposals of the Chairman adopted in the last quarter of the year 1895-96 could be continued in the year under report; but, owing to a strike among the scavengers, the council had to yield to their somewhat unreasonable demands. The only remedy that now lies is to increase the scavenging fees which are still low in several instances for which the Chairman's proposal is under consideration of the council. The town roads were in very good order throughout, many of the streets and lanes long neglected having been metalled and gravelled for the first time during the year and every endeavour was made to improve the sanitation of the town as far as the limited means of the municipality could permit. For the first time a trained midwife was appointed at the close of the year. As regards vaccination and registration the Chairman's special attention to these subjects has not been fruitless. The council thankfully acknowledges the services rendered by the late Chairman who did not spare himself in the discharge of his duties and who showed considerable tact in his dealings with the different classes of the people of the town. Let me quote in this connection the council's resolution passed at the expiry of his term which runs as follows:—

"Resolved unanimously that this council places on record its vote of thanks for and its sense of appreciation of the good services rendered by the Chairman M.R.Ry. V. Venkatrayasastri Garu, B.A., in the administration of the municipal affairs and of the zeal displayed by him in its improvements."

In conclusion the council thankfully acknowledges the kind and sympathetic support it received throughout from E. B. Elwin, Esq., Revenue Divisional officer and ex-officio councillor.

P.S.—The educational statements received from the Assistant Inspector of Schools only on the 7th instant are herewith submitted in original. The following points are noticed in them.

The statements have not been forwarded through the Inspector of Schools as required in G.O., No. 885 L., dated 15th April 1891.

Statement I.—It does not stand to reason that the Muhammadan school suffered in its strength by the introduction of school-fees inasmuch as the fees are being paid for the boys by M.R.Ry. Dewan Bahadur V. Anantharao Pantulu Garu, Joint Manager of the Vizianagram Samastanam. There was no cholera in the Muhammadan quarters as remarked by the Assistant Inspector of Schools.

The certifying memorandum of the Tana school which was said to have been issued on the 28th November last was received in the municipal office only on the 4th April 1897.

Statement IV.—The total number of pupils shown as presented and passed in 1896–97, viz., 801 and 665, respectively, includes 47 under presented and 33 under passed of two schools aided from Provincial funds, but in statement V-B, they are omitted; hence the number in the municipal statement is shown as 754 and 632 under columns 8 and 9, statement IV-A. The number given as passed in the 4th standard under municipal schools for 1896–97 is 7, but it should be 8 according to what is given in the certifying memoranda. This seems to be a clerical error. The correct figure is shown in the foot-note to statement V-A.

From M.R.Ry. C. RAMAMURTHI Pantulu Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Principal Assistant Collector, Vizianagram, dated 10th June 1897, No. 33.

I have the honour to forward herewith the annual administration report and statements of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896–97 and request you will be so good as to transmit the same to the Secretary to Government, Madras, at your earliest convenience.

Forwarded.

2. The roads are now in good order.

3. As regards nuisance cases, the Bench Magistrates explain that there has been great carelessness on the part of the police and municipal servants in bringing prosecutions. My enquiries show that there is truth in this.

4. Medical arrangements are in the same backward condition. It is hoped now that the Vizianagram estate will hand over the hospital to the municipality and make an annual contribution towards its maintenance.

5. The late Chairman deserves special credit for his energy in taking steps to suppress cholera last August. Drinking-water tanks require better guarding.

VIZIANAGRAM,
13*th June* 1897.

(Signed) E. B. ELWIN,
Ag. Principal Asst. Collector.

Forwarded.

19*th June* 1897.

(Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Ag. Collector.

ORDER—No. 1730 M., dated 5th August 1897.

The receipts and charges of the Vizianagram Municipality for 1896–97 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1895–96 :—

—	Actuals, 1895–96.	Budget estimate, 1896–97.	Revised estimate, 1896–97.	Actuals, 1896–97.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts.				
Balance brought forward	1,278	3,480	940	943
Tax on Arts	3,756	3,700	4,200	3,437
„ on Buildings and Lands	9,816	10,100	11,000	10,259
„ on Vehicles and Animals	2,669	2,750	2,750	2,430
„ on Carts	1,710	1,700	1,700	1,688
Tolls	9,000	9,000	10,500	10,500
Realizations under Special Acts	45	30	70	35
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	330	320	320	358
Conservancy Receipts	202	250	250	230
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	52	70	70	70
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	760	760	700	480
License Fees	330	300	300	313
Other Fees	2	10	10	5
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	435	620	250	97
Interest on Investments and Premium on Loans	175	180	180	175
Grants and Contributions from Government	..	180	180	115
„ „ from other Bodies	..	..	1,100	110
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	1,535	1,600	1,620	1,355
Miscellaneous	111	120	120	107
Advances Recovered	..	..	..	100
Total ..	32,206	35,170	36,260	32,807
Charges.				
GRANT 1—				
New Works—				
Communications	172	200	120	122
Buildings	930	400	400	367
Drainage	257	600	800	696
Water-supply	389	2,300	1,400	659
Repairs—				
Communications	5,442	4,500	5,800	6,023
Buildings	87	300	300	287
Drainage	1,505	2,060	2,160	2,190
Water-supply	355	550	470	404
Establishment	580	600	600	590
Tools and Plant and other Stores	220	150	150	366
Total ..	9,937	11,660	12,200	11,704
GRANT 2—				
Training Schools	75	120	140	131
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result System	715	690	730	674
Grants-in-aid—				
Result Grants	1,719	2,000	1,800	1,557
Building and Furniture Grants	187	300	150	113
Inspection	189	200	200	200
Miscellaneous	596	290	360	404
Total ..	3,481	3,600	3,380	3,079
GRANT 3—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	154	780	180	160
Contributions	101	100	100	99
Vaccination	263	280	300	328
Registration of Births and Deaths	258	250	250	240
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	9,395	9,820	10,230	9,828
Total ..	10,171	11,180	11,060	10,665
GRANT 4—	1,854	1,740	1,940	2,323
Lighting	130	120	120	120
Markets and Slaughter-houses	193	200	180	160
Choultries	48	50	50	48
Clock Tower	2,243	1,810	1,320	1,472
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other Charges				
Total ..	4,468	3,920	3,610	4,123
GRANT 5—	3,147	2,640	2,740	2,665
Supervision and Management	54	40	40	60
Advances Recoverable	5	..	..	..
Refunds	943	2,130	3,230	511
Balance				
Total ..	32,206	35,170	36,260	32,807

2. The municipal council held 26 meetings against 22 in 1895–96. The average attendance of the members improved and was fair in the case of the non-officials, but poor in that of the officials. The Collector will call the attention of the latter to G.O., No. 859 M., dated 10th April 1897.

3. *Receipts.*—(1) There was again an increase in the number of persons assessed to the tax on arts and professions, the number being 210 more than in the previous year, while the net current demand was Rs. 317 higher, but as the increase in the former case was mostly under the last class of the schedule, the average assessment per head fell from Rs. 4–5–7 to Rs. 3–13–8, the general average for municipalities in 1895–96 being Rs. 4–1–0. The demand under the taxes on buildings and lands, however, remained almost stationary.

(2) The current collections under the tax on lands were good, but owing to the prevalent distress the realizations under the arts and house taxes were not satisfactory. For the same reason, the arrear collections under these heads were extremely poor, and over 44 per cent. and 32 per cent., respectively, of the arrear demand under the taxes on arts and houses were written off as irrecoverable. There was still a large balance of Rs. 4,847 outstanding under these taxes at the end of the year, the arrears dating as far back as 1893–94. Steps should be taken without further delay to adjust the amount. Coercive measures were freely resorted to, but nearly one-third of the number of distress warrants issued for the collection of the house and land taxes remained unexecuted on the 31st March 1897.

(3) The income from tolls and the sale of night-soil and street-refuse showed some advance, but the latter source appears capable of further development. On the other hand, there was a decline in the receipts from the taxes on vehicles and animals and from slaughter-houses, which is explained in paragraphs 9 and 19 of the Chairman's report. The income from fines again fell from Rs. 435 to Rs. 98. The Chairman attributes this to the inadequacy of the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates, but from paragraph 3 of the Revenue Divisional officer's endorsement, it appears to have been in a considerable measure due to want of care on the part of the police and the municipal executive in instituting prosecutions. It is not stated how the number of prosecutions instituted compared with the returns of the previous year. The attention of the District Magistrate, the Inspector-General of Police and the Chairman will be drawn to the matter.

(4) Though the number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was about the same as in the previous year, the income from these fees fell from Rs. 1,535 to Rs. 1,344 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs. 536 as against Rs. 192 in 1895–96. The Chairman states that the reduction by the municipal council of the cost of the establishment resulted in a strike among the scavengers and injury to the service, but no reason is given for the neglect to collect the fees in advance in accordance with the repeated instructions of Government. The disregard by the municipal council of the orders of Government in this matter is very unsatisfactory and should not be allowed to continue. In consequence of this, nearly one-fifth of the current demand under private scavenging fees was outstanding on the 31st March 1897. A portion of this, however, has since been collected. The remainder should be speedily realized, and the large arrears, dating from the year 1892–93, which are found after due inquiry to be irrecoverable, should be written off the accounts without delay. Steps should be taken in the current year to make the service self-supporting and to extend it, for which there is ample room seeing that the number of houses now under municipal control is only 22 per cent. of the number assessed to the tax on buildings.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—A sum of Rs. 320 out of an allotment of Rs. 1,000 was spent upon the investigation of a scheme for the water-supply of the town. The outlay on communications amounted to Rs. 6,113, or 58·2 per cent. of the net municipal income from tolls, and the Revenue Divisional officer reports that the roads are in good order.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditure on education amounted to Rs. 2,894, or 10·2 per cent. of the receipts from taxation, and the whole of it was devoted to primary education. Three primary schools were, as heretofore, maintained by the municipal council, of which one was for Muhammadans and another for Panchamas, while 22 schools were aided with result grants against 23 in the previous year. The attendance at the municipal schools was almost stationary, but at the aided schools it fell from 1,157 to 1,044. The working of the former was not satisfactory, only 59 per cent. of the pupils presented for the departmental examinations being successful. The latter, however, fared better at the grant examinations, the percentage of success being 83. More than 20 per cent. of the allotment for result grants was allowed to lapse, the short outlay being attributed to the non-payment in the year of the grants earned by two schools. The total number of boys under instruction in the schools maintained and aided from municipal funds was 1,078, or 48·3 per cent. of the male population of school-going age, against 53·2 in 1895–96, and 57·3, the average for municipalities in that year. From Statement III submitted by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, it appears that the number of untrained teachers employed in the aided schools is still large. Active steps should be taken to reduce this number in the current year. The attention of the Assistant Inspector of Schools should be drawn to the errors in his statements noticed by the Chairman at the end of his report.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—The municipal council had no hospital of its own. The ~~usual~~ concise report on the working of the Maharaja's hospital has not been submitted—an omission which should be supplied. The midwife employed by the municipal council attended 141 cases of labour against 131 in the previous year. Now that a trained midwife has been entertained, it is hoped that there will be a further improvement in the current year.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—The reported number of persons vaccinated during the year was almost the same as in 1895–96, but the percentage of success rose from 89·2 to 95·9, which is gratifying. Infantile vaccination also showed an advance, the number of successful operations on children under one year of age having been 866, or 29·7 per mille of the population, against 658, or 22·5 per mille in 1895–96 and against a registered birth-rate of 31·9 per mille.

There was an increase in the number of births and deaths registered during the year, but the returns cannot yet be regarded as complete—the rates, especially in the case of births, being much below the normal. Again, not a single prosecution appears to have been instituted for failure to report these occurrences. The Government views with dissatisfaction this continued disregard of the repeated orders of Government on the subject. No further time should be lost in making registration as accurate as possible.

(5) *Sanitation.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 9,838, or Rs. 18 more than the allotment, and was 30·9 per cent. of the receipts. From paragraphs 30, 31 and 45 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the improvement of sanitation; but from the inspection notes of the Sanitary Commissioner recorded in G.O., No. 760 M., dated 4th May 1896, it is clear that much yet remains to be done. The necessary steps to remedy the several defects pointed out by this officer should be systematically pursued as funds become available.

5. *General Remarks.*—The year closed with a balance of Rs. 511, or 1·6 per cent. of the current receipts. The excess expenditure referred to in paragraphs 28, 45 and 47 of the Chairman's report will be admitted in the accounts of 1896–97.

The collection of taxes and the working of the private scavenging system were not satisfactory, while education and the registration of vital statistics demand increased attention. In other respects the administration of the municipality during

the year under review was fairly efficient. The Government is pleased to note the testimony borne by the municipal council and the Revenue Divisional officer to the good work done by the late Chairman, M.R.Ry. V. Venkataraya Sastri.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizianagram.
" Collector of Vizagapatam.
" President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
" Accountant-General.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Board.
" Sanitary Commissioner.
" Sanitary Engineer.
" Judicial Department, with reference to paragraph 3 (3).
Editors' Table.

Exd. A. Raitt.

C No 2348

Vizianagram Municl Report for 1896-97

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. C. H. RAMAMURTHI PANTULU Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 5th June 1897, No. 32.

I have the honour to submit herewith the report on the administration of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896–97, together with the statements noted in the margin, prescribed in G.O., No. 2193 M., dated the 10th December 1891. The report was approved of and passed by the council at its meeting held on the 5th instant.

Statements I, I-A, II, II-A, II-B, III, IV-A, IV-B.
Appendix A and B to statements IV-A and IV-B, V-A, V-B. VI-A, VII, VIII, IX, IX-A, X, X-A, XI, XII and XIII.

I.—Constitution of the Council.

2. The administration of the municipal affairs was managed by M.R.Ry. V. Venkatraya Sastri Garu throughout the year 1896–97 as elected Chairman.

3. The accounts of the municipality have not yet been audited.

4. The number of councillors allowed to this municipality is sixteen, twelve of whom are elected and the rest nominated by Government. The council worked with its full complement of members from the beginning of the official year till 30th May 1896 when the seat of Mr. A. J. Home, apothecary in charge of the Police hospital, was vacated by his transfer which was filled up by the appointment of M.R.Ry. P. Govindarajulu Naidu Garu, Police hospital assistant on the 14th July 1896. The term of M.R.Ry. N.Chirunjiviran Garu, an elected councillor, having expired on the 8th August 1896, his seat was filled up by the election of M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur K. Narayanaswamy Naidu Garu, police inspector in October 1896. Since then the council again at its full complement of members till the close of the official year. The total number of meetings held in the year was 27 against 25 in the previous year, of which only one meeting had to be postponed for want of quorum against 3 of the last year. Further details are given in statement X.

II.—Receipts.

5. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 943–2–6 and closed with Rs. 511. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 32,806–10–4 against Rs. 32,205–15–1 of the previous year, as also against the sum of Rs. 36,260 provided for in the revised estimate passed by Government in their order No. 602 M., dated 18th March 1897, showing an increase of Rs. 600–11–3 over the actual collections of the previous year. Notwithstanding this increase, there has been a fall in the collection of the important items of receipts under "2. Municipal Rates and Taxes" except in (*b*) Tax on Buildings, and (*h*) Tolls—Rs. 454–14–1, an increase in the former, and Rs. 1,500 in the latter. Owing to the distress in the year many petty traders, agriculturists and customers were compelled to leave the place for Gódávari and Rangoon with their families, and the taxes originally imposed upon them could not be collected owing to their absence from station and consequent abandonment of their business in the town. This affected several resources of the municipality, and it was with much difficulty that the taxes were collected in the year. The financial condition of the council cannot, therefore, be called satisfactory, as will be explained hereafter in detail.

