New No. Sectt. I (i)-1—Old No. M.R.O. 1—10,006—10-6-63.

(1) Number of pages 132
(2) Date of repair 2.9.70
(3) Initials of the Referencer 3.9.70

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Financial DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 2700
~~B.P. No.~~
Press
Mis.

Dated 15-11— ~~190~~ 1877

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Munl Commissioners Office

Mannargudy

9th July 1877

From

The Vice-President

Municipal Commissions

Mannargudy

To

The President

Municipal Commissions

Mannargudy

Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of Section 34 of the Towns Improvement Act III of 1871 I have the honor to submit the Annual Report on the working of the Mannargudy Municipality for the year ending 31st March 1877, together with the Statement of Receipts and Expenditure in duplicate in the forms prescribed in G. O. dated 25th April 1877 No 1347.

2. The gross receipts as shown in Statement I were Rupees 20383 — 3. Deducting from this the balance of Rs 2594 – 5 – 9 brought forward from

from the accounts of the previous year, the actual receipts during the year amounted to Rs [illegible] against Rs 15200-0-0 put down in the Budget.

3. The Commissioners expended during the year Rupees 19907-9-5, as detailed in Statement II leaving a balance of Rs 475-6-10 to be carried forward to the following year.

4. The causes of variations between the actuals and the Budget estimate under the several items of Receipts and Expenditure are fully explained in the Comparative Statements I and II.

I shall now proceed to briefly note the important items.

5. House and Land-tax. The total demand under this head according to the Budget was Rs 2500-0-0, and according to the Registers Rupees 2539-0-0 the actual Receipts amounted to Rupees 2493-15-4. Only nine annas were remitted on appeals and proper measures are taken for realizing the balance of Rs 44-7-7 shortly.

Out of Rs 366-3-1, the arrears of past years, Rs 307-14-0 have been collected during the present year and Rs 36-13-3 written off as irrecoverable, and the balance of Rs 21-7-10 has to be collected during the next year.

6. Tax on Vehicles &c. The collection under this head amounted to Rs 918-8-0 or Rs 168-8-0 more than the estimate. This is due to some Jutkas having been newly kept up during the year under report.

7. Tolls — The toll-gates were put up to auction and sold to the highest bidder Ayasami Nadan for Rupees 8810-0-0 which exceeds the Budget estimate by Rs 1110. This increase is due to the keener competition in bidding. It has to be stated here that 1/3 share of the toll proceeds, namely, Rs 2936-10-8, due by this Municipality to the Local Fund Board under G.O. dated 15th August 1876 No 1481, was not paid within the year under review owing to want of funds and absence of provision in the Budget. But the Commissioners would be able to meet this demand during the next year by increasing the rates of tolls as authorized in G.O. dated 15th March 1877 No

No 918. This arrear is shown as unpaid liability in the footnote to statement II.

8. Other items call for no special remark.

9. The opening balance at the beginning of the year was Rs 2594-5-9 against the Budget Estimate of Rs 1500. This large balance is due to the following causes viz, the Compensation for lands taken up for water-supply channel was not paid in full, the parties entitled to receive it not having appeared, the repairs to the water-supply channel were not wholly executed owing to the unfavorable character of the season, the expenditure on Results-Grants fell short of the Budget estimate, and lastly the toll-gates were not constructed as was originally intended within the year as suitable sites had to be selected.

Expenditure

10. Grant I New Works

(a) Buildings — Five toll-gates and one plank-shed at the Head-sluice of the water-supply channel at the Cost of Rs 1035-14-10 and Rs 155 respectively were Constructed during the year. For the former

work

work provision was made in the Budget for Rupees 400, and Rs 450 were sanctioned in the previous year. All these works were Completed during the year under report; there are in all six toll-gates Constructed at all the main roads of the town. The execution of the latter work was urgently needed though no provision was made for it in the Budget.

(b) Water-Supply. A sum of Rs 471-7-8, was spent during the year as Compensation for lands taken up for the water supply channel. Though no provision was made for it in the Budget, yet sanction for this expenditure was subsequently obtained in G. O. dated 19th June 1876 No 1112. The payment is entrusted to a Sub-Committee Composed of three Commissioners. Some of the parties entitled to receive the Compensation having been prevented from attending by the prevalence of cholera and small-pox, a sum of Rs 140-7-6 still remains unpaid and it will be disbursed in 1877-78. This is shown as unpaid liability

in

in the footnote to statement II. Besides a petty channel from Gajendramotcham to Annamalainathen koil tank was excavated during the year at a cost of Rs 9-14-"

(c) Miscellaneous Petty Works. A tunnel across the Pariam Street was constructed at a cost of Rs 70 and two parapet walls were raised in Thirupakadal tank which cost Rs 22-11-10, exclusive of a contribution of Rs 15 made by the owner of the tank. The works were urgently needed for the safety of the public and were therefore carried out, though no allotment had been made for them in the Budget.

11. Repairs (a) Communication. Rupees 4301-9-9 were spent on remetalling the gravel road from Melarajaveethy to the New street. This is the only important road in the town. As it was badly in want of repair and as the work was one of great cost, application was made to Government for the grant of a loan for that purpose. But this having been declined, the Commissioners in the previous year undertook to

to execute this urgent work from the available funds at their disposal. Accordingly a greater portion of the road has been restored to good order during the year under report and the work will come to a finish within the close of 1877-78. Besides this Rs 821-5-" were expended in repairing Panganaud road from Thirupakadal Street to Vannankulam, the materials used being brick jellis, not Tanjore gravel which is very costly; the sides of Rajaveethy were also repaired at a cost of Rs 115-12-9; and other petty repairs made by the road gang. So that the Commissioners are glad to report that almost all the roads in the town are in a satisfactory condition.

(b) Buildings. The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs 201-4-7, of which Rs 86-5-2 were laid out in repairing and white-washing the Hospital, and Rs 114-5-5, in repairing two old buildings that were in a dilapidated condition.

(c) Water-Supply. The outlay on this head was Rs 338-8-6, which falls short of the Budget allotment by Rs 161-7-6. So much of the work as was absolutely needed was executed during the year. A revised estimate is under preparation by the D. P. W. Range Officer for thorough repair of the channel.

12. Grant II. Education. Rs 800 were provided for Results-Grants. But as indicated in Statement V grants were disbursed to six schools only. Certifying memoranda for three more schools have been received after the close of the official year. Their grants viz. Rs 135-8- will be paid up in 1877-78. This sum is included as unpaid liability in Statement II. Some mor schools in the town are being prepared to receive grants in the year to come. A separate list of other schools in the town with numbe on the Roll and character of the institution as directed in Statement V accompanies.

13. Contribution to Local Funds. A sum of Rs 100 was paid for Educational Inspectorate for 1875-76 and 1876-77 in accordance with the advice of the President of the Local Fund Board.

14. Grant III. Sanitation and Medical Services. Hospitals.—The total charges on account of this institution during the year amounted to Rs 4947-1-7, including Rs 86-5-2, the cost of repair of the Hospital building, as shown in Statement II Grant III. A sum of Rs 119-8-9 being the charges for medicines and supplies was not disbursed during the year, it is included under unpaid liability. The number of In and Out-patients treated during the year under report were 318 and 10105 against 242 and 10354 respectively in the previous year. This institution was taken over by the Municipality in the year 1872, and the annual Contribution from the Local Funds bears an inadequate proportion to the entire cost of the Dispensary; the inequality of the aid presses heavily on the Municipal Funds and precludes

sufficient

sufficient expenditure on important objects. The matter has already been brought to your notice separately in letter No 26 dated 15th June 1877 in which it is pointed out that the benefits of the institution are extensively enjoyed by the surrounding Local Fund villages, and that it is but fair that the Local Fund Contribution should be raised to a moiety of the whole charges. The Annual report of the Native Surgeon in charge of the Municipal Dispensary is herewith submitted.

15. Vaccination — One vaccinator is employed on a monthly salary of Rs 10. He works under the supervision of the Native Surgeon. 448 Cases were vaccinated during the year, of these 430 were successful 13 unsuccessful and 5 unknown, whereas in the previous year out of the 316 cases vaccinated, 300 were successful and 16 unsuccessful. The benefits of Vaccination are now being appreciated by the people as small-pox has been Committing great havoc.

16. Registration of Births and Deaths.

One Registrar is employed on a salary of Rs 10 per mensem. The total births and deaths registered were 554 and 442 against 540 and 643 respectively in the previous year. The number of deaths from Cholera and Small-pox were 59 and 37 respectively during the year. Cholera which Continued in a sporadic form assumed epidemic shape in January and February, and every precaution was taken to check its progress by administering medicine and by burning tar &c in the streets, and the measure seems to have been attended with success. But the Commissioners regret to say that Small-pox of a severe character has prevailed in the town.

17. Special Sanitary arrangements for the Local Hindu festival — The usual arrangements were made for the protection of public health, temporary latrines were provided with scavengers in various parts of the Town, and roads and streets were kept clean. Extra watchmen were employed

to prevent the pollution of water in the tanks. The report of the Sub-Committee appointed for the occasion is hereto appended.

18. Butcher and Fish bazaar— Rs 500 were provided in the Budget of 1875-76 under this head; but the work was not carried out in that year in consequence of some litigation in connection with the spot purchased for the purpose, that site was however sold and another purchased and the bazaar constructed during the year under review at a cost of Rs 554-9-6.

19. Grant IV (a) Lighting— The outlay on this head falls short of the Budget allotment by Rs 238-12-8. In the previous year there were 101 lamps put up in the town. But a reduction has since been made in the number of lamps in unnecessary places. So that there are at present 85 lamps being lit up in the town in dark days.

(b) Avenues— The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs 923-1-7, being Rs 76-14-5 less than the Budget grant. 3100 cocoas had been altogether planted as avenues. But some of them have since died out owing to scarcity of water. There are at present 2700 living plants. Although some of the cocoa thrive well in certain parts of the town, yet the Commissioners have learnt from experience that Cocoa plantation is unsuited to the hard soil of this town and they therefore intend planting trees better adapted to the soil, such as mangoes, Jack, morgosa &c as avenues for the future.

20. Other items of Expenditure call for no spec remark.

21. The funded Capital of Rs 27300, standing in favor of the Dispensary at this station in the shape of 10 Promissory notes is shown under Securities and the value of Office as well as Hospital &c Buildings under Value of Premises in the footnote appended to Statement II.

22. During the year under report, rain was generally deficient and freshes in the river scanty, and the weather was intolerably hot. Great precaution was taken by the Commissioners

in bringing down water through the channels and securing it in the tanks in the Town, which was a great relief to the people. In consequence of the formation of the Communicating channels a few years back, this Municipality enjoys peculiarly great advantages as regards water-supply.

23. Mr G. T. Oliver who was deputed to audit the accounts of this Municipality, examined and certified them to be correct. He states in his report that deposits from contractors and Appellants did not appear in the Cash-book. Two cash books are kept up, one for Ayan and the other for Deposits. While maintaining a separate Register for Deposits in which particulars are given, I intend carrying the daily totals thereof to the cash book distinguishing under the grand total the Ayan and Deposit balances remaining each day. He states that the amounts paid into and received from the Treasury are entered in gross. I do not think that classification in this is necessary as we carry every day's transaction in the Ledger under the various heads of account. He remarks that the practice of issuing licenses under the signature of the Head clerk is objectionable. The Commissioners find that it is identical with the practice observed in the other Municipalities. I take this opportunity to submit that as the suggestions of the different Auditors as to the mode of keeping accounts vary and are sometimes conflicting the Commissioners desire that the Government be moved to prescribe some defined and uniform system of accounts for all Municipalities.

classification

Mr [illegible]

Comp. MR

I have the honor to be
Sir
your most Obt. Servant

Vice-President.

From

The Vice-President
Munl Commiss
Mannargood

To
The President
Munl Commiss
Mannargood

Dated 9th } July 1877
Despatched 10th }
Received }

No 35

Enclosures 6.

Forwarding the Annu
Report on the workin
of the Mannargoody
Municipality for the
year 1876-77

16th June 1877

Annual Report of the Mannargoody Civil Dispensary and Lying-in Hospital for the year 1876/77.

for the progress of cultivation. The Monsoon set in in October last, and the quantity of rain registered for 3 months was 2 3/4 inches, and for the whole year it amounted to 37¼ inches or 5 inches more than that

Encl. No. 1.

In a letter
From
The Pres
Municip
Mun
To
The Chief Sec
to Govern
Mad
Dated 16th August 77
No. 245

Annual report
of the Commissi
on the working of
the Mannargudy
Municipality for
the year 1876-77

In Fort No. 4858/77

14th June 1877

Annual Report of the Mannargudy Civil Dispensary and Lying-in Hospital for the year 1876/77.

1. General observations on the climate and seasons of the past year, and condition of Public health in the Station and District.

The climatic features and seasonal phenomena of 1876/77 were more unfavourable than those of the preceding year. The freshes in the river Pamany, which passes through the town were late and scanty. During the agricultural season the want of water was much felt. The river was quite dry except now and then, when a partial supply of water was let in from Head Sluice of the rivers Vennar, Coraiyar and Pamaniyar beyond Needamungalam 8 or 12 miles from the Station. Such dryness was never witnessed heretofore in the District. There used to be continual stream of water moving in the river more or less for 6 months during the agricultural season. This failed, as also the rains of the sowing season for dry grains. Moreover the weather was unusually hot and oppressive, the paddy fields in many Villages became dry, and were left to be grazed by cattle, such was the loss sustained by the cultivators. The rainfall was comparatively enough but was not timely for the progress of cultivation. The monsoon set in in October last, and the quantity of rain registered for 3 months was 23 1/2 inches, and for the whole year it amounted to 37 1/4 inches or [illegible] inches more than that f 1875/76. Although we had this increase only at the eleventh hour, yet it was beneficial to the people o a certain extent.

From the foregoing [illegible] principally from want of rain in November last, there has been a general failure of rainfed cultivation, and partially of wet cultivation also. Moreover the famine in other districts of the Presidency swept away the grain from Tanjore District. Hence followed scarcity and general distress. The price of grain of every description became extremely dear. A Collum of paddy that used to be sold at a Rupee was purchased at Rupees 3 and annas 10. so also the Raggy, the millet seed, which was never much used heretofore, became the food of the masses, nd it was not to be had. The horse gram which used to be sold at Rupees 2 a collum, was not procurable even for Rupees 4 1/2. Hence the people suffered a good deal of privation and were it not for the rain of the 23rd and 24th December last, (12 inches) which ameliorated the condition of the people, and reduced the price of paddy to Rupees 2¼ per collum, the distress would have been terrible.

At this critical juncture the people of the neighbouring districts i.e. Madura and Salem, finding themselves very much distressed from the disastrous condition of their native places where they can get neither food to satiate their hunger, nor water to quench their thirst, they left their dwellings with their families, children [illegible] such other things as they can call their own, and went abroad. Several of them have come to this Stat and [illegible] them for [illegible] Diseases which will be described under the head of Epidemi

2 Epidemic Diseases. Since the date of the last Annu Report Cholera has not entirely disappeared, but continued more or less throughout the year both in the Town, Taluq, and the District generally, and more s during the latter half of the year when there was a scarcity of rain and [illegible] in October and November last. people flocked in from other place and roaming about the District revived the nucle of Cholera and other zymotic diseases. In January last Cholera was raging severely just when the Srirungam festival concluded. 29 patients came unde treatment in that month and 43 were treated in the town, of which 6 proved fatal. Five patients were brought to the Hospital, of which 3 died.

The Registrar of Births and Deaths for t Town of Mannargoody recorded 59 deaths for the whole year from this disease, and from the Police Repor 135 deaths have been gathered as having occurred in the several parts of the Taluq.

Due to the prevalence of Cholera, the Municipal [illegible] the Registrar of Birt and Deat [illegible] ched on Cholera duty as last year, and [illegible] tion to which disinfectants we used in Streets and Lanes, consisting of tar, [illegible] forward. The people appear to have great confidence in the use of the latter.

It is very much to be regretted that small-pox has been so prevalent in the Town, Taluq and District generally and it is still raging fearfully. 37 deaths are registered by the Registrar of the Municipal Commissioner's Office as having occurred in the Town during the year. People of the lowest classes both in the Town and Villages are evincing now great desire to have their children vaccinated, and applications are very frequently made to me for the services of Vaccinators.

Vaccinat

3. The Municipal Vaccinator has operated 430 cases during the year, the average number of operations returned by the Vaccinator being 30 monthly, and is a fit opportunity to bring to the notice of the Head of the Medical Department, that as the Superintendents of Vaccination of circles, who are located either at head Quarters, or itinerate on their Circuits, cannot always have their eyes on all the Vaccinators, who are under their supervision; it will be very desirable at Medical Stations to direct the Taluq Vaccinators to report themselves to the Medical officers periodically in order that there may be a better check upon their work and to send them to Vil[illegible] their services may be urgently called f[illegible] people of the Town, and the Taluq [illegible] great unwillingness to have the[illegible] vaccinated.

2

I suggested in the Annual Report of this Dispens for 1871 that some rules may be legalized to make Vaccination compulsory in this country as in Englan and Germany, but it was then left unnoticed, and as the people are now witnessing many deaths from small-pox, they may be willing to abide by such a la It is very desirable to make some provision for the general safety of the masses from this pestilential disease. When advocating Vaccination as a protection against small-pox, some of the people have come forward to argue to the following effect: how comes that children once vaccinated were attacked again with small-pox and have proved fatal therefrom and therefore vaccination is no security at all agains Small-pox.

In connection with this subject (Epidemics) I may mention that the district generally was visited with a new disease during the past year, having a name for itself Soorookoo Manammay, a disease never heard of heretofore, and one of which the people were extremely afraid, because it was so sudden and painful in its attack, some of the characteristic symptoms are as follows: complaining of a sharp pain in the outer aspect of the foot, ascending to the chest and causing suffocation. It had a remedy as strange as itself, viz. the undigested food of goats dried and powdered. This specific was kept ready in [illegible] by all classes of people to be taken immediately on the attack, but something serious may happen, and the relief was stated to have been instantaneous. The disease having appeared in May continued in June and disappeared in July as suddenly as it originated. During the prevalence of the invader, the price of goats became enormously high. Even the most bigoted Brahmins did not scruple to take with them a paper of the specific as a safeguard. The disease however was not generally fatal nor did it commit any havoc but it was more a panic of the people than a real disease.

4. Sanitary Condition of the Town. The roads and streets are kept clean and under repair. Much requires to be done in this direction. The conservancy of the town is managed by means of 4 carts and 8 sweepers. This number has been considered sufficient by the Municipal Board, as the town is generally clean, though I strongly represented that they are insufficient. At present the carts collect only dry leaves, ashes and rubbish but not the nightsoil. On my frequent representation of the matter to the Municipal Commissioners, they made a contract to keep the town clean by removing also the nightsoil. The Cesspools or Gully holes common almost to all houses formerly remained untouched for many days together, but now fresh earth or river sand is put in daily and removed which is a great improvement.

