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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Financial DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 438

Press
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Dated

25-2-1875.

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Local Funds—Report.

No. 331. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd December 1874,
No. 3,485.

Read Report from the President of the Local Fund Board, Canara Circle, dated 10th September
1874, No. 678.

THE Local Fund Report of the South Canara Circle for 1873-74 will be submitted for the
information of Government.

2. RECEIPTS.—The assets were Rupees 2,14,444 inclusive of an opening balance of Rupees
27,101.

3. The subjoined Statement shows the actual receipts of the year as compared with those
of the previous year :—

Items.	1872-73.	1873-74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Provincial Grant for Roads... ..	47,350	47,350	...	...
2. Do. Schools	3,044	11,520	8,476	...
3. Ferry-rents	21,724	22,898	1,174	...
4. Avenues	241	197	...	44
5. Miscellaneous Special Funds	53	90	37	...
6. Road-cess	103	34	...	69
7. Land-cess	88,225	81,316	...	6,909
8. Tolls	7,615	6,278	...	1,337
9. House-tax	12,567	10,805	...	1,762
10. Educational-cess Arrears	74	19	...	55
11. School Fees	1,358	1,357	...	1
12. Contribution for Inspection from Mangalore Municipality	530	530	...	...
13. Educational Receipts	1,622	500	...	1,122
14. Market-rents	43	...	...	43
15. Sale of Books	958	668	...	290
16. Do. of Materials	52	44	...	8
17. Do. of other Property... ..	19	2	...	17
18. Miscellaneous	119	18	...	101
19. Public Works Receipts	1,225	517	...	708
20. Do. Refund of Expenditure	3,720	2,466	...	1,254
21. Bungalow Fees	...	315	315	...
22. Balance of Bungalow Fund	...	299	299	...
23. Advances Recoverable... ..	2,263	121	...	2,142
24. Suspense Account	112	...	...	112
25. Permanent Advance	20	...	...	20
Total...	1,93,037	1,87,344	10,301	15,994
Net Decrease...	...	...	5,693	...

4. The Provincial Grant for roads was the same as in the previous year, but that for
schools was raised by Rupees 8,476, of which a sum of Rupees 7,240 was the Special Grant given
in lieu of House-tax, the levy of which from the beginning of 1873-74 was ordered to be held in
abeyance, and the remaining amount was made up of arrears of grant realized during the year
and of grants sanctioned for new schools.

5. The increase in Ferry-rents was due to the realization of arrears.

6. The Road and Land-cess decreased in consequence of the kists not having been realized
punctually.

7. Toll collections were smaller because the bids at the auction were low.

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8. House-tax was not imposed during the year, but arrears of previous years, amounting to Rupees 10,805, were collected, besides Rupees 19 being arrears of Cess under Act VI. of 1863.

9. The sum of Rupees 500 shown opposite to Educational receipts was the building grant sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction for the Buntwall School when it was a Rate School. The Local Fund Board having provided a building, the grant was drawn and credited to Local Funds.

10. Seventeen Travellers' Bungalows, as per margin, were made over to the Local Fund Board during the year, with Rupees 93 of fees collected up to the date of transfer, and a balance of Rupees 299 which stood in favor of the Bungalow Fund on the 31st March 1873. The fees realized after the transfer amounted to Rupees 222.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Feringapet. | 10. Mulky. |
| 2. Panamangalore. | 11. Udipi. |
| 3. Puttur. | 12. Bekal. |
| 4. Madnur. | 13. Cumbala. |
| 5. Soollia. | 14. Munjeshwar. |
| 6. Sampaje. | 15. Kaup. |
| 7. Sirady. | 16. Kirimanjeshwar. |
| 8. Hosdroog. | 17. Baindur. |
| 9. Cassergode. | |

11. GRANT I., EXPENDITURE, PUBLIC WORKS.—According to the Register in this Office a sum of Rupees 1,45,808 was allotted for Public Works as detailed below:—

New Works.		RS.	RS.
Communications ...	{ By Public Works Department ...	57,448	
	{ By Other Agency ...	1,830	
Educational...	{ By Public Works Department ...	230	
	{ By Other Agency ...	1,340	
Sanitary and Miscellaneous..	{ By Public Works Department...	8,264	
	{ By Other Agency ...	3,500	
			72,612
Repairs.			
Communications ...	By Public Works Department ...	69,086	
Sanitary and Miscellaneous..	{ By do. ...	1,100	
	{ By Other Agency ...	3,010	
			73,196
Total...			1,45,808

The President makes it Rupees 1,46,408, or Rupees 600 more.

12. The actual expenditure was—

New Works.		President and Accountant-General.	Controller.
		RS.	RS.
Communications ...	{ By Public Works Department ...	38,620	38,620
	{ By Other Agency ...	1,049	830
Educational...	By do. ...	1,418	144
Sanitary and Miscellaneous..	{ By Public Works Department ...	5,376	5,151
	{ By Other Agency ...	1,225	1,225
		47,688	45,970
Repairs.			
Communications ...	{ By Public Works Department ...	61,852	61,852
	{ By Other Agency ...	776	391
Sanitary and Miscellaneous..	{ By Public Works Department ...	615	615
	{ By Other Agency ...	2,776	2,776
		66,019	65,634
Tolls and Ferries ...		1,13,707	1,11,604
			1,208
Total...		1,13,707	1,12,812

13. The expenditure opposite to Tolls and Ferries appears from the Controller's statement to have been incurred on works, but both the President and Accountant-General show the outlay under the head of Establishment. Assuming that the expenditure was on works regarding which

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the Controller will be requested to report, the total expenditure on works as given by that Officer was Rupees 1,12,812 which is 76.54 per cent. on the total allotment sanctioned. This is decidedly unsatisfactory. The allotment for Repairs was fairly worked out, about 90 per cent. having been expended, but this is not the case with regard to the allotment for New Works, as only about 60 per cent. thereof was expended. This short expenditure was owing to—

- (1.) The estimate not being ready for the road from Hoossangady to Shenkaranarayana.
- (2.) Sanction having been accorded very late in the official year for the work of erecting boundary marks on Government waste lands in the Mangalore and Puthur Ranges.
- (3.) Sanction having been given late for the construction of an Iron Lattice Girder bridge over the Bauglar stream on Road No. 2 from the Manzerabad Ghaut to Mani via Upinangadi.
- (4.) The Range Officer not being able to procure a sufficient number of laborers to work on the road from Mulky, via Tarepady and Bajpe, to join the Sheddya road to Mangalore.
- (5.) The Local Fund Board having decided not to carry out the road from the Mulky bazaar to the Sea Custom House.
- (6.) Work of constructing the Sanoor bridge having been obstructed by the ryots constructing a dam for irrigation.
- (7.) Difficulty of procuring timber of the requisite dimensions for the bridge at Brahmarukutta.
- (8.) The iron girders ordered for the bridge at Budally not having been received by the Range Officer till the close of the official year.
- (9.) The postponement of the construction of school buildings for want of a settled educational system.

14. The expenditure on establishment was as follows:—

	President and Accountant-General.	Controller.
	RS.	RS.
Public Works General Establishment...	28,421	26,449
Petty Establishment ...	4,213	4,213
Tolls and Ferries ...	1,208	...
Total...	33,842	30,662

15. The Controller's charge for supervision was 24.86 per cent. on the expenditure by the Public Works Department.

16. The expenditure on Tools and Plant was Rupees 2,593 according to the President and the Accountant-General, and Rupees 2,550 according to the Controller.

17. 773½ miles of road were maintained at an average cost of Rupees 65 a mile, 16½ miles of new road were completed, and 46½ in progress. Two large bridges and 20 minor bridges were constructed. A temporary school shed at Munjeshwar was built. The Udipi Dispensary building was completed, and the Kundapur and Cassergode Dispensary buildings were very nearly ready and have since been finished. Two Chuttrums were being built, three wells were dug and avenues were planted. Four bridges, several chuttrums and musafirkhanas and three Travellers' bungalows were repaired and avenues were maintained.