6. *Tax on Arts.*—The current demand under this head, as finally settled by the council, was Rs. 4,642 and that of arrears was Rs. 1,965–5–6, making a total of Rs. 6,607–5–6, of which a sum of Rs. 3,204–8–0 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 22–9–0 out of the arrear demands were collected, making a total of Rs. 3,437–1–0. Rs. 56–12–0 was remitted and Rs. 812–4–0 was written off as irrecoverable, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,437–8–0 under the current and Rs. 863–12–6 under the arrear demands, respectively. The collections under this head were comparatively less than those of the previous year, but as much more as Rs. 908–9–0 than in the year 1894–95. Owing to the existing famine many tax-payers were impoverished and made to abandon their petty trades and some were made destitute. Consequently cent. though warrants of distress were freely issued and executed, more than 50 per of them were returned with the remark that there was no property or profession.

7. *Tax on Buildings.*—The rate at which the tax on houses was levied in the year was 7½ per cent. on the annual rent value. The copy of the rules framed by the council for fixing the annual rent value on buildings and lands was submitted to Government along with the annual statements of 1895–96. The house-tax registers were thoroughly revised in 1895–96. The current demand under this head was Rs. 10,998–3–0 and the arrear demand was Rs. 2,573–10–9, making a total of Rupees 13,571–13–9, of which a sum of Rs. 9,309–0–9 out of the current and a sum of Rs. 858–10–9 out of the arrear demands were collected, Rs. 88–10–0 was remitted and Rs. 806–13–9 written off as irrecoverable after proper enquiry, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,517–11–3, both under the current and arrears, the latter appertaining only to 1895–96. Much difficulty was experienced in the collection of taxes on buildings also owing to the present scarcity. The total amount collected under this head including arrear and current was Rs. 10,158–10–9 against Rs. 9,703–12–8 of the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 454–14–1 over the largest collections over made under this head. The council notes this with satisfaction considering the year's disadvantages.

8. *Tax on Lands.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was collected. The total demand (arrear and current) was Rs. 127–12–0 and the amount collected was Rs. 100–1–0, leaving a balance of Rs. 27–11–0.

9. The collections under tax on animals and vehicles with springs were much less than in the previous year. This is due to the reduction again of a large number of animals in the Maharaja's stud.

Tax on Carts.—The small decrease in the collection of tax under this head was due to certain people who were earning their livelihood by letting their carts and driving them for hire, left the place for Rangoon owing to the distress having sold their carts and bulls.

10. *Realization under Special Acts.*—The expected license-fee in addition to the fee realized from Sangali Dramatic Company was not received from the new Muhammadans Victoria Theatrical Company as they gave no performances during the year.

11. The difference in many of the items between the actual collection and the revised estimate is due to the fact that in laying down figures originally under the revised estimate, the council ignored the peculiar circumstances of the year and raised the figures laid down by the Chairman who foresaw the difficulties, in order to make them equivalent to the year's demand in each case. The council notes, however, that the actual collections do not compare so unfavourably as might be expected with the previous year.

12. *Coercive process.*—Appendix A to statement IV-A and IV-B shows the number of warrants issued during the year. In 44 cases the property was attached and in 10 cases the property was sold and the sale-proceeds credited in satisfaction of the amounts due.

13. *Tolls.*—The right of collecting tolls was sold to one M.R.Ry. B. Parvatisem Garu for Rs. 14,000. Tolls were levied at the maximum rates. The whole amount was collected and the local fund share was also paid to the board within the year.

14. *Incidence of Taxation.*—The total actual income from taxation including tolls is Rs. 28,314 and that excluding tolls is Rs. 17,814 against Rs. 26,952 and Rupees 17,952, respectively, of last year. The population according to the census of 1891

being 29,180, the incidence per head, tolls being included is As. 15-6 against 14-9 of last year and that excluding tolls is As. 9-9 against As. 9-10 of 1895-96. The increase in the former is due to the increase under tolls collection.

15. *Produce of Gardens.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 300 and the actual collections were Rs. 324-8-7. The cause of increase in the collections was due to the fact that the realisations by the sale of grass in the Park meadows were more than expected.

16. *Sale-proceeds of old Materials.*—The increase is due to the collection made by auction sale of old tools, oil-cans and other materials lying waste.

17. *Conservancy Receipts—Sale-proceeds of Street refuse and Night-soil.*—The sum provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 250 and that realised was Rs. 230-8-0. The fall is due to the reduction caused in the sale of night-soil for which there was not much demand owing to the failure of crops. The amount fetched by the sale of rubbish and street refuse was Rs. 190. The whole amount was collected in the year. There were three rubbish depôts and one night-soil depôt.

18. *Fees from Educational Institutions*, Rs. 24-5-6.—This is the amount realised as school-fees from the boys of the Muhammadan school.

Other Revenue from Educational Institutions, Rs. 45-6-0.—This comprises the amount of fees received as subscriptions from members for reading books in the Wenlock Library. It has 12 subscribers and is managed by a sub-committee presided over by the Municipal Chairman. It contains 550 volumes of English, 115 Sanskrit volumes in Devanagari characters, 7 volumes of Sanskrit in Telugu characters, 23 volumes of English translations of Sanskrit books, 47 volumes of Telugu and 45 volumes of Persian literature.

19. *Slaughter-houses.*—The right of collecting fees at the slaughter-houses at the marginally-noted rates was leased out by the council for Rs. 700, of which Rs. 480 were collected within the close of the year and the remaining sum, viz., Rs. 220 was collected on the 14th April 1897, the contractor having failed to pay the full amount in time.

	AS.	P.
Every sheep or goat slaughtered ..	0	9
Every bullock or buffalo	1	6

20. *Distraint fees.*—In spite of the present scarcity no pains were spared in the issue of warrants. In 1,398 cases payments were made as soon as warrants were shown and in 32 cases the Chairman had to excuse warrant fee under the circumstances; hence there was a decrease under the head.

21. *License-fees.*—There was an increase of Rs. 13-3-6 over the amount provided for in the revised estimate, but the decrease under the previous years' actuals is due to certain pot-makers and others having had to leave the country for Rangoon.

22. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*—It is very much to be regretted that the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates were again but nominal. Cases have been thrown out for want of evidence other than that of the municipal servants. The actual collections under the head for 1894-95 were Rs. 770 and those for 1895-96 were Rs. 434-10-6, while for the year under report, they were only Rs. 96-15-0 showing a great fall. The matter was brought to the notice of Government in the last annual report as well as in the current year's budget report.

23. *Endowments.*—This is the amount paid as interest by Government on a promissory note of Rs. 5,000 endowed for feeding the poor by the late Rai Bahadur Sri P. Jagannadharaju Sahib, Dewan of Vizianagram Samustanam.

24. *Grants and Contributions—(a) From Government Normal Stipends, Rs.* 67-8-0. —This is the amount paid for the first time from Provincial funds as a grant for stipends to normal students.

Other Purposes—Gymnasium, Rs. 48.—This is also a grant received from Provincial funds for gymnasium maintained by the council.

(c) *Other Grants and Contributions*—(iii) *Other Purposes, Rs.* 109-12-0.—This comprises the sum of Rs. 90 received from the Wenlock Reception Committee and Rs. 19-12-0 from private individuals for works done.

25. *Private scavenging.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,600 and the amount actually collected was Rs. 1,344-4-6. The current demand was Rs 1,520-1-0 and that of the arrear was Rs. 1,147-13-0 of which Rs. 1,232-13-0 of the former and Rs. 111-7-6 of the latter was collected in the year. Rs. 101-8-0 have since been collected from the current demand. The balance of Rs. 185-12-0 still remaining will be adjusted shortly. Deducting the arrear collection from the demand of Rs. 1,147-13-0, there was a balance of Rs. 1,036-5-6 which was outstanding so long ago as 1892-93 and cannot at all be collected for various reasons. The list was laid before the council and is undergoing scrutiny for adjustment.

(ii) *Other Purposes.*—This is the amount of fees collected from persons requiring the vaccinator's attendance at their quarters to vaccinate their children. The fee charged is only As. 2-0 per visit.

Fee for Numbering Carts.—As the number of carts registered is reduced, the fee collected for numbering them is also diminished.

Other Items.—This is the amount taken credit on account of deposits not claimed by parties.

III.—Expenditure.

26. The sum available for expenditure in the year was Rs. 32,806-10-4 including the opening balance for 1896-97 and the total sum spent during the year was Rs. 32,295-10-4 against the revised estimate of Rs. 33,030.

27. *Grant 1, Public Works.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate for expenditure under this grant was Rs. 12,200 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 11,704-5-10. The expenditure under the several minor heads in original works was below the provisions under (*b*) and (*c*) and by far below under (*d*), the provision of Rs. 1,000 made under New Works—Water-supply—having been spent only in part before the close of the official year by the Sanitary Engineering department. In almost all the items of expenditure under repairs, the actuals more or less exceeded the provisions made in the revised estimate.

28. *Roads and Communications—New Works and Repairs.*—Before going into the details, it may be necessary to mention that a very large sum over and above the sanctioned amount was spent on roads and communications. No new roads were made in the year, but a small sum of Rs. 122-3-8 was spent in making culverts in several streets where they were most required. The sum provided for originally in the budget estimate under "Repairs" Communications—was Rs. 4,500 and that actually spent was Rs. 5,990-13-8, of which Rs. 2,713-14-8 was spent in repairing the main and the major roads of the town over which there is much traffic; Rs. 790-12-3 was spent on minor roads in Suntapeta ward and a sum of Rs. 626-1-0 on those of Kaspa ward. These roads require annual repairs as they are much used by people. The divisional councillors supervised the works and only those which were executed to their satisfaction were paid for. A sum of Rs. 1,380-1-9 was necessarily spent in repairing certain streets and lanes situated in very thickly populated areas. Rs. 480 were spent on permanent road coolies and maistry for making patch works and other small repairs to roads wherever they were required. I know personally that this year not a single road, street or lane was left untouched and the general condition of all the roads, streets and lanes was much bettered. The number of main and major roads repaired is 33 and their length is $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles. The number of minor roads, lanes and streets repaired is 54 and their length is 21 miles. The number of roads repaired with patch work is 24 and the length is 3 miles.

29. *Buildings—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 400 for original works under buildings and Rs. 300 for repairs, and the sum actually spent was Rs. 366-11-10 and Rs. 287-4-1, respectively. A sum of Rs. 102-0-5 was usefully spent in constructing a double masonry latrine in Dasannapeta where the want of a public latrine was much felt. Dr. Bannerman, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, once recommended that a latrine should be constructed in that portion of the town. It is now being freely used by the people. Rs. 103-15-7 was spent in enclosing the iron latrine built in 1895-96 in the poor-house road during the rainy season, the parapet side wall of the big sewer in the stable road fell

down all on a sudden and as it was dangerous to keep the same without repair, Rs. 84–10–4 was spent in re-building it. Further, Rs. 60 was spent on the masonry sewage filter constructed as recommended by the Sanitary Commissioner, Dr. King, to receive the sewage of a portion of Suntapeta. The sum of Rs. 16–1–6 was spent under certain petty works. The male and the female compartments of the large masonry latrines in the cattle market were repaired at a cost of Rs. 75–9–9 and Rs. 71–3–1, respectively. The privy in the fish market was repaired at a cost of Rs. 48–0–9. The remaining sum of Rs. 92–6–6 was spent on certain petty repairs to buildings.

30. *Drainage—New Works and Repairs.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate under original works and repairs was Rs. 800 and Rs. 500, respectively, and that actually spent was Rs. 696–0–6 and Rs. 600–5–2. A masonry drain by the side of the hospital road was constructed at a cost of Rs. 78–10–3 as the work was found to be necessary to carry off the drainage of that locality into the existing drain in the main street. The work of constructing the side drain in Amiengari street had to be undertaken in the year as the drain was completely damaged and the flow of water stopped in many places owing to its faulty levels; the work was therefore done at a cost of Rs. 195–11–1. The drain in Kanukurtivari street as also that in Aripiralavari street had to be repaired. The former was improved at a cost of Rs. 112–6–8 and the latter was repaired and joined to a masonry under-ground tunnel near the college road at a cost of Rs. 117–7–7. The other works executed at Rs. 191–12–6 are of a petty nature.

Repairs.—Besides the cut-stone V shaped old drain in Sharabkhanavari street which was constructed so long ago as 1859 when the municipal association was first formed, which required a touching up to set its levels right and which was accordingly done at a cost of Rs. 102–4–8, many small drains, culverts and tunnels were also repaired in the year at a cost of Rs. 498–0–6. The council having diverted its attention towards the water-supply scheme of the town which is now under investigation under the orders of Government and having therefore postponed the drainage scheme for the future, it was thought expedient to make such repairs in the drainage works as were unavoidable and accordingly sanctioned the above sums.

31. *Water-supply—New Works and Repairs.*—There has been a great want for a well in the Park compound where many people used to resort to the existing old wells for water during the recent scarcity. A well was constructed therefore at a cost of Rs. 133–4–9, which is now very useful to the public and to the Park as well. At the request of the people of Harakala street by a well-represented mahazar, the council constructed a masonry well in that part of the town at a cost of Rs. 112–1–4, which also is now much used by the people. A sum of Rs. 92–13–6 was spent in digging new wells and improving old wells of a petty nature in the town and in the several tank beds, as they were found to be necessary in the recent draught. The sum spent within the year on the investigation of the water-supply scheme was Rs. 321–1–2. A further sum of Rs. 27–0–11 was spent in removing silt and in cleaning many wells in the town as also in the tank-beds.

32. *Establishment for flushing drains.*—Statement II-B gives the details. In the year under report the flushing of side drains by a permanent gang of eight flushers was first introduced as the Government were pleased to sanction it. They have done very useful work and the general complaint of the stink emanating from the street gutters is not so much heard of now.

33. *Water Works Establishment.*—Statement II-B shows the details. The work done by the several tank watchmen with the additional men sanctioned in the year was satisfactory and the tanks are better protected from contamination now than ever.

Contingencies.—This is the amount spent for the purchase of baskets, ropes and other necessary articles for the water works.

34. *Public Works Establishment.*—There was no change in the establishment under this head.

Tools and plant and other stores.—Two iron rollers were purchased in the year at a cost of Rs. 205–6–0 and the remainder was spent in the purchase of ordinary tools; hence the increase under this head.

35. *Grant 2, Education.*—The amount provided for in the revised estimate under this grant was Rs. 3,380 and the actual expenditure came up to Rs. 3,078–12–4.

36. *Training Schools—(b) Stipends to Normal students.*—In the year two teacher-pupils—one from the Ripon Hindu Primary school and the other from Raja Bazaar Street Result school—were sent for training to the Government Normal school, Vizagapatam. They both completed their course and joined back their schools.

37. *Salary-result system schools.*—In the year the municipality maintained three schools under this system, viz., Muhammadan, the Night and the Pariah schools, in all of which boys are taught up to the fourth standard. The number of boys on the rolls on the 31st March 1897 in the Muhammadan school was 67 and the average attendance was 57 in the year against 73 and 58, respectively, in the previous year. Of the three masters in the school, the second is a trained man, while the other masters passed the fifth standard examination. The school presented 45 boys, of whom 20 passed. Four boys were sent for Primary school examination, all of whom passed. There is one master in the night school who is a trained teacher. The school presented 23 boys, of whom 15 passed, while the Pariah school presented 27 boys and passed 21. The teacher in the Pariah school is also a trained man. The night school sent up 2 boys for the Primary school examination and passed, while the Pariah school sent up 4 but passed 2 of them. The number of boys passed in the night school as well as in the Pariah school was more than that in the previous year, while that in the Muhammadan school was much less. Results grants were paid at half the rates to all the schools on salary-result system. The cost of maintaining the Muhammadan school was Rs. 385–7–10 and that of the Pariah school was Rs. 107–3–8, while the cost of the night school was Rs. 156–7–8 as shown in statement V-A herewith submitted.

