Local & Munl. (1895) Department.

PRINTED.

G.O., No. 1249 M

DATED 2nd August 1895

[Despatch Abstract.]

Municipali limits.

Ordering the publication in the Fort Sanit George and Tanjore District Gazettes of a notification revising the boundaries of the Mannargudi Municipality.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From J. THOMSON, Esq., Acting Collector of Tanjore, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Vallam, 25th June 1895, No. 106 Ml.

With reference to G.O., dated 20th December 1894, Mis. No. 1996 M., I have the honour to report as follows.

2. The question of altering the boundaries of the Mannárgudi municipality arose from a remark made by the Sanitary Commissioner in his inspection notes of that town printed in G.O., dated 27th August 1894, No. 1155 M. So far as that remark is concerned, the present boundary of the municipality includes both margins of the Pamaniyar river and the chairman's reply to the Sanitary Commissioner's remark appears to have been made without due reference to G.O., dated 30th April 1869, No. 559, Public.

3. Though the upper portion of the river between the western and eastern bridges upon the Pamaniyar to which the Sanitary Commissioner's remark applies lies within the municipal boundaries, there is still a small portion below the eastern bridge outside them which portion is frequented by the people of the municipality for bathing and drinking purposes. I now propose that this portion may also be included within the municipal limits and forward a draft notification for approval and publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. A rough plan showing the northern as well as the eastern and southern limits (where they require revision) is enclosed.

Order—dated 2nd August 1895, No. 1249 M., Local and Municipal.

The revised boundaries of the Mannárgudi municipality proposed by the Collector are approved and the following notification will be published in the Fort St. George and Tanjore District Gazettes :—

NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884, and in modification of the notification published under G.O., dated 30th April 1869, No. 559, at page 697 of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 11th May 1869, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the boundaries of the Mannárgudi Municipality shall, from and after the 1st October 1895, be as follows :—

North.—A straight line from just north of the road leading from the 7th furlong of the 7th mile from Nídámangalam to Aiyar Samadhi on the Tiruválúr high road (No. 23) *viâ* Senganárkoyil and Pattakkara Teru inclusive of those two places, passing through survey Nos. 326, 341, 342, 343, 344, 361, 369, 366, 367, 390, 389, 385 and 383 of village No. 28 Pamani, and thence through survey Nos. 64, 61, 53, 54, 51, 49, 115, 109, 108, 107, 106, 93, 102, 100 and 165 of village No. 46, Rámápuram.

East.—A line from Aiyar Samadhi by the eastern limits of the habitation of village No. 47, Kailásanádankoyil and the western portion of village No. 91, Mudal Sethi, through survey Nos. 197, 202, 204, 129, 135 and 138 of village No. 47, Kailásanádankoyil, thence through survey Nos. 8, 38, 41 and 297 of village No. 91, Mudal Sethi, and thence from the south-western end of the Aiyanar tank (survey No. 12) of village No. 135, Asesham, along the western side of the Talayamangalam village road as far as Serangulam limits, survey No. 224, through vey Nos. 306 of Mudal Sethi, 223 of Munam Sethi, 1 and 4 of Nalam Sethi and 3 and 37 of gulam.

South.—A line from the termination of the eastern boundary to the south of Máravakkádu Tóttam, Vannánkulam and Rajan Toppu of 135 Asesham village through survey Nos. 149, 148, 147, 146, 133, 118, 119, 120, 121 and 108 and thence to the south of Valumuniswaran kuttai through survey Nos. 205, 209, 208, 217, 28, 29, 189, 187, 170, 169, 168, 165, 127 and 126 of village No. 136, Gópralaiyam.

West.—Line along road No. 64 leading from Mannárgudi to Pattukkóttai through survey Nos. 124, 120, 107, 105, 103 and 102 of village No. 136, Gópralaiyam, and by the eastern boundary limits of village No. 137, Naduvakkottai through survey Nos. 33, 24, 22, 19, 14, 2, 7, 13, 11 and 9, thence by the southern boundary limits of Mannárgudi through survey Nos. 318, 317, 316, 315, 314, 313 and 312, again through survey Nos. 145, 158 and 159 lying close to the northern boundary limit of Naduvakkottai and by the western boundary limits of Mannárgudi through survey Nos. 299, 298, 297, 296, 293, 222, 221, 219, 218, 202, 201, 200, 199, 194, 193 and 192, thence passing north as far as the Muvanallur drainage channel for the municipal boundary stone situate a few yards to the east of Mandavayattikulam, thence passing east to the south of the said drainage channel as far as the cart-track leading to Muvanallur, thence turning north-east and passing up to the village boundary stone lying to the east of the Muvanallur drainage sluice on the southern bank of the Pamaniyar and thence crossing the Pamaniyar and terminating at the 7th furlong stone of the 7th mile on the metalled road from Nídámangalam.

2. The required number of copies of this notification will be printed in English at the Government Press and supplied to the Collector for circulation with the District Gazette.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Chairman, Municipal Council, Mannárgudi.
" Collector of Tanjore.
" Superintendent, Government Press.
Editors' Table.
Gazette.

Exd. S. J. Pereira.

Govt. of {1895} Madras.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Issued

Encl.

Recd.

G.O., 2nd August 1895, No. 1249 M.

AUGUST.

Municipal Limits.

Ordering the publication in the Fort St. George and Tanjore District Gazettes of a notification revising the boundaries of the Mannárgudi municipality.

Government of Madras

PUBLIC WORKS AND LABOUR DEPARTMENT

(Irrigation)

13 SEP 1934

G.O. No. 1297 I., 15th June 1934

Water-charge—Aerated water companies and other industrial concerns within municipal limits.

Order—No. 1297 I., dated 15th June 1934.

No charge is at present levied by the Government for the water taken from Government sources by certain municipal councils for town supply. These municipal councils however derive income from aerated water companies and other industrial or semi-industrial concerns by charging for the water supplied to them. The Government consider that in such cases a charge should be made for the water supplied for other than domestic purposes. They, therefore, direct that if a local body getting its supply free of charge from a Government source sells water for non-domestic purposes, it should pay to the Government one-third of the total amount realized by it every year from such sales. But no charge will be made when the source from which the local body takes the water neither belongs to the Government nor is situated on Government land, even though it may be supplied from a Government source by percolation. The Board of Revenue is requested to modify the fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 11-A accordingly.