18. A sum of Rupees 1,411, being a moiety of the Toll collections at the Soollia bridge in 1872-73, was paid to the Coorg Government. Under G. O., Revenue Department, dated 1st June 1872, No. 857, the payment ceases from 1873-74.

19. A sum of Rupees 389 is debited as a refund of receipts by the Public Works Department.

20. The total expenditure under Grant I. was Rupees 1,51,943.

21. GRANT II., EDUCATION.—The Inspecting Staff was the same as in the previous year, viz., one Deputy-Inspector of Schools and two Inspecting Schoolmasters. Their salaries and allow-

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ances charged to Local Funds amounted to Rupees 1,861, of which Rupees 580 were recovered from the Mangalore Municipality. The work done by them is not stated, but there were twenty-five Local Fund Schools, and Results Grants, amounting to Rupees 1,514, were paid to forty-two schools attended by 1,682 pupils.

22. Rupees 1,070 were paid on account of the Government Normal School at Mangalore.

23. There were twenty-five Local Fund Schools at the beginning of the year, of which one (at Navoor) was closed, because it was badly attended. The remaining twenty-four were examined by the Inspector of Schools who placed twelve of them, attended by 687 pupils, in the middle class, and the rest, attended by 287 pupils, in the lower class. The twenty-four schools cost in salaries of masters, servants, and miscellaneous, Rupees 12,052, of which Rupees 1,357 were recovered in fees from the pupils, leaving Rupees 10,695 as the charge against Local Funds, so that Rupees 11 was the cost to the Local Fund of educating each pupil. A careful report on the schools is furnished by the Inspector, Mr. Garthwaite, and he earnestly draws attention to the great wants of South Canara in the way of elementary education.

24. Rupees 1,688 were spent in the purchase of school books.

25. The total expenditure under Grant II. was Rupees 18,186.

26. GRANT III., SANITATION.—The Local Fund Board maintained four Dispensaries at the places noted in the margin. The two last were opened during the year. The Local Fund Board also contributed to the support of the Dispensary in the Mangalore Municipality. There was thus a Dispensary at the head-quarter station of each of the five taluqs of the district. Permanent buildings were provided for all the Local Fund Dispensaries except that at Upinangady for which a temporary building has been erected, but buildings not having been ready for occupation no in-patients were admitted. The working of the Dispensaries is shown below:—

1. Udipi.
2. Upinangady.
3. Cassergode.
4. Kundapur.

Dispensaries.	Number of Patients under treatment.	Discharged.	Died.	Remained.	Average daily sick.	VACCINATION.	
						Number Vaccinated.	Per cent. of successful cases.
1. Udipi ...	951	939	7	5	14.01	190	78.42
2. Upinangady ...	1,651	1,641	3	7	16.60	55	81.81
3. Kundapur ...	590	574	1	15	10.12	31	74.19
4. Cassergode ...	462	449	4	9	9.01	35	30
Total...	3,654	3,603	15	36	49.74	311	78.77

27. Passed Hospital Apprentices took charge of the Dispensaries towards the close of the year.

28. Twelve permanent Vaccinators and six temporary Vaccinators, who were employed in consequence of the prevalence of small-pox in parts of the circle, operated upon 12,701 persons at a cost of 3 Annas and 8 Pies per subject, and 83.59 per cent. of the operation proved successful. As in the Malabar District the experiment of giving rewards to persons offering to be vaccinated was tried during the year, but it was not very successful as the arrangements were incomplete and could not be matured. Fresh efforts have, it is said, since been made to give the experiment a full and careful trial, and a report is promised.

29. Rupees 68 were paid on account of travelling allowances to Medical Subordinates deputed to superintend sanitary arrangements, and Rupees 310 were advanced to Tahsildars to meet the cost of the arrangements (consisting of erecting sheds and latrines, entertaining scavengers, clearing streets, securing fine water, etc.,) during the celebration of the festivals at Subramanya, Darmastala, Udipi, and Colloor.

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30. The Travellers' Bungalow Establishment and Contingencies cost Rupees 992. The number of travellers that halted in them should be reported.

31. A sum of Rupees 179 was spent in the purchase of simple medicines which were placed at the disposal of Tahsildars, who utilized them freely when moving about in their taluqs, being guided in the distribution by instructions furnished by the Zillah Surgeon.

32. The expenditure under Grant III. was Rupees 7,136.

33. GRANT IV., MISCELLANEOUS.—Controlling, etc., Establishment cost Rupees 1,950, and General Contingencies Rupees 36.

34. The expenditure under the Miscellaneous Debt Account was Rupees 871.

35. BALANCE.—The total expenditure was Rupees 1,80,123, leaving a balance of Rupees 34,321.

36. LOCAL FUND BOARD.—There were eighteen members exclusive of the President (eight official and ten non-official). Seventeen Meetings were held (twelve monthly and five special). The average attendance of the members at each Meeting was four official and two non-official.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,

Secretary.

No. 332. ORDER THEREON, 25th February 1875, No. 438.

The short expenditure of the allotment for New Works was, as remarked by the Board of Revenue, decidedly unsatisfactory, but it is observed that it resulted, to a great extent, from causes beyond the control of the executive officers, many of which, moreover, are not likely to be annually recurring. The expenditure on Repairs was satisfactory.

2. Mr. Garthwaite's report on the state of Education in Canara is interesting and instructive, but the Government cannot, at present, hold out any hope of an increased grant from Provincial Funds. It is presumed that under the new scheme lately introduced the lower-class schools are on a less expensive scale. They desire to have a report regarding the new school building at Basarur, which is said to have been reported unsafe by the District Engineer. The statistics quoted by Mr. Garthwaite are more unfavorable to Canara than those of later date, the improvement being evidently the result of the action taken by the Local Fund Board.

3. It is observed that there is now a Dispensary in working order in every taluq in the district, and that the institutions appear to be appreciated by the people.

4. The Vaccination operations amounted to 12,701, at 3 Annas and 8 Pies per subject, which must be considered satisfactory, taking into account the wide area over which the work extended.

5. The sanitary arrangements during festivals appear to have been successfully conducted at a very moderate cost, viz., Rupees 378 for four festivals.

(True Extract.)

D. F. CARMICHAEL,

Acting Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.

„ Public Works Department.

„ Revenue Department.

„ Accountant General.

„ Sanitary Commissioner.

„ Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.

„ Director of Public Instruction.

„ President, Municipal Commission, South Canara.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

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From H. S. THOMAS, Esq.,

TO J. GROSE, ESQ.,

WITH reference to No. 73 of the Local Fund Rules, I have the honor, by desire of the Local Fund Board of this Circle, to submit the usual annual Report on their operations during the past official year 1873-74, accompanied by the returns prescribed in the Revenue Board's Circular Enclosures Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. Statement No. 7 is blank.

Memorandum, dated the 20th June 1873, No. 867.

2. LOCAL FUND BOARD AND MEETINGS.—The Local Fund Board of this Circle consists of eighteen members, exclusive of the President; eight of these are official members, and ten non-official. There was during the year under report one casualty among the members of the Board, M.R.R. Kodot Chatu having died about the beginning of the official year. His brother M.R.R. Kodot Amboo was appointed to succeed him.

3. The number of meetings held during the year was seventeen, of these twelve were monthly general meetings, and five were special meetings. The total number of members that attended the several meetings was 102 ; of these sixty-seven were official members and thirty-five non-official, giving an average of six members for each meeting, in the proportion of four official and two non-official.

