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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

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353-360

Dated 30-4- 1874.

53/54

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Financial Department,
30th April 1874.

Read the following papers :—

No. 353. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 3rd March 1874, No. 459.

Read the following letters :—

From the Acting President of the Local Fund Boards, Salem District, dated 11th October 1873, No. 614.

Abstract.—Submitting the Budget Estimate of Local Fund Receipts and Charges of the Salem Circle for 1874-75.

From the same Officer, dated 21st November 1873, No. 707.

Abstract.—Forwarding the Local Fund Budget of the Oossoor Circle for 1874-75.

From the same Officer, dated 19th January 1874, No. 54.

Abstract.—Requesting that certain alterations may be made in the Budget of the Salem Circle for 1874-75.

From the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras, dated 5th November 1873, No. 1,775.

Abstract.—Submitting observations on the provision made for Sanitary purposes in the Budget Estimate of the Oossoor Circle for 1874-75.

From the same Officer, dated 5th November 1873, No. 1,782.

Abstract.—Submitting observations on the provision made for sanitary purposes in the Budget Estimate of the Salem Circle for 1874-75.

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 18th December 1873, Nos. 2,530 and 2,531.

Abstract.—Remarking on the provision made for Educational purposes in the Budget Estimate of the Salem and Oossoor Circles for 1874-75.

The Local Fund Budgets of the Salem and Oossoor Circles for 1874-75 will be submitted for the orders of Government with the following remarks :—

SALEM.

2. Statement I.-A., Revenue and Receipts.—The estimated receipts of the year are made up of—

	RS.
1. Balances	29,300
2. Allotments from General Revenue...	35,190
3. Rates and Taxes	1,21,100
4. Fees in Schools	100
5. Contributions	600
6. Endowments	1,290
7. Miscellaneous	3,130
Total...	1,90,710

3. The balances seem to be carefully calculated.

4. The current year's figures are repeated for the Provincial grant for roads, while the grant for schools is raised from Rupees 270 to Rupees 410. This is one-half of the charges which are

estimated to amount to Rupees 816 (*plus* Rupees 50 for furniture.) In 1871-72 the charges were Rupees 486, in 1872-73 Rupees 836, and in 1873-74 they are expected to amount to Rupees 940. Government have not undertaken to increase these grants with reference to the changing circumstances of the schools, and the estimate must accordingly be reduced to the sanctioned amount, viz., Rupees 270.

5. A sum of Rupees 1,100 is entered as the probable receipts from the toll over the Cauvery bridge at Bhowany, which has been transferred from the Coimbatore Circle— *Vide* Board's Proceedings, dated 4th February 1873, Miscellaneous No. 651.

6. The contribution to be paid by the Salem Municipality for Educational Inspection is the same as they paid, whilst the Local Fund paid part of the cost of the Deputy Inspector, but it does not seem to be large, and the Municipal Commissioners have agreed to continue it.

7. The estimate of receipts from public bungalows, Rupees 150, is Rupees 350 less than the current year's estimate, and this is said to be because the district officers have discontinued the subscriptions which they formerly paid for maintaining the bungalows.

8. From the abstract of the budget it appears that the interest on arrears of Land-cess is regarded as part of the Road Fund. As there is no law requiring this sum to be spent on roads it must be credited to the General Fund.

9. The assets of the year are—

	RS.
Road Fund	1,33,130
Endowment Fund	2,640
General Fund	54,800
Total...	1,90,570

10. GRANT I., PUBLIC WORKS, STATEMENT II., ROAD FUND RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.—The Local Fund Board propose to appropriate Rupees 6,000 from the one-third Land-cess to the Road Fund. So large an appropriation is unnecessary, and the money will be wanted by the General Fund when the scheme of education now under the consideration of the Local Fund Board is matured and sanctioned. The Board resolve, however, to recommend an appropriation of Rupees 2,000, which can be spared. With this addition the Road Fund receipts will be Rupees 1,35,130.

11. The cost of Supervision by the Public Works Department at 25 per cent. on the expenditure by that department is Rupees 10,970.

12. The provision for Petty Establishment is Rupees 3,750, which is made up of—

	RS.
2 Overseers at Rupees 75 each, including Travelling allowance	150
6 Maistries at Rupees 25 each, including do.	150
2 Lascars at Rupees 6 each	12
Total...	312 × 12 = 3,744

or Rupees 3,750 in round numbers. To this sum should be added Rupees 360 as desired by the President to meet the salaries of the two Overseers' Clerks, thus raising the cost of the Petty Establishment to Rupees 4,110.

13. The share of the cost of General management should be Rupees 1,630.

14. The Road Fund reserve will be Rupees 11,360.

15. The total Road Fund expenditure of the year is Rupees 1,34,480, and the balance is Rupees 650.

16. STATEMENT II.-A., PART I., NEW WORKS.—The fourth item in Part I. of Statement II.-A. is an unsanctioned but urgently required work, for which the President promises to submit plans and estimates at an early date.

17. PART II., REPAIRS.—The assignment for road repairs is Rupees 97,820, which is Rupees 8,820 in excess of the current year's provision. This increase is due partly to large allowances made for certain roads which require special repair, and partly to the introduction in the list of ten new roads under circumstances which are clearly and satisfactorily explained in paragraphs 39 to 42 of the President's letter. The subject of this, the most important item in the budget, has evidently received very careful attention. The roads have been divided into five classes and the rate per mile is assigned in accordance with this classification. The town roads which occupied an important place in this part of the current year's budget have been properly removed to Grant III. Item 16 in the Appendix to Part II. of the current year's budget seems to be omitted. The President will report on this point. The provision for the seven forest roads, on account of which Government make a special contribution, is increased altogether by Rupees 930.

18. Rupees 7,000 are provided for maintaining avenues, and Rupees 1,500 for repairs to public bungalows, Orr's choultries, etc.

19. For reasons stated further on Rupees 1,000 are entered under (g) Contribution, being the amount to be paid to the Salem Municipality for Hospital and Office extensions.

20. The following items under Grant I. have to be altered:—

	RS.
Public Works Supervision	10,970
Petty Establishment	4,110
Road Fund Reserve	11,360
Contribution to the Municipality	1,000

21. Grant I. is thus—

	RS.
Road Fund	1,32,850
General Fund	9,590
Total...	1,42,440

22. GRANT II., EDUCATION.—A sum of Rupees 1,600 is entered for Payment for inspection, but it should be Rupees 1,680 as detailed below :—

	RS.
1 Inspecting Schoolmaster at 35 Rs. each...	420
1 Do. at 30 ,, ...	360
1 Do. at 25 ,, ...	300
Travelling allowance for 3 at 15 ,, ...	540
Contingencies at 1½ Rs. each	54
Total...	1,674, or 1,680 in round numbers.

23. It is proposed to raise the salaries of Masters in the two Union Schools by Rupees 7 a month on the advice of the Inspector of Schools. The circumstances detailed in the report for 1872-73 scarcely justify this increase, for the average attendance at Womaloor is said to be 29½ and at Haroor 21⅓. Nevertheless the schools being old Rate Schools and of the middle class, and the total expenditure being reduced, the Board think the increase in the Masters' salaries may be allowed.

24. From the Vice-President's letter it appears that a scheme for establishing more schools is under consideration, and the Local Fund Board hope to establish a fair number in the course of the year. The large sum left unappropriated out of the General Fund will be available for this purpose.

25. Full particulars as to the Salary Grant Schools, for which Rupees 590 are provided, are given in paragraphs 65 and 66 of the President's letter. The provision of Rupees 201 for the

Girls' Schools at Tripatore and Ahtoor is disallowed, as it will have to be met from Provincial Funds from 1874-75—*Vide* paragraph 3 of G. O., Financial Department, dated 14th January 1874, No. 42.

26. Grant III., Sanitation, etc.—The charges under Grant III. are—

	RS.
1. Hospitals and Dispensaries	7,960
2. Vaccine Establishment	2,450
3. Sanitary Establishment	12,000
4. Choultries	440
5. Public Bungalows...	540
6. Miscellaneous	2,500
Total...	25,890

27. The first item exceeds the current year's allotment by Rupees 400, as explained in paragraph 69 of the President's letter. The allotments may need to be altered when the Surgeon-General's observations are received.

28. Rupees 12,000 are provided for the Sanitary purposes of the circle as specified below:—

	RS.
For the improvement of Water-supply	5,000
Do. of Village-sites	2,000
For scavengering of 14 Villages	5,000

The Sanitary Commissioner recommends that the allotment should be allowed.

29. The President is requested to furnish a list showing the names of the eleven Travellers' bungalows of the circle, and the particulars of the allotment of Rupees 540 against each bungalow for embodiment in Statement IV.-A. before it is printed.

