Local & Munl. (1896) Department.

PRINTED.

G.O., No. 1419 M

DATED 21st August 1896

[Despatch Abstract.]

Administration Report.

Reviewing the ---- of the Negapatam Municipal Council for 1895-96.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

First copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

Number of copies required. { Order complete. / Letter only. / Order complete with Letter.

Read again G.O., No. dated 189 .

Current No.

Enclosures to C. No.

Order of Government .. .. ..

Letter of Government.

Statement with ditto.

Papers not filed up being meant for despatch / in original.

N.B.—

A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

1419-In.

Nagapatam

10. *Statement No. X.*—The reason for the increase in the attendance of official members and decrease in that of the non-officials is due to the appointment of more official members to the council during the year than was the case in previous years.

Prescribed minimum for first-class vaccinator at 120 cases per month ..	1,440
Prescribed minimum for second-class vaccinator at 100 per month	1,200
Number of cases vaccinated by first-class vaccinator including re-vaccination	1,592
Number of cases vaccinated by second-class vaccinatrix	1,327
Number of cases vaccinated by second-class vaccinator Doraiswami Nayudu.	1,065

Name of Vaccinator.	Number of cases vaccinated.	Number of successful cases.	Proportion.
Viraswami Nayudu.	1,592	1,506	94·5
Subbammal ..	1,327	1,224	92·2
Doraiswami Nayudu	1,065	970	91·07

11. *Statement No. XIII.*—First-class vaccinator Viraswami Nayudu and second-class vaccinatrix Subbammal have turned out more work than the prescribed minimum, while the number vaccinated by the second-class vaccinator Doraiswami Nayudu is below it by 135 cases: the proportion of successful to total number of cases vaccinated is also greater in the case of the first two. The work of the second-class vaccinator is therefore bad both in quality and quantity.

TANJORE,
22*nd June* 1896.

(Signed) H. MOBERLY,
Acting Collector.

1419 M 21

No. M., JULY 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. P. RATNASABHAPATI PILLAI Avargal, Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam, to the Chief Secretary to Government (through the Head Assistant Collector and the Collector of Tanjore), dated Negapatam, 25th May 1896, No. 159.

I have the honour to report on the working of this municipality for the official year 1895–96, accompanied by statements of receipts and charges in the prescribed form. The draft report was placed before the council at its meeting, dated 4th June 1896, and adopted by it. An extract from its proceedings is submitted herewith.

2. The usual concise report of the Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, on the working of the hospital and the Nagore dispensary and the educational statements received from the Assistant Inspector of Schools are also enclosed.

3. The budget and the revised estimates for the year under report were passed by Government in G.Os., Nos. 573 M., dated 29th March 1895, and 397 M., dated 9th March 1896, respectively.

4. The accounts of the year have not been audited yet.

There has been a short delay in the submission of this report, as I had to wait for the report of the civil surgeon which I received on the 2nd June and placed before the council on the 4th idem.

I.—CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL.

5. The council contained its maximum strength, viz., twenty-four at the close of the year and the proportion of elected and nominated councillors continued in equal moieties. The classification of the council, as it stood on 31st March 1896, is shown in statement X.

6. *Office of Chairman.*—Mr. F. Oliver, a nominated non-official member, who was elected to the chair on 21st November 1892, continued to hold office till the 6th August 1895 when he died. I, a non-official elected member, was elected as Chairman at a meeting of the council, dated 4th November 1895. My appointment was gazetted in the issue of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th November 1895, and I assumed charge of the office on the 29th idem. Mr. F. Oliver fell ill at the commencement of the year and had to delegate his powers to Mr. G. S. Bruce and again to M.R.Ry. V. Chinna Maricar Malumiar Sahib Bahadur. The latter acted as Chairman-Delegate from 1st June to 29th November 1895 when I assumed charge from him.

7. *Elections.*—There were four elections held during the year to fill up six seats. In two of these, viz., in Negapatam South and Kadambady wards, the elections were keenly contested. In the former 282 out of 301 or 93·7 per cent. of the voters on the list went to the poll while in the latter 257 out of 367, or about 70 per cent. on the list exercised their privilege. The other elections were all non-contested.

8. The registers of voters and of the eligible candidates were, as usual, revised during the year and the number of registered voters rose from 1,931 to 2,094. The proportion of registered voters to the population of the municipality was 1 to 28·2.

9. There were thirty-six meetings held during the year in which business was transacted against twenty-nine in the previous year. There were no meetings which were adjourned for want of a quorum. The average attendance of the official members increased from 0·83 in the previous year to 1·1 in the year under report while that of the non-official members showed a decline from 12·1 in the previous year to 11·7 in the year under report.

10. *Financial position.*—A summary of the transactions of the year, excluding deposits, is given below as compared with that of the previous year :—

1895–96.

		Rs.			Rs.
Opening balance	.. ..	10,027	Charges	..	71,677
Receipts	.. ..	78,252	Closing balance	..	16,602
Total ..		88,279	Total ..		88,279

1894–95.

		Rs.			Rs.
Opening balance	.. ..	12,982	Charges	..	73,633
Receipts	.. ..	70,678	Closing balance	..	10,027
Total ..		83,660	Total ..		83,660

11. Compared with the previous year, the receipts show an increase which stands distributed among all the items of revenue counterbalanced by a slight decrease under tax on lands, tolls and fishery rents. The accompanying statements give details of the above figures. The several variations are discussed below.

II.—Receipts.

12. *Tax on Buildings and Lands.*—The gross demand under Tax on Buildings and Lands amounted to Rs. 23,069–10–3, of which Rs. 32–3–0 was remitted by the council on appeal, leaving a net demand of Rs. 23,037–7–3. Rs. 22,215–10–10 was collected, Rs. 22–4–0 written off and Rs. 4–4–2 remitted on account of vacant houses. The balance at the close of the year was Rs. 795–4–3, of which Rs. 399–15–0 has since been collected.

13. *Arrears of previous year.*—There were, at the beginning of the year, outstandings amounting to Rs. 818–2–2, of which Rs. 742–15–11 was collected, Rupees 4–14–3 remitted, Rs. 69–14–0 written off, leaving a balance of As. 6 which has since been realized.

14. The coercive measures taken for the realization of the taxes are shown in appendix to statements IV-A and IV-B accompanying. The percentage of current collections to the net demand was 96·4 against 96·6 in the previous year. The average incidence of house-tax was Rs. 2–7–3 per house. With reference to the observation of Government in paragraph 3 (1) of G.O., No. 1446 M., dated 5th September 1895, that a careful scrutiny should be instituted into the assessment of house-tax, I regret it was too late for me to take any steps in the matter during the year. I have, however, made a thorough revision of the taxation during the current year and in addition have made arrangements for the submission of weekly supplemental lists of assessments.

15. *Tax on Arts.*—This tax was levied on the first five classes of the schedule. The gross demand, as revised by me, was Rs. 15,971 against Rs. 14,821–8–0 in the previous year, of which Rs. 645 was remitted by the council, leaving a finally-settled demand of Rs. 15,326. Rs. 13,763 was collected and Rs. 170 was written off, leaving a balance at the close of the year of Rs. 1,393. Of this balance Rs. 391 has since been realized. The percentage of current collections to the net demand was 89·7 against 90·0 in the previous year. The remission granted by the council was 4·0 against 4·5 in the previous year. The number of persons assessed was 1,551 against 1,402 in the previous year.

16. *Tax on Arts—Arrear.*—Of the old balance of Rs. 1,419, Rs. 557–8–0 was collected, Rs. 19 remitted, Rs. 792–8–0 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 50 at the close of the year. This balance is due from a single individual who questions his liability to taxation. This matter will soon be disposed of.

17. *Tax on Vehicles and Animals.*—The amount realized under this head was Rs. 3,820–12–0 against Rs. 3,679 in the previous year.

18. *Tax on Carts.*—This tax was levied at Rs. 4 per cart per annum. The amount realized under this head was Rs. 1,594 against Rs. 1,652 in the previous year. One hundred and sixty-two carts were seized during the year for failure to register.

19. *Tolls.*—Tolls were levied at the maximum rates and the right of collecting the same was leased out for Rs. 14,871. A sum of Rs. 142–10–3 was realized as interest on overdue kists. The share due to the district board was paid up completely before the close of the year.

20. (3) (*c*) *Fees under Act II of* 1888.—Rs. 120 was realized under this head as fees for two dramatic sheds erected within the year.

21. *Rent of Lands.*—Rs. 1,469–5–4 was realized under this head against Rupees 1,255–2–6 in the previous year. The increase is partly due to the levy of penal rents for unauthorized occupation of municipal lands.

22. *Avenues.*—Rs. 731–10–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 43–14–6 in the previous year. The large revenue under this head is explained by the fact that old avenue trees on the sides of roads which were either dead or dying were sold by public auction to make room for fresh young plants.

23. *Produce of Lands, Gardens, &c.*—Rs. 688–5–10 was realized under this head against Rs. 599–12–5 in the previous year and Rs. 600 in the revised estimate. The main sources of income under this head were the receipts from Hathaway's garden and sewage farm Rs. 414–15–8, the lease of the Victoria east garden Rs. 125, and of the cocoanut trees on the banks of Thamaraicolum Rs. 93–8–0.

24. *Sale-proceeds of old Materials.*—Rs. 475–13–6 was realised under this head against Rs. 500 in the revised estimate and Rs. 286–4–3 in the previous year. The comparatively large income during the current year is due to the sale of the old bricks removed from two latrines and a bull slaughter-house demolished.

25. *Conservancy Receipts, Sale of Street Refuse, &c.*—Rs. 357 was realized under this head against Rs. 400 in the revised estimate and Rs. 147–1–7, actuals of the previous year. The sweepings of Nagore and Velipoliam alone were sold during the year, while those of Negapatam were utilized in filling up the hollow east of Hathaway's garden.

26. *Income from Market.*—Rs. 3,831–8–3 was realised under this head against Rs. 3,820 in the revised estimate and Rs. 3,556–12–5, actuals of the previous year. The increase under this head is due to competition at the sale of the lease and to the realization of interest on overdue kists.

27. *Income from Slaughter-houses.*—The sheep and bull slaughter-houses in Negapatam were managed departmentally during the first-half and were leased out during the second-half of the year. The Nagore sheep slaughter-house was leased out from the commencement. The amount realized was Rs. 1,947–2–2 against Rs. 2,027–6–0, actuals of the previous year. The market Sergeant Mr. Brankhurst was in October last charged with misappropriating As. 10, fees collected by him, convicted and sentenced to nine months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250.

28. *License Fees.*—Rs. 2,145–11–8 was realized under this head against Rs. 2,200 in the revised estimate and Rs. 2,056–3–5, actuals of the previous year.

29. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*—Rs. 1,954–6–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 1,500 in the revised estimate and Rs. 1,158–7–9, actuals of the previous year. The increase is due to the imposition of heavier fines by the Bench of Magistrates during the last quarter of the official year.

30. *Contribution from Local Boards—Other purposes.*—Rupees 1,340-7-8 was realized under this head against Rs. 1,150 in the revised estimate and Rs. 909-8-6, actuals of the previous year. The increase was due to the recovery during the year of the ferry contributions for January and February 1895.

31. *Other Contributions—Other purposes.*—Rs. 1,547-8-6 was realized under this head against Rs. 20 in the revised estimate. This item includes Rs. 1,532-8-6, the balance of the jubilee subscriptions made over by the subscribers to the council for the purpose of erecting a reading-room in the Victoria park in commemoration of Her Majesty's Jubilee supplemented by such grant as the council may be willing to make. The council has sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,100 from its funds for the object, subject to the sanction of Government which was applied for in this office communication No. 985, dated 27th March 1896, and sanctioned in G.O., Mis. No. 903 M., dated 28th May 1896.

32. *Private Scavenging.*—The income under this head amounted to Rupees 2,447-12-0 against Rs. 2,350 in the revised estimate and Rs. 2,313-8-0, actuals of the previous year. The increase is due to large number of houses having been newly admitted to service during the year owing to arrangements made for systematic and careful inspection by the sanitary staff of the backyards of houses. The rates of fees were same as in the previous year, viz., As. 2 per house per mensem for houses occupied by Natives and As. 12 per house per mensem for houses occupied by Europeans. The question of assessing private scavenging fees in proportion to the amount of work done to each house irrespective of the nationality of the occupants is engaging the attention of the council and will soon be disposed of.

33. *Fishery Rents.*—Rs. 243-1-0 was realized under this head against Rs. 100 in the revised estimate. It was expected that the tanks will contain a full supply of water so as not to admit of fishing before the commencement of the current official year and hence a small revenue expected under this head in the revised estimate.

III.—Expenditure.

34. The following statement shows the percentage of expenditure under each head as compared with the total assets including the opening balance for the year 1894-95 and 1895-96:—

	1894-95.	1895-56.
Grant I, Public Works	21·7	19·2
„ II, Education	8 8	8·5
„ III, Medical service and sanitation	35·6	32·8
„ IV, Lighting and miscellaneous purposes	10·2	10·2
„ V, Supervision and management	7·3	7·0
Advances	4·5	1·1
Refunds	..	2·4
Closing balance	11·9	18·8
	100·	100·

35. *Grant I, Public Works.*—The total outlay on public works amounted to Rs. 16,969-0-5 against Rs. 18,180-8-3, actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 18,200 in the revised estimate, and was 23·6 per cent. of the total expenditure for the year.

36. 1 (*a*) *New Works, Communications.*—The outlay under this head was Rupees 512-12-3 against Rs. 690 in the revised estimate. The road leading to the timber and fuel yards was metalled at a cost of Rs. 141-0-3, and a tunnel constructed on the same at a cost of Rs. 100-6-3. A tunnel on the beach road was reconstructed at a cost of Rs. 141-11-9.

37. 1 (*b*) *New Works, Buildings.*—The expenditure under this head was Rupees 1,309-11-5 against Rs. 1,650 in the revised estimate. Three iron latrines were erected at a cost of Rs. 332-5-4. Ten stalls in the market were turned so as to face the inside of the market and a partition wall was erected between the fish and other sundry stalls. An additional store-room and a verandah on the south side of the engine-shed was erected at a cost of Rs. 340-14-3. A thatched building for holding the Nambiyar Kuppan school, two cattle sheds and two tatti latrines were also erected.

38. (1) (*d*) *New Works—Water-supply.*—The outlay under this head was Rupees 825-3-10 against Rs. 1,520 in the revised estimate. A new well was sunk in place of a dilapidated one to the east of the Town Police station at a cost of Rs. 212-3-10. Akkaraikolam was provided with an outlet at a cost of Rs. 264-8-7. The Sanitary Engineer has taken on hand the preparation of a water-supply scheme to this municipality. A supervisor and a surveyor with staff have been working here from the beginning of January in taking the necessary surveys and levels. The Sanitary Engineer has informed the council that they have completed the out-door work, and that the scheme will be completed very soon. An advance of Rs. 1,000 was made to him for the purpose, of which Rs. 348-7-5 was adjusted within the year to this head.

39. (2) (*a*) *Repairs—Communications.*—The outlay on repairs and maintenance of roads was Rs. 9,089-1-8 against Rs. 8,770 in the revised estimate. The Perumal covil road up to Kaliamman Kottaigai, the Nagore road from opposite Ramanaik's tank to North Washerman's street, and from Ramasami Pillay's bungalow to Balakrishna Pillay's thiruvasal were re-gravelled at a cost of Rs. 2,874-9-3. A tunnel on the Nagore road near the Velipoliem junction was repaired at a cost of Rs. 142-9-8. The mud road leading to the burning-ground, and the old Nagore road, west of Ganapathi Pillai's tank, were repaired at a cost of Rs. 198-11-9. The metalled roads were kept in good order at a cost of Rs. 4,801-8-7, and the several cross streets and mud roads were attended to at a cost of Rs. 619-5-11. The cost of gravel supplied to the Kadambady road, Rs. 374-12-6, and the balance of the cost of repairing the tunnel in Thamaraikolam road, Rs. 72-7-3, were disbursed during the year. The total mileage of unmetalled roads, streets and lanes is 46, and of metalled roads 14, of which more than a mile was re-gravelled. The total outlay on roads both new works and maintenance was Rs. 9,601-13-11 against a net revenue from tolls of Rs. 10,015-3-6, which gives a percentage of 95·8.

40. *Repairs—Buildings.*—Rs. 995-0-8 was spent under this head against Rupees 1,320 in the revised estimate. Of this sum Rs. 579-12-1 was spent in repairing the hospital buildings and whitewashing them. The Nagore sheep slaughter-house was repaired at a cost of Rs. 115-4-2. The masonry dust-bins in Negapatam stood in need of very urgent repairs and were attended to at a cost of Rs. 167-13-5.

41. *Repairs—Water-supply.*—The outlay under this head was Rs. 2,421-5-9 against Rs. 2,400 in the revised estimate. This item includes among others the working expenses of the Jubilee pump Rs. 1,244-14-1. The Webster's tank in Negapatam and Perumal covil tank in Nagore were pumped out, and the silt removed at a cost of Rs. 581-15-11. The tank within the office compound was deepened at a cost of Rs. 147-6-0, and is now much used by the public for bathing. The manholes to the supply channels to the town tanks were repaired at a cost of Rs. 133-6-0. The tanks in Negapatam, Velipoliem and Nagore were supplied with fresh water at a cost of Rs. 236-10-3.

42. *Grant II, Education.*—The outlay under this grant amounted to Rupees 7,506-0-10 against Rs. 7,393-7-5 in the previous year. The total net cost amounted to Rs. 7,195-1-1 or 13·6 per cent. of the income from taxation. The population of the school-going age is 4,145, and the number of boys under instruction in the schools maintained and aided from municipal funds is 2,220, which bears a percentage of 53·5 to the population of the school-going age.

43. *Sessional School.*—With a view to afford some help to the several unpassed teachers employed in the aided schools of this municipality in passing the Primary school examination, a sessional school was started in January last, and is worked by the municipal inspecting schoolmaster. The school is held in the evening hours from 7 to 9 P.M. so as not to interfere with the school hours of the teacher-pupils. About ten of the unpassed teachers have joined the school and are reported to be making a fair progress. The council has sanctioned Rs. 2 per mensem towards the lighting charges of the school.

44. *Training Schools.*—A Muhammadan teacher, Mahomed Abdul Zebib, has been sent to the Branch Muhammadan Training school, Madras, to undergo training for a teacher's certificate. The council is paying him a monthly stipend of Rs. 8. The aggregate stipend paid during the year was Rs. 59–5–3.

45. *Salary-result System Schools.*—The council continued to maintain four schools under this system, viz., the municipal Muhammadan schools, Negapatam and Nagore, the Pappanacheri and the Nambiyar Kuppam schools. Out of the twelve teachers employed in these four municipal schools, two hold trained teachers' certificates, three untrained teachers' certificates, four general education certificates and the remaining three are unpassed. These unpassed teachers have put in a long service in the schools and are entitled to the privileges allowed under the educational rules to such teachers. There was a falling off in the strength and average attendance of the municipal Muhammadan school, Negapatam, which was more than counterbalanced by an increase in other schools. The results of the Primary examination in both the Muhammadan schools were good, all the eleven boys presented having passed for complete certificates. The Pappanacheri school also did well at the examination, while the Nambiyar Kuppam school, which is intended for the backward class of fishermen in a small hamlet near the sea, showed comparatively better results than last year. The average cost of educating each pupil was Rs. 8–4–11 against Rs. 8–9–8 in the previous year. With a view to reduce the expenditure, which is considered excessive, the council reduce the salaries of the headmaster and first assistant teacher in the Negapatam school by Rs. 2 and 1 per mensem, respectively. Any further reduction is found impracticable.

46. *Schools under the Salary Grant System.*—There were five schools aided under this system at the commencement of the year, viz., the lower secondary departments of the Wesleyan Mission College, and St. Antony's High school, St. Mary's Middle school, and the primary department of the St. Antony's High school. The primary department of the St. Mary's school, which was hitherto aided under the results system, was transferred to this system. The number of boys on the rolls has increased from 385 to 609 on 31st March 1896. Both the Wesleyan and the St. Antony's High schools seem to have done well at the Matriculation examination, more than 60 per cent. of the boys presented having come out successful. In the Lower Secondary examination, all the schools but St. Mary's school, which proved a total failure, did fairly well. The total amount of salary grants paid during the year was Rs. 2,045–8–3.

47. *Schools under the Result System.*—There were at the beginning of the year twenty-four schools aided under this system, four schools were opened during the year and two closed. Twenty-six schools remained at the close of the year with a strength of 1,321 boys and 27 girls. Seven hundred and ninety-two boys were presented for examination, of whom 602 passed, which gives a percentage of success of 76·0 against 82·6 in the previous year. The aggregate amount of result grants disbursed during the year at the maximum rates was Rs. 2,359–7–0.

48. *Building, Furniture, &c., Grants.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 287–1–1. This includes rent grants to the Wesleyan Mission College, primary school, St. Antony's High school, St. Mary's school and National Middle school of Rs. 159–5–4 and books and furniture grants to St. Antony's High school and National Middle school of Rs. 127–11–9.

49. *Physical Education.*—The two municipal gymnastic instructors continued to work during the year under report, one in each of the Negapatam and Nagore sections. Each teacher has fifteen schools to teach and each school is taught twice a week. The schools in Negapatam bring their boys to the municipal gymnasium, where instruction is given to group of schools at a time. Three or four schools in Nagore meet at the Nagore municipal gymnasium, while those in Velipalaiyam have provided their own gymnasium. Besides gymnastics, arrangements have also been made for holding athletic sports in the open air in the evening hours once a week. The result of the examination was good in Nagore section, while in Negapatam it was indifferent.

The Mission schools had appointed their own instructors, but the result of examination in these schools was a total failure. The amount of expenditure under this head was Rs. 419–9–10. Besides their salary, the instructors were allowed to draw a moiety of the results grants earned by them for the subject. The Nagore instructor was also allowed Re. 1 per mensem for jutka-hire to visit Velipalaiyam.

50. *Drawing.*—The drawing master, who was appointed to give instruction in drawing to the aided primary schools, worked satisfactorily during the year under report. He devotes five hours a day, and gives instruction to fifteen schools. Each school is taught twice a week. The results of the examination were good. This instructor is allowed Re. 1 per mensem for jutka-hire from Negapatam to Nagore.

51. *Female Education.*—There were eleven schools—two lower secondary, two Upper Primary and two Lower Primary schools under the management of the Wesleyan Mission, and five more schools under different other managements—aided from Provincial funds under the results system. There was an Upper Primary school opened in November last under the management of the S.P.G. Mission intended solely for the European children, which is reported to be improving in efficiency and strength. One of the girls' school under the native management was examined for results grants, but owing to its failure to fulfil certain conditions, the grant was withheld.

52. *Grant III, Medical Service and Sanitation.*—The total expenditure under this grant was Rs. 28,934–10–5 against Rs. 29,731–14–0.

53. *Municipal Hospital, Negapatam, and the Branch Dispensary, Nagore.*—Mr. N. Muhammad Oosman Sahib, the Civil Surgeon, was in charge of the hospital during the year under report. Detailed information on the working of the hospital and its branch in Nagore is contained in the Civil Surgeon's report accompanying. The average daily attendance of the patients in the hospital was 24·20 in and 123·42 out patients against 20·58 in and 108·41 out patients in the previous year. Eight hundred and seventy-eight in and 20,030 out patients were treated during the year against 761 in and 19,008 out patients treated in the previous year. One hundred and forty-one of the in-patients dieted themselves at their own cost. In the Nagore dispensary 7,564 patients were treated against 6,480 in the previous year, the average attendance being 49·63 against 43·78. The total expenditure on these institutions was Rs. 5,319–11–0, of which Rs. 1,401–2–0 was spent on medicines. The amount realized by subscriptions for, and sale of, medicines amounted to Rs. 272–14–7. The midwife (Muniammal) attended 68 cases, of which 31 cases were confined in the hospital. This work cannot be considered as satisfactory. She ought to extend her work among the townspeople more largely. The hospital assistant attached to the Negapatam dispensary has been provided with quarters.

As regards improvements, &c., to the hospital buildings referred to by the Civil Surgeon in his report, the council has already taken on hand the work of repairing the lying-in ward, and the "flooring of the hospital wards" will also be attended to. The sanction of Government for the utilization of a portion of the hospital sinking fund towards additional accommodation had been applied for, and has just been received. An application was also made to the taluk board for a contribution towards the cost of the additional buildings. The taluk board having refused it, the council has resolved to appeal to the district board. The Civil Surgeon suggested that temporary sheds must be erected, pending repairs to the lying-in ward. The council has already exceeded the budget provision in sanctioning the repairs to the lying-in ward, and cannot find funds for separate sheds required for temporary use. He was, therefore, requested to make use of one of the existing cottages or a section of the wards for the purpose. In connection with this and kindred other matters, the council trusts that the Civil Surgeon will co-operate with it in administering its funds with due regard to economy.

As regards the suggestion of the Civil Surgeon to transfer the nurse attached to the Nagore dispensary to the Negapatam hospital, the council observes that this is the most inadvisable suggestion to adopt. This matter was already disposed of by the council at its meeting of the 7th May 1896. Nagore is a place chiefly inhabited by Muhammadans, and the female patients of this and other castes should be attended to by female servants. The midwife cannot be expected to remain always in the

dispensary, as she is likely to be called away to attend on labour cases at private residences. The Civil Surgeon seems from his report to deprecate the practice of hospital midwives going out of the hospital and attending on labour cases at private houses. The council cannot understand this. It is only a fractional part of the labour cases drawn chiefly from the lower orders that go to the hospital. The bulk of the cases in the town has to be attended to by the midwives at their private residences. The council has made a standing rule that the midwives should freely render their services at private residences without fee or remuneration. The Civil Surgeon complains in his report that certain new appointments were made without his advice. At the time that these appointments were made the Civil Surgeon Oosman Sahib was on privilege leave and Dr. Chalke was Acting Civil Surgeon. The appointment of the chief sanitary inspector of this municipality as additional hospital assistant in the Negapatam hospital was made on his own application in consultation with, and with the concurrence of, Dr. Chalke. He is an hospital assistant who passed out of the Medical school, Tanjore, and his local knowledge and acquaintance with the public are recommendations in his favour. Again the transfer of the Negapatam hospital Assistant to the Nagore dispensary was made in consultation with Dr. Chalke, who wrote in his recommendation that he had had ample opportunities of judging of the capabilities of hospital assistant Mathuranayagam Pillai attached to the Municipal hospital, Negapatam, and that he had no hesitation in expressing his opinion that he was in every way qualified to hold an independent charge of Nagore or any other larger dispensary.

The services of an experienced hospital assistant are required for independent charges.

