M.R.O. 1—77,000—8-6-21.

(1) Number of pages 30

(2) Date of repair 15-7-23

(3) Initials of the Repairer

# MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

## Government of Madras.

DEPARTMENT.

| G.O. No. | Press Mis. |
|---|---|
| | 265-306 |
| Dated | 18 . |

16/17

**Not to be folded or roughly handled**

**Bye-laws.**

No. 205. Read the following letter from J. B. PENNINGTON, Esq., President of the Municipal Commission, Trichinopoly, to the Honorable D. F. CARMICHAEL, Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated Trichinopoly, 21st December 1874, No. 111:—

I have the honor to submit, for the sanction of Government, revised bye-laws for the town of Trichinopoly passed by the Municipal Commissioners.

2. With the exception of Nos. 25 and 29, which are new, the bye-laws now submitted are similar to, or in modification of, bye-laws which have already received the sanction of Government for this or some other Municipality. A table of reference is appended.

3. The provisions of Bye-law No. 11 will be enforced only with reference to garden houses in the cantonment.

4. With regard to No. 17, which is similar to a bye-law in three other Municipalities, it has been deemed necessary in order to bring the droves of cattle driven through the cantonment and town under complete control; and to make the bye-law operative, the amount of attendance required is clearly defined.

5. No. 25 has been introduced for the protection of the income of the Municipal markets. Without such a bye-law vendors will occupy the adjacent ground and enjoy most of the advantages of the markets while evading the tolls.

6. Bye-law No. 29 will materially diminish the nuisance arising from funeral processions passing through the crowded thoroughfares of the town. The eastern bouleward is an open thoroughfare running parallel to the greater portion of the town and is the direct road to the burning-grounds. This bye-law was proposed by one of the most experienced of the native Commissioners.

7. Government will observe that the bye-laws have been very carefully arranged, and I can safely say that the wording of them has received an immense amount of consideration. I would venture to suggest, therefore, that they should be revised by the Advocate-General so as to avoid all danger of illegality or obscurity. If that is done, they would probably be useful as a model to other Municipalities.

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BYE-LAWS.

A.

*Relating to the Conservancy and Safety of the Streets.*

Nuisance.

1. No one shall commit nuisance on any road, in any public place, or in the bed of any river, watercourse, or tank.

Rule of the road.

2. All carriages and carts passing along a road shall keep to their left-hand side, except when they overtake other conveyances, when they shall pass to the right of them.

Lights.

3. With the exception of luggage-carts drawn by bullocks, all vehicles shall carry lights between sunset and sunrise, except when there is moonlight.

Vehicles in streets.

4. Every vehicle to which an animal is harnessed shall have a driver in immediate attendance upon it; and no vehicle whether yoked or unyoked shall be left in a public way for a

longer period than is reasonably necessary for the purpose of setting down or taking up passengers or loading or unloading goods.

5. The owners or occupiers of premises abutting on the roads shall keep the walls, hedges, and existing boundary marks in good repair, and in such order as regards height, size or other particulars as may, from time to time, be ordered by the Commissioners in writing.

Bratties.

6. No person shall dry bratties on any wall abutting on a public street.

Improper use of pavement or veranda.

7. No person shall make use of the pavement or veranda of his house or any place not specially intended for such purpose, in front of his house, or by the side of any street, as a stable, stall, or sty.

Entrances to private houses.

8. The owners or occupiers of houses or premises communicating by carriage way with a public street or roadway shall provide proper entrances (with culverts) to their houses or premises from the public ways, so that the side drains be not damaged by the passage of vehicles to, or from, the said houses or premises.

Drains in front of houses.

9. Every person shall keep the drain in front of his own house and the culverts under any private roads leading to his house clear, so as to allow the drainage water to flow freely.

Entrance to house over drain.

10. Where the entrance to any house, bazaar or premises may be over any open drain belonging to the Municipality, such drain shall not be covered in except in such manner as may be allowed by the Commissioners.

