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Government of Madras.

Judicial DEPARTMENT.

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Proceedings of the Madras Governm[illegible] [illegible]dicial Department,

[illegible] April 1865.

No. 201. [illegible]ng letter [illegible] R. COLE, [illegible]tor General, Medical Department, to the Honora[illegible] Chief Secretary to Government, [illegible] 1865, No. 86.

In obedience to Proceedings of Government and Order there[illegible]d 2nd February 1865, No. 197, directing me to obtain information regarding the sickness and mortality among the convicts employed on the works of the Lawrence Asylum, Neilgherries, I have the honor to state on [illegible] points indicated as follows.

2. The Zillah Surgeon of Madura affords unsatisfactory explanation* of his selection of prisoners from the Jail under his charge, by stating that the men of the first gang were not "selected" by [illegible] but by the Jail authorities, and brought to him "for inspection." That *insp[illegible]* [illegible] involved the determination of whether the [illegible]e work [illegible] do, and the *selection*, therefore, virtually had to be made by [illegible] so that the distinction Mr. Rule would draw is falac[illegible] [o]ne of the men sent had, it seems, "his head clean shaved," so that, [illegible]tion "he did not look so old as he really was." Altogether Mr. Rule's "ex[illegible]on" amounts to an acknowledgment that, in fact, careful examination was not made.

"What explanation has been furnished by the Zillah Surgeon at Madura, for his entire neglect of the rule laid down by the Inspector General of Jails, that none but able-bodied men, in the prime of life, should be selected."

* [illegible]ry 15th, 1865, herewith sent. T[illegible] when no longer required.

3. With regard to the selection made at Cuddapah Jail, the Zillah Surgeon has been changed since the time the g[illegible] left that place, and it seems of little use, and would occupy much time [illegible] for [ex]planation from an officer not now on the spot.

[illegible] be furnished in regard to the Cudda-[illegible] would seem, must have been very badly

4. Dr. Miller states that he, when in charge of the Jail, invariably inspected prisoners on arrival, and pointed out such as he thought had been improperly [illegible]ed; and the extreme unfitness of the two [illegible]lura gang was so indicated by him, but it had been previ-ous[ly] [illegible] [a]nd the men sent back by the guard which [br]ought them up.

"Also with reference to the apparent omission on the part of the officer in special charge of the [illegible] [Asy]lum [illegible] the [illegible]

5. Dr. Miller con[illegible]h Mr. Rohde in thinking that bad selection [illegible] first instance had much to do with producing disease, but does not think [illegible] was introduced by the Cuddapah [illegible]r that a "*tain*[illegible] Jail, and particularly t[illegible] [illegible] by the Insp[ector General of Ja]ils. Dr. Miller's arguments on these points seem confirmatory of [illegible]f his sentiments, and must be perus[ed] [illegible] appreciated. He considers that "improper selection" [illegible] depression [of] mind" are the chief causes producing the late insanitary condition of the [illegible] the fi[illegible] [illegible]nd. from the full inquiry made on this occ[asion] [illegible] doubt; the second must alwa[ys] [illegible]ative, and [f]ound impossible to discover the mental constitution[illegible] [n]ative convicts,

[illegible] upon to [illegible]'s opinion, as

those for transfer to th
as Dr. Miller
hardships and privations on the r
urveillance on the road,
ed Ootacamund, instead
and entered a cold
not only having little
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he returned from the
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appearance of being younger than he really was.

cond gang
body of prisoners. On this occasion, I took great pai among them, by
going over the whole body of convicts, man by man.
a similar course been take the
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Inspector
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Division, Trich 7th
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int out to the Officer in charge ted.
done in the case of the M men
had already ived by Cap
had brou up.
directed whethe
ess which has suggest, in
ch the Inspector General of Jails h of the
prisoners. Mr. Rohde attributes the sickness to, 1st, sent up,
2nd, the introduction of scurvy by the Cuddapah gang, and 3rd Jail,
and particularly to the Hospital. I fully concur with Mr. Rohde in regard to the first cause
which he has assigned; but I do not agree with him in regard to the
at there were other circumstances which had a large share in p
and that there are other remedial measures which it would
of the Cuddapah gang is entitled to the great importance
given to it b in his re, for the following reasons :—
3rd quarter of the year; but there was no notable
4th qua ast three months
afterwards. The proportion of deaths to strength and to admission was almost exactly the

same in the three months following, as it had
of this gang.