The Civil Surgeon also complains in the concluding paragraph of his report that a dismissed midwife of the Negapatam hospital has been appointed midwife for Nagore. The dismissal was for no other reason than that she proceeded to Madras to be by the side of her dying mother after her resignation was accepted by this office, but before it was communicated to her through the Civil Surgeon. She applied for a reconsideration of the order of dismissal, and under the circumstances stated, the order was set aside, and her re-employment sanctioned. After the dismissal, which was made at the instance of the Civil Surgeon Oosman Sahib, and long before she applied for a review, Oosman Sahib himself did not think it objectionable to take her back into service in the Negapatam hospital for a month. In September 1895, while yet the order of dismissal was in force, Oosman Sahib had appointed her to act as midwife without any reference to this office. It is difficult to appreciate the force of his objections, on the score of principles of discipline, to her employment after the cancellation of the order of dismissal.

54. *Medical Training of Women.*—During the year under report, no action was taken towards this object, but the council has provided in the current year's budget for a scholarship to train a ~~lady~~ female apothecary through the Countess of Dufferin's Fund Committee. I have addressed the Surgeon-General to select a ~~lady~~ female student.

55. *Contributions to Government.*—The usual contribution to sanitary inspection was paid within the year.

56. *Contributions to Local Boards.*—The usual contribution of Rs. 300 to the Medical school, Tanjore, and Rs. 41 to the reserve staff were paid within the year.

57. *Vaccination.*—The vaccination staff consisted of one first-class vaccinator, a vaccinatrix and a second-class vaccinator. The minimum number of cases to be vaccinated by these was 120 each per month by the former two, and 100 by the latter. The vaccine depôt was held as before in the hospital, and the work was supervised by the Civil Surgeon. The compulsory system of vaccination, which was introduced in 1886, was in force. The vaccinators took extracts from the birth registers of their respective circles, and served notices on parents of children. Two councillors—one for Negapatam and Velipalaiyam and another for Nagore—were asked to scrutinize the work of the vaccinators in serving notices and detecting unprotected cases. Vaccination was conducted with purely animal lymph direct from the calf. The number of cases operated by the vaccinators including re-vaccination was 3,984

and that by the Hospital Assistants 121, thus aggregating to 4,105, of which 1,921 was on children below one year of age. Particulars of cases vaccinated by each of the vaccinators and the results are given in statement XIII accompanying. The outlay under this head including establishment charges aggregated to Rs. 840–3–1 and the number of successful operations with animal lymph was 3,785. Thus the cost of each successful case was As. 3–3. The proportion per mille of the total number of successful operations to the population was 63·9 against 65·1 in the previous year, and that of successful operations on infants was 30·5 against 34·3 in the previous year. There were six deaths from small-pox. Two hundred and sixty-five cases were reported to the Magistrate for failing to get the children vaccinated. The register prescribed in G.O., No. 1502, dated 19th October 1894, for a systematic checking of the operations on children was carefully maintained. The Civil Surgeon says that 3,575 were primary operations, 530 were cases of re-vaccination and 1,918 were on children under one year of age. The correct figures are 3,650 cases of primary vaccination, 455 cases of re vaccination and 1,921 on children under one year of age. To improve infantile vaccination, arrangements have been made at the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner to furnish periodically the vaccinators through the Civil Surgeon with the daily birth reports. These birth reports are to be returned to the municipal office by the Civil Surgeon with endorsements showing whether the cases have been vaccinated or not, and if not vaccinated, why not. The birth reports sent up to him from this office have not been returned from April 1894.

58. *Registration of Vital Statistics.*—The number of births registered during the year was 1,953 and of deaths 1,777, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 1,874 and 1,873. The birth-rate per mille of population was 32·9 and the death-rate 30·0. Forty-six prosecutions were instituted—27 for not registering births and 19 for deaths—in 24 of which conviction was secured. Special measures have been adopted to secure accuracy. The various native midwives in the town, and persons in charge of burning and burial grounds, have been served with notices, under sections 247 and 248 of the Municipal Act, requiring them to give prompt information of all events to the registrars of their respective circles. With a few exceptions, these have responded to the call. In the case of burning-ground attendants the Bench of Magistrates have taken an adverse view. In a prosecution by the council of an attendant of a burning-ground under section 239 of the Municipal Act, the Bench has held that it was not obligatory on him to give information of the event. I have addressed the District Magistrate through the Head Assistant Magistrate, requesting the taking of proceedings under revision.

59. *Conservancy.*—The outlay under this head amounted to Rs. 21,214–4–11 against Rs. 22,007–9–4 in the previous year. The proportion borne by the total expenditure to the allotment was 96·4 per cent. The general health of the town was good. There were a few suspected cases of cholera attacks, of which 8 proved fatal. It may be said that the year under report was almost free from the epidemic. All the necessary sanitary precautions were taken promptly. Three iron and two tatti latrines were erected during the year, and two of the masonry latrines were removed as being objectionably situated. There were 24 public latrines, or one latrine for every 2,467 inhabitants, and arrangements will be made to increase the number still further. No urinals were erected, nor were there any already in existence. The dust-bins in Negapatam were repaired. There were working in all 17 rubbish, 11 night-soil, and 19 sewage carts during the year. Ten single bullock iron night-soil carts were purchased during the year at a cost of Rs. 1,081. The rubbish and night-soil carts were worked departmentally till the 15th January 1896. As great difficulty was experienced in managing the carts, securing drivers, and feeding the bullocks, the council has arranged for the work being done by contract. The contractor was to work the municipal carts with the municipal bullocks, which he purchased from the council. The value of bullocks had been debited to "Advances recoverable" which was recovered on the sale of the bullocks. There was a profit of Rs. 223 by this transaction counterbalanced by a loss of Rs. 147–8–0 caused by the death of two bullocks and depreciation in value of two others. The back premises of houses were systematically inspected by the sanitary staff who submitted weekly returns of their

inspections. In 196 cases the back premises were found filthy on the first inspection, but were cleansed before the next inspection. In 7 cases were the owners prosecuted with the result that conviction was secured in all of them. The number of private scavenging houses was thus increased by 255. The pay of 20 male and 20 female scavengers are shown under "5 (*b*) (i) Private scavenging establishment" and that of 8 male and 10 female scavengers under "5 (*c*) (i) Public latrine establishment." An outlay of Rs. 492–1–11 was incurred in the purchase of sanitary powder, brooms, baskets, tar, &c.

60. The Civil Surgeon in his report says that the system in force for the removal of sewage is too defective, and that the carts are few in number. The council is already fully alive to this, but its hands are tied up by financial difficulties from effecting immediate improvements. Still the matter has not been lost sight of. Proposals for the levy of fees for the removal of sewage and the providing of more carts are under consideration, and statistics are being got ready for the purpose. The several make-shifts suggested by Dr. King for the disposal of sewage are receiving consideration and the Vizianagram filter is being experimented. The Civil Surgeon states that the condition of certain private tanks has not been improved. Again the council labour under the same difficulties. Such tanks are not few in number to be attended to all at once. The most useful drinking and bathing water tanks situated in more important places had to be looked after before any attention could be devoted to private tanks of less importance. With the available margin in the budget, the municipal Webster's tank in Negapatam and the private Perumalkovil tank in Nagore were improved last year. The municipal Tamaraikolum and Ganapati's private tank have been taken up this year. At the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner the council has taken charge of one of these private tanks, viz., Gurunatha Pillay's tank in Velipalaiyam, and arrangements for filling it up are under contemplation. To effect such improvements to the other tanks referred to as would bring them to a useful condition will entail on the council large outlays totally beyond the means of the council, which has already taken up a large scheme of water-supply, for which preliminary surveys and levels are being taken by the Sanitary Engineering Department. As regards the rubbish depôt at Velipalaiyam a new site has already been selected and arrangements are being made to acquire it.

61. *Arrangements during feasts.*—The Kandri feast arrangements were made by a sub-committee of the council. There was, as usual, a large influx of people, and the feast passed off without hitch of any kind. The total cost of the arrangements was Rs. 347–14–3.

62. *Grant IV, Lighting.*—The outlay under this head amounted to Rs. 5,905–2–0 against Rs. 5,130 in the revised estimate. The lighting was managed departmentally. The lights were burnt throughout the dark hours of nights. The number of lights on 31st March 1896 was 420, or 3 more than last year, which gives an average of 7 for every mile of road maintained. The average cost of burning each lamp was Rs. 1–2–9 per mensem. The increase under this item was due to the rise in the price of kerosene oil; which went up from Rs. 4–6–0 to Rs. 5–15–6 per case.

63. *Markets.*—There is one market with accommodation for the sale of fish, meat, vegetable and other articles, which was leased out for Rs. 3,810. A sum of Rs. 21–8–3 was realised as interest on overdue kists. Deducting the establishment and other charges, the net receipts from the markets were Rs. 3,452–11–3.

64. *Slaughter-houses.*—There are three slaughter-houses, viz., the bull and sheep slaughter-houses Negapatam, and the sheep slaughter-house, Nagore. The Nagore slaughter-house, was leased. The Negapatam slaughter-houses were, as stated in paragraph 27 *supra*, managed departmentally till October 1895, when they were also leased. The amount realised was Rs. 1,947–2–2. Deducting the cost of establishment, &c., Rs. 144–7–4, the net income was Rs. 1,802–10–10.

65. *Travellers' Bungalows.*—The council has no travellers' bungalows of its own. There was hitherto a Government building in Kadambady used as such. This building was under the management of M.R.Ry. Thavasumuthu Nadar and his heirs,

having been handed over by the Revenue department, and has latterly been permitted by the transferees to be used as a private residence. The travellers are in consequence put to great inconvenience. I have already addressed the Collector on the subject.

66. *Avenues.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 309–12–4 against Rs. 280 in the revised estimate. The increase is due to arrangements made for planting avenue plants on a large scale. The existing plants are also carefully looked after.

67. *Public Garden.*—Rs. 1,259–15–9 was spent under this head against Rs. 1,020 in the revised estimate. The income under this head was Rs. 688–5–10, of which Rs. 414–15–8 was for Hathway's garden. In the rainy weather vegetables, cholum and other crops were sown. The plantation contains a sewage farm in which Hurriali grass is cultivated and sold to the public.

68. *Survey of Land.*—The council has made arrangements for realigning the fishermen's huts on the beach. The necessary surveys have been taken under the supervision of the Executive Engineer and a sketch prepared containing the proposals for realignment. Arrangements have been made to shift the timber yards from their existing sites further away to the north to make room for a public promenade on the beach.

69. *Printing.*—Rs. 586 was spent under this head. This includes cost of printing the proceedings of the council and lists of voters. The contribution due to Government for printing work done in the Secretariat Press was paid within the year.

70. *Law Charges.*—Rs. 345–5–4 was defrayed under this head for court costs and vakils' fees in civil and criminal cases in which the council was concerned.

71. *Grant V.*—The expenditure under this grant was Rs. 6,150–7–7 against Rs. 6,220 in the revised estimate. The prosecuting inspector sanctioned in G.O., No. 983, dated 17th June 1895, was not appointed, and the provision for the same was removed in the revised estimate. The expenditure under this grant was 7·8 per cent. of the receipts of the year. In view of the increasing work both in- and out- doors, the council welcomes the provision in the Amendment Act for the appointment of a paid Secretary.

72. *Refunds of other than Current Collections.*—The amount of Rs. 2,126–14–8 includes Rs. 2,115–3–7, the proceeds of Puthur and Nasalkodam inams refunded to the district board under the orders of Government conveyed in G.O., No. 72, Revenue, dated 5th February 1895.

IV.—Closing Balance.

73. The year closed with a balance of Rs. 16,601–11–10, of which Rs. 4,000 is invested in Government securities and Rs. 1,532–8–6, the balance of the Jubilee subscriptions, handed over to the council in fixed deposits in the Branch Bank of Madras.

Enclosure.

Concise Report of the Municipal Hospital, Negapatam, and its Branch Dispensary, Nagore, for the year 1895–96.

Public Health.—General health of the public during the year was fairly good. Two cases of cholera occurred in the month of July. These were importations from the adjoining taluk. Six cases occurred after the Kandry festival in December. The origin of this outbreak was traced to infection from the Tinnevelly district, where the disease had been then prevalent. By strict sanitary precautions, further spread of the disease was checked. The town was completely free from small-pox for eleven months of the year. In March, however, there were six deaths from this cause. The disease had been prevailing with unusual severity in the neighbouring villages. Influenza prevailed in the latter part of the year in a mild form. Diseases of the lymphatic system including hydrocele, elephantiasis of scrotum and legs are common in the crowded parts of the town, also skin diseases of parasitic origin.

Vital Statistics.—There were 1,777 deaths during the year from all causes, being 30·9 per mille of population against 31·62 per mille in the previous year. Largest number of deaths was recorded, as usual, against children under one year, and the next highest figure was against old people above sixty years. The percentage of infantile mortality to total deaths was 32·95.

Total number of births during the year was 1,953, *i.e*, 32·97 per mille of population against 31·64 in the previous year.

Sanitation.—The sources of drinking-water supply are tanks and wells. The former receive their supply from freely-contaminated, open channels, and the latter are too few to meet the requirements of the town. The sewage of the town is removed by municipal agency. The system is very imperfectly worked. The number of sewage carts employed are far too few for the number of cesspools in the town. The insanitary condition of private tanks noted in the last year's report has not been rectified. Among these the Andikôlam in Nagore, Pindarikôlam, Arumuga Chetty kôlam and Oopukôlam in Negapatam, are particularly offensive. The rubbish depôt in the 3rd Division has not been removed to a safer site. There were some minor sanitary improvements during the year. The platforms around some of the drinking-water wells were repaired and a few municipal tanks were cleaned. Some of the masonry dust-bins that were in ruins were repaired. Provision for three more latrines and three more scavengers was made in the last budget.

Vaccination.—Vaccination is compulsory in the town and is done by animal lymph direct from the calf. Four thousand one hundred and five cases were vaccinated in the town during the year against 4,120 in the previous year. Of these 3,984 were done by the vaccinators and 121 by medical subordinates; 3,575 were primary operations and 530 were cases of re-vaccination. Of 3,575 primary operations 1,918 were on children under one year of age and 1,575 were on those above one and under six years. The cases operated by the vaccinators are verified at the depôt after operation. The cost of vaccinating each case was As. 3–3 against As. 3–2 in the previous year.

Municipal Hospital, Negapatam—(*a*) *Nature and Sufficiency of Accommodation.*—The hospital has thirty-eight beds—twenty in permanent buildings and the remaining in sheds. Of twenty in the former, eight for males, eight for females and four for maternity cases. Of eighteen in the latter, two for females suffering from venereal diseases, eight for males suffering from loathsome diseases and eight for cholera patients. Excepting the last, the others are almost always occupied. The permanent buildings were constructed about thirty-one years ago and since there have been no additions or alterations. The accommodation in these buildings is not sufficient for the present requirement. A caste ward is much needed, also a European ward and an operation room. The council have provided for these in the budget, but the works have not yet commenced.

(*b*) *State of Repair of Buildings.*—The wards are very unhealthy. Erysipelas and fever among surgical cases have been very frequent. Operations result in complications and take longer time to heal. The cause of this unhealthiness was brought to the notice of the municipality and it was advised to renew the hospital floor and the old plastering. No steps have yet been taken on the advice, and I think it is no longer safe to defer action in the matter.

The lying-in ward has been abandoned on account of its dilapidated condition and the labour cases are now conducted in the general ward to their greatest inconvenience. A temporary shed was advised for the accommodation of these patients till a new ward has been erected.

Kitchens and latrines are in bad order, but no provision was made for their repair in the last budget.

(*c*) *State of repair of Furniture.*—Existing furniture is in good order. Requisition will be made for more iron cots and bedside tables when the caste and European wards have been completed.

(*d*) *Number of Persons treated as compared with previous years.*—Twenty thousand and thirty out-door patients and 878 in-door patients were treated during the year, against 19,008 and 761, respectively, in the previous year. There is a steady increase both among in and out door patients every year. One hundred and forty-one patients dieted themselves during the year against 86 in the previous year and 69 in 1893–94. The table below compares the number of in and out door patients treated in the last five years:—

Year.	Total admissions.		Average daily attendance of in and out patients.
	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1891–92	561	12,788	108·47
1892–93	452	16,961	138·08
1893–94	772	17,313	131·35
1894–95	761	19,008	148·32
1895–96	878	20,030	147·62

(*e*) *Mortality and actual causes of it.*—There were twenty-eight deaths among in-door patients, against thirty-one in the previous year and fifty-two in 1893–94. The actual causes of deaths were the following:—

Dysentery	4	Peritonitis	1
Starvation	6	Puerperal fever	1
Gangrene of bowels	2	Pyæmia	2
Phthisis pneumonic	3	Enteritis	1
Obstruction of bowels	1	Burns	1
Sunstroke	1	Small-pox	2
Cholera	1	Apoplexy	1
Penetrating wound, chest ..	1		

(*f*) *Operations and results.*—Two hundred and nineteen major operations and 2,109 minor operations were performed during the year against 211 and 3,066, respectively, in the previous year. The following were the chief among the major operations performed:—

Amputation of limbs.	Operations for radical cure for hydrocele.
Obstetric operations.	Operations on eye.
Operations for tumours.	Operations on diseased bones.
Operations for elephantiasis scrotum.	

There was no mortality among operated patients. All were discharged cured.

(*g*) *Establishment whether sufficient and efficient.*—The inadequacy of the establishment was pointed out last year. An additional medical subordinate of the status of an apothecary and a Eurasian midwife in place of the present native midwife were recommended. In response to these recommendations the council provided for a third-class hospital assistant as additional medical subordinate and a purveyor to buy provisions and supervise dieting of patients. These men have since joined their respective appointments.

Menial Servants.—No changes have occurred under this head except the transfer of sweeper, who was attached to the vaccine depôt, to the Negapatam hospital.

As a native midwife has been appointed to Nagore dispensary, the medical officer advised the transfer of the nurse here to Negapatam hospital, but the council held that she should remain in Nagore, although it was pointed out that she did practically no work in the dispensary and that her services would be more usefully utilized in the Negapatam hospital.

(*h*) *Midwives.*—Sixty-eight labour cases were conducted during the year against 124 in the previous year. Of these 31 were done among in-door patients. The decrease was due to the hospital midwife leaving her post and practising in the town in her private capacity.

(*i*) *Dispensary for Caste and Gosha Women.*—There is no special dispensary in the town for treating caste and gosha women separately. The municipality has provided Rs. 25 a month as scholarship for a lady student to undergo training in the medical college.

In Nagore dispensary 7,564 out-patients were treated against 6,480 in the previous year, and 354 minor operations were performed against 485 in the previous year. The table below compares the number of patients treated in the last five years:—

	Total admissions out-patients.	Daily average attendance.
1891–92	6,411	43·75
1892–93	7,318	47·82
1893–94	6,869	47·29
1894–95	6,480	43·78
1895–96	7,564	49·63

The dispensary is located in a rented building which is in good order. The municipality has been paying its rent for the last seventeen years. It would do well to build a dispensary of its own on a standard plan.

The dispensary has the following staff:—

One medical practitioner.	One lascar.
One compounder.	One nurse.

A native midwife has been appointed from the beginning of the official year and steps have been taken to replace the medical practitioner in charge by a qualified hospital assistant.

General Remarks. — In regard to the new appointments, I regret that my advice as permanent medical officer of the station was not availed of. The Government order on the budget for 1896–97 was received by the municipality about ten days before my return from privilege leave. During this short interval two important appointments were made. The chief sanitary inspector of the town who had no previous training in hospital management was appointed as additional medical subordinate to the Negapatam hospital and the permanent incumbent of this institution who had three years' sound training was ordered to join Nagore. It is evident from the nature of these changes that the efficiency of the hospital must suffer.

The midwife appointed to Nagore was previously employed in the Negapatam hospital. She was dismissed from here for deserting her post when her services were most needed. Her re-appointment was inadvisable on principles of discipline.

NEGAPATAM,
30*th May* 1896.

(Signed) N. MUHAMMAD OOSMAN,
Civil Surgeon.

Forwarded to the Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, for his remarks, if any, on paragraphs 53 and 57 of the report.

2. He is requested to return the report in one day.

10*th June* 1896.

(Signed) N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Ag. Head Asst. Collector.

From N. MUHAMMAD OOSMAN SAHIB, Bahadur, Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, to the Head Assistant Collector, Tanjore, dated Negapatam, 12th June 1896, No. 96-A.

With reference to your endorsement, dated 10th June 1896, on the administration report of the Negapatam Municipality, I have the honour to submit my remarks as follows:—

2. *Paragraph* 53.—The Chairman in his report states that midwife Muniammah attended ~~sixty-eight~~ cases and that her work was not considered satisfactory. Taking into consideration the comparatively short period she was in the hospital, viz., six months, the ~~sixty-eight~~ cases attributed to her by the Chairman must be considered fairly satisfactory.

3. As for the co-operation which the Chairman expects from the Civil Surgeon in administering municipal funds economically, I regret my inability to see how an expenditure of Rs. 20 required for erecting a temporary shed pending repairs to the lying-in ward would have affected the municipal funds, when the amount of convenience afforded to the patients by such erections is out of all proportion, as may be judged from what follows.

4. The cottages referred to by the Chairman are those used for treating contagious diseases. To accommodate lying-in patients in such cottages would be only exposing them to septic diseases. Again, to deliver such patients in a general ward would be exposing them to the view of other patients and protracting their delivery, not to say the disturbance caused to the latter by the shrieks of labour pains and the cries of newly-born babes.

5. With regard to the transfer of the nurse from the Nagore dispensary to the Negapatam hospital where the absence of an extra nurse is keenly felt, the Chairman considers the proposal "most inadvisable" on the ground that a very large number of female patients resort to the former institution. The number of female patients treated in the last calendar year at Nagore was 1,803, of whom only eighteen needed the help of a nurse. Again, every time I visited the dispensary since my rejoining the duty, the nurse was missing and the midwife was on duty. The latter had to leave the dispensary during the working hours to attend upon labour cases only thrice in the last two months; on other occasions the calls were at other than working hours. It seems waste to spend Rs. 60 annually upon the nurse whose services have become almost extinct after the appointment of the midwife. When a midwife was appointed to Nagore in 1884 the services of the nurse were dispensed with.

6. The Chairman's inference that I deprecate the practice of the hospital midwives going out of the hospital and attending on labour cases is diametrically opposite to what I in fact every day try to render their services as useful as possible. The midwives are exhorted to go about and make themselves as ~~much~~ popular as they can with gosha and Hindu families who do not generally appear in public, and the result of the endeavours are re-assuring. Year after year the attendance has been on the increase. In 1892–93 there were 106 cases, in 1893–94 117, and in 1894–95 124. The decline in 1895–96 was due, as I have stated in my report, to the old midwife having resigned and taken up private practice in the town. The new midwife was at disadvantage, as all the out-door cases resorted to the former woman. Had the Chairman only cared to know how the midwives were worked under me, he would not have made this hasty inference.

7. With regard to the appointment of the chief sanitary inspector of the Municipality of Negapatam as additional hospital assistant, the Chairman's statement as to his consultation with, and concurrence of, Dr. Chalke is not on record. I cannot conceive how the virtues discovered by the Chairman in the new hospital assistant go to make the necessary qualification of a medical man. This man by being employed as a sanitary officer all along has forgotten what he had learnt of medicine in the Medical School, Tanjore, and finds himself in an awkward predicament in the hospital where he has to confront with diseases.

8. With regard to the transfer of the Negapatam hospital assistant to Nagore, what I have stated and what I wish to be understood is that he was specially trained for a trying place like the Negapatam hospital, and his transfer from the latter, which has a prior consideration, was not advisable. Any hospital assistant of his service might well have been posted to Nagore.

9. The Chairman alludes to the temporary employment of the dismissed midwife in September. He is not probably aware, as he was not then in office, under what pressing circumstances she was employed. Mary Abraham, the newly-appointed midwife, resigned about the end of October on account of ill-health and there was some delay in getting another midwife in her place. There were two maternity cases in the ward when the midwife left and five others came in subsequently. There was nobody to confine them, the female ward attendant being also absent as she was ill. I was forced under these circumstances to engage the services of the dismissed midwife *temporarily*. There cannot be any comparison between these circumstances and those that led to her permanent appointment to the new post. The fact of my engaging her services in an *emergency* does not absolve her of the blame of her previous misconduct. She left her post when her services were most urgently needed and her plea that she did so on account of the serious illness of her mother in Madras could not be believed, as she was found within a week of her leaving the appointment practising in the town. She appealed to the council ten months after her dismissal, and the result of the appeal was not communicated to the Civil Surgeon, nor was he consulted before she was re-appointed to Nagore.

10. *Paragraph* 57.—As for the discrepancy in the vaccination figures, I regret that the Chairman did not attempt to reconcile them before before he submitted his report. The figures in my report were compiled from the annual returns submitted by the vaccinators and hospital assistants.

11. The concluding portion of paragraph 57 is not intelligible. A copy of the birth report is herewith attached and it will be seen from the same that there is nothing there for the Civil Surgeon to endorse. The vaccinators make the necessary entries in the reports and submit them to the Chairman either through this office or direct. In the explanation with regard to the delay, they submit that since the new register prescribed in G.O., No. 1502 M. dated 19th October 1894, has been in force, they have been furnishing the municipal office direct, every month, with the information required in the birth reports, and therefore they considered their return unnecessary. That they have been supplying the information regularly appears true, as the Chairman himself acknowledges in his report that the register prescribed has been carefully

maintained. If, in spite of the information thus obtained, the Chairman required the birth reports, he could have called upon the vaccinators to submit them or sent a reminder to this office for their transmission being expedited. There has been not a single reminder up to date!

Forwarded to the Collector.

2. With reference to the remarks in paragraph 53, the report of the Civil Surgeon is enclosed. I think the present policy of the municipality in interfering to so large an extent in the hospital department is injudicious and wrong.

3. The council could easily have found the small sum required for the temporary shed asked for by the Civil Surgeon and their refusal is very reprehensible.

VÉDÁRANNIYAM,
14*th June* 1896.

(Signed) N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Ag. Head Asst. Collector.

No. 1714-Rev.

Submitted to Government in the Local and Municipal Department.

2. In paragraph 7 of the report the figures 301 and 367 representing the number of registered voters in Negapatam south and Kadambadi wards are apparently incorrect, the correct numbers as per statement No. X-A being 402 and 398 respectively.

3. *Paragraph* 56.—The figure Rs. 141 representing the amount of contribution to the reserve staff is a mistake for Rs. 41.

4. *Paragraph* 58.—The number of births during 1895–96 is 1,955 as per Treasury Deputy Collector's return, whereas the number as per this paragraph is 1,953. Explanation for the difference has been called for and will be submitted separately.

The Chairman's reference to the District Magistrate in the matter of failure of a prosecution against the keeper of certain burial-grounds has been disposed of in my Proceedings, No. 345-Magl., dated 9th June 1896, copy of which is enclosed.