(By order of the Governor in Council)

T. G. Rutherford,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue and Settlement).
,, Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
,, Accountant-General, through Finance Department.
,, Revenue and Finance Departments.
,, Local Self-Government Department.

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companies in the municipality which take water through municipal connections or taps. A list of them furnished by the chairman is enclosed.

2. The question has been raised whether these companies are to be charged separately for water taken for the manufacture of aerated water. The municipality issues the licences and gets an income of Rs. 390 per year as licence fees, part of which is derived from concerns using less than 100 cubic yards per annum. The licence fees are levied by the municipality under section 249 of the District Municipalities Act and do not in any sense purport to be a charge for water taken. Even if Government were to make a claim on the amount collected by the municipality, they can have a claim only where the individual consumption is 100 cubic yards or more and even in such cases they could not claim the whole amount, as part at least has to be treated as licence fee. The resulting claim will be for such a small amount that it is not worth while creating friction to collect it. In any case, I consider that a separate charge from aerated water factories cannot be made legally unless the rules are altered. I request the instructions of the Board in the matter.

Reference—No. H. 731/33-1, *dated* 20*th February* 1933.

Submitted to Government for orders.

2. Under section 249 of the District Municipalities Act, the municipality issues licences for the use of particular places for any of the purposes mentioned in Schedule V of the Act; and under section 132 a charge is leviable by the municipality for water supplied for other than domestic consumption. The aerated water companies within the municipal limits of Trichinopoly are thus using water supplied to them by the municipality and cannot be considered to be industrial concerns under paragraph 5 of Standing Order No. 11-A. In order to secure to Government their due share of the water-rate collected by the municipality in such cases, necessary instructions have been embodied in the fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of Standing Order No. 11-A. The Board however considers that the object with which these instructions were incorporated in the Standing Order was that Government should claim their due share from the municipality only in cases in which the municipality was collecting large amounts from the factories without paying any charge for the water taken by the municipality from Government sources and that it was not the intention that petty cases should fall under the rules. There must be a number of cases of the kind reported by the Collector of

Trichinopoly in other towns. The Board is of the opinion that to claim the Government's share of the water-charge collected by the municipalities in all such petty cases would, in practice, be a task incommensurate with the small amounts involved. It therefore requests that Government will be pleased to direct that no interference is called for in petty cases of water-supply by municipalities to persons and companies within municipal limits for other than domestic consumption, if the consumption is not more than 10,000 cubic yards per annum and that Collectors should take action and make the report contemplated in paragraph 6 of Standing Order No. 11-A only in those cases in which local bodies sell water in quantity of over 10,000 cubic yards per annum. In suggesting the limit of 10,000 cubic yards per annum, the Board has followed the Chief Engineer's proposal in regard to Bezwada Municipality, approved in G.O. No. 175 I., dated 10th May 1912.

A. R. MacEwen,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Labour Department.

Enclosure

List of soda water manufacturing companies.

Serial number and names and address.	Approximate quantity of water per day.	Source.
	GALLONS.	
1 Chinnayya Nayudu, Palakarai road		
2 Doraiswami Nayudu, Palakarai road	25	Public fountain.
3 N. Varadarajulu Nayudu, Old Pudukotta road ..	8	Do.
4 Sourinayagam Muthiriyar, Old Pudukotta road ..	20	House service.
5 Innasi Muthiriyar, Eda street road	10	Public fountain.
6 Thomas Muthiriyar, Eda street road	25	Do.
7 P. A. Jabbar Sahib, N.M. store, Palakarai road ..	15	Do.
8 Syed Kasim, Kadi Bazaar, Sub-Jail road ..	100 *	Unmetered tap.
9 Muthukaruppan Chetti, Eda street road	50 *	Public fountain.
10 Kumaralingam Chetty, Eda street road	50 *	Unmetered tap.
11 Ranga Raju Pillai, Varaganeri Agraharam	100 *	Unmetered tap of Vaithilingam Pettai.
12 S. G. Wilson & Co.	100 *	Public fountain.
13 Raju Pillai, No. 1105, Dharanallur North road ..	40	Tap water.
14 Vincent & Company, Singara Tope street	25	Do.
15 Thangavelu Pillai	200 *	House service.
16 Somasundaram Pillai	120 *	Pipe water.
17 Angammal	150 *	Do.
18 Naga Pillai	100 *	Do.
19 Karupayya Servai	200 *	Do.
20 P. Amirthalingam Pillai, North Droupadi Ammal Kovil street	200 *	Do.
21 Spencer & Co., Rockins road	100 *	Public fountain.
22 Bojan Soda Factory, Williams road	300 *	Municipal water-supply.
23 Munir Abbas, Promanade road	1,300 *	Do.
24 Char & Co., Convent road	80 *	Public fountain.
25 Swaminatha Pillai, Eda street (work suspended temporarily)	200 *	Municipal supply and well-water.
26 J. H. Irani, Promenade road	..	Public fountain.
27 S. S. R. Krishna Nayudu, Soundarapandiyam Pillai street	..	Service fountain.
28 Sunkarathammal, West Kasipalaiyam	40	Public fountain.
29 N. Rangaswami Pillai, Mannar Pillai street	45	Do.
30 P. Ussain Khan, North Tailor street	40	Do.
31 Sellamuthu Udayar, Anaikattimettu street	45	Do.
32 Muhammad Ussain Sahib, Syrup factory, Fort market.. ..	35	House service tap.
	..	....

Note.—* The quantities of water drawn in these cases exceed 100 cubic yards per annum.

III

Official Memorandum No. 841-D/33-3, P.W. & L., dated 22nd May 1933.

[Assessment—Charge for water—Aerated water companies in municipal council limits—Board's Reference No. H. 731/33-1, dated 20th February 1933.]

The Board of Revenue is requested to offer its remarks on the following points which arise in connexion with the above reference.

The fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 11-A refers to local bodies who get water free of charge from Government selling such water to 'an individual concern'; in such cases a report should be made to the Government 'as Government have a right to claim the amount collected by the local body.' The Board of Revenue proposes to fix a free limit of 10,000 cubic yards for issue by the Municipal Council to all the 'petty' concerns, a charge being made only when such issue exceeds 10,000 cubic yards. It is not clear what will be included in 'petty concerns.'