Dust-bins and latrines for houses in Cantonment.

11. Every house within the cantonment shall be provided with a receptacle for rubbish and a latrine constructed after a pattern approved by the Commissioners unless specially exempted.

Whitewashing

12. Every wall abutting on a public way shall, unless specially exempted by the Commissioners, be annually limewashed between the 1st of December and the 1st of February.

External walls in the Cantonment.

13. The external walls of houses, yards, and compounds adjoining the public streets in the cantonment shall be kept in proper repair with lime-plastering (and shall be limewashed once a-year unless specially exempted by the Commissioners).

Divisional walls.

14. The divisional walls and fences of compounds shall be kept in proper repair.

Animals and pigs straying.

15. No animal shall be allowed to stray within Municipal limits, and pigs found so straying shall be liable to be destroyed.

Dogs.

16. All dogs found straying in the streets or other public places shall be liable to be destroyed, but this provision will not be enforced without public notice.

*Droves of cattle.*

17. Every drove of cattle driven through the cantonment between the hours of 5 and 8 P.M. shall be in charge of a sufficient number of persons to prevent obstruction, that is to say, one person for every five head of cattle.

*Cruelty to animals.*

18. No person shall cruelly beat, torture, or otherwise abuse any animal.

Gambling, cockfighting, and kiteflying.

19. Gambling, cockfighting, and kiteflying in the streets are prohibited.

20. Musical instruments shall not be used in the streets nor shall firearms or fireworks be let off within Municipal limits without permission in writing from the Commissioners.

Tharay and kaller horns.

21. No tharay or kaller horns shall be used within Municipal limits.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Financial Department,*
*20th April* 1875.



Wells.

22. All wells shall be periodically cleaned out at such intervals as may be ordered by the Commissioners, and every well in a public place shall be protected by a wall not less than three feet high from the surface of the ground, and shall be provided with a platform and a float.

Grass on the sides of roads.

23. No person shall cut grass or dig roots on the side of roads or in open places without permission in writing from the Commissioners.

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B.

*Relating to the Markets.*

Meat for sale in the town.

24. No meat, dead poultry, fish, salt-fish, or other animal food shall be sold or exposed for sale within the town in any place other than places licensed by the President of the Municipal Commission as markets in accordance with the provisions of Section 124 of Madras Act III. of 1871, or as stalls to be specially used for such sale as aforesaid.

Street selling in the proximity of markets.

25. No person shall be allowed to occupy any portion of any road, street, or public place within a hundred yards of any Municipal market for the purpose of exposing any article for sale.

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C.

*Relating to Burial-grounds.*

Burial-grounds.

26. Every burial or burning-ground shall be surrounded by a sufficient wall or fence to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Graves *not* of masonry.

27. No person shall bury or cause to be buried in any burial-ground within Municipal limits any corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Masonry graves.

28. No person shall bury or cause to be buried in any such burial-ground any corpse in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the corpse shall be at less depth than 4½ feet from the surface of the ground.

Route to the Cauvery burning-ground.

29. Every funeral procession to the Cauvery burning-ground shall proceed by the most direct route to the eastern bouleward and thence direct to the burning-ground.

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D.

*Sanitary.*

Animals unfit for food.

30. The Municipal Commissioners or persons appointed by them may direct any animal brought to be slaughtered, which is found to be sick or otherwise unfit for consumption, to be so disposed of as to prevent its being slaughtered and sold to the public.

Feeding animals on offal.

31. No person shall feed any animal intended for human food on offal, stable manure, or other noxious matter, and no person shall offer for sale milk taken from any cow or buffalo fed on offal, &c., as aforesaid.

It shall be lawful for the Commissioners or for any person appointed by them at all reasonable times to enter into and inspect any premises where animals intended for human food or for milk are kept, for the purpose of seeing that the provisions of this bye-law are not infringed.