38. *Results Grants.*—The sum provided for in the revised estimate was Rs. 1,800 and the sum actually spent was Rs. 1,556–11–0 against the actuals of 1,719 in the previous year. The cause of decrease in the expenditure was that the grants earned by the Ripon Hindu Primary school and Tana Result school were not paid. All the other bills were paid in the year. The number of schools under this system was 23 in the beginning, the number closed was 1 and the number opened was 1. The number at the close of the year was therefore 23. The qualifications of the school-masters were almost stationary, only two masters completed their course of training since last year's report. The number of boys under instruction in the municipal and aided schools was 1,199 against 1,187.

39. *Gymnastic Instruction.*—The sum provided for under the establishment was fully utilised. There is an increase under contingencies which is due to the improvements made to the gymnastic ground by enclosing it with wooden paling, 25 schools received instruction in gymnastics. The number of boys that received instruction was 1,217, and their average attendance was 1,085. None of the masters attended drill during the year. Instruction was given to boys in position drill, physical drill and physical exercise. There is a trained gymnastic instructor who is a military pensioner holding a first-class certificate given by the Inspector, Gymnasia, Madras and Bombay Presidencies, Central Gymnasium, Poona.

Building and Furniture Grants.—The amount spent under this head was Rs. 113 against Rs. 150 provided for in the revised estimate. The amount spent was distributed as follows:—

	Rs.
Ripon Hindu Primary school for furniture and library books	41
Muramallavari school for rent grant	6
Maharanipeta school do.	5
Munsif's street school do.	11
Ripon Hindu Primary school for rent grant	18
Kanukurtivari school for rent grant	12
Pallividhi Result school for furniture	20

40. *Inspection.*—In the year, there was one inspecting schoolmaster employed by the municipality. He inspected on an average 40 schools a month. He trained 4 teacher-pupils for the Primary school examination for which he received a remuneration of Rs. 20 from the municipal funds as recommended by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, although no provision was made in the budget for the same.

41. *Grant 3, Sanitation and Medical service.*—The total expenditure under this grant was Rs 10,664–10–11 against Rs. 10,170–15–1 in the previous year. Except under 5 (*c*) cholera charges the expenditure under all heads of this grant was incurred without much variation from the figures shown in the revised estimate for the year.

42. *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—The municipality owns no hospital or dispensary. A provision of Rs. 600 towards the contribution of an hospital was made in the year's budget, but the amount was not utilised as the Government have not passed orders on the subject. The want of an hospital in a central locality of the town is much felt. In the year there was a midwife on Rs. 12–8–0 per month who is not a trained woman. She attended 144 cases of labour against 131 of the previous year. Considering the number of deliveries according to the birth register, she does not seem to have attended as many cases as might be expected. Towards the close of the year, a trained midwife was employed as recommended by the Superintendent of the Maternity Hospital, Madras. She attended only one case before the close of the official year.

43. *Vaccination.*—In the year there was one first-class vaccinator employed by the municipality. He performed 1,884 cases, of which 1,807 were successful. There were 221 cases prosecuted for failure to have children vaccinated. Of the number of cases vaccinated, 909 were below one year with 866 which were successful. The results of vaccination in the year were a little more satisfactory than in the previous year especially as regards infantile vaccination which shows an excess of 125 cases of vaccination and 208 successful over the corresponding numbers of the previous year. Those above one year of age were less by 13 but with a higher rate of successful cases, showing again an excess of 115. The number of notices issued to parties under section 138 of the Act was 1,143. The number of complaints lodged before the Magistrate was 221. The number of persons who produced their children for vaccination upon the Magistrate's order was 186 and the number postponed on medical certificate was 4. As usual the preliminary order of the Magistrate for obedience had the desired effect in all but 4 cases. Glycerine lymph was supplied from the calf-lymph depôts maintained by the District Board at Vizagapatam and Vizianagram. The Deputy Inspector of Vaccination verified 399 cases and the hospital assistant in charge of the Police hospital, who is a municipal councillor, also verified 402 cases. The vaccinator is paid at the rate of As. 2 per each successful case vaccinated by him over and above 100 cases, the maximum fixed for a month, and he accordingly received a reward of Rs. 111–14–0 from time to time during the year which includes a sum of Rs. 55–4–0 paid for cases of 1895–96, and the cost of lymph amounted to Rs. 36–12–0. Thus the average cost for each successful case was As. 2–11 as against As. 2–2 in the previous year.

44. *Vital Statistics.*—The number of births registered during the year was 932 against 853 in the previous year and that of deaths was 889 against 749 of last year. The various causes of mortality are noted below:—

	1895-96.	1896-97.
Cholera	..	40
Small-pox	2	30
Fever	333	301
Bowel complaints	79	154
Other causes	335	364
	749	889

The population of the municipality according to the census of 1891 is 29,180 and the birth-rate per mille in the year was 31,939, while the death-rate was 34,469, both of which are above the standard rates. The public health could not be said to be satisfactory, as there were cholera and small-pox during the year showing a mortality of 40 and 30, respectively. Fever and bowel complaints were also prevalent. As usual the conservancy out-door staff reports the occurrences of births and deaths in the office. The registrars also are directed to check the reports by frequent personal inspections. There are two registrars, one for each ward of the town.

45. *Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering.*—The amount provided in the revised estimate was Rs. 10,230 and that actually spent was Rs. 9,837–8–11. The decrease in expenditure is due to the non-utilization of the whole sum provided for under "Cholera charges" and "Contingencies."

There is a slight decrease in the conservancy establishment charges which is due to fines imposed and stoppages made in the staff. Statement II-B gives the details. There were four sanitary inspectors for the town, of whom one is a trained and certificated man who is styled the chief sanitary inspector. The sanitation of the town was reported to be generally satisfactory. The Chairman used to go out in the mornings on inspection duty and a few councillors also took interest in the sanitation of the town. While the number of prosecutions made before the bench court remain almost the same as in previous years, the collections during the year under report amount to Rs. 96–15–0 against Rs. 770 which was realised not long ago in the year 1894–95. The figures speak for themselves as regards the way in which cases are now being disposed of by the bench court, the consequences of which could well be imagined. For removing the house and street refuses there were in the year 337 dust-bins against 307 of last year, of which 11 are of corrugated zinc, 226 iron, 26 masonry, 74 wooden. The number of dust-bins made in the year newly were 60, of which 30 were put up in place of old ones damaged and 30 were newly fixed. The number of public latrines is 28 and 2 were added during the year, of which one is masonry and the other is of corrugated iron one. The night-soil from private privies and public latrines is removed by means of air tight iron carts to the depôt where it is buried in trenches dug for the purpose. There are three rubbish depôts in the town and one night soil depôt; the latter being too close to the burial-ground, a suitable site was selected beyond the railway line and an application was made for the acquisition of the land in question. The Vizianagram sewage filters, of which there are 30 in number, are in proper working order. As in the previous year the result of the sanitary arrangements are good. There were in the year 30 rubbish carts maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 1,800.

Private scavenging.—The amount actually spent under establishment was the same as that provided for in the revised estimate, but it is in excess of Rs. 250 over that provided for in the original budget. It is much to be regretted that the original arrangements made by the Chairman with regard to the retrenchment in the establishment charges in proportion to the work done by scavengers could not stand longer than three or four months. In the month of April 1896 the scavengers struck work all in a sudden and caused great inconvenience to the public. The council then, though reluctantly, had to revert to its old loose system of paying them as before. The establishment charges were framed on that basis when the original budget for 1896–97 was submitted to Government; hence the increase over that figure. The amount spent under establishment was Rs. 1,451–4–0 and under contingencies was Rs. 428–12–0, making a total of Rs. 1,880 against a revenue of Rs. 1,344–4–6, showing a loss of Rs. 535–11–6 to the municipality. This loss could be reduced to half if the council could justly lower the establishment charges and pay the scavengers in proportion to their work as was proposed and brought under execution for three or four months in the previous year, which, for fear of strike, the council could not enforce. The only remedy is to raise the scavenging fees which the council is contemplating to do. It is also true that the collections under this head could not be made in advance and much arrears were left uncollected. It is hoped that matters may be improved in the year 1897–98 under the increased powers given in the amendment Act. There are 1,063 private latrines under the municipal supervision on the 31st March 1896. There were 15 added and 9 removed from the list in the year under report. There are 8 night-soil carts and 63 toties employed for cleaning the private latrines.

Cholera Charges.—Of the sum of Rs. 1,000 provided for in the revised estimate, only Rs. 681–10–5 was spent within the year. Cholera made its first appearance in the town in August 1896 having been brought in by the Gódávari Pushkaram pilgrims. There were then 69 attacks and 36 deaths. The provisions laid down in cholera rules were strictly enforced and temporary establishments as required under the same rules were employed at a cost of Rs. 72–15–0. In the month of February last, a second time it was imported from Srikurmum and caused 4 deaths amongst 6

attacks. The effect of the above precautions was not fruitless, the disease for the first time having disappeared within 20 days, while on the second occasion it was stopped within a week after the first occurrence. The effects of purifying water sources which were affected by the free use of permanganate of potash on both occasions were remarkable.

Contingencies.—The sum provided for in the revised estimate was not utilised except Rs. 9 as there was no necessity for providing conservancy tools and other petty conservancy charges for the establishment in the year.

46. *Public health.*—The public health of the town cannot be said to be satisfactory. There was cholera in the town, although imported on both occasions in the year, which carried off 40 souls. The deaths from small-pox were no less than 30. The prices of food-grains and other stuff were high and not within the easy reach of the poor. There were 154 cases of bowel complaints caused by eating unusual food and drinking any water which the people could get. There were no rains, in consequence of which there was an utter failure of crops. People suffered greatly for want of proper food and sufficient pure water in the year.

47. *Grant 4, Lighting and Miscellaneous.*—The amount originally estimated under this grant was reduced to Rs. 3,920 against Rs. 4,468, the actuals of the previous year, and when the revised estimate was framed, it was further reduced to Rs. 3,610. But the actuals came up to Rs. 4,123–3–8 during the closing months of the year, many lanterns and lamp-posts were broken which had to be replaced and a few fresh lanterns and lamp-posts were also made. Besides, during the year the price of kerosine-oil rose higher; hence the budgeted figure had to be exceeded.

Lighting.—The establishment charges were almost stationary. In the beginning of the year there were 284 lamps with 92 iron posts and 132 wooden posts and 60 wall brackets. In the year, 9 posts were newly made and put up and 4 lamp-posts were replaced by brackets and three more were fixed in new places. The total number of lights on the 31st March 1897 was 300. The number had to be increased in Dasannapeta as well as on the main road. Six hundred and thirty-three chimneys, 420 burners were purchased, and 24 lanterns were made and 450 were repaired. The councilis of opinion that all the expenditure under this head was usefully incurred and that the lighting in the town, in which the Chairman took particular interest, was satisfactory throughout the year.

48. *Markets.*—The council owns no market in the town. The Samustanum maintains 4 markets, which are under the licensing control of the municipality. Many improvements were made during the year under report by the Samustanum. The vegetable stalls were repaired and retiled. The southern side of the Prince of Wales market was improved very much by the construction of a line of godowns, which, besides adding to the beauty of the market, has attracted many a merchant to keep their stalls in them. The Samustanum collects rents and looks after the conservancy, lighting and other particulars. The municipality has in its service a superintendent on Rs. 10 a month. He inspects the articles of food and drink as well as meat and fish exposed for sale in the markets, as also the cattle and sheep brought to the slaughter-houses before they are slaughtered.

49. *Choultries—Feeding the poor.*—The interest accrued on Rs. 5,000, the capital endowed by M.R.Ry. P. Jagannadharaju Sahib Garu, Rai Bahadur, the late Dewan of Vizianagram Raj, in a Government promissory note was Rs. 174–9–0 as received from the Accountant-General's office. The sum spent for feeding and clothing the poor during the three days of Pongal, which was the object of the endowment, was Rs. 160.

50. *Clock Tower.*—The municipality constructed a clock tower some 15 years back, to which is attached a clock-maker on Rs. 4 a month. The clock is keeping good time.

51. *Public Garden.*—The establishment charges on the Victoria Jubilee Park are almost the same as was provided for in the revised estimate, but the contingencies have risen much. The excess expenditure was usefully spent in improving the flower

beds and cleaning the wells, repairing the pump in one of the wells and in the employment of additional coolies to water the plants which were almost dying during the recent water scarcity. The construction of a continuous boundary wall was abandoned in obedience to the orders of Government. In accordance with the directions contained in paragraph 4 (i) of G.O., No. 1729, dated 9th October 1896, estimates for completing the park wall were submitted and orders are awaited. The net cost of maintaining the park is about Rs. 40 a month. It would have been much less if no additional coolies were employed which was unavoidable owing to the special circumstances of the season.

52. *Other charges.*—The items that this major head comprises are of a very uncertain character. For printing municipal proceedings for the District Gazette and doing other miscellaneous works for the municipality, the council had to pay Rupees 538–15–1. Rs. 50 were spent for the purchase of a hut and its surrounding side situated close to the office building. The purchase was made for extending the office compound and it removed a great nuisance to which the building was subject. Other items call for no remarks.

53. *Grant 5, Supervision and Management.*—The details of the establishment are shown in statement II-B. The office establishment and the collection staff continued to be the same as in previous year.

(*b*) ii *and* (*d*).—The charges incurred under these two heads put together amount to Rs. 401–11–6 against the sum of Rs. 380 in the revised estimate. The excess is not much and calls for no remarks.

54. *General Remarks.*—Having had title share in the administration of the municipality during the year under report, except as councillor throughout and Chairman-Delegate for a little over than a month in last May and June, I have no remarks to offer in particular. It would appear from the records that the total collections of the year are slightly above those of the previous year and though they have fallen short under tax on arts and professions they are in excess under tax on buildings. If the predictions of the revised estimate were not realized, it was because the council then made an over-estimate as would be evident if the figures were compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year. The council is, however, of opinion that, under the special circumstances of the year, the collections could not be better and that no pains were spared by the executive in the discharge of this important duty. The private scavenging could have become self-supporting if the proposals of the Chairman adapted in the last quarter of the year 1895–96 could be continued in the year under report; but, owing to a strike among the scavengers, the council had to yield to their somewhat unreasonable demands. The only remedy that now lies is to increase the scavenging fees which are still low in several instances for which the Chairman's proposal is under consideration of the council. The town roads were in very good order throughout, many of the streets and lanes long neglected having been metalled and gravelled for the first time during the year and every endeavour was made to improve the sanitation of the town as far as the limited means of the municipality could permit. For the first time a trained midwife was appointed at the close of the year. As regards vaccination and registration the Chairman's special attention to these subjects has not been fruitless. The council thankfully acknowledges the services rendered by the late Chairman who did not spare himself in the discharge of his duties and who showed considerable tact in his dealings with the different classes of the people of the town. Let me quote in this connection the council's resolution passed at the expiry of his term which runs as follows:—

"Resolved unanimously that this council places on record its vote of thanks for and its sense of appreciation of the good services rendered by the Chairman M.R.Ry. V. Venkatrayasastri Garu, B.A., in the administration of the municipal affairs and of the zeal displayed by him in its improvements."

In conclusion the council thankfully acknowledges the kind and sympathetic support it received throughout from E. B. Elwin, Esq., Revenue Divisional officer and ex-offico councillor.

P.S.—The educational statements received from the Assistant Inspector of Schools only on the 7th instant are herewith submitted in original. The following points are noticed in them.

The statement have not been forwarded through the Inspector of Schools as required in G.O., No. 885 L., dated 15th April 1891.

Statement I.—It does not stand to reason that the Muhammadan school suffered in its strength by the introduction of school-fees inasmuch as the fees are being paid for the boys by M.R.Ry. Dewan Bahadur V. Anuntaran Pantulu Garu, Joint Manager of the Vizianagram Samustanum. There was no cholera in the Muhammadan quarters as remarked by the Assistant Inspector of Schools.