2nd. There was no appearance of scurvy among the Cuddapah men at the t
arrival, although they were remarked as

3rd. The first "admissions" from s
of the Cuddapah party; and during these six weeks there w
"ulcers" and "sores", which, as they were a very sh
one, days respectively) could scarcely have been ov

4th. The first cases of scurvy which occurre
from this gang, but included cases from othe
gang had a preponderance of scurvy cases and als
by the fact that these men were
prevai all afterwards sho

is probable that the tablishm ceived
buted to the spread of disease, but that this tain
detriment of the other buildings, I venture to doubt.
the apparent excess of "deaths", in proportion to "adm
that during the unheali the num
number of sick under treatment. The
cases. The milder and recovering cases,
of those in Hospital, were accommodated
there was actually no disproportion bet ths and
Hospital had aided very largely in the dissemination
in an intensified degree on one of the
the wash and per
cells besides. The Police sided in this building,

6. I believe that the chief causes of the unsatis
comprehended under the two heads, improper sel of mi
has sufficiently insisted on the former of these; a
sending up not only men qualified by health,
also m ns, who, by ng their discomforts, uns
of the
forerun Thus also it
three months after sick-transfer to be debi
advantage to the Lovedale Jail, for su were alm
ought never to have been sent to the Hills at all.
for me to show how in man
producer of disease. prisoner
depression natural to a state of
banished to a strange country wit
the sole charge of Native Warders, w
medical aid, except in the ca
diet and exposure. often in the monsoon from
they were in some ducted
unprovided g to pro
supplied with one extra cumbly only, and that
a night and a day's exposure to th
and dejected. Here they were
subjected to severer labor and stricter discipline than
forebodings of the extreme severity and unhea
Hospital and numerous
heart, and became at
defective appetite, or from wh

d indul while not a few resorted to practices
for the purpose of producing disease in themselves, either with the hope of obtaining their
re-transfer to the plains, or with the intention of terminating their existence. Ultimately, the
prospect even of being returned to the plains was denied them, for the transferre
Coimbatore, which had been tried in the early months, was found to be of no
of the unhealthiness of that Jail; and the practice was entirely discontinued.
Jail available
tion.

8. It is no wonder that such a morbid state of mind should able
to sickness, and that it should engender a moral contagion as potent as tha
to be explained the greater prevalence of sickness and death among any par-
the Cuddapah gang for instance; a moral taint as I have described, once
would undoubtedly make most rapid progress among a body of me predis-
posed to disease, coming from the same part of the country
kind instances wer
and died together.
This feeling o s and despair was not
pah men, and their ant iarly pre-disposed them to it. A
first instan g and harassing journey up, having been marc ed
about the country, in consequence of rumours of cholera on the route. They w een
much given to opium and bhang eating, in which they had been indulged, but which of course was
stopped; and they probably suffered from the sudden cessation of th They were the only
people who spoke Telugu, even the Jail officials being unable t e with them, so that
they brooded over their miseries in comparative isolation. They misfortune, moreover, of
being followed by a portion of their families, who hung upon their line of marc
even after their arrival here, keeping up a constant irritation on the minds by the
spectacle of their starved and wretched condition, and supplying them s ly with
and other deleterious substances. To such an extent did this becom
had to be applied to turn the followers out of the place.

10. The Tinnevelly gang may also be instanced as
tend with. They were marched thro trict devastated by cholera; th
the s in charge; they had animal food issued to them onl
ex er a period of twenty-four days
y cooked
len they themselves, in reva-

11. It is more than probable that over-crowding tend
unhealthy state of the Jail. In the first three quarters of the year reviewe
were comparatively healthy, the average cubic space per man was as follows:—1st 184 feet;
2nd quarter, 290 feet; 3rd quarter, 258 feet. In the la ich was
cubic space per man was 209 feet; and in the last month, Octobe
month of all, the cubic space was reduced to 186 feet per man. The evil effects of insufficient
space were further increased by a practice the prisoners had of huddling together in corners of the
cells for the sake of warmth, a practice which wa rds prevented by dividing the cells into
compartments by open bamboo partitions. It may be true that in this climate, and with the abun-
dant means of ventilation provided in the cells, the same amount of cubic space as in the plains is
not necessary tenance of health; judging from the unvarying good health enjoyed
by the inmates of the closely adjoining Police lines, such would certainly see e, for there
the cubic space was even scantier than in the prisoner's cells. Nevertheless of
numbers, in proportion to the accommodation, as proposed by Mr. Rohde, will be a safe precaution.