4. Of the ten non-official members of the Local Fund Board, only two reside in the town of Mangalore, where the meetings are invariably held. The remaining eight non-official members are residents of the different taluqs; five of these attended the special meeting convened for the consideration of the budget. These members, it may be remarked, are prevented from attending oftener by reason of the distance of their residence from Mangalore, and the consequent expense incurred in travelling.

5. With the exception of the Treasury Deputy-Collector and the Zillah Surgeon, who are permanently located at head-quarters, the rest of the official members are prevented from attending the meetings regularly in consequence of their being repeatedly called away on duty into the taluqs. The Inspector of Schools is generally out of the district for nearly five-sixths of the year.

6. GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS AND MATERIAL CHANGES.—The following is a summary of the chief changes in the administration of the Local Funds.

7. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.—Two dispensaries were opened during the year at Cassergode and Cundapur, the former in July and the latter in August 1873. With these institutions and the two at Udipy and Uppinangady established in the previous year, and the one at Mangalore maintained by the joint-aid of the Local and Municipal Funds, the district is provided with a dispensary at the head-quarter station of each of its five taluqs.

8. The operations of the four Dispensaries under the immediate management of the Local Fund Board are shown in the subjoined abstract :—

Dispensary at	Remaining on 1st April 1873.	Admitted in 1873-74.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining on 31st March 1874	Average daily sick
Udipy	22	929	939	7	5	14.01
Uppinangady	16	1,635	1,641	3	7	16.60
Cundapur	...	590	574	1	15	10.12
Cassergode... ..	...	462	449	4	9	9.01
Total...	38	3,616	3,603	15	36	49.74

9. These institutions were for the most part of the year under the charge of Medical subordinates of the Hospital Assistant grade, who about the end of the official year were re-placed by

passed Hospital apprentices, agreeably to the Orders of Government, dated the 17th September 1873, No. 960, Public Department.

10. Permanent buildings were provided for three out of the four Dispensaries, and for the fourth (Uppinangady) a temporary building has recently been erected. From want of sufficient accommodation, no in-patients were admitted into the Dispensaries in 1873-74.

11. Copies of the reports submitted by the medical subordinates in charge of the Dispensaries are forwarded, with reference to paragraph 13 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated the 20th June 1873, No. 867.

12. VACCINE DEPARTMENT.—For vaccine operations a comparatively larger amount was provided in the budget of 1873-74, with a view to admit of the re-organization of the department by an increased staff. But at the commencement of the year, small-pox made its appearance in parts of the Circle which rendered it necessary to engage the services of an additional number of vaccinators as a temporary measure. About this time, the Collector brought to the notice of the Local Fund Board a proposal to pay small rewards to persons submitting to vaccination, as such a system was tried in Malabar, and was there found to work with marked success. The Local Fund Board resolving to try the experiment, placed a sum of Rupees 200* at the Collector's disposal

* In March 1873.

with the approval of the Board of Revenue, and this arrangement necessarily postponed the re-organization of the department till the result of the experiment could be known.

13. A reward of 1 Anna was at first proposed to be given to such persons as offered themselves to be vaccinated in the presence of the Tahsildar; but the difficulty of securing the presence of the vaccinators with these officers proved an obstacle to the free utilization of the amount placed at the Collector's disposal. It was, therefore, thought necessary to double the rate of reward and to authorize the village Potails to disburse the money. For this purpose, a further sum of Rupees 150 was placed at the Collector's disposal on the 16th June 1873. The Collector's report, dated the 18th August 1874, shews that this latter arrangement has not had a fair trial, as some of the Potails to whom funds were supplied were apparently not well selected, while the villages of others were not visited at all by the vaccinators, apparently because they could not visit every village. It is stated, however, that fresh efforts have since been made for the experiment being fully and more carefully tried. A separate report on the subject will be shortly submitted, with reference to G. O., dated 26th July 1873, No. 1,066, Financial Department.

1872-73. 1873-74

1	1	Superintendent on Rupees 70 per mensem.
4	5	First Class Vaccinators on Rupees 18
7	7	Second " " on " 10
0	6	Temporary " " on " 10
12	19	

14. The Vaccine staff paid from Local Funds in the year under report is given in the margin. The result of their operations shews a net increase of only 597 over the number vaccinated in the previous year, as shewn in the subjoined table :—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.		
Successful cases	10,560	10,618	58	
Unsuccessful "	349	531	182	
Unknown	1,195	1,552	357	
Total...	12,104	12,701	597	

15. This result does not however afford any indication of improvement over the position noticed in the previous year, notwithstanding that the system of rewards was introduced though on a small scale, the number of vaccinators was larger by seven for three months; and small-pox appeared in the district.

16. The subjoined abstract shews the result of Vaccine operations carried out by the medical subordinates in charge of the four Local Fund Boards Dispensaries :—

	Udipy.	Uppinangady.	Cundapur.	Casser-gode.	Total.
Successful... ..	149	45	23	28	245
Unsuccessful	27	10	3	7	47
Unknown	14		5		19
Total...	190	55	31	35	311

17. EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.—The remarkable incident in the Educational operations of the Local Fund Board was the abolition of the House-tax, a source of income created with the establishment of the Local Fund Boards, but the collection of which was met by much discontent on the part of the tax-payers. In consequence of this the funds at the disposal of the Local Fund Board, for Educational purposes, were reduced to almost nothing. This circumstance would have undoubtedly crippled the progress of education had not the Government been pleased to sanction a timely grant from Provincial Funds to supplement the savings from General Funds for the up-keep of the existing schools.

18. On the abolition of the House-tax, proposals were invited for the diffusion of Elementary education which devolved under the Act on the Local Fund Board, and a scheme of payment of capitation grant in addition to Result grants under a modified system, calculated to be "mainly in the direction of helping those who most need help," was submitted; but this scheme did not find favor with the Board of Revenue and the Special Department. Just about the time that the objections against it were to be answered in detail, the Inspector of Schools supplied a fresh proposal to pay fixed stipends, combined with Result grants. As this scheme was considered to be a decided improvement over the arrangements under which the schools were then worked, the Local Fund Board adopted it. This scheme has since received the sanction of Government, in their Proceedings, dated the 7th July 1874, No. 1,126, Financial Department.

19. Of the twenty-five Union Schools which existed at the beginning of the year, the one at Navur was abolished for want of attendance. The remaining twenty-four and forty-two private Result Grant Schools, making a total of sixty-six against fifty-eight in the previous year, were supported by the Local Fund Board.

20. The Inspector of Schools who examined the Union Schools in the year placed twelve of them in the "Middle Class" and the rest in the "Lower Class" as Elementary Schools, to which class the forty-two Result Grant Schools also belong. The "Middle Class" Union Schools were attended by 687 pupils and the "Lower Class" Union Schools by 1,682 pupils. The total number of pupils that attended the several classes of schools was 2,656 against 1,882 or 774 more than in the previous year.

21. The cost of the Union Schools varied from Rupees 1,296 (Moolky) to Rupees 154* (Hiriadka); and the Results grants from Rupees 100 to Rupees 12. The total cost of the Union Schools amounted to Rupees 10,696 (exclusive of school fees) and that of the Result Grant Schools to Rupees 1,514. The average cost to the Local Fund Board for educating a pupil in the former was Rupees 11, while in the latter it was little less than a rupee.

* The abolished Navur School is excepted.

22. The Middle Class Schools were for the most part well-attended and tolerably well-conducted. They were of about the same standing as the Government Taluq Schools. The Lower Class Schools were in many instances thinly attended and not well taught. A copy† of Mr. Garthwaite's memorandum on the results of his inspection is enclosed for the Board's information.

† Enclosure 12.

23. ADDITIONAL ITEMS THROWN ON LOCAL FUNDS.—The expenses on account of lunatics other than criminal lunatics were thrown by Government on the Local Funds in May 1873; and the Local Fund Board undertook the charge of maintaining seventeen travellers bungalows, which arrangement has been approved by Government, in their Proceedings, dated the 3rd September 1873, No. 1,248, Financial Department.