The certifying memorandum of the Tana school which was said to have been issued on the 28th November last was received in the municipal office only on the 4th April 1897.

Statement IV.—The total number of pupils shown as presented and passed in 1896–97, viz., 801 and 665, respectively, includes 47 under presented and 33 under passed of two schools aided from Provincial funds, but in statement V-B, they are omitted; hence the number in the municipal statement is shown as 754 and 632 under columns 8 and 9, statement IV-A. The number given as passed in the 4th standard under municipal schools for 1896–97 is 7, but it should be 8 according to what is given in the certifying memoranda. This seems to be a clerical error which is correctly shown in the foot-note to statement V-A.

From M.R.Ry. Ch. RAMAMURTHI PANTULU Garu, Chairman-Delegate, Municipal Council, Vizianagram, to the Principal Assistant Collector, Vizianagram, dated 10th June 1897, No. 33.

I have the honour to forward herewith the annual administration report and statements of the Vizianagram Municipality for the official year 1896–97 and request you will be so good as to transmit the same to the Chief Secretary to Government, Madras, at your earliest convenience.

Forwarded.

2. The roads are now in good order.

3. As regards nuisance cases, the Bench Magistrates explain that there has been great carelessness on the part of the police and municipal servants in bringing prosecutions. My enquiries show that there is truth in this.

4. Medical arrangements are in the same backward condition. It is hoped now that the Vizianagram estate will hand over the hospital to the municipality and make an annual contribution towards its maintenance.

5. The late Chairman deserves special credit for his energy in taking steps to suppress cholera last August. Drinking-water tanks require better guarding.

VIZIANAGRAM,
13*th June* 1897.

(Signed) E. B. ELWIN,
Ag. Principal Asst. Collector.

Forwarded.

19*th June* 1897.

(Signed) W. O. HORNE,
Ag. Collector.

Review of the Vizianagaram Municipal Report for 1896-97

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Papers to be read in Proceedings:—

Current No. 2348 of 1897, dated 5-6-97 from the Chairman, M.C. Vizianagaram.

Current No ___ of 189 , dated ___ from the ___

Current No. ___ of 189 , dated ___ from the ___

Current No. ___ of 189 , dated ___ from the ___

Order— No 1730 M, dt 5-8-97

The ~~estimated~~ receipts and charges of the Vizianagaram Municipality for 1896-97, ~~as passed by Government,~~ are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1895-96.

	Actuals, 1895-96.	Budget Estimate, 1896-97.	Revised Estimate, 1896-97.	actuals 1896-97.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance brought forward	1278	3480	940	943
Tax on Arts	3756	3700	4200	3437
Tax on Buildings and Lands	9816	10100	11000	10259
Water-Tax on Buildings and Lands				
Tax on Vehicles and Animals	2669	2750	2750	2430
Tax on Carts	1710	1700	1700	1688
Tolls	9000	9000	10500	10500
Realizations under Special Acts	45	30	70	35
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	330	320	320	358
Conservancy Receipts	202	250	250	230
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	52	70	70	70
Fees and Revenue from Medical Institutions				
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	760	760	700	480
License fees	330	300	300	313
Other fees	2	10	10	5
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	435	620	250	97
Interest on Investments and premium on Loans	175	180	180	175
Grants and Contributions from Government	..	180	180	115
Do. from Local Boards	..			
Do. from other bodies	..	..	1100	110
Recoveries for services to private individuals	1535	1600	1620	1355
Miscellaneous	111	120	120	107
Loans				
Sale-proceeds of Government Securities, &c., and Realizations of Sinking Fund				
Advances Recovered	..	..	..	100
Total ..	32206	35170	36260	32807

Charges	Actuals, 1895-96.	Budget Estimate, 1896-97.	Revised Estimate, 1896-97.	actuals 1896-97.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
GRANT I.				
New Works—				
Communications	172	200	120	122
Buildings	930	400	400	367
Drainage	257	600	800	696
Water-supply	389	300	1400	659
Repairs—				6023
Communications	5442	4500	5800	5991
Buildings	87	300	300	287
Drainage	1505	2060	2160	2222
Water-supply	355	550	470	404
Establishment	580	600	600	590
Tools and Plant and other Stores	220	150	150	366
Contributions for Public Works				
Total	9937	9660	12200	11704
GRANT II—				
Training Schools	75	120	140	131
Municipal Schools—				
(a) On the Salary System	715	690	730	674
(b) On the Salary Result System				
Grants-in-aid—				
(a) Salary grants	1719	2000	1800	1557
(b) Result grants	187	300	150	113
(c) Combined grants	189	200	200	200
(d) Building and Furniture grants	596	290	360	404
Inspection				
Miscellaneous				
Total	3481	3600	3380	3079
GRANT III—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	154	780	180	160
Contributions	101	100	100	99
Vaccination	263	230	300	328
Registration of Births and Deaths	258	250	250	240
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	9395	9820	10230	9838
Total	10171	11180	11060	10665
GRANT IV—				
Lighting	1854	1740	1940	2323
Markets and Slaughter-houses	130	120	120	120
Choultries	193	200	180	160
~~Travellers' Bungalows~~ Clock Tower	48	50	50	48
Avenues				
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other charges	~~986~~ 2243	1880	1320	1472
Total	4468	3920	3610	4123
GRANT V—				
Supervision and management	3147	2640	2740	2665
Repayment of Debt				
Interest on loan				
Advances Recoverable	54	40	40	60
Refunds	5	..	..	..
Discount				
Pensions and Gratuities				
Investments				
Balance	943	4130	3230	511
Total	32206	35170	36260	32807

2. The Municipal Council held 26 meetings against 22 in 1895-96. The average attendance of the members improved and was fair in the case of the non-officials, but poor in that of the officials. The ~~Government expects the latter to attend~~ Collector will call the attention of the latter to G.O. No. 2085 dated 10 April 1897. the meetings more regularly in future.

3. Receipts. (1) There was again an increase ~~of 210~~ in the number of persons assessed to the tax on arts and professions, the number being 220 more than in the previous year, and of Rs. 516 in the net current demand under this head, but as the increase in the former case was mostly ~~and~~ under the last class of the schedule, the average assessment per head fell from Rs 4-5-7 to Rs 3-13-8, the general average for municipalities in 1895-96 being Rs 4-1-0. The demand under the taxes on buildings and lands, however, remained almost stationary.

(2) The current collections under the tax on lands were good, but owing to the ~~famine, those~~ prevalent distress, the realizations under the arts and house taxes were not satisfactory. For the same reason, the arrear collections under ~~all~~ these heads were extremely poor, and ~~more than~~ over 44 and 32 per cent respectively, of the arrear demand under the taxes on arts and houses ~~had to be~~ were written off as irrecoverable. There was still a large balance of Rs 4847 outstanding under these ~~heads~~ taxes at the end of the year, the arrears dating as far back as 1893-94. Steps should be taken without further delay to adjust the amount, ~~as soon as possible~~. Coercive measures were freely resorted to, but nearly one third of the number of distress warrants issued for the collection of the house and land taxes remained

remained unexecuted on the 31st March 1897.

(3) The income from tolls and the sale of night soil and street refuse showed *some* advance, but ~~that from~~ the latter source ~~is~~ *&* *years* capable of further development. On the other hand there was a decline ~~on~~ the receipts from the taxes on vehicles and animals and from slaughter-houses, which is *fully* explained in paras 9 and 19 of the Chairman's report. The income from fines again fell from Rs 435 to Rs 96. The Chairman attributes this to the inadequacy of the fines imposed by the Bench Magistrates, but from para 3 of the Revenue Divisional officer's endorsement it appears to have been in a ~~large~~ *considerable* measure due to want of care on the part of the Police and the Municipal executive in instituting pre~~cau~~*secu*tions. The attention of the *Dr Kaple, the* Inspector-General of Police and the Chairman will be drawn to th~~e~~*is* matter.

Vide para. 22 of the chairman's report.

It is not stated ~~whether~~ how the no. of prosecutions instituted ~~fell off~~ compared with the returns of the previous year.

(4) Though the number of houses served by the private scavenging agency was about the same as in the previous year, the income from these fees fell from Rs. 1535 to Rs 1344 and the service was worked at a loss of Rs 536 *as* against Rs 192 *in 1895/96*. The Chairman states that *the reduction* ~~the attempt of~~ *by* the Municipal Council ~~to make the service self supporting by reducing~~ *of* the cost of the establishment ~~was unsuccessful~~ *resulted in a strike among* ~~as~~ the scavengers ~~struck work~~ *and injury to the service*, but no reason ~~has been assigned as to why~~ *is given for the neglect to collect* the fees ~~were not collected~~ in advance ~~as~~ *in accordance with the* repeated*ly* ~~point-ed out by~~ *instructions of* Government. The ~~neglect of~~ *disregard by* the Municipal Council ~~to carry out~~ *of* the orders of Government in this matter is very unsatisfactory and should not be allowed to continue. In consequence of this nearly one fifth of the current demand under private scavenging fees was outstanding on the 31st March 1897. A portion of this, however, has since been collected. The remainder should be spe~~a~~*e*dily realized and the large arrears ~~of Rs 1036~~ dating from the year 1892-93, which are ~~stated~~ *found after due enquiry* to be irrecoverable, should be written off the accounts without delay. Steps should be taken in the current year to make the service self supporting and to extend it, ~~to other houses in need of it, of~~ *for* which there is ~~undoubtedly still a large number~~ *ample room* seeing that the number of houses now under Municipal control is only 22 per cent of the number assessed to the tax on buildings.

Vide clause (3) of para. 45 of the chairman's report.

Vide para. 25 of the chairman's report.

4. <u>Expenditure</u> (1) <u>Public works.</u>

A sum of Rs 320 out of an allotment of Rs 1000 was spent upon the investigation of a scheme for the water-supply of the town. The outlay on communications amounted to Rs 6113 or 58.2 per cent of the net Municipal income from tolls, and the Revenue Divisional officer reports that the roads are in good order.

(2) <u>Education</u>. The net expenditure on education amounted to Rs 2894 or 10.2 per cent of the receipts from taxation, and the whole of it was devoted to primary education. Three primary schools were, as ~~usual~~ *heretofore*, maintained by the Municipal Council, of which one was for Muhammadans and another for Panchamas, ~~and~~ *while* 22 schools were aided with result grants against 23 in the previous year. The attendance at the

Municipal

Municipal schools was almost stationary, but that at the aided schools it fell from 1157 to 1044. The working of the former was not satisfactory, only 59 per cent of the pupils presented for the departmental examinations having being successful, but the latter however fared better at the grant examinations, the percentage of success being 83. More than twenty per cent of the allotment for result grants was allowed to lapse, the short outlay being explained to be due attributed mainly to the year of the grants earned by two schools not having been paid during the year. Vide para. 38 of the chairman's report. The total number of boys under instruction in the schools maintained and aided from Municipal funds, was 1078 or 48.3 per cent of the male population of school going age against 53.2 in 1895-96 and 57.3, the average for municipalities in that year. From statement III submitted by the Assistant Inspector of schools, it appears that the number of untrained teachers employed in the aided schools is still large. Adequate steps should be taken to reduce this number greatly in the current year. The attention of the Assistant Inspector of schools should be drawn to the errors in his statements, noticed by the Chairman at the end of his report.

(3) Medical Relief. The Municipal Council had no hospital of its own. The usual concise report on the working of the Maharaja's hospital has not been submitted,- an omission which should be supplied. The midwife employed by the Municipal Council attended 144 cases of labour against 131 in the previous year. Now that a trained midwife has been entertained, it is hoped that there will be a further improvement in the current year.

(4) Vaccination and Vital statistics.

The reported number of persons vaccinated during the year, was almost the same as in 1895-96, but the percentage of success rose from 89.2 to 95.9 which is gratifying. Infantile vaccination also showed an advance, the number of successful operations on children under one year of age having been 866 or 29.7 per mille of the population against 658 or 22.5 per mille in 1895-96 and against a registered birth rate of 31.9 per mille.

There was an increase in the number of births and deaths registered during the year, but the returns cannot yet be regarded as complete, the rates especially in the case of births being much below the normal. Again not a single prosecution appears to have been instituted for failure to report these occurrences. The Government views with grave displeasure this continued disregard of the repeated orders of Government on the subject. No further time should be lost in making registration as accurate as possible.

(5) Sanitation. The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs 9838 or Rs 18 more than the allotment and was 30.9 per cent of the receipts. From paras. 30, 31 and 45 of the Chairman's report, it appears that some attention was paid to the improvement of sanitation, but from the inspection notes of the Sanitary Commissioner recorded in G.O. No. 780 M, dated 4th May 1896, it appears that much yet remains to be done. The defects pointed out by this officer should be remedied as necessary steps gradually undertaken pursued

gradually as funds become available.

5. General Remarks. The year closed with a balance of Rs 511 or 1.6 per cent of the current receipts. The excess expenditure referred to in paras. 28, 45 and 47 of the Chairman's report will be admitted in the accounts of 1896-97.

The collection of taxes and the working of the private scavenging system were not satisfactory, while education and the registration of vital statistics demand increased attention. In other respects the administration of the Municipality during the year under review was fairly efficient. The Government is pleased to note the testimony borne by the Municipal Council and the Revenue Divisional officer to the good work done by the late Chairman M.R.Ry V. Venkatarayasastri.

To

The Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizianagram
" Collector of Visagapatam
,, President District Board, Visagapatam.
,, Accountant General.
,, Director of Public Instruction.
,, Surgeon General.
" Sanitary Board.
,, Sanitary Commissioner.
,, Engineer.
" Judicial Department. (with reference to para. 3.(3))
Editors' Table.

Dupd 27/8/97

Encl. No. I.

STATEMENT I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram during the official year 1896-97.