The Sewage and Drainage require strict supervision to guard against accumulation of surface impurities.

of [illegible] in narrow place and [illegible]
carry [illegible] attended [illegible]
[illegible]

Drainage. [illegible] to a certain extent during the [illegible] of carrying out and improving the road sides [illegible] for side channels. In some places the [illegible] require to be raised to meet the level of the side channel.

Water supply Channel. Mannargoody must be considered a very fortunate station in point of water supply. The several tanks of the township were fed by means of the Channel during the last monsoons, which have supplied water even in the absence of water in the river, and there is every hope that they will meet all demands for some months to come.

Market. A new market has been erected which it is hoped will fully serve the comfort and convenience of the Public.

Fair. Since the date of the last Annual Report a fair has been opened at this Station. It is held every Saturday and affords an opportunity for the people of the town and Villages for 10 miles round who come and make purchases.

5 Special sanitary arrangements for the Local Annual Hindu festival.

The festival began on the 5th and was over by the 22nd March 1877, occupying 18 days. The Sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made

21 [illegible] the protection of the [illegible]

[illegible] considerable [illegible]

It is a matter [illegible] thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river as the Town was so well supplied with water both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December.

The drawing of the Car around the four streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay afterwards in bringing it to its exact stand point.

It is gratifying to add that during the 18 days of festival no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the season and prevalence of Cholera and Small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all parts of the district, and other distant places from the facilities afforded by the Railway. It is calculated that about 20.000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6. Civil Dispensary

The Civil Dispensary and Hospital continues

3. 27

to work satisfactorily as heretofore fulfilling their humane mission. People resort for relief from distant localities of this district and other remote places, and it is therefore needless for me to say that this Medical Charity continues to be highly appreciated and has earned for itself a name.

The total number of sick treated during the year 1876/77 was 10.424 including Europeans and Eurasians and Natives of all denomination as specified below. 1 European In and 34 Out Patients. Of Natives 318 In and 10,071 out door applicants, ~~as will be seen from the Annual Returns of sick herewith forwarded~~ On comparing these figures with those of 1875/76 especially with that of the native sick, it will be found an increase of 101 amongst the In, and a decrease of 248 amongst the out patients. The increase is attributable to the daily coming in of people from Southern Districts. 62 self supporting patients were treated during the past year, of whom 11 were females, 30 more than the previous year. The average daily attendance of sick has been 480 of out, and 12 of In patients. There were 13 deaths amongst the In, and 9 amongst the out door applicants, and the mortality was as follows.

In Patients.		Out Patients	
Cholera	2	Cholera	6

Tetanus — 1
Diarrhœa — 2
Phthisis Pulmonalis — 1
Syphilis Secondary — 1
Anasarca — 2
Old age and General Debility — 1
Ascites — 1
Abortion — 1
Ovarian Tumours — 1
13.

Tetanus — 1
Puerperal Convulsions 2
9

The following abstract statement will indicate the result of the working of the Institution for the year 1876/77.

		Remained on the Returns of 1875/76.	Admitted during 1876/77	Total	Discharged	Died	Remaining	Average
In Patients	Europeans. Eurasians	"	1	1	1	"	"	.002
	Natives	10	318	328	304	13	11	12
Out Patients	Europeans Eurasians	"	34	34	34	"	"	.08
	Natives	24	10047	10071	10037	9	23	48

In Patients

During the year 1876/77. 318 In patients were admitted, and with the 10 which remained on the Return of the previous year make 328, Shewing an

22

increase of 102 over those of 1875/76. The past year having been one of great dearth many applicants sought for relief, they were mostly from Villages of this and other Talukas of the District, also from other distant places, but very few from the town itself. It will be seen from the subjoined tabular statement given for three years, what is the number of Villages and applicants who have resorted for treatment to the Medical Charity at this

Years	Villages	No. from Villages	No. from the Town
1874-75.	151	262	34
1875-76	118	212	30
1876-77	135	268	50.

Out Patients

The number of out door applicants who applied for relief during the past year numbered 10,071 including 24 that remained on the Return of the previous year, adding to this figures 34 European and Euras [illegible] have a total of 10,105. On comparing [illegible] with that of last year [illegible] has been an [illegible]

The applicants for relief were not confined to the township alone, but many came from the Villages of the Taluq, and the district erally. The numbers treated from the town and Villages for 3 years are given in the margin.

Years.	No. from Villages	No. from the town
1874-75	3263	6115
1875-76	3198	7156
1876-77	3291	6814

Surgical Operations. Operative Surgery is much sought after and appreciated. A good many people came for operations from a distance. There have been [illegible] of all kinds including an amputation of the right leg at its upper third.

New Lying-in Ward

The Lying in Hospital did very well during the year 1876/77. There were [illegible] admissions [illegible] more than in 1875/76. Of these 21 women have had their confinements in the Hospital, 2 cases were sent in by lice for concealment of birth or criminal abortion, women absented themselves, and 3 are awaiting their confinement. The 21 deliveries may be classified as follows.

Natural Labour	19
Difficult Do.	1
Complex Do.	1
	21

The parturient women generally did well, and the Maternity with their children, each woman [illegible] a gift of a [illegible]

6 cases of confinement [illegible] confinement are recorded in the Return, many of these cases were tended by the Hospital Midwife, and female pupils both in the town and Villages.

Of this number 8 cases were relieved by operation, 4 in the town and 4 in Villages. Besides which, there were 4 cases of difficult labour in which it was necessary to send manual aid on account of delay and want of efforts to complete delivery.

The operation consisted

4 of Forceps
3 of Craniotomy and
1 of Turning.

As applications are made to me from time to time for the services of a Midwife from Villages in cases of difficult labour, and as the services of the Hospital Midwife could not be constantly spared without prejudice to her own duties in the Hospital and Town, I have therefore secured for the time being the services of another East Indian Midwife passed out this year.

9. Midwifery School

A new class opened [illegible] 1876 consisting of 1 East Indian, 1 Sudra, and 2 barber women. Of these three students were passed out as Midwives in March last and the other (one of the barber women) was dismissed for incompetency.

Another class will be formed in the begining of the Official year, but there is a difficulty of getting women to enter this department, and those that are entertained complain of the pay of Rupees 3-8-.

ing insufficient in these hard times. It would herefore be well to increase their pay to Rupees 4 per mensem.

7. Condition of the Hospital Buildings. The Hospital was put under repair and [illegible] washed during the year, and the whitewashing will be renewed ually. The Deputy Surgeon General during his st annual tour of inspection recommended entilation in the small rooms of the female ward. This is being attended to.

It is gratifying to add that the Vice President Mr Seshagiry Row takes a lively interest in the welfare of the Medical Charity and is always ready to promote its interests, but want of funds recludes him from carrying out some of his good ntentions at present.

8. Economic statistics and management of the Hospital a Financial st[illegible] Income and Expen[illegible]

The Institution continues under the management of the Municipality and the funded apital is the same as was exhibited heretofore viz Rupees 27,300. The income and expenditure for the past year is given in the Financial sheet appended to the Report. The expenditure has come to Rupees 5616-5-4. I must here be permitted

to bring to notice that the town is a poor Municipality whose annual income amounts to only Rupees 16000. The main source of revenue is the tolls, and according to the recent rulings of Government [illegible] must be paid to the Local Fund of the District which amounts to Rupees 3000 and odd. The Municipality [illegible] its share of contribution under the head for the past and present year, amounting to upwards of Rupees 6000. It finds it difficult to do so. The expenditure of the Hospital amounts annually to Rupees 6000, out of which the Municipality pays 3000 Rupees and it finds hard to meet its expenses. The Hospital at this station consists of two departments, the one for general diseases the other a special one for Lying in women. The dieting charges allotted in the Annual Budget amount to Rupees 500 or 550. This sum is inadequate to meet demands in this hard famine time, when all the articles of diet and perishable articles are sold at very high rates, the amount for a month in former years was 50 Rupees, it is now doubled and so the dieting charges have exceeded by Rupees 300 during the past year, although strict economy is observed, still the influx of sick necessitate excess.

This Hospital being the only central Institution where patients are being dieted next to Tanjore,

Combaconum. Negapatam and Tranquebar and the
eneral Chutram Dispensaries, while others at Mayaveram,
Pattocottah. Trichinopody. Vallum Shealy and
[illegible] are intended only for out patients, the
pplicants resort here for treatment as In patients,
and to meet the demand of the Civil Hospital
[illegible] permanent patients on the one hand
and the Lying-in Hospital on the other it requires
ncrease of Income. If there be any diminution in
the number of inmates either in the Civil Hospital,
r in the Lying-in the Deputy Surgeon General
omes down upon the Medical Officer and reports
im to the Head of the Medical Department as was
the case with me by Dr Johnston. What is the Medical
fficer to do in such a dilemma?

2. Visitors Book. There were only two visitors during the past year. their remarks are given below.

Names	Rank	Date	Remarks
Rebrock, an Captain	District Engineer	25th June 1876	It is peculiarly gratifying to see the interest displayed in his work by the Native Surgeon Dr Mootoosamy Moodelly and to hear of all the good that he has effected and is continuing to do. The Hospital premises appeared to be in a very satisfactory condition. Venetian Doors and Windows

---

Recd
25.4.77

220

Mannargoody 21st April 1877

35

From,
The Sub. Committee
for Special Sanitary arrangements
Annual Hindu festival
Mannargoody

To.
The Vice President
Municipal Commission
Mannargoody.

Sir,

The Sub. Committee appointed in Resolution at the meeting of the Municipal Board under date the 3rd March 1877, have the ho to submit the following report upon the Special Sanitary arrangements made during the late Annual Hindu festival which took place in the town in March last.

2. The festival began on the 5th and was over by the 22nd March last occupying 18 days. The Sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made as heretofore for the protection of Public health. Viz providing Latrines, Cart stands, and water sheds, keeping the roads, Streets and bazaar places clean

and making frequent inspections to see that the several arrangements were carried out.

3 It is a matter of thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks of the township secured by means of the water supply channels during the late monsoon, at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river, as the Town was both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December, so well supplied with water.

4 The drawing of the Car around the four Streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay in bringing it to its stand point:-

5 It is gratifying to add that during the 18 days festival, no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the Season, and prevalence of Cholera and Small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all parts of the district, and other distant places, from the facilities afforded by the Railway. It is calculated that about 20,000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6 The expenses attendant on the occasion were Rupees. 75-4-11.

We have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servants

P. [illegible] Moodelly G.M.S. & F.L.
N. Surgeon & M. Commissioner
[illegible]
[illegible]

Sub Committee

Encl No. 5
to a letter
From
The President
Municipal Com
Mannargo
To
The Chief Secretary
to Government
Madras
Dated 11th August 77
No. 245
Report of the San
Committee ap-
pointed for ma
special Sanitary
arrangements du
local festivals
the Mannargoody Mu
nicipality.

1 Jul L 4858/77

			have been lately fixed which must be a great improvement. The buildings require whitewashing. Government Rules have laid down that this should be done twice a year.
Wilson	Dy Surgeon General	21st February 1876	I have been much pleased with the whole arrangements of this hospital which reflect great credit on Native Surgeon Mootoosamy Moodelliar. The arrangements for educating Midwives are highly satisfactory, the Medicines, instruments are in good order and the books correctly kept. There is a want of ventilation in some of the wards and the flooring is indifferent but on the whole the buildings are in good repair and well adapted for their purpose.

Mannargoody
1st April 1877

P. S. Mootoosamy F.L.S.
Native Surgeon
In Medical Ch Civil Dispensa
Mannargoody

41/

Financial Statement exhibiting the Working of the Civil Dispensary Mannargoody for the year 1876/77

Cr

	Rs	a	p
Balance in hand 1st April 1876	"	"	"
Invested upto — Do — Rupees 27,300			
Received during the year			
From Local Funds	1810	"	"
" Provincial Fund	1787	11	1
" Imperial Fund	929	3	9
Interest of invested Funds	1088	"	"
Sale of Medicines &c to persons not entitled to gratuitous issue and dieting Charges received from Police cases sent for treatment from Magistrates	59	6	"
Total Income	5876	5	4
Total including Balance	5876	5	4
Total Expenditure	5876	5	4
Balance in hand 1st April 1877		"	"

Mannargoody
1st April 1877

Dr

		Rs	as	p
By Medical Officers salary	3/4 of the Native Surgeon's salary	1800	"	"
	3/4 of the Dispensary allowance	450	"	"
	3/4 of the Police allowance	142	8	"
Do — from Imperial Fund	1/4 of the Native Surgeon's salary	600	"	"
	1/4 of the Dispensary allowance	150	"	"
	1/4 of the Police allowance	45	"	"
By Medical Subordinates salary		292	9	9
— " —	Peon's salary	72	"	"
— " —	Female Pupils salary	134	3	9
— " —	Servants wages	493	"	6
Medicines and Supplies for 1875-76		138	14	8
European Medicines from Medical Stores for the year 1876/77		566	7	1
— Do —	purchased	12	"	"
Half yearly supplies		67	11	"
Annual — Do		39	7	6
Dieting sick		537	1	"
Monthly Perishable articles &c		249	"	8
For repairing Hospital Building		86	5	2
Total		5876	5	4

P. S[illegible] Mudelly
Native Surgeon
In Medical Ch. Civil Dispensary
Mannargoody

K3 Encl. no. 2.

In a letter

From The President
Municipal Comm
Mannargudy

To The Chief Secretary
to Government
Madras

Dated 16th August/77
No. 245

Statement of Revenues and Expenditure for the Mannargudy Municipality for the Official year 1876-77

15th Novr/77 No 2700

L Dil L 4858/77

Annual Report of the Mannargudy Local Dispensary and Lying-in hospital for the year 1876/77.

L Dil L 4858/77

Encl. no. 4
In a letter
From The President
Municipal Comm
Mannargudy
To the Chief Secretary
to Government
Madras
Dated 16th August/77
No. 245

Report of the Medical Officer in charge of the Mannargudy Dispensary and Lying-in hospital for 1876-77.

Statement I Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargoody during the Official year 1876-77

	Arrear			Current			1876-77 Detail of Minor Heads			1876-77 Total of Major Heads			Budget estimate for 1876-77		
	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P
1. Rates and Taxes, &c															
(a) Rate on houses (Section 40)	109	5	6	1988	8	6	2097	14	"	2097	14	"	2000		
(b) Rate on lands (Section 40)	198	8	6	505	7	5	703	15	11	703	15	11	600	"	
	307	14	-	2493	15	11									
(c) Taxes on Arts &c (Section 57)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
(d) Taxes on Vehicles (Section 63)	-	-	-	156	"	"	156	"	"	156	"	"	150	"	"
(e) Taxes on Animals (Section 63)	14	8	"	748	"	"	762	8	"	762	8	"	600	"	"
				404											
(f) Registration of Cart (Section 73)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
(g) Tolls (Section 77)															
Gross Receipts Rs 8810 " "	"	"	"	"		"									
ess Local Fund Share	"	"	"	8810	"	"	8810	"	"	8810	"	"	7700	"	"
(h) Licenses Sections 106, 123, 125, 130, 131, 136)	"	"	"	121	"	"	121	"	"	121	"	"	150	"	
	322	6	-	12328	15	11									
2. Contributions from Provincial Funds							"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
3. Contributions from Special Funds, &c															
(a) Surplus Pound Fund							230	12	6	230	12	6	250	"	"
4. Contributions from Local Funds															
(a) Public Works							"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
(b) Hospitals							1810	"	"	1810	"	"	1810	"	"
5. Fines and Fees (Section 17 Bye laws & Schedule A)							407	2	"	407	2	"	350	"	"
6. Fees in Schools and Training Institutions							"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
7. Rent of Houses, Gardens, Markets &c							101	8	"	101	8	"	100	"	"
8. Payments for Municipal Services to private parties															
(a) Private Scavengering							"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
(b) Received from the owner of Thiruppalkadal tank the amount spent by the Municipality in repairing it							15	"	"	15	"	"	"		

Statement I Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargoody &c (Continued)

	1876-77 Detail of minor Heads			1876-77 Totals of Major Heads			Budget estimate for 1876-77		
(c) Received from the owner of Haridranadi tank being the amount expended by the Municipality for its repair &c	879	"	2	879	"	2	"	"	
9 Endowment, Private Contributions & Donations and Miscellaneous Receipts									
(a) Hospitals	1147	6	"	1147	6	"	1142	"	
(b) Choultries	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10 Miscellaneous									
(a) Sale of Sweepings	"	"	-	"	"	"	10	"	
(b) Avenues	139	7	6	139	7	6	100	"	
(c) Sale of materials, Tools and Plants	166	13	6	166	13	6	10	"	
(d) Sale of vegetables &c from the Municipal gardens	47	4	6	47	4	6	28	"	
(e) Sale proceeds of fishes from Municipal tanks	178	5	10	178	5	10	200	"	"
(f) Excessive collection of House tax for 1873-74	6	1	"	6	1	"	"	"	
(g) Received from a cartman being the value of an iron lamp post damaged by him	5	10	"	5	10	"	"	"	
(h) Value of a spoilt stamp on which a sale deed was engrossed	2	13	7	2	13	7	"	"	
11 Loans	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
12 Advances recovered	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Total	17788	10	6	17788	10	6	15200	"	"

Statement I. Revenues and Receipts of the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargudy &c Concluded

	1876-77 Detail of minor Heads			1876-77 Total of Major Heads			Budget estimate for 1876-77	
	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	
13. Balance brought forward								
(a) Municipal Fund	2594	5	9	2594	5	9	1500	..
(b) Endowment	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total	2594	5	9	2594	5	9	1500	..
Grand Total	20383	..	3	20383	..	3	16700	..

Examined and found Correct

Auditor

Note to Statement I.

1. Houses and Land rates are levied at 7½ per cent.
2. Taxes on arts &c are not levied in this Municipality.
3. Taxes on Vehicles &c are levied at the maximum rates
4. Carts are not registered in this Municipality.
5. Tolls are levied at the minimum rates.
6. Licence fees, at the rates sanctioned in G.O. dated 11th July 1867 No. 817 and 31st August 1868 No. 1078.