24. I shall now detail the financial transactions of the Local Funds. The "Union Fund" having died with the abolition of the House-tax, and there being no "Endowment Fund" in this Circle, the following remarks refer only to I. the Road Fund, and II. the General Fund.

25. ROAD FUND RECEIPTS.—The chief items of revenue under this head, and the sums realized on account of them as compared with the budget estimates of the year, are shown below :—

Items.	Estimates.	Actuals.	Increase.	Decrease.
Balance at the beginning of the year ...	RS. 27,310	RS. 21,056	RS. ...	RS. 6,254
Rates and Taxes—				
Arrears of Road Cess under Act III. of 1866.	...	34	34	...
One-third Land Cess under Act IV. of 1871.	57,190	54,211	...	2,979
Additional appropriation by Local Fund Board.	4,300	4,300	...	...
Grants from Government—				
Provincial Funds ...	47,350	47,350	...	...
Special Funds ...	22,700	22,988	288	...
Tools ...	6,690	6,278	...	412
Miscellaneous receipts ...	100	1,466	1,366	...
* As estimated and taken to account in the List of Incomplete works in 1873-74 ...	1,65,640	1,57,683	...	Net. 7,957

26. BALANCE.—The decrease under this item is owing to the amount of balance as per revised and adjusted Accounts of 1872-73 submitted to the Revenue Board on the 21st March 1874 having been entered under Actuals, while the figures under Estimates show the amount of closing balance as per Accounts sent with the previous year's report.

27. LAND CESS.—The slight falling off under Land Cess is consequent on the kists not having been realized so punctually as was anticipated.

28. FERRY RENTS. SPECIAL FUNDS.—The slight increase under this item is due to arrears of last year having been realized in 1873-74.

29. TOLLS.—The falling off under tolls is consequent on the contracts for the privilege of collecting tolls having been sold for less amounts.

30. MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.—The increase under this head is owing to recoveries of expenditure by the Public Works Department.

31. EXPENDITURE.—The several allotments and the expenditure incurred under each head of the Road Fund are given below :—

Items.	Allotment.	Expenditure.
New Works ...	RS. 59,489	RS. 39,669
Repairs ...	68,875	62,628
Establishment—		
Share of cost of Public Works Department		
Supervision ...	20,360	26,307
Charges in connection with Tolls and Ferries.	...	1,208
Share of cost of General Management...	1,600	1,458
Contingencies ...	200	...
Petty Establishment ...	* 5,360	4,213
Tools and Plant ...	1,750	2,406
Contributions ...	1,410	1,411
Road Fund Reserve ...	2,106	...
Miscellaneous charges including advance recoverable ...	...	102
	1,61,150	1,39,402

* Includes Rupees 600 for preparing a register of roads.

32. New Works.—The total allotment for new works carried out from the Road Fund was distributed as follows :—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS. A. P.	
Construction, etc., of roads ...	23,210	18,041 9 4	Vide Enclosure 13.
Do. of bridges ... {On Imperial roads.	21,680	13,197 11 3	
... {On District roads.	9,370	8,051 4 0	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements connected with District communications ...	5,229	378 10 0	
	59,489	39,669 2 7	

33. The accompanying Statement No. 4 exhibits in detail the roads and bridges on which the above expenditure was made, and the progress made on each work. On such of them as seem to require special notice, remarks are made.

34. Road from Jalsoor to Subramanya.—This road has been completed in the year under report. It is 26½ miles long. The total estimate for it amounting to Rupees 17,400, was sanctioned in G. O., 12th July 1871, No. 1,197, and 4th March 1872, No. 225, Financial Department.

35. Road from Hossangady to Shenkranarayana.—The allotment provided for this road was not spent because the estimate for it was not prepared. It has since been submitted and sanctioned in G. O., 29th June 1874, No. 1,089, F. D., and the delay has been disposed of in G. O., 23rd July 1874, No. 204, P. W. D., and the funds for completion in the current year have been provided by the Local Fund Board.

36. ROAD FROM MULKY VIA TAREPADI AND BAIPE TO JOIN THE SHEDDYA ROAD TO MANGALORE.—The estimate for this work was sanctioned in Revenue Board's Proceedings, 24th June 1873, No. 3,825, but only 4½ miles out of about fourteen miles have been opened to bridlepath up to the end of the official year 1873-74. From the District Engineer's report, it appears that the Range Officer was not able to procure a sufficient number of laborers to utilize the entire allotment.

37. OPENING ROAD FROM MULKY BAZAAR TO THE SEA CUSTOM HOUSE.—The estimate furnished by the District Engineer for this road was found to exceed largely the cost originally contemplated, and the necessity for the line estimated for by the District Engineer was questioned by the Revenue officers. The Local Fund Board have since decided that a small road from the Salt Kotaur to the river is all that is required at Mulky, and an allotment has been made for carrying it out during the current year.

38. SANOOR BRIDGE.—An estimate of Rs. 11,920 for a timber bridge at Sanoor on the Agoomby road was sanctioned in G. O., 26th September 1873, No. 1,378, F. D., and though ample allotment was made for pushing on the work, it was much impeded owing to the ryots having constructed a dam for irrigation, and the large amount that would become necessary to pay as compensation for its removal. The necessary funds for its completion have, however, been provided in the current year.

39. TIMBER GIRDER BRIDGE AT BRAHMARAKUTTA NEAR BUNTWALL.—The Local Fund Board are informed by the District Engineer that the completion of this bridge before the end of the official year 1873-74, was obstructed by the difficulty in procuring timber of the requisite dimensions. Consequently nothing more than the piers appear to have been finished, and these the storm of 7th May 1874, has washed away.

40. IRON GIRDER BRIDGE AT BUDOLLY.—The iron girders ordered for this bridge not having been received by the Range Officer till the close of the official year, accounts for the non-completion of this work.

41. The variations between the allotments and expenditure on the other new works are accounted for in the remarks in Statement No. 4 accompanying.

42. **REPAIRS.**—The allotment and expenditure under Road Fund Repairs, which comprises the maintenance allowance of roads, repairs to bridges, and miscellaneous items, such as the repair of ferry boats, ferry platforms, ferry sheds, etc., are noted below:—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.
Maintenance of roads ...	Imperial .. 36,270	36,257 (<i>Vide</i> Enclosure 13.)
	District ... 14,840	14,218
Repairs to Bridges ...	On Imperial Roads.. 13,925	10,129 (<i>Vide</i> Enclosure 13.)
	On District Roads... 3,140	1,640
Miscellaneous Items ...	700	384
Total ...	68,875	62,628

43. It will be seen that for the above sum of Rupees 50,475, 773 miles of road have been maintained in the year under review. This gives an average of Rupees 65 a mile.

* Enclosure 14.

44. The enclosed Mileage Statement* contains remarks as to the manner in which the above roads have been maintained.

45. All the roads were under the charge of the Public Works Department. Those that were formerly under the Revenue Department were made over to the Special Department in 1873-74, in consequence of the Tahsildars not having sufficient time to exercise as much supervision over the work as is desirable.

46. Out of the eleven timber, etc., bridges, for repairs to which funds were provided in 1873-74, the repairs to four were fully completed, the renewal of two was partially finished, and the work on the rest was in progress.

47. **Public Works Department Supervision.**—The share of the cost of the Public Works Department Establishment charged to the Road Fund was Rupees 26,307. For this sum, the Local Fund Board have had work charged at Rupees 1,00,473 turned out. The ratio is 100 to 382, against 100 to 376, in the previous year.

48. **Tools and Plant.**—The amount charged under this head is that communicated by the Accountant-General, and is nearly 2 per cent. on the total expenditure in the year by the Public Works Department.

