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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Judicial DEPARTMENT.

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181-182

Dated 21.2.1862 ~~19~~ .

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Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 181. Read the following letter from J. ROHDE, Esq., Inspector General of Jails; to T. PYCROFT, Esq., Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Ootacamund, 29th January 1862, No. 43.

I have the honor to submit a draft of further Rules for the new Prison at this station based on those approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council (23rd November 1861,) and to request that if they meet the approbation of the Government they may be printed at the Government Press in a clear large type and that 50 copies may be supplied for my use as soon as possible.

2. In the preparation of these Rules those of the English and Irish Prisons have been made use of.

3. I will submit such further Rules as may seem necessary in a few days.

RULES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE EUROPEAN JAIL AT OOTACAMUND.

The Sub-Judge, resident at Ootacamund, shall have charge of the Jail, subject to the instructions he may receive from the Inspector General of Jails.

2. The Officer in charge will nominate the Keeper and Warders as vacancies occur, but no appointment of a Keeper or Warder shall be made without the approval of the Inspector General; the Native servants will be employed by the Officer in charge.

3. The Officer in charge shall visit the prison and every inmate of the prison once a week, attending to all reasonable representations and complaints, and giving such orders as may be necessary to the Keeper; he will take notice of any misconduct on the part of any of the Prison Officers, or of the prisoners, and will punish it within the limits of his authority.

4. The Officer in charge of the Jail shall cause a copy of all Rules for the internal management and discipline of the Jail, including such subsidiary Rules as he may himself prescribe, to be printed or written, and a copy to be placed in each Cell.

5. The Officer in charge shall, on visiting the Jail, inspect the several Journals, Registers, and accounts. He shall examine the quantity and value of the work performed.

6. In case of any vacancy occurring, by the death, resignation or suspension of any Officer, the Officer in charge will make such temporary arrangement for the duties, among the Officers serving in the prison, as may be required, reporting the circumstance and the arrangement proposed for the consideration and approval of the Inspector General of Jails. The Officer in charge has authority to fine, or suspend any Warder for neglect of duty, breach of Rules, intemperance,* using violence to any prisoner, using improper language or other fault, subject to appeal to the Inspector General of Jails, but no dismissal of a Warder shall be made without the sanction of the Inspector General of Jails.

* N. B.—Intoxication will be visited with dismissal; and it will not be taken into consideration at what place, or whether it be a greater or less degree of intoxication, it being absolutely necessary that all persons connected with the prison should be perfectly sober at all times.

7. The Officer in charge may, in case of necessity, suspend the Keeper of the prison, reporting the circumstances fully for the orders of the Inspector General of Jails.

8. The Officer in charge will attend, without delay, to any representation, in writing, of the Surgeon or Keeper of the prison, as to the mind, or body, of any prisoner being likely to be injured by the discipline, or treatment, to which he is subjected, and will give such directions thereon as may be expedient, reporting, to the Inspector General of Jails, should he have deemed it necessary to relax the strict discipline of the prison, in any case, with full particulars.

9. In case of any breach of discipline or other offence, committed by any prisoner, the Keeper of the prison shall, within 24 hours, make a written report of the case to the Officer in charge, who shall, as soon as possible, make the necessary enquiry within the prison, and dispose of the case under the provisions of Regulation X of 1832, and such other Regulation and Acts of the Legislature or Orders of Government, as may have been passed, or may be communicated to him from time to time for the maintenance of discipline.

10. The Officer in charge shall carefully observe, enquire into, and note, in writing, the conduct of all the prisoners in the Jail, with the view to the same being brought to the notice of

the Inspector General of Jails, and of Government, in order to the extension to any that may be deserving, of the indulgences contemplated by Act XXIV of 1855.

11. The Inspector General of Jails will visit the prison once in each quarter, when a report, in writing, will be made to him by the Officer in charge, of any defects in the building or in the furniture, arrangements, or supplies, together with a report on the behaviour and conduct of the Officers of the prison and of the convicts confined therein, the arrangements for dieting and providing the prison, the expenses of the prison and such other matters relating to its discipline and management as he shall deem expedient, and he shall further, freely and confidentially, communicate to him whatever it may be right that he should be acquainted with, on the occasions of such visits or at any other times.