Statement I A Endowments entrusted to the Municipal Commissioners under Sections 15 & 16 for the official year 1876-77

1 Name of Institution	Hospital and Dispensary
2 Amount of Funded capital	Rs 27300 .. ..
3 Floating Balance	
4 Interest or produce of land	1088 .. ..
5 Appropriation from capital for Expenditure	.. .. ..
6 Private Contribution and Donations	.. .. ..
7 Sale of medicines or sundry property	59 6 ..
8 Total (Columns 4-7) (Statement I, 9)	1147 6 ..
9 Contribution Local Fund Boards	1810 .. ..
10 Total Receipts	2957 6 ..
11 Invested	
12 Current charges	4421 13 9 For 1875-76 138 14 8
13 Total (Statement II Grant III)	4560 12 5
14 Allotted for Public Works Statement II A	86 5 2
15 Total charges	4647 1 7
16 Floating Balance	×1689 11 7
17 Remarks	× Negative Balance

Examined and found Correct

Auditor

KV

Statement II Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargoody for the official year 1876-77

	1876-77 Detail of Minor Heads Rs	A	P	Totals of Major Heads Rs	A	P	Budget estimate for 1876-77 Rs	A	P
Grant I Public Works									
1. New Works									
(a) Communications	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
(b) Buildings	1190	14	10	1190	14	10	450	„	„
(c) Drainage	11	„	„	11	„	„	„	„	„
(d) Water Supply	481	5	8	481	5	8	„	„	„
(e) Miscellaneous	107	11	10	107	11	10	„	„	„
				1791	5	4			
2. Repairs									
(a) Communication	5945	8	3	5945	8	3	4098	„	
(b) Buildings	201	4	7	201	4	7	50	„	
(c) Drainage	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
(d) Water Supply	338	8	6	338	8	6	500	„	
				[illegible]					
(e) Miscellaneous	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
3. Establishment	553	10	1	553	10	1	600	„	
4. Tools and Plant and Contingencies	7	9	4	7	9	4	20	„	
				661					
5. Contributions to Local Funds	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
Total Grant I	8837	9	1	8837	9	1	5718	„	
Grant II (Education)									
1 Training Schools									
(a) Establishment									
(b) Contingencies	„	„							

Statement II Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargoody &c (Continued)

	1876-77 Detail of Minor Heads Rs	A	P	Totals of Major Heads Rs	A	P	Budget estimate for 1876-77 Rs	A	P
Grant II (Continued)									
2. Municipal Schools									
(a) Establishment	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
(b) Contingencies	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
3. Salary Grants	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
4. Results Grants	274	„	„	274	„	„	800	„	„
5. Schools on the Combined System									
(a) Fixed Payments	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
(b) Results Grants	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
(c) Contingencies	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
6 Inspection									
(a) Contributions to Local Funds	50	„	„	50	„	„	60	„	„
Do — for 1875-76	50	„	„	50	„	„	„	„	„
(b) Municipal Inspectors	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
7. Miscellaneous	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
Total Grant II	374	„	„	374	„	„	860	„	„
Grant III (Sanitation and Medical Services)									
1 Hospitals and Dispensaries									
(a) Establishment	3250	2	3	3250	2	3	3120	„	„
(b) Medicine and Supplies	685	9	10	685	9	10	500	„	„
Do — for 1875-76	138	14	8	138	14	8	„	„	„
(c) Diet of Patients	537	1	„	537	1	„	400	„	„
(d) Sundries and Contingencies	249	„	8	249	„	8	140	„	„
				4860 138 [illegible]	12 14 [illegible]	5 8 [illegible]			
(e) Contributions to Local Funds	„	„	„				„	„	„

Statement II Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargudy &c (Continued)

	1876-77 Detail of Minor Heads Rs	A	P	Total of Major Heads Rs	A	P	Budget estimate for 1876-77 Rs	A	P
Grant III (Continued)									
2. Vaccination									
(a) Establishment	120	..	..	120	..	..	120	..	
(b) Contingencies	..	11	5	..	11	5	10	..	..
(c) Contributions to Local Funds	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Registration of Births and Deaths									
(a) Establishment	120	..	..	120	..	..	120	..	..
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Conservancy									
(a) Establishment	452	..	..	452	..	..	480	..	..
(b) Sanitary Service (Cost of 4 Conservancy Carts at Rs 64 per mensem)	748	10	4	748	10	4	840	..	..
(c) Cleaning of Tanks and Wells	178	1	3	178	1	3	220	..	..
(d) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(e) Salary of Extra-Sweepers employed on cholera duty	20	5	6	20	5	6	..	..	..
(f) Sanitary arrangements	75	4	11	75	4	11	150	..	..
(g) For erecting ash pits	37	..	..	37	..	..	100	..	..
(h) For erecting a butcher and fish bazaar X	554	9	6	554	9	6	..	..	..
Total Grant III	7167	7	4	7167	7	4	6200	..	..

Statement II Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargudy &c Continued

	1876-77 Detail of Minor Heads			Total of Major Heads			Budget estimate for 1876-77		
Grant IV.									
1 Lighting.									
(a) Establishment	101	3	4	101	3	4	390	..	
(b) Contingencies	704	5	10	704	5	10	700	..	..
2 Markets									
(a) Establishment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Choultries									
(a) Establishment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Feeding Travellers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Watering Roads	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Avenues	923	1	7	923	1	7	1000	..	..
6 Reward for killing venomous serpents and stray dogs	18	..	..	18	..	..	30	..	..
7 For preparing toll-gate bars	50	13	7	50	13	7	X	..	..
8 Removing prickly pears	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..
Total Grant IV	1797	8	4	1797	8	4	2150	..	..
Grant V									
1. Head Office									
(a) Establishment	951	2	3	951	2	3	960	..	..
Do for 1875-76	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Contingencies	185	14	5	185	14	5	244	..	
2. Collection (if Separate Establishment is kept up)									
(a) Establishment	168	..	..	168	..	..	168	..	
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

Statement II Expenditure from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargoody &c (Concluded)

	1876-77 Detail of Minor Head Rs A P	Total of Major Head Rs A P	Budget estimate for 1876-77 Rs A P
Grant V (Continued)			
3 Miscellaneous			
(a) Auditor's Allowance	100	100	100 .. ..
(b) Carriage allowance for the Vice President	300	300	300 .. ..
Total Grant V	1711 .. 8	1711 .. 8	1772 .. ..
Re-payment of Debt	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Interest on Debt	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Advances Recoverable	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Refunds	20	20	.. .. ..
Grand Total Expenditure	19907 9 5	19907 9 5	16700 .. ..
Balances.			
(a) Municipal Fund	475 6 10	475 6 10	.. .. ..
(b) Endowments	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Total	475 6 10	475 6 10	.. .. ..
Grand Total including balance.	20383 .. 3	20383 .. 3	16700 .. ..

Examined and found correct
[illegible]
Auditor

V.P.

Note to Statement II.

Position of Municipality of Mannargoody on 31st March 1877

		Rs	A	P
Balance	Cash	475	6	10
	Securities	27300	..	..
Value of Premises, &c		18027	..	..
Advances recoverable		..	..	..
		45802	6	10
Deduct unpaid Liabilities		3332	2	11

Total Rs 42470 - 3 - 11

V.P.

Statement II A Detail of Allotment for Expenditure on Public Works estimated to Cost Rs 100 or upwards.

Part I New Works

No	Project	Amount of Estimate Rs A P	Past Expenditure Rs A P	Expenditure in 1876-77 Rs A P	Remarks
(a)	Communications	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
	Petty Works and reserve	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
	Total	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
(b)	Buildings.				
1	For erecting five Toll gates	850	91 .. 9	1035 14 10	
2	For erecting a plank shed at the Head sluice of the water supply channel	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	155	
	Petty Works and reserve	50	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
	Total	900	91 .. 9	1190 14 10	
(c)	Drainage	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
	Petty Works and Reserve	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	11	For erecting a dam in Kristnathir Channel drainage channel Rs 11
	Total	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	11	
(d)	Water-Supply				
1	Compensation for land taken up for water supply channel	2500	1790 4 11	471 7 8	
	Petty Works and reserve	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	9 14 ..	For excavating a channel to Annamalai-nathankovil tank Rs 9-14- ..
	Total	2500	1790 4 11	481 5 8	
(e)	Miscellaneous	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
	Petty Works and reserve	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	107 11 10	1 For erecting a tunnel in Pariani street } 70 2 For raising a parapet wall in Thiruppal-kadal tank } 37-11-10 Total 107-11-10
	Total	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	107 11 10	
	Grand Total	3400	1881 5 8	1791 .. 4	

Statement II A Detail of Allotment for Expenditure &c (Concluded)

Part II Repairs

No	Project	Grant Rs	A	P	Remarks
(a)	Communications				
1	For completing gravel Road from Mela-rajaveethy to New street	4201	9	9	
2	For repairing Panganad road from Thiruppalkadal to Varmankulam	821	5	..	
3	For repairing Rajaveethy from Mela-rajaveethy to New street	115	12	9	
	Petty Repairs and reserve	⊗ 706	12	9	
	Total	5945	8	3	
	Buildings				
	For repairing and white washing Hospital	86	5	2	
	Petty repairs and reserve	* 114	15	5	
	Total	201	4	7	
(c)	Drainage	..	..	..	
	Petty repairs and reserve	..	..	..	
	Total	..	..	..	
(d)	Water-supply				
1	For repairing water-supply channel	338	8	6	
	Petty Repairs and reserve	..	..	..	
	Total	338	8	6	
(e)	Miscellaneous	..	..	..	
	Petty repairs and reserve	..	..	..	
	Total	..	..	..	
	Grand Total	6485	5	4	

⊗
1 For repairing Tanjore Road 49-6-4
2. Do Adrampatam Do 84-11-6
3. Do Trivalore Do 45-2-2
4. Do Thirupakadal Street Do 10-..-..
5 Do Mashuppan Street Do 20-..-..
6 Do Yedastreet Do 25-9-..
7 Do Kaithapa Madi Street } 10-..
8 Mariamman Kovil Sannathy street } 3-9-6
9 Salary of Road Coolies } 458-6-3
Total 706-12-9

*
1 For repairing a building near Thirupakadal tank } Rs 94-12-5
2. Do a market building near Harikara Street } Rs 20-3-..
Total Rs 114-15-5

Examined and found correct

Statement II B Detail of Municipal Establishments

	No	M	D	Rate Rs A P	Amount Rs A P	Fine Rs A P	Stoppage Rs A P	Balance Rs A P	No	Salary per mensem Rs A P	Salaries per annum Rs A P	Total of Major Heads Rs A P
Grant I Public Works												
Overseer	1	12	..	25	300	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	300	1	25	300	
Maistry	1	7	19	10	76 2 1	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	76 2 1	1	10	76 2 1	
Channel watchmen	1	12	..	6	72	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	72	3	15	177 8 ..	
	1	11	14	5	57 8 ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	57 8 ..				
	1	12	..	4	48	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	48				
Total									5		553 10 1	553 10 1
Grant II Education												
1 Training Schools												
Masters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
clerks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Municipal Schools												
Masters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
clerks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Schools on Combined System												
Masters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
clerks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Statement II B Detail of Municipal Establishment (Continued)

	No.	M. D.	Rate	Amount	Fine	Stoppage	Balance	No.	Salary per mensem	Salaries per annum	Total of major head
			Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P		Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
Grant III Sanitation and Medical Services											
1 Hospitals and Dispensaries											
Medical Subordinates: 3/4 of Native Surgeon's Salary	1		150	1800	..	..	1800				
Do Dispensary allowance	1	12 ..	37 8 ..	450	..	..	450				
Do Police allowance		10 ..	11 4 ..	112 8 ..	..	..	112 8 ..				
		2 ..	15	30	..	..	30	3		2757 1 9	
Hospital Assistant	1	12 ..	25	300	..	7 6 3	292 9 9				
Peon	1	12 ..	6	72	..	..	72				
Clerks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Servants: Purveyor	1	12 ..	5	60	..	..	60				
Ward Cooly	1	12 ..	5	60	..	1 9 9	58 6 3				
Cook	1	12 ..	4	48	..	..	48				
Gardener	1	12 ..	4	48	..	1 15 ..	46 1 ..				
Mid-wife	1	1 ..	5	5	..	7 9	4 8 3				
		11 ..	10	110	..	..	110	9		493 .. 6	
Nurse	1	12 ..	4	48	..	1 15 ..	46 1 ..				
Washerman	1	12 ..	2 8 ..	30	..	..	30				
Male Toty	1	6 ..	3 8 ..	21	..	..	21				
		6 ..	4 8 ..	27	..	..	27				
Female Toty	1	12 ..	3 8 ..	42	..	..	42				
Total								12		3250 2 3	3250 2 3
2 Vaccination											
Vaccinators	1	12 ..	10	120	..	..	120	1	10	120	
Peons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total								1	10	120	120 .. ..

Statement II B Detail of Municipal Establishment (Continued)

	No.	M. D.	Rate	Amount	Fine	Stoppage	Balance	No.	Salary per mensem	Salaries per annum	Totals of major head
			Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P		Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
Grant III (Continued)											
3. Registration											
Registrars	1	12 ..	10	120	..	..	120	1	10	120	
Peons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total								1	10	120	120 .. ..
4. Conservancy											
Nuisance Inspectors	1	12 ..	25	300	..	..	300	1	25	300	
Maistries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Scavengers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Toties	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tank watchmen	1	12 ..	4	48	..	..	48				
	1	12 ..	4	48	..	..	48				
	1	12 ..	3	36	..	..	36	4	15	152	
	1	5 ..	4	20	..	..	20				
Total								5	40	452	452 .. ..
Grant IV Miscellaneous Municipal purposes											
1 Lighting											
Maistry	1	7 ..	10	70	..	26 4 8	43 11 4				
		5 ..	7	35	..	..	35	1		78 11 4	
Massalgies	5	1 ..	4 8 ..	22 8 ..	..	..	22 8 ..	5		22 8 ..	
Total								6		101 3 4	101 3 4
2 Markets											
Superintendent	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total								..	..	..	..

Statement II B Detail of Municipal Establishments (Concluded)

	No.	M	D	Rate Rs A P	Amount Rs A P	Fine Rs A P	Stoppage Rs A P	Balance &c Rs A P		Salary per mensem Rs A P	Salary per annum Rs A P	Total of Major Head Rs A P
Grant V Supervision and Management												
1 Office												
Manager	1	12	„	30 „ „	360 „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	360 „ „	1	30 „ „	360 „ „	
Clerks	1	11	19	15 „ „	174 10 3	„ „ „	„ „ „	174 10 3	1	15 „ „	174 10 3	
Accountants	„	„	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	
Peons	4	12	„	6 „ „	288 „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	288 „ „	4	24 „ „	288 „ „	
A portion of the salary of the President office clerk	1	5 7	„ „	6 „ „ 5 8 „	30 „ „ 38 8 „	„ „ „ „ „ „	„ „ „ „ „ „	30 „ „ 38 8 „	1		68 8 „	
Do Treasury office clerk	1	12	„	5 „ „	60 „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	60 „ „	1		60 „ „	
Total									8		951 2 3	951 2 3
2 Collection												
Clerks	„	„	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	
Collectors	2	12	„	7 „ „	168 „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	168 „ „	2	14 „ „	168 „ „	
Peons	„	„	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„	„ „ „	„ „ „	
Total									2		168 „ „	168 „ „

Note

A sum of Rupees 787 8 „ is contributed from Provincial funds to the Native Surgeon's salary &c

Examined and found correct

[illegible]

auditor

V.P.

Statement III Municipality of Mannargudy

Abstract of Deposits Account for the year 1876-77

	Rs A P		Rs A P
Balance brought forward	1120 „ „	Credited to Municipal Fund	17 „ 11
Deposit by Appellants	10 12 11	Returned to Appellants	„ 9 „
Do by Renters	„ „ „	Do to Renters	„ „ „
Do by Contractors	1000 „ „	Do to Contractors	1000 „ „
Do as security by Municipal Servants	„ „ „	Do to Municipal Servants	„ „ „
Deposited for the execution of work for which private parties are liable	„ „ „	Work done	„ „ „
		Returned to parties	„ „ „
		Paid to Claimants	„ „ „
Deposits under Sections 55, 76, 79, 122, 143, 149 or bye laws	„ „ „	Balance	1120 „ „
Sale of fish in Petharnan tank	6 13 „ ×		
Total	2137 9 11	Total	2137 9 11

Statement IV Municipality of Mannargudy.

Demand, Collection and Balance Statement for the year 1876-77 Current.

	Demand assessed Rs A P	2 Collected Rs A P	3 Remitted on appeal or otherwise Rs A P	4 Written off as irrecoverable Rs A P	Total (Columns 2, 3, 4) Rs A P	Balance Rs A P
Rate on houses &c	2539 „ 6	2493 15 11	„ 9 „	„ „ „	2494 8 11	44 7 7
Taxes on Arts &c	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „
Tolls	8810 „ „	8810 „ „	„ „ „	„ „ „	8810 „ „	„ „ „
Total	11349 „ 6	11303 15 11	„ 9 „	„ „ „	11304 8 11	44 7 7

Examined and found correct

[illegible]

auditor

V.P.

Arrears

	1 Balance of old Demand	2 Arrears of previous year	3 Total Demand	4 Collected	5 Remitted	6 Written off	Totals Column 4.5.6	Balance
	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
Rate on houses &c	182 1 3	184 1 10	366 3 1	307 14 ..	.. ..	36 13 3	344 11 3	21 7 10
Taxes on Arts &c	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Tolls	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Total	182 1 3	184 1 10	366 3 1	307 14 ..	.. ..	36 13 3	344 11 3	21 7 10

Examined and found correct.

Auditor

V.P.

Statement X Educational Return

Population as per last Census 17703 { Male 8524 / Female 9179 (17703) }

children of School going age for purposes of Elementary Education at 15 per cent { Boys 1278 / Girls 1377 (2655) }

Name of School 1	Average Daily Attendance for two years Boys 2 1875-76	 Boys 1876-77	 Girls 3 1875-76	 Girls 1876-77	Fees 4	Current charges statement II Grant II 5	Net charges Columns 5 less Column 4) 6	Public Works statement II A 7	Total Columns 6 and 7 8	List of other schools in the town with number on the Rolls and general character of Institution 9	Remarks 10
1. Training Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	List separately forwarded.	× It is reported by the Managers that this is the amount of School fees collected by them
2. Municipal Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
3. Salary Grant Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4. Result Grant Schools											
(a) Western	40¾	36½	..	..	69 4 6	66 8	..	..	..		
(b) Eastern	36¾	44⅓	..	..	67 12 ..	45 ..	..	..	..		
(c) Eastern Bridge and New street	29½	56½	..	..	92 10 ..	..	..	..	..		
×(d) Rajampalium		27	..	..	58 3 ..	..	..	..	..		
(e) Arisikadisanthu	16¼	19½	..	..	60	35 8	..	..	..		
(f) Kammalatheru	..	44⅓	..	..	96	18 8	..	..	..		
(g) Madathutheru	48½	60¼	..	..	120	71 8	..	..	..		
(h) Uppukaratheru	..	16¼	..	..	36	37	..	..	..		
(i) Jainatheru	..	11½	..	..	48 ..	..	..	..	..		
5 Schools on the Combined System	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
6. Inspection for 1875-76 and 1876 and 77	..	..	..	..	..	100 ..	..	..	..		
7. Miscellaneous	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total	171¾	326⅙	..	..	× 648 13 6	374 ..	..	..	..		

Note × This school is newly established in 1876-77 and 4 schools altogether were brought under Inspection for the first time in 1876-77.

V.P.