5. *Paragraph* 64.—The travellers' bungalow at Kadambadi is Government property. It was handed over to the late Thavasimuthu Nadar, toddy contractor, upon his agreeing to keep it in proper repair and open for travellers. It appears that his son, M.R.Ry. Ratnaswami Nadar, has rented it to the Police Inspector, Negapatam town, for occupation against the clear provisions of the agreement executed by his father. He has been requested to show cause why the bungalow should not be resumed and his reply is awaited.

6. In the matter of the differences between the council and the Civil Surgeon, I generally agree with the latter and the Head Assistant Collector. The most important of these differences consist in the provision of additional accommodation in the hospital for in-patients, &c., and in the appointment of hospital servants; in these matters the Civil Surgeon is the proper adviser and his recommendations deserve support.

7. *Statement No. I.*—House-tax registers were revised in 1892–93 and the land-tax registers in 1893–94. They should now undergo revision.

8. *Statement No. IV-B.*—The arrears of previous years, *i.e.*, of 1893–94 and 1894–95. should have been either collected or written off the accounts. Necessary steps should be taken to adjust them promptly. The collections are, on the whole, good; but the existence of as many as 426 warrants, out of 2,100 issued, indicates laxity in execution and want of strict control over the collection establishment.

9. *Statement No. IX.*—The number of houses as per last census is 12,234, the number as per municipal assessment register is 9,550, and the number actually assessed is 8,957. There is a difference of 2,684 houses between the first and the second items and of 593 houses between the second and the third. The difference in both cases being rather large requires explanation.

tor's endorsements. The council's
l be reconsidered with reference to

ported number of persons vaccinated
the previous year, and the quality
ration, 92·2 per cent. of the total
3 per cent. in 1894–95. Infantile
umber of children under one year
he population against 34·4 in the
g portion of paragraph 57 of the
he Civil Surgeon's remarks in para-

ths registered during the year and
in both cases being still below the
s the Chairman states that special
is hoped that there will be no need

tment for conservancy was allowed
per cent. of the current receipts
om paragraphs 59 and 60 of the
glad to note that some efforts have
vn. There are evidently still many
permit.

balance of Rs. 16,602, or 21·2 per
wever, Rs. 4,000 are reserved for
1,533 represent the balance of the
ng room in the Victoria Park.

g the year under review continued
d be paid to vaccination, registration
.

Under Secretary, P.W.D.,
for *Chief Secretary.*

the municipal council against ~~twenty-nine~~ in
non-official members continued to be fair,
oor. The Collector should inform the latter
present at these meetings as often as their
ed by election during the year and three of
voters concerned attending the poll.

to careful assessment there was a small increase in
ax on arts from 1,402 to 1,551, and the net
n Rs. 14,147 to Rs. 15,526. The demand
advance, while that under the land tax was
on of the assessments under the house-tax,
rernment as soon as it is completed, and as
endorsement the land tax registers should
arge difference noticed in paragraph 9 of ~~his~~
ly date.

arrears, under the taxes on buildings and
tax on arts, continued to be fair; but it is
s under the last-mentioned tax had to be
d only 39·3 per cent. of the demand was
bly have been avoided had the council been
s years. The municipal council's attention
tor's endorsement.

receipts under all heads, except tolls and
was small, but it was considerable in the

the private scavenging agency rose again
rked at a profit of Rs. 168 to the municipal
service during the past year has been very
houses assessed to the tax on buildings
at there is scope for considerable extension

o new work of any importance was under-
communications amounted to Rs. 9,602
ipts from tolls. The Revenue Divisional
the roads—an omission which should not
39 of the Chairman's report it appears

e on education was Rs. 7,195, or 13·7 per
sum Rs. 2,027 were spent on secondary,
the previous year, the municipal council
y-result system and aided four secondary
schools aided with result grants rose from
these institutions showed an improvement
y. The average cost of educating each
igh and should, if possible, be reduced in
was almost fully utilised and the number
ose from 1,979 to 2,220, or 54·7 per cent.
A large number of the teachers employed
ssional school conducted by the inspecting
and in this about ten teachers were being

of in-patients treated in the municipal
ut-patients at this institution and at the
In view of the fact that the public health
tisfactory. The midwife attached to the
ie period of six months she was employed,
paragraph 53 of the Chairman's report
awn to paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Head

ORDER—No. 1419 M., dated 21st August 1896.

The receipts and charges of the Negapatam Municipality for 1895–96 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1894–95 :—

—	Actuals, 1894–95.	Budget estimate, 1895–96.	Revised estimate, 1895–96.	Actuals, 1895–96.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance brought forward				
Tax on Arts	12,982	8,510	10,030	10,027
,, on Buildings and Lands	13,423	13,010	13,510	14,320
,, on Vehicles and Animals	23,207	23,020	23,020	22,959
,, on Carts	3,679	3,920	3,770	3,821
Tolls	1,652	1,900	1,700	1,594
Realizations under Special Acts	10,208	10,160	9,940	10,015
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c.	60	..	60	120
Conservancy Receipts	2,329	2,120	2,550	3,509
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	147	200	400	357
,, ,, from Medical Institutions	123	100	100	99
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	279	300	350	322
License Fees	5,584	5,550	5,820	5,779
Other Fees	2,056	1,500	2,200	2,146
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	101	130	130	102
Interest on Investments and Premium on Loans	1,158	1,300	1,500	1,954
Grants and Contributions from Government	373	290	290	290
,, ,, from Local Boards	168	340	210	164
,, ,, from other Bodies	2,449	2,550	2,600	2,790
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	65	50	70	1,595
Miscellaneous	2,376	2,700	2,480	2,599
Advances Recovered	656	430	270	377
	584	900	2,200	3,340
Total	83,659	78,980	83,200	88,279
Charges.				
GRANT I—				
New Works—				
Communications				
Buildings	1,167	600	690	513
Water-supply	1,921	1,730	1,650	1,310
Repairs—	132	1,770	1,520	825
Communications				
Buildings	9,941	9,200	8,770	9,089
Water-supply	336	580	1,320	995
Establishment	3,673	2,780	3,230	3,225
Tools and Plant and other Stores	972	970	970	969
	38	30	50	43
Total	18,180	17,660	18,200	16,969
GRANT II—				
Training Schools				
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result System	..	260	120	63
Grants-in-aid—				
Salary Grants	1,828	1,930	1,900	1,761
Result Grants	2,112	2,000	2,250	2,045
Building and Furniture Grants	2,259	2,500	2,300	2,359
Inspection	234	400	350	287
Miscellaneous	397	380	380	376
	563	610	660	615
Total	7,393	8,080	7,960	7,506
GRANT III—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	5,421	4,580	5,250	5,320
Contributions	570	570	590	591
Vaccination	762	800	850	840
Registration of Births and Deaths	971	1,000	960	970
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	22,008	22,820	22,000	21,214
Total	29,732	29,770	29,650	28,935
GRANT IV—				
Lighting	5,186	5,740	5,130	5,905
Markets and Slaughter-houses	511	730	570	523
Avenues	244	300	280	310
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other charges	2,472	2,040	2,070	2,330
Total	8,413	8,810	8,050	9,068
GRANT V—				
Supervision and Management	6,099	6,420	6,220	6,150
Advances Recoverable	3,799	100	660	922
Refunds	16	20	2,120	2,127
Balance	10,027	8,120	10,340	16,602
Total	83,659	78,980	83,200	88,279

2. Thirty-six meetings were held by
1894–95. The average attendance of th
but that of the officials declined and was
that the Government expects them to be
other duties permit. Seven seats were fil
these were contested, 80·7 per cent. of the

3. *Receipts.*—(1) Owing, apparently,
the number of persons assessed to the ta
current demand under this head rose from
under the tax on buildings showed a sligh
almost stationary. The result of the revis
now in progress, should be reported to Go
suggested in paragraph 7 of the Collector's
also be revised in the current year. The l
endorsement should be explained at an ear

(2) The collections, both current ar
lands and the current collections under the
to be regretted that Rs. 811 of the arrea
written off the books as irrecoverable an
realized. This loss of revenue would probs
more prompt in realizing the tax in previou
will be drawn to paragraph 8 of the Collec

(3) There was an increase in the
fishery rents. The decrease in the former
latter and has not been explained.

(4) The number of houses served b
from 1,495 to 1,750 and the service was w
council. The improvement effected in the
satisfactory. As, however, the number o
in this town is nearly 9,000, it is evident th
of the service.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—
taken during the year. The total outlay o
or 96·0 per cent. of the net municipal rec
Officer has not reported on the condition o
be allowed to recur—but from paragraph
that the metalled roads were in good order.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditur
cent. of the receipts from taxation. Of thi
and the rest on primary, education. As in
maintained four primary schools on the sala
schools with salary grants but the number o
23 to 26. Taken together the attendance in
and the examination results were satisfacto
pupil in the Muhammadan schools is rather
the current year. The allotment for grants
of boys in the municipal and aided schools
of the male population of school-going age.
in these institutions were unpassed, but a se
schoolmaster was opened in January 1896
trained.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—The number
hospital rose from 761 to 878 and that of
branch dispensary from 25,488 to 27,594.
during the year was good, this increase is s
hospital attended 68 cases of labour during t
against 124 in 1894–95. With reference
the municipal council's attention will be d

Assistant Collector's and paragraph 6 of th
decisions on the Civil Surgeon's suggestion
the remarks in his second letter read above.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—
during the year was 4,105, or fifteen less th
of the work turned out showed a slight
number of operations being successful again
vaccination also showed a retrogression, the
successfully vaccinated being 30·6 per mil
previous year. With reference to the con
Chairman's report, his attention will be draw
graph 11 of his second letter.

There was an increase in the number
a decline in that of deaths. The recorded
normal, the returns are evidently incomplet
measures have been adopted to secure accur
for a repetition of these remarks in future.

(5) *Sanitation.*—Seven per cent. of th
to lapse, and the expenditure amounted to
against 31·1 per cent. in the previous year
Chairman's report, however, the Governmen
been made to supply the sanitary needs of th
defects which should be remedied as far as fu

5. *General Remarks.*—The year closed w
cent. of the current receipts. Of this sum
expenditure on the water-supply scheme and
Jubilee subscriptions for the construction of a

The administration of the municipality d
to be fairly satisfactory. Increased attention sh
of vital statistics and sanitation in the current

(True Ext

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam.
" Collector of Tanjore.
" President, District Board, Tanjore.
" Accountant-General.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Commissioner.
" Sanitary Engineer.
Editors' Table.

Dispd 19/9/96

Negapatam municipal report
1895-96

1145

C.C.
P.S.

STATEMENT I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam during the official year 1895-96.

	Actuals, 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.			Actuals, 1895-96. Totals of Major Heads.			Budget Estimate for 1895-96.			Revised Estimate for 1895-96.			Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).		
1	2			3			4			5			6		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1. BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD—															
a. Municipal Fund				10026	9	9	8570	-	-	10030	-	-	12781	13	10
b. Endowments															
c. Water-tax Fund															
				52709	2	3									
2. MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES—															
a. Tax on arts, &c. (section 53) ..	14320	8	-				13000	-	-	13800	-	-	13413	8	-
b. Tax on buildings (section 63) ..	21,989	14	6				22000	-	-	22000	-	-	22043	9	7
c. Tax on lands (section 63) ..	968	12	3				1000	-	-	1000	-	-	1162	9	9
d. Water-tax on buildings and lands (section 75)															
e. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins (section 77) ..	1990	8	-				1950	-	-	1900	-	-	1887	-	-
f. Tax on animals (section 77) ..	1830	4	-				1950	-	-	1850	-	-	1792	-	-
g. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs (section 85) ..	1594	-	-				1900	-	-	1700	-	-	1652	-	-
h. Tolls (section 91)—															
Gross receipts 15013-10-3															
Less Local Fund share 4998-6-7	10015	3	6				10160	-	-	9940	-	-	10207	11	3
i. Penalties on account of—															
i. Tax on arts	-	-	-				10	-	-	10	-	-	9	-	-
ii. Tax on buildings ..	-	-	-				10	-	-	10	-	-	-	8	-
iii. Tax on lands	-	-	-				10	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Water-tax on buildings and lands	-	-	-												
v. Tax on vehicles, &c. ..	-	-	-				10	-	-	10	-	-	-	8	-
vi. Tax on animals	-	-	-				10	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
vii. Tax on carts, &c. ..	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			
vii. Evasion of tolls	-	-	-				-	-	-						
3. REALIZATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS—				120	-	-									
a. Pounds	-	-	-												
b. Ferry rents	-	-	-												
c. Fees under Act II of 1888 ..	120	-	-				-	-	-	60	-	-	60	-	-
Carried forward ..				52829	2	3	52010	-	-	52000	-	-	52228	6	7

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Nagapattinam during the official year 1895-96.—*continued.*

—	Details of Minor Heads.	Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		52,829 2 3	52,010 - -	52,000 - -	52,228 6 7
4. Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—		14,557 11 5			
a. i. Rent of lands	1469 5 4		1120 - -	1250 - -	1255 2 5
ii. Rent of buildings	144 - -		150 - -	150 - -	144 - -
iii. Avenue receipts	731 10 6		50 - -	50 - -	43 14 6
iv. Fees from Travellers' Bungalows	- - -	345			
b. i. Sale-proceeds of lands and buildings	- - -	1164			
ii. Produce of lands, gardens, &c.	688 5 10	3509	500 - -	600 - -	599 12 5
iii. Sale-proceeds of old materials, empty oil cans, packing cases, &c.	475 13 6		300 - -	500 - -	286 4 3
c. Conservancy receipts—					
Sale-proceeds of night-soil, street refuse, &c.	357 - -		200 - -	400 - -	147 1 7
d. i. Fees from educational institutions	79 7 -		100 - -	100 - -	123 7 9
ii. Other revenue from educational institutions ..	- - -				
e. i. Sale-proceeds and composition fees of medicines ..	272 14 7		250 - -	300 - -	269 7 9
ii. Other Hospital receipts ..	48 9 9		50 - -	50 - -	9 10 2
f. i. Income from markets ..	3831 8 3		3530 - -	3820 - -	3556 12 5
ii. ,, slaughter-houses.	1947 2 2		2000 - -	2000 - -	2027 6 -
g. Other fees					
i. Distraint fees	29 - -		50 - -	50 - -	29 4 -
ii. License fees	2145 11 8		1500 - -	2200 - -	2056 3 5
iii. Cartstand fees	70 - -		70 - -	70 - -	70 - -
iv. Other fees	3 - -		10 - -	10 - -	1 8 -
h. Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	1954 6 6		1300 - -	1500 - -	1158 7 9
i. Interest on investments					
i. General, including choultries	139 10 4		140 - -	140 - -	179 9 -
ii. Educational	- - -				
iii. Medical	150 2 -		150 - -	150 - -	193 - 6
j. Premium on loans					
Carried forward ..		67,386 13 8	63,500 - -	65,340 - -	64,379 6 7

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Nagapattinam during the official year 1895-96.—*cont.*

—	Details of Minor Heads.	Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		67,386 13 8	63,500 - -	65,340 - -	64,379 6 7
5. Grants and contributions—		163 8 9			
a. From Government—					
i. Education—					
Normal stipends ..	- - -		70 - -	30 - -	
Buildings	- - -				
Municipal Schools ..	- - -		270 - -	180 - -	167 11 1
Other purposes Gymnastic instructors	163 8 9				
ii. Medical					
iii. Other purposes—					
Communications ..					
Water-supply					
Drainage					
Sanitation					
Other purposes ..					
b. From Local Boards—		2790 7 8			
i. Education	- - -		1450 - -	1450 - -	1539 4 6
ii. Medical ..	1450 - -		1100 - -	1150 - -	909 8 6
iii. Other purposes Fines, &c. ..	1340 7 8				
c. Other grants and contributions—		1595- 8 6			
i. Education	48 - -		50 - -	50 - -	50 - -
ii. Medical	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -
iii. Other purposes	1547 8 6		- - -	20 - -	15 - -
6. Miscellaneous—		2975- 2 3			
a. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals—					
i. Private scavenging ..	2447 12 -		2400 - -	2350 - -	2313 8 -
ii. Other purposes	150 14 -		300 - -	130 - -	62 13 -
b. Other items—					
i. Fishery rents	243 1 -		300 - -	100 - -	507 12 6
ii. Refunds of Expenditure of previous year	5- - -		10 - -	10 - -	12 2 7
iii. Fee for numbering carts, &c.	63 9 0		70 - -	70 - -	70 13 -
iv. Other items	64 13 9		50 - -	90 - -	65- 1 10
Carried forward ..		74911 8 10	69,570 - -	70,970 - -	70,093 1 7

Statement I.—Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam during the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

	Actuals 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.			Actuals 1895-96. Totals of Major Heads.			Budget Estimate for 1895-96.			Revised Estimate for 1895-96.			Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).		
1	2			3			4			5			6		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Brought forward ..				74,911	8	10	69,570	.	-	70,970	.	-	70,093	1	7
7. Extraordinary and debt—															
a. Sale-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.															
b. Loans—															
i. From Government ..															
ii. In the market from private individuals															
c. Realizations of Sinking fund for repayment of loans.															
d. Advances—				3340	6	.									
i. Permanent	-	-	-	-	-	-									
ii. Others	3340	6	.				900	.	.	2200	.	.	584	3	11
Total Receipts ..				78,251	14	10	70470	.	.	73170	.	.	70677	5	6
Grand Total ..				88,278	8	7	78,980	.	-	83,200	.	-	83,659	3	4

Note to Statement I.

1. Tax on arts, &c., is levied on ~~the first~~ 5 / ~~all~~ classes.
2. Tax on buildings is levied at 6¼ per cent. and tax on lands at 6¼ per cent. of rent value. / annas one for every 80 square yards.
3. Water-tax on buildings and lands is not levied ~~at~~ per cent.
4. Tax on vehicles and animals is levied at —— the maximum rates.
5. Tax on carts, &c., is levied at Rs. 4 per cart. per annum.
6. Tolls are levied at —— the maximum rates.
7. License-fees are levied at the rates sanctioned in G.O. 534/25.5.88, 365/17.3.93, 747/7.6.93, 702/29.5.93, 773/6.11.93.
8. The house-tax registers were last revised in the official year 92-93 and the land tax registers in the official year 93-94.
9. Total extent of land assessed is 987 acres.
10. The mode of estimating the annual rental of houses and lands is as follows:—

Houses.—Estimated with reference to the rentals fetched by the adjoining houses actually leased out. In the case of Railway and government buildings the rentals are calculated at 7 p.c. on the gross value of the buildings.
Lands.—Estimated with reference to the actuals of adjoining lands actually leased.

Statement I-A.—Endowments entrusted to the Municipal Council under Sections 25 and 26 of Act V of 1884 for the official year 1895-96.

Name of Institution	Amount of Funded Capital.	Opening Balance.	Interest, Produce of Land, or Rent of buildings.	Appropriation from Capital for Expenditure.	Private Contributions and Donations.	Sale of Medicines or Sundry Property.	Total (Columns 4—7).	Contribution from Local Funds.	Contribution from Provincial Funds.	Total Receipts (Columns 3, 8 and 9).	Appropriation from Municipal Funds (Column 16 minus Column 10).	Invested.	Current Charges.	Total (Statement II).	Allotted for Public Works (Statement II-A).	Total Charges (Column 14 plus Column 15).	Closing Balance (Column 10 minus Column 16).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Municipal Hospital Negapatam	4,380-1		294-2-0	.	.	321-8-4	615-10-4	1450-0-0	.	2065-10-4	3833-12-9	.	5319-11-0	5319-11-0	579-12-1	5899-7-1	.	

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Nagapattinam for the official year 1895-96.

—	Actuals 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1895-96. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
GRANT I—(*Public Works*)—		2647 11 6			
1. New Works—					
a. Communications	512 12 3		600 - -	690 - -	1167 2 4
b. Buildings	1309 11 5		1730 - -	1650 - -	1921 6 4
c. Drainage	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -
d. Water-supply	825 3 10		1770 - -	1520 - -	132 4 6.
2. Repairs—		1338 11 11			
a. Communications	9089 1 8		9200 - -	8770 - -	9740 10 11
b. Buildings	995 - 8		530 - -	1320 - -	335 12 9
c. Drainage—					
i. Repairs to works ..					
ii. Establishment for flushing drains, &c.					
d. Water-supply—					
i. Repairs to works, machinery, & Labouring Establishment & Office	1176 7 8		1030 - -	1300 - -	2846 12 6
ii. Establishment	1244 14 1 / 803 3 10		900 - -	1100 - -	
iii. Contingencies	- - -		830 - -	810 - -	825 4 11
3. Establishment			20 - -	20 - -	- - -
4. Tools and Plant and other stores.		969 6 6	970 - -	970 - -	972 - -
5. Contributions—		43 2 6	30 - -	50 - -	38 8 -
a. To Local Boards for works ..					
b. To Provincial Funds for scrutiny of estimates, &c. ..					
c. To others for public works ..					
Total, Grant I ..		16969 - 5	17660 - -	18200 - -	18180 8 8.
GRANT II—(*Education*)—					
1. Training Schools—		62 12 -			
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Stipends to Normal students ..	59 5 3		190 - -	70 - -	
c. Provincial Schools ..	3 6 9		70 - -	50 - -	
2. Municipal Schools—					
i On Salary System—					
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies					
Carried forward ..		62 12 -	260 - -	120 - -	- - -

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fundof the Town of Negapatnam for the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1895-96. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward ..		62 12 -	260 - -	120 - -	- - -
GRANT II—(*Education*)—cont.					
ii. On Salary-Results System—		1760 13 2			
a. Fixed Payments	1252 12 -		1300 - -	1250 - -	1216 14 11
b. Result Grants	275 13 5		400 - -	400 - -	336 - -
c. Contingencies	232 3 9		230 - -	250 - -	274 15 9
3. Salary Grants		2045 8 3	2000 - -	2250 - -	2112 2 -
4. Results Grants		2359 7 -	2500 - -	2300 - -	2258 15 -
5. Combined Grants—					
a. Fixed Payments					
b. Result Grants					
6. Inspection—		375 11 6			
a. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
b. Municipal Inspectors—					
i. Establishment	358 - -		360 - -	360 - -	360 - -
ii. Contingencies	17 11 6		20 - -	20 - -	37 0 9.
7. Miscellaneous—		901 12 11			
a. Building, furniture, &c., grants ..	287 1 1		400 - -	350 - -	234 8 -
b. Common gymnasium—					
i. Establishment	357 1 6		360 - -	360 - -	335 6 3
ii. Contingencies	62 8 4		50 - -	90 - -	53 8 0
c. Common Drawing Master—					
i. Establishment	180 - -		180 - -	180 - -	151 8 -
ii. Contingencies	15 2 -		- - -	20 - -	15 8 9
d. Other items	- - -		20 - -	10 - -	7 - -
Total, Grant II ..		7506 - 10	8080 - -	7960 - -	7393 7 5
GRANT III—(*Sanitation and Medical Services*).		5319 11 -			
1. Hospitals and Dispensaries—					
a. Establishment	2219 6 6		2220 - -	2190 - -	2185 6 11
b. Medicines and Supplies	1401 2 -		750 - -	1450 - -	1664 5 3
c. Diet of Patients	981 0 10		950 - -	950 - -	813 3 -
d. Sundries and Contingencies ..	718 1 8		660 - -	660 - -	758 9 11
e. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
&c., &c., &c. .					
Carried forward ..		5319 11 -	4580 - -	5250 - -	5421 9 1

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1895-96. Total of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		5319 11 5	4580 - -	5250 - -	5421 9 1
GRANT III—*Sanitation and Medical Services*—cont.					
2. *a.* Contributions to Provincial funds for—		250 - -			
i. Medical College ..					
ii. Sanitary Inspection ..	242 - -		220 - -	230 - -	228 - -
iii. Medical Reserve staff ..	- - -				
iv. Cutlers' Establishment ..	8 - -			10 - -	
b. Contributions to Local Boards, &c., for—		341 - -			
i. Medical Schools ..	300 - -		300 - -	300 - -	300 - -
ii. Reserve staff	41 - -		50 - -	50 - -	41 9 6
&c., &c., &c, ..					
c. Other contributions	- - -				
3. Vaccination—		849 3 1			
a. Establishment	465 6 9		570 - -	570 - -	505 3 9
b. Contingencies	374 12 4		290 - -	350 - -	256 8 1
c. Contributions to Local Boards ..					
4. Registration of Births and Deaths—		969 7 5			
a. Establishment	825 4 3		840 - -	830 - -	805 2 11
b. Contingencies	144 3 2		160 - -	130 - -	166 3 4
5. Conservancy, Road cleaning and Road watering—		21214 4 11			22006 9 4
a. i. Establishment	5368 7 5		5590 - -	5490 - -	5201 13 8
ii. Other charges such as purchase or hire of carts, dry earth, purchase and maintenance or hire of bullocks (rubbish and sewage carts).	8599 9 -		9250 - -	8750 - -	10107 9 8
b. Private scavenging—					
i. Establishment	2280 - -		2280 - -	2280 - -	2220 - -
ii. Contingencies	- - -		- - -	30 - -	
c. Public latrine—					
i. Establishment	1008 - -		1400 - -	1000 - -	1074 - -
ii. contingencies such as cost of night soil carts.	3044 4 7		3450 - -	3550 - -	2368 12 6
d. Cholera charges	73 15 9		500 - -	100 - -	97 1 9
e. Contingencies	492 1 11		500 - -	800 - -	648 12 -
f. Kandri feast arrangments	347 14 3		300 - -	300 - -	292 4 9
Total, Grant III ...		28934 10 5	29770 - -	29650 - -	29731 14 9

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

—	Actuals 1895-96. Details of Minor Heads.	Actuals 1895-96. Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*).					
1. Lighting—		5905 2 -			
a. Establishment	1577 1 7		1740 - -	1630 - -	1542 4 1
b. Contingencies	4368 0 5		4000 - -	3500 - -	3643 14 6
2. i. Markets—		378 13 -			
a. Establishment	372 15 6		430 - -	400 - -	403 - -
b. Contingencies	5 13 6		10 - -	10 - -	3 9 -
ii. Slaughter-houses—		144 7 4			
a. Establishment	109 - -		280 - -	140 - -	60 - -
b. Contingencies	35 7 4		10 - -	20 - -	44 10 6
3. Choultries—					
a. Establishment					
b Contingencies					
c. Feeding Travellers					
4. Travellers' bungalows—					
a. Establishment					
b. Contingencies					
5. Avenues—		309 12 4			
a. Establishment	248 12 6		240 - -	260 - -	235 12 3
b. Contingencies	53 15 10		60 - -	20 - -	8 - 8
6. Public Garden—		1259 15 9			
a. Establishment	716 10 9		790 - -	750 - -	728 6 3
b. Purchase of seeds, repair of well, purchase of bullocks, &c. ..	543 5 -		270 - -	270 - -	243 11 2
7. Survey of land		54 5 -	80 - -	80 - -	
8. Fire—					
a. Establishment					
b. Purchase of fire-engine, buckets, repairs, &c.		1314 4 9	1040 - -	1100 - -	972 1 5
9. Other charges—					
i. Work done for private individuals other than private scavenging					
Carried forward ..		8052 7 5	7910 - -	7080 - -	6913 12 5

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

—	Details of Minor Heads.	Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Brought forward ..		8052 7 5	7910 - -	7050 - -	6913 12 5
GRANT IV—(*Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal purposes*)—cont.		1314 4 9			
9. Other Charges—*cont.*		1015 10 6	1040 - -	1100 - -	972 1 5
ii. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes ..	38 - -		50 - -	20 - -	28 2 -
iii. Printing	586 - -		600 - -	600 - -	522 4 -
iv. Compensation for lands ..	- - -		- - -	- - -	544 8 -
v. Other items	19 8 -		20 - -	20 - -	13 - -
vi. Law charges	345 5 4		200 - -	300 - -	360 4 6
vii. Encumbering estates ..	26 13 2		30 - -	30 - -	31 10 3
Total, Grant IV ..		9068 1 11	8810 - -	8050 - -	8413 5 2
GRANT V—					
a. General Establishment—		6150 7 7			
i. Office Establishment ..	2750 12 7		3000 - -	2760 - -	2752 14 4
ii. Inspection	120 - -		- - -	120 - -	- - -
b. Collection of Municipal Taxes—					
i. Establishment	747 15 3		1840 - -	1760 - -	1711 6 1
ii. Purchase of account books, paper, money-boxes, repair to out-posts, &c. ..	300 3 10		450 - -	450 - -	435 1 5
c. Collection of Tolls—					
i. Establishment					
ii. Contingencies					
d. Office contingencies other than (b) (ii)	748 9 6		650 - -	650 - -	742 - 7
e. Contributions for Central office and Audit establishments ..	420 - -		420 - -	420 - -	330 - -
f. Collector's office establishment ..	62 14 5		60 - -	60 - -	57 7 10
Total, Grant V ..		6150 7 7	6420 - -	6220 - -	6098 14 3
Repayment of Debt—					
a. Instalments paid during the year.					
b. Invested on account of Sinking Fund (Value of securities purchased)					
c. Charges of investment ..					
Interest—					
a. On account of last year ..					
b. ,, of current years.					