12. In case of the death of any prisoner the same shall be duly reported, without delay, by the Keeper to the Officer in charge and to the resident Magistrate, together with a brief statement of the cause of death, duration and nature of sickness, or other particulars, duly signed by the Keeper and countersigned by the Surgeon.

13. Should the Magistrate see fit to order an inquest on the body, no Officer of the prison shall sit on such inquest, but the Jury shall consist of Europeans or Americans, resident or sojourning at Ootacamund. The verdict shall be entered in the prison diary, and a copy of the same be immediately communicated to the Inspector General of Jails.

14. In the case of the death of any prisoner, otherwise than from natural cause, the Officer in charge shall, in addition to the report to the Inspector General, forward a copy of the same direct to the Secretary to Government in the Judicial Department.

15. The Officer in charge and Keeper of the prison shall take care to convey to all prisoners a right understanding of any Rules under which good conduct in prison may induce a mitigation of the severity of discipline, and lead to the favorable consideration of the Government in the prisoner's case.

OFFICERS.

16. No Officer of the prison shall engage in any trade or business, or have any occupation but that to which, as a Prison Officer, he shall be appointed; nor shall he be in any way concerned in the supply of the prison, nor shall he or any member of his family receive, directly, or indirectly, any gratuity or reward, of any description, from any person at any time engaged in the supply of the prison, or from any prisoner or from the family or friends of any prisoner, nor shall any member of his family, residing in the houses or lodgings provided, keep a shop, or be engaged in any profession or trade, otherwise than may be sanctioned in writing by the Inspector General of Jails.

17. No Officer or servant of the prison shall keep, or feed, stock, otherwise than for the consumption of his own household, nor shall any such Officer hire out cattle or carts, or carry for hire on profit.

18. No stranger, or persons other than of the immediate family of the Keeper or Warders, will be permitted to reside on the premises without the written permission of the Inspector General of Jails, obtained through the recommendation of the Officer in charge.

19. No sheds or buildings will be allowed to be erected on the premises.

20. The Head Warder and Warders are not to quit the premises without the permission of the Keeper, which permission is never during the day to be given to more than one at a time. The Keeper of the prison will reside on the premises, and will not absent himself without making over charge to the Head Warder, who is, on no account, to quit the prison during the absence of the Keeper.

21. The Keeper shall not, at any time, absent himself from the prison at night without the written permission of the Officer in charge.

22. The routine duties of the several Warders and servants shall be determined by the Officer in charge, but no Officer of the prison shall with impunity resist or neglect the lawful orders of his superior, though he may subsequently represent the matter to the Officer in charge or Keeper of the prison.

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23. All Warders will be required to make themselves acquainted with the persons of prisoners on admission.

24. Prisoners will not be moved from one Cell to another except by the written order of the Officer in charge, except in case of sickness when the written order of the Surgeon will be sufficient.

25. The Keeper of the prison shall report, to the Officer in charge, all irregularities, for orders; but he shall have authority to secure any prisoner guilty of assault or other violent conduct, or attempt to break Jail, in hand-cuffs and fetters, pending the orders of the Officer in charge.

26. Warders shall immediately bring to the notice of the Head Warder, and Keeper of the prison, any instance of irregularity or breach of discipline.

27. The Keeper and Warders are prohibited from striking any prisoner except in self-defence, or to prevent escape or personal injury to another, and from making use of any abusive or provoking language. They are prohibited from entering into familiar conversation with prisoners; the orders it may be their duty to give will be brief and conveyed in proper language. They will use no distinction in addressing prisoners, whatever their position in life may have been. They will address each by his surname. The Warder's conversation and intercourse with prisoners will be confined to matters of duty. They will listen to any request prisoners may desire conveyed to the Keeper of the prison, and attend to the wants of all, observing strictly all Rules laid down for their guidance.

28. For neglect of duty, for using improper language, or for other fault, Warders will be liable to fine not exceeding half a month's pay, or to dismissal, at the discretion of the Officer in charge, subject, in the latter case, to the approval of the Inspector General of Jails.

29. Warders neglecting to report any breach of discipline, or other misconduct of any prisoner, or any sickness or other important matter connected with the prison or prisoner, or any misconduct on the part of the Native servants, will be considered to have neglected their duty.

30. Warders are required to behave in an orderly manner among themselves, and to conduct themselves respectfully to the Keeper and other Officers.