Gravel pits.

32. No holes or gravel pits shall be excavated within the Municipal limits so as to be likely to become public nuisances.

E.

*General.*

Withdrawal of licenses.

33. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to withdraw licenses issued by them from any parties at their discretion.

Copies of licenses.

34. All authenticated copies of original registration on licenses shall be given on the payment of a fee of 4 Annas for each such copy.

Taxes paid in other Municipalities.

35. No person who shall prove that he has paid a tax under Section 64 of Act III. of 1871 in any one Municipality, shall be required to pay a similar tax for the same period on his becoming a resident in the Municipality of Trichinopoly.

Penalty for breach of bye-laws.

36. Whoever shall commit a breach of any bye-law shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 20, and, in the case of a continuing breach, to a further penalty not exceeding Rupees 10 for every day during which the breach is continued after written notice from the Commissioners.

(Signed) J. B. PENNINGTON,
*President.*

No. 206. ORDER THEREON, 20th April 1875, No. 885.

The Government consider the following to be a better wording for No. 2 :—

"All carriages and carts shall, in meeting other conveyances, keep to the left, and in overtaking and passing them, go to the right."

2. No. 3 should be amended so as not to make a light compulsory, except when it is really dark. In some bye-laws, already sanctioned, three-quarters of an hour are allowed after sunset, and one hour before sunrise.

3. No. 11 seems beyond the powers of the Commissioners, it being open to every one to use the public dust-bins and latrines provided by the Commissioners, in which case a private dust-bin and latrine becomes unnecessary.

4. The latter clause of No. 13 seems to be merely a repetition of No. 12.

5. In No. 16, the words "unless properly muzzled" should be inserted after the words "public places."

6. With regard to the President's remarks on No. 17, the Government are of opinion that the question of the sufficiency of the number of persons in charge of a drove of cattle may safely be left to the decision of the Magistrate before whom any person is charged with a breach of the bye-law in question.

7. The prevention of cruelty to animals does not fall within the scope of the Municipal Act, and sanction must consequently be refused to No. 18.

8. No. 20 is too comprehensive; the following may be substituted :—

"Drums and tom-toms, &c., shall not be beaten, and musical instruments such as tarais, &c., shall not be played in the public thoroughfares between 10 P.M and 4 A.M. without a written permission from the Municipal Commissioners, which permission must be shown at the demand of any Government official."

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Financial Department,*
*20th April* 1875.

9. No. 21 is too prohibitive, and the Government are not disposed to sanction any greater restriction than is involved in the amended wording of No. 20 given above.

10. No. 24 has been declared illegal by the High Court. A separate reference has lately been made to the Advocate-General on the question.

11. The words "and kept free from noxious vegetation" should be added to No. 26.

12. The latter part of No. 27 should be worded "in a grave less than six feet deep, unless constructed of masonry."

13. No. 29 can only be sanctioned on the understanding that the Commissioners satisfy themselves that it will not interfere with any existing religious custom.

14. The latter part of No. 32 would be better "so as to cause a public nuisance."

15. No. 33 must be modified so as to refer only to licenses issued in accordance with a bye-law. In other cases the power is specifically granted or withheld by the terms of the Act.