49. **Contribution.**—The debit under contribution shews the amount of moiety of toll collections at Sullya in 1872-73, transferred to the Government of Coorg, agreeably to G. O., 1st June 1872, No. 857, Revenue Department.

50. The receipts of the Road Fund amounted to Rupees 1,57,683, the expenditure to Rupees 1,39,402, leaving a balance of Rupees 18,281, which has been fully appropriated in the List of Incomplete works submitted to the Board of Revenue, on the 8th June 1874.

51. **II. GENERAL FUND—Receipts.**—The estimated and actual receipts of this fund are shown in the following abstract:—

Items.	Estimates.	Actuals.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Balance ...	6,850	6,045	...	805
One third of Land Cess ...	28,600	27,105	...	1,495
Grants from Provincial Funds ...	10,020	11,520	1,500	...
Avenues ...	300	197	...	103
Arrears of House-tax and Cess under Act VI. of 1863 ...	...	10,824	10,824	...
School fees ...	1,330	1,356	26	...
Contributions ...	530	530	...	...
Sale of Books ...	2,000	668	...	1,332
Donations ...	...	500	500	...
Market Rents ...	2,000	...	...	2,000
Bungalow-fees ...	...	614	614	...
Miscellaneous ...	...	54	54	...
Public Works receipts and refunds of expenditure... ..	...	1,527	1,527	...
Advances Recoverable ...	...	121	121	...
Total ...	51,630	61,061	Net. 9,431	...

52. **Balance and Land Cess.**—The decrease in these two items is attributable to causes already stated in paragraphs 26 and 27 under the head of the Road Fund.

53. The slight increase under Provincial grants is due to arrears of Government grant for the marginally noted schools having been obtained and credited to the Local Funds.

Cundapur, Basrur, Gangolli, Moolky.

54. The variations under Avenues and School fees need no special remarks.

55. The collections under House-tax are the arrears of previous years. No tax was imposed for 1873-74, agreeably to the orders of Government, dated the 28th March 1873.

56. The decrease under "Sale of books" is owing to the fact that there was naturally not as great a demand for books at the Taluq Depôts as on the commencement of schools.

57. The sum of Rupees 590 shown under "Donations" is the amount of Building grant sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction in aid of a building for the use of the Buntwall Union School when it was under the management of the Commissioners, under the Rate School Act VI. of 1863. The building having been provided by the Local Fund Board, the amount was drawn and credited to Local Funds. The term donation is the Accountant-General's.

58. The Subramanya Market constructed in 1872-73, proved a total failure, as noticed in paragraph 53 of the previous year's report. The project was consequently abandoned in 1873-74, and hence there are no collections from "Market Rents."

59. The remaining items call for no special remarks.

60. **EXPENDITURE GRANT I. PUBLIC WORKS.**—The following public works were carried out from the General Funds:—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.
	RS.	RS.
<i>New Works.</i>		
Construction of a Civil Dispensary at Udipy ...	1,035	1,164
Do. of do. at Cassergode..	1,740	1,088
Do. of do. at Cundapur ...	886	722
Do. of a Chuttrum at Subramanya...	2,290	266
Do. of do. at Charmady ...	2,290	2,063
Do. of do. ...	500	130
Sinking wells ...	3,000	1,095
Plantation of avenues ...	2,170	144
Construction of School-houses ...	13,911	6,672
<i>Repairs.</i>		
Maintenance of avenues...	2,660	2,660
Repairs to Bungalows ...	1,273	615
Do. of Chuttrum and Mussaferkanas ...	200	116
	4,133	3,391

61. **DISPENSARIES.**—The Udipy Dispensary building was completed before the close of the official year 1873-74, and the Cundapur and Cassergode Dispensary buildings were very nearly ready. These have since been finished and occupied.

62. **CHUTTRUMS.**—The construction of two Chuttrums, at Subramanya and Charmady, was commenced in the year under report. The former work is still in progress, while the latter has since been completed with the exception of plastering.

63. **WELLS.**—A sum of Rupees 130 was utilized in digging three wells, at Beltangady, Suradi, and Golitattoo, in the Uppinangady Taluq, for the use of travellers.

64. **AVENUES.**—The expenditure under avenues was incurred in planting trees on the Coast Road, in the Udipy Taluq, under the superintendence of a trained maistry. The amount has been properly utilized under the supervision of the Tahsildar, and the young trees are thriving.

65. SCHOOL-HOUSES.—A sum of Rupees 2,170 was allotted for constructing School-houses at the marginally noted places, but in consequence of the abolition of the house-tax, and the want of a settled educational system, the Local Fund Board postponed the commencement of such permanent works. At Manjeshwar, however, a temporary shed at a cost of Rupees 144 was found necessary, and this has been provided.

Manjeshwar.
Kaup.
Khambadkone.
Padbidri.
Surtkal.
Improving the roof of Moolky School.

66. The expenses on account of the maintenance of Avenues and monsoon repairs to Chuttrums and Mussaferkanas are usual. The sum of Rupees 615 charged under Bungalows, was utilized in collecting materials for special emergent repairs to the Ferringapett and Kirmanjeshwar Bungalows.

67. GRANT II., EDUCATION.—The following sums were charged to the General Fund under Grant II. :—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.
	RS.	RS.
Inspection	2,410	1,861
Training Schools	1,070	1,070
Local Fund Schools... .. .	13,790	12,052
Result Grants	2,000	1,514
Book Depôts	2,000	1,688
	<u>21,270</u>	<u>18,185</u>

68. INSPECTION.—One Deputy Inspector of Schools and two Inspecting School-masters were employed in the Circle in the year under review, and in accordance with the rules, two-thirds of the salary and allowances of the former, viz., Rupees 1,227, and the full cost of the latter, viz., Rupees 634, were charged against the General Funds.

69. TRAINING SCHOOLS.—The figures under this item represent the amount of contribution paid towards the expenses of the Mangalore Normal School.

70. LOCAL FUND SCHOOLS.—The charges on account of Local Fund Schools and Book Depôts were ordinary, and do not need any special remarks.

71. GRANTS-IN-AID.—No salary grants were paid by the Local Fund Board in 1873-74.

* Enclosure 15.

A list* showing the names of the several private schools aided under the Result Grant system is enclosed.

72. GRANT III. SANITATION, MEDICAL SERVICE, ETC.—The debits against this grant were as follows :—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.
	RS.	RS.
Dispensaries	4,890	2,181
Vaccination	3,900	3,117
Sanitation	1,660	68
Bungalows	850	992
Contribution	600	600
Miscellaneous	400	179
	<u>12,300</u>	<u>7,137</u>

73. DISPENSARIES.—The actual expenditure on account of Establishment, etc., in the four Dispensaries under the Local Fund Board amounted to Rupees 2,181. The difference between the allotment and expenditure is accounted for by the fact that, owing to the non-arrival of Medical Subordinates, the dispensaries could not be opened with the commencement of the year, and that for want of buildings, no in-patients were treated in the dispensaries.

74. VACCINATION.—The actual payments made on account of the whole District Vaccine Establishment amounted to Rupees 2,802. Besides this, Rupees 165 were paid to the six Vaccinators temporarily employed, as noted in paragraph 13 of this report, and Rupees 150 were paid to the Collector for payment as rewards to persons vaccinated.

75. SANITATION.—The sum of Rupees 68 charged against this item is the amount of travelling allowance paid to Medical Subordinates deputed to superintend the sanitary arrangements carried out during the occasion of the festivals at Subramanya, Darmastala, Udipy, and Colloor, at a total cost of Rupees 310. This sum was placed at the disposal of the Tahsildars out of "Advances Recoverable" and owing to want of bills for the adjustment of the advances, the amount was not charged against "Sanitation." The adjustments will be effected in the course of the current official year.

