

CUT

Special

Judicial (1895) Department.

ORDINARY MS.

G.O., No. 1442

Dated 10th July 1895

INDEXED.

[Despatch Abstract.]

ESTATE OF MARADIPILLI.

Approving the proposal of the Government Agent, Godavari,
to register the-----in the minor Borram Reddi's name, with Kannan
Reddi as deputy, during his minority.

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BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
4880	2212		95				
	1-11-95						
ct 4486/00							

CURRENT NO. 3031

Rebennet {189 5} Department.

From

The Collector, Godavari District.

Ref: No. 564 of 1894. agency

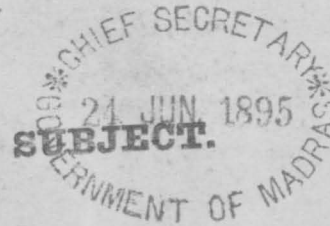
Dated

Despatched 19

Received 24

rep 25

Encs: 2.



Submitting for favor

of sanction copies of
Special Asst. Agent's
letters nos 601 & 775 of 94
& no 203 of 95, reporting the
death of Matla Swami Reddi
Muttadar of Maredipilli
in Chodavaram Dr. of the
Godavari Agency &
recommending Borram Reddi
to succeed his deceased
father Swami Reddi.

us 28/6

107 16 Jan Special

d/10th July 1895 No 14

Order

Misc

The proposal for registration of
estate of Maredipilli in the minor
Borram Reddi's name, with Kaumam
Reddi as deputy during his minority
is approved.

2-7-95

4480/95

To The Govt. Agent, Godavari
Acct. General. P that the
Revenue Dept. reported

Name of the one accepted in the govt of Madras &
the sanad granted to Matla
deceased Muttadar, will be after due
of 16 Aug. 80, p. 109

28/6/95

The

inistation

No 775

Sodavai St. Special
Assistant's Office,
Polevaran, 17 December
1894.

From

The Special Assistant Agent

Sodavai St.,

To

The Government Agent,

Sodavai.

Sir,

In returning herewith your
endorsement No. 564 of 11-10-94 and its
agency
enclosures, I have the honor to state that the
Dy. Tahsildar of Chadaravaram reported
the death of the Mareduilli Muttadar to
me in his No. 208,
2.12.93, saying that after due
enquiry he would send a further report
regarding the heirs of the deceased. The
Muttadar's death was reported by me
in the last year's Agency Administration

Report. The further report promised by
the Dy: Tahsildar was sent to me in No ³⁰¹_{27.9.94}

2. The intervening delay of about
9 months was, the Dy: Tahsildar says,
due to his having been on sick leave
for 3 months from 25th December 1893
and afterwards to the pressure of Road
works till the end of April following.

He adds that the matter was then
referred to the Revenue Inspector who
completed his enquiry and submitted
a report on 23-8-94 and he (the Dy: Tah:)
with a view to make personal enquiry
into the matter sent for the connected
parties but could not have a conference
with them till September last when he
submitted his report.

The explanation is not quite satisfactory
but it must be remembered that

Maredumilli

Maredumilli is in a very inaccessible
and malarious situation.

3. As regards para 3 of your endorsement
under reference the Dy: Tahsildar says
that he was quite unaware of the fact
of Malireddi having ever been concerned
in the Fitorri and that there are no records
in his office to show when he was captured
and how he was dealt with.

4. The following facts are however
elicited from the enquiry of Malireddi
himself by the Dy: Tahsildar.

At the commencement of the Fitorri,
Malireddi being afraid of the rebels was
going out to his brother-in-law, the Muttadar
of Valamuri. On his way he was caught
hold of by the Fitorridars Karam

Tammanna and Sher and Chodi-
vada pada and was taken bound to
Pondurkota and thence to Tadepalli

where he was made over to Avula
Burreddi for safe custody. Malireddi
however escaped thence and returned to
Maredumilli. He was not there long
before Mr Sweet came and captured
him taking him for a rebel. He was
kept at Arugulavada for a month
and at Tumbudavalasa for another
month. He was then taken to Chadavaram.
There the Tahsildar Syed Ali Sahib
made an enquiry, kept him in chains
for 3 days and dismissed him saying
that the matter was transferred to his son,
(the present deceased). He then returned
to Maredumilli. It was only while he
was with the Tahsildar that the firing
by the rebels took place and that he had
a sore on his leg. The plunder of
Kovvada occurred during his stay
at Tadepalli under custody of
Burreddi

Burreddi. While he was with the Tahsildar
after his recovery from the sore, he proceeded
to Valamuri fearing that if he remained any
longer with the Tahsildar he would be taken
from place to place as a prisoner. On his
way he was again caught hold of by the
rebels.