Statement II.—Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96—*cont.*

—	Details of Minor Heads.	Totals of Major Heads.	Budget Estimate for 1895-96.	Revised Estimate for 1895-96.	Actuals, 1894-95 (audited figures).
1	2	3	4	5	6
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Advances recoverable—		921 8 11			
a. Permanent	80 - -		50 - -	50 - -	120 - -
b. Others	841 8 11		50 - -	610 - -	3678 10 11
Refunds of other than current collections ..		2126 4 8	20 - -	2120 - -	15 13 7
Discount					
Pensions and gratuities					
Investments—					
a. In Government securities for purposes other than Sinking Fund					
b. In Savings Bank					
Total Expenditure ..		71676 12 9	70860 - -	72860 - -	73632 9 7
Balances—					
a. Municipal Fund		16601 11 10	8120 - -	10340 - -	10026 9 9
b. Endowments					
c. Water-tax Fund					
Grand Total ..		88278 8 7	78980 - -	83200 - -	83659 3 4

Note to Statement II.

Position of the Municipality of Negapatam *on 31st March 1896.*

Liabilities.	RS.
Liabilities—	
Balance of Loans	"
Deposits to be adjusted	7198. 0. 7
Other Liabilities (in detail)	
Cost of printing annual statements for 1894-95 and the proceedings of the Council due to Pooma Chandrodia Press Tanjore . .	277. 4. 9
Total ..	7975. 5. 4

Assets.		RS.
Municipal Balance ..	Cash	1106. 3. 4
	Securities	5532. 8. 6
Deposit Balance ..	Cash	342. 12. 8
	Securities	4276. 3-11
Sinking Fund of loans		"
Funded Capital of endowed institutions, Hospitals, &c.		4300. "
Total ..		28599. 12. 5
Value of Premises, &c.		76927. "
Do. of Tools and plant		2001. 9. 5
Do. of Live stock		"
Do. of Furniture		1228. 10. 6
Arrears of taxes, &c.		2620. 7. 6
Other assets (in detail)		"
Total ..		100777. 11. 5
Claims—		
Advances Recoverable—		
Permanent advance		350. " "
Advances for works, &c.		1179. 13. 10
Total ..		1529. 13. 10

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure on Public Works.
Part I.—New Works.

Number.	Project.	Amount of estimate. RS.	Past expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Expenditure in 189 -9 . RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
(a)	Communications ..								
1	Metalling [illegible] bank street and building a channel	300	206	5	3	83	7	9	
2	Constructing a tunnel in Holland Street	455	419	10	3	36	3	-	
3	Reconstructing a tunnel in Thiruvengadatha Pillay street	42	31	10	4	9	15	3	
	Metalling the road leading to timber and fuel yards	255	-	-	-	141	0	3	
	Constructing a tunnel in do	112	-	-	-	100	6	3	
	Constructing a tunnel in Beach Road	175	-	-	-	141	11	9	
	Total ..	1,339	657	9	10	512	12	3	✓
(b)	Buildings								
1	Erecting three iron latrines	350	-	-	-	332	5	4	×
2	Erecting a bullock shed in Kadambady	142	-	-	-	138	7	6	
3	Do. another in [illegible]	42	-	-	-	36	12	-	
	Erecting a verandah on the southern side of the Engine shed and a stone room	300	-	-	-	340	14	3	×
	Erecting a thatched building for the Nambiyar Kuppam school	65	-	-	-	58	9	4	×
	Erecting a tatty latrine near Karian Pillayar Covil street	31	-	-	-	30	15	10	×
	Altering 10 stalls in the market	250	-	-	-	249	4	1	✓
	Erecting a partition wall in the market	220	-	-	-	117	4	7	✓
	Erecting a tatty latrine [illegible]	5	-	-	-	4	8	6	×
	Total ..	1405	-	-	-	1309	11	5	✓

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*
Part I.—New Works.—*cont.*

Number	Project.	Amount of estimate. RS.	Past expenditure. RS.	A.	P	Expenditure in 189 -9 . RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5			6
(c)	Drainage								
1									
2	Nil								
3									
	Total ..								
(d)	Water-supply								
1	Constructing an outlet to [illegible]	265	.	.	.	264	8	7	
2	Sinking a well near the Police station	250	.	.	.	212	3	10	
3	Taking surveys and levels for the water supply scheme	1500	.	.	.	348	7	5	
	Total ..	2015	.	.	.	825	3	10	✓

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs.

Number.	Project.	Grant. RS.	A.	P.	Actual expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
(a)	Communications	8770	.	.				Total mileage of roads streets, lanes, &c., in the town.
1	Repairing tunnel at Ramanai Kolam (?) road				72	7	3	
2	Repairing road to burning ground				122	3	9	Metalled or Gravelled 14; Unmetalled. 46
3	Regravelling Kadambody (?) road.				374	12	6	
	Maintenance of metalled roads. Establishment Rs 2022. 7. 1. Gravel for do. Rs 2779. 1. 6				4801	8	7	Total mileage under maintenance.
	Repairing tunnel in Nagore road near Velipalayam (?) junction				142	9	8	Metalled or Gravelled 14; Unmetalled. 46.
	Main road repairs in Nagapatam (?)				338	3	1	
	Do — Velipalayam (?)				99	3	10	
	Do — Nagore				181	15	—	
	Repairing a tunnel in ferry road				5	0	9	
	Repairing road west of Ganapathi (?) Pillay's tank				76	8	.	
	Gravelling Nagore road 2nd mile from opposite Ramalinga (?) tank to washerman street				500	8	.	
	Do — 3rd mile from Ramasawmy (?) Pillay's bungalow to Balakrishna Pillay's choultry.				535	8	3	
	Regravelling canal (?) civil road.				1838	9	.	
	Total ..	8770	-	-	9059	1	8	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number.	Project.	Grant. RS.	A.	P.	Actual expenditure. RS.	A.	P.	Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
(b)	Buildings	1320	.	.				
1	Repairing toll gates 1 and 5				18	6	.	×
2	Repairing office store room.				4	0	3	
3	Repairing the hospital buildings and the outhouses				579	12	1	
	Repairing the meeting hall shed				10	.	.	
	Repairing the office verandah.				78	11	3	
	Repairing the Nagore slaughter house				115	4	2	
	Repairing the Nambiar (?) [illegible] school house				16	-	-	⊗
	Repairing the dustbins in Nagapatam (?)				167	13	5	
	Repairing the masonry [illegible] Velipalayam (?)				5	1	6	
	Total ..	1320	-	-	995	-	8	

Statement II-A.—Details of Expenditure, &c.—*cont.*

Part II.—Repairs—*cont.*

Number	Project.	Grant.			Actual expenditure.			Remarks.
1	2	3			4			5
		Rs.	A	P	Rs.	A	P	
(c)	Drainage							
1								
2								
3								
	Nil.							
	Total ..							
(d)	Water-supply	2400	-	-				
1	Cost of articles & coal for working Public Engine				1244	14	1	
2	& work							
3	Cleaning Embedded Tank.				209	2	7	
	Cleaning Annual Koil Tank.				372	13	4.	
	Supplying Degorum Tanks with mud water				80	12	-	
	Do. & Depalayam Tanks. Do.				40	-	-	
	Do. Vagore Tanks Do.				115	14	3	
	Cleaning and repairing the office well				65	13	6	
	Cleaning well in Public Tank one in Kumaikottai Street and another in Vagore				11	4	-	
	Deepening the Tank within the office compound				147	6	-	
	Repairing Woman Roles & the supply channels to Tower Tanks				133	6	-	
	Total ..	2400	-	-	2421	15	9	

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments.

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A	P.
GRANT I. ~~2. c. Drainage~~ 1. a. Repairs Communication.							
~~Overseers~~ 1. Headcoolie on Rs. 8. per mensem	1	8	-	-	96	-	-
~~Drain cleaners~~ Headcoolies on Rs. 7 each ..	2	14	-	-	168	-	-
Coolies on Rs. 6. Each.	6.	39	-	-	468	-	-
Do. on Rs. 6 Each.	8	48	-	-	576	-	-
Do. on Rs. 4 Each	16	64	-	-	768	-	-
Total ..	33	173	-	-	2076	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					53	8	11
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					2022	7	1
d. Water works— Repairs Water Supply & Establishment	3						
~~Overseers~~ Engine Driver ..	1	15-	-	-	180	-	-
Fireman	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
~~Watchmen~~ Watchmen on Rs. 6. each	3	18	-	-	216	-	-
Do on Rs. 5—	3	15—	-	-	180.	-	-
Do. on Rs. 4—	2	8	-	-	96	-	-
Do. on Rs. 3—	1	3	-	-	36	-	-
Total ..	11	69	-	-	828	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					24	12	2
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					803	3	10
3. General.—							
Overseers	1	75-	-	-	900	-	-
~~Muistries~~ Lascar	1	6	-	-	72	-	-
Total ..	2	81	-	-	972	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					2	9	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					969	6	6

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—EDUCATION—							
1. TRAINING SCHOOLS—							
Pupils receiving scholarships from 21 July 95 [illegible] for do.	1/6	8	.	.	58	9	3
			2	.	0	12	0
Total ..					59	5	3
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					59	5	3
2. MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS—							
a. On the Salary System—							
Head Master							
1st Assistant Master							
2nd „ „							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS	A	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—EDUCATION—*cont.*							
b. On the Salary Result System—							
Head masters on Rs 12 per mensem one for 12 months & another for 11 months & 20 days	2	24	.	.	276	6	4.
1st assistant masters on Rs 10 per mensem	2	20	.	.	240	-	-
2nd & 3rd assistants on Rs 7 each (3 for 12 months & one for 9 months)	4	28	.	.	315	-	-
Hindustani munshis at Rs 8 each	2	16	.	.	192	-	-
Peons on Rs 4 each	2	8	.	.	96	-	-
Sweepers on annas 8 each	2	1	.	.	12	-	-
[illegible] School Teacher	1	5	.	.	60	-	-
[illegible] School Teacher (for 11 months and 5 days)	1	7	.	.	78	2	8
Pay of do. for the period of suspension of the 4th assistant teacher which order was since cancelled					10	6	6.
Total ..	16	109	.	.	1279	15	6
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					27	3	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					—	—	—
Balance (Statement II) ..					1252	12	0.

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT II.—Education—*cont.*							
6. Inspection—							
Inspecting schoolmaster	1	30	-	-	360	-	-
Total ..	1	30	-	-	360	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					2	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					358	-	-
7. *b.* Gymnastic Instructors @ Rs. 15 each ..	2	30	-	-	360	-	-
Total ..	2	30	-	-	360	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					2	4	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					357	12	6
c. Drawing Masters	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Total ..	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					180	-	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—							
1. Hospitals and Dispensaries—							
Medical Subordinates @ Rs. 30 [illegible]	1	30	-	-	360	-	-
Do. who acts for one month for do.	1	25	-	-	25	-	-
" Do. " Peon attendant	1	25	-	-	300	-	-
Do. for months acts for do. from (illegible)	1	25	-	-	5	13	11
Midwife	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Clerk	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Compounder	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
~~Servants~~ Do.	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
" Do	1	7	-	-	84	-	-
" Peon	1	7	-	-	84	-	-
" Peon	1	5	-	-	60	-	-
Nurses @ Rs. 5 each	2	10	-	-	120	-	-
Dhoby, male	1	7	-	-	84	-	-
Do. female	1	3	-	-	36	-	-
Conservancy sweeper	1	6	8	-	78	-	-
Hard coolies	1	6	8	-	78	-	-
Cook	1	6	-	-	72	-	-
Waterman and gardener	1	6	-	-	72	-	-
Dhoby @ Rs. 5 for 6 months and @ Rs. 7 for 6 months 3	1	7	-	-	72	-	-
Sweeper	1	4	-	-	48	-	-
Total ..	21	235	-	-	2241	13	11
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					27	13	1
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					5	5	8
Balance (Statement II) ..					2219	6	6

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
3. Vaccination—							
Vaccinators 1st Class ..	1	18	-	-	216	-	-
Do. 2nd Class.	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
~~Peons~~ Vaccinatrix.	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
Total ..	3	43	-	-	516	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					50	9	3
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					465	6	9
4. Registration—							
Registration Clerk							
Registrars on Rs 8 Each ..	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
Do. on Rs 7 Each ..	4	32	-	-	384	-	-
Peons	4	28	-	-	336	-	-
Total ..	9	70	-	-	840	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					14	11	9
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					825	4	3

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
5. *a.* "Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering."—							
Chief Sanitary Inspector on Rs 55 for 6 months and Rs 65 for 6 months ..	1	60	-	-	720	-	-
Nuisance Inspectors ..	1	20	-	-	240	-	-
Do on Rs 15 Each ..	3	45	-	-	540	-	-
" Nuisance	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
" Peon	1	7	-	-	84	-	-
Maistries	13	78	-	-	936	-	-
Scavengers Peons on Rs 6 Each ..	43	236	8	-	2838	-	-
Sweepers and Scavenger Peons on Rs 5 Each	1	5	8	-	11	-	-
Do. for 2 months.	68	272	-	-	3264	-	-
Female Do. on Rs 4 Each	2	8	-	-	8	-	-
Do. for one month.					7	8	-
Leave allowance to Inspector							
Pay of one Inspector for 2 months who underwent a course of training in Hygiene in the Sanitary Inspector's class medical college Madras at Rs 15 per mensem					30	-	-
Total ..	134	747	-	-	8798	8	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					157	0	7
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					15	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					8656	7	5

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

——	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT III.—Sanitation and Medical Services—*cont.*							
b. Private Scavenging—							
Inspectors							
Maistries							
Scavengers							
		Vide Above					
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—							
1. Lighting—							
Superintendents	1	10	-	-	120	-	-
~~Masalchies~~ Do	1	8	-	-	96	-	-
Masalchies and 6. Each.	18	108	-	-	1296	-	-
Do. do Rs 6 Each for 4 months	2	12	-	-	48	-	-
additional Lighting Supervisor for 1 month and 21 days	1	10	-	-	16	12	5
Total ..	24	155	-	-	1660	12	5
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					63	10	10
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					1597	1	7

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

——	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont*							
2. i. Markets—							
~~Superintendents~~ Market Serang at Rs 15 for 7 months and Rs 12 for 5 months	1	15	-	-	165	-	-
~~Servants~~ Peons	1	6	-	-	72	-	-
Servants male	1	5	-	-	60	-	-
Do female at Rs 4 each	2	8	-	-	76	-	-
Total ..	5	34	-	-	393	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					20	-	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					372	5	6
ii. Slaughter-houses—							
~~Superintendents~~ Sweeper for 7 months	1	7	-	-	49	-	-
Servants Female	1	5	-	-	60	-	-
Total ..	2	12	-	-	109	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					109	-	-
3. Choultries—							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT IV.—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.*							
4. Travellers' Bungalows—							
Maty							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
5. Avenues—							
~~Servants~~ .. Head Cooly for 2 months ..	1	7	-	-	14	-	-
Female Coolies @ Rs. 6. Each.	2	12			144	-	-
Do. Females @ Rs 4. Each.	2	8	-	-	96	-	-
Total ..	5	27	-	-	254	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					8	3	6
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					245	12	6
6. Public Galden—							
Gardeners Serang Rs. ..	1	15					
Gardeners @ Rs. 6 Each . . .	4	24	-	-	180	-	-
Do @ Rs. 5 1/2 Each . . .	3	15	-	-	238	-	-
Do @ Rs. 3 3/4 Each . . .	1	3	12	-	189	-	-
Do @ Rs. 2 1/2 Each . . .	1	2	8	-	45	-	-
					30	-	-
Total ..	10	61	-	-	732	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					15	5	3
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					716	10	9

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
GRANT IV—Lighting and Miscellaneous Municipal Purposes—*cont.*							
8. Fire—							
Servants							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							
9.—							

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—							
i. Office—							
Manager	1	65	-	-	780	-	-
Clerks Head Clerk	1	30	-	-	360	-	-
" Head Accountant	1	30	-	-	360	-	-
" 2nd Clerk	1	25	-	-	300	-	-
Accountants Cashkeeper	1	20	-	-	240	-	-
Peons 3rd Clerk	1	15	-	-	180	-	-
4th Clerk —	1	10			120	-	-
attendant —	1	7	-	-	84	-	-
Head Peon —	1	8	-	-	96	-	-
Peons at Rs 7 each -	2	14	-	-	168	-	-
Messenger —	1	6	-	-	72	-	-
Total ..	12	230	-	-	2760	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					9	3	5
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					2750	27	
ii. Inspection—							
Chairman's salary or carriage allowance at Rs 40 .. per mensem —	3 1	40	-	-	120	-	-
Total ..	1	40	-	-	120	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					-	-	-
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..					120	-	-

Statement II-B.—Details of Municipal Establishments—*cont.*

—	Number.	Salary per mensem.			Salary per annum.		
1	2	3			4		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
GRANT V.—*a.* General Establishment—*cont.*							
b. Collection—							
Clerks Revenue Inspector ..	1	25	-	-	300	-	-
Bill Collectors at Rs 12 each ..	6	72	-	-	864	-	-
Peons Do .. at Rs 12 for 11 months, and Rs 10 for 1 month	1	12	-	-	142	-	-
2 at Rs 10 each	2	20	-	-	240	-	-
Havildar peons at Rs 6 each	4	24	-	-	288	-	-
Total ..	14	153	-	-	1834	-	-
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..					86	-	9
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..					-	-	-
Balance (Statement II) ..					1747	153	
c. Collection of tolls—							
Inspectors							
Gate-keepers							
Total ..							
Deduct Fines and Stoppages ..							
Add arrears for last year paid this year ..							
Balance (Statement II) ..							

STATEMENT III.—*Municipality of* Nagapatam Abstract of Deposits Account for the year 1895-96.

	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Balance brought forward ..	7824	14	4				
1. Deposits by appellants	1286	3	-	1. Credited to Municipal Funds ..	4755	15	1
2. Deposits by renters	3394	10	8	2. Returned to appellants	156	5	-
3. Deposits by contractors	1192	12	5	3. Returned to renters	-	-	-
4. Deposits as security by municipal servants	346	12	6	4. Returned to contractors	1205	2	11
				5. Returned to municipal servants ..	269	14	11
5. Deposited for the execution of work for which private parties are liable ..	114	1	-	6. Returned to parties	91	4	-
6. Other deposits under the Act or bye-laws	25	4	10	7. Paid to claimants	8	-	-
				Total ..	6486	9	11
Total, Receipts ..	6359	12	5	Balance ..	7698	4	7
Total, including balance ..	14184	0	6	Total ..	14184	0	6

STATEMENT IV-A.—*Municipality of* Nagapatam — Demand, Collection and Balance tatement for the year 1895-96.

Current.

Tax.	Demand as originally assessed by the Chairman.			Remitted by the Council on appeal.			Demand as finally settled (column 2 *minus* column 3).			Collected.			Remitted on account of vacant houses, &c.			Written off as irrecoverable.			Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7).		
1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	15971	-	-	645	-	-	15326	-	-	13763	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	1393	4	4
2. Tax on buildings	22058	6	3	32	3	-	22026	3	3	21361	0	10	4	4	2	20	1	-	640	13	3
3. Tax on lands	1011	4	-	-	-	-	1011	4	-	854	10	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	154	7	-
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Tolls (gross receipts)	14871	-	-	-	-	-	14871	-	-	14871 (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Market rents	3810	-	-	-	-	-	3810	-	-	3810 (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Slaughter-house fees	1932	15	-	-	-	-	1932	15	-	1932 (c)	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Rent of cart-stands	70	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Private scavenging fees	2504	-	-	-	-	-	2504	-	-	2447	6	-	-	-	-	17	10	-	39	-	-
10. Tax on vehicles with springs	2031	-	-	-	-	-	2031	-	-	1903	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	127	8	-
11. Tax on animals	1865	4	-	-	-	-	1865	4	-	1774	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	8	-
12. Tax on carts without springs	1592	-	-	-	-	-	1592	-	-	1580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
13. Rent on Canji	1462	8	10	-	-	-	1462	8	10	1377	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	8	-
14. Rent on buildings	144	-	-	-	-	-	144	-	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Receipts from pandaras	688	5	10	-	-	-	688	5	10	688	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total ..	70011	11	11	677	3	-	69334	8	11	66577	10	6	4	4	2	209	14	-	2542	12	3

(a) Excluding of interest Rs 142-10-3.
(b) Do. Do. Rs. 21-8-3.
(c) Do. Do. Rs. 11-4-2.

620-7-6

Statement IV-B.—Arrears.

—	Balance of old demand.			Arrears of previous year.			Total demand.			Collected.			Remitted.			Written off.			Balance (column 4 *minus* columns 5, 6 and 7).			Years to which the balance relates.			
1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8			9			
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P	RS.	A.	P.	A.	B.	C.	&c.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	15	-	-	1404	-	-	1419	-	-	557	8	-	19	-	-	792	8	-	50	-	-	94-95	-	-	
2. Tax on buildings	36	8	2	660	6	9	696	14	11	628	13	8	4	14	3	62	13	-	-	6	-	94-95	-	-	
3. Tax on lands	19	2	-	102	1	3	121	3	3	114	2	3	-	-	-	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5. Tolls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6. Market rents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7. Slaughter-house fees	-	-	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8. Rent of cart-stands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9. Private scavenging fees	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10 Tax on vehicles with springs.	48	-	-	99	-	-	147	-	-	87	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	6	-	-	93-94	-	-	
11. Tax on animals.	53	12	-	65	-	-	118	12	-	55	8	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	7	4	-	do.			
12. Tax on carts.	70	-	-	8	-	-	78	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	-	6	-	-	94-95			
13 Duties on lands	8	15	6	96	13	9	105	13	3	92	4	6	-	-	-	5	7	6	8	1	3	94-95			
14 Duties on buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
15. Receipts from pounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total ..	257	5	8	2438	10	9	2690	-	5	1552	9	5	23	14	3	1035	13	6	77	11	3				

Appendix A to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Warrants remaining unexecuted at the beginning of the year.				Warrants issued during the year.				Total.				Warrants executed and warrants cancelled during the year.				Warrants remaining unexecuted at the close of the year.				Cancelled warrants on which no collections were made.				Collected after issue of warrants, but before distraint.				Property distrained, but not sold.				Property sold.			
	Number.	Amount involved.			Number.	Amount involved.			Number.	Amount involved.			Number.	Amount involved.			Number.	Amount involved.			Number of cases.	Amount involved.			Number of cases.	Amount.			Number of cases.	Amount realized on distraint.			Number of cases.	Amount realized by sale.		
1	2	3			4	5			6	7			8	9			10	11			12	13			14	15			16	17			18	19		
		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A	P.		RS.	A	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
1. Tax on arts, &c. ..	163	818	8	-	631	2693	6	-	794	3512	-	-	593	2590	8	-	201	921	8	-	60	373	6	-	523	2181	-	-	9	32	-	-	1	3	-	-
2. Tax on buildings ..	239	317	1	6	602	1189	7	5	841	1506	8	11	683	1214	3	9	158	292	5	2	31	19	5	-	649	1191	2	9	5	3	12	-	-	-	-	-
3. Tax on lands ..	55	36	13	-	55	85	13	6	110	122	10	6	90	103	9	-	20	19	1	6	3	1	7	-	87	102	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..																																				
6. Tax on animals ..	78	239	8	-	277	995	-	-	355	1234	8	-	308	1065	-	-	47	169	8	-	41	118	-	-	253	892	-	-	14	55	-	-	4	4	-	-
7. Tax on carts, &c ..																																				
Total ..	535	1411	14	6	1565	4963	12	11	2100	6375	11	5	1674	4973	4	9	426	1402	6	8	135	512	4	-	1510	4366	4	9	20	91	12	-	1	3	-	-

Appedix B to Statements IV-A and IV-B.

Taxes.	Prosecutions instituted.				Collections before judgment.				Collections after judgment.				Prosecutions withdrawn or dismissed.				Balance.			
	Number of cases.	Amount involved.			Number of cases.	Amount collected			Number of cases.	Amount collected.			Number of cases.	Amount involved.			Number of cases.	Amount involved.		
1	2	3			4	5			6	7			8	9			10	11		
		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
1. Tax on arts, &c.	1	12	8	-	1	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 Tax on buildings.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Tax on lands ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Water-tax on buildings and lands ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Tax on vehicles with springs and palanquins ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Tax on animals ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Tax on carts and other vehicles without springs.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total ..	1	12	8	-	1	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statement V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Nagapattam for the official year 1895-96.

STATEMENT V-A.—Showing the Satistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96.

