M.R.O. 1—82,000—16-10-20.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Judicial DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 392 Press
186-187 His.
186-187.
Dated 22. 3. 1861 Ft.

3/4

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Judicial Department, 22nd March 1861.

No. 186. Read the following Proceedings of Government in the Revenue Department, dated 19th March 1861, No. 639.

Communicating the Order passed on a letter from C. Pelly, Esq., containing a proposition of the Collector of Nellore for changing the Cusbah of the new Revur Taluq from Devarasapalli to Atmakur. (Vide Proceedings Revenue Department, dated 19th March 1861, Nos. 343 and 344)

No. 187. ORDER THEREON, 22nd March 1861, No. 392.

To be recorded.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,
Chief Secretary.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from C. Pelly, Esq., Member of the Board of Revenue, to J. D. BOURDILLON, Esq., Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Fort Saint George, dated 7th March 1861, No. 779:—

Sir,

1. I have the honor to request the orders of Government on a proposition of the Collector of Nellore for changing the Cusbah of the new Revúr Táluq from Dévarázapalli to Átmákúr.

2. Dévarázapalli, the present Cusbah, is a small place, containing only 279 inhabitants, though it pays a Revenue of Rupees 2,320. The Collector further states that it is liable to inundations. The Kacheri is an old building, and too small for the business of the Táluq; but it is a strong building, and would make a good Station-house for the new Police, who would probably make this place their head quarters.

3. On the other hand, Átmákúr is a much larger town, having a population of 2,753 inhabitants, with a revenue of 11,000 Rupees. It has a fine tank, lies close to the high road from Nellore to Cuddapah; the climate is more salubrious, and it is by far the most important town in the Táluq, and the most suitable place for the Cusbah of the new Táluq, and though it appears not to be quite so central as Dévarázapalli, yet this disadvantage is compensated by its position on the eastern side of the centre of the Táluq, and so on the direct line to Nellore, the head quarters of the District. The Collector believes the change would be considered by the people as a boon. But it would be necessary to erect a new Kacheri, as at present there is no suitable building either for the Revenue or Police authorities.

4. From Mr. Dykes' representations there seems to be no reason to doubt but that Átmákúr should be made the Cusbah of the Táluq, and accordingly I beg to recommend that Átmákúr be the future Cusbah of the Táluq, and that the Táluq be called after its Cusbah, the Átmákúr Táluq.

5. The Cusbah of the new Táluq of Kanigiri has also to be decided on. This Táluq has been lately formed, and consists of Zamíndári villages, and Government villages transferred from the adjoining District of Cuddapah. Mr. Dykes strongly recommends that the town of Kanigiri should be the Cusbah. The only objection to this place is its position at the extremity of the Táluq, and at that end furthest from the head quarters of the District. In points of importance as respects population and revenue it is about equal to three other places in the Táluq which have been mentioned; the size of the four places is shown in the margin, and their positions are given in the accompanying sketch.

	Population.	*Revenue.*
1 *Kanigiri*.....	2,000	*Rs.* 1,740
2 *Irlapad*..... ...	2,000	,, 2,816
3 *Cherlopilly*..... ...	1,500	,, 2,584
4 *Guruvajipet*.....	1,200	,, 1,715

6. As respects position, Guruvajipet alone has, from its centrality, an advantage over Kanigiri. But Mr. Dykes, though at first inclined to propose this village, abandoned that intention, finding that it was strongly objected to by the Ryots of that village, and the Ryots of the adjacent villages also, who all desired that Kanigiri should be fixed upon as the Cusbah. It seems that Guruvajipet is made up in no small degree of hamlets, and therefore not desirable as a Cusbah town. Kanigiri is a small town remarkably well laid out, to which the roads of the Táluq all converge, and is easy of access, and affords conveniences for accommodation not to be found elsewhere, and as regards the greater portion of the Government villages, with which the Tahsíldár will have more business than with the Zamíndári villages, the position is good, as most of these villages lie in the north and north-east of the Táluq, as will be seen in the sketch, colored in pink; and as there is no other place possessing the accommodation required for a Cusbah, and as the unanimous opinion is in favor of this place, the Collector urges that the town of Kanigiri may be selected for the Cusbah of the new Táluq.

7. I beg to support the Collector's recommendation.

ORDER THEREON, 19th March 1861, No. 639.

1. The Government approve of the Cusbah of the Révúr Táluq being changed from Dévarázapalli to Átmákúr; and the Táluq will take the name of the last mentioned place. As Átmákúr now contains no accommodation for the Kacheri, it must remain for the present at Dévarázapalli; but the Chief Engineer will be instructed to send up Plan and Estimate for a Táluq Kacheri at Átmákúr. It should be of inexpensive construction; and should provide no more than the accommodation really wanted.

2. The Government also approve Kanigiri as the Cusbah of the Táluq of that name. This was done indeed in the Order of June 2nd 1860, No. 913, paragraph 5, and the Government were not aware that the question of a Cusbah for this Táluq was considered to be still unsettled.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To C. Pelly, Esq.
To the Board of Revenue.
„ Chief Engineer.
„ Judicial Department.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

List of Papers

Copy of Warrant
Judicial 1861 Sept.

Proc: Gov.t in the
Rev: Dt 639.

Sf. 19th
Of 20th } March 1861.

3 Specifications

No 481

Forg the order passed
on a letter from Co Kelly
Esq Containing a Repre-
sentation of the Collector of
Sirsi for Changing the
Line of the new Cart
Road from Devarazaha-
lli to Attamakur.

No. 373.
To be recorded.
22. March 61. JP

1854, 87.