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Revenue a the Municipal Fund for the Town of Mannargoody
during the official year 1876-77

Heads	Arrear	Current	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actuals for current year	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
1 Rates and Taxes &c							
(a) Rate on houses (Section 40)	109 5 6	1958 8 6	2378	2000	2097 14	.. .. ..	This increase is due to the Collection of the
(b) Rate on lands (Section 40)	198 8 6	505 7 5	723 .. 4	600	703 15	.. .. ..	arrears of the previous years.
(c) Taxes on arts &c (Section 57)	.. ..	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(d) Taxes on Vehicles (Section 63)	.. ..	156	126	150	156 ..	.. .. ..	This increase is due to a greater number of new
(e) Taxes on Animals (Section 63)	14 2 ..	748	742 8 ..	600	762 8 ..	.. .. ..	carts kept up than that anticipated.
(f) Registration of Carts (Section 73)	.. ..	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(g) Tolls (Section 77)							
Gross Receipts Rs 8810	.. ..	.. ..					
Less Local Fund Share	.. ..	8810	8075	7700	8810 ..	.. ..	An increase owing to Competition in bidding
(h) Licenses (Sections 106, 123, 125, 130, 131, 136)	.. ..	121	151	150	121 ..	29	An uncertain item.
2 Contributions from Provincial Funds			.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
3 Contributions from Special Funds &c						.. ..	
(a) Surplus Pound Fund			118 1 11	250	230 12 6	19 3 6	This small decrease is due to the uncertain character of the item.
4 Contributions from Local Funds							
(a) Public Works			.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(b) Hospitals			1810	1810	1810 ..	.. ..	
5 Fines and Fees (Section 17, Bye laws & Schedule A)			529 1 ..	350	407 2 ..	.. ..	This is an item of Contingent nature.
6 Fees in Schools and Training Institutions			.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
7 Rent of Houses, Gardens, Markets &c			136 8 ..	100	101 8 ..	.. ..	slight increase
8 Payments for Municipal Services to private parties							
(a) Private Scavenging			.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	— —	

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of the Revenue and Receipts of the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

Heads	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actual for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
(b) Received from the owner of Thiruppal Kadal tank the amount spent by the Municipality in repairing it	.. ..	.. ..	15	15	.. .. ..	An uncertain item
(c) Received from the owner of Haridranadi tank being the amount expended by the Municipality for its repair &c	.. ..	.. ..	879 .. 2	879 .. 2	.. ..	This is of uncertain character and was not therefore anticipated in the Budget
(d) Received from the owner of Rukumani Kulam tank the amount spent by the Municipality in improving it as the above tank was made over to them	217 .. 2	.. ..	.. ..	.. .. ..	.. ..	
(e) Voluntary Contribution for Constructing a flight of Steps on the northern bank of Vannankulam	50	.. ..	.. ..	.. .. ..	.. ..	
9 Endowments, Private Contributions & Donations and Miscellaneous Receipts						
(a) Hospitals	1145 4 11	1142	1147 6 ..	5 6 ..	.. ..	Slight increase calls no remark
(b) Choultries	.. .. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. .. ..	.. ..	
10 Miscellaneous						
(a) Sale of Sweepings	.. ..	10	.. ..	.. ..	10	
(b) Avenues	229 5 9	100	139 7 6	39 7 6	.. ..	An uncertain item
(c) Sale of materials & Tools and Plants	7 2 6	10	166 13 6	156 13 6	.. ..	Increase owing to the sale of unnecessary wall brackets lanterns and unserviceable implements

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of the Revenue and Receipts of the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

Head	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actual for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variation
(d) Sale of Vegetables &c from the Municipal garden	40 9 3	28	47 4 6	19 4 6	.. ..	A precarious item
(e) Sale proceeds of fishes from Municipal tanks	345 14 3	20[illegible]	178 5 10	.. ..	[illegible] 10 2	Some of the tanks were not leased out this year. Hence the decrease
(f) Excessive Collection of House tax for 1873-74	.. ..	.. ..	6 1 .	6 1 .	.. ..	
(g) Received from a cartman being the value of an iron lamp post damaged by him	25 11 4	.. ..	5 10 .	5 10 .	.. ..	A precarious item
(h) Value of a spoilt stamp on which a sale deed was engrossed	.. ..	.. ..	2 13 7	2 13 7	.. ..	This is of uncertain character and was not therefore anticipated in the Budget
(i) Sale of mud	. 13 6	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(j) Sale proceeds of chips in the Hospital Repair	9 11 .	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(k) Sale proceeds of the market building built for butcher and Fish bazaar	275 ..	.. ..	.. ..			
(l) Received from the Provincial Funds the amount spent by the Municipality in erecting 3 dead houses for Police purposes	15 ..	.. ..	.. ..			
(m) Received from the Local Fund the sum overpaid by the Municipality on account of Education Inspection charges for 1873-74	350 ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
11 Loans	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
12 Advances Recovered	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
Total	17500 11 11	15200	17788 10 6	2668 8 2	79 13 8	

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of the Revenue an Receipts of the Municipal Fund &c (Concluded)

Heads	Actuals for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actuals for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
13. Balance brought forward						
(a) Municipal Fund	2888 5 6	1500	2594 5 9	1094 5 9	.. ..	Some of the important works provided for in the Budget 1875–76 (such as repairing the grand road, the water supply channel, and constructing toll gates &c) could not have been carried out within that year. Hence the large balance.
) Endowment	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
Total	2888 5 6	1500	2594 5 9	1094 5 9	.. ..	
Grand Total	20389 1 5	16700	20383 .. 3	3762 13 11	79 13 8	

V.P.

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Expenditure for the Official year 1876-77 from the Municipal Fund of the Town of Mannargudy

Heads	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actual for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
Grant I Public Works						
1 New Works						
(a) Communications	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(b) Buildings	91 .. 9	450	1190 14 10	740 14 10	.. ..	Five toll-gates and one plank shed at the Head Sluice of the water supply channel were constructed during the year. A sum of Rs 450 was sanctioned in the previous year for erecting 3 Toll-gates but the work was not completed within the close of that year. Hence increase over the estimate
(c) Drainage	.. ..	.. ..	11	11	.. ..	Small increase calls no remark.
(d) Water supply	460 3 9	.. ..	481 5 8	481 5 8	.. ..	Compensation for lands taken up for water supply channel not provided for in the Budget was paid during 1876-77. For this expenditure sanction was obtained in G.O. dated 19th June 1876 No 1142. Hence increase over the estimate
(e) Miscellaneous	95 7 5	.. ..	107 11 10	107 11 10	.. ..	A Tunnel in the Parcani street and a parapet wall to the Tirupakadal tank were absolutely needed to prevent danger and so they were executed though not provided for in the Budget
2 Repairs						
(a) Communications	3089 11 2	4098	5945 8 3	1847 8 3	.. ..	As the main road in the Municipality was badly in want of repair and as Government refused giving a loan for the above work a larger sum above the Budget grant had to be laid out on the work from the Municipal Funds.

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Expenditure from the Municipal Funds &c (Continued)

Head	Actuals for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actuals for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
(b) Buildings	1148 15 4	50 " "	201 4	151 4 7	" "	The repair and white washing of the Hospital and the buildings near the Tirupakadal tank were emergent, they were consequently executed — Hence the increase.
(c) Drainage	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	
(d) Water supply	125 12 9	500 " "	338 8 6	" " "	161 7 6	A revised estimate is being prepared by the P. W. Range Officer. So much work therefore as was absolutely necessary was executed. Hence the decrease.
(e) Miscellaneous	141 14 11	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	
3. Establishment	472 " "	600 " "	553 10 1	" " "	46 5 11	Decrease is due to the post of maistry having been vacant for some months.
4 Tools and Plant and Contingencies	33 3 6	20 " "	7 9 4	" " "	12 6 8	Expenditure as budgetted was not incurred
5. Contributions to Local Funds	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	
Total Grant I	5658 5 7	5718 " "	8837 9 1	3339 13 2	220 4 1	
Grant II (Education)						
1. Training Schools						
(a) Establishment	" " "	" " "	" "			
(b) Contingencies	" " "	" " "	" "			
2 Municipal Schools						
(a) Establishment	" " "	" " "	" "			
(b) Contingencies	" " "	" " "	" "			

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Expenditure from the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

70

Heads	Actuals for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actuals for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variation.
3. Salary grants	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	..	
4. Results grants	373 8 ..	800	274	.. ..	526	This sum of Rs 274 is the amount of grant paid for six schools. Certifying memos for three more schools were received after the close of the official year whose grant amounts to Rs 135 8 .. which will appear in the next year's statement. No further applications for grants were made. Hence the decrease.
5. Schools on the Combined system.						
(a) Fixed Payments	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(b) Results Grants	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
(c) Contingencies	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
6 Inspection						
(a) Contribution to Local Funds	.. ..	60	50	.. ..	10	
Do —— for 1875-76	.. ..	.. ..	50	50	.. ..	This is the arrear due for 1875-76 But as it was not disbursed within that year, it was paid in this year. Hence the increase.
(b) Municipal Inspectors	.. ..	..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	
7 Miscellaneous	.. ..	.. ..				
Total Grant II	373 8 ..	860	374	50	536	
Grant III Sanitation & medical Services						
1 Hospitals and Dispensaries						
(a) Establishment	3264 4 7	3120	3250 2 3	130 2 3	.. ..	The Police allowance of the Native Surgeon is now being paid from the Municipal Funds This was not anticipated in the Budget. Hence the increase.

Statement VI B Comparative statement of Expendi from the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

Heads	Actuals for previous year			Estimate for current year			Actuals for current year			Increase over estimate			Decrease under estimate			Explanation of Variations.
(b) Medicines and Supplies	1553	12	2	500	..	..	685	9	10	185	9	10	..	..	..	Increase due to greater demand for medicines during the year.
Do for 1875-76	..	..	..	..	..	..	138	14	8	138	14	8	..	..	..	
(c) Diet of patients	318	4	8	400	..	..	537	1	..	137	1	..	..	..	..	The provision was inadequate in consequence of the high prices.
(d) Sundries and Contingencies	256	..	..	140	..	..	249	..	8	109	..	8	..	..	..	Do.
(e) Contributions to Local Funds	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
(f) Extra medical nurse on cholera duty	114	5	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2 Vaccination																
(a) Establishment	117	..	7	120	..	..	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	11	5	..	..	..	9	4	7	
(c) Contributions to Local Funds	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3 Registration of Births and Deaths.																
(a) Establishment	120	..	..	120	..	..	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
(b) Contingencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4 Conservancy																
(a) Establishment	411	12	3	480	..	..	452	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	Decrease is owing to full establishment not being entertained for some months.
(b) Sanitary Service (Cost of 4 Conservancy Carts at Rs 64 per mensem)	626	4	..	840	..	..	748	10	4	..	..	..	91	5	8	Decrease is owing to Competition of tenders for carts.
(c) Cleaning of Tanks and Wells	433	10	8	220	..	..	178	1	3	..	..	..	41	14	9	Aiyanarkulam tank in the eastern side of the town was only partially cleansed on account of the rain. Hence the decrease.

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Expenditure from the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

83

Heads	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actual for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
(d) Contingencies	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
(e) Salary of Extra Sweepers employed on cholera duty	264 9 2	.. .. ..	20 5 6	20 5 6	.. .. ..	This is an unanticipated charge and includes the cost of tar &c burnt for checking the spread of cholera.
(f) Sanitary arrangements	101 9 3	150	75 4 11	.. .. ..	74 11 1	There was no necessity for cleansing the wells sunk in the river during the local annual festival, as all the tanks in the Town had an adequate supply of water. Hence the decrease.
(g) For erecting ash pits	.. .. ..	100	37	.. .. ..	63	Ash pits were not constructed as originally intended. Some dust boxes were made as a trial.
(h) For erecting a butcher and fish bazaar	329 12 3	.. .. ..	554 9 6	554 9 6	.. .. ..	A sum of Rs 500 was sanctioned in 1875-76 and a house was purchased in view to converting it into a market, but adverse claims having been afterwards advanced to the ownership of the house, it was resold and another spot was purchased and market erected during this year. Hence the increase.
(i) Sign boards to be placarded on the banks of tanks	9 5 3	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
Total Grant III	8020 10 7	6200	7167 7 4	1275 11 5	308 4 1	

Statement VI B. Comparative Statement of Expenditure from the Municipal Fund &c (Continued)

Heads	Actual for previous year	Estimate for current year	Actual for current year	Increase over Estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variation
Grant IV.						
1 Lighting						
(a) Establishment	384 4 ..	390	101 3 4	.. .. ..	288 12 8	Decrease is owing to reduction in the Establishment, lighting having been farmed out and to reduction in the number of lamps in unnecessary places.
(g) (b) Contingencies	596 12 5	700	704 5 10	4 5 10	.. .. ..	Slight increase, calls no remark
2 Markets						
(g) (a) Establishment	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
(b) Contingencies	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
3 Choultries						
(h) (a) Establishment	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
(b) Contingencies	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
(c) Feeding Travellers	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
4 Watering Roads	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
5 Avenues	1179 15 11	1000	923 1 7	.. .. ..	76 14 5	Decrease is owing to the reduction in the Establishment for some months in the rainy season.
(i) 6. Rewards for killing venomous serpents and stray dogs	30 6 ..	30	18	.. .. ..	12	
7 For preparing toll-gate bars	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	50 13 7	50 13 7	.. .. ..	The work was emergent and was therefore carried out though no provision had been made in the Budget. Hence the increase.

Statement VI B Comparative Statement of Expenditure from the Municipal Fund & (Continued)

Head	Actuals for previous year	Estimates for current year	Actuals for current year	Increase over estimate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations.
8 Removing prickly pears	" " "	30 " "	" " "	" " "	30 " "	No sum expended under this head.
9 For painting door numbers and names of Streets	136 4 4	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Total Grant IV	2227 10 8	2150 " "	1797 8 4	55 3 5	407 11 1	
Grant V						
1 Head Office						
(a) Establishment	838 8 "	960 " "	951 2 3	" " "	8 13 9	Needs no remark
Do — for 1875–76	" " "	" " "	6 " "	6 " "	" " "	
(b) Contingencies	285 8 6	244 " "	185 14 5	" " "	58 1 7	Decrease occurred as a large quantity of printed forms remained in hand.
2. Collection if separate establishment is kept up						
(a) Establishment	140 8 4	168 " "	168 " "			
(b) Contingencies	" " "	" " "	" " "			
3. Miscellaneous						
(a) Auditors Allowance	100 " "	100 " "	100 " "			
(b) Carriage Allowance for the Vice-President	50 " "	300 " "	300 " "			
Total Grant V	1414 8 10	1772 " "	1711 " 8	6 " "	66 15 4	

Statement VI B. Comparative statement of Expenditure … the Municipal Fund (Concluded).

Head	Actuals for previous year	Estimates for current year	Actuals for current year	…crease …ir …mate	Decrease under estimate	Explanation of Variations
Repayment of Debt	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „	„ „	„ „ „	
Interest on Debt	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „	„ „	„ „ „	
Advances Recoverable	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „	„ „	„ „ „	
Refunds	„ „ „	„ „ „	20 „	„ „	„ „ „	This sum was refunded to the Appellant in a magisterial Case and it was not anticipated in the Budget Hence the increase.
Grand Total Expenditure	17794 11 8	16700 „ „	19907 9 5	12 „	1539 2 7	
Balances						
(a) Municipal Fund	2594 5 9	„ „ „	475 6 10	6 10	„ „ „	
(b) Endowments	„ „ „	„ „ „	„ „	„ „	„ „ „	
Total	2594 5 9	„ „ „	475 6 10	6 10	„ „ „	
Grand Total including balance	20889 1 5	16700 „ „	20383 . 3	2 10	1539 2 7	

V. P.

Appendix A

1	Name of Municipality	Mannargudy
2	Population as per last Census	17703
3	Number of Commissioners	
	(a) Ex-Offico	2
	(b) Nominated	13
	(c) Elected	"
	Total	15
	(d) Officials	6
	(e) Non Officials	9
	(f) Europeans	4
	(g) Natives	11
4	Incidence of Taxation Statement I Head I.)—Per head of Population	Rs 11 5
5	Incidence of Income (not including Balances)—Per head of Population	Rs 1 " 1
6	Total number of Meetings held during the year	10
7	Average attendance at each meeting	
	(a) Ex-Official Commissioners	5
	(b) Non-Official	5.44
	(c) European	2.75
	(d) Native	5.27

9th July 1877
Mannargudy

R.S. Dramor
14 8.77

91

To
The President of the Municipal Commission.

Manargudi

Sir

I beg to make the following report on the Audit of the Manargudi Municipality a/cs for the year 1876 and 1877.

The Cash Book was carefully checked by me and I found all the items of receipts and expenditure duly supported by vouchers. The deposits from Contractors and Appellants did not appear in the Municipal Cash Book. A seperate record of these was shown to me. The Amounts paid into and received from the Treasury were entered in the gross Sum after the close of every days' transaction, rendering a reference to the other records for the details.

The Register of House and land tax was examined and the balance stated was compared with the Bills in the Office and found to accord.

The practice obtains here of issuing licenses under the signature of the Head Clerk which I think objectionable. Statements II A and II B are not quite in accord with the forms furnished for adoption by the Municipality. They differ only in exhibiting greater details than is required by Government and correspond with the practice adopted in last years account.

I have been unable to certify to the note to Statement II (position of Municipality on March 31st 1877) as there are no books

shewing.

Shewing the tools and plant &c received and Expended.

I beg to remain
Sir
Your most obedt Servant
[illegible]
Auditor

Encl. no 6
In a letter
From
The President
Municipal Council
Mannargudy
to
The Chief Secretary
to Government
Dated 11th August 77
No. 115
Report of the
Auditor of the
Mannargudy Muni-
cipal Accounts
for the year
1876-77.

Tanjore
12th June 1877

G.O. 4858/77

86

Mannargudy

List of other S
character of the

Name of Stree
1 Mushavinayak St
2 Thirumanchanave
3 Gopalasamudram thi
4 Rajampoliatheru
5 Kilavaniatheru
6 Puthutheru
7 Naduvaniather
8 Do
9 Kurukuvaniath
10 Puthutheru

...t of the School
the Mannargudy
nicipality, upon

List of other schools in the town of Mannargudy with number on the Roll and general character of the Institution as directed in Column 9 of Statement V

Name of street	Names of Teachers	Language taught	Number on the Roll	Remarks
1 Mushkavinayah street	Samien	Tamil	19	Of the twelve schools
2 Thirumanchanaveethy	Gopalaswamy Iyengar	Do	18	herein mentioned, the last
3 Gopalasamudram kilaveethy	Ramaswamy Iyengar	Do	40	named school No 12 is the
4 Rajampoliatheru	Ramaswamy	Do	21	best. The teaching there is
5 Kilavaniatheru	Namaswaya chetty	Do	18	systematic and proper
6 Puthutheru	Kanthasamy Mudali	Do	35.	Registers &c are kept up.
7 Naduvaniatheru	Senoo	Do	17	Some of the remaining schools
8 Do	Michael Pillai	Do	25	might come up for
9 Kurukuvaniatheru	Chidambara Pillai	Do	20	Results Grants.
10 Puthutheru	Vythinathien	Do	18.	School No 7 is defective
11 Mathaltheru Agraharam	Narayana Iyer	Do	30.	in discipline.
12 Thasukara chetty street	Subbaraya Iyer	Tamil & English	146	
			407	

Munl Commissioner's Office
Mannargudy
9th July 1877

Vice President

Encl. no. 3

In a letter

From

The Presiden
Municipal C
Mannag

To

The Chief Secret
to Governme
Madra

Dated 16th August /77

No. 245

List of other schools in the Mannargud Municipality, requir in col. 9 of state-ment V.