Schools.	Number of schools.				Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .		Average attendance throughout the year.	Receipts.					Expenditure.					Net cost to Municipality.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools.	Remarks.
	At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed in the year.	At the close of the year.	Boys.	Girls.		Grants from Provincial Funds.	Grants from Local Funds.	School fees.	Other receipts.	Total.	Masters.			Contingencies and Miscellaneous.	Total.			
													Fixed salary (masters, clerks and servants).	Results grant.	School fees.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I.—Colleges																				
II.—Upper Secondary Schools and Departments.																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				
Total of Colleges and Upper Secondary Schools and Departments ..																				
III.—Lower Secondary Schools and Departments.																				
(a) Salary System—																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				
(b) Salary-results System—																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				
Total, College and Secondary Schools.																				
IV.—Primary Schools and Departments.																				
(a) Salary System—																				
(1)																				
(2)																				
(3)																				
Total ..																				

STATEMENT V-A.—Showing the Statistics of Municipal Schools in the Municipality of Negapatam for the official year 1895–96.—cont.

Schools.	Number of schools: At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed in the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 : Boys.	Girls.	Average attendance throughout the year.	Receipts: Grants from Provincial Funds. (RS. A. P.)	Grants from Local Funds. (RS. A. P.)	School fees. (RS. A. P.)	Other receipts. (RS. A. P.)	Total. (RS. A. P.)	Expenditure: Masters: Fixed salary (masters, clerks and servants). (RS. A. P.)	Results grant. (RS. A. P.)	School fees. (RS. A. P.)	Contingencies and miscellaneous. (RS. A. P.)	Total (RS. A. P.)	Net cost to Municipality. (RS. A. P.)	Average net cost per pupil in each class of municipal schools. (RS. A. P.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
(b) Salary-results System—																				
(1) Ind. Anglo-vernacular School Negapatam	1	.	.	1	101	.	76	. . .	. . .	48 7 9	. . .	48 7 9	564 14 3	125 12 5	. . .	146 . .	836 10 8	788 2 11	10 5 11	✓
(2) Do. Nagore	1	.	.	1	108	.	71	. . .	. . .	47 13 6	. . .	47 13 6	550 2 4	110 1 .	. . .	82 6 6	742 9 10	694 12 4	9 12 7	✓
(3) Pappanacherry School	1	.	.	1	44	.	27	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	60 . .	27 15 .	. . .	. . .	87 15 .	87 15 .	3 4 1	✓
Kambiar Heppam Do.	1	.	.	1	37	.	26	. . .	. . .	3 1 9	. . .	3 1 9	77 11 5	12 1 .	. . .	3 13 3	93 9 8	90 7 11	3 7 4	✓
Total ..	4	.	.	4	290	.	200	. . .	. . .	99 7 .	. . .	99 7 .	252 12 .	275 13 5	. . .	232 3 9	1760 13 2	1661 6 2	8 4 11	
Total, Primary Schools ..	4	.	.	4	290	.	200	. . .	. . .	99 7 .	. . .	99 7 .	252 12 .	275 13 5	. . .	232 3 9	1760 13 2	1661 6 2	8 4 11	
Grand Total of all Schools and Colleges ..	4	.	.	4	290	.	200	. . .	. . .	99 7 .	. . .	99 7 .	252 12 .	275 13 5	. . .	232 3 9	1760 13 2	1661 6 2	8 4 11	

Results stipends were paid at the maximum rates.

1661-6-2

Foot-note to Statement V-A.

NUMBER of Students from Municipal Schools and Colleges who appeared for and passed the several Examinations during the year.

Examinations.	Number of Pupils examined.	Number of Pupils passed.
First in Arts		
Matriculation ..		
Upper Secondary ..		
Lower Secondary ..		
Primary School ..		
Infant Standard ..	35	28
First Standard ..	33	24
Second Standard ..	34	31
Third Standard ..	11	11
Fourth Standard ..	11	11
	124 ✓	105 ✓

STATEMENT V-B.—Showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the Municipality of Negapatam for the official year 1895-96.

Schools.	Number of Schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 Boys.	Girls.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Full amount of grant earned. (RS. A. P.)	Amount of such grant payable. (RS. A. P.)	Amount disbursed. For current year. (RS. A. P.)	For previous year. (RS. A. P.)	Total. (RS. A. P.)	Paid as salaries to masters. (RS. A. P.)	Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15. (RS. A. P.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GRANT-IN-AID.																
A. Result Grant (i.e., Schools actually examined for results grants)—																Rate at which grants were paid.
(a) Secondary ..																
Total ..																
(b) Primary																
1. S. S. Kadambady Poor School	1	.	.	1	48	15	21/2	14/2	51 8 .	51 8 .	50 11 .	16 2 .	66 13 .		66 13 .	Results grants were paid at the maximum rates.
2. S. P. G. S. School.	1	.	.	1	46	.	28	23	117 12 .	117 12 .	103 . .	. . .	103 . .		103 . .	
3. L. S. A. S. School.	1	.	.	1	34	.	23	14	47 . .	47 . .	46 9 .	. . .	46 9 .		46 9 .	
4. S. S. College Branch School	1	.	.	1	105	.	76	69	375 6 .	375 6 .	371 10 .	. . .	371 10 .		371 10 .	
5. S. S. College Primary School. X	1	.	.	1	109	.	75	73	367 2 .	367 2 .	353 10 .	. . .	353 10 .		353 10 .	
6. S. S. Northgate School.	1	.	.	1	46	.	26	18	97 . .	97 . .	89 12 .	39 . .	128 12 .		128 12 .	
7. St. Antony's Native Branch.	1	.	.	1	103	.	82	75	375 12 .	321 . .	305 4 .	. . .	305 4 .		305 4 .	Building, furniture & [illegible] grants.
8. St. Antony's Primary School. X	1	.	.	1	133	.	73	54	181 3 .	181 3 .	177 7 .	. . .	177 7 .		177 7 .	S. S. College Primary rent, Rs. 9.5.4.
9. Hindu [illegible] School.	1	.	.	1	68	.	37	29	110 . .	110 . .	103 4 .	. . .	103 4 .		103 4 .	St. Antony's C. S. rent, Rs. 22.0.0
10. Siva [illegible] Vidyasala.	1	.	.	1	53	.	40	34	171 14 .	171 14 .	167 10 6	57 14 .	225 8 6		225 8 6	Do. Primary do. Rs. 22.0.0.
11. Rayar National Primary School.	1	.	.	1	60	.	40	30	179 3 .	179 3 .	172 1 6	. . .	172 1 6		172 1 6	St. Antony's High School do. Rs. 34.0.0. Do. Primary do. Rs. 12.0.0. Do. Native Branch do. Rs. 12.0.0
12. L. S. [illegible] Street School.	1	.	.	1	22	3	17	11	16 4 .	16 4 .	16 . .	. . .	16 . .		16 . .	
13. [illegible] Perumal Covil North Street.	1	.	.	1	57	5	27	25	39 8 .	39 8 .	39 8 .	. . .	39 8 .		39 8 .	Do. furniture grant Rs. 24.0.0.
14. [illegible] Covil East Street School.	1	.	.	1	63	.	19	13	25 12 .	25 12 .	25 12 .	. . .	25 12 .		25 12 .	National middle school [illegible] rent Rs. 48.0.0.
15. Do. [illegible].	1	.	.	1	23	1	11	10	15 4 .	15 4 .	15 4 .	. . .	15 4 .		15 4 .	Do. furniture Rs. 56.0.0 Do. books Rs. 49.11.9
16. Sattayappa Covil South Street.	1	.	.	1	38	.	19	15	28 12 .	28 12 .	28 12 .	. . .	28 12 .		28 12 .	Total Rs. 287.1.1
17. Do. Balija [illegible] Street School.	1	.	.	1	49	.	14	12	21 . .	21 . .	21 . .	. . .	21 . .		21 . .	
18. Kottapalyam Street School.	1	.	.	1	29	.	20	4	8 . .	8 . .	8 . .	. . .	8 . .		8 . .	
19. [illegible] Bazaar Street School	.	1	.	1	21	.	18	12	16 . .	16 . .	15 2 6	. . .	15 2 6		15 2 6	
20. [illegible] Street School	1	.	.	1	51	.	23	12	27 8 .	27 8 .	26 12 .	. . .	26 12 .		26 12 .	
21. Do. Siva North Street School.	1	.	.	1	33	.	20	5	2 12 .	2 12 .	2 8 .	. . .	2 8 .		2 8 .	
22. Do. East Street School.	1	.	.	1	33	.	18	13	20 14 .	20 14 .	20 3 .	. . .	20 3 .		20 3 .	
23. Rayar Kottayam School.	.	1	.	1	27	3	19	12	27 10 .	27 10 .	26 15 .	. . .	26 15 .		26 15 .	
24. Rayar Perumal South Street (Bazaar Street).	.	1	.	1	34	.	22	15	20 11 .	20 11 .	19 12 6	. . .	19 12 6		19 12 6	
25. [illegible] Covil Street School	1	.	.	1	30	.	17	9	19 14 .	19 14 .	19 1 .	. . .	19 1 .		19 1 .	
26. Tappanadary English School.	.	1	.	1	11	.	7	1	1 8 .	1 8 .	1 8 .	17 8 .	19 . .		19 . .	
27. [illegible] Perumal South Street	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1 14 .	1 14 .		1 14 .	
28. St. Mary's Primary School.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	
Total ..	24	4	2	26	132	27	792/2	602/2	2364 12 .	2310 . .	2227 1 .	132 6 .	2359 7 .		2359 7 .	
Grand Total ..																

Results of Examination.

Standard.	Presented. Boys.	Girls.	Passed. Boys.	Girls.
IV	133	.	107	.
iii	148	3	118	3
ii	180	2	135	2
Infants	766	6	168	6
	831	11	538	11

The above figures include two other schools which were not aided from any funds as under:—

Rayar Perumal Covil South Street School. 23.0 — 20.0
Saraswati School 16.9 — 16—9
39-9 — 36—9

Schools.	Number of Schools: At the beginning of the year.	Number of Schools: Opened during the year.	Number of Schools: Closed during the year.	Number of Schools: At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .: Boys.	Number on rolls on 31st March 189 .: Girls.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Full amount of grant earned.			Amount of such grant payable.			Amount disbursed: For current year.			Amount disbursed: For previous year.			Amount disbursed: Total.			Paid as salaries to masters.			Total expenditure from Municipal funds, columns 14 and 15.			Remarks.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			11			12			13			14			15			16			17
									RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
B. Combined Grant Schools—																														
(*a*) Secondary																														
Total ..																														
(*b*) Primary																														
Total ..																														
Grand Total ..																														
C. Salary Grant Schools—																														
(*a*) Secondary																														
Ev. de College L. S. Department	1	.	.	1	198																			945	6	10	945	6	10.	
St. Antony's high School L. S. Dept.	1	.	.	1	234.																			437	8	.	437	8	.	
St. Mary's middle School.	1	.	.	1	50																			232	4	2	232	4	2	
Provincial middle School boys	1	.	.	1	40																			203	13	3	203	13	3	
Total ..	4	.	.	4	522																			1819	.	3	1819	.	3	
(*b*) Primary																														
St. Antony's high School Primary Dept.	1	.	1	.	.																			60	8	.	60	8	.	
St. Mary's middle School, Do.	.	1	-	1	87																			166	.	.	166	.	.	
Total .	1	1	1	1	87																			226	8	.	226	8	.	
Grand Total ..	5	1	1	5	609																			2045	8	3	2045	8	3	

STATEMENT VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of Nagapattinam for the year 1895-96.

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of Expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS	A.	P.	
Entries as per Statement II wherever there is alteration ..													
Grant I. 1.6. New works buildings.	1250	.	.	300 180	.	.	.	.	.	1730	.	.	Resolution 4. dated 20.6.95. Resolution 1. dated 6.6.95.
Grant I. 2.6. Repairs buildings.	400	.	.	180.	.	.				580.	.	.	Resolution 5. dated 22.8.95.
Grant I. 1.d. New works water supply.	1500	.	.	270	.	.				1770	.	.	Resolution 6 dated 16.5.95.
Grant I. 2. d. Repairs Water supply.	1300	.	.	.	.	.	270	.	.	1030	.	.	Resolution 6 dated 16.5.95.
Grant II. 7. a. Building furniture repairs.	200	.	.	200	.	.	.	.	.	400	.	.	Resolution No. I dated 16.5.95.
Grant IV. 7. Survey of lands.	.	.	.	80	.	.	.	.	.	80	.	.	G.O. No. 2065 M. dated 9th Dec. 1895.
Grant V. a. 1 Office Establishment.	2760.	.	.	240	.	.	.	.	.	3000	.	.	G.O. No. 1095 M. dated 11.7.95.

61

Statement VI-A.—Showing the Budget Grants with subsequent Additions and Deductions for the Town of for the year 189 -9 —*continued.*

(To be prepared in accordance with the instructions in G.O., dated 4th June 1892, No. 978 M.)

Items of expenditure.	Original budget grant as sanctioned by Government.			Subsequent additions.			Subsequent deductions.			Total grant.			Authority for the additions and deductions shown in columns 3 and 4.
1	2			3			4			5			6
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	

Statement VII.—Tolls.

Number of toll-gates.	Whether collection of tolls is leased out or managed departmentally.	Amount of collections.			Expenditure on									Balance (column 3 *minus* column 7.)			Share due to the District Board.			Amount paid to the District Board.			Balance, if any, due to the District Board and date on which it was paid.		
					Works.			Establishment.			Contingencies.			Total.												
1	2	3			4			5			6			7				8			9			10			11		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS	A.	P.
7	Lease-hold.	15013	10	3	18	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	6	.	4995	4	3	4998	6	9	4998	6	9	.	.	.
		49946	6	9													3											
		10067	3	6													49946	9										

Statement V.III—Loans.

Amount of loan and rate of interest.	For what purpose and terms on which obtained and year in which taken.	Date of Government sanction.	Amount re-paid.				Amount transferred to Sinking Fund.				Invested out of the total amount transferred up to end of 189 -9 .			
			Up to 31st March 189 .		In 189 -9 .		Up to 31st March 189 .		In 189 -9 .		In Government Securities.		In the Savings Bank.	
			Number of years.	Amount			Number of years.	Amount.						
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9		10		11	
RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	
					Nil									

Statement IX.—Showing the Incidence of the House-tax.

Name of Municipality.	Total Number of houses, as per census (occupied and unoccupied).	Number of houses on the municipal register out of the number in column 2.	Assessed.															
			Under 8 Annas.		8 Annas to Rs. 1½.		Rs. 1½ to Rs. 5.		Rs. 5 to Rs. 15.		Rs. 15 to Rs. 30		Rs. 30 and above.		Total.	
			Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
				RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Nagapatam Municipality	12234.	9550	1266	432 3 6	3133	2679 1 10	4031	9892 0 5	431	3080 2 5	63	1262 10 5	33	4680 0 8	8957	22026 3 3

[STA]TEMENT IX-A.—Showing the Incidence of the Tax on Arts.

Name of Municipality.	Class I. Number.	Class I. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class II. Number.	Class II. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class III. Number.	Class III. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class IV. Number.	Class IV. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class V. Number.	Class V. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class VI. Number.	Class VI. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class VII. Number.	Class VII. Amount. RS. A. P.	Class VIII. Number.	Class VIII. Amount. RS. A. P.	Total. Number.	Total. Amount. RS. A. P.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Negapatam Municipality	1	100 - -	50	2500 - -	116	2835 - -	310	3654 - -	1074	6237 - -	-	- -	-	- - -	-	- - -	1551	15326 - -

STATEMENT X.

1. Name of Municipality .. .. Negapatam
2. Population as per last census .. .. 59,221.
3. Sanctioned number of Councillors { (a) Nominated 12
   (b) Elected 12
4. Actual number of Councillors on 31st March 1896 —
   (a) Ex-officio .. .. 1.
   (b) Nominated { Officials 3
   Non-officials 8
   (c) Elected .. { Officials .. .. -
   Non-officials 12

   Total .. 24

   (d) Europeans and Eurasians 6
   (e) Natives 18
5. Total number of meetings actually held during the year .. 36
6. Number of meetings adjourned for want of a quorum .. .. nil.
7. Average attendance at each meeting *actually* held—
   (a) Officials 1.1
   (b) Non-officials 11.7

   Total .. 12.8

   (c) Europeans and Eurasians 2.0
   (d) Natives 10.8

   Total .. 12.8

8. Is the Chairman appointed or elected .. .. .. Elected
9. Name and designation of persons who have held the office of Chairman during the year, with the date of appointment or election in each case .. .. Date of Election

Mr. S. Oliver 21.11.92 (Died on 6.8.95)
Mr. P. Ratnasabapathi Pillay, 27.11.95.
Mr. G. S. Bruce chairman-delegate from 25th May to 1st June 1895.
Mr. V. Chinnamanicam Mudaliar Sahib Bahadur acted as chairman delegate from 1st June to 20th Nov 95

STATEMENT X-A.—Showing the particulars of Selections held in the Municipality of Negapatam in 1895-96.

Name of the wards, if any, into which the town is divided.	Population.	Number of registered voters.	Date of election.	Number of seats filled by election	Whether election was contested or not and the number of seats contested	If contested, number of voters who went to the poll.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Negapatam East ward.	59221. The population of the wards is not separately kept.	300	.	.	.	
2. Negapatam South ward.		402	20.4.95	1	Contested	282
3. Velipalayam west ward.		534	7.3.96	1	non contested	nil
4. Kadambady ward.		398	20.4.95	1	Contested	257
5 Nagore west ward.		257	27.1.96	1	non contested.	nil
6. Nagore East ward.		202	1.2.96	2	non contested	nil.
7.						
8.						
9.						
10						
Total ..	59221	2094	.	7		

STATEMENT XI.—Furnishing information regarding Municipal markets, houses served by the private scavenging agency, number of latrines and of lights, &c., in the Town of Negapatam for the year 1895-96.

Area of Municipality in square miles.	Name of Municipal markets.	Whether collection of fees, rents, &c., was leased out or managed departmentally.	Number of houses served by the private scavenging agency on the registers on 31st March 189	Number of public latrines on 31st March 189 .	Number of latrines constructed in 1895-96.	Number of latrines demolished in 1895-96.	Number of latrines on 31st March 1896.	Number of lamps on 31st March 1895.	Number of lamps put up in 1895-96.	Number of lamps removed in 189 -9 .	Number of lamps on 31st March 1896.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2 miles	Municipal market Negapatam		1750	22	5	3	24	417	3	.	420

STATEMENT XII – Showing particulars regarding the number of patients treated, &c., in the Town of Vizagapatam during the year 1895-96.

Name of hospital and dispensary.	Patients treated.			Number and name of midwives employed.	Number of labour cases attended by the midwives.	Date and Number of G.O. sanctioning rules for the treatment of the sick under section 127 of Act IV of 1884.
	In	Out.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
[illegible] municipal hospital	878	20030	20908	[illegible]	68	G.O. No. 1072 dated 21.10.86.
[illegible] dispensary, [illegible]		7564.	7564.			

STATEMENT XIII.—Showing the Statistics of Vaccination and of Births and Deaths registered in the Town of Vizagapatam during the year 1895-96.

Number of births registered.	Number of deaths registered.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to register births or deaths.	Name of Medical subordinates and vaccinators performing vaccine operations.	Number of operations performed.		Number of successful operations.		Number of operations with animal lymph.	Number of successful operations with animal lymph.	Number of prosecutions instituted for failure to have children vaccinated.	Remarks.
				Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.	Below one year of age.	Above one year of age.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3	1777	46.	Medical Subordinates ..								
		Birth 27, Death 19	1 [illegible] Primary	.	6	.	6	6	6	.	
			Revac.	.	46	.	28	46	28	.	
			2 Nagadeleay [illegible] Primary	3	66	3	48	69	51	.	
			Revac.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
			Total ..	3	118	3	82	121	85	.	
			Municipal Vaccinators ..	884	641	852	604	1525	1456	202	
			1 [illegible] Revaccination		67	.	50	67	50.	.	
			2 [illegible] 2nd Class	546	524	505	490	1070	995	10	
			Revac.		257	.	229	257	229.	.	
			3 [illegible] 2nd Class	488	492	455	459	980	914	53	
			Revac.		85	.	56	55	56	.	
			Total ..	1918	2066	1812	~~1888~~ 3700	3984	3700	265	
			Grand Total ..	1921	2184	1815	1970	4105	3785	265	

[illegible signature]

68

Chairman 25.5.96

Negapatam

Negapatam

9597)9602.90(96.17

1/1841 2M/96

...atistics in the Negapatam Municipality.

1896. Number of Schools.	Number of pupils on 31st March. Boys.	Girls.	Remarks.
4	(a) 522	..	(a) The decrease is slight and calls for no remarks. (b) The figures relate to the Nagore Madarasa. (c) The improved attendance is a satisfactory feature.
1	(b) 52	9	(d) The St Peters' Eurasian School which was last year reported to have fallen off in strength has improved its attendance
4	(c) 290	..	
1	(d) 33	32	
27	(e) 1408	27	
37	(f) 1099	101.	(e) The increase in strength was what was contributed by the 3 schools added to the list. (f) The Inspecting Schoolmaster is reported to have been specially diligent in getting the returns of the indigenous schools in the Municipality. It would be creditable to him if he should endeavour to bring them all on the aided list as soon as possible.
74	3404	169.	

...ial or Local (or Municipal) according as it has received a larger grant from Provincial or Local (or Municipal) Funds.

...l Councils concerned before the 1st May.

L. C. Williams
Asst. Insp. of Schls, T. T. Dt.

[...] teaching Staff employed in

[...]mber with General Education Certificates.	Unpassed Teachers.	Remarks.
		There is an appreciable increase in the number of teachers' certificate holders. In the Secondary Schools it is regretted there was one certificated teacher less and one unpassed teacher more. Three of the teachers employed in municipal Schools qualified for certificates. The St Peter's Eurasian School which had two uncertificated teachers last year has on the Staff a trained teacher this year. The three unpassed teachers employed in Municipal Schools and 12 of the 20 such teachers in aided Schools are men of some years' standing in the profession. They have put in the Service required by the Educational Rules for the recognition of schools and they therefore enjoy for purposes of aid all the privileges allowed to untrained teachers' certificate holders. The Inspecting Schoolmaster is working a Sessional School and by working it more vigorously, the unpassed teachers in the aided and unaided schools may be reduced to a minimum.
3	3	
	1	
4	3	
1	"	
24	20	
"	36	
32	63.	

[...] for training teachers during the year under report had been carried out [...]

[...] or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

L. E. Williams
Asst Insp of Schs
T. T. Dt

S
2
4
0
71
Provin[...]
[...]unicipa[...]

...patam Municipality for the

AMOUNT DISBURSED.									Paid as salaries to masters.			Total expenditure from Municipal Funds (columns 13 and 14)		
For current year.			For previous year.			Total.								
11			12			13			14			15		
R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
8	"	"	"	"	"	8			"	"	"	8	"	"
15	2	6	"	"	"	15	2	6	"	"	"	15	2	6
26	12	"	"	"	"	26	12	"	"	"	"	26	12	"
2	8	"	"	"	"	2	8	"	"	"	"	2	8	"
20	3	"	"	"	"	20	3	"	"	"	"	20	3	"
26	15	"	"	"	"	26	15	"	"	"	"	26	15	"
19	12	6	"	"	"	19	12	6	"	"	"	19	12	6
19	1	"	"	"	"	19	1	"	"	"	"	19	1	"
1	8	"	17	8	"	19	"	"	"	"	"	19	"	"
"	"	"	1	14	"	1	14	"	"	"	"	1	14	"
227	1	"	132	6	"	2359	7	"	"	"	"	2359	7	"
									945	6	10	945	6	10
									437	8	"	437	8	"
									232	4	2	232	4	2
									203	13	3	203	13	3
									1819	"	3	1819	"	3
									166	"	"	166	"	"
									60	8	"	60	8	"
									226	8	"	226	8	"
									2045	8	3	2045	8	3

Vernacular Hindustani	66	36	19	17	33	28	18	10
2nd Language English	53	36	21	15	38	20	12	8
Geography	42	33	22	11	44	40	11	29
Hygiene	15	13	10	3	18	16	7	9
Gymnastics	60	49	49	"	94	94	57	35
Drawing	22	13	11	2	17	14	12	2

The failure of ... in English and Hindustani is noted. If the Munshis employed in the two schools for Hindustani do not endeavour to introduce the teaching of Hindustani to a larger extent, the authorities will have to be regarded as incommensurate with the salary and employment.

[signature] Asst. Inspector of Schools 7. 7. 84

* Particulars relating to optional subjects need not be shown by standards.

NOTE.—1. This statement should be submitted in three parts when necessary, one for salary-result schools, one for combined schools, and one for pure results schools.
2. In the last column should be entered the remarks of the Inspecting Officer bearing directly on the result.
3. No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.
4. This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

Ed. R. 48 5,000—16-5-93.

Geography	286	204	131	73	225	157	125	32	There is a decided falling off in the numbers of pupils presented for the several optional subjects.
Hygiene	197	117	67	50	109 1	80 1	39 1	41	
English	405	317	148	169	314	232	136	96	
Gymnastics	622	476	476	"	330	154	128	26	An attempt seems to be made to teach mensuration and agriculture but the abandonment of Kindergarten is regretted.
Object lessons	124	78	78	"	66	66	66	"	
Kindergarten	52	52	45	7	"	"	"	"	
Mensuration	"	"	"	"	11	3	3	"	
Drawing	147	100	95	5	138 2	67 2	57 1	10 1	The smaller numbers presented for gymnastics and drawing is discreditable to the instructors in the subjects employed by the municipality.
Agriculture	"	"	"	"	11	6	6	"	
Needlework	"	"	"	"	11	11	5	6	

* Particulars relating to optional subjects need not be shown by standards.

NOTE.—1. This statement should be submitted in three parts when necessary, one for salary-result schools, one for combined schools, and one for pure results schools.
2. In the last column should be entered the remarks of the Inspecting Officer bearing directly on the result.
3. No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.
4. This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.

[illegible]
Asstt. Insp. Schools
T. T. Dt.

Ed. R. 48 5,000—16-5-93.

...hools in the Negapatam Municipality for the official year 1895–96.

Other receipts (12) Rs. A. P.	Total (13) Rs. A. P.	Expenditure — Masters — Fixed salary (14) Rs. A. P.	Expenditure — Masters — Results stipends (15) Rs. A. P.	Expenditure — Masters — School fees (16) Rs. A. P.	Expenditure — Scholarships (17) Rs. A. P.	Expenditure — Servants (18) Rs. A. P.	Contingencies and miscellaneous (19) Rs. A. P.	Total (20) Rs. A. P.	Net cost to Negapatam Municipal Funds (21) Rs. A. P.	Average net cost per pupil in each class of Schools (22) Rs. A. P.	Remarks (23)
	48 7 9	564 14 3	125 12 5				146 " "	836 10 8	788 2 11	10 5 11	Results stipends were paid at maximum rates.
	47 13 6	550 2 4	110 1 "				82 6 6	742 9 10	694 12 4	9 12 7	
		60 " "	27 15 "					87 15 "	87 15 "	3 4 1	
	3 1 9	77 11 5	12 1 "				3 13 3	93 9 8	90 7 11	3 7 4	
	99 7 "	1252 12 "	275 13 5				231 3 9	1760 13 2	1661 6 2	8 4 11	

[illegible signature]
Assistant Inspector of Schools
[illegible]

…atam Municipality for the official year 1895–96.