	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1. BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD—					
a. Municipal Fund		943 2 6	3480	940	1278 1 6
b. Endowments					
c. Water-tax Fund					
2. MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES—					
a. Tax on arts, &c. (section 53) ..	3437 1 -		3700 - -	4200 - -	3756 6 6
b. Tax on buildings (section 63) ..	10158 10 9		10000	10900	9703 12 8
c. Tax on lands (section 63) ..	100 1 -		100	100	112 10 -
d. Water-tax on buildings and lands (section 75)					
e. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins (section 77) ..	646 8 -		750	750	736 8 -
f. Tax on animals (section 77) ..	1763 6 -		2000	2000	1932 6 -
g. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs (section 85) ..	1688 - -		1700	1700	1710 - -
h. Tolls (section 91)—					
Gross receipts ..	14000		12000	14000	12000 - -
Less Local Fund share ..	3500		3000	3500	3000 - -
	10500 - -		9000	10500	9000 - -
i. Penalties on account of—					
i. Tax on arts					
ii. Tax on buildings ..					
iii. Tax on lands					
iv. Water-tax on buildings and lands					
v. Tax on vehicles, &c. ..					
vi. Tax on animals					
vii. Tax on carts, &c. ..					
vii. Evasion of tolls					
		28313 10 9			
3. REALIZATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS—					
a. Pounds					
b. Ferry rents					
c. Fees under Act II of 1888 ..	35 - -	35 - -	30 - -	70 - -	45 - -
Carried forward ..		28348 10 9	27280 - -	30220 - -	26996 11 2

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram during the official year 1896-97—*continued.*

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward ..		28348 10 9	27280 - -	30220 - -	26996 11 2
4. Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—					
a. i. Rent of lands					
ii. Rent of buildings					
iii. Avenue receipts					
iv. Fees from Travellers' Bungalows					
b. i. Sale-proceeds of lands and buildings					
ii. Produce of lands, gardens, &c.	324 8 7		300	300	301 4 -
iii. Sale-proceeds of old materials, empty oil cans, packing cases, &c.	33 9 6		20	20	28 8 -
c. Conservancy receipts—					
Sale-proceeds of night-soil, street refuse, &c.	230 8 -		250	250	201 9 -
d. i. Fees from educational institutions	24 5 6		20	20	22 1 9
ii Other revenue from educational institutions ..	45 6 -		50	50	30 - -
e. i. Sale-proceeds and composition fees of medicines ..					
ii. Other Hospital receipts ..					
f. i. Income from markets ..					
ii. ,, slaughter-houses.	480 - -		760	700	760 - -
g. Other fees					
i. Distraint fees	2 8		10	10	2
ii. License fees	313 3 6		300	300	329 12 6
iii. Cartstand fees					
iv. Other fees	2		10	10	2 8
h. Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	96 15 -		620	250	434 10 6
i. Interest on investments					
i. General, including choultries	174 9 -		180	180	174 9 -
ii Educational					
iii. Medical					
j. Premium on loans					
		1727 9 1			
Carried forward ..		30076 8 10	29790 - -	32300 - -	29281 9 11

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram during the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward .		30076 3 10	29790 - -	32300	29281 9 11
5. Grants and contributions—					
a. From Government—					
i. Education—					
Normal stipends ..	67 8 -		70	70	- - -
Buildings			50	50	- - -
Municipal Schools ..					
Other purposes Supernumerary	48 - -		60	60	- - -
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes—					
Communications ..					
Water-supply					
Drainage					
Sanitation					
Other purposes ..	115 8 -		180	180	
b. From Local Boards—					
i. Education					
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes					
c. Other grants and contributions—					
i. Education					
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes	109 12 -		- - -	1100 - -	- - -
		225 4 -			
6. Miscellaneous—					
a. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals—					
i. Private scavenging ..	1344 4 6		1600 - -	1600 - -	1534 14 3
ii. Other purposes	11 1 -		- - -	20 - -	- - -
b. Other items—	1355 5		1600	1620	
i. Fishery rents					
ii. Refunds of Expenditure of previous year					
iii. Fee for numbering carts, &c.	100 6 -		110	110	104 9 -
iv. Other items	6 4 6		10	10	6 12 -
	106 10	1462 - -	120	120	111 5
Carried forward ..		31763 7 10	31690	35320 - -	30927 13 2

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram during the official year 1896 -97 —*cont.*

—	Actual 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.			Totals of Major Heads.			Budget Estimate for 1896 -97.			Revised Estimate for 1896 -97.			Actuals. 1895-96 (audited figures).		
1	2			3			4			5			6		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Brought forward ..				31763	7	10	31690	..	..	35320	..	..	30927	13	2
7. Extraordinary and debt—															
a. Sale-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.															
b. Loans—															
i. From Government ..															
ii. In the market from private individuals															
c. Realizations of Sinking fund for repayment of loans.															
d. Advances—															
i. Permanent															
ii. Others	100	..	..	100	..	..									
Total Receipts ..				31863	7	10	31690			35320			30927	13	2
Grand Total ..				32806	10	4	35170			36260			32205	15	1

Note to Statement I.

1. Tax on arts, &c., is levied on ~~the first~~ all classes.
2. Tax on buildings is levied at 7 1/2 per cent. and tax on lands at 7 1/2 per cent. of rent value. ~~annas~~ 1/2, 3/4 of one anna for every 80 square yards.
3. Water-tax on buildings and lands is not levied ~~at — per cent.~~
4. Tax on vehicles and animals is levied at — the maximum rates.
5. Tax on carts, &c., is levied at Rs. 4 per cart. per annum.
6. Tolls are levied at — the maximum rates.
7. License-fees are levied at the rates sanctioned in G.O. 8th April 1891 no 514 m. Govt Proceedings no 2040 m. mis & G. O. no 288 m. dated 26th Feby 95
8. The house-tax registers were last revised in the official year 95/96 and the land tax registers in the official year 95/96
9. Total extent of land assessed is 267 acres.
10. The mode of estimating the annual rental of houses and lands is as follows :— per memo attached

Municipal Office
Vizianagaram
25th May 1897

Ramamoorty
Chairman Delegate
M. C. Vizianagaram

Statement I-A.—Endowments entrusted to the Municipal Council under Sections 25 and 26 of Act V of 1884 for the official year 1896 -97

Name of Institution	Amount of Funded Capital.	Opening Balance.	Interest, Produce of Land, or Rent of buildings.	Appropriation from Capital for Expenditure.	Private Contributions and Donations.	Sale of Medicines or Sundry Property.	Total (Columns 4—7).	Contribution from Local Funds.	Contribution from Provincial Funds.	Total Receipts (Columns 3, 8 and 9).	Appropriation from Municipal Funds (Column 16 minus Column 10).	Invested.	Current Charges.	Total (Statement II).	Allotted for Public Works, (Statement II-A)	Total Charges (Column 14 plus Column 15).	Closing Balance (Column 10 minus Column 16).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	RS	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Feeding the Poor	5000	43-6-6	174-9-0				174-9-0			217-15-6			160-–-–	160-–-–	–	160-–-–	57-15-6	

Municipal Office
Vizianagaram
25th May 1897

Ramamoorty
Chairman Delegate M.C. Vizianagaram

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97.

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
GRANT I—(*Public Works*)—					
1. NEW WORKS—					
a. Communications	122 3 8		200	120 - -	171 7 7
b. Buildings	366 11 10		400	400 - -	930 3 11
c. Drainage	696 - 6		600	800	257 5 9
d. Water-supply	659 4 9	1844 4 9	300	1400	389 6 8
2. REPAIRS—					
a. Communications ..	5990 13 8		4500	5800 - -	5441 6 9
b. Buildings	287 4 1		300	300	87 1 3
c. Drainage—					
i. Repairs to works ..	600 5 2		400	500	179 4 6
ii. Establishment for flushing drains, &c.	1621 12 -		1660 - -	1660	1326 - -
d. Water-supply—					
i. Repairs to works, machinery, &c.	27 - 11		210	110	59 8 2
ii. Establishment ..	350 2 -		340	340	249 11 -
iii. Contingencies ..	26 13			20	45 12 4
3. ESTABLISHMENT		8904 2 10			
		590 6 3	600	600	679 7 1
4. TOOLS AND PLANT AND OTHER STORES.		365 8 -	150	150	219 12 -
5. CONTRIBUTIONS—					
a. To Local Boards for works ..					
b. To Provincial Funds for scrutiny of estimates, &c. ..					
c. To others for public works ..					
Total, Grant I ..		11704 5 10	9660 - -	12200	9936 7 -
GRANT II—(*Education*)—					
1. TRAINING SCHOOLS—					
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Stipends to Normal students ..	131 1 -	131 1 -	120 - -	140 - -	75 - -
2. MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS—					
i On Salary System—					
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies					
Carried forward ..		131 1 -	120 - -	140 - -	75 - -

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		131 1 -	120 - -	140 - -	75 - -
GRANT II—(*Education*)—cont.					
ii. On Salary-Results System—					
a. Fixed Payments	454 8 -		460	460	437 - -
b. Result Grants	95 6 -		150	100	96 6 6
c. Contingencies	123 10 8	673 8 8	80	170	181 11 3
3. SALARY GRANTS		640	730	715 1 9	
4. RESULTS GRANTS		1556 11	2000	1800	1719 1 -
5. COMBINED GRANTS—					
a. Fixed Payments					
b. Result Grants					
6. INSPECTION—					
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Municipal Inspectors—					
i. Establishment	191		190	190	180 - -
ii. Contingencies	9	200 - -	10	10	9
7. MISCELLANEOUS—					
a. Building, furniture, &c., grants ..	113		300	150	186 14 -
b. Common gymnasium—					
i. Establishment	192		190	190	192 - -
ii. Contingencies	110 14		40	70	15
c. Common Drawing Master—					
i. Establishment					
ii. Contingencies					
d. Other items { Purchase of books for Library / Establishment }	43 9 8 / 5 8 -	517 7 8	60 - -	100	376 2 - / 27 - -
Total, Grant II ..		3078 12 4	3600 - -	3380 - -	3481 1 9
GRANT III—(*Sanitation and Medical Services*).					
1. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES—					
a. Establishment	150 - -		180	180	150 - -
b. Medicines and Supplies					
c. Diet of Patients					
d. Sundries and Contingencies ..	9 8 -		600	- - -	3 10 -
e. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
&c., &c., &c. .		159 8 -			
Carried forward ..		159 8 -	780	180	153 10

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Total of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward ..		159 8 ..	780	180	153 10 ..
GRANT III—*Sanitation and Medical Services*—cont.					
2. *a.* Contributions to Provincial funds for—					
i. Medical College ..					
ii. Sanitary Inspection ..	99		100	100	101
iii. Medical Reserve staff ..					
iv. Cutlers' Establishment ..					
b. Contributions to Local Boards, &c., for—					
i. Medical Schools ..					
ii. Reserve staff					
&c., &c., &c, ..					
c. Other contributions		99			
3. Vaccination—					
a. Establishment	180		180	180	180
b. Contingencies ..	148 10		50	120	83 2
c. Contributions to Local Boards ..		328 10 ..			
4. Registration of Births and Deaths—					
a. Establishment	240		240	240	240
b. Contingencies		240	10	10	18
5. Conservancy, Road cleaning and Road watering—					
a. i. Establishment	4416 7 10		4460	4460	4130 14
ii. Other charges such as purchase or hire of carts, dry earth, purchase and maintenance or hire of bullocks, &c.	2850 6 8		2700	2800	3219 1 3
b. Private scavenging—					
i. Establishment ..	1451 4 ..		1200	1450	1424 8 ..
ii. Contingencies, such as cost of scavenging carts, &c.	428 12 ..	1880	360	420	302 2 5
c. Cholera charges ..	681 10 5		1000	1000	.. .. ..
d. Contingencies	9		100	100	318 9 5
&c., &c., &c. ..		9837 8 11			
Total, Grant III ..		10664 10 11	11180	11060	10170 15 1

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1896-97. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1896-97. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1896-97.	Revised Estimate for 1896-97.	Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures)
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*).					
1. Lighting—					
a. Establishment	443		440	440	436 4 ..
b. Contingencies ..	1880 5 11		1300	1500	1418 2 3
		2323 5 11			
2. i. Markets—					
a. Establishment	120		120	120	120
b. Contingencies	.. .. ..	120			
ii. Slaughter-houses—					
a. Establishment					10 .. ..
b. Contingencies					
3. Choultries—					
a. Establishment					
b Contingencies					
c. Feeding Travellers	160	180	200	180	192 10 ..
clock tower					
4. ~~Travellers Bungalows~~—					
a. Establishment	48		50	50	48 .. ..
b. Contingencies		48			
5. Avenues—					
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies					
6. Public Garden—					
a. Establishment	475 12		480	480	470
b. Purchase of seeds, repair of well, purchase of bullocks, &c. ..	271 14 2		150	170	208 7 6
(c) Bank works	.. .. ..		250	.. .. ..	284 5 2
7. Survey of land		747 10 2			
8. Fire—					
a. Establishment					
b. Purchase of fire-engine, buckets, repairs, &c.					23 2 ..
9. Other charges—					
i. Work done for private individuals other than private scavenging					
Carried forward ..		3399 .. 1	2990	2940	3210 14 11

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

1	Actuals 1896-97. 2 Details of Minor Heads. RS.	A.	P.	3 Totals of Major Heads. RS.	A.	P.	4 Budget Estimate for 1896-97. RS.	A.	P.	5 Revised Estimate for 1896-97. RS.	A.	P.	6 Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures). RS.	A.	P.
Brought forward ..				3399	-	1	2990	-	-	2940	-	-	3210	14	11
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*)—cont.															
9. OTHER CHARGES—*cont.*															
ii. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes ..	59	5	-				180			20			178	9	-
iii. Printing	538	15	1				450			450			472	11	6
iv. Compensation for lands ..	50	-	-				150			50			532	8	..
v. Other items	75	15	6				150			150			73	5	6
				724	3	7									
Total, Grant IV ..				4123	3	8	3920	-	-	3610			4468	..	11
GRANT V—															
a. General Establishment—															
i. Office Establishment ..	1409	5	..				1500			1500			1452	..	..
ii. Inspection															
b. Collection of Municipal Taxes—															
i. Establishment	639	13	9				650			650			753		
ii. Purchase of account books, paper, money-boxes, repair to out-posts, &c. ..	30	-	-				100			100			261	6	10
c. Collection of Tolls—															
i. Establishment															
ii. Contingencies													13	2	..
d. Office contingencies other than (*b*) (ii)	371	11	6				200			280			477	13	-
e. Contributions for Central office and Audit establishments ..	214	-	-				190			210			190	..	..
Total, Grant V ..				2664	14	3	2640	-	-	2740	-	-	3147	5	10
REPAYMENT OF DEBT—															
a. Instalments paid during the year.															
b. Invested on account of Sinking Fund (Value of securities purchased)															
c. Charges of investment ..															
INTEREST—															
a. On account of last year ..															
b. ,, of current years.															

1623
1042
2665

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97—*cont.*

1	Actuals 1896-97. 2 Details of Minor Heads. RS.	A.	P.	3 Totals of Major Heads. RS.	A.	P.	4 Budget Estimate for 1896-97. RS.	A.	P.	5 Revised Estimate for 1896-97. RS.	A.	P.	6 Actuals, 1895-96 (audited figures). RS.	A.	P.
Advances recoverable—															
a. Permanent															
b. Others	59	11	4				40			40			54	6	-
Refunds of other than current collections ..				59	11	4							4	8	..
Discount															
Pensions and gratuities															
Investments—															
a. In Government securities for purposes other than Sinking Fund															
b. In Savings Bank															
Total Expenditure ..				32295	10	4	31040	-	-	33030	-	-	31262	12	7
Balances—															
a. Municipal Fund				511			4130			3230			943	2	6
b. Endowments															
c. Water-tax Fund															
Grand Total ..				32806	10	4	35170			36260			32205	15	1

NOTE TO STATEMENT II.

Position of the Municipality of Vizianagaram *on 31st March* 1897.

Liabilities.	RS.	Assets.	RS.
Liabilities—		Municipal Balance .. { Cash	511 —
		{ Securities	—
Balance of Loans		Deposit Balance .. { Cash	145-9-0
		{ Securities	—
Deposits to be adjusted	145-9-0	Sinking Fund of loans	
Other Liabilities (in detail)		Funded Capital of endowed institutions, Hospitals, &c.	5000 —
Grants payable to the Ripon Hindu Lower school for 96-97	375-0-0	Total ..	5656-9-0
Grants to the Jana school do	46-14-0	Value of Premises, &c.	21530-0-0
		Do. of Tools and plant	800 —
		Do. of Live stock	—
		Do. of Furniture	600 —
		Arrears of taxes, &c.	6390-4-3
		Other assets (in detail)	3043-9-8
		(1) Value of Wenlock Public Library 3000-0-0	
		(2) additions made by purchase of books 43-9-8	
		Total ..	38020-6-11
		Claims—	
		Advances Recoverable—	
		Permanent advance	20 —
		Advances for works, &c.	64-1-4
Total ..	567-7-0	Total ..	38104-8-3

375-0-0
129-0-0
504-0-0

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
25th May 1897

S. Ramamoorty.
Chairman Delegate
M. C. Vizianagaram

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure on Public Works.

Part I.—New Works.