Secondly, the question arises as to what is the amount that the Government are to claim when the limit is exceeded. Is it to be—

(*a*) the amount actually collected by the council, as contemplated by the Boards Standing Order; or

(*b*) a flat rate per 1,000 cubic yards?

If it is (*a*), it must be remembered that in most cases of the kind reported by the Collector, Trichinopoly, no charge is collected as water is mostly taken from a public tap or from an unmetered house-service connexion. There is the difficulty of finding out the quantity used by these petty concerns, as also the fact that most of them use municipal water without making a special payment for it under section 132 (2) of the Madras District Municipalities Act.

If on the other hand, a flat rate per 1,000 cubic yards is to be charged, are Government to claim only this rate or the full charge recovered by the municipal council under section 132 (2) of the Act? If the flat rate is to be claimed, paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 11-A would seem to require more radical alteration.

2. The Board of Revenue is requested to submit its reply in consultation with the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

N. Gopalaswami,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue and Settlement).
" Chief Engineer for Irrigation, with a copy of Board's Reference, dated 20th February 1933.

IV

Reference from the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue and Settlement), No. H. 731/33-6, dated 19th October 1933.

J. F. Hall, Esq., C.I.E., O.B.E., I.C.S.,
Commissioner of Land Revenue and Settlement.

[*Reference.*—Government Memorandum No. 841-D/33-3, Revenue, dated 22nd May 1933.]

The Board has consulted the Chief Engineer for Irrigation. He is of the opinion that whether a municipality derives its supply from a Government source either on payment or free of cost, it should be asked to pay a charge at the flat rate of Rs. 3 per 1,000 cubic yards of the water sold by it to an industrial concern. This recommendation does not commend itself to the Board, as it is open to question: the Government having collected the charge for the water once, cannot properly claim a charge again the second time. As the Government have called for the remarks of the Board only about cases of sale of water to industrial concerns by municipalities which get Government water free of charge, the Board confines its remarks only to such cases.

2. The rate of charge for any industrial concern taking water from a Government source is Rs. 3 per 1,000 cubic yards. If the same rate is fixed for a municipality also, as proposed by the Chief Engineer it would work hardship not only to the municipality but to many petty concerns, some of which say, e.g., a soda-water factory are necessary amenities of urban life. It has also to be remembered that the municipality should be left a margin to cover the interest and the maintenance charges of its water-works. As it is not possible for the Collector of a district to deal with every individual concern within a municipality using the water supplied by it, the suggestion is made that a flat rate of Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic yards may be fixed on the quantity sold by the municipality in a year to all private bodies or individuals within or outside the municipality, as contemplated under sections 132 and 133 of the District Municipalities Act. But there will be practical difficulties in calculating the quantity thus sold. A municipality may derive water charge from a small soda-water factory taking water from a street tap. The quantity consumed by such a small factory not being metered can only be calculated very roughly. Such rough calculations made in respect of many such small factories taking water from unmetered taps or house connexions, would not result in a fair or equitable method of calculation of the water charge. The Board therefore recommends that the total amount realized by the municipality in a year as the charge for the water supplied by it to the several concerns should be ascertained by the Collector every year and that one-third of this amount should be fixed as the claim of the Government for the use of the Government water. The Board has suggested 33⅓ per cent of the total amount realized by the municipality so as to leave to it the remaining 66⅔ per cent to cover its interest, maintenance and establishment charges. This one-third is analogous to the rate of Re. 1 per 1,000 cubic yards to be charged for a municipality for water supplied to it from a Government source, as against Rs. 3 per

1,000 cubic yards to be charged for private concerns. Should the Board's suggestion meet with the approval of the Government, the charge to be collected from the municipality every year need not be based on the report of the Collector in respect of each case, but on the total amount realized by the municipality as water charge and the fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of Standing Order No. 11-A may be recast as follows :—

> "If a local body getting its supply free of charge from a Government source, sells water to individual concerns, it should pay to the Government one-third of the total amount realized by it every year from such sales."

M. K. VELLODI,
Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Labour Department, with a copy of the Chief Engineer's note.

ENCLOSURE.

Chief Engineer's Note.

Under section 129 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, municipalities have to supply water for domestic purposes alone and it is but fair that charges should be levied from them at usual rates when they sell water for non-domestic purposes. The free concession of 10,000 cubic yards allowed in G.O. No. 175 I., dated 10th May 1912, to the Bandar Municipality related to the total supply to all industrial concerns and not to each individual concern and even this concession was withdrawn in G.O. No. 37 I., dated 16th February 1924, and the municipality was ordered to pay the usual rate fixed for water-supply to industrial concerns in G.O. No. 441 I., dated 19th October 1909.

2. I would, therefore, recommend that, whether the municipalities pay charges or have been exempted from payment for water taken for *domestic purposes* from Government sources, they should be asked to pay to Government a flat rate of Rs. 3 per 1,000 cubic yards when they levy any charge from the industrial concerns. If they do not collect any charges for water so supplied, then no claim need be made by Government. In the present case if it is found that the municipality gets any profit from the supply to aerated factories, it should pay to Government at the rate of Rs. 3 per 1,000 cubic yards.

V

Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933.

[Water-supply—Municipalities—Aerated water companies and other industrial concerns—Charges—Recovery from municipal council. *Reference.*—From the Board of Revenue, dated 19th October 1933, No. 731/33-6.]

In the case of certain municipalities which have a protected water-supply system and which draw water from Government sources no charge is at present recovered from them. The municipal councils concerned however derive income from aerated water companies and other industrial concerns by charging for water supplied to them. The Government have under consideration the question of recovering from such municipal councils a share of the amount so collected by them and it is proposed in this connexion to amend paragraph 6 of the Board's Standing Order No. 11-A and to recast the fourth sentence of the paragraph as follows :—

> "If a local body getting its supply free of charge from a Government source sells water to individual concerns, it should pay to the Government one-third of the total amount realized by it every year from such sales."

Before passing final orders on the subject the municipal councils concerned are requested to offer their remarks on the proposal.