30. The usual contribution of Rupees 2,000 for the Civil Dispensary at Salem is raised to Rupees 2,500 on account of the extension of the building. Rupees 500 should appear under Grant I. instead of under Grant III.

Vide G. O., Financial Department, dated 15th September 1873, No. 1,308.

31. The Local Fund Board propose to pay only Rupees 1,500 out of the expenditure in Grant III. from the Surplus Pagoda Funds, thus leaving an Endowment Fund balance of Rupees 1,140. This seems to the Board objectionable. The Surplus Pagoda Funds are not attached to any particular institution or institutions, so that there is no object in keeping a balance in hand. All that is necessary is to expend the funds as they accrue on sanitation. The Board have accordingly arranged the budget so as to leave no Endowment Fund balance.

32. Grant IV., Miscellaneous.—The provision for the Controlling Establishments at the Presidency should be Rupees 750.

33. Rupees 500 is entered as a contribution to the Salem Municipality for office accommodation. This sum is in addition to the allotment of Rupees 1,500* already sanctioned. The provision should appear under Grant I. as it is intended to defray a portion of the cost of the building.

* Rupees 1,000 sanctioned in the budget of 1871-72.
" 500 do. in G. O., Financial Department, dated 15th September 1873, No. 1,308.

34. Grant IV. is thus Rupees 2,300, debitable as follows:—

	RS.
Road Fund	1,630
General Fund	670

35. The General reserve is Rupees 4,840.

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36. An Abstract of the Budget with the above modifications is subjoined:—

Receipts.		Charges.			
	RS.			RS.	RS.
Road Fund...	1,33,130	Grant I ...	Road Fund... ...	1,32,850	
Endowment Fund ...	2,640		General Fund ...	9,590	1,42,440
General Fund	54,800	Grant II ...	General Fund ...	...	7,880
Road Fund.		Grant III ...	Endowment Fund.	2,640	
Receipts ... 1,33,130			General Fund ...	22,750	25,390
Appropriation. 2,000		Grant IV ...	Road Fund... ...	1,630	
1,35,130			General Fund ...	670	2,300
					1,78,010
		General Reserve		...	4,840
		Balances.			
		Road Fund	650		
		General Fund	7,070	...	7,720
Total...	1,90,570	Total...		...	1,90,570

OOSSOOR.

37. Statement I.-A., Revenue and Receipts.—The assets of the circle are made up of—

	RS.
1. Balances	3,700
2. Allotments from General Revenue	11,010
3. Rates and Taxes	50,000
4. Fees from Schools	1,460
5. Receipts from Endowments	640
6. Miscellaneous	2,570
Total...	78,520

38. The Land-cess is raised from Rupees 46,000 to Rupees 50,000, with reference to the actual collections of the previous years.

39. Fees in schools are estimated to yield Rupees 1,460. From the report on the state of education in the circle which accompanies the budget it appears that the Local Fund Board propose to assume the management of the Middle Class Schools at Royacottah and Denkencottah, and to establish, assume the management of, or revive twenty-nine Lower Class Schools, few of which will be entirely new to the villages in which they are located. These proposals are prompted by the ephemeral character of the schools now in existence. Even the Middle Class Schools already mentioned are expected to languish and die out, unless they are made Local Fund Schools, and the Results grants are not found to be effectual in keeping up Elementary Schools.

40. The Middle Class Schools are to have three Masters each, and to cost Rupees 610 per annum, of which the Local Fund Board hope to get half from Government.

41. The Lower Class Schools are to be divided into Higher Grade and Lower Grade. There are to be nine Higher Grade Schools, with two Masters each, one on Rupees 15 and one on Rs. 7, costing altogether in Masters and Servants Rupees 300 per annum. The instruction is to be elementary, but is to comprise two Vernaculars, Tamil and Telugu, as well as English. There are to be twenty Lower Grade Schools, with one Master on Rupees 10, costing altogether for the

Master and Servant Rupees 156 per annum. English is not to be taught, and there is to be only one Vernacular. Fees are to be collected in all these schools.

G. O , dated 5th December 1873, No. 1,769.

42. Besides these schools there is one which the Local Fund Board have been already allowed to assume the management of, viz., the Girls' School at Krishnagiri. This school should be omitted from the budget with reference to paragraph 3 of the G. O., Financial Department, dated 14th January 1874, No. 42.

43. The Board are of opinion that the Local Fund Board have aimed at doing too much. It would undoubtedly be a good thing if they could support both Elementary and Middle Class Schools, but they cannot afford to do so. Their first duty is to provide means for the elementary education of all the boys in the circle whose parents can be induced to send them to school, and as there are more than 50,000 boys in the circle of an age to be sent to school it is clear that they will never have money enough for that. It is one of the few points connected with Local Fund Schools, about which there has never been a doubt that they should be Elementary Schools.

44. The existence of the ephemeral Schools which the Local Fund Board propose to supersede, proves that there are persons willing and able to be Masters and boys ready for instruction. The Local Fund Board should consider whether these schools could not be made permanent at a smaller cost than is required to supersede them. The Masters might perhaps be paid Salary grants, or grants calculated on the number of their scholars, as well as Results grants, so as to give them a sufficient inducement to stick to their work.

G. O., Financial Department, dated 22nd December 1873, No. 1,876.

45. In a recent order Government have decided that a school with one Master on Rupees 12 a month is too expensive.

46. The Board think that the Local Fund Board should be asked to re-consider their scheme. It will be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for his remarks.

47. In the meantime the entries connected with the schools will be allowed to remain in the budget, with the exception of those which refer to the Middle Class Schools at Royacottah and Denkencottah. These schools, the Board are of opinion, must be disallowed on principle. The estimate of fees will accordingly be reduced to Rupees 1,160.

48. As remarked in the review of the budget of the other circle the Rupees 200 derived from interest on arrears of Land-cess appertains to the General Fund.

49. The receipts are thus—

	RS.
Road Fund	49,920
Endowment Fund	1,340
General Fund	26,960
Total...	78,220

50. Grant I., Public Works, Statement II., Road Fund Rrceipts and Expenditure.—The Local Board propose to appropriate Rupees 1,500 of the General Fund for the Road Fund, but this seems unnecessary even when the estimated income is reduced by assigning the interest on arrears of Land-cess to the General Fund.

51. The cost of Public Works supervision should be Rupees 5,060.

52. The share of the cost of General management is Rupees 660.

53. The allotment for Tools and Plant is calculated at 1½ per cent. on the proposed expenditure according to instructions from the President, but as no reasons for those instructions are given it will be reduced to the usual amount, viz., Rupees 370, or one per cent. on the expenditure. The actuals of 1871-72 and 1872-73 were Rupees 391 and Rupees 115 respectively.

54. The Road Fund reserve at 10 per cent. on the net receipts will be Rupees 4,790.

55. The expenditure will thus be Rupees 49,890, leaving a balance of Rupees 30.

56. Statement II.-A., Parts I. and II., New and Repair Works.—In Part I. Rupees 6,030 are allotted for completing the two roads entered in the current year's budget.

57. In Part II. the provision for maintenance of roads, viz., Rupees 30,870, is Rupees 6,330 less than the provision of the current year's budget. This reduction has been made advisedly, and the actual requirements of the roads are said to be amply provided for. The eighth item of the Appendix seems to be the same as the sixth item of the list. The President will report if this is the case. The seventeenth item of the Appendix seems to be a new entry. The third item of the list has been transferred from the Public Works Department to "Other Agency," but this has been done with the approval of the Executive Engineer.

58. Rupees 3,000 are allotted for avenues, and Rupees 1,500 for repairing road-side buildings.

59. The following alterations have to be made in Grant I.:—

	RS.
Cost of Supervision by Public Works Department ...	5,060
Tools and Plant...	410
Road Fund Reserve	4,790

60. With the above modifications Grant I. becomes—

	RS.
Road Fund	49,230
General Fund	4,540
Total ...	53,770

61. Grant II., Education.—Grant II. is made up of—

	RS.
1. Payment for Inspection	600
2. Local Fund Schools	6,540
3. Salary Grants	610
4. Results Grants	1,000
5. Miscellaneous	100
Total...	8,850

62. The first item should be raised to Rupees 620 to meet the salary of an Inspecting Schoolmaster at Rupees 35, and his travelling and office allowances at 16½ Rupees per month.

63. The allotment for Local Fund Schools, Rupees 6,540 *minus* Rupees 204 for the Girls' School at Krishnagiri, is left as it stands in accordance with what has been already said on that subject.

64. The provision of Rupees 610 for Salary grants, being the half cost of the Middle Class Schools which the Local Fund Board think is all they will have to pay if they assume the management of those schools, is struck out. (If the assumption of the schools were allowed the total cost should be shown under (c), and the Government grant-in-aid should appear amongst the receipts.)