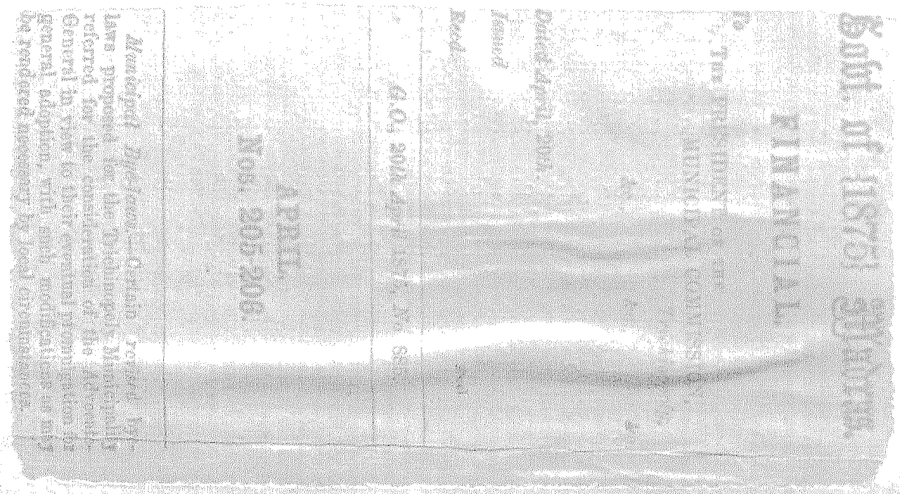
16. With these remarks, the draft bye-laws will be referred for the consideration of the Advocate-General in view to their eventual promulgation for general adoption, with such modifications and additions as may be rendered necessary by local circumstances.

(True Extract.)

*Chief Secretary.*

To the President of the Municipal Commission, Trichinopoly.
" Government Solicitor.

Exd. J Wright.



Govt. of 1873 Gazette.

FINANCIAL

APRIL

Nos. 205 206



## Table of Reference.

| Number of new Bye laws | Taken from. |
|---|---|
| No 1 | Trichinopoly Bye laws No 3 |
| " 2 | Do Do " 5 |
| " 3 | Do Do " 8 |
| " 4 | Wallajapettah - Do " 10 and 23 |
| " 5 | Trichinopoly No 14 Cuddalore No 24 |
| " 6 | Do " 11 |
| " 7 | Do " 12 |
| " 8 | Cuddalore - " 26 |
| " 9 | Palghaut 44 Corresponds with this |
| " 10 | Combaconum No 21 |
| " 11 | Coimbatoe No 34 |
| " 12 | Trichinopoly No 15 |
| " 13 | Madras Byelaw No 3. Page 6 |
| " 14 | Trichinopoly No 14 and Palghaut No 43 |
| " 15 | Trichinopoly - No 17 |
| " 16 | Combaconum No 28 |
| " 17 | Tinnevelly No 14, Palghaut No 15 and Nagapatam No 8 |
| " 18 | Cantonment Rules No 64 and a petition |
| " 19 | Trichinopoly No 23 |
| " 20 | Wallajahpett No 14, Dindigul G.O No 220 dated 28th August 1873, Combaconum No 19 and Cuddalore No 25 |
| " 21 | Combaconum No 19 and Cuddalore No 26 |
| " 22 | Trichinopoly No 4 |
| " 23 | Do " 18 |
| " 24 | Madras Byelaw No 1, Page No 9, sanctioned 4th March 1873 |
| " 25 | New |

| Number of new Register | Taken from |
|---|---|
| No 26 | Trichinopoly No 10 |
| " 27 | Cuddalore " 8 |
| " 28 | Do " 9 |
| " 29 | New |
| " 30 | Wallajapett No 4 and Co |
| " 31 | G.O. No 1542, dated 28 |
| " 32 | Cuddalore No 27 |
| " 33 | " " 29 and |
| " 34 | Trichinopoly No 7 |
| " 35 | Do " 2 |
| " 36 | Do " 6 |

Municipal Commissioners' Off
Trichinopoly, 21st Decr 874

No III

From

The President
Municipal Commission
Trichinopoly

To,

The Chief Secretary to Government
Financial Department
Fort St George

Sir,

I have the honor to submit for the sanction of Government revised Bye laws for the Town of Trichinopoly passed by the Municipal Commissioners

2 With the exception of Nos 25 and 29, which are new, the Bye laws now submitted are similar to or in modification of Bye laws which have already received the sanction of Government for this or some other Municipality. A table of reference is appended.