76. The sanitary arrangements were carried out under the supervision of the Tahsildars and the Medical Subordinates specially deputed for the purpose. From the Tahsildars' reports it appears that effective measures were adopted with a view to protect the health and life of the multitudes collected on the occasions. Temporary sheds and latrines were erected, scavengers entertained, streets kept clean, pure water and other necessities of life secured, and it is satisfactory to record that no epidemics prevailed on the occasions.

77. BUNGALOWS.—The charges on account of the establishments of the bungalows taken over by the Local Fund Board were debited against the General Funds.

78. CONTRIBUTION.—The contribution of Rupees 600 was paid to the Mangalore Municipality towards the expenses of the Civil Dispensary.

79. MISCELLANEOUS.—The sum of Rupees 179 charged under this item is the cost of medicines ordered by the Local Fund Board for gratuitous distribution in the district; the medicines at the Civil Dispensaries of the Local Fund Board were available gratis at the headquarters of the taluqs, and simple medicines such as Quinine, Epsom Salts, Santonine and Jalap powder, simple and resin ointments were placed at the disposal of the Tahsildars who utilized them freely when moving about in their taluqs. The necessary instructions for the dispensing of them were furnished by the Zillah Surgeon.

80. GRANT IV.—MISCELLANEOUS.—The charges against this grant call for no special remarks.

81. The total receipts of the General Fund amounted to Rupees 61,061, the expenditure was Rupees 45,020, leaving a balance of Rupees 16,041. This is due to the collections having been larger* than the estimates by about Rupees 9,000, and some savings as well as short expenditure from the allotments made. A

portion of this balance, Rupees 5,730, has been appropriated for incomplete works of the General Fund, and the remainder was proposed to be transferred to the Road Fund to meet the several works entered in the List of Incomplete Works submitted to the Board in June last.

Memorandum by the Inspector of Schools, Sixth Division, on the Local Fund Schools of the Canara Circle, during the year 1873-74.

The Canara Local Fund Board maintained during the year 1873-74 altogether twenty-four Union Schools, of which twelve were of the middle class, containing 687 pupils, and twelve of the lower class, containing 287 pupils. The middle class schools are for the most part well attended, and tolerably well conducted schools, of about the same standing as the Government Taluq schools, i. e., giving an education partly English, partly Vernacular, sufficient to enable a diligent and clever boy who goes through the whole course to pass in the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examination, General Test, or to be admitted into the fourth class of a Provincial School, the class next below the Preparatory Matriculation Class. A few however are not so well attended, nor does their standard reach so high. These it has been proposed to transform into lower class schools. The lower class schools give a fair Vernacular education, their

main object being to make able to read with understanding ordinary Canarese books, to write a good hand, to spell well, and to apply Arithmetic to the ordinary concerns of life. The reading books contain a certain amount of useful information, but the meagre education of the masters too often does not allow of their being able to give effective instruction of this kind. These lower class schools are in many instances thinly attended, and not very well taught. The scattered distribution of the population, will probably always prevent the schools being large, but with trained teachers better taught, and the introduction of a system of part-payment on results, improvement in the instruction may be expected.

The following is a brief summary of the Inspection Reports of the Inspector of Schools of the division :—

MIDDLE CLASS SCHOOLS, CUNDAPUR.—This is one of the former Rate Schools. It has always

Total cost during the year Rupees 1,214.

* It rose to 83 at the end of the year.

1. Matriculated, untrained.
2. 4th Grade, trained.
3. Do., untrained.
4. Do., do.

whose only defect was the want of a verandah. The furniture was about sufficient, but maps were required. The instruction was favorably reported on. The Vice-President after examining the school reported on as follows :—

"The school appears to be in excellent order. The boys seem not only to learn but to understand what they are taught." The Inspector after his examination concurred in these remarks.

MOOLEY.—This is also one of the old Rate Schools, and has also always been a flourishing school.

Total cost during the year Rupees 1,296.
74 at the end of the year.

1. 8th Grade, untrained.
2. 4th do., trained.
3. 5th do., untrained.
4. None.

to that at Cundapur. The furniture was sufficient, but there was a deficiency of maps. The instruction was found fair but routine. The weakest point was Arithmetic, the masters themselves not being strong in that subject.

BUNTWALL.—Also one of the old Rate Schools. The attendance 107 was larger than at the

Total cost during the year Rupees 1,088.

two schools above-mentioned, but the instruction though equal in standard was inferior in efficiency. The attendance was divided into four classes. The salaries of the masters were respectively Rupees 35, 16, 12 and 8. One of the new school-houses had been erected here also, and there was a similar sufficiency of furniture

1. Matriculated, untrained.
2. 4th Grade, do.
3. 4th do., trained.
4. 4th do., untrained.

and want of maps. The Inspector recommended that in place of some of the masters here better men should be supplied.

PUTTUR.—This was formerly a private school. The attendance (99)† was good. It was

Total cost during the year Rupees 494.
† Now 93.

divided nominally into four classes, the highest a third class, but the classification was defective. The school was not sufficiently supplied with masters, there being only three, (on salaries of Rupees 16, 8 and 6 respectively); in consequence the results of the examination were unsatisfactory. The school was held in a matted shed. The furniture was sufficient, but there was a want of maps.

TONSSE.—This was a private school. The attendance was good 78.‡ There were nominally four classes, the highest being a 4th and the lowest consisting of three distinct classes,

Total cost during the year Rupees 370.
‡ Now 75.

making the classes really six. The upper classes were tolerably strong, which is not often the case in the schools of this circle. Some girls of good character attend this school. The school building was a mere shed. The supply of furniture and maps was deficient. The masters were three, untrained and unpassed men, on salaries of Rupees 16, 8 and 6 respectively. As regards the instruction, the results were middling, or rather tending below that point.

MUDABIDRY.—This was one of the former Rate Schools. Mudabidry may be considered the capital of the Canarese Jains, and it was hoped

Total cost during the year Rupees 618.

that a school here would help in bringing them under the influence of education. At the time of the inspection there were fifteen Jain boys at the School. The Inspector considered that it was the fault of the masters that there were not more.

* Now 55.

The total attendance was fifty-eight.* The highest class is a fourth class, but there were only six boys in it.

The School building, one of the new School-houses, was sufficiently large for the attendance; a temporary verandah had been put up. A little more furniture and a few more maps were required. The instruction was tolerably favorably reported on, but the Inspector thought that the teaching ought to be made more interesting.

1. Matriculated, untrained.
2. 4th Grade, trained.
3. 5th " "

There were three masters at this school on salaries of Rupees 20, 10 and 8 respectively.

MANJESHWAR.—This too was one of the former Rate Schools. The attendance at the time of inspection was thirty-one. It was formerly much larger. There were four classes, the highest being a third class. There were only two masters on salaries of Rupees 24 and 12

Total cost during the year Rupees 584.

At the end of the year it rose to 51.

1. 4th Grade, trained.
2. " untrained.

respectively. The school was held in the upstairs room of a shop rented for the purpose. The accommodation was very insufficient. The instruction was fair in the third and first classes, poor in the second and preparatory classes.

BARBUR.—This school is not in a flourishing state. It had an attendance of thirty-one pupils, a decrease on that of the previous year. There

Total cost during the year Rupees 572.

The attendance remained the same at the close of the year.

1. 4th Grade, trained.
2. 5th " untrained.
3. None.

were four classes, the highest being a third. All the classes were very small. There were three masters on salaries of Rupees 20, 10 and 6 respectively. The Head Master is a trained 4th Grade man of fair ability, but suffers from bad health. The results of the examination were not good probably in consequence. The School was held in a wretched mat shed. There was sufficiency of furniture and maps.