S. G. SENGODAIYAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the Chairmen of Conjeeveram, Tanjore, Vellore, Bezwada, Guntur, Madura, Salem, Trichinopoly and Coimbatore Municipal Councils.

VI

Letter from M.R.Ry. RAJAIAH D. PAUL Avargal, M.A., Commissioner, Salem Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, dated Salem, the 4th January 1934, No. 167-G.O.C./33.

I submit herewith for favour of consideration by Government a copy of the Municipal Council's resolution expressing its views on Government Memorandum No. 44321/2 E-1 P.H., dated 8th December 1933.

ENCLOSURE.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Municipal Council, Salem, passed at its meeting held on 21st December 1933.

Read Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, inviting remarks from municipal councils on the proposal of the Government to take from local bodies which get supply of water free from a Government source a share of the charges which those local bodies make on the water supplied by them to aerated water companies and other industrial concerns.

Resolution No. 1338.—This Council strongly protests against the contemplated amendment on principle that a contribution of any share of this income to Government is unjust.

T. M. CHINNAYYA PILLAI,
Chairman.

VII

Letter from M.R.Ry. B. ADISESHAYYA Pantulu Garu, B.A., Special Officer and Commissioner, Bezwada Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, dated Bezwada, the 16th January 1934, R.C. No. D-1-10278/33.

[*Reference.*—Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933.]

The Government memorandum referred to applies only to the municipalities which are getting water from Government sources and which have been exempted by the Government from the payment of water-rate.

The demand for water-rate was once made by the Public Works Department in the year 1929, assuming that this Council was getting water from Government source. As this municipality is getting water from the twin wells, sunk on the land, belonging to this Council, adjoining the river Kistna and not from any Government sources and as there are currents of spring water from the north-west side of the wells, which form the source of the said wells, while the river is to the south of the wells at a long distance, the matter was referred to the Government in this office R.C. No. 167/Sup. of 1929, dated 20th December 1929, protesting against the demand and proving that this municipality was not using Government water and the Government in G.O. Ms. No. 1064 I., dated 1st April 1930, issued orders that no charge need be levied from this Council.

Under above circumstances the Council is of opinion that it is not liable to be assessed and I therefore request the Government will be pleased to remove this municipality from the list of municipalities which should pay any share of amount realized from the aerated companies, etc., for the supply of water.

VIII

Letter from Khan Sahib K. HASHIM SAHIB Bahadur, B.A., Commissioner, Coimbatore Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department (through the Chairman, Municipal Council, Coimbatore), dated Coimbatore, the 16th January 1934, No. 734/Acct. of 1933.

[Recovery of charges—Water supplied to industrial concerns. *Reference.*—Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933.]

I have the honour to submit a copy of the Council's Resolution No. 847, dated 6th January 1934, and to state that while the text of the Government memorandum refers to the recovery on account of water supplied to 'industrial concerns,' the proposed amendment to Board's Standing Order No. 11-A refers to 'individual concerns.' I request that I may be enlightened whether the word 'individual' is a mistake for 'industrial.'

ENCLOSURE.

Extract from the proceedings of a meeting of the Municipal Council, Coimbatore, held on 6th January 1934.

Read Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, inviting the opinion of certain municipal councils on the proposal of the Government that if a local body getting its supply of water free of charge from a Government source, sells it to aerated water companies and other industrial concerns, it should pay to the Government one-third of the total amount realized in every year from such sales.

Office-note, dated 12th December 1933.

Resolution No. 847.—The Government be requested to inform the Council what the word 'individual' occurring in the fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of the Board's Standing Order No. 11-A proposed to be recast indicates.

C. S. RATNASABHAPATI,
Chairman.

IX

Memorandum No. 2734-1/E-1, P.H., dated 30th January 1934.

[Water-supply—Municipalities—Aerated water companies, etc.—Charges—Recovery from municipal councils. *Reference.*—Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933.]

From the Commissioner, Coimbatore, dated 16th January 1934, No. 734/33.

The Commissioner, Coimbatore Municipality, is informed that the term 'individual concerns' used in the memorandum referred to above is correct. The same term has been used in paragraph 6 of the present Board's Standing Order No. 11-A.

S. G. SENGODAIYAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner, Coimbatore Municipality, through the Chairman of Coimbatore Municipal Council.

X

Letter from M.R.Ry. G. RATNAM Garu, M.A. (Columbia), F.R.E.S., Commissioner, Conjeeveram Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department (through the Chairman, Municipal Council, Conjeeveram), dated the 16th February 1934, R.C. No. 1818/Gl. of 1933.

With reference to the Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, I have the honour to state that this Council has at its meeting held on 31st January 1934, resolved that as it does not supply water separately to aerated water or any other industrial concerns or charge, separately therefor, it has no remarks to offer.

A copy of the Council's resolution on the subject is enclosed.

ENCLOSURE.

Extract from the minutes of proceedings of the Municipal Council, Conjeeveram, passed at its general meeting held on Wednesday, the 31st January 1934.

* * * * * *

Remarks called for on the proposal of Government to amend Board's Standing Order No. 11-A to provide for the recovery from the municipalities a portion of the charge which they levy on account of water supplied by them to aerated water companies, etc. Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/C-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, and office-note with the sub-committee's recommendation thereon.

Resolution No. 245.—This Council does not supply water separately to aerated water or any other industrial concern nor does it levy any separate charge therefor. The Council has therefore no remarks to offer.

* * * * * *

XI

Letter from M.R.Ry. K. RAMASWAMI MUDALIYAR Avargal, Commissioner, Vellore Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, dated 19th February 1934, R.O.C. No. 836/Sup. of 1933.

[*Reference.*—Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933.]

A copy of the resolution of the Municipal Council No. 2, dated 16th February 1933, expressing its opinion on the proposed amendment of paragraph 6 of the Board's Standing Order No. 11-A is submitted herewith. This Municipality does not take water for town supply directly from any Government source. Wells are sunk on the bed of the Palar river from which the supply is drawn. The Council feels that the proposal to recover a portion of its income from water supplied to industrial concerns is not proper or just and does not therefore support the draft amendment.

ENCLOSURE.

Extract from proceedings at a general/special meeting of the Municipal Council, Vellore, dated 16th February 1934.