31. The Keeper of the prison, Head Warder and Warders are to resist to the utmost all attempts to escape, but must not make use of their fire-arms, unless this may be absolutely necessary to secure the person of a prisoner, in preventing escape or severe injury, or death to any Prison Officer or other person. In such case of necessity fire-arms shall not be used by them for the mere purpose of intimidation, and all firing over the heads of prisoners for this purpose is prohibited. If prisoners cannot be otherwise secured without imminent risk to life or person, or if they cannot be otherwise deterred from severely injuring others, the arms must be used effectively.

32. The Officers shall carefully observe the character and habits, of the prisoners under their charge, it being of the utmost importance that the Officer in charge, and Chaplain should be fully informed on these points.

33. No subordinate Officer or servant, on any pretence whatever, through favor, or mistaken notions of kindness, shall fail to make an immediate report to the Keeper, or other his superior Officer, of any misconduct or wilful disobedience of the Prison Regulations. No subordinate Officer shall take upon himself to punish any prisoner, unless ordered by the Keeper.

34. Any prisoners, who may be placed in association, shall be under the control and superintendence of Officers, whose duty it shall be to enforce silence in all cases wherein the Regulation require it, and to prevent all improper communication in those cases in which prisoners under special circumstances are allowed the privilege of communicating. They shall carefully watch the prisoners in their various movements and employments, and use the utmost alacrity and vigilance to prevent escape.

35. Prisoners are to be made to wash and shave themselves, or to be shaved, according to such regulations as may from time to time be established. When the prisoners shave themseves,

the razors shall not be given out to the prisoners till they are ready to use them, and shall always be withdrawn from the reach of the prisoners immediately after being used.

36. All Officers placed in authority over prisoners, and all persons employed in the prison, must be men of unblemished character; any disreputable conduct will render an Officer or servant liable to dismissal. Intoxication will be visited with dismissal; and it will not be taken into consideration at what place, or whether it be a greater or less degree of intoxication, it being absolutely necessary that all persons connected with the prison should be perfectly sober at all times.

37. All Officers, assistants and servants of the prison shall punctually attend Divine Service with the prisoners, unless on duty, or excused by the Keeper or superior authority; their absence, and the cause thereof, to be entered in the Keeper's Journal.

38. The subordinate Officers and servants of the prison shall at all times treat their superiors with respect.

39. All subordinate Officers shall pay strict attention to cleanliness of person and dress, and shall at all times, within the prison, if required, wear a plain uniform, the materials to be provided at their own expense as often as the Inspector General of Jails shall direct; and further shall conform to such Regulations concerning their personal appearance as may be established. The uniform will be made up and issued to the Officers, and the materials paid for out of their pay, by such stoppages and to such amount as may, in like manner, be directed. The buttons and distinctive badges will be provided at the cost of the public. Upon the removal of any Officer, by resignation or dismissal, the buttons and distinctive badges of the uniform are to be delivered to the Keeper, and the Officer made to pay the remaining balance due for his clothing.

40. No Officer or servant intrusted with keys shall take them out of the prison, leave them lying about, or lend them to another, on any pretence whatever; but shall, when leaving the prison on any occasion deliver his keys to such Officer as may be authorized to receive them, taking from such Officer an acknowledgment, without which he shall not be allowed to quit the prison.

41. No subordinate Officer or servant shall be permitted to receive any visitors in the interior of the prison.

42. All Officers and servants are required to live in the lodgings provided for them.

43. No Officer or servant of the prison shall sell, nor shall any person in trust for him or employed by him, sell, or have any benefit or advantage from the sale of any article to any prisoner; nor shall he or any person in trust for, or employed by him, let, or have the benefit or advantage from the loan or letting of, any article to, or have any pecuniary dealing whatsoever with, any prisoner, or employ any prisoner on his private account: nor shall he correspond with or hold any intercourse with the friends or relatives of any prisoner, nor shall he make any unauthorized communication concerning the prison to any person whatever.

44. Every Officer or servant of the establishment who shall bring or carry out, or endeavour to bring or carry out, or knowingly allow to be brought or carried out, to or for any convict any money, clothing, provisions, tobacco, letters, papers, or other articles whatsoever, not allowed by the Rules of the prison, shall be forthwith suspended from his office by the Officer in charge.