& Incl to 4858/77

No. 245

Tanjore Presidents
offic

Tanjore 16th August 1877

From

A. S. Thomas Esquire
President Municipal Com-
mission Mannargudi

To

The Honorable D. F. Carmicha
Chief Secretary to Governm
Madr

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the Annual report of the Commissioners on the working of the Mannargudi Municipality during the year 1876/77, accompanied by the Statements of receip

and charges in the forms pre
scribed in Government order
dated 25th April 1877 No. 1347.

2. I beg also to forward
the report of the Medical officer
in charge of the Mannargudi
Civil Dispensary and Lying
in-Hospital.

The report of the
b Committee appointed
r making special Sanitary
rrangements during the
cal festival days is also
rewith forwarded.

The accounts of the
nicipality for the year under
port were audited by Mr George Oliver,

Pleader of the District Court
Tanjore, and certified to be cor
rect. His report is enclosed. The
Vice President has been asked t
put a stop to the practice of
issuing licenses under the Signa
ture of the Head Clerk. He has
also been requested to introdu
the System of accounts, su
gested by Mr. Sherman, the
previous year's auditor, in order
to avoid the fluctuating cri
ticism of the Auditors, com
plained of in the conclud
part of his report.

5. The opening balan
at the beginning of the year

under review was Rs 2594—5—9 against a budget Estimate of Rs 1500. This large difference is owing to some of the works provided for in the budget of 1875-76 not having been executed within that year. Some them having been executed uring the year under report, actual Expenditure considerably exceeds the Budget llotment.

6 The gross receipts amounted to Rs 20,383—"—3 ainst an Estimate of Rs 16,700. is Excess is chiefly owing to the crease in the opening balance shown above and to a larger come from tolls than was anticipated. The gross Expenditure being Rs 19907—9—5, there was a balance of Rs 475—6—10 at the close of the year.

7 It will be observed that the Local Fund share of the toll proceeds was not ~~paid~~ paid within the year. This was because no provision was made in the Budget and the Expenditure could not be curtailed without impairing the efficiency of the Municipality. The Commissioners have therefore obtained the sanction of Government to raise the rate of tolls from half to three fourths from the first of October next, as a means of

raising funds to meet the Local Fund demands for the past and the present official Year (vide Government order dated 17th July 1877 No. 1923)

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedt Servant
H. Thomas
President

Compd
E

No 81

14858

From the President Municipal Commissioners to the Chief Secretary to Government dated 16th August 1877 No. 245 Encls. 6

Submits with the annual report of the Commissioners on the working of the Municipality during 1876-77, together with the receipts [illegible]

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

15th November 1877, No. 2700.

Municipal—Reports.

Read the following paper :—

No. 91. *From H. S. THOMAS, Esq., President of the Municipal Commissions, Tanjore District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated 16th August 1877, No. 245.*

I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Commissioners on the working of the Mannargudi Municipality during the year 1876-77, accompanied by the statements of receipts and charges in the forms prescribed in G.O., dated 25th April 1877, No. 1347.

2. I beg also to forward the report of the Medical Officer in charge of the Mannargudi Civil Dispensary and Lying-in Hospital.

3. The report of the Sub-Committee, appointed for making special sanitary arrangements during the local festival days, is also herewith forwarded.

4. The accounts of the Municipality for the year under report were audited by Mr. George Oliver, Pleader of the District Court, Tanjore, and certified to be correct. His report is enclosed. The Vice-President has been asked to put a stop to the practice of issuing licenses under the signature of the Head Clerk. He has also been requested to introduce the system of accounts, suggested by Mr. Sherman, the previous year's Auditor, in order to avoid the fluctuating criticism of the Auditors, complained of in the concluding part of his report.

5. The Opening Balance at the beginning of the year under review was Rupees 2,594-5-9, against a Budget Estimate of Rupees 1,500. This large difference is owing to some of the works provided for in the Budget of 1875-76 not having been executed within that year. Some of them having been executed during the year under report, the actual expenditure considerably exceeds the Budget allotment.

6. The gross receipts amounted to Rupees 20,383-0-3 against an estimate of Rupees 16,700. This excess is chiefly owing to the increase in the opening balance as shown above, and to a larger income from tolls than was anticipated. The gross expenditure being Rupees 19,907-9-5, there was a balance of Rupees 475-6-10 at the close of the year.

7. It will be observed that the Local Fund share of the toll proceeds was not paid within the year. This was because no provision was made in the Budget, and the expenditure could not be curtailed without impairing the efficiency of the Municipality. The Commissioners have, therefore, obtained the sanction of Government to raise the rate of tolls from half to three fourths from the 1st of October next, as a means of raising funds to meet the Local Fund demands for the past and the present official years (*vide* G.O., dated 17th July 1877, No. 1923).

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From P. SULLIVAN, Esq., Vice-President of the Municipal Commission, Mannargudi, to the President of the Municipal Commissions, Tanjore District, dated 9th July 1877, No. 35.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 34 of the Towns Improvement Act III of 1871, I have the honor to submit the annual report on the working of the Mannargudi Municipality for the year ending 31st March 1877, together with the statements of receipts and expenditure, in duplicate, in the forms prescribed in G.O., dated 25th April 1877, No. 1347.

2. The [illegible]ceipts, as shown in Statement I, were Rupees 20,383-0-3. Deducting from this the bal[illegible] Rupees 2,594-5-9, brought forward from the accounts of the previous year, the actua[illegible] receipts during the year amounted to Rupees 17,788-[illegible]-6, against Rupees 15,200 put down [illegible] the Budget.

3. The Commissioners expended during the year Rupees 19,907-9-5, as detailed in Statement II, leaving a balance of Rupees 475-6-10 to be carried forward to the following year.

4. The causes of variations between the Actuals and the Budget Estimate under the several items of receipts and expenditure are fully explained in the Comparative Statements I and II. I shall now proceed to briefly note the important items.

5. *House and Land-tax.*—The total demand under this head according to the Budget was Rupees 2,500, and according to the registers, Rupees 2,539-0-6, the actual receipts amounted to Rupees 2,493-15-11. Only 9 Annas were remitted on appeal, and proper measures are taken for realizing the balance of Rupees 44-7-7 shortly.

Out of Rupees 366-3-1, the arrears of past years, Rupees 307-14-0 have been collected during the present year, and Rupees 36-13-3 written off as irrecoverable, and the balance of Rupees 21-7-10 has to be collected during the next year.

6. *Tax on Vehicles, &c.*—The collection under this head amounted to Rupees 918-8-0, or Rupees 168-8-0 more than the estimate. This is due to some jetkas having been newly kept up during the year under report.

7. *Tolls.*—The toll-gates were put up to auction and sold to the highest bidder Ayasami Nadan for Rupees 8,810, which exceeds the Budget Estimate by Rupees 1,110. This increase is due to the keener competition in bidding. It has to be stated here that one-third share of the toll proceeds, viz., Rupees 2,936-10-8, due by this Municipality to the Local Fund Board under G.O., dated 15th August 1876, No. 1481, was not paid within the year under review, owing to want of funds and absence of provision in the Budget. But the Commissioners would be able to meet this demand during the next year by increasing the rates of tolls, as authorized in G.O., dated 15th March 1877, No. 918. This arrear is shown as unpaid liability in the footnote to Statement II.

8. Other items call for no special remark.

9. The Opening Balance at the beginning of the year was Rupees 2,594-5-9, against the Budget Estimate of Rupees 1,500. This large balance is due to the following causes, viz., the compensation for lands taken up for water-supply channel was not paid in full, the parties entitled to receive it not having appeared; the repairs to the water-supply channel were not wholly executed owing to the unfavorable character of the season; the expenditure on results grants fell short of the Budget Estimate; and, lastly, the toll-gates were not constructed as was originally intended within the year, as suitable sites had to be selected.

10. EXPENDITURE—GRANT I—*New Works*—*(a.) Buildings.*—Five toll-gates and one plank-shed at the head sluice of the water-supply channel, at the cost of Rupees 1,035-14-10 and Rupees 155, respectively, were constructed during the year. For the former work provision was made in the Budget for Rupees 400, and Rupees 450 were sanctioned in the previous year. All those works were completed during the year under report; there are in all six toll-gates constructed at all the main roads of the town. The execution of the latter work was urgently needed, though no provision was made for it in the Budget.

(b.) Water-supply.—A sum of Rupees 471-7-8 was spent during the year as compensation for lands taken up for the water-supply channel. Though no provision was made for it in the Budget, yet sanction for this expenditure was subsequently obtained in G.O., dated 19th June 1876, No. 1112. The payment is entrusted to a Sub-Committee composed of three Commissioners. Some of the parties entitled to receive the compensation having been prevented from attending by the prevalence of cholera and small-pox, a sum of Rupees 140-7-6 still remains unpaid, and it will be disbursed in 1877-78. This is shown as unpaid liability in the footnote to Statement II. Besides, a petty channel from Gajendramotcham to Annamalainathen Kovil Tank was excavated during the year at a cost of Rupees 9-14-0.

(c.) Miscellaneous—Petty Works.—A tunnel across the Pariari street was constructed at a cost of Rupees 70, and two parapet walls were raised in Thirupakadal Tank, which cost Rs. 22-11-10, exclusive of a contribution of Rupees 15 made by the owner of the tank. The works were urgently needed for the safety of the public, and were therefore carried out, though no allotment had been made for them in the Budget.

11. *Repairs—(a.) Communication.*—Rupees 4,301-9-9 were spent on remetalling the gravel road from Melarayaveethy to the new street. This is the only important road in the town. As it was badly in want of repair, and, as the work was one of great cost, application was made to Government for the grant of a loan for that purpose. But this having been declined, the Commissioners in the previous year undertook to execute this urgent work from the available funds at their disposal. Accordingly a greater portion of the road has been restored to good order during the year under report, and the work will come to a finish within the close of 1877-78.

Besides this, Rupees 821-5-[illegible] were expended in repairing Panganaud road from Thirupakadal street to Vannankulam, the materials used being brick jellies, not Tanjore gravel, which is very costly; the sides of Rajaveethy were also repaired at a cost of Rupees 115-12-9; and other petty repairs made by the road gang; so that the Commissioners are glad to report that almost all the roads in the town are in a satisfactory condition.

(b.) Buildings.—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rupees 201-4-7, of which Rupees 86-5-2 were laid out in repairing and whitewashing the hospital, and Rupees 114-5-5 in repairing two old buildings that were in a dilapidated condition.

(c.) Water-supply.—The outlay on this head was Rupees 338-8-6, which falls short of the Budget allotment by Rupees 161-7-6. So much of the work as was absolutely needed was executed during the year. A revised estimate is under preparation by the Department of Public Works Range Officer for thorough repair of the channel.

12. GRANT II—*Education.*—Rupees 800 were provided for results grants. But as indicated in Statement V grants were disbursed to six schools only. Certifying memoranda for three more schools have been received after the close of the official year. Their grants, viz., Rupees 135-8-0, will be paid up in 1877-78. This sum is included as unpaid liability in Statement II. Some more schools in the town are being prepared to receive grants in the year to come. A separate list of other schools in the town, with number on the roll, and character of the institution, as directed in Statement V, accompanies.

13. *Contribution to Local Funds.*—A sum of Rs. 100 was paid for Educational Inspectorate for 1875-76 and 1876-77 in accordance with the advice of the President of the Local Fund Board.

14. GRANT III—*Sanitation and Medical Services—Hospitals.*—The total charges on account of this institution during the year amounted to Rupees 4,947-1-7, including Rupees 86-5-2, the cost of repair of the Hospital building, as shown in Statement II, Grant III. A sum of Rupees 119-8-9, being the charges for medicines and supplies, was not disbursed during the year; it is included under unpaid liability. The number of in and out patients treated during the year under report were 318 and 10,105, against 242 and 10,354, respectively, in the previous year. This institution was taken over by the Municipality in the year 1872, and the annual contribution from the Local Funds bears an inadequate proportion to the entire cost of the dispensary; the inequality of the aid presses heavily on the Municipal funds, and precludes sufficient expenditure on important objects. The matter has already been brought to your notice separately in letter No. 26, dated 15th June 1877, in which it is pointed out that the benefits of the institution are extensively enjoyed by the surrounding Local Fund villages, and that it is but fair that the Local Fund Contribution should be raised to a moiety of the whole charges. The annual report of the Native Surgeon in charge of the Municipal Dispensary is herewith submitted.

15. *Vaccination.*—One Vaccinator is employed on a monthly salary of Rupees 10. He works under the supervision of the Native Surgeon. Four hundred and forty-eight cases were vaccinated during the year. Of these, 430 were successful, thirteen unsuccessful, and five unknown, whereas in the previous year out of the 316 cases vaccinated, 300 were successful and 16 unsuccessful. The benefits of vaccination are now being appreciated by the people, as small-pox has been committing great havoc.

16. *Registration of Births and Deaths.*—One Registrar is employed on a salary of Rupees 10 per mensem. The total births and deaths registered were 554 and 442, against 540 and 643, respectively, in the previous year. The number of deaths from cholera and small-pox were fifty-nine and thirty-seven, respectively, during the year. Cholera, which continued in a sporadic form, assumed epidemic shape in January and February, and every precaution was taken to check its progress by administering medicine and by burning tar, &c., in the streets, and the measure seems to have been attended with success. But the Commissioners regret to say that small-pox of a severe character has prevailed in the town.

17. *Special Sanitary arrangements for the local Hindu Festival.*—The usual arrangements were made for the protection of public health; temporary latrines were provided with scavengers in various parts of the town, and roads and streets were kept clean. Extra watchmen were employed to prevent the pollution of water in the tanks. The report of the Sub-Committee appointed for the occasion is hereto appended.

18. *Butcher and Fish Bazaar.*—Rupees 500 were provided in the Budget of 1875-76 under this head; but the work was not carried out in that year in consequence of some litigation in connection with the spot purchased for the purpose; that site was however sold and another purchased, and the bazaar constructed during the year under review at a cost of Rupees 554-9-6.

19. GRANT IV—*(a.) Lighting.*—The outlay on this head falls short of the Budget allotment by Rupees 288-12-8. In the previous year there were 101 lamps put up in the town. But a reduction has since been made in the number of lamps in unnecessary places, so that there are at present 85 lamps being lit up in the town in dark days.

(b.) Avenues.—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rupees 923-1-7, being Rupees 76-14-5 less than the Budget grant. Three thousand and one hundred cocoes had been altogether

planted as avenues. But some of them have since died out owing to scarcity of water. There are at present 2,700 living plants. Although some of the cocoes thrive well in certain parts of the town, yet the Commissioners have learnt from experience that cocoa plantation is unsuited to the hard soil of this town, and they therefore intend planting trees better adapted to the soil, such as mangoes, jack, margosa, &c., as avenues for the future.

20. Other items of expenditure call for no special remark.

21. The Funded Capital of Rupees 27,300, standing in favor of the Dispensary at this station in the shape of ten promissory-notes is shown under securities, and the value of office as well as hospital, &c., buildings under value of premises in the footnote appended to Statement II.

22. During the year under report rain was generally deficient and freshes in the river scanty, and the weather was intolerably hot. Great precaution was taken by the Commissioners in bringing down water through the channel and securing it in the tanks in the town, which was a great relief to the people. In consequence of the formation of the communicating channel a few years back, this Municipality enjoys peculiarly great advantages as regards water-supply.

23. Mr. G. T. Oliver, who was deputed to audit the accounts of this Municipality, examined and certified them to be correct. He states in his report that deposits from contractors and appellants did not appear in the cash-book. Two cash-books are kept up—one for ayan, and the other for deposits. While maintaining a separate register for deposits in which particulars are given, I intend carrying the daily totals thereof to the cash-book distinguishing under the grand total the ayan and deposit balances remaining each day. He states that the amounts paid into and received from the Treasury are entered in gross. I do not think that classification in this is necessary, as we cast every day's transactions in the ledger under the various heads of account. He remarks that the practice of issuing licenses under the signature of the head clerk is objectionable. The Commissioners find that it is identical with the practice observed in the other Municipalities. I take this opportunity to submit that, as the suggestions of the different Auditors as to the mode of keeping accounts vary and are sometimes conflicting, the Commissioners desire that the Government be moved to prescribe some defined and uniform system of accounts for all Municipalities.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

ANNUAL REPORT of the MANNARGUDI CIVIL DISPENSARY and LYING-IN HOSPITAL for the Year 1876-77.

1. *General Observations on the climate and seasons of the past year, and condition of Public Health in the Station and District.*—The climatic features and seasonal phenomena of 1876 77 were more unfavorable than those of the preceding year. The freshes in the river Pawmany, which passes through the town, were late and scanty. During the agricultural season the want of water was much felt. The river was quite dry except now and then, when a partial supply of water was let in from headsluice of the rivers Vennar, Coraiyar, and Pawmaniyar beyond Needamungalam, ten or twelve miles from the station. Such dryness was never witnessed heretofore in the district. There used to be a continual stream of water moving in the river more or less for six months during the agricultural season. This failed us, also the rain of the sowing season for dry grains. Moreover the weather was unusually hot and oppressive, the paddy-fields in many villages became dry, and were left to be grazed by cattle; such was the loss sustained by the cultivators. The rainfall was comparatively enough; but was not timely for the progress of cultivation. The monsoon set in, in October last, and the quantity of rain registered for three months was 23½ inches, and for the whole year it amounted to 37¼ inches, or ten inches more than that of 1875-76. Although we had this increase only at the eleventh hour, yet it was beneficial to the people to a certain extent.

From the foregoing causes, and especially from want of rain in November last, there has been a general failure of rain-fed cultivation, and partially of wet cultivation also. Moreover the famine in other districts of the Presidency swept away the grain from Tanjore District; hence followed scarcity and general distress. The price of grain of every description became extremely dear. A collum of paddy that used to be sold at a rupee was purchased at Rupees 3 and Annas 10, so also the ragi, the millet seed, which was never much used heretofore, became the food of the masses, and it was not to be had. The horse-gram, which used to be sold at Rupees [illegible] a collum, was not procurable even for Rupees 4½. Hence the people suffered a good deal of privation, and were it not for the rain of the 23rd and 24th December last (12 inches) which ameliorated the condition of the people, and reduced the price of paddy to Rupees 2¼ per collum, the distress would have been terrible.