* * * * * *

Read Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, calling for remarks of the municipal councils on the proposal of the Government to charge for the water-supply from Government sources used for industrial concerns with the office-note thereon.

Resolution No. 2.—The Council strongly protests against the contemplated amendment on principle that a contribution of any share of this income to Government is not correct or proper.

V. T. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Chairman.

XII

Letter from M.R.Ry. S. SAMUEL PILLAI Avargal, B.A., Commissioner, Madura Municipality, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department (through the Chairman, Municipal Council, Madura), dated 21st February 1934, D. Dis. No. 15343/33-B-3.

In its resolution No. 929, dated 10th February 1934, the Municipal Council opines that a share can be claimed by the Government only in cases where the local body takes water from a Government source by direct flow and not in cases where mere sub-soil water is pumped by costly machines, etc.

A copy of the resolution is enclosed.

ENCLOSURE.

Proceedings of the Municipal Council, Madura, dated 10th February 1934.

* * * * * *

Present:—M.R.Ry. M. Draviam Pillai Avargal, Presiding Member.

Read Government Memorandum No. 44321-2/E-1, P.H., dated 8th December 1933, calling for the remarks of the Council on their proposal to recover one-third of the total amount realized by the respective Municipalities by way of charges for water supplied to the aerated water companies, and other industrial concerns and the note of the commissioner thereon that a share can be claimed by Government only in cases where the local body takes water from a Government service by direct flow and not in cases where mere sub-soil water is pumped by costly machines, etc.

Resolution No. 929.—Note of the commissioner approved.

Order—No. 1297 I., dated 15th June 1934.

No charge is at present levied by the Government for the water taken from Government sources by certain municipal councils for town supply. These municipal councils however derive income from aerated water companies and other industrial or semi-industrial concerns by charging for the water supplied to them. The Government consider that in such cases a charge should be made for the water supplied for other than domestic purposes. They, therefore, direct that if a local body getting its supply free of charge from a Government source sells water for non-domestic purposes, it should pay to the Government one-third of the total amount realized by it every year from such sales. But no charge will be made when the source from which the local body takes the water neither belongs to the Government nor is situated on Government land, even though it may be supplied from a Government source by percolation. The Board of Revenue is requested to modify the fourth sentence of paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 11-A accordingly.

(By order of the Governor in Council)

T. G. RUTHERFORD,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue and Settlement).
,, Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
,, Accountant-General, through Finance Department.
,, Revenue and Finance Departments.
,, Local Self-Government Department.

includes both margins of
river and the chairman
Sanitary Commissioner's
to have been made with
to Government Order date
No. 559, Public.

2. Though the upper portion o
the western and easter
the Pamaniyar to which th
Commissioner's remark a
the municipal boundari
a small portion below the
outside them which portio
by the people of the municip
and drinking purposes. I
that this portion may als
within the municipal lim
a draft notification for a

in the Fort Saint George Gazette
showing the northern as
new and southern limits (whe
revision) is enclosed.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
27–6
For Acting Collector

Local & Municipal Dept.
CURRENT No. 2076 M

From

The Ag Collector of
Tanjore

To The Chief Secretary to Govt.
Local & Munl. Dept.
Madras

Dated 25th } June } 1895
Desp. 28th }
Recd. }

No. 106 Ml. of 1895

Ens Two.

Boundaries.

Submitting a draft notification for the proposed alteration in the boundaries of the Town of Mannargudi & a map showing the present & proposed limits Called for in G.O. of (20th December 1894 No. 1996 M (Mis.) -

Record office
Put up 11/7
11/7

30/4/69 No. 559 Pub. S.C.

1996 M. 20-12-94
1155 M. 27-8-94
1057 M. 17-10-87

H.M.
P.S.

Order. 30/7/95
2/8/95 No. 1249 M

The revised boundaries of the Mannargudi Municipality, proposed by the Collector, are approved and the following notification will be published in the Fort St George and Tanjore District Gazettes:—

(Here enter notification as amended by Government)

2. The required number of copies of this notification will be printed in English at the Government Press, and supplied to the Collector for circulation with the District Gazette.