Number.	Project.	Amount of estimate.	Past expenditure.			Expenditure in 1896-97.			Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
		RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
(a)	Communications								
1	Constructing Culvert in Aripiravala vari street	22	..	..	..	20	1	1	
2	Constructing 5 culverts in Bucka st.	34	-	-	-	27	12	10	
3	Constructing 3 do in Vaccinator st.	36	-	-	-	25	1	10	
4	Constructing a parapet wall to the large culvert in Suntapeta main rd	17	..	-	..	14	15	1	
5	Constructing 4 Culverts in Mohomedan village	40				34	4	10	
	Total ..	149				122	3	8	
(b)	Buildings								
1	Constructing a masonry latrine in Dasannapeta	182	-	-	-	102	-	5	
2	Constructing a parapet wall in stable road	85	-	-	-	84	10	4	
3	Constructing enclosure walls around the Iron latrine near Poor house	114	-	-	-	103	15	7	
4	Constructing filters for sewage at Daba garden	63	-	-	-	60	..	..	
5	Petty works	19	-	-	-	16	1	6	
	Total ..	463				366	11	10	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part I.—New Works.—*cont.*

Number	Project.	Amount of estimate.	Past expenditure.			Expenditure in 1896-97.			Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
		RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
(c)	Drainage								
1	Constructing a side drain in Hospital road	99	-	-	-	78	10	8	
2	Constructing a side drain in Ameengari street	197	..	..	..	195	11	1	
3	Constructing side drain in Kammakuttu vari street	123	-	-	-	112	6	8	
4	Constructing a side drain in Aripiravala vari street	131	..	-	-	117	7	7	
5	Petty drainage works	196	-	-	-	191	12	6	
	Total ..	746				696	-	6	
(d)	Water-supply								
1	Constructing a masonry well & platform in the Park	137	-	-	-	133	4	9	
2	Constructing a well in Harkala street	133	-	-	-	112	1	4	
3	Cost of investigation of the Water supply scheme	1000	..	..	..	321	1	2	
4	Petty water works					92	13	6	
	Total ..					659	4	9	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs.

Number.	Project.	Grant. RS.	A.	P.	Actual expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
(a)	Communications							Total mileage of roads streets, lanes, &c., in the town.
1	Repairing Hospital road (2)				107	2	7	
2	Repairing Anasapurapu vari st (2)				106	3	4	Metalled or Gravelled } Unmetalled.
3	Repairing Nandivalla gulli (1)				107	12	4	
4	Repairing Gouduvidi road (3)				260	11	..	
5	Repairing Jomagudda road (2)				210	..	..	
6	Repairing Buchammas tank road (2)				104	7	5	Total mileage under maintenance.
7	Repairing Putchala vidhi road (1)				130	..	..	
8	Repairing Abkari street (2)				160	3	7	Metalled or Gravelled } Unmetalled.
9	Repairing Gunturu vari street (2)				129	..	1	
10	Repairing Puligedda vari st (2)				140	..	..	
11	Repairing West of Putchala st (2)				153	..	..	
12	Repairing Nathavalasa road (3)				410	1	..	
13	Repairing Suntapeta main road (3)				278	10	2	
14	Repairing Dasannapeta road (2)				216	5	9	
15	Repairing 4 roads in the Park (4)				200	5	5	
	Minor Roads in Kuspa							
1	Repairing Kuntabhuktavalla gullee (1)				26	9	1	
2	Repairing Muthum street (1)				11	13	4	
3	Repairing Ramalingaswamy temple st (2)				39	11	4	
4	Repairing Kuspa Sunkari st roads (2)				55	5	2	
5	Repairing Kamkutti vari st roads (2)				68	8	8	
6	Repairing Amengari st road (1)				46	3	8	
7	Repairing Chittiakindi vari road (1)				23	..	..	
8	Repairing roads in Lingadharipeta (1)				15	10	..	
9	Repairing Chagunty vari st (2)				74	8	10	
10	Repairing Kolagotla vari st (2)				50	4	7	
11	Repairing Addipalli vari st (1)				37	..	..	
12	Repairing Kottapeta golla vidhi (2)				54	7	2	
13	Repairing Velutura vari st (2)				45	1	11	
14	Repairing Lakshmikantam st (1)				34	8	6	
15	Repairing Poolbaugh road (1)				43	4	9	626-1-0
	Minor roads in Suntapeta							
1	Repairing Suntapeta Sunkari vithi roads (2)				34	15	9	
2	Repairing Bikkavolu vari street (1)				22	6	..	
3	Repairing Stable road (1)				38	9	6	
4	Repairing Oil mongers st (1)				35	15	6	
5	Repairing Patan Sahibs st (1)				24	1	7	
6	Repairing old vaccinators st ~~Total~~ (1)				32	4	9	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Grant. RS.	A.	P.	Actual expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
(a) ~~(b)~~	Communications—Continued— ~~Buildings~~							
7	Repairing Bondada vidhi roads (2)				15	13	10	
8	Repairing Poodiah st (1)				23	11	2	
9	Repairing Kodavanti vari st (1)				15	10	..	
10	Repairing Hanumpeta Kapu vidhi (2)				34	7	7	
11	Repairing Hanumpeta main road (2)				73	13	11	
12	Repairing Payila Sanyasi lane (2)				22	12	1	
13	Repairing Balji vidhi road (1)				20	9	10	
14	Repairing Buka vidhi (1)				38	7	10	
15	Repairing Sedda vidhi roads (1)				90	..	..	
16	Repairing Poor house road (1)				33	14	8	
17	Repairing roads around the Park (4)				57	9	10	
18	Repairing Arrbrewers st (1)				25	0	10	
19	Repairing Kotta lanka vidhi road (2)				71	3	5	
20	Repairing Mohomedan village road (1)				79	4	2	
	Streets & lanes							
	Patch work for roads which are repaired by coolies employed for the purpose				1380	1	9	
	Roads & streets repaired by Permanent road coolies (24)				480	..	..	
	Total				5990	13	8	
(b)	Buildings							
1	Repairing latrine in Cattle market				75	9	9	
2	Repairing 2nd latrine do do				71	3	1	
3	Repairing latrine in fish market				48	..	9	
4	Repairing roof of the Park Pavilion				19	7	1	194-13-7
5	Repairing the floor of Slaughter House				30	..	..	
	Petty repairs				42	15	5	
	Total ..				287	4	1	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Grant. RS.	A.	P.	Actual expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
(c)	Drainage							
1	Repairing side drain in Sarabkhan st.				102	4	8	
2	" culvert in Seddavidhi				8	10	5	
3	" culvert in Nandiwalla galli				23	3	3	
4	" drain in Auttwari galli				9	13	7	
5	" Big drain in Muthumuthyeddemvari street				148	3	..	
6	" drain in Ramalingaswamy temple street				25	7	8	
7	other minor & petty drainage repairs in the				282	10	7	
	Total ..				600	5	2	
(d)	Water-supply							
1	Petty repairs to wells &c				27	..	11	
2								
3								
	Total ..				27	..	11	

Municipal office
Vizianagram
25th Jan 1897

Ramamoorty.
Chairman Delegate M.C.
Vizianagram

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments.

	Number.	Salary per mensem. RS.	A.	P.	Salary per annum. RS.	A.	P.
1	2	3			4		
GRANT I.—2. c. DRAINAGE—							
Overseers							
Drain cleaners at Rs 3½ each ..	11	38	8	..	462	..	..
Drain cleaners at Rs 3/ each	15	45	..	..	540	..	..
Drain flushers at Rs 3/.. each	8	24	..	..	288		
Drain cleaners at Rs 2½ each	12	30			360		
Total ..	46	137	8	..	1650	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					28	4	..
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					1621	12	..
d. Water works—							
~~Overseers~~ Tank watchers	1	4	..	..	48	..	..
Watchmen at Rs 3/.. each ..	8	24	..	..	288	..	..
2 Temporary watchman for 6½ months at Rs 3/.	2	6	..	..	30	..	..
Total ..					366		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					15	14	..
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					350	2	..
3. GENERAL.—							
Overseers	1	30	..	..	360	..	..
Maistries at Rs 10 each	2	20	..	..	240		
Total ..	3	50	..	..	600	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					9	9	9
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					7	..	..
Balance (Statement II) ..					590	6	3

Sanctioned in Para 4(2) of G.O. 527 M. 25-3-96 & the G.O. on the budget for 1896-97

G.O. 211 M. 16-12-96

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—							
1. Training Schools—							
Pupils receiving scholarships	2	10	-	-	120	-	-
Total ..	2	10	-	-	140		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					8	15	0
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					131	1	
2. Municipal Schools—							
a. On the Salary System—							
Head Master							
1st Assistant Master							
2nd „ „							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—*cont.*							
b. On the Salary Result System—							
I Mohomedan School							
Head master	1	10	..	-	120	..	..
2nd Master	1	7	8	..	90	..	..
3rd Master	1	5	..	..	60	..	..
Peon	1	2	8		30		
II Night School master	1	8	..	..	96		
III Pariah School master	1	5	..	..	60		
Total ..	6	38	-	-	456	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					1	8	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					454	8	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—*cont.*							
6. Inspection—							
Inspecting schoolmaster	1	16			192	..	..
Total ..	1	16	..	..	192	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					1	..	..
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					191	-	-
7. b. Gymnastic Instructors	1	12	..	..	144	..	..
Peon	1	4	..	..	48	..	..
Total ..					192	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					192	-	-
c. ~~Drawing Masters~~	1	6	-	-	55	-	-
Library clerk for 11 months							
Peon for 1 month	1	3	-	-	3	..	..
Total ..					58	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages .							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					58	..	..

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—							
1. Hospitals and Dispensaries—							
Medical Subordinates							
,, ,, ...							
Midwife	1	12	8	-	150	-	-
Clerk							
Compounder							
Servants							
,, ...							
,, ...							
Total ..	1	12	8	..	150	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					150	-	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
3. Vaccination—							
Vaccinators	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Peons							
Total ..	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					180	-	-
4. Registration—							
Registrars	2	20			240	-	-
Peons							
Total ..					240	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					240	-	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
5. *a.* "Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering."—							
Nuisance Inspectors	1	25			300		
"	2	24			288		
"	1	10			120		
~~Maistries~~ Sergeants	1	9			108		
~~Scavengers~~	1	7			84		
~~Sweepers~~ Do	1	6	8	-	78		
Do	1	6	-	-	72		
4 Sergeants at 5 each	4	20	-	-	240		
Do at 4	1	4	-	-	48		
Sweepers at Rs 2¼ each	50	112	8	-	1350		
Do at Rs 2 each	61	122	8	-	1464		
Do at Rs 1½ each	18	27			324		
Total ..	142	373			4476	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					59	8	2
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					4416	7	10

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
b. Private Scavenging—							
Inspectors	1	6	..	..	72		
Maistries	1	5	-	-	60		
Scavengers at Rs 3 each. ..	13	39	..	..	468		
" at Rs 2 3/4 each	2	5	8	-	66		
" at Rs 2/8 each	11	27	8	..	330		
" at Rs 2 each	7	14	-	-	168		
" at Rs 1 1/2 each	6	9	-	-	108		
" at Rs 1 each	5	5	-	-	60		
" at Rs 0-12-0 each	7	5	4	-	63		
" at Rs 0-8-0 each	7	3	8	-	42		
" at Rs 0-4-0 each	5	1	4	-	15	..	..
Total ..	65	121	..	..	1452	..	..
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..						12	
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..						-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					1451	4	-
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—							
1. Lighting—							
Superintendents	1	10	..	..	120	..	..
Masalchies at Rs 3/- each :	9	27	..	..	324	..	..
Total ..	10	37	..	..	444	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..						1	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..						-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					443	-	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont*							
2. i. Markets—							
Superintendents	1	10	..	..	120		
Servants							
Total ..	1	10	-	-	120		
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) .					120	-	-
ii. Slaughter-houses—							
Superintendents							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
3. Choultries—							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.* clock tower					✓		
4. ~~Travellers' Bungalows—~~							
~~Maty~~ watchmaker	1	4	-	-	48	-	-
Servants					✓		
Total ..	1	4	-	-	48	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					48	-	-
5. Avenues—							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					✓		
Balance (Statement II) ..							
6. Public Garden—							
Gardeners	1	6	..	-	72	-	-
" at Rs 4 each	7	28			336	-	-
" at Rs 3 each	2	6	..	-	72	-	-
Total ..	10	40	-	-	480	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					4	4	..
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					475	12	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT IV—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.*							
8. Fire-							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
9.—							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—							
i. Office—							
Manager	1	50	-	-	600		
Clerks for 7 1/2 months	1	20			150		
"	1	15			180		
"							
Accountants	1	25	-	-	300		
Peons	1	6	-	-	72		
"	1	5	-	-	60		
Sweepers	1	4	-	-	48		
Total ..	7	125	-	-	1410	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..						11	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..						-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					1409	5	-
ii. Inspection—							
Chairman's salary or carriage allowance ..							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Ramamoorthy
Chairman

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—*cont.*							
b. Collection—							
~~Clerks~~ Bill Collectors at Rs 8 each	2	16	-	-	192	-	-
Bill Collectors at Rs 7 each	2	14	-	-	168	-	-
~~Peons~~ Do. at Rs 6 each	4	24	-	-	288		
Total ..	8	54			648	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					8	2	3
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					639	13	9
c. Collection of tolls—							
Inspectors							
Gate-keepers							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
25th May 1895

Ramamoorthy
Chairman Delegate in C
Vizianagaram

STATEMENT III.—*Municipality of* Vizianagaram — Abstract of Deposits Account for the year 1896-97.

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Balance brought forward ..	148	3	6				
1. Deposits by appellants	805	3	..	1. Credited to Municipal Funds ..	837	..	6
2. Deposits by renters	150	..	..	2. Returned to appellants	120	13	..
3. Deposits by contractors				3. Returned to renters			
4. Deposits as security by municipal servants				4. Returned to contractors			
5. Deposited for the execution of work for which private parties are liable ..				5. Returned to municipal servants ..			
6. Other deposits under the Act or bye-laws				6. Returned to parties			
				7. Paid to claimants			
Total, Receipts ..	956	3	..	Total ..	957	13	..
				Balance ..	145	9	6
Total, including balance ..	1103	6	6	Total ..	1103	6	6

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
25th January 1897

Hamamoor
Chairman Delegate
Vizianagaram

STATEMENT IV-A.—*Municipality of* Vizianagaram Demand, Collection and Balance tatement for the year 1896 -97 .

Current.

Tax.	Demand as originally assessed by the Chairman.	Remitted by the Council on appeal.	Demand as finally settled (column 2 *minus* column 3).	Collected.	Remitted on account of vacant houses, &c.	Written off as irrecoverable.	Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	5049 8 -	407 8 -	4642	3204 8 -			1437 8 -
2. Tax on buildings	10998 3 -	58 9 -	10939 10 -	9300 - 9			1639 9 3
3. Tax on lands	104 2 -	- - -	104 2 -	99 5 -			4 13 -
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..							
5. Tolls (gross receipts)	14000	- - -	14000	14000			
6. Market rents							220
7. Slaughter-house fees	700	- - -	700 - -	480			
8. Rent of cart-stands							
9. Private scavenging fees	1520 1 -		1520 1 -	1232 13 -			287 4 -
10 Tax on animals	1783 6 -		1783 6 -	1783 6 -			
11 Tax on Vehicles	646 8		646 8	646 8			
12 Tax on Carts	1688 - -		1688	1688			
Total ..	36489 12 -	466 1 -	36023 11 -	32434 8 9			3589 2 3

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Examined

Arrears.