Amount disbursed.									Paid as salaries to masters.			Total expenditure from Municipal Funds (columns 13 and 14)			Remarks.
…or current year.			For previous year.			Total.									
11			12			13			14			15			16
R.	A	P	R.	A.	P	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P	R.	A.	P	
…50	11	"	16	2	"	66	13	"	"	"	"	66	13	"	
…03	"	"	"	"	"	103	"	"	"	"	"	103	"	"	
…46	9	"	"	"	"	46	9	"	"	"	"	46	9	"	
…71	10	"	"	"	"	371	10	"	"	"	"	371	10	"	
…353	10	"	"	"	"	353	10	"	"	"	"	353	10	"	
…89	12	"	39	"	"	128	12	"	"	"	"	128	12	"	
305	4	"	"	"	"	305	4	"	"	"	"	305	4	"	
177	7	"	"	"	"	177	7	"	"	"	"	177	7	"	
103	4	"	"	"	"	103	4	"	"	"	"	103	4	"	
167	10	6	57	14	"	225	8	6	"	"	"	225	8	6	
172	1	6	"	"	"	172	1	6	"	"	"	172	1	6	
…16	"	"	"	"	"	16	"	"	"	"	"	16	"	"	
…9	8	"	"	"	"	39	8	"	"	"	"	39	8	"	
25	12	"	"	"	"	25	12	"	"	"	"	25	12	"	
15	4	"	"	"	"	15	4	"	"	"	"	15	4	"	
28	12	"	"	"	"	28	12	"	"	"	"	28	12	"	
[illegible]	"	"	"	"		21	"	"	"	"	"	21	"		

5
"
22
14
30
71
…ainst Provin…
… of Municip…

official year 1895-96.

REMARKS.

16

...ults grants were paid at ...aximum rates.
...ants for building furniture, school note(?)
...n College Primary — Rent 9-5-4
...St Joseph's L.S. do 22-"-"
do Primary do 22-"-"
...St Antony's High do 34-"-"
do Primary do 12-"-"
do Native Branch do 12-"-"
do — furniture 24-"-"
...rovincial Aid. School Nagore(?) Rent 48-"-"
do furniture 54-"-"
do Books 49-11-9
Total *287-1-1

...s per chairman's letter No 86/1-5-96
...t there is a difference of 2 as ...ween this amount — Rs 287-1-1 ...at given against Building ...ants and furniture grants ...d Purchase of books Rs 287-3-1 ...the statement of Receipts & ...rges furnished by the ...rman with his No 119/12-5-96

Statement No. I relating to General S...

			1895.	
		Number of Schools.	Number of pupils o[n] 31st March. Boys.	Gi[rls].
Colleges	Government			
	Board or Municipal			
	Aided from Provincial Funds			
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds			
	Unaided and Indigenous			
Secondary Schools	Government			
	Board or Municipal			
	Aided from Provincial Funds			
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds	4	535	"
	Unaided and Indigenous	1	40	5
Primary Schools	Government			
	Board or Municipal	4	263	"
	Aided from Provincial Funds	1	31	22
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds	24	1331	14
	Unaided and Indigenous	24	612	30
Training Schools	Government			
	Board or Municipal			
	Aided from Provincial Funds			
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds			
	Unaided and Indigenous			
Sessional Schools	Government			
	Board or Municipal			
	Aided from Provincial Funds			
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds			
	Unaided and Indigenous			
Industrial Schools	Government			
	Board or Municipal			
	Aided from Provincial Funds			
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds			
	Unaided and Indigenous — Total	58	2812	71

Note.—1. *Where an institution is aided from Provincial or Local (or Municipal) Funds, it should be shown against Provin...*
2. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*
3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipa...*

Ed. R/45 5,000 2-6-93.

Encl No 4
to letter

From

The Chief Secretary to
Government
Local and Municipal
Department, Madras

Dated 23rd June 1896

No 1714/Rev of 1896

Subject

Statements relating to
Education in the Negapatam
Municipality for 1895-96

Statement No. II showing the proportion of pupils of the great classes of the population under instruction to children of school-going age in

Classes of Population.	Population of school-going age.		Pupils under instruction.		Percentage.		Remarks.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Europeans and Eurasians			47	32			Excepting under Panchamas there is a marked increase under all classes of the community. The decline under Panchamas, the Sub Assistant Inspectress thinks might be due to Paraya xians having been returned as native xians.
Native Christians	410	469	290	10	70·7	2·1	
Muhammadans	1004	1147	864	102	86	8·9	
Hindus — Brahmans	2731	3121	412	9	80·7	·8	
Hindus — Non-Brahman Caste Hindus ..			1738	9			
Hindus — Paraiyas and Kindred Classes ..			53	7			
Others							
Total	4145	4737	3404	169	82·1	3·5.	

Note.—1. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*
2. *In the column of remarks the figures of the previous year should be briefly compared.*
3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards or the Chairmen of Municipal Councils concerned before the 1st May.*

A886 Inspection
T. T. Dy

Statement No. III. giving particulars as to the qualifications o

Classes of Institutions.		Number of Teachers employed.	Number possessing Trained Teachers' Certificates.	Number possessing Untrained Teachers' Certificates.	N
Colleges ..	Government				
	Board or Municipal				
	Aided from Provincial Funds				
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds				
	Unaided and Indigenous				
Secondary Schools.	Government				
	Board or Municipal				
	Aided from Provincial Funds				
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds	27	7	14	
	Unaided and Indigenous	1			
Primary Schools ..	Government				
	Board or Municipal	12	2	3	
	Aided from Provincial Funds	2	1	"	
	Aided from Local or Municipal Funds	65/1	12/1	9	
	Unaided and Indigenous	37	1	"	
	Total	144/1	23/1	26	

Note.—1. *In the column of remarks it should be noted whether the provision made in the budg*
2. *No comments should be made except as notes entered in the column of remarks.*
3. *This statement should be submitted in time to reach the Presidents of Local Boards*

1 d. R. 47 5,000—16-5-93.

Statement No. IV relating to the results of the Grant Examinations in S. R. Schools.

Standard.	1895. Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	ordinary ~~Merit.~~	merit ~~Ordinary.~~	1896. Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	ordinary ~~Merit.~~	merit ~~Ordinary.~~	Remarks.
VII. Standard or Lower Secondary Examination.									Though the results of Examination may be said to be generally satisfactory the standards prescribed under the 3rd and 4th Standards are not to the advance of girls in all the Standards are unsatisfactory.
VI. Standard									
V. Do.									
IV. Do. including Primary School Examination.	16	8	8	"	11	11	11	"	
III. Standard	20 5	17 5	12 5	5	11	11	7	4	
II. Do.	23 3	21 3	16 3	5	34	31	19	12	
I. Do.	16 14	11 9	5 5	6 4	33	24	12	12	
Infant Do.	10 17	5 9	1 9	4	35 124	28 105	6	22	

Name of Subject.*	1895. Optional Subjects.	1896. Optional Subjects.

Statement No. IV relating to the results of the Grant Examinations in (B). Results Schools.

Standard.	1895. Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	ordinary ~~Merit.~~	merit ~~Ordinary.~~	1896 Compulsory Subjects only. Number of pupils presented for the Standard.	Number passed.	ordinary ~~Merit.~~	merit ~~Ordinary.~~	Remarks.
VII. Standard or Lower Secondary Examination.									
VI. Standard									
V. Do.									
IV. Do. including Primary School Examination.	105	72	63	9	133	107	96	11	The results compare unfavorably with those of the previous years. The number presented is larger.
III. Standard	167	151	71	80	148 3	118 3	62 3	56	
II. Do.	188	149	101	48	180 2	135 2	85 2	50	
I. Do.	207	182	103	79	211 6	162 6	114 2	48 4	
Infant Do.	148	119	105	14	159 842	116 649	88	28	

1895. 1896.

V:—Statement showing the work of Inspecting Schoolmasters.

Name.	Range.	No. of Schools visited.			No. of Schools examined			No. of Pupils examined.	No. of New Schools.		No. of days spent on.		No. of days spent on circuit.	No. of miles travelled	No. of villages visited.	Remarks.
		Board.	Aided.	Un-aided.	Board.	Aided.	Un-aided.		Started.	Brought under Inspection.	Examining Schools.	Other work,				
S. Ganapathi aiyar	Negapatam, Municipality.	1	9 2	3	1	9 2	3	317 32	„	„	13	43	„	„	„	*The officer is active and knows how to deal with teachers. He is however wanting in punctuality and he does not also appear to have given the Sub Assistant satisfaction office work.
N. S. Govinda aiyar*		4	31 11	8 1	4	29 11	8 1	9272 3011	4	8	223	87	„	„	„	

L. C. Williams
Asstd Inspr of Schls, T.T. D2

VA —Statement showing the Statistics of Municipal

Schools.	Number of Schools: At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed in the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1896: Boys.	Girls.	Average attendance throughout the year.	Receipt: Grants from Provincial Funds.	Grants from Funds.	School-fees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
								Rs. A P.	Rs. A P.	Rs. A P.
I Colleges:— Nil										
II Upper Secondary Schools:— Nil										
III Lower Secondary Schools— Nil										
IV Primary Schools & Departments										
(a) Salary System:— Nil										
(b) Salary, Results System:—										
1 Municipal Mudh.m S.R.S. Negapatam	1			1	101	"	76			48 7
2 do do Nagore	1			1	108	"	71			47 13
3 Papanacheri S.R School	1			1	44	"	27			
4 Nambia Ruppan S.R.S	1			1	37	"	26			3 1
Total	4	"	"	4	290	"	200			99 7

Results of Examination

Examinations.	No. of pupils examined	No. of pupils passed
Primary Examination	11	11
Infant Standard	35	28
I Standard	33	24
II Standard	34	31
III Standard	11	11

V.B

Statement showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the No.

Schools.	Number of Schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1896.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants	Full amount of grant earned. R.	A.	P.	Proportionate amount of such grant payable in the case of combined Schools. R.	A.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			10	
Grant-in-aid												
A Result Grant (ie Schools actually examined for result to grants)												
(a) Secondary — Nil												
(b) Primary —												
1. Wes. Mis. Kadampadi Poor School	1			1	43 15	21 2	14 2	51	3	4	51	3
2 S.P.G. A.V. School	1			1	46	28	23	117	12	-	117	12
3 L.Mo. A.V. School	1			1	34	23	14	47	"	"	47	"
4 Wes. Mis. College Branch	1			1	105	76	69	375	6	"	375	6
5 do Primary	1			1	109	75	73	367	2	"	367	2
6 do North Gate	1			1	46	26	18	97	"	"	97	"
7 St Antony's Native Branch	1			1	103	82	75	375	12	-	321	"
8 do Primary	1			1	133	73	54	181	3	"	181	3
9 Hindu Union School	1			1	68	37	29	110	"	"	110	"
10 Siva mahatwa Vidyasala	1			1	53	48	34	171	14	"	171	14
11 Nagore National Primary	1			1	60	40	30	179	3	"	179	3
12 St Mary's Primary	1		1									
13 L.Mo. Grunni Street School	1			1	22 3	17	11	16	4	"	16	4
14 Negapatam Levaikoil West St. School	1			1	57 15	27	25	39	8	"	39	8
15 do East Street (North)	1			1	63	19	13	25	12	"	25	12
16 do Madavilagam	1			1	23	11	10	15	4	"	15	4
17 do Sattaiasper Koil South Street	1			1	38	19	15	28	12	"	28	12
18 do do Balipida Street	1			1	49	14	12	21	"	"	21	"

Statement showing the Statistics of Aided Schools in the /e

Schools.	Number of schools. At the beginning of the year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.	At the close of the year.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1892.	Number of pupils examined.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Full amount of grant earned. R. A. P.	Proportionate amount of such grant payable in the case of combined Schools. R. A.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Fat 19 Negapatam Kottupalayam Streets	1			1	29	20	4	8 " "	8 "
20 do Mutchaunthy Bazaar Street		1		1	21	18	12	16 " "	16 "
21 Velipalayam Sahapa Street	1			1	51	23	12	27 8 "	27 8
22 Sinan North Street	1			1	33	20	5	2 12 "	2 12
23 do do East Street	1			1	33	18	13	20 14 "	20 14
24 Nagore Kottagam		1		1	27	19	12	27 10 "	27 10
25 do Perumalkoil North Street		1		1	34	22	15	20 11 "	20 11
26 Negapatam Nadumer Koil Street	1			1	30	17	9	19 14 "	19 14
27 Papamaccheri (Bazaar Street) Night School		1		1	11	7	1	1 8 "	1 8
28 Negapatam Perumal Koil South Street	1		1	"	"	"	"	" " "	" "
Total	24	4	2	26	1321 27	782 2	602 2	2364 12 "	2310 "
(b) Salary Grant Schools:— (a) Secondary									
1 Nes. Mis. High School	1			1	198				
2 St Antony's High School	1			1	234				
3 St Mary's Lower Secondary	1			1	50				
4 Nagore National Lower Secondary	1			1	40				
Total	4			4	522				
(b) Primary									
1 St Mary's Primary		1		1	87				
2 St Antony's Primary	1		1	"	"				
Total	1	1	1	1	87				
Grand Total	5	1	1	5	609				

Results of Exn. Standard.	Presented	Passed
IV	133 4	13. 6
III	148 3	118. 3
II	180 2	135. 2
I	211 6	162. 6
Infts	159 "	116. "
Total	831. 11	8. 11

No. ~~100~~ G No. 1501/88.

NEGAPATAM MUNICIPALITY.

REPORT OF BIRTH.

No. 388. ______ Division

Date of Birth 15. 1. 1895.

Father's Name and surname [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Occupation or trade [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Nationality or caste [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Child Born alive Male "

Female [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Still born or Dead Born Male "

Female "

Street and place of residence [Tamil handwriting illegible] 13

Information obtained from [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Name of Midwife Municipal [Tamil handwriting illegible]

Private

Sd/. Syed Kaja

Death & Birth R

Dated 21. 1

If vaccinated, Register No 508 Date 15

If not v

Sd/ A. Veera

1st. Class Vaccinator

Dated 31. 12. 1895

No. 345/Magl of 96

Proceedings of the Acting District Magistrate of Tanjore

Dated 9th June 1896.

Read letter from the Chairman Municipal Council Negapatam No. 145 dated 19th May 1896 requesting that the records of Calendar Case No. 648 of 1896 on the file of the Bench of Magistrates Negapatam may be sent for and the Judgment passed in the Case reviewed under sections 435 and 438 C.P.C.

Read also Head Assistant Magistrate's Endorsement thereon dated 25th May 1896 and the Copy of the Judgment in the Case.

Order

The Chairman's Contention is, so far as I can judge at present unsound, for section 239 lays the duty of giving information upon the person having

Control

Control of the burial or burning ground. The accused who holds a license under Section 242 is only an attendant, and not the person having Control. Section 235(2) says that if it appears to the Municipal Council that there is no owner or person having the Control of any place used at the date of the Coming into operation of the Act as a burial or burning ground, the Municipal Council shall assume such Control. The Bench was right in my opinion. The Council Can, if they like, Employ a Vakil and have the point properly argued before me. At present I see no reason to inter-fere.

(Signed) H. Moberly
Ag. Dist. Magte

(True Copy)

M. Sivagnanam Pillai 24/6
For Ag. Collector

RS

Encl No 5.

In a letter

From

The Ag Collector of

Tanjore

To

The Chief Secretary to

Government

Local and Municipal

Department

Madras.

Dated 22nd June 96

No 1714 / Rev 896

Subject

Copy of District Magte's

Proceedings No 345 / Magl

dated 9 June 96.

5/8/1896 Magl

1419 M
21/8/96

Government {1896} of Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Recd.	1896.	*Enclosures.*
Regd.		*Spare copies.*

G.O., No. 1419 M., 21st August 1896.

AUGUST.

Administration Report.

Reviewing the — of the Negapatam Municipal Council for 1895–96.

No. 1419 M., 21st August 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From M.R.Ry. P. RATNASABHAPATI PILLAI Avargal, Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam, to the Chief Secretary to Government (through the Head Assistant Collector and the Collector of Tanjore), dated Negapatam, 25th May 1896, No. 159.

I have the honour to report on the working of this municipality for the official year 1895–96, accompanied by statements of receipts and charges in the prescribed form. The draft report was placed before the council at its meeting, dated 4th June 1896, and adopted by it. An extract from its proceedings is submitted herewith.

2. The usual concise report of the Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, on the working of the hospital and the Nagore dispensary and the educational statements received from the Assistant Inspector of Schools are also enclosed.

3. The budget and the revised estimates for the year under report were passed by Government in G.Os., Nos. 573 M., dated 29th March 1895, and 397 M., dated 9th March 1896, respectively.

4. The accounts of the year have not been audited yet.

There has been a short delay in the submission of this report, as I had to wait for the report of the civil surgeon which I received on the 2nd June and placed before the council on the 4th idem.

I.—Constitution of the Council.

5. The council contained its maximum strength, viz., twenty-four at the close of the year and the proportion of elected and nominated councillors continued in equal moieties. The classification of the council, as it stood on 31st March 1896, is shown in Statement X.

6. *Office of Chairman.*—Mr. F. Oliver, a nominated non-official member, who was elected to the chair on 21st November 1892, continued to hold office till the 6th August 1895 when he died. I, a non-official elected member, was elected as Chairman at a meeting of the council, dated 4th November 1895. My appointment was gazetted in the issue of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th November 1895, and I assumed charge of the office on the 29th idem. Mr. F. Oliver fell ill at the commencement of the year and had to delegate his powers to Mr. G. S. Bruce and again to M.R.Ry. V. Chinna Maricar Malumiar Sahib Bahadur. The latter acted as Chairman-Delegate from 1st June to 29th November 1895 when I assumed charge from him.

7. *Elections.*—There were four elections held during the year to fill up six seats. In two of these, viz., in Negapatam South and Kadambadi wards, the elections were keenly contested. In the former 282 out of 301 or 93·7 per cent. of the voters on the list went to the poll while in the latter 257 out of 367, or about 70 per cent. on the list exercised their privilege. The other elections were all non-contested.

8. The registers of voters and of the eligible candidates were, as usual, revised during the year and the number of registered voters rose from 1,931 to 2,094. The proportion of registered voters to the population of the municipality was 1 to 28·2.

9. There were 36 meetings held during the year in which business was transacted against 29 in the previous year. There were no meetings which were adjourned for want of a quorum. The average attendance of the official members increased from 0·83 in the previous year to 1·1 in the year under report while that of the non-official members showed a decline from 12·1 in the previous year to 11·7 in the year under report.

10. *Financial position.*—A summary of the transactions of the year, excluding deposits, is given below as compared with that of the previous year :—

1895–96.

		Rs.			Rs.
Opening balance	.. ..	10,027	Charges	..	71,677
Receipts ..	.. ..	78,252	Closing balance ..	..	16,602
Total	..	88,279	Total	..	88,279

1894–95.

		Rs.			Rs.
Opening balance	.. ..	12,982	Charges	..	73,633
Receipts ..	.. ..	70,678	Closing balance ..	..	10,027
Total	..	83,660	Total	..	83,660

11. Compared with the previous year, the receipts show an increase which stands distributed among all the items of revenue counterbalanced by a slight decrease under tax on lands, tolls and fishery rents. The accompanying statements give details of the above figures. The several variations are discussed below.

II.—Receipts.

12. *Tax on Buildings and Lands.*—The gross demand under Tax on Buildings and Lands amounted to Rs. 23,069–10–3, of which Rs. 32–3–0 was remitted by the council on appeal, leaving a net demand of Rs. 23,037–7–3. Rs. 22,215–10–10 was collected, Rs. 22–4–0 written off and Rs. 4–4–2 remitted on account of vacant houses. The balance at the close of the year was Rs. 795–4–3, of which Rs. 399–15–0 has since been collected.

13. *Arrears of previous year.*—There were, at the beginning of the year, outstandings amounting to Rs. 818–2–2, of which Rs. 742–15–11 was collected, Rupees 4–14–3 remitted, Rs. 69–14–0 written off, leaving a balance of As. 6 which has since been realized.

14. The coercive measures taken for the realization of the taxes are shown in Appendix A to Statements IV-A and IV-B accompanying. The percentage of current collections to the net demand was 96·4 against 96·6 in the previous year. The average incidence of house-tax was Rs. 2–7–3 per house. With reference to the observation of Government in paragraph 3 (1) of G.O., No. 1446 M., dated 5th September 1895, that a careful scrutiny should be instituted into the assessment of house-tax, I regret it was too late for me to take any steps in the matter during the year. I have, however, made a thorough revision of the taxation during the current year and in addition have made arrangements for the submission of weekly supplemental lists of assessments.

15. *Tax on Arts.*—This tax was levied on the first five classes of the schedule. The gross demand, as revised by me, was Rs. 15,971 against Rs. 14,821–8–0 in the previous year, of which Rs. 645 was remitted by the council, leaving a finally-settled demand of Rs. 15,326. Rs. 13,763 was collected and Rs. 170 was written off, leaving a balance at the close of the year of Rs. 1,393. Of this balance Rs. 391 has since been realized. The percentage of current collections to the net demand was 89·7 against 90·0 in the previous year. The remission granted by the council was 4·0 against 4·5 in the previous year. The number of persons assessed was 1,551 against 1,402 in the previous year.

16. *Tax on Arts—Arrear.*—Of the old balance of Rs. 1,419, Rs. 557–8–0 was collected, Rs. 19 remitted, Rs. 792–8–0 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 50 at the close of the year. This balance is due from a single individual who questions his liability to taxation. The matter will soon be disposed of.

17. *Tax on Vehicles and Animals.*—The amount realized under this head was Rs. 3,820–12–0 against Rs. 3,679 in the previous year.

18. *Tax on Carts.*—This tax was levied at Rs. 4 per cart per annum. The amount realized under this head was Rs. 1,594 against Rs. 1,652 in the previous year. One hundred and sixty-two carts were seized during the year for failure to register.

19. *Tolls.*—Tolls were levied at the maximum rates and the right of collecting the same was leased out for Rs. 14,871. A sum of Rs. 142–10–3 was realized as interest on overdue kists. The share due to the district board was paid up completely before the close of the year.

20. (3) (*c*) *Fees under Act II of* 1888.—Rs. 120 was realized under this head as fees for two dramatic sheds erected within the year.

21. *Rent of Lands.*—Rs. 1,469–5–4 was realized under this head against Rupees 1,255–2–6 in the previous year. The increase is partly due to the levy of penal rents for unauthorized occupation of municipal lands.

22. *Avenues.*—Rs. 731–10–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 43–14–6 in the previous year. The large revenue under this head is explained by the fact that old avenue trees on the sides of roads which were either dead or dying were sold by public auction to make room for fresh young plants.

23. *Produce of Lands, Gardens, &c.*—Rs. 688–5–10 was realized under this head against Rs. 599–12–5 in the previous year and Rs. 600 in the revised estimate. The main sources of income under this head were the receipts from Hathaway's garden and sewage farm Rs. 414–15–8, the lease of the Victoria east garden Rs. 125, and of the cocoanut trees on the banks of Tamaraikulam Rs. 93–8–0.

24. *Sale-proceeds of old Materials.*—Rs. 475–13–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 500 in the revised estimate and Rs. 286–4–3 in the previous year. The comparatively large income during the current year is due to the sale of the old bricks removed from two latrines and a bullock slaughter-house demolished.

25. *Conservancy Receipts, Sale of Street Refuse, &c.*—Rs. 357 was realized under this head against Rs. 400 in the revised estimate and Rs. 147–1–7, actuals of the previous year. The sweepings of Nagore and Velipalaiyam alone were sold during the year, while those of Negapatam were utilized in filling up the hollow east of Hathaway's garden.

26. *Income from Market.*—Rs. 3,831–8–3 was realised under this head against Rs. 3,820 in the revised estimate and Rs. 3,556–12–5, actuals of the previous year. The increase under this head is due to competition at the sale of the lease and to the realization of interest on overdue kists.

27. *Income from Slaughter-houses.*—The sheep and bull slaughter-houses in Negapatam were managed departmentally during the first-half and were leased out during the second-half of the year. The Nagore sheep slaughter-house was leased out from the commencement. The amount realized was Rs. 1,947–2–2 against Rs. 2,027–6–0, actuals of the previous year. The market Sergeant Mr. Brankhurst was in October last charged with misappropriating As. 10, fees collected by him, convicted and sentenced to nine months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250.

28. *License Fees.*—Rs. 2,145–11–8 was realized under this head against Rs. 2,200 in the revised estimate and Rs. 2,056–3–5, actuals of the previous year.

29. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*—Rs. 1,954–6–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 1,500 in the revised estimate and Rs. 1,158–7–9, actuals of the previous year. The increase is due to the imposition of heavier fines by the Bench of Magistrates during the last quarter of the official year.

30. *Contribution from Local Boards—Other purposes.*—Rupees 1,340–7–8 was realized under this head against Rs. 1,150 in the revised estimate and Rs. 909–8–6, actuals of the previous year. The increase was due to the recovery during the year of the ferry contributions for January and February 1895.

31. *Other Contributions—Other purposes.*—Rs. 1,547–8–6 was realized under this head against Rs. 20 in the revised estimate. This item includes Rs. 1,532–8–6, the balance of the jubilee subscriptions made over by the subscribers to the council for the purpose of erecting a reading-room in the Victoria park in commemoration of Her Majesty's Jubilee, supplemented by such grant as the council may be willing to make. The council sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,100 from its funds for the object, subject to the sanction of Government which was applied for in this office communication No. 985, dated 27th March 1896, and sanctioned in G.O., Mis. No. 903 M., dated 28th May 1896.

32. *Private Scavenging.*—The income under this head amounted to Rupees 2,447–12–0 against Rs. 2,350 in the revised estimate and Rs. 2,313–8–0, actuals of the previous year. The increase is due to large number of houses having been newly admitted to service during the year owing to arrangements made for systematic and careful inspection by the sanitary staff of the backyards of houses. The rates of fees were the same as in the previous year, viz., As. 2 per house per mensem for houses occupied by Natives and As. 12 per house per mensem for houses occupied by Europeans. The question of assessing private scavenging fees in proportion to the amount of work done to each house irrespective of the nationality of the occupants is engaging the attention of the council and will soon be disposed of.