65. Grant II. is thus Rupees 8,060, payable from the General Fund.

66. Grant III., Sanitation.—A sum of Rupees 2,060 is allotted for a Dispensary which the Local Board propose to open at Krishnagiri, the chief town in the taluq of that name. The Local Fund Board propose to open Dispensaries at the chief stations of the two other taluqs if this experiment is successful and there are sufficient funds. No reason is given why Krishnagiri should be shown as the locality of the first Dispensary, but the Board think it should be allowed. The allotments may have to be revised when the Surgeon-General reports on the budget.

67. Rupees 7,000, being Rupees 2,000 more than in the current year, are provided for Sanitary purposes as detailed below :—

	RS.
Improvement of Water-supply...	3,050
Do. of Village-sites	500
Scavengering, etc.	3,450

68. The allotment for the nine public bungalows (there seem to be no choultries under the care of the Local Fund Board) is increased from Rupees 280 to Rupees 500. The bungalows should be named, and the expenditure in each (at all events so far as regards establishment) should be detailed in Statement IV.-A. The President will now report these details and apply in the usual way for the increased establishment which the Local Fund Board wish to employ.

69. Grant III. is thus Rupees 10,410, of which Rupees 1,340 are to be paid out of the Surplus Pagoda Funds, and the balance Rupees 9,070 out of the General Fund.

70. GRANT IV., MISCELLANEOUS.—The contribution for the Controlling Establishments at the Presidency is Rupees 300.

71. The General reserve must be Rupees 2,600.

72. The sketch maps do not contain all the information required by Government. The names of all the places which occur in the budget designations of the roads should have been given.

73. An Abstract of the Budget as modified by the Board of Revenue is as follows :—

Receipts.	RS.	Charges.		RS.	RS.
Road Fund...	49,920	Grant I. ... Road Fund		49,230	
Endowment Fund ...	1,340	Grant I. ... General Fund ...		4,540	
General Fund	26,960				53,770
		Grant II... General Fund ...		...	8,060
		Grant III.. Endowment Fund ...		1,340	
		Grant III.. General Fund ...		9,070	
					10,410
		Grant IV. Road Fund		660	
		Grant IV. General Fund ...		380	
					1,040
					73,280
		General Reserve		...	2,600
		Balances.			
		Road Fund	30		
		General Fund	2,310	...	2,340
Total...	78,220	Total...		...	78,220

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

No. 354. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 10th March 1874, No. 1633 (Miscellaneous).

Read the following letter from Surgeon-Major G. BIDIE, M.B., Secretary to the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Fort St. George, 17th February 1874, No. 1005 :—

With reference to No. XX., Local Fund Rules, I have the honour, by desire of the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department, to submit to the Board the following remarks on the Budget for the ensuing year of the Local Fund Board

Salem Circle. Besides the Salem Hospital there are three others existing, and one proposed to be established in this circle.

2. *Salem.*—The expenses of the Salem Dispensary in 1872 amounted to Rupees 6,343, and the proposed contribution to the Municipality in its behalf is Rupees 2,500, or Rupees 500 in excess of that for 1873-74. This grant will leave a balance of Rupees 3,843 to be provided by the Municipality.

3. *Yercaud.*—The Local Fund Board propose to set apart a sum of Rupees 2,100, which will apparently be sufficient for the maintenance of the Yercaud Dispensary.

4. *Namkal.*—It is observed that, in this case, the amount allotted to cover the pay of the medical subordinate will not be sufficient, as, under the recent ruling of Government, a Hospital Apprentice must be placed in charge. The sum in the Budget for this purpose is Rupees 720, but Rupees 900 will have to be set apart.

5. *Tripatore.*—The remarks made in paragraph 4 are equally applicable in this case.

6. *Athoor.*—The amount set apart for the starting of this dispensary is not sufficient. Thus, for the initial purchase of medicine and instrument only Rupees 200 are allotted, a sum altogether insufficient. The provision under the head Medical Subordinate is also inadequate, and must be increased to Rupees 900 so as to provide for a passed Hospital Apprentice.

Submitted to Government in continuation of the Board's Proceedings, dated 3rd March 1874, No. 459.

(True Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

No. 355. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 11th March 1874, No. 1644 (Miscellaneous).

Read the following letter from J. F. PRICE, Esq., Acting President of the Local Fund Boards, Salem District, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Salem, 18th February 1874, No. 151 :—

I have the honour, as promised in paragraph 2 of my letter, No. 707, dated 21st November last, to submit, herewith, three statements (in original) received from the Vice-President of the Oossoor Circle, furnishing the requisite particulars regarding the schools, the management of which that Board proposes to undertake from April next. It would appear from the above that information is given regarding nineteen schools only. In the other villages schools are either not in existence or have only just been established.

Submitted to Government, with reference to paragraphs 39 to 47 of Board's Proceedings, 3rd March 1874, No. 459.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

No. 356. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 16th March 1874, No. 1801 (Miscellaneous).

Read the following letter from Surgeon-Major G. BIDIE, M.B., Secretary to the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Fort St. George, 10th March 1874, No. 1430 :—

With reference to No. XX., Local Fund Rules, I have the honour, by desire of the Surgeon-General, to offer the following remarks regarding the provision made in the Budget Estimate of the Oossoor Circle for the establishment of a Dispensary at Kristnagiri.

2. The provision of Rupees 1,200 for a medical subordinate will more than cover the pay and allowances of a passed Hospital Apprentice, and the Surgeon-General would suggest that the surplus, amounting to a little over Rupees 300, be added to the grant for medicines and medical apparatus which is much too small. It is apparently not contemplated to receive in-patients as there is no allotment for diets. This is to be regretted as, without arrangements for in-patients, the services of the medical man can be only partially utilized. The Surgeon-General would, therefore, recommend that a sum of Rupees 200 be entered in the budget to cover diet, and Rupees 150 to meet the cost of other necessary supplies. This will increase the estimate to the extent of Rupees 350.

Submitted to Government in continuation of the Board's Proceedings, dated 3rd March 1874, No. 459.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

No. 357. From E. B. POWELL, Esq., M.A., C.S.I., Director of Public Instruction, to the Hon. D. F. CARMICHAEL, Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated Madras, 14th March 1874, No. 426.

I have the honour to forward Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 459, of the 3rd instant, together with copy of a Report on the state of education in the Oossoor Circle addressed to the Local Fund Board. It will be seen that the Revenue Board resolved to submit the papers to Government through this office, in order that I might express my views respecting the proposals of the Local Fund Board of the Oossoor Circle.

2. I agree with the Revenue Board that, as a general rule, Local Fund Boards should not undertake the management of Middle-class Schools, such as those at Royacottah and Denkencottah, but confine their action to *bonâ fide* lower-class Schools. If, however, as has been the case elsewhere, an exception can be made now and again, I am inclined to think that Royacottah and Denkencottah might be treated exceptionally.

3. With regard to the proposal of the Oossoor Local Fund Board, that it should assume the management of certain lower-class Schools and pay the teachers fixed salaries in order to give stability to the institutions, I consider the best course would be for the Board to give the teachers small fixed salaries, amounting to about a moiety of the Results Grant which the schools are expected to earn, and to hand over the remainder in a lump after the schools have been examined. This course would tend to give stability, while affording a stimulus to the teachers, and it would at the same time conduce to economy. I have already advocated the system in other communications.

4. I am decidedly of opinion that English should not be taught in any lower-class School not intended for Europeans or East Indians, and that it should be confined to a moderate number of centres where education in English is pretty largely called for, and where English teaching schools can be efficiently supported and managed. The present Results Grant Rules, by holding out tolerably high grants for small amounts of English, are bringing about a widely-spread attempt to introduce English into lower-class Schools.

5. I imagine the Local Fund Board is in error as to the fees to be adopted in schools under its management; as I understand matters, the fixing of the fees is entirely in its hands, subject to obtaining advice from the Inspectors of Schools upon the subject.

To

THE LOCAL FUND BOARD,
Oossoor Circle.

The undersigned have the honour to submit the following report on the present state of education in the Oossoor Circle, and the scheme which they propose for adoption from the commencement of next year.

2. *Taluq Schools.*—The state of education in the Oossoor Circle is at present in a very unsatisfactory state. There are Taluq Schools at Oossoor, Kristnagiri, and Dharampury, respectively, and about the education given in these three schools no complaint can be made. But beyond these there is only one good school in the whole circle, viz., at Denkencottah.