3 The provisions of Bye law No 11 will be enforced only with reference to Garden houses in the Cantonment

4 With regard to No 17 which is similar to a Bye law in three other Municipalities, it has been deemed necessary in order to bring the droves of cattle driven through the Cantonment and Town under complete control; and to make the Bye law operative, the amount of

attendance

attendance required is clearly defined
5 No 25 has been introduced
for the protection of the income of
the Municipal Markets. Without
such a Bylaw, Vendors will occupy
the adjacent ground and enjoy
most of the advantages of the markets
while evading the Tolls.
6 Bylaw No 29 will materially dimi-
nish the nuisance arising from
funeral processions passing through
the crowded thoroughfares of the Town.
The Eastern Boulevard is an open
thoroughfare running parallel to the
greater portion of the Town and is the
direct road to the Burning Grounds.
This Bylaw was proposed by one
of the most experienced of the Native
Commissioners
7. Government will observe that
the Bye laws have been very carefully
arranged and I can safely say that
the wording of them has received
an immense amount of considera-
tion. I would venture to suggest
therefore that they should be revised
by the Advocate-General so as to
avoid all danger of illegality
or obscurity. If that is done,
they

2/11

they would probably be useful as
a model to other Municipalities

I have the honor to be,
Sir
your most obed servant

J. S. Pennington
Pres Select

## Bye Laws

A Relating to the Convenancy and safety of the streets.

Nuisances.

1 No one shall commit nuisance on any road, in any Public place, or in the bed of any river, water course, or tank.

Rule of the road.

2. All carriages and carts passing along a road shall keep to their left hand side, except when they overtake other Conveyances, when they shall pass to the right of them.

Lights.

3. With the exception of Luggage Carts drawn by Bullocks, all Vehicles shall carry lights between sun set and sun rise, except when there is moon light.

No necessity in Moonlight

Form No. 1111
Enclosures (2)

Tonnage or Mutation Sale Clears of Mutation Clearance of Mutation

for Re Issue through Collector of Land Revenue

Dated 21 Feb
Deeds 2 in No.
Deeds 21 Feb

Dated 21 Feb
Deeds 2 in No.
Deeds 21 Feb

4. Every Vehicle to which an animal is harnessed shall have a driver in immediate attendance upon it; and no Vehicle whether yoked or unyoked shall be left in a Public way for a longer period than is reasonably necessary for the purpose of setting down or taking up passengers or loading or unloading goods.

Vehicles in streets

5. The owners or occupiers of premises abutting on the roads shall keep the walls, hedges, and existing boundary marks, in good repair, and in such order, as regards height, size or otherwise as may, from time to time, be ordered by the Commissioners in writing.

6. No person shall dry bricks on any wall abutting on a Public Street.

Bricks

Purposes of use of Pavement or Roadside.

7. No person shall make use of the pavement or roadside of his house or any place not specially intended for such purpose, in front of his house, or by the side of any street, as a stable, stall, or shop.

Entrances to private houses

8. The owners or occupiers of houses or premises communicating by Carriage way with a Public street or road way shall provide proper entrances (with Culverts) to their houses or premises from the Public ways, so that the said drains be not damaged by the passage of Vehicles to or from the said houses or premises.

Drains in front of houses.

9. Every person shall keep the drain in front of his own house, and the Culverts under any private roads leading to his house, clear so as to allow the drainage water

to

to flow freely.

Entrance to Lanes one Arrow.

10 Where the entrance to any Lane, Bazar or premises may be over any open drain belonging to the Municipality such drain shall not be covered in except in such manner as may be allowed by the Commissioners.

Doors & Gates and Entrances for Lanes in Compounds.

11. Every Lane within the Cantonment shall be provided with a receptacle for public hand a latrine constructed after a pattern approved by the Commissioners, unless specially exempted.

Whitewashing

12. Every wall adjoining on a Public way shall, unless specially exempted by the Commissioners, be annually lime washed between the 1st of December and the 1st of February.