P.R. 24/7/95

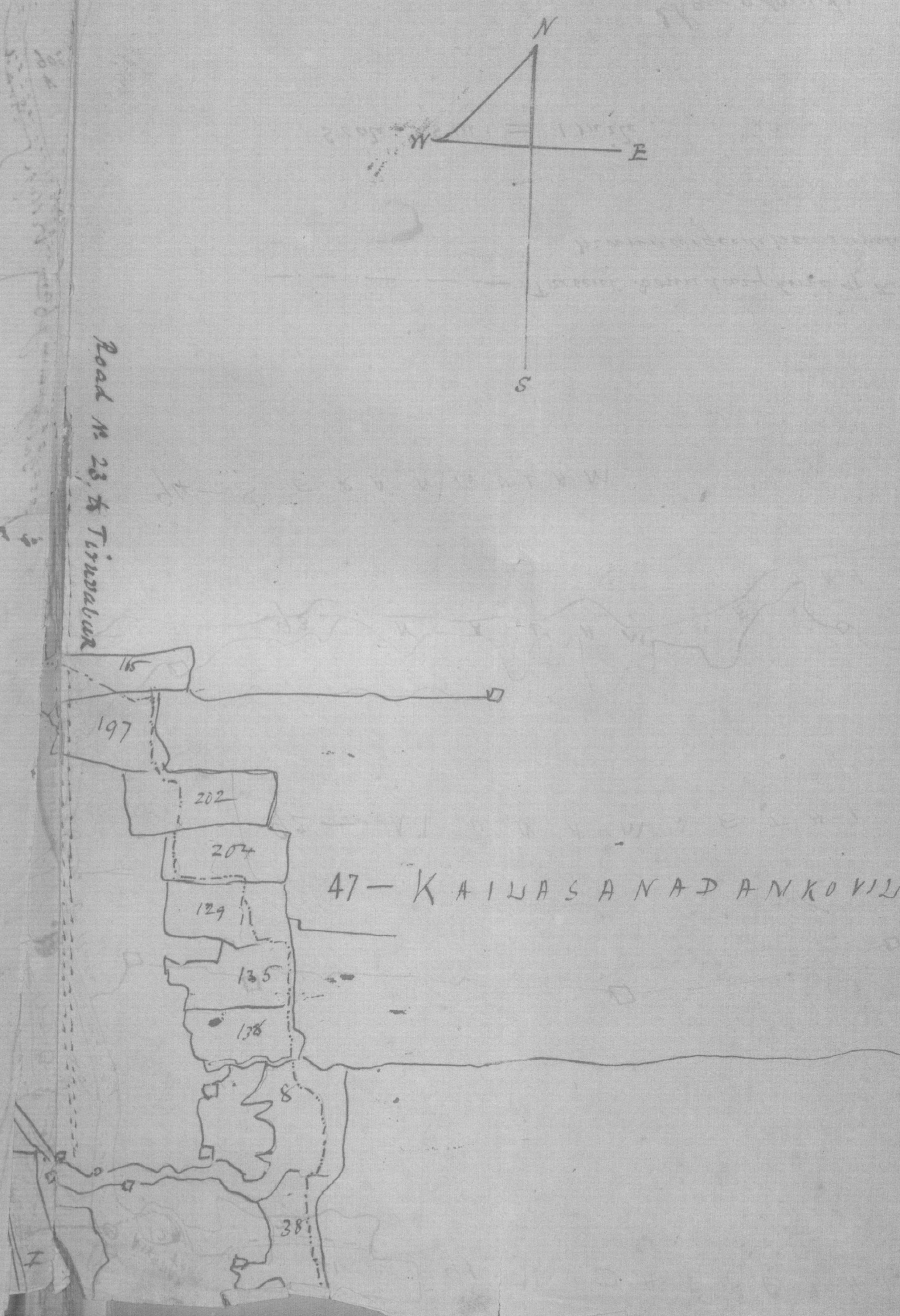
W. 26.7.95

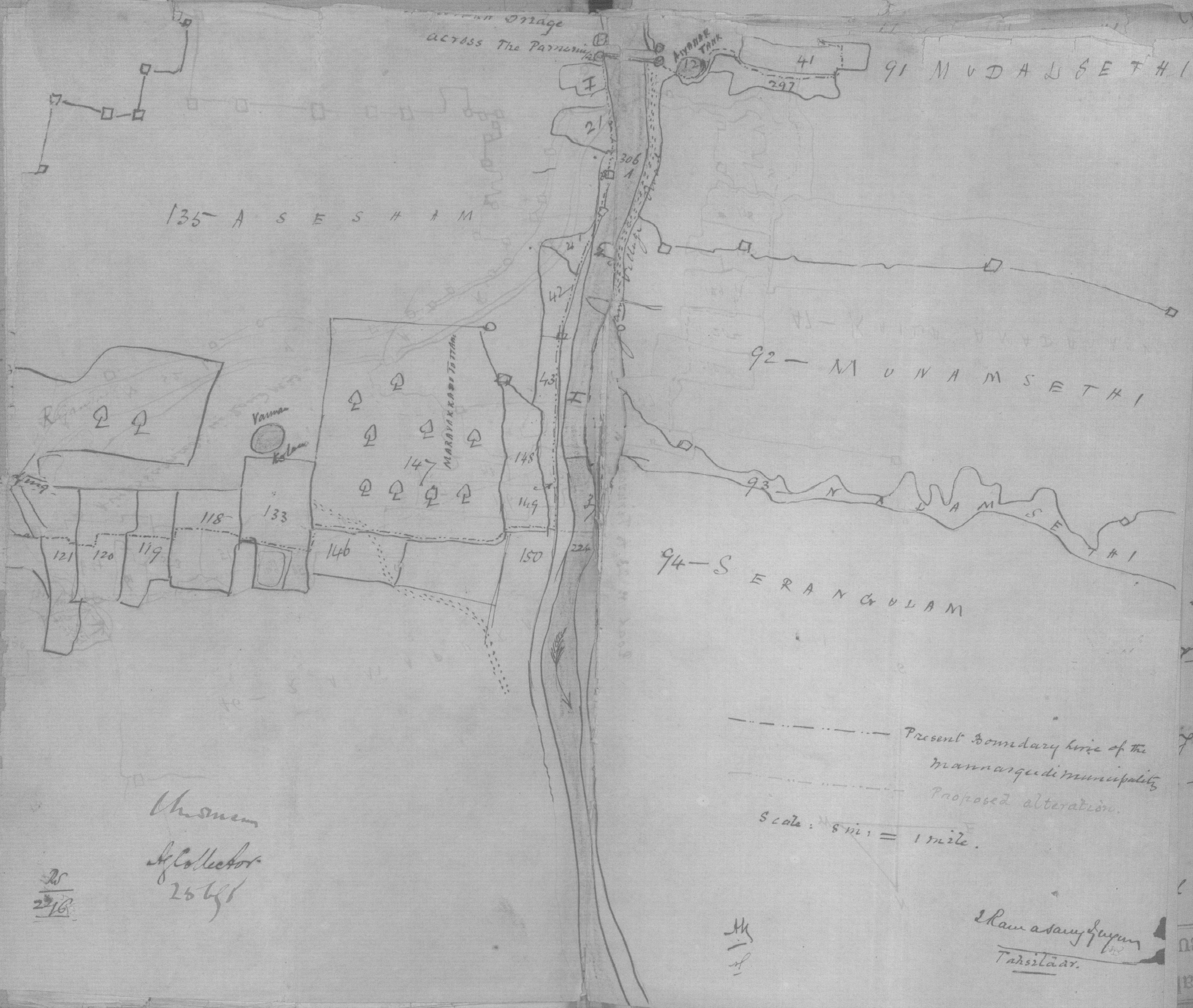
29/7/95

To The Chairman, M.C. Mannargudi
" Collector of Tanjore
" Superintendent Govt. Press.
Editors' Table.