Among the circumsta h probably had an unfavorable influence on the health
of the convicts, I cannot omit to men inadequacy of medical aid which at one time existed.
The first Medical subordinate appointed was a pensioned Dresser, who, so long as I was able per-

... to superintend the treatment of the sick, did very well. But the duties in Ootacamund multiplied, and it was no lon... for me to ... at longer intervals. Unf... the same time, and the pensioned Dresser was ... independent medical charge. Becoming alive to this, and seein... greater leisure f... -post du... the 27th July ... Dresser should be relieved, and an ... was at once acceded to, but some del... Anderson arrived on the 13th October 1864, and to ... his subordinate is due, in no small measure, the satisfactory sanitar... this moment.

13. In connection with the causes of the sickness which prevailed the year, it should be noted that the season wa... healthy one. ... ted among both the European a... sickness at Lovedale may fairly be attri...

14. In all other outward respects, the ... that could be desired. The utmost attent... dation, ventila... anliness, conservancy ... , who vi... on the subject, a... mendations were alwa... racticabl... able-bodied from th... and infirm, as now ... the very first ... ure.

unfortunate results, for there was a remarkable ... from ... ratory organs. The p... in ... and they had nothing the... to the Hills. Nor can any bla... other persons wh... on the same spot good health.

16. I ...

... hiefly tw... early re-transfer of sick to the Plains. T... attention of the Jail authorities as will be seen ... by me, on the 9th of ... to the Of... Hankin, soliciti... arding m...

" by actual disease which so oft...
" fro...

... d to withstand the entire ...
" cli...

... r employment ... merely to the physical ... rule in short should be ... that they should have mental as well as ... stances in wh... Adequate provision should be ... by the way, and each party of 50 men and upwards should ...

Su... , for the purpose not only of affording medical aid to the sick, but of exercising a discretionary power in regard to such matters as marches, halts, food, &c., and of being a check upon the Warders. They should not be marched through Districts kn... time to be unhealthy or visited by the m... ... thing immed... on their ent... the colder climate.

18. W... d to the second remedy that I have proposed (th... ick to ... t the experience of the past year has re... easy to detect with almost unerring certainty the very earliest indications of that peculiar cachexy which affects those whose constitutions are about to give way, and which sooner or later terminates fatally in one or other of these forms of disease, viz., Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scurvy, Dropsy, and Atrophy. The prisoners in whom this cachexy is once established derive no permanent benefit from medicine, or careful general treatment, but are inevitably doomed if they remain in the Lovedale Jail. Aware of this themselves, they look upon their entry into Hospital as tantamount to death, and resign themselves to their fate with characteristic apathy. I, therefore, consider that the only means of at once saving the lives of such cases, and of a... ...ility of the disease again becomi... mic, is early to remove them to some hea... w country, before, or at all eve... n as, the symptoms of any of the above specific forms of disease have become devel... transfer them to Octacamund or Coimbatore, for the experiment to that extent was already tried and failed; in the former case because the change was not sufficient, and in the latter because the Coimbatore Jail is notoriously unhealthy, and prolific in those very diseases from which the patients ... eady suffering. The best cour... convenient and too expensive, would be to return each sick convict to the Jail from whence he came; two important purposes being thereby served, viz., affording the patient the best chance of recovery, and dispersing and so diluting the materials of disease. Captain Hankin considers this plan impracticable, as some of the sick men would have to make very long marches; and he suggests that the sick should be distributed among the Jails along the Line of Railway, on account of the facility and quickness of re-transfer. I trust that the establishment of a Convalescent Depot at Vellore may have the desired effect; but I should fear that the congregating of sick co... a spot, however healthy, would only lead to the concentration and conti... Nor do I think that Mr. Rohde's other project, of which he has ... ar Depot at Coonoor, is likely to be more successful; for, apart from the discouraging results of the former re-transfers to the very healthy Jail of Ootacamund, there would be little probability of amelioration at Coonoor, where the sick would still be massed together, and where many of the conditions which have proved favorable to the persistence of disease here would still obtain.