3. *Grant-in-aid Schools.*—It is true that a few Grant-in-aid Schools (marginally noted) exist; but salaries have been so irregularly paid by the people that the masters have, in most cases, ceased to take any intelligent interest in the education of their pupils, and the schools have dwindled down to a mere nothing. That this is the case is shown by the fact that several of these schools, which were formerly ranked in the middle class, have recently been transferred to the lower class.

1. Royacottah (middle class).
2. Doulatabad,
3. Kaveripatnam,
4. Mallapady,
5. Palcode,
6. Pennagaram,

} Lower class.

4. *Result Grant Schools.*—Besides these there are a number of Pial Schools, to many of which (thirty-two) result grants, amounting in all to Rupees 768, were paid last year from Local Funds. The condition of these schools is not satisfactory. The schoolmaster is himself, in a majority of cases, too ignorant to teach boys up to, much less beyond, the first standard. In consequence of his inability to train

up boys to a higher standard, the master, after obtaining a result grant, has, in many cases, closed the school, and left the village. In other cases, the result grant, which, at the outset, does not generally exceed Rupees 20, has not proved a sufficient inducement to the schoolmaster to continue his calling. He is too ignorant, and perhaps too poor, to look to the prospective advantages of the result grant. No check whatever can practically be imposed on him, as neither the Local Fund Board nor the Educational Department are armed with powers to restrain him from closing the school. We shall instance a few cases where schools have been closed after the masters have been paid the result grant. Such was the case with the schools at Salivaram, Sadanapalli, Uddanahalli, Shulagiri, &c. Besides these there are Pial Schools which have not been brought under the operation of the Result System Rules, either through the sheer inability of the schoolmasters to teach according to the rules, or their unwillingness to depart from the routine of their time-honoured subjects of study.

5. *General.*—We have carefully considered the needs of each taluq. The Tahsildars and others have been consulted, and the Special Deputy Collector's reports looked up, and, in submitting the following scheme to the Board, we have little hesitation in recommending it for adoption. Experience will show where the scheme is deficient, and the attention of the Vice-President and the Deputy Inspector of Schools will be closely directed to the subject, so that they may be able to advise the Board from time to time of the success or otherwise of the scheme.

6. *Classification of Schools.*—We propose to class all schools under one of the following three heads:—

1*st.*—Middle-class Grant-in-aid Schools.
2*nd.*—Higher Grade Union Schools, } Lower Class.
3*rd.*—Lower Grade Union Schools, } Lower Class.

7. *Middle-class Schools.*—We are aware that the Local Funds are primarily to be applied to elementary education, and that the Board are supposed only to have to deal with Lower-class Schools, but we consider it expedient to recommend to the Board that the two Middle-class Schools, which there are at present in the circle, be taken under their management. If the Board decline to take charge of them, we fear that they will gradually decline, and eventually die a natural death from want of funds. If, on the contrary, the Board decide upon taking them under their management, and provided that the services of really efficient teachers be secured, we feel sanguine that their strength will largely increase, and that they will be more efficiently conducted than at present. The school fees collected will go to the credit of the Local Funds, and half the grant will be met from Imperial Funds. The expenditure to be incurred by the Local Fund Board will, therefore, be inconsiderable. Instances are not wanting in which Local Fund Boards in other circles have taken charge of such schools, and we strongly recommend the Board to take charge of the two schools marginally noted.

Denkencottah.
Royacottah.

Denkencottah.
Royacottah.

8. *Number of Classes in and Establishment for Middle-class Schools.*—In these schools there are generally four classes and the highest class works up to the standard of the third class of a Zillah School. We recommend the following establishment:—

1st Master, Rupees	25	per mensem,	300	per annum.
2nd ,, ,,	15	,,	180	,,
3rd ,, ,,	7	,,	84	,,
Peon, ,, ,,	3	,,	36	,,
Contingencies, ,,	10	,,	10	,,

making a total of Rupees 610 per annum, of which 305 Rupees will have to be contributed from Local Funds.

9. *Union Schools, Higher Grade.—Second Union Schools, Higher Grade.*—We propose to maintain this class of schools in villages or rather unions where there is or has been a school already in existence. Something more than a mere elementary education is required, as the boys have already had the advantage of some training. There will, we expect, be three classes in all such schools. The highest class will, we hope, work up to the third standard of the result system including English, which is the limit of the present lower-class Schools. The establishment we propose for these schools is as follows:—

Establishment... ...	1st Master, Rupees	15	per mensem.
	2nd do. ,,	7	,,
	Peon, &c., ,,	3	,,

making a total of Rupees 300 per annum, which sum will have to be met entirely from Local Funds. Against this sum must be set the fees, of which more hereafter.

10. *Union Schools, Lower Grade.*—The third class of schools we denominate Union Schools, Lower Grade. The education given in these schools will be strictly elementary, and confined to the first two standards of the result system. There will be one or two classes, according to the requirements of each union. Where boys who have made some progress attend, there will be two classes, and where there are none such, there will be one. In either case, we propose at starting to entertain only one master, but hope that in the course of the year they may work up to the Higher Grade Schools, and that next year fresh unions of this class may be formed. The proposed establishment for these schools is as follows:—

Establishment... ...	1st Master, Rupees	10	per mensem.
	Peon, &c., ,,	3	,,

making a total of Rupees 156 per annum entirely payable from Local Funds.

11. *Scheme of Study.*—It is now necessary briefly to indicate what subjects we propose to be taught in the several kinds of schools.

12. *In the Middle-class Grant-in-aid Schools.*—We are of opinion that in the Middle-class Grant-in-aid Schools the scheme of studies taught in the Taluq Schools, and which very nearly correspond to the curriculum of studies adopted in Zillah Schools, should be closely followed. This is the present practice, and we only recommend that the practice be continued.

13. *In the Lower-class Union Schools.*—In the Lower-class Union Schools we recommend that the scheme of studies prescribed for the result system be adopted as far as practicable.

Teaching of English.—We do not recommend that any English be taught in Lower Grade Union Schools, as we are of opinion that it is far better that, in these schools, a youth should receive a sound elementary vernacular education than that he should obtain a mere smattering of English, which he will have no opportunity of improving, and which will, therefore, be practically useless.

14. But in Union Schools of the higher grade we would have boys in all three classes taught English, and would set apart one hour in each day to its study.

15. *Scheme of Study for the Higher Grade Union Schools.*—We propose that the following subjects be taught in the several classes of the Higher Grade Union Schools :—

Third or the Highest Class.

English ...	First Reader (whole). Vocabulary, 2nd Part.
Tamil ...	Second Reader (whole). Minor Poets. Pope's Grammar, No. I.
Telugu ...	Second Reader (whole). Seshiah's Grammar.
Geography...	Madras Presidency.
Arithmetic...	Four Simple and Compound Rules.

Second Class.

English ...	First Book of Lessons (1st Part). Vocabulary, 16th page to the end, Part I.
Tamil ...	First Reader (whole), and Second Reader, twenty-five Lessons.
Telugu ...	First Reader (whole). Second Reader, twenty-five Lessons.
Geography...	Salem District.
Arithmetic...	Four Simple Rules and Multiplication Table up to twelve times twelve.

First Class.

English ...	Alphabet. Vocabulary (1 to 15) pages.
Tamil ...	First Reader (1st Part).
Telugu ...	Do. (do.).
Arithmetic...	Notation, Simple Addition, and Multiplication Table up to five times five.

16. *In the Lower Grade Union Schools.*— We recommend that in Lower Grade Union Schools the instruction of the two classes correspond with that given in the two lowest classes of the Higher Grade Schools, with the exception of English. In all these schools only one vernacular, either Tamil or Telugu, according to the requirements of each union, will be taught.

17. *School Fees in the Middle-class Schools.*—A scale of fees to be levied from pupils has to be fixed. As regards the Middle-class Schools the notification of Government, dated 27th June 1871, leaves no power to the Local Fund Board to deal with the question. The monthly fees at the rate of Annas 12, 8, and 6, respectively, will (in accordance with the notification) be collected from pupils in the three highest classes, which correspond to the last three classes in a Zillah School. As regards the lowest class no fees have been fixed, and we, therefore, recommend that Annas 4 be collected from each boy.

18. *In the Lower-class Schools.*—As regards the Higher and Lower Grade Union Schools the G.O. of 31st August 1872, No. 1156, leaves the question of levying school fees entirely in the hands of the Board. As the House-tax has been recently abolished, we are disposed to fix a rather higher scale of fees than we should otherwise have recommended. The following is the scale of fees we propose to levy in the Higher Grade Union Schools:—

Third class, 6 Annas per mensem.
Second „ 4 „ „
First „ 2 „ „

In the Lower Grade Union Schools we propose to levy the same fees as for the two lowest classes of the Higher Grade Union Schools, viz., Annas 4 and 2 per mensem.