33. *Fishery Rents.*—Rs. 243–1–0 was realized under this head against Rs. 100 in the revised estimate. It was expected that the tanks will contain a full supply of water so as not to admit of fishing before the commencement of the current official year and hence a small revenue expected under this head in the revised estimate.

III.—Expenditure.

34. The following statement shows the percentage of expenditure under each head as compared with the total assets including the opening balance for the year 1894–95 and 1895–96 :—

	1894–95.	1895–96.
Grant I, Public Works	21·7	19·2
„ II, Education	8 8	8·5
„ III, Medical services and sanitation	35·6	32·8
„ IV, Lighting and miscellaneous purposes	10·2	10·2
„ V, Supervision and management	7·3	7·0
Advances	4·5	1·1
Refunds	..	2·4
Closing balance	11·9	18·8
	100·	100·

35. *Grant I, Public Works.*—The total outlay on public works amounted to Rs. 16,969–0–5 against Rs. 18,180–8–3, actuals of the previous year, and Rs. 18,200 in the revised estimate, and was 23·6 per cent. of the total expenditure for the year.

36. 1 (*a*) *New Works, Communications.*—The outlay under this head was Rupees 512–12–3 against Rs. 690 in the revised estimate. The road leading to the timber and fuel yards was metalled at a cost of Rs. 141–0–3, and a tunnel constructed on the same at a cost of Rs. 100–6–3. A tunnel on the beach road was reconstructed at a cost of Rs. 141–11–9.

37. 1 (*b*) *New Works, Buildings.*—The expenditure under this head was Rupees 1,309–11–5 against Rs. 1,650 in the revised estimate. Three iron latrines were erected at a cost of Rs. 332–5–4. Ten stalls in the market were turned so as to face the inside of the market and a partition wall was erected between the fish and other sundry stalls. An additional store-room and a verandah on the south side of the engine-shed was erected at a cost of Rs. 340–14–3. A thatched building for holding the Nambiyar Kuppan school, two cattle sheds and two tatti latrines were also erected.

38. (1) (*d*) *New Works—Water-supply.*—The outlay under this head was Rupees 825–3–10 against Rs. 1,520 in the revised estimate. A new well was sunk in place of a dilapidated one to the east of the Town Police station at a cost of Rs. 212–3–10. Akkaraikolam was provided with an outlet at a cost of Rs. 264–8–7. The Sanitary Engineer has taken on hand the preparation of a water-supply scheme to this municipality. A supervisor and a surveyor with staff have been working here from the beginning of January in taking the necessary surveys and levels. The Sanitary Engineer has informed the council that they have completed the out-door work, and that the scheme will be completed very soon. An advance of Rs. 1,000 was made to him for the purpose, of which Rs. 348–7–5 was adjusted within the year to this head.

39. (2) (*a*) *Repairs—Communications.*—The outlay on repairs and maintenance of roads was Rs. 9,089–1–8 against Rs. 8,770 in the revised estimate. The Perumal kovil road up to Kaliamman Kottaigai, the Nagore road from opposite Ramanaik's tank to North Washerman's street, and from Ramaswami Pillai's bungalow to Balakrishna Pillai's tiruvasal were re-gravelled at a cost of Rs. 2,874–9–3. A tunnel on the Nagore road near the Velipalaiyam junction was repaired at a cost of Rs. 142–9–8. The mud road leading to the burning-ground, and the old Nagore road, west of Ganapati Pillai's tank, were repaired at a cost of Rs. 198–11–9. The metalled roads were kept in good order at a cost of Rs. 4,801–3–7, and the several cross streets and mud roads were attended to at a cost of Rs. 619–5–11. The cost of gravel supplied to the Kadambadi road, Rs. 374–12–6, and the balance of the cost of repairing the tunnel in Tamaraikulam road, Rs. 72–7–3, were disbursed during the year. The total mileage of unmetalled roads, streets and lanes is 46, and of metalled roads 14, of which more than a mile was re-gravelled. The total outlay on roads both new works and maintenance was Rs. 9,601–13–11 against a net revenue from tolls of Rs. 10,015–3–6, which gives a percentage of 95·8.

40. *Repairs—Buildings.*—Rs. 995–0–8 was spent under this head against Rupees 1,320 in the revised estimate. Of this sum Rs. 579–12–1 was spent in repairing the hospital buildings and whitewashing them. The Nagore sheep slaughter-house was repaired at a cost of Rs. 115–4–2. The masonry dust-bins in Negapatam stood in need of very urgent repairs and were attended to at a cost of Rs. 167–13–5.

41. *Repairs—Water-supply.*—The outlay under this head was Rs. 2,421–5–9 against Rs. 2,400 in the revised estimate. This item includes among others the working expenses of the Jubilee pump Rs. 1,244–14–1. The Webster's tank in Negapatam and Perumal kovil tank in Nagore were pumped out, and the silt removed at a cost of Rs. 581–15–11. The tank within the office compound was deepened at a cost of Rs. 147–6–0, and is now much used by the public for bathing. The manholes to the supply channels to the town tanks were repaired at a cost of Rs. 133–6–0. The tanks in Negapatam, Velipalaiyam and Nagore were supplied with fresh water at a cost of Rs. 236–10–3.

42. *Grant II, Education.*—The outlay under this grant amounted to Rupees 7,506–0–10 against Rs. 7,393–7–5 in the previous year. The total net cost amounted to Rs. 7,195–1–1 or 13·6 per cent. of the income from taxation. The population of school-going age is 4,145, and the number of boys under instruction in the schools maintained and aided from municipal funds is 2,220, which bears a percentage of 53·5 to the population of school-going age.

43. *Sessional School.*—With a view to afford some help to the several unpassed teachers employed in the aided schools of this municipality in passing the Primary school examination, a sessional school was started in January last, and is worked by the municipal inspecting schoolmaster. The school is held in the evening hours from 7 to 9 P.M. so as not to interfere with the school hours of the teacher-pupils. About ten of the unpassed teachers have joined the school and are reported to be making fair progress. The council has sanctioned Rs. 2 per mensem towards the lighting charges of the school.

44. *Training Schools.*—A Muhammadan teacher, Muhammad Abd-ul Zebib, has been sent to the Branch Muhammadan Training school, Madras, to undergo training for a teacher's certificate. The council is paying him a monthly stipend of Rs. 8. The aggregate stipend paid during the year was Rs. 59–5–3.

45. *Salary-result System Schools.*—The council continued to maintain four schools under this system, viz., the municipal Muhammadan schools, Negapatam and Nagore, the Pappanacheri and the Nambiyar Kuppam schools. Out of the twelve teachers employed in these four municipal schools, two hold trained teachers' certificates, three untrained teachers' certificates, four general education certificates and the remaining three are unpassed. These unpassed teachers have put in a long service in the schools and are entitled to the privileges allowed under the educational rules to such teachers. There was a falling off in the strength and average attendance of the municipal Muhammadan school, Negapatam, which was more than counterbalanced by an increase in other schools. The results of the Primary examination in both the Muhammadan schools were good, all the eleven boys presented having passed for complete certificates. The Pappanacheri school also did well at the examination, while the Nambiyar Kuppam school, which is intended for the backward class of fishermen in a small hamlet near the sea, showed comparatively better results than last year. The average cost of educating each pupil was Rs. 8–4–11 against Rs. 8–9–8 in the previous year. With a view to reduce the expenditure, which is considered excessive, the council reduced the salaries of the headmaster and first assistant teacher in the Negapatam school by Rs. 2 and 1 per mensem, respectively. Any further reduction is found impracticable.

46. *Schools under the Salary Grant System.*—There were five schools aided under this system at the commencement of the year, viz., the lower secondary departments of the Wesleyan Mission College, and St. Antony's High school, St. Mary's Middle school, and the primary department of the St. Antony's High school. The primary department of the St. Mary's school, which was hitherto aided under the result system, was transferred to this system. The number of boys on the rolls has increased from 385 to 609 on 31st March 1896. Both the Wesleyan and the St. Antony's High schools seem to have done well at the Matriculation examination, more than 60 per cent. of the boys presented having come out successful. In the Lower Secondary examination, all the schools but St. Mary's school, which proved a total failure, did fairly well. The total amount of salary grants paid during the year was Rs. 2,045–8–3.

47. *Schools under the Result System.*—There were at the beginning of the year 24 schools aided under this system, four schools were opened during the year and two closed. Twenty-six schools remained at the close of the year with a strength of 1,321 boys and 27 girls. Seven hundred and ninety-two boys were presented for examination, of whom 602 passed, which gives a percentage of success of 76·0 against 82·6 in the previous year. The aggregate amount of result grants disbursed during the year at the maximum rates was Rs. 2,359–7–0.

48. *Building, Furniture, &c., Grants.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 287–1–1. This includes rent grants to the Wesleyan Mission College, primary school, St. Antony's High school, St. Mary's school and National Middle school of Rs. 159–5–4 and books and furniture grants to St. Antony's High school and National Middle school of Rs. 127–11–9.

49. *Physical Education.*—The two municipal gymnastic instructors continued to work during the year under report, one in each of the Negapatam and Nagore sections. Each teacher has 15 schools to teach and each school is taught twice a week. The schools in Negapatam bring their boys to the municipal gymnasium, where instruction is given to a group of schools at a time. Three or four schools in Nagore meet at the Nagore municipal gymnasium, while those in Velipalaiyam have provided their own gymnasium. Besides gymnastics, arrangements have also been made for holding athletic sports in the open air in the evening hours once a week. The result of the examination was good in Nagore section, while in Negapatam it was indifferent.

The Mission schools had appointed their own instructors, but the result of examination in these schools was a total failure. The amount of expenditure under this head was Rs. 419–9–10. Besides their salary, the instructors were allowed to draw a moiety of the result grants earned by them for the subject. The Nagore instructor was also allowed Re. 1 per mensem for jutka-hire to visit Velipalaiyam.

50. *Drawing.*—The drawing master, who was appointed to give instruction in drawing to the aided primary schools, worked satisfactorily during the year under report. He devotes five hours a day, and gives instruction to fifteen schools. Each school is taught twice a week. The results of the examination were good. This instructor is allowed Re. 1 per mensem for jutka-hire from Negapatam to Nagore.

51. *Female Education.*—There were eleven schools—two lower secondary, two Upper Primary and two Lower Primary schools under the management of the Wesleyan Mission, and five more schools under different other managements—aided from Provincial Funds under the result system. There was an Upper Primary school opened in November last under the management of the S.P.G. Mission intended solely for the European children, which is reported to be improving in efficiency and strength. One of the girls' schools under native management was examined for result grants, but owing to its failure to fulfil certain conditions, the grant was withheld.

52. *Grant III, Medical Services and Sanitation.*—The total expenditure under this grant was Rs. 28,934–10–5 against Rs. 29,731–14–0.

53. *Municipal Hospital, Negapatam, and the Branch Dispensary, Nagore.*—N. Muhammad Oosman Sahib, the Civil Surgeon, was in charge of the hospital during the year under report. Detailed information on the working of the hospital and its branch in Nagore is contained in the Civil Surgeon's report accompanying. The average daily attendance of the patients in the hospital was 24·20 in and 123·42 out patients against 20·58 in and 108·41 out patients in the previous year. Eight hundred and seventy-eight in and 20,030 out patients were treated during the year against 761 in and 19,008 out patients treated in the previous year. One hundred and forty-one of the in-patients dieted themselves at their own cost. In the Nagore dispensary 7,564 patients were treated against 6,480 in the previous year, the average attendance being 49·63 against 43·78. The total expenditure on these institutions was Rs. 5,319–11–0, of which Rs. 1,401–2–0 was spent on medicines. The amount realized by subscriptions for, and sale of, medicines amounted to Rs. 272–14–7. The midwife (Muniammal) attended 68 cases, of which 31 cases were confined in the hospital. This work cannot be considered as satisfactory. She ought to extend her work among the townspeople more largely. The hospital assistant attached to the Negapatam dispensary has been provided with quarters.

As regards improvements, &c., to the hospital buildings referred to by the Civil Surgeon in his report, the council has already taken on hand the work of repairing the lying-in ward, and the "flooring of the hospital wards" will also be attended to. The sanction of Government for the utilization of a portion of the hospital sinking fund towards additional accommodation had been applied for, and has just been received. An application was also made to the taluk board for a contribution towards the cost of the additional buildings. The taluk board having refused it, the council has resolved to appeal to the district board. The Civil Surgeon suggested that temporary sheds must be erected, pending repairs to the lying-in ward. The council has already exceeded the budget provision in sanctioning the repairs to the lying-in ward, and cannot find funds for separate sheds required for temporary use. He was, therefore, requested to make use of one of the existing cottages or a section of the wards for the purpose. In connection with this and kindred other matters, the council trusts that the Civil Surgeon will co-operate with it in administering its funds with due regard to economy.

As regards the suggestion of the Civil Surgeon to transfer the nurse attached to the Nagore dispensary to the Negapatam hospital, the council observes that this is the most inadvisable suggestion to adopt. This matter was already disposed of by the council at its meeting of the 7th May 1896. Nagore is a place chiefly inhabited by Muhammadans, and the female patients of this and other castes should be attended to by female servants. The midwife cannot be expected to remain always in the

dispensary, as she is likely to be called away to attend on labour cases at private residences. The Civil Surgeon seems from his report to deprecate the practice of hospital midwives going out of the hospital and attending on labour cases at private houses. The council cannot understand this. It is only a fractional part of the labour cases drawn chiefly from the lower orders that go to the hospital. The bulk of the cases in the town has to be attended to by the midwives at their private residences. The council has made a standing rule that the midwives should freely render their services at private residences without fee or remuneration. The Civil Surgeon complains in his report that certain new appointments were made without his advice. At the time that these appointments were made the Civil Surgeon Oosman Sahib was on privilege leave and Dr. Chalke was Acting Civil Surgeon. The appointment of the chief sanitary inspector of this municipality as additional hospital assistant in the Negapatam hospital was made on his own application in consultation with, and with the concurrence of, Dr. Chalke. He is an hospital assistant who passed out of the Medical school, Tanjore, and his local knowledge and acquaintance with the public are recommendations in his favour. Again the transfer of the Negapatam hospital Assistant to the Nagore dispensary was made in consultation with Dr. Chalke, who wrote in his recommendation that he had had ample opportunities of judging of the capabilities of hospital assistant Maduranayagam Pillai attached to the Municipal hospital, Negapatam, and that he had no hesitation in expressing his opinion that he was in every way qualified to hold an independent charge of Nagore or any other larger dispensary.

The services of an experienced hospital assistant are required for independent charges.

The Civil Surgeon also complains in the concluding paragraph of his report that a dismissed midwife of the Negapatam hospital has been appointed midwife for Nagore. The dismissal was for no other reason than that she proceeded to Madras to be by the side of her dying mother after her resignation was accepted by this office, but before it was communicated to her through the Civil Surgeon. She applied for a reconsideration of the order of dismissal, and under the circumstances stated, the order was set aside, and her re-employment sanctioned. After the dismissal, which was made at the instance of the Civil Surgeon Oosman Sahib, and long before she applied for a review, Oosman Sahib himself did not think it objectionable to take her back into service in the Negapatam hospital for a month. In September 1895, while yet the order of dismissal was in force, Oosman Sahib had appointed her to act as midwife without any reference to this office. It is difficult to appreciate the force of his objections, on the score of principles of discipline, to her employment after the cancellation of the order of dismissal.

54. *Medical Training of Women.*—During the year under report, no action was taken towards this object, but the council has provided in the current year's budget for a scholarship to train a female apothecary through the Countess of Dufferin's Fund Committee. I have addressed the Surgeon-General to select a female student.

55. *Contributions to Government.*—The usual contribution to sanitary inspection was paid within the year.

56. *Contributions to Local Boards.*—The usual contribution of Rs. 300 to the Medical school, Tanjore, and Rs. 41 to the reserve staff were paid within the year.

57. *Vaccination.*—The vaccination staff consisted of one first-class vaccinator, a vaccinatrix and a second-class vaccinator. The minimum number of cases to be vaccinated by these was 120 each per month by the former two, and 100 by the latter. The vaccine depôt was held as before in the hospital, and the work was supervised by the Civil Surgeon. The compulsory system of vaccination, which was introduced in 1886, was in force. The vaccinators took extracts from the birth registers of their respective circles, and served notices on parents of children. Two councillors—one for Negapatam and Velipalaiyam and another for Nagore—were asked to scrutinize the work of the vaccinators in serving notices and detecting unprotected cases. Vaccination was conducted with purely animal lymph direct from the calf. The number of cases operated by the vaccinators including re-vaccination was 3,984

and that by the Hospital Assistants 121, thus aggregating to 4,105, of which 1,921 was on children below one year of age. Particulars of cases vaccinated by each of the vaccinators and the results are given in Statement XIII accompanying. The outlay under this head including establishment charges aggregated to Rs. 840–3–1 and the number of successful operations with animal lymph was 3,785. Thus the cost of each successful case was As. 3–3. The proportion per mille of the total number of successful operations to the population was 63·9 against 65·1 in the previous year, and that of successful operations on infants was 30·5 against 34·3 in the previous year. There were six deaths from small-pox. Two hundred and sixty-five cases were reported to the Magistrate for failing to get the children vaccinated. The register prescribed in G.O., No. 1502, dated 19th October 1894, for a systematic checking of the operations on children was carefully maintained. The Civil Surgeon says that 3,575 were primary operations, 530 were cases of re-vaccination and 1,918 were on children under one year of age. The correct figures are 3,650 cases of primary vaccination, 455 cases of re-vaccination and 1,921 on children under one year of age. To improve infantile vaccination, arrangements have been made at the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner to furnish periodically the vaccinators through the Civil Surgeon with the daily birth reports. These birth reports are to be returned to the municipal office by the Civil Surgeon with endorsements showing whether the cases have been vaccinated or not, and if not vaccinated, why not. The birth reports sent up to him from this office have not been returned from April 1894.

58. *Registration of Vital Statistics.*—The number of births registered during the year was 1,953 and of deaths 1,777, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 1,874 and 1,873. The birth-rate per mille of population was 32·9 and the death-rate 30·0. Forty-six prosecutions were instituted—27 for not registering births and 19 for deaths—in 24 of which conviction was secured. Special measures have been adopted to secure accuracy. The various native midwives in the town, and persons in charge of burning and burial grounds, have been served with notices, under sections 247 and 248 of the Municipal Act, requiring them to give prompt information of all events to the registrars of their respective circles. With a few exceptions, these have responded to the call. In the case of burning-ground attendants the Bench of Magistrates have taken an adverse view. In a prosecution by the council of an attendant of a burning-ground under section 239 of the Municipal Act, the Bench has held that it was not obligatory on him to give information of the event. I have addressed the District Magistrate through the Head Assistant Magistrate, requesting the taking of proceedings under revision.

59. *Conservancy.*—The outlay under this head amounted to Rs. 21,214–4–11 against Rs. 22,007–9–4 in the previous year. The proportion borne by the total expenditure to the allotment was 96·4 per cent. The general health of the town was good. There were a few suspected cases of cholera attacks, of which 8 proved fatal. It may be said that the year under report was almost free from the epidemic. All the necessary sanitary precautions were taken promptly. Three iron and two tatti latrines were erected during the year, and two of the masonry latrines were removed as being objectionably situated. There were 24 public latrines, or one latrine for every 2,467 inhabitants, and arrangements will be made to increase the number still further. No urinals were erected, nor were there any already in existence. The dust-bins in Negapatam were repaired. There were working in all 17 rubbish, 11 night-soil, and 19 sewage carts during the year. Ten single bullock iron night-soil carts were purchased during the year at a cost of Rs. 1,081. The rubbish and night-soil carts were worked departmentally till the 15th January 1896. As great difficulty was experienced in managing the carts, securing drivers, and feeding the bullocks, the council has arranged for the work being done by contract. The contractor was to work the municipal carts with the municipal bullocks, which he purchased from the council. The value of bullocks had been debited to "Advances recoverable" which was recovered on the sale of the bullocks. There was a profit of Rs. 223 by this transaction counterbalanced by a loss of Rs. 147–8–0 caused by the death of two bullocks and depreciation in value of two others. The back premises of houses were systematically inspected by the sanitary staff who submitted weekly returns of their

inspections. In 196 cases the back premises were found filthy on the first inspection, but were cleansed before the next inspection. In 7 cases were the owners prosecuted with the result that conviction was secured in all of them. The number of private scavenging houses was thus increased by 255. The pay of 20 male and 20 female scavengers are shown under "5 (*b*) (i) Private scavenging establishment" and that of 8 male and 10 female scavengers under "5 (*c*) (i) Public latrine establishment." An outlay of Rs. 492–1–11 was incurred in the purchase of sanitary powder, brooms, baskets, tar, &c.

60. The Civil Surgeon in his report says that the system in force for the removal of sewage is too defective, and that the carts are few in number. The council is already fully alive to this, but its hands are tied up by financial difficulties from effecting immediate improvements. Still the matter has not been lost sight of. Proposals for the levy of fees for the removal of sewage and the providing of more carts are under consideration, and statistics are being got ready for the purpose. The several make-shifts suggested by Dr. King for the disposal of sewage are receiving consideration and the Vizianagram filter is being experimented. The Civil Surgeon states that the condition of certain private tanks has not been improved. Again the council labour under the same difficulties. Such tanks are not few in number to be attended to all at once. The most useful drinking and bathing water tanks situated in more important places had to be looked after before any attention could be devoted to private tanks of less importance. With the available margin in the budget, the municipal Webster's tank in Negapatam and the private Perumalkovil tank in Nagore were improved last year. The municipal Tamaraikulam and Ganapati's private tank have been taken up this year. At the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner the council has taken charge of one of these private tanks, viz., Gurunatha Pillai's tank in Velipalaiyam, and arrangements for filling it up are under contemplation. To effect such improvements to the other tanks referred to as would bring them to a useful condition will entail on the council large outlays totally beyond the means of the council, which has already taken up a large scheme of water-supply, for which preliminary surveys and levels are being taken by the Sanitary Engineering Department. As regards the rubbish depôt at Velipalaiyam a new site has already been selected and arrangements are being made to acquire it.

61. *Arrangements during feasts.*—The Kandri feast arrangements were made by a sub-committee of the council. There was, as usual, a large influx of people, and the feast passed off without hitch of any kind. The total cost of the arrangements was Rs. 347–14–3.

62. *Grant IV, Lighting.*—The outlay under this head amounted to Rs. 5,905–2–0 against Rs. 5,130 in the revised estimate. The lighting was managed departmentally. The lights were burnt throughout the dark hours of nights. The number of lights on 31st March 1896 was 420, or 3 more than last year, which gives an average of 7 for every mile of road maintained. The average cost of burning each lamp was Rs. 1–2–9 per mensem. The increase under this item was due to the rise in the price of kerosene oil; which went up from Rs. 4–6–0 to Rs. 5–15–6 per case.

63. *Markets.*—There is one market with accommodation for the sale of fish, meat, vegetable and other articles, which was leased out for Rs. 3,810. A sum of Rs. 21–8–3 was realised as interest on overdue kists. Deducting the establishment and other charges, the net receipts from the markets were Rs. 3,452–11–3.

64. *Slaughter-houses.*—There are three slaughter-houses, viz., the bullock and sheep slaughter-houses, Negapatam, and the sheep slaughter-house, Nagore. The Nagore slaughter-house was leased. The Negapatam slaughter-houses were, as stated in paragraph 27 *supra*, managed departmentally till October 1895, when they were also leased. The amount realised was Rs. 1,947–2–2. Deducting the cost of establishment, &c., Rs. 144–7–4, the net income was Rs. 1,802–10–10.

65. *Travellers' Bungalows.*—The council has no travellers' bungalows of its own. There was hitherto a Government building in Kadambadi used as such. This building was under the management of M.R.Ry. Tavasimuttu Nadar and his heirs, having been handed over by the Revenue department, and has latterly been permitted by the transferees to be used as a private residence. The travellers are in consequence put to great inconvenience. I have already addressed the Collector on the subject.

66. *Avenues.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 309–12–4 against Rs. 280 in the revised estimate. The increase is due to arrangements made for planting avenue plants on a large scale. The existing plants are also carefully looked after.

67. *Public Garden.*—Rs. 1,259–15–9 was spent under this head against Rs. 1,020 in the revised estimate. The income under this head was Rs. 688–5–10, of which Rs. 414–15–8 was for Hathway's garden. In the rainy weather vegetables, cholum and other crops were sown. The plantation contains a sewage farm in which Hurriali grass is cultivated and sold to the public.

68. *Survey of Land.*—The council has made arrangements for realigning the fishermen's huts on the beach. The necessary surveys have been taken under the supervision of the Executive Engineer and a sketch prepared containing the proposals for realignment. Arrangements have been made to shift the timber yards from their existing sites further away to the north to make room for a public promenade on the beach.

69. *Printing.*—Rs. 586 was spent under this head. This includes cost of printing the proceedings of the council and lists of voters. The contribution due to Government for printing work done in the Secretariat Press was paid within the year.

70. *Law Charges.*—Rs. 345–5–4 was defrayed under this head for court costs and vakils' fees in civil and criminal cases in which the council was concerned.

71. *Grant V.*—The expenditure under this grant was Rs. 6,150–7–7 against Rs. 6,220 in the revised estimate. The prosecuting inspector sanctioned in G.O., No. 983, dated 17th June 1895, was not appointed, and the provision for the same was removed in the revised estimate. The expenditure under this grant was 7·8 per cent. of the receipts of the year. In view of the increasing work both in- and out- doors, the council welcomes the provision in the Amendment Act for the appointment of a paid Secretary.

72. *Refunds of other than Current Collections.*—The amount of Rs. 2,126–14–8 includes Rs. 2,115–3–7, the proceeds of Puthur and Nasalkodam inams refunded to the district board under the orders of Government conveyed in G.O., No. 72, Revenue, dated 5th February 1895.

IV.—Closing Balance.

73. The year closed with a balance of Rs. 16,601–11–10, of which Rs. 4,000 is invested in Government securities and Rs. 1,532–8–6, the balance of the Jubilee subscriptions, handed over to the council in fixed deposits in the Branch Bank of Madras.

—

Enclosure.

Concise Report of the Municipal Hospital, Negapatam, and its Branch Dispensary, Nagore, for the year 1895–96.

Public Health.—General health of the public during the year was fairly good. Two cases of cholera occurred in the month of July. These were importations from the adjoining taluk. Six cases occurred after the Kandri festival in December. The origin of this outbreak was traced to infection from the Tinnevelly district, where the disease had been then prevalent. By strict sanitary precautions, further spread of the disease was checked. The town was completely free from small-pox for eleven months of the year. In March, however, there were six deaths from this cause. The disease had been prevailing with unusual severity in the neighbouring villages. Influenza prevailed in the latter part of the year in a mild form. Diseases of the lymphatic system including hydrocele, elephantiasis of scrotum and legs are common in the crowded parts of the town, also skin diseases of parasitic origin.