19. This system of re-transfer has been objected to, beca... lieved that it would increase discontent among those who remained, and lead to the re-crowding of the Hospital with convicts, either feigning or creating illness, in the hope that they also would be sent back to the plains. But such a result did not follow the large re-transfer of 115 men, which was at last effected on 6th December last. On the contrary, the complete remedy of the deplorable state of health in the Jail was the speedy consequence; for although another batch of 22 sick men had soon afterwards to be sent away, the general health thereafter returned to a most satisfactory state, and still continues so. In the two months following these re-transfers (January and February last) the admissions ... h month respectively, 22 and 37, and the deaths 3 and ... of an average strength of 357. A spirit of cheerfulness, moreover, has been infused into the whole gang by the prospect that, in the event of sickness, they too will have a chance of recovery by being re-transferred to the plains. At the same time it ... be denied that the present healthy state of the Jail is also partly due to the very salutary measure, recently adopted, of removing the Hospital to some distance from the cells.

20. It was further objected to the proposed re-transfer of sick that the expense forbade it. No doubt the plan would be at first expensive, but I believe that in the end it would be a real economy, and that it is the only course left, if the gangs are to be maintained on the Hills at all; for soon all the sickly disposed would be weeded out, and there would remain a fine body of men inured to the climate, contented with their lot, and thoroughly effective as laborers, among whom sickness would be rare, and re-transfers, therefore, seldom necessary.

No. 387.

MEMORANDUM.

Submitted, in reference to Memorandum, No. 533, dated 8th ultimo, from the Principal Inspector General, Medical Department, and th
2nd February 1865.

TRICHINOPOLY, [illegible] ..., S. D.

To the Secretary Principal Inspector General, Medical Departmen[illegible] and George.

No. 202. ORDER THEREON, 28th April 1865, No. 635.

His Excellency the Governor in Council considers the explanation offered by Assistant Surgeon Rule, the Zillah Surgeon of Madura, for his entire neglect of the rule laid down by the Inspector General of Jails, that none but able [illegible] men, in the prime of life, should be selected for transmission to the Jail at Lovedale, to be extremely unsatisfactory, and directs that Mr. Rule be informed that the Government view his conduct in this matter with grave displeasure, and that any [illegible] of similar carelessness and indifference to duty on his part will be s[illegible]ished.

2. The Government have perused with much interest Dr. Miller's report on the causes of the unhealthiness of the Lovedale [illegible] and his suggestions for its prevention in future. These [illegible]ions should be carried out as far as practicable, especially those which relate to the selection of prisoners for the Lovedale gang, and for their being properly treated and cared for on their journey to the Hills. Any repetition of the over-crowding, adverted to in the 11th paragraph of Dr. Miller's letter, must be carefully avoided.

3. The Governor in Council, however, [illegible]ssibility of carrying out the somewhat minute system of watching the [illegible] which is advocated at the close of the report. It seems impossible, in such a case, to deal with other than purely physical causes.

Dr. Miller's Report should be furnished to every Medical Officer in charge of a Jail.

ARBUTHNOT.

To the Inspector General of Jails.
" Principal Inspector General of the Medical Department.
" Officer in charge of the Jail.

Exd. J. H. Burns.

Judicial Department

Proceedings of the Madras Government

Read the following letter from the Principal Inspector General of the Medical

(Here Entér 15th March 1865. No 86)

(Order Thereon 28th April 1865. No 635.

His Excellency the Governor in Council considers the explanation offered by Assistant Surgeon Rule, the Zillah Surgeon of Madura for his entire neglect of the rule laid down by the Inspector General of Jails that none but able-bodied men in the prime of life should be selected for transmission to the Jail at Lovedale, to be extremely unsatisfactory; and directs that Mr Rule be informed that the Government view his conduct

conduct in this matter with grave displeasure, and that any repetition of similar Carelessness and indifference to duty on his part will be severely punished.

2. The Govt have perused with much interest Dr Miller's report on the Causes of the unhealthiness of the Lovedale Gang, and his Suggestions & its prevention in future. These suggestions should be Carried out as far as practicable, especially those which relate to the selection of prisoners for the Lovedale and for their being properly treated and Cared for on their journey to the Hills. Any repetition of the overcrowding adverted to in the 11th para: of Dr Miller's letter, must be Carefully avoided.

3. The Governor in Council, however, doubts the possibility of Carrying out the somewhat minute system of watching the mental tendencies of the Convicts, which is advocated at the Close of the report. It seems impossible, in such a Case, to deal with other than purely physical Causes.

4 Copies of Dr Miller's report should be furnished to every Medical Officer in charge of a Jail.

To
The Inspector General of Jails despd 2/5/65
The Principal Inspector General of the Med. Dept. despd 2/5/65
To the Officer in charge of the Jail despd 2/5/65

No. 1186

Fee 5

Proceedings &c.

Filed 28 April 1845

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