External Walls of the Cantonment.

13 The external walls of Lanes Yards and Compounds adjoining the Public Streets in the Cantonment shall be kept in proper repair with lime

lime plastering (and shall be lime washed once a year unless specially exempted by the Commissioners.)

Municipal Walls

14. The Municipal walls and fences of Compounds shall be kept in proper repair.

Animals and pigs straying

15 No animal shall be allowed to stray within Municipal limits, and pigs found so straying shall be liable to be destroyed.

Dogs

16 All dogs found straying in the streets or other public places shall be liable to be destroyed, but this provision will not be enforced without public notice.

Droves of Cattle.

17. Every drove of Cattle driven thro the Cantonment between the hours of 6 and 8. P.M. shall be in charge of a sufficient number of persons to prevent obstruction, that is to say, one person for every 5 head of Cattle.

18. No person shall cruelly beat, torture or otherwise abuse any animal. Cruelty to animals.

19. Coachbuilding, coachpainting and hawking in the streets are prohibited. Coachpainting & hawking

20 Musical instruments shall not be used in the streets nor shall fire-arms or fire-works be let off within Municipal limits without previous sanction in writing from the Commissioners.

21. No Pharaoh or Kallakans shall be used within Municipal limits. Pharaohs and Kallakans

22. All wells shall be periodically cleaned out at such intervals as may be ordered by the Commissioners, and every well in a public place shall be protected by a wall not less than 3 feet high from the surface Wells.

surface of the ground and shall be provided with a platform, apron.

23. No person shall cut grass Grass on the sides of roads or dig pools on the sides of roads or in open places without permission in writing from the Commissioners.

## B.—Relating to the Markets.

24 No meat, dead poultry, fish, saltfish, or other animal food shall be sold or exposed for sale within the Meat for sale in the Streets. Municipal limits in any place other than places licensed by the President of the Municipal Commissioners as markets in accordance with the provisions of Section 124 of Madras Act III of 1871, or as shall be specially fixed for such sale as aforesaid.

Street selling in the proximity of markets. 25 No person shall be allowed to occupy any portion of any road street or public place within 100 yards of any Municipal market for the purpose

purpose of exposing any article for sale.

C.— Relating to Burial Grounds

Burial grounds

26. Every burial or burying ground shall be surrounded by a sufficient wall or fence to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Space not of sufficient depth

27. No person shall bury or cause to be buried in any burial ground within Municipal limits any Corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than 6 feet deep.

Burying Corpses.

28. No person shall bury or cause to be buried in any such burial ground any Corpse in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the Corpse shall be at less depth than four and half feet from the surface of the ground.

Route to the Cemetery Burying ground.

29. Every funeral procession to the Cemetery burying ground shall proceed by the most direct route to

to the Eastern Boulevard and thence direct to the burying ground.

D.— Sanitary

Animals unfit for food

30. The Municipal Commissioners or persons appointed by them may direct any animal brought to be slaughtered which is found to be sick or otherwise unfit for consumption to be so disposed of as to prevent its being slaughtered and sold to the public.

Feeding animals on offal

31. No person shall feed any animal intended for human food, on offal, stable manure, or other noisome matter, and no person shall offer for sale, milk taken from any Cow or buffalo fed on offal &c as aforesaid.

It shall be lawful for the Commissioners or for any person appointed by them at all reasonable times to enter into and inspect any premises where animals intended for human food

food or for milk are kept, for the purpose of seeing that the provisions of these Bye-laws are not infringed.

32. Hawkers and Pedlars shall be separated within the Municipal limits so as to be likely to become a public nuisance. Pedlars

## E — General

33. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to withhold Licences of licences issued by them from any parties at their discretion.

34. All authenticated Copies of original registration on Licences shall be given on the payment of a fee of 2 cents for each such Copy. Copies of licences.