Malireddi says that he never joined the Futuridars
before he had the sore nor did he ever set
fire to his village.

He denies having ever been sent to jail
or awarded any imprisonment beyond
the three days during which he was kept
in hand cuffs under orders of the Tahsildar
Syed Ali.

5. The Dy. Tahsildar is not able to say
anything more than what is described above
nor am I able to find anything in my
office to show as to what punishment
was imposed on Malireddi when caught.

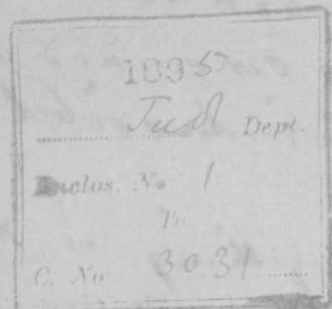
6. As the matter still seems to be left
in some doubt, because we have nothing

better to rely on than the present statement of
Malireddi who is not likely to report unfavorably
on his own conduct, I request that if you
think fit, the record may be referred either
to Mr. Sweet who is I think now Superintendent
of Police in Nellore District or to Syed Ali
Sahib Bahadur Treasury Dy Collector &
Kistna Dt. There are no other persons
likely to remember the real facts.

7. The Dy: Tahsildar's report on the subject
is enclosed for perusal & return.

Shadree
(Ed) C. G. Spencer
Ag. Spl. Asst. Commr.

1 True Copy



W. A. M. M. M.
For Govt. Agent.

for

Special Asst: Agent Office
Godavari District
31st May 1895

Ref: on C. No. 203 of 1895
S.A.

From

The Special Assistant Agent
Godavari.

To

The Government Agent
Godavari.

Sir,

In returning herewith your
endorsement Ref: No. 564 dated 25.12.94
on my letter no. 775 dated 17.12.94
and the connected papers, I have the honor

to report the result of the further inquiries
ordered by you to be made regarding Malireddi
of Mareduilli who was concerned in the
Rampa Fituri of 1879.

2. The Dy: Tahsildar made inquiries
of the Police at Gokavaram & Chadavaram.
They were quite unable to furnish any
information on the subject; but the

Chodavaram Station House Officer
stated that the records connected with the
Fituri were sent to the Police Head Quarters
Office Rajahmundry. The Superintendent
of Police having been requested by me to send
any records that might be forthcoming
in his office in this connection replied
that the records had all been destroyed.

3. The Dy. Tahsildar having come to know
through the Chodavaram Police that one
Annika Balayya, now a pensioned Police
Constable, was a constable in active
service during the Fituri sent for him
and examined him. He says that when

Malireddi came to Chodavaram,
Apparently during the Fituri, he was
arrested and kept there for a month and
that he does not remember what
punishment was awarded to him.

Pandapalli Muttadar whom the
Dy.

Dy. Tahsildar also examined says that
he saw Malireddi as a remanded prisoner
in the St. Jail Rajahmundry while he was in
the jail under remand and that as he was
discharged from the jail before Malireddi,
he does not know how the latter was
dealt with afterwards.

The Muttadars of Rampa, Marwada, and
Palem, and the Munsiff of Bhupatipalem
say that when Messrs Sullivan, Foster &
Johnson came to Chodavaram during the
Fituri and published the amnesty
proclamation, the then Muttadar of
Rampa and Kalumala Ramayya
brother-in-law of Malireddi brought
Malireddi to Chodavaram and there
he was arrested. They add that they do
not know how he was dealt with afterwards.

4. I made a reference to the Superintendent
of Central Jail Rajahmundry to see whether
he could give me any particulars.

concerning Malireddi but he could not trace the name in the Jail Register.

5. Having come to learn that Mr. Sweet (now Special Superintendent of Police Chingleput Dt.)

who was then Asst. Superintendent of Police, Godavari, and Syed Ali Sahib Bahadur (now Dy. Director) who was then Tahsildar Rajahmundry took great pains in capturing the rebels and putting down the insurrection, I asked them

to furnish me with any information which they might remember regarding the capture of Malireddi and his subsequent treatment.

The former officer has informed me that his memory of Rampa is a perfect blank. The latter speaking from memory says that in the early part of the Fitarri, information was received from several sources that Malireddi was secretly engaged in rendering assistance

assistance to the Fitaridars and constantly sending supplies to them; that it was also subsequently proved by eye-witnesses, whose names Syed Ali Sahib Bahadur does not remember now, that Malireddi was present at an action which took place between the Fitaridars and the Police and that he was actually leading the rebels, that while he was running away with his men, he happened to place his right foot on a sharp pointed stem of a tree which pierced through the sole of his foot and he was therefore disabled from proceeding with the rebels; that while he was thus laid up with his bad foot in his village, he was arrested and brought to Chodavaram together with his son; that he was subsequently allowed to go to his village to recover

from the wound; that he subsequently
disappeared; that there was then a
talk that he died; & that Mr. Sullivan
made his son Mattadar of Maredumilli.