1	Balance of old demand. 2			Arrears of previous year. 3			Total demand. 4			Collected. 5			Remitted. 6			Written off. 7			Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7). 8			Years to which the balance relates. 9			
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P	RS.	A.	P.	A.	B.	C.	&c.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	878	4	..	1087	1	6	1965	5	6	232	9	..	56	12	-	812	4	-	863	12	6				93-94, 94-
2. Tax on buildings	826	2	3	1747	8	6	2573	10	9	858	10	-	30	1		806	13	9	878	2	..				95-96.
3. Tax on lands	13	9	..	10	1	..	23	10	-	..	12	..							22	14					93-94, 94-95
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..																									
5. Tolls																									
6. Market rents																									
7. Slaughter-house fees																									
8. Rent of cart-stands							1520	1	-	1232	13	-													
9. Private scavenging fees	793	11		354	2		1147	12	-	111	7	6							1036	5	6				92-93, 92-94, & 95-9
Total ..	2511	10	3	3198	13		5710	7	3	1203	6	6	86	13	-	1619	1	9	2801	2	-				

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
25th June 1897

Chairman Delegate
M. C. Vizianagaram

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Appendix A to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Warrants remaining unexecuted at the beginning of the year.			Warrants issued during the year.			Total.			Warrants executed and warrants cancelled during the year.			Warrants remaining unexecuted at the close of the year.			Cancelled warrants on which no collections were made.			Collected after issue of warrants, but before distraint.			Property distrained, but not sold.			Property sold.			
	Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number.	Amount involved.		Number of cases	Amount involved.		Number of cases.	Amount.		Number of cases.	Amount realized on distraint.		Number of cases.	Amount realized by sale.		
1	2	3		4	5		6	7		8	9		10	11		12	13		14	15		16	17		18	19		
		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.	
1. Tax on arts, &c. ..	-	-	- -	747	2074	9 6	747	2074	9 6	747	2074	9 6	-	-	- -	242	455	13 6	490	1566	15 -	14	48	8 -	1	3	5 -	
2. Tax on buildings ..				1740	2369	3 6	1740	2369	3 6	1183	1421	5 -	557	947	14 6	272	322	13 -	882	1058	13 6	20	25	6 9	9	14	3 9	
3. Tax on lands ..				35	30	10 -	35	30	10 -	35	30	10 -	-	-	- -	9	12	2 -	26	18	8 -	-	-	- -	-	-	- -	
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..																												
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..																												
6. Tax on animals ..																												
7. Tax on carts, &c ..																												
Total ..				2522	4474	7 -	2522	4474	7 -	1965	3526	8 6	557	947	14 6	523	790	12 6	1398	2644	4 6	34	73	14 9	10	17	8 9	

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Chairman Delegate
M. C. Vizianagaram

Appedix B to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Prosecutions instituted.		Collections before judgment.		Collections after judgment.		Prosecutions withdrawn or dismissed.		Balance.	
	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Number of cases.	Amount collected	Number of cases.	Amount collected.	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Number of cases.	Amount involved.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.										
2 Tax on buildings.										
3. Tax on lands ..										
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..						nil				
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..										
6 Tax on animals ..										
7. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs.										
Total ..										

Vizagapatam
25th May 1897

Ramamoorty.
Chairman deligate M.C

Statement V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Vizagapatam for the official year 1896-97.

STATEMENT V-A.—Showing the Satistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of for the official year 189 -9

Schools.	Number of schools.			Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .		Average attendance throughout the year.	Receipts.					Expenditure.					Net cost to Municipality.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools.	Remarks.
												Masters.			Contingencies and Miscellaneous.				
	At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed in the year.	At the close of the year.	Boys.	Girls.	Grants from Provincial Funds.	Grants from Local Funds.	School fees.	Other receipts.	Total.	Fixed salary (masters, clerks and servants).	Results grant.	School fees.		Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
							Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I.—Colleges																				
II.—Upper Secondary Schools and Departments.																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				
Total of Colleges and Upper Secondary Schools and Departments ..																				
III.—Lower Secondary Schools and Departments.																				
(a) Salary System—																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				
Total, College and Secondary Schools.																				
IV.—Primary Schools and Departments.																				
(a) Salary System—																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				

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STATEMENT V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97.—*cont.*

Schools. (1)	Number of schools: At the beginning of the year. (2)	Opened during the year. (3)	Closed in the year. (4)	At the close of the year. (5)	Number on rolls on 31st March 1897: Boys. (6)	Girls. (7)	Average attendance throughout the year. (8)	Receipts: Grants from Provincial Funds. (9) RS. A. P.	Grants from Local Funds. (10) RS. A. P.	School fees. (11) RS. A. P.	Other receipts. (12) RS. A. P.	Total. (13) RS. A. P.	Expenditure: Masters: Fixed salary (masters, clerks and servants). (14) RS. A. P.	Results grant. (15) RS. A. P.	School fees. (16) RS. A. P.	Contingencies and miscellaneous. (17) RS. A. P.	Total (18) RS. A. P.	Net cost to Municipality. (19) RS. A. P.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools. (20) RS. A. P.	Remarks. (21)
(b) Salary-results System—																				Half grants were paid to the teachers of these Salary Result schools - Furniture worth 88 Rs 34-7-0 was supplied to the three schools-
(1) Muhammedan school	1	-	-	1	67	-	57	- - -	- - -	24 5 6		24 5 6	298 8 -	45 10 -		65 11 4	409 13 4	385 7 10	6 12 2	
(2) Parish school	1	-	-	1	44	-	45						60 - -	24 12 -		22 7 8	107 3 8	107 3 8	2 6 2	
(3) Night school	1	-	-	1	35	-	28						96 - -	25 - -		35 7 8	156 7 8	156 7 8	5 9 5	
Total ..	3	-	-	3	146	-	130	-	- -	24 5 6	- -	24 5 6	454 8 -	95 6 -	- -	123 10 8	673 8 8	649 3 2	4 15 10 [4]	
Total, Primary Schools ..																				
Grand Total of all Schools and Colleges	3	-	-	3	146		130			24 5 6		24 5 6	454 8 -	95 6 -		123 10 8	673 8 8	649 3 2	4 15 10-11	

Foot-note to Statement V-A.

NUMBER of Students from Municipal Schools and Colleges who appeared for and passed the several Examinations during the year.

Examinations.	Number of Pupils examined.	Number of Pupils passed.
First in Arts		
Matriculation ..		
Upper Secondary ..		
Lower Secondary ..		
Primary School ..		
Infant Standard ..	18	15
First Standard ..	28	11
Second Standard ..	21	10
Third Standard ..	18	12
Fourth Standard ..	10	8
	95	56

7 of 15 Std. IV failed by the Asst. Inspr. of Schools. Discrepancy explained at the end of the Ch's report.

Ramamoorthy,
Chairman Delegate

STATEMENT V-B.—Showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the Municipality of Vizianagaram for the official year 1896-97.

Schools.	Number of Schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1897. Boys.	Girls.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Full amount of grant earned. (RS. A. P.)	Amount of such grant payable. (RS. A. P.)	Amount disbursed. For current year. (RS. A. P.)	For previous year. (RS. A. P.)	Total. (RS. A. P.)	Paid as salaries to masters. (RS. A. P.)	Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15. (RS. A. P.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GRANT-IN-AID.																
A. Result Grant (i.e., Schools actually examined for results grants)—																Rate at which grants were paid.
(a) Secondary																
Total ..																
(b) Primary																
Upper Primary																
1 Kanukurtivari school	1	-	-	1	48	12	40	33	98 6 -	98 6 -	98 6 -	- - -	98 6 -	- - -	98 6 -	
~~Ripon Hindu Lower "~~	1			1	121	2	87	79	514 - -	500 - -	X					Grant paid in april 97
3 Rajah Bazaar school	1			1	70	3	61	57	295 - -	295 - -	225 - -		225 - -		225 - -	
4 Munsiff's street school	1			1	60	12	51	51	234 2 -	234 2 -	168 12 -		168 12 -		168 12 -	
5 Muramallavari street "	1			1	40	4	27	17	39 11 -	39 11 -	39 11 -		39 11 -		39 11 -	
6 Bhrahmin street school	1	-	-	1	59	4	48	40	181 15 -	150 - -	101 4 -		101 4 -		101 4 -	
7 Banian street school	1	-	-	1	75	3	44	38	166 - -	166 - -	150 - -		150 - -		150 - -	
8 Kunteddu vari school	1	-	-	1	52	-	38	28	122 12 -	122 12 -	101 4 -		101 4 -		101 4 -	
9 Town result school	1	-	-	1	74	2	47	28	119 - -	119 - -	119 - -		119 - -		119 - -	
10 Ripon Primary school	1	-	-	1	43	-	30	24	129 8 -	129 8 -	129 8 -		129 8 -		129 8 -	
11 Vungavari school	1	-	-	1	35	4	33	20	59 12 -	59 12 -	59 12 -		59 12 -		59 12 -	
12 Maharanipeta school	1	-	-	1	33	-	23	23	53 12 -	53 12 -	53 12 -		53 12 -		53 12 -	
Lower Primary schools.																
13 Gidduvari street school	1	-	-	1	18	7	16	14	21 2 -	21 2 -	21 2 -		21 2 -		21 2 -	Grants were paid at the maximum rates to all the schools.
14 Kurapamvari street school	1	-	-	1	34	9	21	16	18 12 -	18 12 -	18 12 -		18 12 -		18 12 -	
15 Kuncherlavari street "	1	-	-	1	15	6	6	2	3 - -	3 - -	3		3		3 - -	
16 Pallividhi result "	1	-	-	1	40	-	20	19	58 3 -	58 3 -	58 3 -		58 3 -		58 3 -	
17 Puchalavidhi "	1	-	-	1	30	4	29	26	48 5 -	48 5 -	48 5 -		48 5 -		48 5 -	
18 Pagada street "	1	-	-	1	24	15	23	22	37 8 -	37 8 -	33 12 -		33 12 -		33 12 -	
~~19 Fana school~~	1	-	1													
20 Nutivari street "	1	-	-	1	22	5	11	8	7 8 -	7 8 -	7 8 -		7 8 -		7 8 -	Grant paid in april 97
21 Sub-Magistrate's "	1	-	-	1	25	8	17	16	17 3 -	17 3 -	17 3 -		17 3 -		17 3 -	
22 Nalemvari "	1	-	-	1	56	7	38	36	45 - -	45 - -	45		45		45	
23 Hukumpeta "	1	-	-	1	42	5	21	15	35 1 -	35 1 -	35 1		35 1		35 1 -	
24 Ausepuvidhi "	-	1	-	1	37	2	23	20	33 - -	33 - -	22 8 -		22 8 -		22 8 -	
Total ..	~~23~~	1	1	23	932 / 1053	2 / 114	667 / 754	553 / 632	2338 8 -	17 / 2292 9 -	1556 11 -		1556 11 -		1556 11 -	
Grand Total ..	22			22	1166				1824 8 0							

Note against Ripon Hindu Lower: This school should not have been shown in this statement

Vizianagaram
28th May 97

Ramamoorty.

801 665 [illegible]

Statement V-B.—Showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the Municipality of for the official year 189 -9 —*cont.*

Schools.	Number of Schools: At the beginning of the year.	Number of Schools: Opened during the year.	Number of Schools: Closed during the year.	Number of Schools: At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .: Boys.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .: Girls.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Full amount of grant earned.	Amount of such grant payable.	Amount disbursed: For current year.	Amount disbursed: For previous year.	Amount disbursed: Total.	Paid as salaries to masters	Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
									Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
B. Combined Grant Schools—																
(*a*) Secondary																
Total ..																
(*b*) Primary																
Total ..																
Grand Total ..																
C. Salary Grant Schools—																
(*a*) Secondary																
Total ..																
(*b*) Primary																
Total .																
Grand Total ..																

Statement VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of
for the year 1896-97.

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of Expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
Entries as per Statement II wherever there is alteration ..													
fr 1377 / 15-8-96				2nil									
cut. 1: New. Works — Water supply	300	-	-	2000	-		-		-	-	2300	-	-

Vizianagaram
25th May 97

G. Ramamoorty
Chairman Delegate

Statement VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of

for the year 189 -9 —*continued.*

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	

STATEMENT VII.—Tolls.

Number of toll-gates.	Whether collection of tolls is leased out or managed departmentally.	Amount of collections.	Expenditure on				Balance (column 3 *minus* column 7.)	Share due to the District Board.	Amount paid to the District Board.	Balance, if any, due to the District Board and date on which it was paid.
			Works.	Establishment.	Contingencies.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
/	/	/					/	/	/	
7	Leased out	14000	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	14000 " "	3500 " "	3500 " "	" " "

Municipal offices
Rajahmundry
25th May 1897

Chairman Delegate M.C. Rajahmundry

Statement V.III—Loans.

Amount of loan and rate of interest.	For what purpose and terms on which obtained and year in which taken.	Date of Government sanction.	Amount re-paid.			Amount transferred to Sinking Fund.			Invested out of the total amount transferred up to end of 189 -9 .	
			Up to 31st March 189 .		In 189 -9 .	Up to 31st March 189 .		In 189 -9 .	In Government Securities.	In the Savings Bank.
			Number of years.	Amount.		Number of years.	Amount.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
				nil						

94

Municipal office
Nyanangalam
25th May 1897

Chairman Delegate Inc
Nyanangalam

Statement IX.—Showing the Incidence of the House-tax.

Name of Municipality	Total Number of houses, as per census (occupied and unoccupied).	Number of houses on the municipal register out of the number in column 2.	Assessed													
			Under 8 Annas.		8 Annas to Rs. 1½.		Rs. 1½ to Rs. 5.		Rs. 5 to Rs. 15.		Rs. 15 to Rs. 30		Rs. 30 and above.		Total.	
			Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount	Number.	Amount	Number.	Amount	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
				RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Nyanangalam	7878	6176	780	332 7 -	2772	2191 11 -	1066	2693 3 -	252	1892 3 -	29	574 15 -	7	3255 3 -	4906	10939 10 -

2772 332 7 -
1066 2693 3 -
252 1892 3 -
29 574 15 -
7 3255 3 -
10939 10 -
4906

65

Municipal office
Nyanangalam
25th May 1897

Chairman Delegate Inc
Nyanangalam

Statement IX-A.—Showing the Incidence of the Tax on Arts.

Name of Municipality.	Assessed in Class I. Number.	Class I. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class II. Number.	Class II. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class III. Number.	Class III. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class IV. Number.	Class IV. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class V. Number.	Class V. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class VI. Number.	Class VI. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class VII. Number.	Class VII. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Class VIII. Number.	Class VIII. Amount. (RS. A. P.)	Total. Number.	Total. Amount. (RS. A. P.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Vizianagaram	-	- - -	13	625	22	530 12 -	78	927 - -	119	707 8 -	438	1292 4 -	25	50	510	509 8 -	1205	4642 - -

Municipal office Vizianagaram 25th May 97

Ramamoorty
Chairman Vizianagaram

Statement X.

1. Name of Municipality .. .. Vizianagaram
2. Population as per last census 29180
3. Sanctioned number of Councillors { (a) Nominated .. .. 4; (b) Elected 12
4. Actual number of Councillors on 31st March 1897—
   - (a) Ex-officio 1
   - (b) Nominated { Officials .. .. 1; Non-officials 2
   - (c) Elected .. { Officials .. .. 1; Non-officials 11
   - Total .. 16
   - (d) Europeans and Eurasians 1
   - (e) Natives 15
5. Total number of meetings actually held during the year .. 26
6. Number of meetings adjourned for want of a quorum 1
7. Average attendance at each meeting *actually* held—
   - (a) Officials .. .. 1·0385
   - (b) Non-officials .. .. 7·3461
   - Total .. 8·3846
   - (c) Europeans and Eurasians .. .. ·2308
   - (d) Natives .. .. 8·1538
   - Total .. 8·3846
8. Is the Chairman appointed or elected .. .. .. Elected
9. Name and designation of persons who have held the office of Chairman during the year, with the date of appointment or election in each case .. .. M. Ry. V. Venkataraya Sastri garu B.A. Date of election 6th November 1894 Lecturer Maharajah's College

Municipal office Vizianagaram 25th May 1897

Ramamoorty
Chairman M C
Vizianagaram

STATEMENT X-A.—Showing the particulars of Selections held in the Municipality of Vizianagaram in 1896-97.