At this critical juncture, the people of the neighbouring districts, *i.e.*, Madura and Salem, finding themselves very much distressed from the disastrous condition of their native places, where they can get neither food to satiate their hunger, nor water to quench their thirst, they left their dwellings with their families, children, cattle and such other things as they can call their own, and went abroad. Several of them have come to this station, and with them followed pestilential diseases, which will be described under the head of Epidemics.

2. *Epidemic Diseases.*—Since the date of the last annual report cholera has not entirely disappeared, but continued more or less throughout the year both in the town, taluq, and the district generally, and more so during the latter half of the year, when there were scarcity of rain and corn, especially in October and November last; people flocked in from other places and roaming about this district, revived the nucleus of cholera and other zymotic diseases. In January last, cholera was raging severely, just when the Srirungam festival concluded; twenty-nine patients came under treatment in that month, and forty-three were treated in the town, of which six proved fatal. Five patients were brought to the hospital, of which three died.

The Registrar of Births and Deaths for the town of Mannargudi recorded fifty-nine deaths for the whole year from this disease, and from the Police reports 135 deaths have been gathered as having occurred in the several parts of the taluq.

During the prevalence of cholera the Municipal Vaccinator and the Registrar of Births and Deaths were detached on cholera duty as last year, and in addition to which disinfectants were used in streets, and lanes, consisting of tar, camphor, and firewood. The people appear to have great confidence in the use of the latter.

It is very much to be regretted that small-pox has been so prevalent in the town, taluq and district generally, and it is still raging fearfully. Thirty-seven deaths are registered by the Registrar of the Municipal Commissioner's office as having occurred in the town during the year. People of the lowest classes both in the town and villages are evincing now great desire to have their children vaccinated, and applications are very frequently made to me for the services of Vaccinators.

3. *Vaccination.*—The Municipal Vaccinator has operated 430 cases during the year, the average number of operations returned by the Vaccinator being thirty-five monthly, and is a fit opportunity to bring to the notice of the Head of the Medical Department, that as the Superintendents of Vaccination of Circles, who are located either at headquarters, or itinerate on their circuits, cannot always have their eyes on all the vaccinators, who are under their supervision, it will be very desirable at medical stations to direct the Taluq vaccinators to report themselves to the Medical Officers periodically, in order that there may be a better check upon their work, and to send them to villages wherever their services may be urgently called for. In 1870, the people of the town and the taluq generally showed great unwillingness to have their children vaccinated. I suggested in the annual report of this Dispensary for 1871 that some rules may be legalized to make vaccination compulsory in this country as in England and Germany; but it was then left unnoticed, and, as the people are now witnessing many deaths from small-pox, they may be willing to abide by such a law. It is very desirable to make some provision for the general safety of the masses from this pestilential disease. When advocating vaccination as a protection against small-pox, some of the people have come forward to argue to the following effect—How comes it that children once vaccinated were attacked again with small-pox and have proved fatal therefrom, and therefore vaccination is no security at all against small-pox.

In connection with this subject (epidemics), I may mention that the district generally was visited with a new disease during the past year, having a name for itself "Soorookoo Mariammay," a disease never heard of heretofore, and one of which the people were extremely afraid, because it was so sudden and painful in its attack. Some of the characteristic symptoms are as follow, complaining of a sharp pain in the outer aspect of the foot, ascending to the chest and causing suffocation. It had a remedy as strange as itself, viz., the undigested food of goats dried and powdered. This specific was kept ready, in divided doses, by all classes of people to be taken immediately on the attack, lest something serious may happen, and the relief was stated to have been instantaneous. The disease having appeared in May continued in June, and disappeared in July as suddenly as it originated. During the prevalence of the invader, the price of goats became enormously high. Even the most bigotted Brahmans did not scruple to take with them a paper of the specific as a safeguard. The disease however, was not generally fatal, nor did it commit any havoc, but it was more a panic of the people than a real disease.

4. *Sanitary Condition of the Town.*—The roads and streets are kept clean and under repair. Much requires to be done in this direction. The conservancy of the town is managed by means of four carts and eight sweepers. This number has been considered sufficient by the Municipal Board, as the town is generally clean, though I strongly represented that they are insufficient. At present the carts collect only dry leaves, ashes and rubbish, but not the night soil. On my frequent representation of the matter to the Municipal Commissioners, they made a contract to keep the town clean by removing also the night soil. The cesspools or gully holes common almost to all houses formerly remained untouched for many days together, but now fresh earth or river sand is put in daily and removed, which is a great improvement.

The sewage and drainage require strict supervision to guard against accumulation of surface impurities, especially in narrow places and lanes, which, if not carefully attended to, may form hot beds for zymotic diseases.

Drainage.—The surface drainage has been improved to a certain extent during the past year by cutting out and improving the roadsides answering for side channels. In some places the old culverts required to be raised to meet the level of the side channel.

Water-Supply Channel.—Mannargudi must be considered a very fortunate station in point of water-supply. The several tanks of the township were fed by means of the channel during the last monsoon, which have supplied water even in the absence of water in the river, and there is every hope that they will meet all demands for some months to come.

Market.— A new market has been erected, which, it is hoped, will fully serve the comfort and convenience of the public.

Fair.—Since the date of the last annual report a fair has been opened at this station. It is held every Saturday, and affords an opportunity for the people of the town and villages for ten miles round who come and make purchases.

5. *Special Sanitary arrangements for the local Annual Hindu Festival.*—The festival began on the 5th and was over by the 22nd March 1877, occupying eighteen days. The sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made, as heretofore, for the protection of public health, viz., providing latrines, cart-stands, and water-sheds, keeping the roads, streets, and bazaar-places clean, and making frequent inspections to see that the several arrangements were carried out.

It is a matter of thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river, as the town was so well supplied with water both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December.

The drawing of the car around the four streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay afterwards in bringing it to its exact stand point.

It is gratifying to add that, during the eighteen days of festival, no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the season and prevalence of cholera and small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all parts of the district, and other distant places, from the facilities afforded by the railway. It is calculated that about 20,000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6. *Civil Dispensary.*—The Civil Dispensary and Hospital continue to work satisfactorily as heretofore fulfilling their humane mission. People resort for relief from distant localities of this district and other remote places, and it is therefore needless for me to say that this medical charity continues to be highly appreciated and has earned for itself a name.

The total number of sick treated during the year 1876-77 was 10,424 including Europeans and Eurasians and Natives of all denominations, as specified below: One European in and thirty-four out patients. Of Natives 318 in and 10,071 out door applicants. On comparing these figures with those of 1875-76, especially with that of the Native sick, it will be found an increase of 101 amongst the in and a decrease of 248 amongst the out patients. The increase is attributable to the daily coming in of people from Southern districts. Sixty-two self-supporting patients were treated during the past year, of whom eleven were females, thirty more than the previous year. The average daily attendance of sick has been forty-eight of out and twelve of in patients. There were thirteen deaths amongst the in and nine amongst the out door applicants and the mortality was as follows:—

In-patients.

Cholera	2
Tetanus	1
Diarrhoea	2
Pthisis Pulmanalis	1
Syphilis secondary	1
Anasarca	2
Old age and general debility ..	1
Ascites	1
Abortion	1
Ovarian tumour	1
Total ..	13

Out-patients.

Cholera	6
Tetanus	1
Puerperal convulsions ..	2
Total ..	9

The following abstract statement will indicate the result of the wo[illegible] of th[illegible] institution for the year 1876-77:—

	Remained on the Return of 1875-76.	Admitted during 1876-77.	Total.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.	Average.
In-patients.							
Europeans .. .. Eurasians	..	1	1	1	..	..	·002
Natives	10	318	328	304	13	11	12
Out-patients.							
Europeans .. .. Eurasians	..	34	34	34	..	..	·08
Natives	24	10,047	10,071	10,039	9	23	48

In-patients.—During the year 1876-77, 318 in-patients were admitted, and with the ten which remained on the return of the previous year make 328, showing an increase of 102 over those of 1875-76. The past year having been one of great dearth many applicants sought for relief; they were mostly from villages of this and other taluqs of the district, as also from other distant places, but very few from the town itself. It will be seen from the subjoined tabular statement given for three years what is the number of villages and applicants who have resorted for treatment to the medical charity at this station:—

Years.	Villages.	Number from Villages.	Number from the Town.
1874-75	151	252	34
1875-76	118	212	30
1876-77	135	268	50

Out-patients.—The number of out-door applicants who applied for relief during the past year numbered 10,071 including twenty-four that remained on the return of the previous year; adding to this figure thirty-four European and Eurasians, we have a total of 10,105. On comparing this number with that of 1875-76 there has been a falling off of 248.

The applicants for relief were not confined to the township alone, but many came from the villages of the taluq, and the district generally. The numbers treated from the town and villages for three years are given in the margin.

Years.	Number from Villages.	Number from the Town.
1874-75	3,263	6,115
1875-76	3,198	7,156
1876-77	3,291	6,814

7. *Surgical Operations.*—Operative surgery is much sought after and appreciated. A good many people came for operations from a distance. There have been 154 of all kinds, including an amputation of the right leg at its upper third.

8. *Kerr Lying-in Ward.*—The Lying-in Hospital did very well during the year 1876-77. There were thirty admissions, ten more than in 1875-76. Of these, twenty-one women have had their confinements in the hospital, two cases were sent in by Police for concealment of birth or criminal abortion, four women absented themselves, and three are awaiting their accouchement. The twenty-one deliveries may be classified as follows:—

Natural labor	19
Difficult „	1
Complex „	1
Total ..	21

T[illegible]en severally did well, and left the maternity with their children, each wom[illegible] a new cloth.

Out cases of Confinements.—Fifty-one cases of confinement are recorded in the return; many [illegible] these cases were attended by the Hospital midwife and female pupils both in the town and villages. Of this number eight cases were relieved by operation, four in the town, and four in villages. Besides which there were four cases of difficult labor in which it was necessary to render manual aid on account of delay and want of efforts to complete delivery. The [illegible] consisted, four of forceps, three of craniotomy, and one of turning.

As applications are made to me from time to time for the services of a midwife from villages in cases of difficult labor, and as the services of the Hospital midwife could not be constantly spared without prejudice to her own duties in the hospital and town, I have therefore secured for the time being the services of another East Indian midwife passed out this year.

9. *Midwifery School.*—A new class opened as usual in April 1877 consisting of one East Indian, one Sudra, and two Barber women. Of these, three students were passed out as midwives, in March last, and the other (one of the barber women) was dismissed for incompetency.

Another class will be formed in the beginning of the official year; but there is a difficulty of getting women to enter this department, and those that are entertained complain of the pay of Rupees 3½ being insufficient in these hard times. It would therefore be well to increase their pay to Rupees 4 per mensem.

10. *Condition of the Hospital Buildings.*—The hospital was put under repair and whitewashed during the past year, and the whitewashing will be renewed annually. The Deputy Surgeon-General during his last annual tour of inspection recommended ventilation in the small rooms of the female ward. This is being attended to.

It is gratifying to add that the Vice-President, Mr. Seshagiri Row, takes a lively interest in the welfare of the medical charity, and is always ready to promote its interests, but want of funds precludes him from carrying out some of his good intentions at present.

11. *Economic statistics and management of the Hospital accompanied by a financial statement showing the Income and Expenditure.*—The institution continues under the management of the Municipality, and the funded capital is the same as was exhibited heretofore, viz., Rupees 27,300. The income and expenditure for the past year is given in the financial sheet appended to the report. The expenditure has come to Rupees 5,876-5-4. I must here be permitted to bring to notice that the town is a poor Municipality, whose annual income amounts to only Rupees 16,000. The main source of revenue is the tolls, and, according to the recent rulings of Government, one-third of this must be paid to the Local Fund of the district, which amounts to Rupees 3,000 and odd. The Municipality has to pay its share of contribution on this head for the past and present year, amounting to upwards of Rupees 6,000. It finds it difficult to do so. The expenditure of the hospital amounts annually to Rupees 6,000, out of which the Municipality pays 3,000 Rupees, and it finds it hard to meet its expenses. The hospital at this station consists of two departments, the one for general diseases, and the other a special one for lying-in women. The dieting charges allotted in the annual budget amount to Rupees 500 or 550. This sum is inadequate to meet demands in this hard famine time, when all the articles of diet and perishable articles are sold at very high rates. The amount for a month in former years was 50 Rupees, it is now doubled, and so the dieting charges have exceeded by Rupees 300 during the past year, although strict economy is observed, still the influx of sick necessitates excess.

This hospital being the only central institution where patients are being dieted next to Tanjore, Combaconum, Negapatam, and Tranquebar, and the several Chuttrum Dispensaries, while others at Mayaveram, Pattoocottah, Tritrapoondy, Vallum, Sheally, and Trivalore are intended only for out-patients, the applicants resort here for treatment as in-patients, and to meet the demand of the Civil Hospital for both male and female patients on the one hand, and the Lying-in Hospital on the other, it requires increase of income. If there be any diminution in the number of inmates either in the Civil Hospital, or in the Lying-in, the Deputy Surgeon-General comes down upon the Medical Officer and reports him to the head of the Medical Department as was the case with me by Dr. Johnston. What is the Medical Officer to do in such a dilemma?

12. *Visitors' Book.*—There were only two visitors during the past year. Their remarks are given below:—

Names.	Rank.	Date.	Remarks.
R. R. Brockman, Captain.	District Engineer.	25th June 1876.	It is peculiarly gratifying to see the interest displayed in his work by the Native Surgeon, Dr. Moothoosawmy Mudali, and to hear of all the good that he has effected and is continuing to do. The hospital premises appeared to be in a very satisfactory condition. Venetian doors and windows have been lately fixed, which must be a great improvement. The buildings require whitewashing. Government rules have laid down that this should be done twice a year.
J. Wilson ..	Deputy Surgeon-General.	21st Feb. 1876 ..	I have been much pleased with the whole arrangements of this hospital, which reflect great credit on Native Surgeon Moothoosamy Mudaliar. The arrangements for educating midwives are highly satisfactory. The medicines and instruments are in good order, and the books correctly kept. There is a want of ventilation in some of the wards, and the flooring is indifferent, but on the whole the buildings are in good repair and well adapted for their purpose.

MANNARGUDI,
1st April 1877.

(Signed) P. S. MOOTTOOSAWMY MUDALIAR,
Native Surg. in Medical charge, Civil Dispensary.

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

From the Sub-Committee for Special Sanitary Arrangements, Annual Hindu Festival, Mannargudi, to the Vice-President of the Municipal Commission, Mannargudi, dated 21st April 1877.

The Sub-Committee, appointed in resolution at the meeting of the Municipal Board under date the 3rd March 1877, have the honor to submit the following report upon the special sanitary arrangements made during the late annual Hindu festival which took place in the town in March last.

2. The festival began on the 5th, and was over by the 22nd March last occupying eighteen days. The sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made, as heretofore, for the protection of public health, viz., providing latrines, cart-stands, and water-sheds, keeping the roads, streets, and bazaar-places clean, and making frequent inspections to see that the several arrangements were carried out.

3. It is a matter of thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks of the township secured by means of the water-supply channel during the late monsoon, at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river, as the town was both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December, so well supplied with water.

4. The drawing of the car around the four streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay in bringing it to its stand-point.

5. It is gratifying to add that, during the eighteen days' festival, no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the season, and prevalence of cholera and small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all

parts of the district, and other distant places, from the facilities afforded by the Railway. It is calculated that about 20,000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6. The expenses attendant on the occasion were Rupees 75-4-11.

(Signed) P. S. MOOTTOOSAWMY MUDALIAR,
Native Surg. and Muni. Commr.,
(„) [illegible],
(„) [illegible],
} Sub-Committee.

No. 82. ORDER THEREON, 15th November 1877, No. 2700.

The collections and disbursements of the Mannargudi Municipality during 1876-77 are compared in the subjoined abstract with the sanctioned estimates for that year and with the actuals of 1875-76.

RECEIPTS.

	Actuals, 1875-76.	Estimates, 1876-77.	Actuals, 1876-77.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
Rates on Houses and Lands	3,101	2,600	2,802
Taxes on Vehicles and Animals	869	750	919
Tolls	8,075	7,700	8,810
Licenses	291	250	121
Assignments by Government	118	250	231
Contribution from Local Funds	1,810	1,810	1,810
Fines and Fees	389	250	407
Endowments	1,145	1,142	1,147
Miscellaneous	1,703	448	1,542
Balance brought forward	2,888	1,500	2,594
Total	20,389	16,700	20,383

CHARGES.

	Actuals, 1875-76.	Estimates, 1876-77.	Actuals, 1876-77.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
GRANT I.			
New Works—			
Communications	647	..	70
Buildings	..	..	1,797
Sanitary and Miscellaneous	..	450	530
Repairs—			
Communications	2,643	3,618	5,945
Buildings	..	..	201
Sanitary and Miscellaneous	1,417	550	339
Establishment	919	1,080	377
Tools and Plant	33	20	8
GRANT II.			
Results Grants	373	800	274
Inspection (Contribution)	..	60	100
GRANT III.			
Hospitals and Dispensaries	5,507	4,160	4,861
Vaccination	117	130	121
Registration of Births and Deaths	120	120	120
Conservancy	2,277	1,790	1,688
GRANT IV.			
Lighting	981	1,090	805
Avenues and Watering Roads	1,180	1,000	923
Miscellaneous	167	60	18
GRANT V.			
Supervision and Management	1,414	1,772	1,711
Refunds	..	..	20
Balances	2,594	..	475
Total	20,389	16,700	20,383

2. There was an increase in almost every item of revenue, which raised the total income of the Municipality from an estimate of Rupees 16,700 to Rupees 20,[illegible] and under these circumstances the Government cannot admit that there was such a wan of funds at the disposal of the Commissioners as to justify their withholding payment of the Local Fund share of the tolls on the ground of absence of provision in the budget. It is observed, however, that the amount will be paid out of the curren [illegible] at the [illegible] toll sanction[illegible] G.O., dated 17 [illegible]oners must bear in mind that they hold the [illegible] tolls only in trust to be paid over to the owners and are not [illegible] what does not belong to them. They have received value in [illegible] Local Fund Board from tolling the immediate approaches to the town. The collection of the house-tax was eminently satisfactory, all but 2·2 per cent. of the current and arrears demand having been realised.

3. The expenditure of the year amounted to Rupees 19,908, of which a sum of Rupees 9,267, or 45·5 per cent. of the income, was spent on Public Works with the result that the Vice-President is now able to report that almost all the roads in the town are in a satisfactory condition.

4. Although the Commissioners were reported last year to be in communication with the Educational Department regarding the extension of primary education, little or nothing seems to have been done in the matter. While the total expenditure was nearly the same as in the previous year, the amount distributed in results grants was considerably less, but neither the Vice-President in his report, nor the President in his remarks, has explained the cause of the small outlay on so important a service. The Government anticipate greater attention to the educational wants of the town in future. It appears, however, from the special returns that the attendance at the aided schools rose from 171 in 1875-76 to 326, and that nearly 733 boys were at school out of a school-going male population of 1,278.