6. I have not been able to discover
anything more than the above with
regard to Malireddi's capture and
his subsequent treatment though I have
exhausted all possible sources of
information on the subject. From
the records before me, I am inclined
to think that no notice was taken of
Malireddi when he returned to the village
after once disappearing from it
when allowed to go there from
Khadavaram to recover from his bad foot.

7. It seems that he has been a
quiet going man since the last
Fituri

Fituri and is now about 60 years
old.

Under these circumstances, I think
there is no occasion to revive recollection
of past misdeeds committed so long
ago as 1879, especially when there is
not enough proof forthcoming to
satisfy a criminal court of the
man's guilt.

I have to

(sd / C. G. Spencer
ag: Spl: A. Agent

/ Enclosure

Wahlmink

For Govt Agent

N^o 601

Gadavari District
Special Assistant Agent
Office, Camp Rajahmundry
Dated 4 October 1894.

From

C. G. Spencer Esq^r

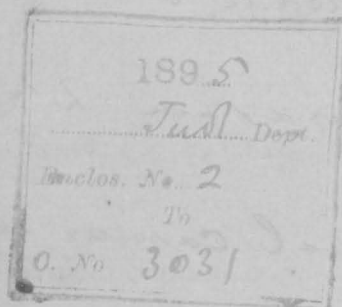
Special Assistant
Gadavari,

To The Government Agent
Gadavari.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform
you that Matla Swamireddi, mattedar
of Mareduvilli in Chodavaram Da
died on 12-11-93 of natural causes
leaving the following heirs.

- (1) Father - Malireddi — 60 years old
- (2) 1st wife - Parvatamma - A grown up woman.
- (3) 2^d wife - Singaramma. — do
- (4) Ramireddi, younger brother - Aged 10 years.
- (5) Borramreddi, a minor son Aged 3 years
by 1st wife.



2. The first wife requests that her minor son Borramreddi be appointed Mutthadar in place of her late husband with Masla Kannamreddi, Malireddi's (no 1) elder brother's son as deputy during Borramreddi's minority.

3. Number 3 has no issue now. She and no 1 have no objection to the above arrangement. Number 1 adds that he is bent with old age and imbecile and that he was once Mutthadar but resigned it in favour of his son now deceased owing to his old age.

4. It has been elicited from enquiry that the family is undivided and that all the members are now under the protection of number 2. The Muttha people have no objection to the arrangement proposed by Parvatamma (no 2) and

and the Deputy Tahsildar also support it.

5. I request you will be good enough to obtain Government sanction to register the estate in Borramreddi's name and to appoint Kannamreddi as deputy during his minority.

6. The connected papers as per list are enclosed for reference and return.

I have &c

(Signed) C. G. Spence
Special Assistant

CURRENT NO. 3031

Ref: no 584 of 1894
agency

Submitted to Government in the Judicial Department for favor of sanction.

2. The deceased's mutthadar's father - Malireddi is the same Malireddi as was referred to in the passage against Maredupilli at page 31 of

x vide also the Sanad
printed on page 704
the 8th.

G.O. dated 16 January 1880 no 109 Judicial.

It was noted that he was a rebel, took active steps in the Fiturni of 1879 and was in consequence removed from the mutta. It was also ordered that he, when caught, should be made to suffer the penalty of his offence. On receipt of the report quoted above the Special Asst: Agent was asked to enquire and state fully what was done with Malireddi when captured. No satisfactory account of what really occurred is however forthcoming. As the Special Asst: Agent says that no sufficient proof is now forthcoming to satisfy a Criminal Court of the man's guilt, I do not see that anything more can possibly be done. Copies of the Special Asst: Agent's replies nos 775⁷ & $\frac{203}{31-5-95}$ are herewith submitted for perusal.

Gadavani D.
Government Agent's Office
Despatched Cocanada
19 June 1895

(Signed) V. A. Brodie
Govt Agent

M. M. M. M.
For Government Agent

Given for copying _____
Copied _____
Examined _____
Signed _____

189.

IN G.O., No.
89

DATED

REFERS TO G. No.

OF GOVERNMENT

OF GOVERNMENT.

EMENT WITH DITTO.

NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.

A = Copy in full.
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