19. *Fines and Entrance Fees.*—Some rule also must be framed to secure correct payment of fees. We would suggest that if a boy's fee be not paid by the 10th of any month, his name be struck off the Nomination-roll. We would also suggest that before a boy is admitted he be required to pay in advance one month's fee of the class to which he is admitted, and that similar payment be demanded whenever a boy seeks readmission after once quitting the school.

20. *Number and Nature of Schools to be established.*—Having now described the system we propose for adoption, we proceed to notice the number and nature of schools to be established or maintained in each taluq.

21. *Oossoor Taluq.*—The Taluq of Oossoor is especially badly off for schools. There is a Middle-class Grant-in-aid School at (1) Denkencottah, which, if the Board approve of our suggestion in paragraph 7, will, in future, be under their management. There are also Result Grant Schools at (2) Madagundapalli and (4) Berike working up to the third standard of the Result system ; but the school at (3) Shulagiri, which was in a good condition last year, has been closed during the current year owing to irregularity of payments to the schoolmaster. As these three are villages of some importance we propose that Higher Grade Union Schools be established at them.

Higher Grade Schools.

22. *Lower Grade Schools.*—There are also Result Grant Schools at (5) Kelamangalam, (8) Thally, (9) Manavaranapalli, and (10) Irudukottah. There were also schools at (6) Uddanahalli, (7) Bagalur, and (11) Vepanapalli last year ; but they have been since abolished. At these places we propose to maintain Lower Grade Union Schools. The Special Deputy Collector has recommended all these unions but Nos. 9, 10, and 11 which we have selected after carefully considering the wants of the places with the Tahsildar. There are already Result Grant Schools at Nos. 9 and 10. The total expenditure for the taluq allowing Rupees 237 for house-rent, furniture, books, &c., will amount to Rupees 2,474, which sum has been provided for in the budget for 1874-75.

Expenditure.

23. *Receipts from School Fees.*—The anticipated receipts from school fees both from the Middle-class Grant-in-aid and Higher and Lower Grade Union Schools amount to Rupees 530, which sum will be carried to the credit of Local Funds.

Higher Grade Union Schools.

Doulatabad School.

24. *Kristnagiri Taluq.*—In the Kristnagiri Taluq there are at present one girls' School at Kristnagiri, one Middle-class Grant-in-aid School at Royacottah, and three Lower-class Grant-in-aid Schools at Kaveripatnam, Doulatabad, and Mallapady. None of these schools are in a flourishing state. We propose that Union Higher Grade Schools be established at Kaveripatnam and Mallapady, and a Union Lower Grade School at Doulatabad, in place of these three Lower-class Grant-in-aid Schools. Though Doulatabad is only a mile from the Taluq School of Kristnagiri, yet, considering the importance of the town of Doulatabad, the number of children that we know will attend the school, and the distance which young children will have to go in the absence of a school there, we consider that it would be highly inexpedient to give up a school at this town.

25. *Caste Girls' School at Kristnagiri.*—The Caste Girls' School at Kristnagiri, which was once a Mission institution, and which the Board have by request taken under their management, will continue as a Local Fund Lower Grade School. The net expenditure on the school during the current year is Rupees 120. This we consider inadequate, as, out of this amount, the pay of the schoolmaster and servant, house-rent and contingencies have to be met. We, therefore, recommend that Rupees 204, which we consider a fair amount for the upkeep and efficient working of the school, be sanctioned. This sum has been provided for in the Budget for 1874-75. Unlike the other schools no school fees should be collected at this girls' school. This was the practice when the school was under the management of the Mission Society, and it is desirable that it should be continued, as otherwise the stability of the school may be affected.

26. *Lower Grade Union School.*—We propose that, in addition to the above schools, Lower Grade Union Schools be established at Sauthur, Jekkasamudram, Mathur, Jagadevipaliem, and Vertanapalli. There are at present fair village Schools at Jekkasamudram, Mathur, and Vertanapalli. All these but the last one have been recommended by the Special Deputy Collector. The school at Royacottah will continue as a Middle-class School under the management of the Local Fund Board.

27. *Expenditure and Receipts.*—The total expenditure for the taluq including Rupees 216, which we propose allotting for furniture, books, &c., will be Rupees 2,183, which sum has been provided for in the Budget. The anticipated receipts from school fees amount to Rupees 430, which will be credited to Local Funds.

Higher Grade Union Schools.

28. *Dharampury Taluq.*—There are no Grant-in-aid Middle-class Schools in the Dharampury Taluq. The Grant-in-aid Schools at Palcode and Pennagaram belong to the lower class, and we propose considering them in future as Union Schools of the higher grade. In addition to these we would recommend that at Adamancottah and Paparapatti, where there are Result Grant Schools, the former

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working up to the third, and the latter to the second standard, Higher Grade Union Schools be established.

29. *Lower Grade Union School.*—We recommend that Lower Grade Union Schools be established at the places noted in the margin. At Nos. 1, 2, and 3 there are Result Grant Schools. The Special Deputy Collector has recommended all of these but Nos. 4, 5, and 6. But considering the importance of these villages, and the inadequate provision for the whole taluq, we propose that schools be maintained at them.

1. Marandahalli.
2. Indur.
3. Karimangalam.
4. Sholapadi.
5. Bandapalli.
6. Samichettypatty.

Expenditure.—The total expenditure for the whole taluq including Rupees 267 for house-rent, furniture, &c., is Rupees 2,493, which sum has been provided for in the Budget. The anticipated receipts from fees in the Higher and Lower Grade Union Schools are Rupees 500.

30. *Brief Summary.*—To sum up briefly, we recommend an expenditure, by the Oossoor Local Fund Board, during the year 1874-75, of Rupees 8,150 for educational purposes. Of this sum we propose that Rupees 2,474 be allotted to the Oossoor Taluq for the maintenance of the following Schools :—

Middle-class Grant-in-aid Schools.

1. DENKENCOTTAH.

Lower-class Schools.

Higher Grade Union Schools.	Lower Grade Union Schools.
2. Madagundahalli	5. Kelamangalam, 6. Uddanahalli, 7. Bagalur. 8. Thally, 9. Manavaranahalli, 10. Iruducottah, 11. Vepanapalli,
3. Shulagiri,	
4. Berike,	

Rupees 2,183 is allotted to the Kristnagiri Taluq for the maintenance of the following Schools :—

Middle-class Grant-in-aid School.

ROYACOTTAH.

Lower-class Schools.

Higher Grade. Union Schools.	Lower Grade Union Schools.
2. Kaveripatnam, 3. Mallapady,	4. Sauthur, 5. Jekkasamudram, 6. Mathur, 7. Vertanapalli, 8. Jagadevipaliem, 9. Doulatabad, 10. Local Fund Girls' School,

And Rupees 2,493 to the Dharampury Taluq for the following

Lower-class Schools.

Higher Grade. Union Schools.	Lower Grade Union Schools.
1. Pennagaram, 2. Adamancottah, 3. Paparapatti, 4. Palcode,	5. Marandahalli, 6. Indur, 7. Karimangalam, 8. Sholapadi, 9. Laligam, 10. Bandarapalli, 11. Samichettypatty,

31. *Result Grant Schools.*—Provision has also been made in the Budget for an allotment of Rupees 1,000 to meet the requirements of the Result Grant Schools.

32. *Explanation.*—We have used the word established with reference to all schools, but as it may mislead, we would point out that in a very few cases indeed do we propose the actual establishment of new schools. What we do propose is, as will be seen from the above paragraphs, not so much the opening of new schools at places where education has hitherto been unknown, as (1) the taking under the management of the Board, schools already in existence, but which, under the management of private individuals, are in a very languishing state, (2) reviving those which have ceased to exist, and (3) putting the education of the circle on a surer and a better footing. It is hardly necessary for us to reiterate our apprehensions that, unless these schools, which are a few in number, being in all not over thirty-two, are taken over by the Board, they will soon cease to exist. We would, therefore, strongly urge upon the Board the necessity of maintaining the schools, which we have above recommended, and which have been provided for in the Budget, especially as the provision for educational purposes in the Oossoor Circle has hitherto been, as remarked by the Government in paragraph 10 of their Order, dated 31st May 1873, No. 762, extremely inadequate.

OOSSOOR,
17th October 1873.

(Signed) F. H. WILKINSON,
Acting Vice-President.
(„) S. R. SUBBARAYA IYER,
Dy. Inspr. of Schools,
Oossoor Circle.

No. 360. ORDER THEREON, 30th April 1874, No. 746.