5. The [illegible] health was somewhat indifferent, cholera and small-pox having prevailed and led to 96 deaths out of a total of 442. The report on the working of the dispensary is satisfactory. [illegible] compared with the past year, there was an increase of 76 in-patients, but a decrease of [illegible] out-patients, the cause of which has not been explained. It is observed that the opinion is expressed that the Local Fund contribution to the cost of the dispensary should be increased. The Government are prepared to consider any representation on the subject. Although the Municipal Vaccinator was employed for some time on cholera duty, he is reported to have operated upon 448 persons against 316 in 1875-76 with a smaller percentage of unsuccessful cases.

6. As regards accounts, the amounts expended on the butcher and fish bazaar and on the toll-gate bars should have been shown under Works, Grant I, instead of being detailed under Grants III and IV respectively, and the charge for channel watchman should have been debited to Conservancy, Grant III, and not to Public Works Establishment, Grant I.

7. The proposals regarding accounts in paragraph 4 of the P[illegible] approved.

(True Extract.)

J. STURRO[illegible]
Under Secy. to Govt.

[illegible]esident of the Municipal Commission, Mannargudi.
[illegible]ublic Works Department.
[illegible]evenue Department.
„ Board of Revenue.
„ Accountant-General.
„ Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.
„ Sanitary Commissioner.
„ Director of Public Instruction.
„ President of the Local Fund Boards, Tanjore District.

d. J. Wright and J. W. Fischer.

FINANCIAL.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSION.

G.O. 12th November 1877, No. 2700.

NOVEMBER.
Nos. 81-82.

Municipal—Reports.—Annual report of Manna-gudi Municipality for 1876-77 reviewed.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

September 1877, No.

Municipal—Reports.

Read the following paper:—

No. *From H. S. THOMAS, Esq., President of the Municipal Commissions, Tanjore District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated 16th August 1877, No. 245.*

I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Commissioners on the working of the Mannargudi Municipality during the year 1876-77, accompanied by the statements of receipts and charges in the forms prescribed in G.O., dated 25th April 1877, No. 1347.

2. I beg also to forward the report of the Medical Officer in charge of the Mannargudi Civil Dispensary and Lying-in Hospital.

3. The report of the Sub-Committee, appointed for making special sanitary arrangements during the local festival days, is also herewith forwarded.

4. The accounts of the Municipality for the year under report were audited by Mr. George Oliver, Pleader of the District Court, Tanjore, and certified to be correct. His report is enclosed. The Vice-President has been asked to put a stop to the practice of issuing licenses under the signature of the Head Clerk. He has also been requested to introduce the system of accounts, suggested by Mr. Sherman, the previous year's Auditor, in order to avoid the fluctuating criticism of the Auditors, complained of in the concluding part of his report.

5. The Opening Balance at the beginning of the year under review was Rupees 2,504-5-9, against a Budget Estimate of Rupees 1,500. This large difference is owing to some of the works provided for in the Budget of 1875-76 not having been executed within that year. Some of them having been executed during the year under report, the actual expenditure considerably exceeds the Budget allotment.

6. The gross receipts amounted to Rupees 20,383-0-3 against an estimate of Rupees 16,700. This excess is chiefly owing to the increase in the opening balance as shown above, and to a larger income from tolls than was anticipated. The gross expenditure being Rupees 19,907-9-5, there was a balance of Rupees 475-6-10 at the close of the year.

7. It will be observed that the Local Fund share of the toll proceeds was not paid within the year. This was because no provision was made in the Budget, and the expenditure could not be curtailed without impairing the efficiency of the Municipality. The Commissioners have, therefore, obtained the sanction of Government to raise the rate of tolls from half to three fourths from the 1st of October next, as a means of raising funds to meet the Local Fund demands for the past and the present official years (*vide* G.O., dated 17th July 1877, No. 1923).

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From P. SULLIVAN, Esq., Vice-President of the Municipal Commission, Mannargudi, to the President of the Municipal Commissions, Tanjore District, dated 9th July 1877, No. 35.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 34 of the Towns Improvement Act III of 1871, I have the honor to submit the annual report on the working of the Mannargudi Municipality for the year ending 31st March 1877, together with the statements of receipts and expenditure, in duplicate, in the forms prescribed in G.O., dated 25th April 1877, No. 1347.

2. The gross receipts, as shown in Statement I, were Rupees 20,383-0-3. Deducting from this the balance of Rupees 2,594-5-9, brought forward from the accounts of the previous year, the actual receipts during the year amounted to Rupees 17,788-10-6, against Rupees 15,200 put down in the Budget.

3. The Commissioners expended during the year Rupees 19,907-9-5, as detailed in Statement II, leaving a balance of Rupees 475-6-10 to be carried forward to the following year.

4. The causes of variations between the Actuals and the Budget Estimate under the several items of receipts and expenditure are fully explained in the Comparative Statements I and II. I shall now proceed to briefly note the important items.

5. *House and Land-tax.*—The total demand under this head according to the Budget was Rupees 2,560, and according to the registers, Rupees 2,539-0-6, the actual receipts amounted to Rupees 2,493-15-11. Only 9 Annas were remitted on appeal, and proper measures are taken for realizing the balance of Rupees 44-7-7 shortly.

Out of Rupees 366-3-1, the arrears of past years, Rupees 307-14-0 have been collected during the present year, and Rupees 36-[illegible] written off as irrecoverable, and the balance of Rupees 21-7-10 has to be collected during the next year.

6. *Tax on Vehicles, &c.*—The collection under this head amounted to Rupees 918-8-0, or Rupees 168-8-0 more than the estimate. This is due to some jetkas having been newly kept up during the year under report.

7. *Tolls.*—The toll-gates were put up to auction and sold to the highest bidder Ayasami Nadan for Rupees 8,810, which exceeds the Budget Estimate by Rupees 1,110. This increase is due to the keener competition in bidding. It has to be stated here that one-third share of the toll proceeds, viz., Rupees 2,936-10-8, due by this Municipality to the Local Fund Board under G.O., dated 15th August 1876, No. 1481, was not paid within the year under review, owing to want of funds and absence of provision in the Budget. But the Commissioners would be able to meet this demand during the next year by increasing the rates of tolls, as authorized in G.O., dated 15th March 1877, No. 918. This arrear is shown as unpaid liability in the footnote to Statement II.

8. Other items call for no special remark.

9. The Opening Balance at the beginning of the year was Rupees 2,594-5-9, against the Budget Estimate of Rupees 1,500. This large balance is due to the following causes, viz., the compensation for lands taken up for water-supply channel was not paid in full, the parties entitled to receive it not having appeared; the repairs to the water-supply channel were not wholly executed owing to the unfavorable character of the season; the expenditure on results grants fell short of the Budget Estimate; and, lastly, the toll-gates were not constructed as was originally intended within the year, as suitable sites had to be selected.

10. EXPENDITURE—GRANT I—*New Works*—(*a.*) *Buildings.*—Five toll-gates and one plank-shed at the head sluice of the water-supply channel, at the cost of Rupees 1,035-14-10 and Rupees 155, respectively, were constructed during the year. For the former work provision was made in the Budget for Rupees 400, and Rupees 450 were sanctioned in the previous year. All those works were completed during the year under report; there are in all six toll-gates constructed at all the main roads of the town. The execution of the latter work was urgently needed, though no provision was made for it in the Budget.

(*b.*) *Water-supply.*—A sum of Rupees 471-7-8 was spent during the year as compensation for lands taken up for the water-supply channel. Though no provision was made for it in the Budget, yet sanction for this expenditure was subsequently obtained in G.O., dated 19th June 1876, No. 1112. The payment is entrusted to a Sub-Committee composed of three Commissioners. Some of the parties entitled to receive the compensation having been prevented from attending by the prevalence of cholera and small-pox, a sum of Rupees 140-7-6 still remains unpaid, and it will be disbursed in 1877-78. This is shown as unpaid liability in the footnote to Statement II. Besides, a petty channel from Gajendramotcham to Annamalainathen Kovil Tank was excavated during the year at a cost of Rupees 9-14-0.

(*c.*) *Miscellaneous—Petty Works.*—A tunnel across the Pariari street was constructed at a cost of Rupees 70, and two parapet walls were raised in Thirupakadal Tank, which cost Rs. 22-11-10, exclusive of a contribution of Rupees 15 made by the owner of the tank. The works were urgently needed for the safety of the public, and were therefore carried out, though no allotment had been made for them in the Budget.

11. *Repairs*—(*a.*) *Communication.*—Rupees 4,301-9-9 were spent on remetalling the gravel road from Melarayaveethy to the new street. This is the only important road in the town. As it was badly in want of repair, and, as the work was one of great cost, application was made to Government for the grant of a loan for that purpose. But this having been declined, the Commissioners in the previous year undertook to execute this urgent work from the available funds at their disposal. Accordingly a greater portion of the road has been restored to good order during the year under report, and the work will come to a finish within the close of 1877-78.

Besides this, Rupees 821-5-0 were expended in repairing Panganaud road from Thirupakadal street to Vanaankulam, the materials used being brick jellies, not Tanjore gravel, which is very costly; the sides of Rajaveethy were also repaired at a cost of Rupees 115-12-9; and other petty repairs made by the road gang; so that the Commissioners are glad to report that almost all the roads in the town are in a satisfactory condition.

(*b.*) *Buildings.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rupees 201-4-7, of which Rupees 86-5-2 were laid out in repairing and whitewashing the hospital, and Rupees 114-5-5 in repairing two old buildings that were in a dilapidated condition.

(*c.*) *Water-supply.*—The outlay on this head was Rupees 338-8-6, which falls short of the Budget allotment by Rupees 161-7-6. So much of the work as was absolutely needed was executed during the year. A revised estimate is under preparation by the Department of Public Works Range Officer for thorough repair of the channel.

12. GRANT II—*Education.*—Rupees 800 were provided for results grants. But as indicated in Statement V grants were disbursed to six schools only. Certifying memoranda for three more schools have been received after the close of the official year. Their grants, viz., Rupees 135-8-0, will be paid up in 1877-78. This sum is included as unpaid liability in Statement II. Some more schools in the town are being prepared to receive grants in the year to come. A separate list of other schools in the town, with number on the roll, and character of the institution, as directed in Statement V, accompanies.

13. *Contribution to Local Funds.*—A sum of Rs. 100 was paid for Educational Inspectorate for 1875-76 and 1876-77 in accordance with the advice of the President of the Local Fund Board.

14. GRANT III—*Sanitation and Medical Services—Hospitals.*—The total charges on account of this institution during the year amounted to Rupees 4,947-1-7, including Rupees 86-5-2, the cost of repair of the Hospital building, as shown in Statement II, Grant III. A sum of Rupees 119-8-9, being the charges for medicines and supplies, was not disbursed during the year: it is included under unpaid liability. The number of in and out patients treated during the year under report were 318 and 10,105, against 242 and 10,354, respectively, in the previous year. This institution was taken over by the Municipality in the year 1872, and the annual contribution from the Local Funds bears an inadequate proportion to the entire cost of the dispensary; the inequality of the aid presses heavily on the Municipal funds, and precludes sufficient expenditure on important objects. The matter has already been brought to your notice separately in letter, No. 26, dated 15th June 1877, in which it is pointed out that the benefits of the institution are extensively enjoyed by the surrounding Local Fund villages, and that it is but fair that the Local Fund Contribution should be raised to a moiety of the whole charges. The annual report of the Native Surgeon in charge of the Municipal Dispensary is herewith submitted.

15. *Vaccination.*—One Vaccinator is employed on a monthly salary of Rupees 10. He works under the supervision of the Native Surgeon. Four hundred and forty-eight cases were vaccinated during the year. Of these, 430 were successful, thirteen unsuccessful, and five unknown, whereas in the previous year out of the 316 cases vaccinated, [illegible] were successful and 16 unsuccessful. The benefits of vaccination are now being appreciated by the people, as small-pox has been committing great havoc.

16. *Registration of Births and Deaths.*—One Registrar is employed on a salary of Rupees 10 per mensem. The total births and deaths registered were 554 and 442, against 540 and 643, respectively, in the previous year. The number of deaths from cholera and small-pox were fifty-nine and thirty-seven, respectively, during the year. Cholera, which continued in a sporadic form, assumed epidemic shape in January and February, and every precaution was taken to check its progress by administering medicine and by burning tar, &c., in the streets, and the measure seems to have been attended with success. But the Commissioners regret to say that small-pox of a severe character has prevailed in the town.

17. *Special Sanitary arrangements for the local Hindu Festival.*—The usual arrangements were made for the protection of public health; temporary latrines were provided with scavengers in various parts of the town, and roads and streets were kept clean. Extra watchmen were employed to prevent the pollution of water in the tanks. The report of the Sub-Committee appointed for the occasion is hereto appended.

18. *Butcher and Fish Bazaar.*—Rupees 500 were provided in the Budget of 1875-76 under this head; but the work was not carried out in that year in consequence of some litigation in connection with the spot purchased for the purpose; that site was however sold and another purchased, and the bazaar constructed during the year under review at a cost of Rupees 554-9-6.

19. GRANT IV—(*a.*) *Lighting.*—The outlay on this head falls short of the Budget allotment by Rupees 288-12-8. In the previous year there were 101 lamps put up in the town. But a reduction has since been made in the number of lamps in unnecessary places, so that there are at present 85 lamps being lit up in the town in dark days.

(*b.*) *Avenues.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rupees 923-1-7, being Rupees 76-14-5 less than the Budget grant. Three thousand and one hundred cocoes had been altogether planted as avenues. But some of them have since died out owing to scarcity of water. There are at present 2,700 living plants. Although some of the cocoas thrive well in certain parts of the town, yet the Commissioners have learnt from experience that cocoa plantation is unsuited to the hard soil of this town, and they therefore intend planting trees better adapted to the soil, such as mangoes, jack, margosa, &c., as avenues for the future.

20. Other items of expenditure call for no special remark.

21. The Funded Capital of Rupees 27,300, standing in favor of the Dispensary at this station in the shape of ten promissory-notes is shown under securities, and the value of office as well as hospital, &c., buildings under value of premises in the footnote appended to Statement II.

22. During the year under report rain was generally deficient and freshes in the river scanty, and the weather was intolerably hot. Great precaution was taken by the Commissioners in bringing down water through the channel and securing it in the tanks in the town, which was a great relief to the people. In consequence of the formation of the communicating channel a few years back, this Municipality enjoys peculiarly great advantages as regards water-supply.

23. Mr. G. T. Oliver, who was deputed to audit the accounts of this Municipality, examined and certified them to be correct. He states in his report that deposits from contractors and appellants did not appear in the cash-book. Two cash-books are kept up—one for ayan, and the other for deposits. While maintaining a separate register for deposits in which particulars are given, I intend carrying the daily totals thereof to the cash-book distinguishing under the grand total the ayan and deposit balances remaining each day. He states that the amounts paid into and received from the Treasury are entered in gross. I do not think that classification in this is necessary, as we cast every day's transactions in the ledger under the various heads of account. He remarks that the practice of issuing licenses under the signature of the head clerk is objectionable. The Commissioners find that it is identical with the practice observed in the other Municipalities. I take this opportunity to submit that, as the suggestions of the different Auditors as to the mode of keeping accounts vary and are sometimes conflicting, the Commissioners desire that the Government be moved to prescribe some defined and uniform system of accounts for all Municipalities.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

ANNUAL REPORT of the MANNARGUDI CIVIL DISPENSARY and LYING-IN HOSPITAL for the Year 1876-77.

1. *General Observations on the climate and seasons of the past year, and condition of Public Health in the Station and District.*—The climatic features and seasonal phenomena of 1876-77 were more unfavorable than those of the preceding year. The freshes in the river Pawmany, which passes through the town, were late and scanty. During the agricultural season the want of water was much felt. The river was quite dry except now and then, when a partial supply of water was let in from headsluice of the rivers Vennar, Corniyar, and Pawmaniyar beyond Needamungalum, ten or twelve miles from the station. Such dryness was never witnessed heretofore in the district. There used to be a continual stream of water moving in the river more or less for six months during the agricultural season. This failed us, also the rain of the sowing season for dry grains. Moreover the weather was unusually hot and oppressive, the paddy-fields in many villages became dry, and were left to be grazed by cattle; such was the loss sustained by the cultivators. The rainfall was comparatively enough; but was not timely for the progress of cultivation. The monsoon set in, in October last, and the quantity of rain registered for three months was 23½ inches, and for the whole year it amounted to 37½ inches, or ten inches more than that of 1875-76. Although we had this increase only at the eleventh hour, yet it was beneficial to the people to a certain extent.

From the foregoing causes, and especially from want of rain in November last, there has been a general failure of rain-fed cultivation, and partially of wet cultivation also. Moreover the famine in other districts of the Presidency swept away the grain from Tanjore District; hence followed scarcity and general distress. The price of grain of every description became extremely dear. A collum of paddy that used to be sold at a rupee was purchased at Rupees 3 and Annas 10, so also the ragi, the millet seed, which was never much used heretofore, became the food of the masses, and it was not to be had. The horse-gram, which used to be sold at Rupees 2 a collum, was not procurable even for Rupees 4½. Hence the people suffered a good deal of privation, and were it not for the rain of the 23rd and 24th December last (12 inches) which ameliorated the condition of the people, and reduced the price of paddy to Rupees 2½ per collum, the distress would have been terrible.

At this critical juncture, the people of the neighbouring districts, *i.e.*, Madura and Salem, finding themselves very much distressed from the disastrous condition of their native places, where they can get neither food to satiate their hunger, nor water to quench their thirst, they

left their dwellings with their families, children, cattle and such other things as they can call their own, and went abroad. Several of them have come to this station, and with them followed pestilential diseases, which will be described under the head of Epidemics.

2. *Epidemic Diseases.*—Since the date of the last annual report cholera has not entirely disappeared, but continued more or less throughout the year both in the town, taluq, and the district generally, and more so during the latter half of the year, when there were scarcity of rain and corn, especially in October and November last; people flocked in from other places and roaming about this district, revived the nucleus of cholera and other zymotic diseases. In January last, cholera was raging severely, just when the Srirungam festival concluded; twenty-nine patients came under treatment in that month, and forty-three were treated in the town, of which six proved fatal. Five patients were brought to the hospital, of which three died.

The Registrar of Births and Deaths for the town of Mannargudi recorded fifty-nine deaths for the whole year from this disease, and from the Police reports 135 deaths have been gathered as having occurred in the several parts of the taluq.

During the prevalence of cholera the Municipal Vaccinator and the Registrar of Births and Deaths were detached on cholera duty as last year, and in addition to which disinfectants were used in streets, and lanes, consisting of tar, camphor, and firewood. The people appear to have great confidence in the use of the latter.

It is very much to be regretted that small-pox has been so prevalent in the town, taluq and district generally, and it is still raging fearfully. Thirty-seven deaths are registered by the Registrar of the Municipal Commissioner's office as having occurred in the town during the year. People of the lowest classes both in the town and villages are evincing now great desire to have their children vaccinated, and applications are very frequently made to me for the services of Vaccinators.