BASARUR.—This was once a Rate School subsidiary to the Cundapur Rate School. It had

Total cost during the year Rupees 675.
† Since risen to 31.

once an attendance of sixty boys, but at the date of last inspection the attendance had decreased to thirteen,† the reduction in the attendance was partly owing to the sudden introduction of a higher School fee, but probably also to the masters not taking sufficient interest in their duties. They were, however, reported on as competent. The instruction was not favorably spoken of. In regard to the building it would appear that a good deal of money had been

1. Matriculated, trained.
2. Do., do.

wasted first on the purchase of a building which had to be sold for much less than it cost; and secondly; on the erection of an expensive building on the new plan, which building could not be occupied, the Engineer, it was reported, declining to certify to its safety.

GANGOLLY.—This was also subsidiary to the Rate School at Cundapur. The attendance was

Total cost during the year Rupees 633.

* Now 37.

1. Matriculated, trained.
2. Do. do.
3. None.

maps was deficient. The class had not learnt much, but in such a place a school could not be conducted efficiently.

BAINBUR.—This was a private school. Owing to dissensions among the masters, the atten-

Total cost during the year Rupees 531.

- † 1. Matriculated, trained.
2. None do.

Masters† on salaries of Rupees 17 and 6 respectively. The school was held in the veranda of a temple, which by no means afforded proper accommodation. The furniture and maps were insufficient. The instruction was fair in the highest class (of three boys), middling in the second class (of seven boys), and bad in the lowest class (of thirteen boys). Thus the state of the school was the very reverse of what it should have been, those who formed the largest portion of the attendance getting the worst instruction.

UDAYAWARA.—This school was a private school. It was scarcely more than an elementary

Total cost during the year Rupees 563.

‡ Now 47.

1. 4th Grade, trained.
2. Do. do.
3. None.

The furniture was not quite sufficient, and some more maps were required. The instruction though somewhat low in standard, was very good as far as it went.

LOWER CLASS SCHOOLS.—Of these schools the attendance is shown below :—

Name.	Attendance at the date of inspection.	Attendance during the end of the year.	Total cost during the year.
			RS.
Bramhawar	39	26	185
Kaup... ..	24	5	238
Malpi... ..	26	13	442
Padbidri	36	42	260
Colloor	...	19	248
Mudagrama	24	26	194
Khambadkone	25	25	313
Vitla	24	27	209
Suratkal	...	20	243
Ariyady	...	31	193
Hosadrug	41	40	267
Hiriyadka... ..	...	13	154

Malpi had four classes, there being a small higher class of four boys, but all the others had only three classes, the highest being a second class and the lowest a preparatory one. There are generally two Masters, but some schools have only one Master, the Head Master being paid 10 Rupees and the Second Master 6 Rupees per mensem, but at Malpi the Head Master gets 14 and

the Second Master 10, while at Hosadrug the Head Master gets Rupees 8 and the Second Master gets Rupees 5 per mensem. Bramhawar had only one Master on Rupees 10. He was a trained matriculate, and his school did very well at the examination. Of the other twenty Masters, two are trained and passed, two passed only, and sixteen neither trained nor passed. The school at Kaup did fairly at the inspection; that at Malpi not quite so well. The school at Padbidri passed a very good examination. At Mudagrama the Inspector found the instruction not in so satisfactory a state, while at Khambadkone it was decidedly bad. The school at Vitla did fairly. The examination of the schools at Suratkal and Ariyady was entrusted to the Deputy Inspector: they were unfavorably reported on. Of the Hosadrug School, the Inspector speaks well. That at Hiriyadka at the date of his visit was permanently closed for want of attendance. It was re-opened on the 25th March last, with an attendance of thirteen boys.

In conclusion, it may be remarked that the Inspector recommended that Basarur, Malpi, Barkur, Manjeshwar and Hosadrug, all of which were nominally middle class schools at the date of inspection, should be reduced to the rank of lower class schools; and that those at Gangolli, Mudabidry and Baindur should be tried for a year longer as middle class schools, at the end of which time, should the attendance not increase, they should be reduced. Also that that at Udayawara should be raised to the rank of a middle class school. He also recommended that all the schools should be put on the system of part payment by results.

It is to be observed that even after taking into account the private lower class schools aided on the result system, having an attendance of 1,682, and even counting all the children (718) in the primary classes of middle class schools as the subject of merely elementary education, the provision for elementary education in Canara is exceedingly small. Allowing for a few private schools that may not be under inspection, the number of which must be very small, out of a population of nearly one million, not more than below some four thousand are receiving any education at all, be it higher, middle, or lower class, and by the last statistics published on this subject by the Director of Public Instruction, South Canara occupies the lowest place in the proportion of educated to uneducated population. The Local Fund Board's resources are not sufficient to enable it to cope adequately with this state of things, and it is to be earnestly desired that Government should come to its aid with such a grant as would enable the Board to bring the elementary education in South Canara to at least a level with what it is in the adjacent district of Malabar.

CANNANORE,
28th April 1874.

(Signed) L. GARTHWAITE,
Inspector of Schools,
6th Division.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
President.

Annual Medical Report of Civil Dispensary, Udipi, for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

Remained 31st March 1873	22
Admitted... ..	929
Discharged	939
Died	7
Remaining 31st March 1874... ..	5
Average daily sick... ..	14.01

The climate of this station, as far as my experience goes, was generally good. The season throughout the year was favorable. The rain was sufficient though less than that of the previous year. Crops abundant and articles of diet were of moderate price. There are neither tanks nor irrigating canals, so the ryots have to depend upon periodical rains for cultivation. The health of the inhabitants in the town and in the surrounding villages was tolerably good during the year.

2. There was no cholera, but small-pox which was prevalent during 1872 continued till July 1873, attacking a few persons in adjacent villages but not a man in the town. Measles in mild form prevailed throughout the taluq from September to February last.

3. There were forty-nine admissions of Intermittent fever, having been mild in its attack, it easily cured. From the statements of patients who suffered from the disease, I am led to believe, that most of them had contracted it over the Western Ghats.

4. There were nineteen cases of Remittent fever admitted during the year. Although the fever was very severe in its attack, yet one case only proved fatal.

5. Twenty cases of dysentery were admitted. This disease prevailed from the beginning of August to January last.

6. *Diarrhoea*.—The cases admitted under this head numbered thirty-two. It prevailed to some extent in the early part of last year.

7. The celebration of "Pereya" feast began on 7th January last and continued till the 16th, on which date it came to a close. The number of people who had assembled from remote and various localities to witness the occasion, it is said, amounted to about 20,000. It is gratifying to note that no epidemic broke out. Dysentery prevailed to a small extent. No deaths occurred except in the case of a brahmin who is said to have died from starvation.

The sanitation of the town was properly attended to, and was satisfactory, only that the latrines for public use were located in the heart of the town to the great annoyance of the people surrounding, and contrary to the rules of sanitation.

UDIPY,
31st March 1874.

(Tigned) P. SOOBANADREE,
3rd Class Hospital Assistant.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) J. ZACHARIAH,
2nd Class Hospital Assistant.

For March 1874.

I took charge of the Dispensary on 2nd March 1874, from 3rd Class Hospital Assistant P. Soobanadree.

There have been eighty-three cases admitted during the month. Of these, the principal have been eighteen Constipation, ten Ulcers, five Chronic Bronchitis, three Rheumatism and three Diarrhoea. The admission when compared with that of the corresponding month of last year, has been almost a little more than a half, thus shewing that there has been considerable decline in the prevailing diseases during the month under report. No deaths occurred but one, an old brahmin, who had been subject to a long standing Dyspepsia and Asthma, fell a victim to the latter, it having been complicated with the Disease of the Heart.

No epidemics prevailed during the month.

Having been in charge for a short period, I am unable to report in detail better than what has been already stated.

UDIPY,
1st April 1874.

(Signed) J. ZACHARIAH,
2nd Class Hospital Assistant.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
President.

ENCLOSURE No. 8.
1873-74.

Annual abstract Return of sick and mortality, dated 1st April 1874.