Name of the wards, if any, into which the town is divided.	Population.	Number of registered voters.	Date of election.	Number of seats filled by election.	Whether election was contested or not and the number of seats contested	If contested, number of voters who went to the poll.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Suntapeta ward	29180	468	1st October 1896	One	There was no Contest in the Election one seat	Nil
2. Kaspa		367				
		835				
3.						
4.						
5						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						
Total ..						

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
25th May 1897

Ramamoorthy.
Chairman Deligate M.C.
Vizianagaram

STATEMENT XI.—Furnishing information regarding Municipal markets, houses served by the private scavenging agency, number of latrines and of lights, &c., in the Town of Vizianagaram for the year 1896-97.

Area of Municipality in square miles.	Name of Municipal markets.	Whether collection of fees, rents, &c., was leased out or managed departmentally.	Number of houses served by the private scavenging agency on the registers on 31st March 189	Number of public latrines on 31st March 1896.	Number of latrines constructed in 1896-97.	Number of latrines demolished in 1896-97.	Number of latrines on 31st March 1897.	Number of lamps on 31st March 1896.	Number of lamps put up in 1896-97.	Number of lamps removed in 1896-97.	Number of lamps on 31st March 1897.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Two half square miles	"	-	1069	28	2	-	30	284	20	4	300

Municipal office
Vizianagaram
2?th May 1897

Ramamoorthy.
Chairman Delegate M.C.
Vizianagaram

STATEMENT XII– Showing particulars regarding the number of patients treated, &c., in the Town of Vizianagaram during the year 1896 - 97.

Name of hospital and dispensary.	Patients treated. In	Out.	Total.	Number and name of midwives employed.	Number of labour cases attended by the midwives.	Date and Number of G.O. sanctioning rules for the treatment of the sick under section 127 of Act IV of 1884.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Maharajah's Dispensary	—	—	—	1 D. Bayidamma	144	
				2. Amamani Theyamma Trained midwife No 909.	1	

70

STATEMENT XIII.—Showing the Statistics of Vaccination and of Births and Deaths registered in the Town of Vizianagaram during the year 1896 -97.

Number of births registered.	Number of deaths registered.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to register births or deaths.	Name of Medical subordinates and vaccinators performing vaccine operations.	Number of operations performed. Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.	Number of successful operations. Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.	Number of operations with animal lymph.	Number of successful operations with animal lymph.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to have children vaccinated.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Medical Subordinates								
			1								
			2		nil			nil			
			3								
			Total ..								
932	889	-	Municipal Vaccinators S. Gungia	909	975	866	941	1884	1807	221	
			1								
			2								
			3				1807				
			Total ..	909	975	866	941	1884	1807	221	
			Grand Total ..	909	975	866	941	1884	1807	221	

71

Proceedings of the municipal Council, Vizianagaram passed at its meeting held on the 14th December 1895

× × ×

13. The Proposal of the Chairman to adopt the rates passed by the Council in the year 1888-89 in fixing the annual rent values of houses and to take into consideration the Court yards and back yards also as required by G. O, estimating the former in substantial houses at the lowest rates adopted for thatched roofs and the latter where there are large compounds at such rates as may fetch one anna, nine pies and six pies for every 80 square yards in their respective divisions is ratified

(Signed) V. Venkatrayasastri
Chairman M. C

True Extract

Vizianagaram
5th June 97

Chairman delegate

1
2348 Sept 1897

2
2348 of 1897

Rules framed by Muncipal Council for fixing the annual rental for assessing the House and Land tax in the Municipality of Vizianagram.

Resolved by the Sub-Commettee on the 8th June 1888, that in revising house-tax, the following principles be adopted:—

(1) That wherever houses or shops are let out, the amount of rent actually fetched by them should be adopted.

(2) That where houses are occupied by the owners themselves, the rent value should be calculated, with reference to the dimensions of the house, and the materials of which it is constructed.

(3) That the situation of the house, and the intrinsic value thereof should be taken into account in fixing the rates of rent.

(4) That for the purposes of fixing the rates of rent, the town should be divided into the following divisions.

(*a*) Santapeta, excluding Chachadigudem, Godarigudem, and the Gavarapeta.

(*b*) Kaspa, including the Maharajahpeta, Reemapeta, Maharanipeta, Dewanjipeta, and excluding Lankaveedhi, Velugubantiveedhi, Kottanababupeta, Butcher's street, Sunkaraveedhi, Konisaveedhi Yatagudem, Kammapeta, and Turakagudem.

(*c*) Hukumpeta, Kottapeta and the excluded portions of Santapeta, and Kaspa.

(5) That houses should be divided into the following classes for the purposes of taxation:—

(*a*) Shops and go-downs.

(*b*) Upstair rooms, whether tiled or terraced.

(*c*) Downstair rooms of do. do. terraced houses and substantial tiled buildings.

(*d*) Inferior tiled buildings, and substantial thatched buildings.

(*e*) All other houses.

(6) That as a tentative measure, the following rates of rent per month should be adopted, and calculations made.

Class of houses.	A. Division. Rs. A. P.	B. Division. Rs. A. P.	C. Division. Rs. A. P.
(*a*)	1—8—0	1—0—0	0—12—0.
(*b*)	1—0—0	0—12—0	0—8—0.
(*c*)	0—12—0	0—8—0	0—6—0.
(*d*)	0—8—0	0—6—0	0—4—0.
(*e*)	0—6—0	0—4—0	0—3—0.

(7) That all space under a roof measuring (3×8)=24 square yards should be considered a room for the purpose of calculating the rent.

(8) That any space below 12 square yards be omitted from calculation, 12 yards and above being calculated as one room.

II. Resolved further that the following principles be adopted in assessing lands unappropriated to any building, or occupied by native huts.

(1) That the annual rent would be taken as the basis of taxation, where it is known.

(2.) That where the lands are under the cultivation of the owner himself, the procedure laid down in Section 64 of the Local Boards Act be adopted in fixing the assessment.

(3) That where the lands are vacant, (*i. e.* not either cultivated; nor occupied by buildings) or where they are occupied by native huts, a tax at three pice for every 80 square yards of such lands should be charged.

Chairman M. C.

3
2348th of 1897

E. R. C. No II.

Stat[illegible] 1896-97.

		Remarks.
Colleges	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	
Secondary Schools	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	
Primary Schools	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	
Training Schools	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	
Sessional Schools	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	
Industrial Schools	Government	
	Board or Municipal	
	Aided from Provincial	
	Aided from Local or M	
	Unaided and Indigeno	

The increase in the number of pupils is [illegible]tisfactory. The decrease in Municipal [sc]hools took place only in the Muhammadan [sc]hool which was due partly to the levy of [sc]hool fees and partly to the ~~[illegible]~~ breaking out of [cho]lera in the Muhammadan quarters. The [ave]rage attendance at Municipal Schools [h]owever rose in the year from 123 to 130. One [of t]he unaided Schools became aided in the [ye]ar. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [w]hich was [illegible] for [illegible] and [w]hich had its [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] on the 28th [illegible] did not receive the [gra]nt in the year. So that the [nu]mber of aided schools remained [illegible].

Note.—1. Where an institution is aided from [...] from Provincial or Local (or Municipal) Funds.
2. No comments should be made excep[t ...]
3. This statement should be subm[i]tted [...]

Ed. R / 45 5,000 2-6-93.

G. V. [illegible]
Asst. Inspector of Schools

Enclue IV.

Statement No. III. giving particulars as to the qualifications of

Classes of Institutions.		Number of Teachers employed.	Number possessing Trained Teachers' Certificates.	Number possessing Untrained Teachers' Certificates.	Numb Ge Edu Certi
Colleges ..	Government				
	Board or Municipal				
	Aided from Provincial Funds				
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds				
	Unaided and Indigenous				
Secondary Schools.	Government				
	Board or Municipal				
	Aided from Provincial Funds				
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds				
	Unaided and Indigenous	51	7 (2)	5	1
Primary Schools ..	Government				
	Board or Municipal	5			
	Aided from Provincial Funds	3	-	-	1
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds	52	6	2	3
	Unaided and Indigenous	2	-	-	1
	Total	113	13	7	5
	Last year's figures	104	10	7	5

Note.—1. *In the column of remarks it should be noted whether the provision made in the budget for t*
2. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*
3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the*

Ed. R. 47 5,000—16-5-93.

Enc. to II.

Statement No. III giving particulars as to the qualifications of te

Enc. to III.

Statement No. II showing the proportion of pupils of the great classes of the population under

Vizianagram Municipality. 10

Classes of Population.	Population of school-going age.		Pupils under instruction.		P
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
Europeans and Eurasians					
Native Christians	24	23	2		8
Muhammadans	138	135	97	8	70
Hindus — Brahmans			1039	86	
Hindus — Non-Brahman Caste Hindus ..	2070	2242	917	56	96.
Hindus — Paraiyas and Kindred Classes ..			44	-	
Others					
Total	2232	2400	2099	150	9

Note.—1. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*
2. *In the column of remarks the figures of the previous year should be briefly compared.*
3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal*

84. R. 46 6,000—16-5-93.

E. G. O. No. II.

Statement No. I relating to General Statistics in the Vizianagram Municipality 1896-97.

		1895-96			1896-97			Remarks.
		Number of Schools.	Number of pupils on 31st March.		Number of Schools.	Number of pupils on 31st March.		
			Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	
Colleges ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..							
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..							
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..							
	Unaided and Indigenous ..							
Secondary Schools ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..							
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..							
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..							
	Unaided and Indigenous ..	3	763	.	3	805	.	
Primary Schools ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..	3	150	.	3	146		
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..				2	42	35	
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..	23	1037	120	~~23~~ 22	~~1052~~	~~115~~ 112	
	Unaided and Indigenous ..	4	71	20	2	932 ~~53~~	1 ~~20~~	
						14	81	
Training Schools ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..							
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..							
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..							
	Unaided and Indigenous ..							
Sessional Schools ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..							
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..							
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..							
	Unaided and Indigenous ..							
Industrial Schools ..	Government ..							
	Board or Municipal ..							
	Aided from Provincial Funds ..							
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds ..							
	Unaided and Indigenous ..							
	Total	33	2021	140	33	2099	150.	

Remarks: The increase in the number of pupils is satisfactory. The decrease in Municipal Schools took place only in the Muhammadan School which was due partly to the levy of School fees and partly to the breaking out of cholera in the Muhammadan quarters. The average attendance at Municipal Schools however rose in the year from 123 to 130. One of the unaided Schools became aided in the year. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which was [illegible] for grant and which had its certifying [illegible] issued on the 28th November last did not receive the grant in the year. So that the number of aided schools remained stationary.

Note.—1. *Where an institution is aided from Provincial or Local (or Municipal) Funds, it should be shown against Provincial or Local (or Municipal) according as it has received a larger grant from Provincial or Local (or Municipal) Funds.*

2. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*

3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.*

G. V. Subbarayudu
Asst. Inspector of Schools
[illegible]

Ed. R / 45 5,000 2-6-93.

f te

under instruction to children of school-going age in

1896-97.

Percentage.		Last year's figures		Remarks.
Boys.	Girls.			
"				
"				
8	-	2	.	
70	6	106	15	
		912	55	
6.6	6	958	70	
		43	.	
		.	.	
4	6	2021	140	

Councils concerned before the 1st May.

G. V. [illegible]
Asst. Inspector of Schools
G. V. Divis[ion]
31/5/97

Aplt. Inspector of Schools
G. V. Division
31/5/97

f teaching Staff employed in the Vizianagram Municipality 1897.

ber with neral lication ficates.	Unpassed Teachers.	Remarks.
(4) 13	26	of the 26 unpassed teachers in aided Secondary Schools 20 belong to the Samasthanam Sanskrit & Vedic School and two untrained Gymnasts ~~are~~ found in the Samasthanam High School & one unpassed man (Pandit) ~~is~~ employed in the Ripon School. The department has no control over these three Schools.
(a) 5		(a) includes two trained Gymnasts.
	(b) 2	(b) includes two Drawing Masters.
1		(c) 3 trained & two of these trained and another ~~possess~~ pompes Service qualifications
(d) 36	(2) 8	(d) 11 trained & partly qualified for Certificates.
	4	1 passed the written Test & not trained
		30 of the 36 teachers possess Service qualifications.
1	1	(e) 2 possess Service qualifications.
76	37	The teachers qualifications were improved in the years.
5	32	4 - pompes Service qualifications =

5p.—10.

raining teachers during the year under report had been carried out.

Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

G. V. Subbarayudu
Asst. Inspector of Schools
G.V. Division
31/5/97

Results Systems Schools. 10697

Statement No. IV relating to the results of the Grant Examinations in the [illegible]agram Municipality for 1896-97.

Standard.	1895-96 Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	Merit.	Ordinary.	189[illegible] Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Remarks.
VII. Standard or Lower Secondary Examination.									
VI. Standard									
V. Do.									
IV. Do. including Primary School Examination.	109	75	11	64	115	88	23	65	The Schools did much better than in the year previous. The Inspecting School Masters work was very satisfactory.
III. Standard	165	138	43	95	171	146	53	93	
II. Do.	171	137	59	78	177	155	60	95	
I. Do.	158	128	63	65	174	148	60	88	
Infant Do.	135	79	31	48	164	128	46	82.	
Total	738	557	207	350	801	665	242	423	

Name of Subject.*	1895-96 Optional Subjects.				189[illegible] Optional Subjects.				
Geography	199	98	7	91	193	150	48	102	
Hygiene	182	93	12	81	192	155	63	92	
English	105	69	9	60	139	102	24	78	
Agriculture	53	35	2	33	67	51	6	45	
Indian History	.	.	.	.	5	3	2	1	
Drill	17	17	.	17	165	165		165	
Drawing	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	
Total	556	312	30	282	762	627	143	484	

G.V. Subbarayalu
Dpty. Inspector of Schools
G.V. Division
31/5/97

* Particulars relating to optional subjects need not be shown by standards.

NOTE.—1. This statement should be submitted in three parts when necessary, one for salary-result schools, one for combined schools, and one for pure results schools.
2. In the last column should be entered the remarks of the Inspecting Officer bearing directly on the result.
3. No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.
4. This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

I. R. 5,000—16-5-93.

Salary Results Schools- 1896

(a)

Statement No. IV relating to the results of the Grant Examinations in the Vy... Municipality for 1896-97.

Standard.	1895-96 Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	Merit.	Ordinary.	189... Compulsory Sub... Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	...rit.	Ordinary.	Remarks.
VII. Standard or Lower Secondary Examination.									
VI. Standard									
V. Do.									
IV. Do. including Primary School Examination.	8	4	.	4	10	7	-	7	These Schools did not do so well as in the year previous. owing to the ill working of the Muhammadan School.
III. Standard	11	9	.	9	18	12	3	9	
II. Do.	25	16	3	13	21	10	3	7	
I. Do.	27	17	5	12	28	11	1	10	
Infant Do.	12	8	1	7	18	15	1	14	
Total	83	54	9	45	95	55	8	47	

Name of Subject.*	1895-96 Optional Subjects.				189... Optional Su...jects.				
Second language	20	12	4	8	23	10	.	10	
Hygiene	8	1	.	1	5	4	.	4	
Agriculture	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	
Drill	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	2	
Total.	28	13	4	9	31	17	.	17.	

G V. Abhayankar
Apte. Inspector of Schools
G V Division
31/5/97

* Particulars relating to optional subjects need not be shown by standards.

NOTE.—1. This statement should be submitted in three parts when necessary, one for salary-result schools, one for combined schools, and one for pure results schools.
2. In the last column should be entered the remarks of the Inspecting Officer bearing directly on the result.
3. No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.
4. This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

Ed. R. 5,000—16-5-93.

Vizianapam

11 / 2348 Mad 1897

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…ched in print. 27-8-97

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