45. No subordinate Officer shall use tobacco or spirituous liquors within the prison walls, except under such restrictions as to time and place as may be laid down by the Officer in charge and approved by the Inspector General.

46. The Warders shall, if required, with such exceptions as the Officer in charge may permit, mess within the prison. The senior Officer is responsible for due order and regularity in the Mess-rooms. Officers or servants messing together are required to be particularly observant of habits of decorum, and are strictly prohibited from gambling and card playing. Hours of meals, under ordinary circumstances will be one hour for dinner and half an hour, each, for breakfast and tea, at such times as may be directed.

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47. All wrangling or disputes about points of duty between Officers of the prison are strictly prohibited. Any question of this kind must be referred, at a convenient time, for the decision of the Keeper, or, if necessary, to the Officer in charge; and all complaints by one subordinate Officer or servant against another must be made in writing through the Keeper, for the information of the Officer in charge. Such report must be delivered within twelve hours of the occurrence complained of, or it will not be received; and if it should be found that any such complaints are frivolous or vexatious, or arise from a spirit of ill-feeling, malice, or revenge, it is to be entered in the Officers' Misconduct Book and punished.

48. Any subordinate Officer or servant, having any grievance connected with his duty or situation in the prison, must state the same respectfully, in writing, for the Keeper's decision, or, if necessary, for appeal to higher authority; any other proceeding on the part of an Officer or servant for this purpose will render him liable to dismissal, or such minor penalty as the case may deserve. All wrangling or discussion about private matters between Officers and servants within the prison or elsewhere, while on duty, is also strictly forbidden, and they must be careful to avoid as much as possible, speaking about, or discussing any of the arrangements of, or occurrences that may take place within, the prison, either amongst themselves, or with any person not connected with the establishment.

49. Fines not exceeding half a month's pay may be levied by the Officer in charge upon subordinate Officers for neglect or violation of duty according to his discretion. All fines and restrictions will be entered in the Officers' Misconduct Book which the Officer in charge is required to keep.

50. Any subordinate Officer or servant, disabled from the regular performance of duty, by illness, must give or send immediate notice to the Keeper and to the Medical Officer. The Officer in charge will, on the Keeper's report, make such arrangements as may be necessary for the due performance of the duty of the disabled Officer or servant.

51. No Officer shall on any account enter a prisoner's cell at night, unless accompanied by another Officer, and then only in case of the prisoner's sickness or other emergency.

52. All Officers or servants on being relieved from any particular duty, shall point out to their successors all matters of special importance connected with their duties, and explain any directions of the Keeper, Medical Officer, or other superior Officer, affecting any particular prisoner.

53. All Officers and servants shall be watchful to detect and prevent any persons secreting prohibited articles for the prisoners, about the prison, and shall immediately report any such occurrence. They shall especially guard against the clothes of workmen or others being left lying about in places accessible to the prisoners, and shall report, at the earliest opportunity, any suspicious circumstances of this kind or the loitering of improper or suspicious persons that they may observe about the prison.

54. All Officers shall be careful not to allow any prisoner under their charge to be employed, directly or indirectly, for the private benefit or advantage of any person or persons, or in any way not in conformity to the established Rules of the prison.

55. Officers in charge of wards or other parts of the prison are, when required, to set cleaners to work in the halls, cells, passages, &c., and cleaners are always to be required, after work, to produce the brushes, brooms, &c., with which they may have been furnished. The Officers shall expedite this necessary work, so that it may be completed at the time fixed by the Keeper. Especial care must be taken that no ladders, planks, wheel-barrows, ropes, chains, implements, or materials of any kind, likely to facilitate escape, are left unnecessarily exposed, at any time, in the yards or elsewhere. All such articles when not in use, must be kept in their appointed places. Every Officer or servant is bound to report immediately any instance of such articles being left in neglect of this rule, whether it occurs in his own department of the prison or otherwise.

Clothing and Bedding.

56. Each prisoner will be provided with clothing and bedding as stated below.

57. Prisoners will not be allowed to retain in use any private clothing, the flannel and linen in wear and towels will be changed once a week, the sheets once a month. The woollen clothing will be issued at such times as the Inspector General may direct. Every prisoner will have his number marked on his body linen, clothing and shoes and every comb, bed, blanket, sheet and towel will be marked with the number of the cell in which it is used; articles are not to be unnecessarily transferred from cell to cell, prisoners will be held responsible for any damage to their clothes, bedding or furniture.