Corps or Department.	Remained.	ADMITTED 1873 TO 1874.										Total.	Total treated.	Died.	Average strength	Average daily sick.		
		April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.						February.	March.
Civil Dispensary, Cassergode.								41	74	82	98	90	77	462	462	4	5,866	9.01

CASSERGODE,
1st April 1874.

(Signed) D. WOOTEN,
Passed Hospital Apprentice.

CONCISE MEDICAL REPORT.

The sanitary state of the town Cassergode is not very satisfactory. The main road is the only part that exhibits a cleanly view. The by-paths and lanes, are in a very unsafe, sanitary condition, being strewn about with dried leaves, collections of rubbish, and remains of excreta of both man and animals, thus acting either as a source of disease, or favoring the spread of contagion; moreover, the compounds of almost every house within the taluq is much in the same state. This arises, nearly from the fact of there having never been in existence in this taluq such a class of menials designated as scavengers. The rain-fall during the year has been comparatively less than usual. The climate is moderate and healthy, the hottest part of the year being the months of May and April, and the coolest those of September and October. The country is undulating, and bestrewn with hillocks. Soil laterite, water-supply very good, but insufficient, procured from wells, provisions priced moderate.

2. No epidemics have taken place during the year, save a few cases of Small-pox.

3. Total number of admissions 462. The most prevalent diseases were Rheumatism, Ague, Ulcers, Syphilis, and Cutaneous affections. Four deaths have taken place, one from Small-pox, one from Asthma, one from Ulcer (Chronic) and one from Parturition. The Hospital is now situated in one of the cells of the Subsidiary Jail, which answers the present purpose. The Dispensary is under construction, and will in the course of a month or two more be fit for use. As I have just joined the taluq, I am unable to afford any further information regarding the place.

CASSERGODE,
1st April 1874.

(Signed) D. WOOTEN,
Passed Hospital Apprentice.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
President.

ENCLOSURE No. 9.

Annual Medical Report on the Civil Dispensary, Cundapur, for the official year 1873-74. This dispensary was opened on the 22nd August 1873 for the treatment of out-patients. There were 590 admissions and one death (from Diarrhoea) during the period.

The prevailing diseases were as follows:—
Ague (62) Rheumatism (35) Bronchitis (23) Ulcers (34) and Itch (25). Thirty-one cases were vaccinated; twenty-three successful, three unsuccessful, and five unknown.

CUNDAPUR,
16th April 1874.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
President.

ENCLOSURE No. 10.
1873 74.

Annual abstract return of sick of out-patients treated in the Civil Dispensary at Uppinangady for the official year 1873-74, ending 31st March 1874.

Corps or Department.	MONTHS												Total sick.	Died.	Average daily sick.	Remarks.
	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.				
Civil Dispensary at Uppinangady	138	138	174	167	105	82	97	84	188	179	155	128	1,635	3	16.60	

UPPINANGADY
1st April 1874.

(Signed) E. C. RADFORD,
Passed Hospital Apprentice.

Annual Medical Report of the Civil Dispensary at Uppinangady for the official year ending 31st March 1874.

2. The Civil Dispensary at this station has not as yet been erected, but the Local authorities rent a bazaar for the purpose in which the compounding table and almirah cannot enter on account of its being too small, and is also ill-ventilated, in which building the duties of the Hospital have to be carried on, the compounding has to be performed in an inner room where it is dark, on a low cot.

4. The rain-fall during the past year is said to have been heavy; the sanitation of the place seems to be very defective, and indifferently carried out, heaps of filth collected in several places, good natural drainage.

6. The admissions during the year were 1,635, the majority of which were intermittent fevers, and a few cases of acute Dysentery.

8. At present the work is very lax owing to the people not calling for medicines, there are a few cases attending daily and regularly, the majority of whom are Police Constables. One

in-patient, a female, who was very severely wounded, is doing well, and hopes are entertained of her recovery. The disadvantages with regard to special emergent cases being treated as in-patients are great; there are no mattresses, native cloths, bed pans or any proper building, and the subordinate in charge has every trouble in procuring chickens or other dieting articles so as to support the patient, as is the case with the unfortunate woman at present treated as an in-patient. The Local Fund authorities allow but 3 Rupees permanent advance, out of which I have to procure Castor-oil and other bazaar medicines, besides the cloth, oil, etc., for the out-patients, and now I have to purchase articles from my own private funds for the use of the case above mentioned. One ounce of oil is allowed to burn in the Dispensary at night from 6 to 9 P.M. The Jail Hospital has been built immediately behind the Cutcherry, but during the monsoons it will not afford proper shelter to any patient who may be treated at the time, as at present it causes inconvenience and unpleasant feeling to the patient (wounded case) of an evening when the wind blows rather severe, and at nights a chilliness from the cold night air.

(True Copy.)

UPPINANGADY,
1st April 1874.

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
President

Exd. G. A. Turton.

Dr Frank No 2616 of 1874

Part of 18 April 73 Dec 78-79.
19 March 74 - 179-180

Financial Department
(Local Fund)

1874.

Board of Revenue,
MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 2ND DECEMBER 1874, No. 3,485.

Dup 10 Dec 74

Encl.

Received

11 Dec 74

p 2616

DECEMBER.

No. 3,485.

Local Fund Report—of South Canara Circle for 1873-74, reviewed and submitted for information of Government.—Controller of Public Works Accounts requested to report regarding the expenditure opposite to Tolls and Ferries, and President to state the number of travellers that halted in the several Bungalows of the Circle.

Financial Report

Financial Department

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter *Pro.*

of the Board of Revenue,
dated 2nd December
1874, No. 3485.

Order thereon 25 February 1875 No 438

P 21/2

The short expenditure of the allotment for new Works was, as remarked by the Board of Revenue, decidedly unsatisfactory, but it is observed that it resulted, to a great extent, from causes beyond the control of the executive officers, many of which, moreover, are not

not likely to be annu-
ally recurring. The ex-
penditure on repairs
was satisfactory.

Mr. Garthwaite's
report on the state
of education in Canara
is interesting and in-
structive, but the fact
cannot, at present,
hold out any hope
of an increased grant

from Provincial funds.
It is presumed that under the new system lately
introduced the lower class schools are on a less
expensive scale.
They ~~hope~~ desire to
have a report regard-
ing the new school
building at Basar
which is said to have
been reported unsafe
by the District Su-
perintendent.

The statistics quoted by Mr. Garthwaite are more unfavorable
to Canara than those of last year, the improvement being evidently the result of the action
taken by the Local Board.
It is observed that

that the report has
undue expense & many of
the schools - in the lower
schools the average is all by 10
per boy. Some of the others are
very high - this is to be writ-
ten & altered MA

through well
to note this
21/2

Canara stands far better
than the other Districts

in the reports for 1872-73
and 1873-74. H

27a
there is now a Dispensary in working order
in every taluk in the
District and that the
institutions appear to
be appreciated by the
people.

The vaccination op-
erations amounted to
12,701 at 3 annas and
8 pice per subject, which
must be considered sa-
tisfactory taking into
account the wide area
over which the work ex-
tended.

The Sanitary arrange-
ments during festivals
appear to have been suc-
cessfully conducted at
a very moderate cost,
viz. - Rs 378 for four
festivals.

The Board of Revenue.

15/2

Report of the Canadian
Council for 1873-74.

Govt. of 1873 & 1874.

To
Per Br

Dated 25-9-74
1874, No. 438

Recd.

Nos. 331-2

Canada Council. The document
referred to the authorities of the
Council during 1874, forwarded

Despatch 2 R

Despo
11/3

906-114

The Board of Revenue. 14.
Public Works Dept. 16
Revenue Dept. 6
Accountant General 6
Sanitary Commission 6
Surgeon. Genl. Engrs. Dept. 6
Directors of Public Instruction 6
President, Municipal Councils
South Canada