The subjoined abstract shows the Budget Estimate of the Salem Local Fund Circle for 1874-75, compared with those for 1873-74 :—

RECEIPTS.	1873-74. RS.	1874-75. RS.
Balance brought forward	23,970	29,300
Allotments from General Revenue.		
Provincial Funds—		
For Roads	25,000	25,000
For Schools	270	270
Special Funds	9,800	9,780
Land-cess	1,20,000	1,20,000
Tolls	...	1,100
Fees in Schools	100	100
Contribution to other Circles	730	600
Endowments	1,300	1,290
Miscellaneous	3,150	3,130
Total ...	1,84,320	1,90,570

CHARGES.	1873-74. RS.	1874-75. RS.
Grant I.		
New Works—		
Communications ...	6,920	7,090
Buildings	1,500	...
Repairs—		
Communications ...	89,000	97,820
Miscellaneous ...	7,000	8,500
Cost of General Establishment, Public Works Department	11,500	10,970
Road Fund Reserve ...	11,800	11,360
Other items	5,630	6,700
Grant II.—		
Inspection...	3,060	1,680
Local Fund Schools...	940	870
Grants-in-aid	6,000	5,180
Other items	50	150
Grant III.—		
Hospitals	7,560	7,960
Vaccination	2,400	2,450
Sanitation	5,000	12,000
Miscellaneous	3,340	2,980
Grant IV.—		
Establishment	2,350	2,300
General Reserve	...	4,840
Balance	20,270	7,720
Total ...	1,84,320	1,90,570

2. The entries on the receipt side correspond very closely with those for 1873-74 and call for but little remark in detail. The Board of Revenue have rightly reduced the amount entered by the Local Board as a Provincial grant for Schools. The new entry under Tolls is a consequence of the toll on the bridge over the Cauvery at Bhowany having been transferred to the Salem Circle.

3. In modification of a proposal to transfer Rupees 6,000 from the one-third Land-cess to the Road Fund, the Board of Revenue recommend a transfer of Rupees 2,000. This, however, the Government must disallow, the sum being too insignificant to justify the breach of a general rule.

4. The resolution of the Local Fund Board to refrain from starting new projects until the existing mainlines of road have been put in thorough order is fully approved. The Government concur with the Board of Revenue in considering that the allotment of funds for road repairs (and indeed the whole Budget) has received very careful attention at the hands of the Local Board, and the increased provision for the purpose is sanctioned. The allotment for avenues must be reduced to Rupees 5,000, the sum allowed in the Budget for 1873-74. The report called for in paragraph 29 of the Board's Proceedings should be submitted to Government, and explanation should also be given regarding the cessation of the contributions by District Officers and the large sums which it is proposed to assign for maintenance and repairs. The increase to the salaries of the masters of the two Local Fund Schools, which were formerely Rate Schools of the middle class, is sanctioned under the circumstances reported. The total allotment for education is only Rupees 7,880 against Rupees 10,050 in 1873-74, but it is reported that a scheme for the extension of Local Fund Schools (erroneously called Union Schools) is now under preparation. The Government will now assign a lump sum of Rupees 5,000 for this purpose from the balance of the General Fund, and desire that proposals for the utilization of at least that sum be submitted at an early date. Provided, however, that the sum is spent on lower-class education, the Government do not wish to confine the proposals to Local Fund Schools of the ordinary kind, but would prefer their being applied to a combination of fixed stipends and results grants such as is advocated by the Director of Public Instruction in the case of the Oossoor Circle—a system which seems likely to be successful and which the Government desire to see fairly tried. As pointed out by the Surgeon-General, a sum of Rupees 540 must be added to the allotment under Grant III. to provide for the entertainment of Hospital Apprentices at the Dispensaries at Namkal, Tripatore, and Athoor. Dr. Balfour also remarks that the provision of Rupees 200 for the initial purchase of medicines and instruments at the Athoor Hospital is altogether insufficient, but does not say how much will be required.

5. The abstract of the Budget as modified by Government is as follows :—

RECEIPTS.

	RS.
Road Fund	1,33,130
Endowment Fund	2,640
General Fund	54,800
Total ...	1,90,570

CHARGES.

	RS.	RS.
Grant I.—		
Road Fund...	1,31,520	
General Fund	7,560	
		1,39,080
Grant II.—		
General Fund	...	12,880
Grant III.—		
General Fund	23,290	
Endowment Fund ...	2,640	
		25,930
Grant IV.—		
Road Fund	1,610	
General Fund	690	
		2,300
Total ...		1,80,190
General Reserve	...	4,840
Balances—		
Road Fund	...	
General Fund	5,540	
Endowment	...	
		5,540
Total ...		1,90,570

6. OOSSOOR.

RECEIPTS.

	1873-74.	1874-75.
	RS.	RS.
Balance brought forward ...	3,330	3,700
Allotments from General Revenue.		
Provincial Funds—		
For Roads	11,010	11,010
Special Funds	10,170	9,140
Cess on Land	46,000	50,000
Fees in Schools	...	1,160
Receipts from Endowments...	630	640
Miscellaneous	2,750	2,570
Total ...	73,890	78,220

CHARGES.

	1873-74.	1874-75.
	RS.	RS.
Grant I.		
New Works—		
Communications	3,500	6,030
Repairs—		
Communications	37,200	30,870
Miscellaneous	3,000	4,500
Cost of General Establishment, Public Works Department	6,200	5,060
Road Fund Reserve... ...	5,900	4,790
Other items	2,290	2,520
Grant II.—		
Inspection	2,250	620
Local Fund Schools... ...	...	6,340
Grants-in-aid	1,000	1,000
Miscellaneous	50	100
Grant III.—		
Hospitals...	...	2,060
Vaccination	850	850
Sanitary Establishment ...	5,000	7,000
Other items	280	500
Grant IV.—		
Establishment	1,050	1,040
General Reserve	...	2,600
Balance	5,320	2,340
Total ...	73,890	78,220

7. The principal feature in the Oossoor Circle Budget is the new educational scheme which appears to have been carefully prepared, mainly on the principle of converting into Local Fund Schools existing institutions under the Result Grant system, the permanency of which in their present state appears to the Local Fund Board to be more than doubtful. The scheme was forwarded by the Board of Revenue to the Director of Public Instruction for his remarks, and from his letter, dated 14th March 1874, No. 426, it appears that he would prefer a combined system of fixed salaries and result grants. The Government consider that this system should receive a fair trial, and the Local Board will revise their scheme accordingly in consultation with the local educational officers. The revision ought to be no difficult matter, and it is expected that the institutions will soon be in working order. In the meantime the entries may remain in the Budget as submitted by the Board of Revenue, whose disallowance of the transfer of the Middle-class Schools at Royacottah and Denkencottah is approved, the Government having resolved, now that the House-tax has been discontinued, to permit no portion of Local Funds to be diverted to middle-class education. The third and fifth paragraphs of the letter from the Director of Public Instruction will be circulated for the guidance of all Local Fund Boards in the preparation of their educational schemes. The question raised in paragraph 4 of that letter regarding the teaching of English in these schools is under the consideration of Government, and orders will shortly be issued on the subject.

8. The Government agree with the Board of Revenue in considering it unnecessary that any appropriation should be made from the General Fund to the Road Fund, the reduction in the allotment for road repairs having been made on the ground that the amount now provided is sufficient. The proposal for the establishment of a new dispensary at Kristnagiri is fully approved, and the allotment should be increased by Rupees 350 as proposed by the Surgeon-General. The provision for Public Bungalows must be reduced to Rupees 330, the amount expended in 1872-73.

(True Extract.)
D. F. CARMICHAEL,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.
„ Revenue Department.
„ Accountant-General.
„ Public Works Department.
„ Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.
„ Director of Public Instruction.
„ Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.
„ President of the Municipal Commission, Salem.
„ President of the Local Fund Boards, Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

333 1643

Govt. of 1874 Madras.

FINANCIAL.

To

The Board of Revenue,
&c., &c., &c.

Dated April, 30th.

Recd. Encl.

G.O., 30th April 1874, No. 746.

APRIL.
Nos. 353—360.

Salem Circle.—The Budget Estimates of this Circle for 1874-45, reviewed and passed.

Pro: 31st May 1873. No 292-93 M.S.
" — 14 January 1874. " — 65-67.
" — 1st September 1873 — " — 81-82
" — 5 December 1873 — " — 53-54
" — 23rd December 1873 — " — 192
" — 21 November 1873 — " — 140-41.

Pro: 30 April 1874

Finl Dept

1874.

Board of Revenue,

MADRAS.

1/3

Proceedings, 3rd March 1874, No. 459.

Desp 26 March/74.

Encl. 11

No 746

No 535

Received 7 March

MARCH.

No. 459.

Local Fund Budget Estimates—of Salem and Oossoor Circles for 1874-75 reviewed and submitted to Government.

c 24/3.
R 27 "
c 27 "
R 31 "
c 31 " 4.

No. 353.