3. *Vaccination.*—The Municipal Vaccinator has operated 430 cases during the year, the average number of operations returned by the Vaccinator being thirty-five monthly, and is a fit opportunity to bring to the notice of the Head of the Medical Department, that as the Superintendents of Vaccination of Circles, who are located either at headquarters, or itinerate on their circuits, cannot always have their eyes on all the vaccinators, who are under their supervision; it will be very desirable at medical stations to direct the Taluq vaccinators to report themselves to the Medical Officers periodically, in order that there may be a better check upon their work, and to send them to villages wherever their services may be urgently called for. In 1870, the people of the town and the taluq generally showed great unwillingness to have their children vaccinated. I suggested in the annual report of this Dispensary for 1871 that some rules may be legalized to make vaccination compulsory in this country as in England and Germany; but it was then left unnoticed, and, as the people are now witnessing many deaths from small-pox, they may be willing to abide by such a law. It is very desirable to make some provision for the general safety of the masses from this pestilential disease. When advocating vaccination as a protection against small-pox, some of the people have come forward to argue to the following effect—How comes it that children once vaccinated were attacked again with small-pox and have proved fatal therefrom, and therefore vaccination is no security at all against small-pox.

In connection with this subject (epidemics), I may mention that the district generally was visited with a new disease during the past year, having a name for itself "Soorookoo Mariammay," a disease never heard of heretofore, and one of which the people were extremely afraid, because it was so sudden and painful in its attack. Some of the characteristic symptoms are as follow, complaining of a sharp pain in the outer aspect of the foot, ascending to the chest and causing suffocation. It had a remedy as strange as itself, viz., the undigested food of goats dried and powdered. This specific was kept ready, in divided doses, by all classes of people to be taken immediately on the attack, lest something serious may happen, and the relief was stated to have been instantaneous. The disease having appeared in May continued in June, and disappeared in July as suddenly as it originated. During the prevalence of the invader, the price of goats became enormously high. Even the most bigotted Brahmans did not scruple to take with them a paper of the specific as a safeguard. The disease, however, was not generally fatal, nor did it commit any havoc, but it was more a panic of the people than a real disease.

4. *Sanitary Condition of the Town.*—The roads and streets are kept clean and under repair. Much requires to be done in this direction. The conservancy of the town is managed by means of four carts and eight sweepers. This number has been considered sufficient by the Municipal Board, as the town is generally clean, though I strongly represented that they are insufficient. At present the carts collect only dry leaves, ashes and rubbish, but not the night soil. On my frequent representation of the matter to the Municipal Commissioners, they made a contract to keep the town clean by removing also the night soil. The cesspools or gully holes common almost to all houses formerly remained untouched for many days together, but now fresh earth or river sand is put in daily and removed, which is a great improvement.

The sewage and drainage require strict supervision to guard against accumulation of surface impurities, especially in narrow places and lanes, which, if not carefully attended to, may form hot beds for zymotic diseases.

Drainage.—The surface drainage has been improved to a certain extent during the past year by cutting out and improving the roadsides answering for side channels. In some places the old culverts required to be raised to meet the level of the side channel.

Water-Supply Channel.—Mannargudi must be considered a very fortunate station in point of water-supply. The several tanks of the township were fed by means of the channel during the last monsoon, which have supplied water even in the absence of water in the river, and there is every hope that they will meet all demands for some months to come.

Market.— A new market has been erected, which, it is hoped, will fully serve the comfort and convenience of the public.

Fair.—Since the date of the last annual report a fair has been opened at this station. It is held every Saturday, and affords an opportunity for the people of the town and villages for ten miles round who come and make purchases.

5. *Special Sanitary arrangements for the local Annual Hindu Festival.*—The festival [illegible] on the 5th and was over by the 22nd March 1877, occupying eighteen days. The sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made, as heretofore, for the protection of public health, viz., providing latrines, cart-stands, and water-sheds, keeping the roads, streets, and bazaar-places clean, and making frequent inspections to see that the several arrangements were carried out.

It is a matter of thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river, as the town was so well supplied with water both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December.

The drawing of the car around the four streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay afterwards in bringing it to its exact stand point.

It is gratifying to add that, during the eighteen days of festival, no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the season and prevalence of cholera and small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all parts of the district, and other distant places, from the facilities afforded by the railway. It is calculated that about 20,000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6. *Civil Dispensary.*—The Civil Dispensary and Hospital continue to work satisfactorily as heretofore fulfilling their humane mission. People resort for relief from distant localities of this district and other remote places, and it is therefore needless for me to say that this medical charity continues to be highly appreciated and has earned for itself a name.

The total number of sick treated during the year 1876-77 was 10,424 including Europeans and Eurasians and Natives of all denominations, as specified below: One European in and thirty-four out patients. Of Natives 318 in and 10,071 out door applicants. On comparing these figures with those of 1875-76, especially with that of the Native sick, it will be found an increase of 101 amongst the in and a decrease of 248 amongst the out patients. The increase is attributable to the daily coming in of people from Southern districts. Sixty-two self-supporting petients were treated during the past year, of whom eleven were females, thirty more than the previous year. The average daily attendance of sick has been forty-eight of out and twelve of in patients. There were thirteen deaths amongst the in and nine amongst the out door applicants and the mortality was as follows :—

In-patients.	
Cholera	2
Tetanus	1
Diarrhœa	2
Pthisis Pulmanalis	1
Syphilis secondary	1
Anasarca	2
Old age and general debility ..	1
Ascites	1
Abortion	1
Ovarian tumour	1
Total ..	13

Out-patients.	
Cholera	6
Tetanus	1
Puerperal convulsions ..	2
Total ..	9

The following abstract statement will indicate the result of the working of the intitution for the year 1876-77 :—

	Remained on the Return of 1875-76.	Admitted during 1876-77.	Total.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.	Average.
In-patients.							
Europeans	..	1	1	1	..	..	·002
Eurasians							
Natives	10	318	328	304	13	11	12
Out-patients.							
Europeans	..	34	34	34	..	..	·08
Eurasians							
Natives	24	10,047	10,071	10,039	9	23	48

In-patients.—During the year 1876-77, 318 in-patients were admitted, and with the ten which remained on the return of the previous year make 328, showing an increase of 102 over those of 1875-76. The past year having been one of great dearth many applicants sought for relief; they were mostly from villages of this and other taluqs of the district, as also from other distant places, but very few from the town itself. It will be seen from the subjoined tabular statement given for three years what is the number of villages and applicants who have resorted for treatment to the medical charity at this station :—

Years.	Villages.	Number from Villages.	Number from the Town.
1874-75	151	252	34
1875-76	118	212	30
1876-77	135	[illegible]	50

Out-patients.—The number of out-door applicants who applied for relief during the past year numbered 10,071 including twenty-four that remained on the return of the previous year; adding to this figure thirty-four European and Eurasians, we have a total of 10,105. On comparing this number with that of 1875-76 there has been a falling off of 248.

The applicants for relief were not confined to the township alone, but many came from the villages of the taluq, and the district generally. The numbers treated from the town and villages for three years are given in the margin.

Years.	Number from Villages.	Number from the Town.
1874-75	3,263	6,115
1875-76	3,198	7,156
1876-77	3,291	6,814

7. *Surgical Operations.*—Operative surgery is much sought after and appreciated. A good many people came for operations from a distance. There have been 154 of all kinds, including an amputation of the right leg at its upper third.

8. *Kerr Lying-in Ward.*—The Lying-in Hospital did very well during the year 1876-77. There were thirty admissions, ten more than in 1875-76. Of these, twenty-one women have had their confinements in the hospital, two cases were sent in by Police for concealment of birth or criminal abortion, four women absented themselves, and three are awaiting their accouchement. The twenty-one deliveries may be classified as follows :—

Natural labor	19
Difficult „	1
Complex „	1
Total ..	21

The parturient women severally did well, and left the maternity with their children, each woman receiving a gift of a new cloth.

Out cases of Confinements.—Fifty-one cases of confinement are recorded in the return; many of these cases were attended by the Hospital midwife and female pupils both in the town and villages. Of this number eight cases were relieved by operation, four in the town, and four in villages. Besides which there were four cases of difficult labor in which it was necessary to render manual aid on account of delay and want of efforts to complete delivery. The operation consisted, four of forceps, three of craniotomy, and one of turning.

As applications are made to me from time to time for the services of a midwife from villages in cases of difficult labor, and as the services of the Hospital midwife could not be constantly spared without prejudice to her own duties in the hospital and town, I have therefore secured for the time being the services of another East Indian midwife passed out this year.

9. *Midwifery School.*—A new class opened as usual in April 1877 consisting of one East Indian, one Sudra, and two Barber women. Of these, three students were passed out as midwives, in March last, and the other (one of the barber women) was dismissed for incompetency.

Another class will be formed in the beginning of the official year; but there is a difficulty of getting women to enter this department, and those that are entertained complain of the pay of Rupees 3½ being insufficient in these hard times. It would therefore be well to increase their pay to Rupees 4 per mensem.

10. *Condition of the Hospital Buildings.*—The hospital was put under repair and whitewashed during the past year, and the whitewashing will be renewed annually. The Deputy Surgeon-General during his last annual tour of inspection recommended ventilation in the small rooms of the female ward. This is being attended to.

It is gratifying to add that the Vice-President, Mr. Seshagiri Row, takes a lively interest in the welfare of the medical charity, and is always ready to promote its interests, but want of funds precludes him from carrying out some of his good intentions at present.

11. *Economic statistics and management of the Hospital accompanied by a financial statement showing the Income and Expenditure.*—The institution continues under the management of the Municipality, and the funded capital is the same as was exhibited heretofore, viz., Rupees 27,300. The income and expenditure for the past year is given in the financial sheet appended to the report. The expenditure has come to Rupees 5,876-5-4. I must here be permitted to bring to notice that the town is a poor Municipality, whose annual income amounts to only Rupees 10,000. The main source of revenue is the tolls, and, according to the recent rulings of Government, one-third of this must be paid to the Local Fund of the district, which amounts to Rupees 3,000 and odd. The Municipality has to pay its share of contribution on this head for the past and present year, amounting to upwards of Rupees 6,000. It finds it difficult to do so. The expenditure of the hospital amounts annually to Rupees 6,000, out of which the Municipality pays 3,000 Rupees, and it finds it hard to meet its expenses. The hospital at this station consists of two departments, the one for general diseases, and the other a special one for lying-in women. The dieting charges allotted in the annual budget amount to Rupees 500 or 550. This sum is inadequate to meet demands in this hard famine time, when all the articles of diet and perishable articles are sold at very high rates. The amount for a month in former years was 50 Rupees, it is now doubled, and so the dieting charges have exceeded by Rupees 300 during the past year, although strict economy is observed, still the influx of sick necessitates excess.

This hospital being the only central institution where patients are being dieted next to Tanjore, Combaconum, Negapatam, and Tranquebar, and the several Chattrum Dispensaries, while others at Mayaveram, Pattocottah, Tritrapoondy, Vallum, Sheally, and Trivalore are intended only for out patients, the applicants resort here for treatment as in-patients, and to meet the demand of the Civil Hospital for both male and female patients on the one hand, and the Lying-in Hospital on the other, it requires increase of income. If there be any diminution in the number of inmates either in the Civil Hospital, or in the Lying-in, the Deputy Surgeon-General comes down upon the Medical Officer and reports him to the head of the Medical Department as was the case with me by Dr. Johnston. What is the Medical Officer to do in such a dilemma?

12. *Visitors' Book.*—There were only two visitors during the past year. Their remarks are given below:—

Names.	Rank.	Date.	Remarks.
R. R. Brookman, Captain.	District Engineer.	25th June 1876.	It is peculiarly gratifying to see the interest displayed in his work by the Native Surgeon, Dr. Moothoosawmy Mudali, and to hear of all the good that he has effected and is continuing to do. The hospital premises appeared to be in a very satisfactory condition. Venetian doors and windows have been lately fixed, which must be a great improvement. The buildings require whitewashing. Government rules have laid down that this should be done twice a year.
J. Wilson ..	Deputy Surgeon-General.	21st Feb. 1876 ..	I have been much pleased with the whole arrangements of this hospital, which reflect great credit on Native Surgeon Moothoosamy Mudaliar. The arrangements for educating midwives are highly satisfactory. The medicines and instruments are in good order, and the books correctly kept. There is a want of ventilation in some of the wards, and the flooring is indifferent, but on the whole the buildings are in good repair and well adapted for their purpose.

MANNARGUDI,
1st April 1877.

(Signed) P. S. MOOTTOOSAWMY MUDALIAR,
Native Surg. in Medical charge, Civil Dispensary.

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

From the Sub-Committee for Special Sanitary Arrangements, Annual Hindu Festival, Mannargudi, to the Vice-President of the Municipal Commission, Mannargudi, dated 21st April 1877.

The Sub-Committee, appointed in resolution at the meeting of the Municipal Board under date the 3rd March 1877, have the honor to submit the following report upon the special sanitary arrangements made during the late annual Hindu festival which took place in the town in March last.

2. The festival began on the 5th, and was over by the 22nd March last occupying eighteen days. The sanitary arrangements required for the occasion were made, as heretofore, for the protection of public health, viz., providing latrines, cart-stands, and water-sheds, keeping the roads, streets, and bazaar-places clean, and making frequent inspections to see that the several arrangements were carried out.

3. It is a matter of thankfulness to note that there was an abundant supply of water in the several tanks of the township secured by means of the water-supply channel during the late monsoon, at which watchmen were employed to prevent the fouling of the water. There was no need to open the wells in the bed of the river, as the town was both by the channel during the high freshes, and also by the heavy rain in the last week of December, so well supplied with water.

4. The drawing of the car around the four streets of the temple occupied two days as last year. There was some delay in bringing it to its stand-point.

5. It is gratifying to add that, during the eighteen days' festival, no outbreak of sickness or accident took place. Notwithstanding the general distress of the season, and prevalence of cholera and small-pox throughout the district, there was a great concourse of spectators from all parts of the district, and other distant places, from the facilities afforded by the Railway. It is calculated that about 20,000 visitors attended during the chief days of the festival.

6. The expenses attendant on the occasion were Rupees 75-4-11.

(Signed) P. S. MOOTTOOSAWMY MUDALIR, *Native Surg. and Munl. Comr.*,
(„) [illegible] கமிஷனர்,
(„) [illegible] கமிஷனர்,
Sub-Committee.

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FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from the President, Municipal Commission, *Manargudy* dated *16th August 1877 No. 246.*

ORDER. *15th Nov. /77. No. 2700.*

The Collections & Disbursements of the Manargudi Municipality during 1876-77 are compared in the subjoined abstract with the sanctioned estimates for that year & with the actuals of 1875-76.

Receipts.	Actuals 1875-76	Estimate 1876-77	Actuals 1876-77
Rates on Houses and Lands ...	3101	2600	2802
Taxes on Arts	"	"	"
Taxes on Vehicles and Animals ...	869	750	919
Registration of Carts	"	"	"
Tolls	8075	7700	8810
Licenses	291	250	121
Assignments by Government ...	118	250	231
Contribution from Local Funds ...	1810	1810	1810
Fines and Fees	389	250	407
Endowments	1145	1142	1147
Miscellaneous	1703	448	1542
Loans	"	"	"
Advances Recoverable	"	"	"
Balance brought forward ...	2888	1500	2594
Total ...	20389	16700	20383

Charges.	Actuals 1875-76	Estimate 1876-77	Actuals 1876-77	
GRANT I.				
New Works.				
Communications	647	*	70	
Buildings	*	*	1797	
Sanitary and Miscellaneous ...	*	168	530	
Repairs.				
Communications	2643	3618	5945	
Buildings	*	*	201	
Sanitary and Miscellaneous ...	1417	558	339	
Establishment	919	1450	377	
Tools and Plant	33	30	8	
Contributions to Local Funds ...	*	*	*	
	5659	5718	9267	45.5
GRANT II.				
Training Schools	*	*	*	
Municipal Schools	*	*	*	
Salary Grants	*	*	*	
Results Grants	272	800	274	
Schools on the combined system	*	*	*	
Inspection (Contribution) ...	*	60	100	
Miscellaneous	*	*	*	
	272	860	374	1.8
GRANT III.				
Hospitals and Dispensaries ...	5507	4160	4861	
Vaccination	117	130	121	
Registration of Births & Deaths	120	120	120	
Conservancy	2277	1790	1688	
	8021	6200	6790	33.3
GRANT IV.				
Lighting	981	1090	805	
Markets	*	*	*	
Choultries	*	*	*	
Travellers' Bungalow ...	*	*	*	
Avenues and Watering Roads.	1180	1000	923	
Miscellaneous	167	60	18	
	2328	2150	1746	8.6
GRANT V.				
Supervision and Management...	1414	1772	1711	8.4
Repayment of Debt	*	*	*	
Advances Recoverable	*	*	*	
Refunds	*	*	20	.1
Balances	2594	*	475	2.3
Total ...	20389	16700	20383	

J. G. Smal

There

2. There was an increase in almost every item of revenue which raised the total income of the Municipality from an estimate of Rs 16,700 to Rs 20383, and under these circumstances the Government cannot admit that there was such a want of funds at the disposal of the Commissioners as to justify their withholding payment of the Local Fund Share of the tolls on the ground of absence of provision in the budget. It is observed however that the amount will be paid out of the Current years Collections

made

to 326, and that nearly 733 boys were at school out of a schoolgoing male population of 1278.

5. The public health was somewhat indifferent, Cholera and Small pox having prevailed and led to 96 deaths out of a total of 462. The report on the working of the Dispensary is satisfactory. As compared with the past year, there was an increase of 76 in-patients but a decrease of 249 out patients, the cause of which has not been explained. Although the Municipal Vaccinator was employed for some time on Cholera duty he

It is observed that the opinion
is declared that the Govt.
contrib. to the cost of the
Dispensary sh'd be increased
The Govt. are prepared to
consider any representation
on the subject

he is reported to have operated upon 468 persons against 316 in 1875, with a small percent of unsuccessful cases.

6. As regards accoun- The amounts expended on the Butcher and Bazaar and on the Toll gate bars should have been shown under Works, Grant I instead of being detailed under Grants III and IV respectively, and the charge for Channel Watchman should have been debited to Conservancy, Grant III, and not to Public Works Establishment, Grant I.

7. The proposals regarding accounts in para 4 of the President's

Presidents letter
are approved.

29/10

usual number
of copies

To
The President Munl Commr
Mannargudi
" Public Works Depart.
" Revenue Department
" Board of Revenue
" Accountant General
" Surgeon Genl Indn
Medl Depart.
" Sanitary Commissioner
" Director of Public Instr.
" President of the Local Fd
Board Tanjore Dt

11-11-92 Desp

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Govt. of {1877} Madras.

FINANCIAL.

To

Dated 15 } Nov. 1877, No. 2700 / 1
Recd.

Nos. 81-82

Inam – Reports – Annual report of Mannargudi survey for 1876-77, reviewed.

Despat. 1

Dated 196 .

Not to be folded or roughly handled