Desp. 20/8/95

Gazetted 15/8/95.
12/7 A 17/7 C 30/7 31/7 20/8/95


N
W
E
S
Road No. 23, to Tiruvalur
195
197
202
204
129
135
138
8
38
47— KAILASANADANKOVIL



—·—·—·— Present Boundary line of the Mannargudi municipality

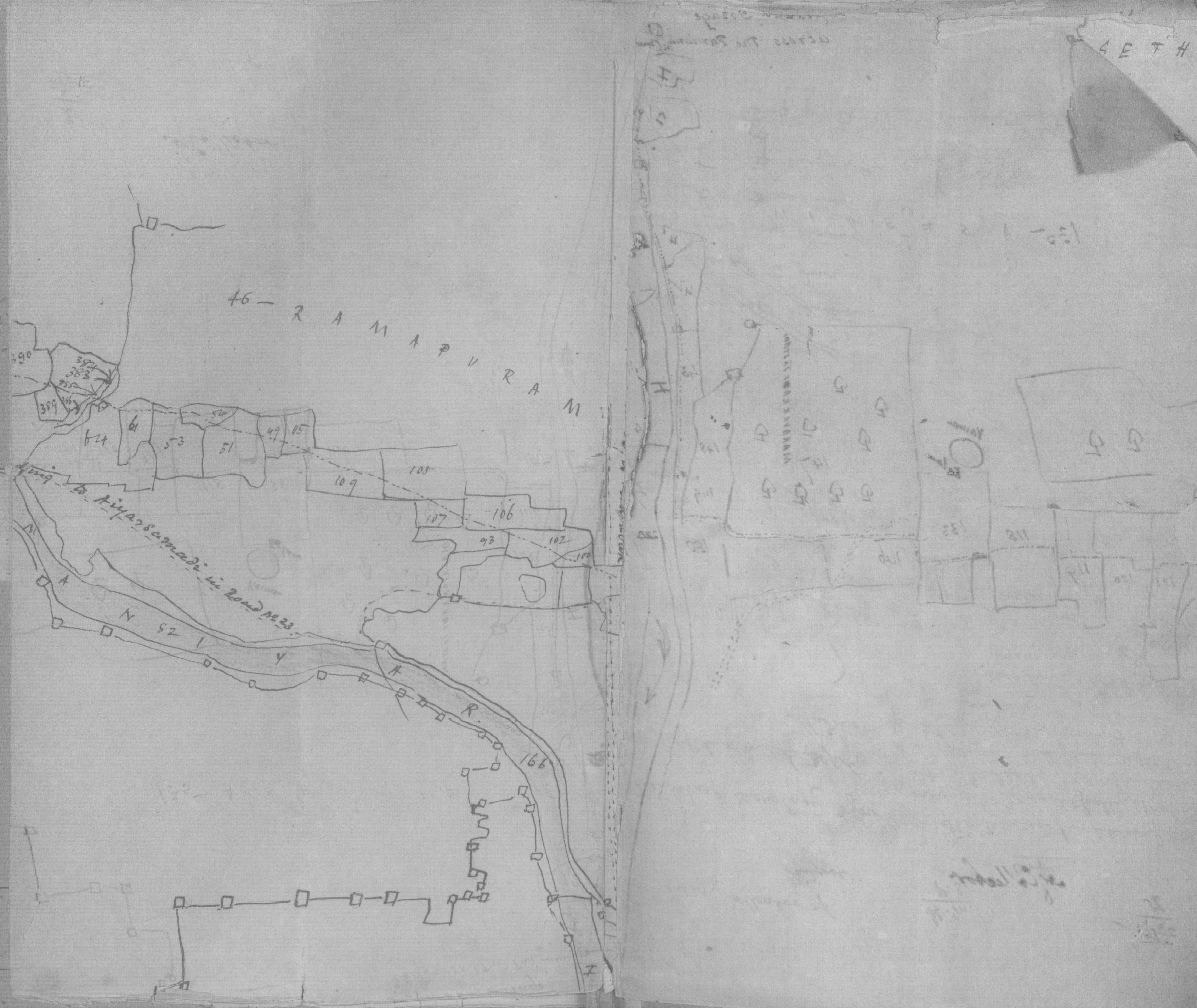
—··—··— Proposed alteration.

Scale: 8 in: = 1 mile.

Ramasamy Iyengar
Tahsildar.