Raja Chr. for return

MISCELLANEOUS No. 1644 REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 11th March 1874.

Read the following

No 151

From

The Acting President
Local Fund Boards
Salem District

To

The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Madras

Sir,

I have the honor, as promised in para 2 of my letter, No 707, dated 21st Novr last, to submit herewith, 3 statements (in original) received from the Vice President of the Oossoor Circle, furnishing the requisite particulars regarding the schools the management of which that Board proposes to undertake from April next. It would appear from the above that information is given regarding 19 schools only. In the other villages, schools are either not in existence or have only just been established.

Salem Local Fund
Board's Office,
18th February 1874.

I have &ca
(Signed) J. H. Price
Ag President

Submitted to Government with reference to paras 39-47 of Board's Proceedings 3rd March 1874 No. 459.

(True Copy & Extract)

J. Grose
Secretary

To,
The Chief Secretary to Government
Financial Department
with 3 Original statements.

R. No. 535
with the U. Secy.

Fin. 1874 Dept
Pros 30th April 1874

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD
OF REVENUE.

Mis No. 1644.

S.G. No. 746.
Dated 11th } March 1874.
Despd. 11 }
Recd. 12 }
en 3 117

No 588

SUBJECT.

Submitting to Government letter from President of Local Fund Boards, Salem District, furnishing information called for regarding schools which Ossoor Circle Board propose to undertake management of.

No. 355

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4 1/9

MISCELLANEOUS No. 1801

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

356

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 16th March 1874.

No. 1430

Read the following

From
The Secretary, Surgeon General
Indian Medical Department
Fort St. George

To
The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Madras

SIR,

With reference to No. XX, Local Fund Rules I have the honor, by desire of the Surgeon General, to offer the following remarks regarding the provision made in the Budget Estimate of the Ossoor Circle for the establishment of a Dispensary at Kishnagiri.

2. The provision of Rupees 1200 for a Medical subordinate will more than cover the pay and allowances of a Passed Hospital Apprentice, and the Surgeon General would suggest that the

surplus, amounting to a little over Rs 300, be added to the grant for Medicines and Medical apparatus which is much too small.

It is apparently not contemplated to receive in-patients as there is no allotment for diets. This is to be regretted as, without arrangements for in-patients the services of the Medical man can be only partially utilised. The Surgeon General would, therefore, recommend that a sum of Rs 200 be entered in the Budget to cover Diet and Rupees 150 to meet the cost of other necessary supplies. This will increase the estimate to the extent of Rupees 350.

Office of Surgeon General I.M.D.
Fort St George, 10th March 1874

I have &ca
(signed) G. Bidie M.D.
Surgeon Major
Secretary Surgeon Genl I.M.D.

Submitted

Submitted to Government, in continuation of the Board's Proceedings dated 3d March 1874 No 459.

(True Copy & Extract)

J Grose
Secretary

To,

The Acting Chief Secretary
to Government
Financial Department

G Banghuff

No. 356

Fin'l. 1874. Dept.
Pros 30th April/74

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD
OF REVENUE.

Mis No. 1801

Dated 16th
Dsepd. ~~16~~
Recd. 17 } March 1874.

No 634

S.O. No. 740

SUBJECT.

Submitting to Government, letter from Secretary to Surgeon General I. M. D., Containing remarks on provision in Budget Estimate of Oossoor circle for Establishment of a Dispensary at Krishna-giri.

To
The Local Fund Board
Oossoor Circle.

I The undersigned have the honor to submit the following report on the present state of Education in the Oossoor Circle and the scheme which they propose for adoption from the commencement of next year.

Talug Schools } II The State of Education in the Oossoor Circle is at present in a very unsatisfactory State. There are Talug Schools at Oossoor, Krishnaghiri and Dharampury respectively, and about the education given in these 3 schools, no complaint can be made. But beyond these, there is only one good school in the whole Circle, viz at Denkani-kottah.

Grant in-aid Schools.} III It is true that a few Grant-in-aid Schools (marginally noted) exist; but salaries have been so irregularly paid by the people, that the masters have, in most cases, ceased to take any intelligent interest in the education of their pupils, and the Schools have dwindled down to a mere nothing. That this is the case, is shown by the fact that several of these Schools, which were formerly ranked in the middle class have recently been transferred to the Lower class.

1. Royacottah (Middle Class).
2. Doulatabad
3 Kaverepatnam
4 Mallapady
5 Palcode
6 Pennagaram. } Lower Class.

Result Grant Schools.} IV. Besides these there

there

8/1/56

there are a number of pial schools, to many of which (32) result grants, amounting in all to Rupees 768, were paid last year from Local Funds. The condition of these schools is not satisfactory. The School master is himself, in a majority of cases, too ignorant to teach boys upto, much less beyond, the 1st Standard. In consequence of his inability to train up boys to a higher standard, the master, after obtaining a result grant, has, in many cases, closed the School, and left the village. In other cases, the Result Grant, which, at the outset, does not generally exceed Rupees 20-"-" has not proved a sufficient inducement to the School Master to continue his calling. He is too ignorant and perhaps too poor to look to the prospective advantages of the result Grant. No check whatever can practically be imposed on him, as neither the Local Fund Board nor the Educational Department are armed with powers to restrain him from closing the School. We shall instance a few cases, where schools have been closed after the Masters have been paid the Result Grant. Such was the case with the Schools at Salivaram, Sadanapalli, Uddanahalli and Shulagiri &c. Besides these there are

pial

pial Schools which have not been brought under the operation of the Result System Rules, either through the sheer inability of the School Masters to teach according to the Rules, or their unwillingness to depart from the routine of their time-honored subjects of Study.

General } v. We have carefully considered the needs of each Taluq. The Tahsildars and others have been consulted and the Special Deputy Collector's reports looked up, and in submitting the following scheme to the Board, we have little hesitation in recommending it for adoption. Experience will show where the scheme is deficient, and the attention of the Vice President and the Deputy Inspector of Schools will be closely directed to the Subject, so that they may be able to advise the Board from time to time of the success or otherwise of the Scheme.

Classification of Schools. } VI We propose to class all schools under one of the following 3 heads.

1st Middle class grant-in-aid schools
2d Higher Grade Union Schools } Lower
3d Lower Grade Union Schools } Class.

Middle Class Schools } VII We are aware that the Local Funds are primarily to be applied to Elementary Education, and that the Board are supposed only to have to deal with Lower Class schools, but we consider it expedient to recommend to the Board that the two middle class schools, which there are

Denkanikottah } at present in the
Royacottah } Circle, be taken under

their management. If the Board decline to take charge of them, we fear that they will gradually decline, and eventually die a natural death from want of funds. If, on the contrary, the Board decide upon taking them under their management, and provided that the services of really efficient teachers be secured, we feel sanguine that their strength will largely increase, and that they will be more efficiently conducted.

conducted than at present. The School Fees collected will go to the credit of the Local Funds, and half the grant will be met from Imperial Funds. The Expenditure to be incurred by the Local Fund Board will, therefore, be inconsiderable. Instances are not wanting in which Local Fund Boards in other Circles have taken charge of such Schools, and we strongly recommend the Board to take charge of the two* Schools marginally noted.

* 1 Denkenikottah
2. Royacottah.

Number of classes in and Establishment for Middle class Schools.

VIII. In these Schools there are generally four classes and the highest class works up to the Standard of

of the 3rd Class of a Zillah School. We recommend the following Establishment:-

1st Master	Rs 25	Per Mensem	300	Per annum.
2d	Do	15	Do	180	Do
3d	Do	7	Do	84	Do
Peon		3	Do	36	Do
Contingencies		10		10	Do

making a total of Rupees 610 per annum of which 305 Rupees will have to be contributed from Local Funds.

Union Schools Higher Grade

IX. 2d Union Schools, Higher Grade. We propose to maintain this class of Schools in villages or rather Unions, where there is or has been a school already in Existence. Something more than a mere elementary Education is required, as the boys have already had the advantage of some training. There will, we expect, be 3 classes in all such schools. The highest class will, we hope, work up to the 3d Standard of the Result System including English, which is the limit of the present Lower class Schools. The Establishment we propose for these schools is as follows:–

Establishment {
1st Master Rs. 15 Per-mensem.
2d —— Do. —— Rs. 7 —— Do. ——
Peon No. – Rs. 3 —— Do. ——,

making a total of Rs. 300 per annum, – which sum will have to be met entirely from Local Funds. Against this sum must be set the Fees, of which more hereafter.