Vital Statistics.—There were 1,777 deaths during the year from all causes, being 30·9 per mille of population against 31·62 per mille in the previous year. Largest number of deaths was recorded, as usual, against children under one year, and the next highest figure was against old people above sixty years. The percentage of infantile mortality to total deaths was 32·95.

Total number of births during the year was 1,953, *i.e.*, 32·97 per mille of population against 31·64 in the previous year.

Sanitation.—The sources of drinking-water supply are tanks and wells. The former receive their supply from freely-contaminated, open channels, and the latter are too few to meet the requirements of the town. The sewage of the town is removed by municipal agency. The system is very imperfectly worked. The number of sewage carts employed are far too few for the number of cesspools in the town. The insanitary condition of private tanks noted in the previous year's report has not been rectified. Among these the Andikulam in Nagore, Pindarikulam, Arumuga Chetti kulam and Upukulam in Negapatam, are particularly offensive. The rubbish depôt in the 3rd Division has not been removed to a safer site. There were some minor sanitary improvements during the year. The platforms around some of the drinking-water wells were repaired and a few municipal tanks were cleaned. Some of the masonry dust-bins that were in ruins were repaired. Provision for three more latrines and three more scavengers was made in the last budget.

Vaccination.—Vaccination is compulsory in the town and is done by animal lymph direct from the calf. Four thousand one hundred and five cases were vaccinated in the town during the year against 4,120 in the previous year. Of these 3,984 were done by the vaccinators and 121 by medical subordinates; 3,575 were primary operations and 530 were cases of re-vaccination. Of 3,575 primary operations 1,918 were on children under one year of age and 1,575 were on those above one and under six years. The cases operated by the vaccinators are verified at the depôt after operation. The cost of vaccinating each case was As. 3–3 against As. 3–2 in the previous year.

Municipal Hospital, Negapatam—(*a*) *Nature and Sufficiency of Accommodation.*—The hospital has 38 beds—20 in permanent buildings and the remaining in sheds. Of 20 in the former, eight are for males, eight for females and four for maternity cases. Of 18 in the latter, two are for females suffering from venereal diseases, eight for males suffering from loath-some diseases and eight for cholera patients. Excepting the last, the others are almost always occupied. The permanent buildings were constructed about 31 years ago and since then there have been no additions or alterations. The accommodation in these buildings is not sufficient for the present requirements. A caste ward is much needed, also a European ward and an operation room. The council has provided for these in the budget, but the works have not yet been commenced.

(*b*) *State of Repair of Buildings.*—The wards are very unhealthy. Erysipelas and fever among surgical cases have been very frequent. Operations result in complications and take longer time to heal. The cause of this unhealthiness was brought to the notice of the municipality and it was advised to renew the hospital floor and the old plastering. No steps have yet been taken on the advice, and I think it is no longer safe to defer action in the matter.

The lying-in ward has been abandoned on account of its dilapidated condition and the labour cases are now conducted in the general ward to their great inconvenience. A temporary shed was advised for the accommodation of these patients till a new ward has been erected.

Kitchens and latrines are in bad order, but no provision was made for their repair in the last budget.

(*c*) *State of repair of Furniture.*—Existing furniture is in good order. Requisition will be made for more iron cots and bedside tables when the caste and European wards have been completed.

(*d*) *Number of persons treated as compared with previous years.*—Twenty thousand and thirty out-door patients and 878 in-door patients were treated during the year, against 19,008 and 761, respectively, in the previous year. There is a steady increase both among in and out door patients every year. One hundred and forty-one patients dieted themselves during the year against 86 in the previous year and 69 in 1893–94. The table below compares the number of in and out door patients treated in the last five years:—

Year.	Total admissions.		Average daily attendance of in and out patients.
	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1891–92	561	12,788	108·47
1892–93	452	16,961	138·08
1893–94	772	17,313	131·35
1894–95	761	19,008	148·32
1895–96	878	20,030	147·62

(*e*) *Mortality and actual causes of it.*—There were 28 deaths among in-door patients, against 31 in the previous year and 52 in 1893–94. The actual causes of deaths were the following:—

Dysentery	4	Peritonitis	1
Starvation	6	Puerperal fever	1
Gangrene of bowels	2	Pyæmia	2
Phthisis pneumonic	3	Enteritis	1
Obstruction of bowels	1	Burns	1
Sunstroke	1	Small-pox	2
Cholera	1	Apoplexy	1
Penetrating wound, chest ..	1		

(*f*) *Operations and results.*—Two hundred and nineteen major operations and 2,109 minor operations were performed during the year against 211 and 3,066, respectively, in the previous year. The following were the chief among the major operations performed:—

Amputation of limbs.	Operations for radical cure for hydrocele.
Obstetric operations.	Operations on eye.
Operations for tumours.	Operations on diseased bones.
Operations for elephantiasis of scrotum.	

There was no mortality among operated patients. All were discharged cured.

(*g*) *Establishment whether sufficient and efficient.*—The inadequacy of the establishment was pointed out last year. An additional medical subordinate of the status of an apothecary and a Eurasian midwife in place of the present native midwife were recommended. In response to these recommendations the council provided for a third-class hospital assistant as additional medical subordinate and a purveyor to buy provisions and supervise the dieting of patients. These men have since joined their respective appointments.

Menial servants.—No changes have occurred under this head except the transfer of a sweeper, who was attached to the vaccine depôt, to the Negapatam hospital.

As a native midwife has been appointed to Nagore dispensary, the medical officer advised the transfer of the nurse here to Negapatam hospital, but the council held that she should remain in Nagore, although it was pointed out that she did practically no work in the dispensary and that her services would be more usefully utilized in the Negapatam hospital.

(*h*) *Midwives.*—Sixty-eight labour cases were conducted during the year against 124 in the previous year. Of these 31 were done among in-door patients. The decrease was due to the hospital midwife leaving her post and practising in the town in her private capacity.

(*i*) *Dispensary for Caste and Gosha Women.*—There is no special dispensary in the town for treating caste and gosha women separately. The municipal council has provided Rs. 25 a month as scholarship for a female student to undergo training in the medical college.

In Nagore dispensary 7,564 out-patients were treated against 6,480 in the previous year, and 354 minor operations were performed against 485 in the previous year. The table below compares the number of patients treated in the last five years:—

	Total admissions, out-patients.	Daily average attendance.
1891–92	6,411	43·75
1892–93	7,318	47·82
1893–94	6,869	47·29
1894–95	6,480	43·78
1895–96	7,564	49·63

The dispensary is located in a rented building which is in good order. The municipal council has been paying its rent for the last 17 years. It would do well to build a dispensary of its own on a standard plan.

The dispensary has the following staff:—

One medical practitioner.	One lascar.
One compounder.	One nurse.

A native midwife has been appointed from the beginning of the official year and steps have been taken to replace the medical practitioner in charge by a qualified hospital assistant.

General Remarks. — In regard to the new appointments, I regret that my advice as permanent medical officer of the station was not availed of. The Government order on the budget for 1896–97 was received by the municipality about ten days before my return from privilege leave. During this short interval two important appointments were made. The chief sanitary inspector of the town who had no previous training in hospital management was appointed as additional medical subordinate to the Negapatam hospital and the permanent incumbent of this institution who had three years' sound training was ordered to join Nagore. It is evident from the nature of these changes that the efficiency of the hospital must suffer.

The midwife appointed to Nagore was previously employed in the Negapatam hospital. She was dismissed from here for deserting her post when her services were most needed. Her re-appointment was inadvisable on principles of discipline.

NEGAPATAM,
30*th May* 1896.

(Signed) N. MUHAMMAD OOSMAN,
Civil Surgeon.

Forwarded to the Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, for his remarks, if any, on paragraphs 53 and 57 of the report.

2. He is requested to return the report in one day.

10*th June* 1896.

(Signed) N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Ag. Head Asst. Collector.

From N. MUHAMMAD OOSMAN SAHIB, Bahadur, Civil Surgeon, Negapatam, to the Head Assistant Collector, Tanjore, dated Negapatam, 12th June 1896, No. 96-A.

With reference to your endorsement, dated 10th June 1896, on the administration report of the Negapatam Municipality, I have the honour to submit my remarks as follows:—

2. *Paragraph* 53.—The Chairman in his report states that midwife Muniammah attended 68 cases and that her work was not considered satisfactory. Taking into consideration the comparatively short period she was in the hospital, viz., six months, the 68 cases attributed to her by the Chairman must be considered fairly satisfactory.

3. As for the co-operation which the Chairman expects from the Civil Surgeon in administering municipal funds economically, I regret my inability to see how an expenditure of Rs. 20 required for erecting a temporary shed pending repairs to the lying-in ward would have affected the municipal funds, when the amount of convenience afforded to the patients by such erections is out of all proportion, as may be judged from what follows.

4. The cottages referred to by the Chairman are those used for treating contagious diseases. To accommodate lying-in patients in such cottages would be only exposing them to septic diseases. Again, to deliver such patients in a general ward would be exposing them to the view of other patients and protracting their delivery, not to say the disturbance caused to the latter by the shrieks of labour pains and the cries of newly-born babes.

5. With regard to the transfer of the nurse from the Nagore dispensary to the Negapatam hospital where the absence of an extra nurse is keenly felt, the Chairman considers the proposal "most inadvisable" on the ground that a very large number of female patients resort to the former institution. The number of female patients treated in the last calendar year at Nagore was 1,803, of whom only 18 needed the help of a nurse. Again, every time I visited the dispensary since my rejoining the duty, the nurse was missing and the midwife was on duty. The latter had to leave the dispensary during the working hours to attend upon labour cases only thrice in the last two months; on other occasions the calls were at other than working hours. It seems waste to spend Rs. 60 annually upon the nurse whose services have become almost extinct after the appointment of the midwife. When a midwife was appointed to Nagore in 1884 the services of the nurse were dispensed with.

6. The Chairman's inference that I deprecate the practice of the hospital midwives going out of the hospital and attending on labour cases is diametrically opposite to what I in fact every day try to render their services as useful as possible. The midwives are exhorted to go about and make themselves as popular as they can with gosha and Hindu families who do not generally appear in public, and the result of the endeavours are re-assuring. Year after year the attendance has been on the increase. In 1892–93 there were 106 cases, in 1893–94, 117, and in 1894–95, 124. The decline in 1895–96 was due, as I have stated in my report, to the old midwife having resigned and taken up private practice in the town. The new midwife was at a disadvantage, as all the out-door cases resorted to the former woman. Had the Chairman only cared to know how the midwives were worked under me, he would not have made this hasty inference.

7. With regard to the appointment of the chief sanitary inspector of the Municipality of Negapatam as additional hospital assistant, the Chairman's statement as to his consultation with, and concurrence of, Dr. Chalke is not on record. I cannot conceive how the virtues discovered by the Chairman in the new hospital assistant go to make the necessary qualification of a medical man. This man by being employed as a sanitary officer all along has forgotten what he had learnt of medicine in the Medical School, Tanjore, and finds himself in an awkward predicament in the hospital where he has to confront diseases.

8. With regard to the transfer of the Negapatam hospital assistant to Nagore, what I have stated and what I wish to be understood is that he was specially trained for a trying place like the Negapatam hospital, and his transfer from the latter, which has a prior consideration, was not advisable. Any hospital assistant of his service might well have been posted to Nagore.

9. The Chairman alludes to the temporary employment of the dismissed midwife in September. He is not probably aware, as he was not then in office, under what pressing circumstances she was employed. Mary Abraham, the newly-appointed midwife, resigned about the end of October on account of ill-health and there was some delay in getting another midwife in her place. There were two maternity cases in the ward when the midwife left and five others came in subsequently. There was nobody to confine them, the female ward attendant being also absent as she was ill. I was forced under these circumstances to engage the services of the dismissed midwife *temporarily*. There cannot be any comparison between these circumstances and those that led to her permanent appointment to the new post. The fact of my engaging her services in an *emergency* does not absolve her of the blame of her previous misconduct. She left her post when her services were most urgently needed and her plea that she did so on account of the serious illness of her mother in Madras could not be believed, as she was found within a week of her leaving the appointment, practising in the town. She appealed to the council ten months after her dismissal, and the result of the appeal was not communicated to the Civil Surgeon, nor was he consulted before she was re-appointed to Nagore.

10. *Paragraph* 57.—As for the discrepancy in the vaccination figures, I regret that the Chairman did not attempt to reconcile them before before he submitted his report. The figures in my report were compiled from the annual returns submitted by the vaccinators and hospital assistants.

11. The concluding portion of paragraph 57 is not intelligible. A copy of the birth report is herewith attached and it will be seen from the same that there is nothing there for the Civil Surgeon to endorse. The vaccinators make the necessary entries in the reports and submit them to the Chairman either through this office or direct. In the explanation with regard to the delay, they submit that since the new register prescribed in G.O., No. 1502 M., dated 19th October 1894, has been in force, they have been furnishing the municipal office direct, every month, with the information required in the birth reports, and therefore they considered their return unnecessary. That they have been supplying the information regularly appears true, as the Chairman himself acknowledges in his report that the register prescribed has been carefully

maintained. If, in spite of the information thus obtained, the Chairman required the birth reports, he could have called upon the vaccinators to submit them or sent a reminder to this office for their transmission being expedited. There has been not a single reminder up to date!

Forwarded to the Collector.

2. With reference to the remarks in paragraph 53, the report of the Civil Surgeon is enclosed. I think the present policy of the municipality in interfering to so large an extent in the hospital department is injudicious and wrong.

3. The council could easily have found the small sum required for the temporary shed asked for by the Civil Surgeon and their refusal is very reprehensible.

VÉDÁRANNIYAM,
14*th June* 1896.

(Signed) N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Ag. Head Asst. Collector.

No. 1714-Rev.

Submitted to Government in the Local and Municipal Department.

2. In paragraph 7 of the report the figures 301 and 367 representing the number of registered voters in Negapatam south and Kadambadi wards are apparently incorrect, the correct numbers as per Statement X-A being 402 and 398 respectively.

3. *Paragraph* 56.—The figure Rs. 141 representing the amount of contribution to the reserve staff is a mistake for Rs. 41.

4. *Paragraph* 58.—The number of births during 1895–96 is 1,955 as per Treasury Deputy Collector's return, whereas the number as per this paragraph is 1,953. Explanation for the difference has been called for and will be submitted separately.

The Chairman's reference to the District Magistrate in the matter of failure of a prosecution against the keeper of certain burial-grounds has been disposed of in my Proceedings, No. 345-Magl., dated 9th June 1896, copy of which is enclosed.

5. *Paragraph* 64.—The travellers' bungalow at Kadambadi is Government property. It was handed over to the late Tavasimuttu Nadar, toddy contractor, upon his agreeing to keep it in proper repair and open for travellers. It appears that his son, M.R.Ry. Ratnaswami Nadar, has rented it to the Police Inspector, Negapatam town, for occupation against the clear provisions of the agreement executed by his father. He has been requested to show cause why the bungalow should not be resumed and his reply is awaited.

6. In the matter of the differences between the council and the Civil Surgeon, I generally agree with the latter and the Head Assistant Collector. The most important of these differences consist in the provision of additional accommodation in the hospital for in-patients, &c., and in the appointment of hospital servants; in these matters the Civil Surgeon is the proper adviser and his recommendations deserve support.

7. *Statement I.*—House-tax registers were revised in 1892–93 and the land-tax registers in 1893–94. They should now undergo revision.

8. *Statement IV-B.*—The arrears of previous years, *i.e.*, of 1893–94 and 1894–95, should have been either collected or written off the accounts. Necessary steps should be taken to adjust them promptly. The collections are, on the whole, good; but the existence of as many as 426 warrants, out of 2,100 issued, indicates laxity in execution and want of strict control over the collection establishment.

9. *Statement IX.*—The number of houses as per last census is 12,234, the number as per municipal assessment register is 9,550, and the number actually assessed is 8,957. There is a difference of 2,684 houses between the first and the second items and of 593 houses between the second and the third. The difference in both cases being rather large requires explanation.

10. *Statement X.*—The reason for the increase in the attendance of official members and decrease in that of the non-officials is due to the appointment of more official numbers to the council during the year than was the case in previous years.

11. *Statement XIII.* — First-class vaccinator Víraswami Nayudu and second-class vaccinatrix Subbammal have turned out more work than the prescribed minimum, while the number vaccinated by the second-class vaccinator Doraiswami Nayudu is below it by 135 cases: the proportion of successful to total number of cases vaccinated is also greater in the case of the first two. The work of the second-class vaccinator is therefore bad both in quality and quantity.

Prescribed minimum for first-class vaccinator at 120 cases per month ..	1,440
Prescribed minimum for second-class vaccinator at 100 per month	1,200
Number of cases vaccinated by first-class vaccinator including re-vaccination	1,592
Number of cases vaccinated by second-class vaccinatrix	1,327
Number of cases vaccinated by second-class vaccinator Doraiswami Nayudu.	1,065

Name of Vaccinator.	Number of cases vaccinated.	Number of successful cases.	Proportion.
Viraswami Nayudu.	1,592	1,506	94·5
Subbammal ..	1,327	1,224	92·2
Doraiswami Nayudu	1,065	970	91·07

(Signed) H. MOBERLY,
Acting Collector.

TANJORE,
22*nd June* 1896.

ORDER—No. 1419 M., dated 21st August 1896.

The receipts and charges of the Negapatam Municipality for 1895–96 are compared below with the budget and revised estimates for the year and the actuals of 1894–95:—

	Actuals, 1894–95.	Budget estimate, 1895–96.	Revised estimate, 1895–96.	Actuals, 1895–96.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance brought forward	12,982	8,510	10,030	10,027
Tax on Arts	13,423	13,010	13,510	14,320
,, on Buildings and Lands	23,207	23,020	23,020	22,959
,, on Vehicles and Animals	3,679	3,920	3,770	3,821
,, on Carts	1,652	1,900	1,700	1,694
Tolls	10,208	10,160	9,940	10,015
Realizations under Special Acts	60	..	60	120
Rent of Lands, Buildings, &c., and Sale-proceeds of Lands, &c. ..	2,329	2,120	2,550	3,509
Conservancy Receipts	147	200	400	357
Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	123	100	100	99
,, ,, from Medical Institutions	279	300	350	322
Income from Markets and Slaughter-houses	5,584	5,550	5,820	5,779
License Fees	2,056	1,500	2,200	2,146
Other Fees	101	130	130	102
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	1,158	1,300	1,500	1,954
Interest on Investments and Premium on Loans	373	290	290	290
Grants and Contributions from Government	168	340	210	164
,, ,, from Local Boards	2,449	2,550	2,600	2,790
,, ,, from other bodies	65	50	70	1,595
Recoveries for Services to Private Individuals	2,376	2,700	2,480	2,599
Miscellaneous	656	430	270	377
Advances Recovered	584	900	2,2 0	3,340
Total ..	83,659	78,980	83,200	88,279
Charges.				100·7 78·252
GRANT I—				
New Works—				
Communications	1,167	600	690	513
Buildings	1,921	1,730	1,650	1,310
Water-supply	132	1,770	1,520	825
Repairs—				
Communications	9,941	9,200	8,770	9,089
Buildings	336	580	1,320	995
Water-supply	3,673	2,780	3,230	3,225
Establishment	972	970	970	969
Tools and Plant and other Stores	38	30	50	43
Total ..	18,180	17,660	18,200	16,969

—	Actuals, 1894–95.	Budget estimate, 1895–96.	Revised estimate, 1895–96.	Actuals, 1895–96.
Charges—cont.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Grant II—				
Training Schools	..	260	120	63
Municipal Schools—				
On the Salary-result System	1,828	1,930	1,900	1,761
Grants-in-aid—				
Salary Grants	2,112	2,000	2,250	2,045
Result Grants	2,259	2,500	2,300	2,359
Building, Furniture, &c., Grants	234	400	350	287
Inspection	397	380	380	376
Miscellaneous	563	610	660	615
Total ..	7,393	8,080	7,960	7,506
Grant III—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries	5,421	4,580	5,250	5,320
Contributions	570	570	590	591
Vaccination	762	800	850	840
Registration of Births and Deaths	971	1,000	960	970
Conservancy, Road-cleaning and Road-watering	22,008	22,820	22,000	21,214
Total ..	29,732	29,770	29,650	28,935
Grant IV—				
Lighting	5,186	5,740	5,130	5,905
Markets and Slaughter-houses	511	730	570	523
Avenues	244	300	280	310
Public Garden, Survey of Land, Fire and other charges	2,472	2,040	2,070	2,330
Total ..	8,413	8,810	8,050	9,068
Grant V—				
Supervision and Management	6,099	6,420	6,220	6,150
Advances Recoverable	3,799	100	660	922
Refunds	16	20	2,120	2,127
Balance	10,027	8,120	10,340	16,602
Total ..	83,659	78,980	83,200	88,279

2. Thirty-six meetings were held by the municipal council against 29 in 1894–95. The average attendance of the non-official members continued to be fair, but that of the officials declined and was poor. The Collector should inform the latter that the Government expects them to be present at these meetings as often as their other duties permit. Seven seats were filled by election during the year and three of these were contested, 80·7 per cent. of the voters concerned attending the poll.

3. *Receipts.*—(1) Owing, apparently, to careful assessment there was an increase in the number of persons assessed to the tax on arts from 1,402 to 1,551, and the net current demand under this head rose from Rs. 14,147 to Rs. 15,326. The demand under the tax on buildings showed a slight advance, while that under the land-tax was almost stationary. The result of the revision of the assessments under the house-tax, now in progress, should be reported to Government as soon as it is completed, and as suggested in paragraph 7 of the Collector's endorsement the land-tax registers should also be revised in the current year. The large difference noticed also in paragraph 9 should be explained at an early date.

(2) The collections, both current and arrears, under the taxes on buildings and lands and the current collections under the tax on arts, continued to be fair; but it is to be regretted that Rs. 811 of the arrears under the last-mentioned tax had to be written off the books as irrecoverable and that consequently only 39·3 per cent. of the demand was realized. This loss of revenue would probably have been avoided had the council been more prompt in realizing the tax in previous years. The municipal council's attention will be drawn to paragraph 8 of the Collector's endorsement.

(3) There was an increase in the receipts under all heads, except tolls and fishery rents. The decrease in the former was small, but it was considerable in the latter and has not been explained.

(4) The number of houses served by the private scavenging agency rose again from 1,495 to 1,750 and the service was worked at a profit of Rs. 168 to the municipal council. The improvement effected in the service during the past year has been very

satisfactory. As, however, the number of houses assessed to the tax on buildings in this town is nearly 9,000, it is evident that there is scope for considerable extension of the service.

4. *Expenditure*—(1) *Public Works.*—No new work of any importance was undertaken during the year. The total outlay on communications amounted to Rs. 9,602, or 96·0 per cent. of the net municipal receipts from tolls. The Revenue Divisional Officer has not reported on the condition of the roads—an omission which should not be allowed to recur—but from paragraph 39 of the Chairman's report it appears that the metalled roads were in good order.

(2) *Education.*—The net expenditure on education was Rs. 7,195, or 13·7 per cent. of the receipts from taxation. Of this sum Rs. 2,027 were spent on secondary, and the rest on primary, education. As in the previous year, the municipal council maintained four primary schools on the salary-result system and aided four secondary schools with salary grants, but the number of schools aided with result grants rose from 23 to 26. Taken together the attendance in these institutions showed an improvement and the examination results were satisfactory. The average cost of educating each pupil in the Muhammadan schools was rather high and should, if possible, be reduced in the current year. The allotment for grants was almost fully utilized and the number of boys in the municipal and aided schools rose from 1,979 to 2,220, or 54·7 per cent. of the male population of school-going age. A large number of the teachers employed in these institutions were unpassed, but a sessional school conducted by the inspecting schoolmaster was opened in January 1896 and in this about ten teachers were being trained.

(3) *Medical Relief.*—The number of in-patients treated in the municipal hospital rose from 761 to 878 and that of out-patients at this institution and at the branch dispensary from 25,488 to 27,594. In view of the fact that the public health during the year was good, this increase is satisfactory. The midwife attached to the hospital attended 68 cases of labour during the period of six months she was employed, against 124 in 1894–95. With reference to paragraph 53 of the Chairman's report the municipal council's attention will be drawn to paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Head Assistant Collector's and paragraph 6 of the Collector's endorsements. It is a matter for considerable regret that there should be any friction between the council and the medical authorities. The council's decisions on the Civil Surgeon's suggestions should be reconsidered with reference to the remarks in his second letter read above.

(4) *Vaccination and Vital Statistics.*—The reported number of persons vaccinated during the year was 4,105, or 15 less than in the previous year, and the quality of the work turned out showed a slight deterioration, 92·2 per cent. of the total number of operations being successful against 93·6 per cent. in 1894–95. Infantile vaccination also showed a retrogression, the total number of children under one year successfully vaccinated being 30·6 per mille of the population against 34·4 in the previous year. With reference to the concluding portion of paragraph 57 of the Chairman's report, his attention will be drawn to the Civil Surgeon's remarks in paragraph 11 of his second letter.

There was an increase in the number of births registered during the year and a decline in that of deaths. The recorded rates in both cases being still below the normal, the returns are evidently incomplete. As the Chairman states that special measures have been adopted to secure accuracy, it is hoped that there will be no need for a repetition of these remarks in future.

(5) *Sanitation.*—Seven per cent. of the allotment for conservancy was allowed to lapse, and the expenditure amounted to 27·1 per cent. of the current receipts against 31·1 per cent. in the previous year. From paragraphs 59 and 60 of the Chairman's report, however, the Government is glad to note that some efforts have been made to supply the sanitary needs of the town. There are evidently still many defects which should be remedied as far as funds permit.

5. *General Remarks.*—The year closed with a balance of Rs. 16,602, or 21·2 per cent. of the current receipts. Of this sum, however, Rs. 4,000 are reserved for expenditure on the water-supply scheme and Rs. 1,533 represent the balance of the Jubilee subscriptions for the construction of a reading room in the Victoria Park.

The medical report is more lengthy than necessary and contains statements *e.g.*, those giving particulars of causes of death and a list of the chief operations performed, which might with advantage be omitted.

The administration of the municipality during the year under review continued to be fairly satisfactory. Increased attention should be paid to vaccination, registration of vital statistics and sanitation in the current year.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam.
,, Collector of Tanjore.
,, President, District Board, Tanjore.
,, Accountant-General.
,, Director of Public Instruction.
,, Surgeon-General.
,, Sanitary Commissioner.
,, Sanitary Engineer.
Editors' Table.

Exd. A. Raitt.

... sent to Press. 21-8-96 5/

... for signature. 18-9-96

... in print. 19-...

Number of copies required. { Order complete. 120 / Letter only. / Order complete with Letter. 1

..., No. Dated

... No.

... to G. No.

... of Government

... of Government.

... with ditto.

... not filled up being meant for despatch in original.

Press

Set in type and send three copies of this G.O. please

N.S.
21/8/96

N.B.—
A = Print in full
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only
Q = Print heading only.