Ag Collector
28/6/1

25
2/16


46 — RAMAPURAM
to Aiyarsamadi via Road No. 23
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64
61
53
54
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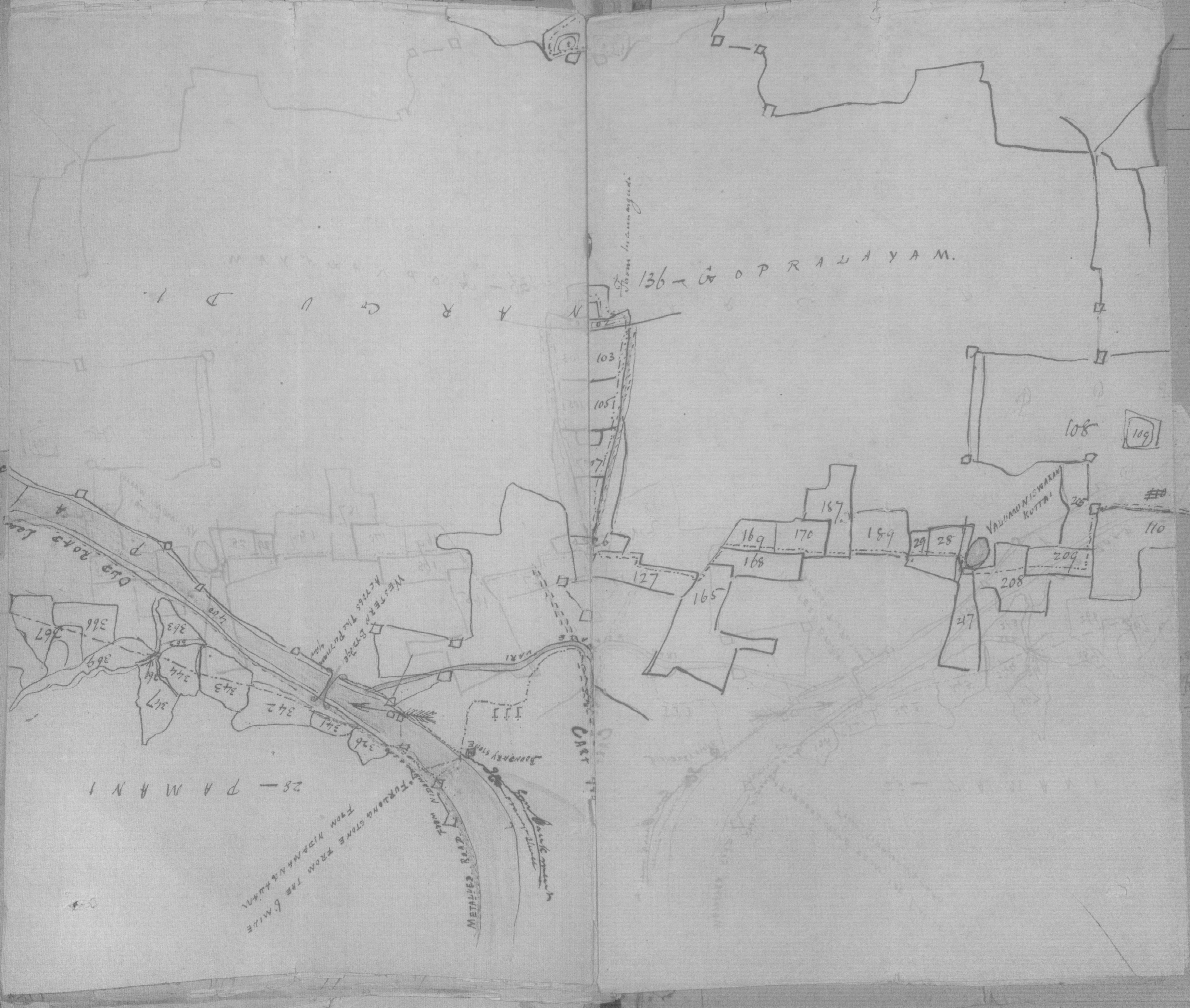
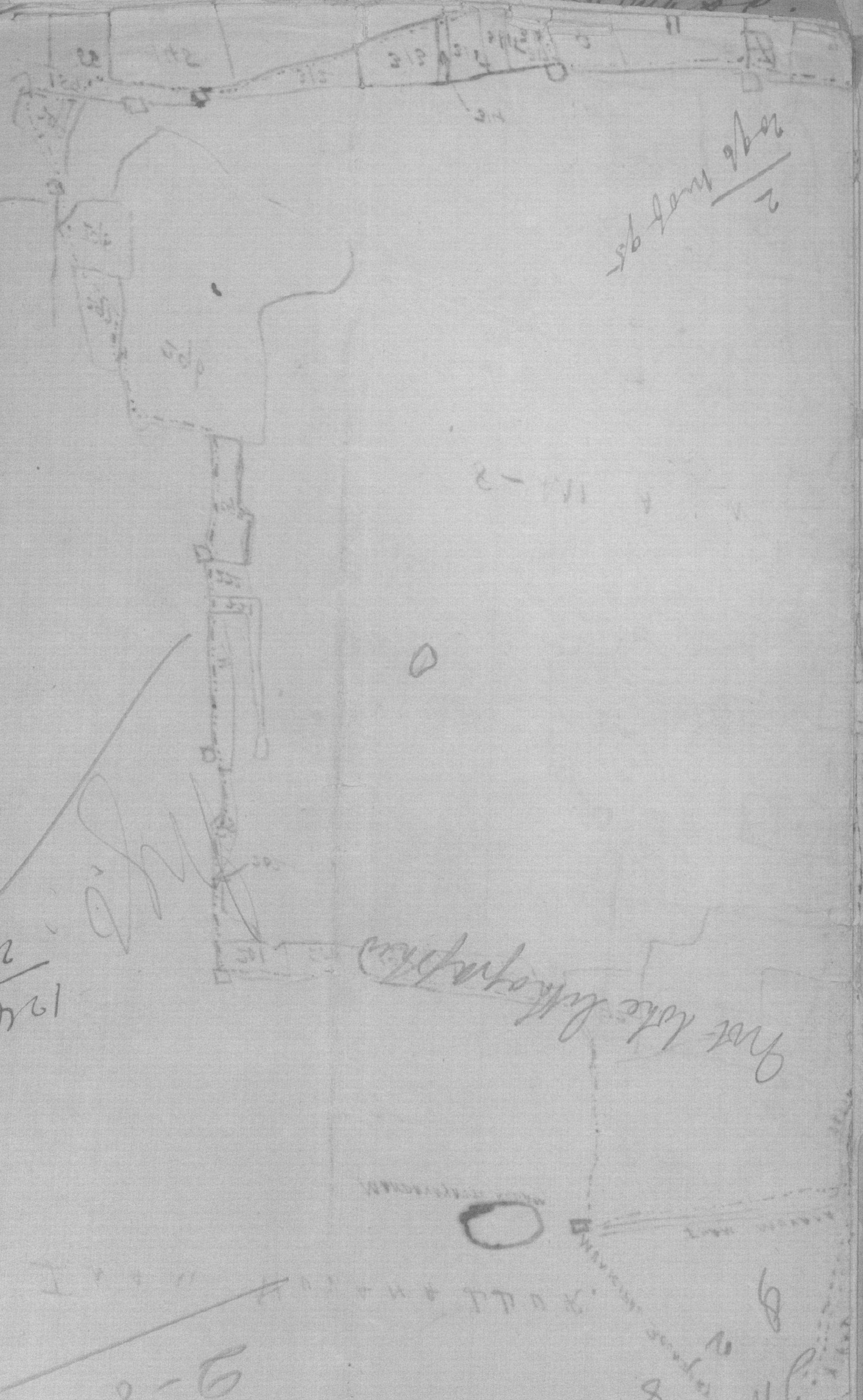
across the Pasumalai


136 – GOPRALAYAM.
From Mannargudi
NARGUDI
102
103
105
107
108
109
110
6
127
165
168
169
170
187
189
29
28
VADUMUNISWARAN KOTTAI
25
209
208
47
28 – PAMANI
Old Road Lea
P
A
400
366
367
363
369
344
347
343
342
341
326
WESTERN Bridge Across the Puthanar
VARI
CART
BOUNDARY STONE
FURLONG STONE FROM THE 6 MILE FROM NIDAMANGALAM
From NIDAMANGALAM
METALLED ROAD



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18 , No.

ENCLOSURES.

CURRENT No. 2096·m– (A)

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