58. The Head Warder will be specially charged with the care of the linen and clothing, he will see that it is regularly changed and washed, and that no damage to the clothing and bedding or other furniture by the prisoners takes place without its being reported to the Keeper.

59. The Head Warder will enter in a book, to be kept for the purpose, an inventory of all clothing issued to each prisoner and of all utensils in use in dieting, as well as of all tools or implements for all of which he will account at the close of each half year.

60. Each prisoner will be provided with one mattress.

3 pair Sheets.
2 Blankets.
1 Coverlid or Rug.
4 Towels, Dungaree.
1 Jacket,
1 Waistcoat, } of Puckally grey ordinary cloth.
1 Trowsers,
3 Shirts, colored.
3 pairs wool Socks.
6 Handkerchiefs.
1 pair Shoes.
1 do. Slippers.
1 do. Braces.
2 do. Drawers.
2 Banyans.
1 Cap, 1 Comb.

VISITING AND CORRESPONDENCE.

61. Prisoners during the first half of their term of sentence may see a friend or write a letter once after six months, stating beforehand which they will do; during the latter half they may enjoy this privilege once in three months, (except in both instances in special cases) all letters to be read by the Officer in charge.

62. Letters to or from wife or husband to be sent without perusal when the conduct of the prisoner is good.

63. Letters written by prisoners, or addressed to them, will be read by the Officer in charge; no restriction will be placed on the number of letters received, but they will in all cases, except in that of letters from husband or wife, be perused.

64. Should the Officer in charge consider any letter received or written for despatch objectionable, he will suppress it, and if the purport is highly objectionable, the prisoner writing the letter will be debarred from the privilege of writing or seeing a friend, when his turn recurs. In like manner any prisoner abusing the opportunity of a visit from friends will forfeit that privilege at his next turn, and any friend of a prisoner abusing the privilege of a visit will not again be permitted to visit the person.

CHAPLAIN.

65. The Chaplain of Ootacamund, or other Clergyman appointed to the duty, shall visit the prisoners in their cells twice during the week at such times as may be appointed, and shall treat them as those over whom he has pastoral charge; but he shall not do any thing in contravention of the rules of the prison, or convey any message or letter to or from the prisoners friends or supply the prisoners with any thing except books.

66. It shall be optional to the Inspector General of Jails or to the Officer in charge to permit the pastoral visits of Clergymen of other Churches; but it shall not be compulsory with any class of prisoners to attend their ministrations.

67. With the sanction of the Inspector General of Jails, laymen may obtain permission to visit the prisoners as religious visitors, under such restrictions as may in each case be notified to them by letter.

68. The Chaplain shall represent to the Keeper or to the Officer in charge whatever may appear to him worthy of their notice, or suggest any thing which he may conceive likely to prove beneficial to the prisoners or tend to their reformation or industrial training; but he shall take care not to interfere with the established Rules and Regulations of the prisons as to security, or the routine of discipline and labor. He shall also be careful to conform to all such Rules himself so far as they apply to him.

69. He shall be subject to no control in matters strictly within his Department, but that of the Government or Inspector General of Prisons.

70. He shall endeavour to encourage the confidence of the prisoners in the discharge of his pastoral duties, he will not be called on to reveal the confidential communications he may receive from them, but is required to communicate freely with the Officer in charge in respect to the general character and conduct of all the prisoners.

71. Should there be any difference of opinion between the Chaplain and Officer in charge in respect to the religious books or papers proper to be admitted for the use of the prisoners belonging to his Church or Congregation, a reference on the subject to the Bishop shall be made.

72. Should the Chaplain desire to communicate religious, moral or useful instruction to the prisoners collectively, otherwise than at the times set apart for public worship, he shall communicate his desire to the Officer in charge, and arrange with him for the same, referring to the Inspector General of Jails should he consider that any unnecessary objection is raised to the arrangement he would desire.

73. The Holy Sacrament will be administered once in each quarter.

74. The Chaplain will keep a diary of such events as he may consider it desirable to record, and all letters received from him by the Officer in charge relative to the prisoners shall be filed for reference on the occasion of the Inspector General's visit to the prison.

