

- (1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 22
 (2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிடி நாள் 5/1996
 (3) ஆதாரம் குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம் _____

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

JUDICIAL கிழை

அரண்மனை எண். மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண்.	320	அச்சகம் பலவகை
(50-51)		
நாள் :	9. 2. 1881	199

மடிக்கலோ கண்டபடி கையாளலோ கூடாது.

220

ஆவண. கா. 1-18,006-6-9-90.

3. Government are aware that there have been several escapes and attempts to escape from jail, by means of false keys made by convicts, or by breaking the ordinary padlocks on the cells. The Police also complain of the insecurity of our locks. When recently in England, I consulted regarding locks and keys with the Prison authorities and with Messrs. Chubb and Co., who supply most of the prisons with locks, and I brought out the above 200 padlocks as an experiment. In the Home Prisons there are only three different sorts of locks—one for passages, one for cells, and one for food doors. Every Jail official is in possession of three keys to fit these locks; each of these keys will open every lock of its kind, or "suite," throughout the prison during the day. When the prisoners are locked up for the night, these locks are double shotted, through an ingenious arrangement in the mechanism, by a separate key called a master-key. These master-keys are only given to the more responsible officers of the prison, and it is obvious that the subordinate officials are unable to connive at breaches of Jail rules in this particular. On the other hand, in our Indian Jails it is no uncommon sight, and one very trying to the patience of the officials, to witness a native warder making ineffectual attempts to fit a key, from a bunch containing some thirty or forty of them, into a padlock. The time thus unnecessarily consumed in "locking up" every evening and in "unlocking" every morning is considerable. Moreover, when the cellular system becomes more general, some mechanical contrivances will be required other than the existing primitive expedients now in use. Further, the locks

 4. இலங்கை
 செப்பனிருப்பவர் பெயர்
 5/1996
 செப்பனிருவதற்கான எடுத்துக்
 கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாள்
 5/1996
 செப்பனிரு முடித்த நாள்
 சரீர்பரந்தரம் இராயசன
 மு. பா. எ. இராசலிங்கம்
 கையொப்பம் கையொப்பம்

supplied by the Ordnance Department are ill-adapted for prison use; they are of such indifferent description that new ones are frequently required, and experience has proved that ordinary locks can be easily tampered with or broken.

4. I do not propose to introduce "suites of locks" into District Jails at present on account of the expense, but I request the permission of Government to complete the arrangements commenced in the Penitentiary and the Central Jails at Coimbatore and Vellore, and to supply the remaining four Central* Jails with Chubb's padlocks in suites as above explained. I estimate

* Rajahmundry.
Cannanore.

Trichinopoly.
Salem.

the cost at about £350, exclusive of the 200 padlocks already supplied and paid for. Money is available from the Convict Labor Fund; and, should the scheme meet with the approval of Government, I propose to direct Messrs. Chubb and Co. to complete the suites of locks with the requisite number of keys and master-keys, of which they have duplicates.

No. 51. ORDER THEREON, 9th February 1881, No. 320.

The proposals made in paragraph 4 are approved and sanctioned.

2. The estimated cost (£350) will be met from the Convict Labor Fund.

(True Extract.)

R. DAVIDSON,
Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails,
" Accountant-General.

Exd. J. Wright.

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Gobt. of (1881) Madras.
JUDICIAL.

To
THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL
OF JAILS,
&c., &c., &c.

Dated February, 9th.

Issued

Recd.

Recd.

G.O., 9th February 1881, No. 320.

FEBRUARY.
Nos. 50-51.

Jails—Podlocks.—The supply of Chubb's locks, in suites, to the Central Jails at Rajahmundry, Cannanore, Trichinopoly, and Salem, sanctioned



No. 297.

3
JUL: DEPARTMENT.

From the J.L. Jails

Dated 26 Jan'y 1880. No. 14, reporting the manner in which

FOR ORDERS.

the two Chubb's padlocks

recently purchased have been distributed and re.

questing permission to purchase another lock

for the 4 remaining Central Jails named in para 4.

The cost is estimated at about £350 and funds are said to be available from the Jails Lab. Fund.

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Chubb's pastures
for sale

FOR ORDERS.

The S. L. Farm and
H. C. H. Co.

50 ~~Acres~~ 320/41

c/p
R3/2

No 14

Supre 26th January 1881

And

To Colonel T. E. Tennant
of Inspector General of Jails
The Honble R. Davidson C. S. I.
Chief Secretary to Government
Fort St. George

Sir

With reference to the
Order of Government cited in the
margin authorizing the purchase
of 200 Chubb padlocks for the use
of the Prisons in this Presidency,
I have the honor to report for the
information of Government that the
padlocks have been distributed as
follows:—

	<u>District 1.</u>	<u>District 2.</u>	<u>District 3.</u>	<u>District 4.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Mad. Prison, Bangalore	26	26	26	26	104
Central Jail, Madras	12	12	12	12	48
Central Jail, Coimbatore	12	12	12	12	48
					<u>Total Locks 200</u>

2. These locks are now in use, and the value of introducing a "system of locking" by having "suits" of locks, each suit of locks having its distinct key opening that one only, is now so obvious that it is a matter of surprise that this simple mechanical arrangement has never before found its way into the jails of this Presidency.

3. Government are aware that there have been several escapes and attempts to escape from jail by means of false keys made by convicts or by breaking the ordinary padlocks on the cells, the Police also complain of the insecurity of our locks. When recently in England I consulted regarding Locks and Keys, with the Prison authorities and with Messrs. Hubert & Co.

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who supply much of the Prison with locks and I brought out the above 200 padlocks as an experiment. In the House Prison there are only three different sorts of locks; one for passages, one for cells, and one for food doors. Every jail official is in possession of three keys to fit these locks, each of these keys will open every lock of its kind, or "suits" throughout the prison during the day. When the prisoners are locked up for the night, these locks are double shotted, through and ingenious arrangement in the mechanism, by a separate key called a master key. These master keys are only given to the most responsible officers of the prison, and it is obvious that the subordinate official,

are unable to commit breaches
of jail rules in this particular.
On the other hand, in our Indian
jails it is no uncommon sight,
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of the officials, to witness a native
warder making ineffectual attempts
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exclusive of the 200 padlocks already

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is available from the Convict Labor
Fund and should the scheme
meet with the approval of Govern-
ment I propose to direct Messrs
Chubb & Co to complete the
suites of locks with the requisite
number of Keys and Master
Keys of which they have duplicates,

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most Obedient servant

Inspector General of Prisons

Mr 10 29012-24-12-070

8
Jull (1881) Report

From R. U.

The Inspectors

General of Prisons

The Chief Secretary
to Government
Forth House.

Dated 26th January 1881
Met 28

L.P. 11

9th July 1881 No 320

The proposals made in para
4 are approved and
sanctioned.

2. The estimated cost
(£350) will be met from
the Prisons Labor Fund.

(Hampden)
The Ld. Jail: 27/1/81
and sent: 29/1/81
3/2/

No 14

No: 2.97

Reporting on the
introduction of Chubb
locks into Pentonville
with remarks on its
advantages.

With orders

Journal
Govt. of (1881) Madras.

Just



He
G.O., 9 July. 1881, No. 320

Nos. 50 - 51

-Locks.

ails The supply of
Chubb's locks to the
jails at Rajahmundry,
Tannavore, Trichinopoly &
Salem - sanctioned.

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