35. No person who shall prove that he has paid a tax under Section 64 of Stat III of 1871 in any Municipality, shall be required to pay a similar tax for the same period on his becoming a Fees paid in other Municipalities

Penalty for breach of Bye-laws

36. Whoever shall commit a breach of any Bye-Law shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, to a further penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after notice has been given by the Commissioners.

Signed
Secretary

Bye-laws.

9
25

Financial Department.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from the President, Municipal Commission, Trichinopoly, dated 21st December 1870 with

Order thereon - 20th Sept. 1871.

The Government consider the following to be a better wording for No 2.

"All carriages and carts shall, in meeting other conveyances, keep to the left, and in overtaking and passing them go to the right."

No 3 should be amended so as not to make a light compulsory, except when it is really dark. In some Bye-laws, already sanctioned, three quarters

No 2 - This wording is taken from the printed compilation of Bye-laws just issued. JP

1871

of an hour are allowed after sunset, and one hour before sunrise.

No. 11 seems beyond the powers of the Commissioners, it being open to every one to use the public dust bins and latrines provided by the Commissioners, in which case a private dust bin and latrine becomes unnecessary.

The latter clause of No. 13 seems to be merely a repetition of No. 12.

In No. 16, the words "unless properly muzzled" should be inserted after the words "public places".

With regard to the President's remarks on No. 17, the Government are of opinion that the question of the sufficiency of the number of persons in charge of a drove of cattle, may safely be left to the discretion of



of the Magistrate before whom any person is charged with a breach of the bye-law in question.

The prevention of cruelty to animals, does not fall within the scope of the Municipal Act, and sanction must consequently be refused to No. 18.

No. 20 is too comprehensive. The following may be substituted.

"Drums and tom toms "No. shall not be beaten "and musical instruments "such as Banjos &c, shall "not be played in the public "thoroughfares between 10 p.m. "and 4 a.m. without a "written permission from "the Municipal Commissioners, which permission "must be shown at the "demand of any Govt "official."

No.

No 21 is too prohibitive, and the Government are not disposed to sanction any greater restriction than is involved in the amended wording of No 20 given above.

No 24 has been declared illegal by the High Court. A separate reference has lately been made to the Advocate General on the question.

The words "and kept free from noxious vegetation" should be added to No 26.

The latter part of No 29 should be worded "in a grave less than 6 feet deep, unless constructed of Masonry".

No 29 can only be sanctioned on the understanding that the Commissioners satisfy themselves that it will only interfere with & not contradict any existing religious custom.

The

No 21 is prepared to prohibit taravai and Mary burns altogether.

Note

Sec 152 provides that licenses under sections 106, 123, 125, 130, 133, & 136 shall be issued annually and shall expire on the last day of the official year - & would clearly be illegal for the Municipal Council to cancel one of these licenses at an intermediate period except when the power is specifically reserved as in section 106 where they can do so at any time by giving a month's notice in writing.

The latter part of No 32 would be better "so as to cause a public nuisance".

No 33 must be modified so as to refer only to licenses issued in accordance with a bye-law. In other cases the power is specifically granted or withheld by the terms of the Act.

With these remarks the draft bye-laws will be referred for the consideration of the Advocate General in view to their eventual promulgation for general adoption, with such modifications and additions as may be rendered necessary by local circumstances.

13/4

To The Presidt. Municl. Comrs. Trincomalee
The Govt. Solicitor.

Disp 1/5

50 2840

Govt. of Madras.

V

Fort St.

~~To~~

The

Dated 20 } Cefd. 1875, No. 565

Recd.

Nos. 205-216.

Memo. Regg. Laws. Certain
previous Regg. Laws proposed
for the Teeding Country
Recd. for the consideration of the
Advocate Genl. in view
to ~~future~~ their eventual
Legislative action for genl.
adoption with such mo-
difications as may be
rendered necessary by lo-
cal circumstances.