75. The Chaplain shall freely and confidentially communicate with the Inspector General on all points within his Department.

76. The Clergy of other denominations and any Clergyman visiting the prison instead of the appointed Chaplain, and religious visitors who may be permitted to visit, are required to conform to all Rules and Regulations of the prison; no Clergyman or other visitor, under any circumstances, is to convey any message or letter to or from any prisoner, or to introduce into the prison any book or paper or any article otherwise than the religious work or works of useful information sanctioned in each case by the Officer in charge.

CLEANLINESS.

77. Prisoners, on rising, will be obliged to wash themselves completely; once in a fortnight they will bathe and scrub themselves with soap—coyar, or other fibre, will be provided to assist the scrubbing.

78. Prisoners will change their body linen, banyans and socks once a week, their bed linen will be changed once in the month.

79. On rising, each prisoner will remove the linen from his bed, turn the mattress, shake out and fold the bed clothes to the length of the bed which is, after examination, to be folded up against the wall and locked up by the Warder who first visits the cell.

80. Prisoners' hair will be cut tolerably short, they will be shaved or their beards kept close clipped as the Officer in charge may direct.

81. Every prisoner is to sweep out or wash his cell, as directed by the Prison Officers, a broom will be handed in to each prisoner for the purpose, and he is to return it to the Warder whose duty it will be to replace all brooms in the appointed place when not in use. One prisoner will be required to sweep or wash the corridor daily.

82. Prisoners will be employed singly in sweeping the Court yards as required.

83. Prisoners are to place their slop pails, urinals, or pans outside their cells, on the door being opened for the purpose.

84. Such other rules for the maintenance of cleanliness and order as the Officer in charge may have laid down must be adhered to by the prisoners.

GENERAL RULES ADMISSION OF PRISONERS.

85. Prisoners on admission will be examined by the Surgeon, searched by the Head Warder in the presence of the Keeper of the Jail, who will then compare the prisoner with the descriptive roll received, measure and weigh the prisoner, and enter his name, crime, sentence, and description in the book kept for the purpose; any clothing or property found on the prisoner will be taken from him by the Keeper, and an entry of the same made in the property book for the order of the Officer in charge; the prisoner will be supplied with prison clothing, and will be removed to his cell, and his attention be called to the copy of the Prison Rules if he can read, if not they will be read to him by the Keeper.

86. In the diary the Keeper shall make an entry of the reception of any prisoner, stating his name, number on the prison Register, hour of reception, number of the cell in which he is placed, whether he was immediately examined by the Medical Officer, what clothing or property is found on, or taken from the prisoner, and how such property may be disposed of, and generally such facts as he may learn or observe regarding the prisoner as may be deserving of record or communication to the Officer in charge.

87. Prisoners will not be allowed to retain any article of their own when admitted into prison. Any thing regularly and in their possession, which they may bring with them, will be taken from them, and put by against the prisoner's release, unless it be of a perishable nature, in which case it will be sold and the proceeds accounted for on the prisoner's release.

88. All articles irregularly obtained by prisoners after conviction will be forfeited.

89. Prisoners are not permitted to receive any thing during the period of their confinement otherwise than the regulated allowance of food and clothing, unless by the written order of the Officer in charge, who may permit the reception of books and letters at his discretion.

90. A Register will be kept by the Jailor of all property taken from prisoners, with a column for orders as to its disposal.

91. Any money, wearing apparel or other property sent to the Jail, for any prisoner's use, will be kept for his use and delivered to him on discharge; money and other valuables, so sent, will be kept by the Officer in charge in the Office strong box, or deposit Treasury, other articles will be kept in the store room at the prison. In either case however the Officer in charge may direct the return of the article.

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

FORT SAINT GEORGE,
21st February 1862.

T. PYCROFT,
Chief Secretary.

No. 182. ORDER THEREON, 21st February 1862, No. 283.

The Government approve the Rules for the management of the European Jail at Ootacamund. They will be printed accordingly with some few alterations and omissions, which seem to be desirable.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,
Chief Secretary.

The Rules may be printed
some few alterations -- which
seem desirable -

T. Pycroft

No. 283 - 21 Feby 1862.
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JP

The Inspector Genl. of Sails — with 50 Copies of the Rules. } 3 Copies desp^d 21^st^ inst. 47 " " 27th "