Union Schools Lower Grade. } X. The 3d Class of Schools we denominate, Union Schools, Lower Grade. The education given in these Schools will be strictly elementary, and confined to the first two Standards of the Result System. There will be one or two classes, according to the requirements of each Union. Where boys who have made some progress attend, there will be two classes, and where there are none such, there will be one. In either case, we propose at starting to entertain only one master, but hope that in the course of the year, they may work up to the Higher Grade Schools, and that next year fresh Unions of this class may be formed. The proposed Establishment for these

Schools is as follows:—

Establishment. { 1st Master Rs 10 Per mensem
Peon at Rs 3 —— Do ——,

making a total of Rupees 156 per annum entirely payable from Local Funds.

Scheme of Study } XI It is now necessary briefly to indicate what subjects we propose to be taught in the several kinds of Schools.

In the Middle class Grant-in-aid Schools } XII. We are of opinion that in the Middle class Grant-in-aid Schools, the Scheme of Studies taught in the Talug Schools, and which very nearly correspond to the Curriculum of Studies adopted in Zillah Schools, should be closely followed.

This

This is the present practice and we only recommend that the practice be continued.

In the Lower class Union Schools } XIII In the Lower Class Union Schools we recommend that the Scheme of Studies prescribed for the Result System be adopted as far as practicable.

Teaching of English. } We do not recommend that any English be taught in Lower Grade Union Schools, as we are of opinion that it is far better that in these Schools, a youth should receive a sound Elementary Vernacular Education than that he should obtain a mere smattering of English, which he will have no opportunity of improving, and which will therefore be practically —

useless.

XIV But in Union Schools of the Higher Grade, we would have boys in all three classes taught English, and would set apart one hour in each day to its study.

Scheme of Study for the Higher Grade Union Schools.

XV. We propose that the following subjects be taught in the several classes of the Higher Grade Union Schools.

3rd or the Highest Class

English —— { First Reader —— (whole)
Vocabulary —— 2d Part

Tamil. —— { Second Reader — (whole)
Minor Poets. ——
Pope's Grammar — No. I

Telugu —— { Second Reader —— (whole
Seshiah's Grammar.

Geography. — Madras Presidency

Arithmetic. — Four Simple and Compound Rules

2d Class

English — { First Book of Lessons. (1st Part)
Vocabulary —— 16th page to the end Part I.

Tamil —— { First Reader (whole) and
2nd Reader, 25 Lessons.

Telugu —— { First Reader (whole)
Second Reader 25 Lessons.

Geography — Salem District

Arithmetic — Four Simple Rules and Multiplication Table upto 12 times 12.

1st Class.

English — { Alphabet
Vocabulary (1-15) pages

Tamil —— First Reader (1st Part)

Telugu —— —— Do —— Do ——

Arithmetic — { Notation, Simple Addition and
Multiplication Tables upto 5 times 5

In the Lower Grade Union Schools. ——

XVI. We recommend that in Lower Grade Union Schools, the instruction of the two classes correspond with that given in the two Lowest classes of the Higher Grade Schools, with the exception of English. In all these Schools, only one Vernacular, either Tamil or Telugu, according to the requirements of each Union, will be taught.

Schools fees in the Middle Class Schools

XVII. A scale of fees to be levied

from pupils, has to be fixed. As regards the Middle Class Schools, the Notification of Government dated 27th June 1871, leaves no power to the Local Fund Board to deal with the question. The monthly fees at the rate of annas 12, 8 and 6 respectively, will (in accordance with the notification) be collected from pupils in the 3 Highest classes, which correspond to the last 3 classes in a Zillah School. As regards the lowest class, no fees have been fixed, and we therefore recommend that annas 4 be collected from each boy.

In the Lower Class Schools } XVIII As regards the Higher and Lower Grade

Grade Union Schools, the Government Order of 31st August 1872 No. 1136, leaves the question of levying School fees entirely in the hands of the Board. As the House-tax has been recently abolished, we are disposed to fix a rather higher scale of fees than we should otherwise have recommended. The following is the scale of fees we propose to levy in the Higher Grade Union Schools.

3rd Class. 6 annas Per Mensem
2nd Class. 4 annas — Do —
1st Class. 2 annas — Do —

In the Lower Grade Union Schools, we propose to levy the same fees as for the two lowest classes of the Higher Grade Union Schools, viz. annas 4 and 2 per mensem.

Fines and Entrance Fees. } XIX. Some rule also must be framed to secure correct payment of fees. We would suggest that if a boy's fee be not paid by the 10th of any month, his name be struck off the Nomination Roll. We would also suggest that, before a boy is admitted, he be required to pay in advance one month's fee of the class, to which he is admitted, and that similar payment be demanded, whenever a boy seeks re-admission after once quitting the School.

Having

Number and nature of Schools to be established } XX. Having now described the system we propose for adoption, we proceed to notice the number and nature of Schools to be established or maintained in each Taluq.

Oossoor Taluq } XXI. The Taluq of Oossoor is especially badly off for Schools. There is a middle class Grant-in-aid School at (1) Denkanikottah, which, if the Board approve of our suggestion in para 7, will, in future, be under their management. There are also Result Grant Schools at Madagundapalli (2) and Berike (4) working up to the 3rd

Standard of the Result System; but the School at Shulagiri (3) which was in a good condition last year, has been closed during the current year owing to irregularity of payments to the School master. As these three are villages of some importance, we propose

Higher Grade Schools }

that Higher Grade Union Schools be established at them.

Lower Grade Schools. }

XXII. There are also Result Grant Schools at Kelamangalam (5), Thally (8) Manavaranapalli (9) and Indukottah (10). There were also Schools at Uddanapalli (6), Bagalur (7) and Vepanapalli (11) last year, but they have been since abolished. At these places,

we

we propose to maintain Lower Grade Union Schools. The Special Deputy Collector has recommended all these Unions, but Nos 9, 10, and 11 which we have selected after carefully considering the wants of the places with the Tahsildar. There are already Result Grant Schools at Nos 9 and 10. The total

Expenditure }

expenditure for the Taluq, allowing Rupees 237 for house rents, furniture, books &c, will amount to Rupees 2474, which sum has been provided for in the Budget for 1874-75.

Receipts from School Fees }

XXIII. The anticipated Receipts from School Fees both from the Middle class Grant-in-aid and Higher and Lower Grade Union

Union Schools amount to Rupees 530, which sum will be carried to the credit of Local Funds.

Krishnaghiri Taluq. } XXIV. In the Krishnaghiri Taluq, there are at present one Girl School at Krishnaghiri, one Middle Class Grant-in-aid School at Royacottah and 3 Lower Class Grant-in-aid Schools at Kaveripatnam Doulatabad and Mallapadi. None of these Schools are in a flourishing state. We propose that

Higher Grade Union Schools } Union Higher Grade Schools be established at Kaveripatnam and Mallapadi and a Union Lower Grade School at Doulatabad, in

place

place of these three Lower Class Grant-in-aid Schools. Though Doulatabad is only a mile from the Taluq School of Kristnaghiri, yet, considering the importance of the town of

Doulatabad School } Doulatabad, the number of children that we know will attend the school, and the distance which young children will have to go in the absence of a School there, we consider that it would be highly inexpedient to give up a School at this town.

Caste Girl School at Krishnaghiri } XXV. The Caste Girls' school at Kristnaghiri, which was once a Mission Institution, and which the Board have, by request, taken under their management will continue as a Local Fund Lower Grade School. The nett expenditure on the School during the current year, is Rupees 120. This we consider inadequate, as, out of this amount, the pay of the School master and Servant, house-rent and Contingencies have to be met. We therefore recommend that Rupees 204 which we consider a fair amount for the up-keep and efficient working of the School, be sanctioned. This sum has been provided for in the Budget for 1874-75. Unlike the other Schools, no School fees should be collected at this Girls' School. This was the practice when the School was under the management of the Mission Society

and

and it is desirable that it should be continued, as otherwise the Stability of the School may be affected.

Lower Grade Union School } XXVI. We propose that in addition to the above Schools, Lower Grade Union Schools be established at Santhur, Jekkasamudram, Mathur, Jagadevipaliem and Vertanapalli. There are at present fair Village Schools at Jekkasamudram, Mathur, and Vertanapalli. All these but the last one, have been recommended by the Special Deputy Collector. The School at Royacottah will continue as a Middle Class School under the management of the Local Fund Board.

Expenditure and Receipts } XXVII. The total Expenditure for the Taluq including Rs. 216, which we propose allotting for furniture books &c.a will be Rupees 2183, which sum has been provided for in the Budget. The anticipated Receipts from School fees amount to Rupees 430, which will be credited to Local Funds.

Dharampury Taluq } XXVIII There are no Grant-in-aid Middle Class Schools in the Dharampuri Taluq. The Grant-in-aid Schools at Palcode and Pennagaram belong to the Lower Class and we propose considering them in future as

Higher Grade Union Schools } Union Schools of the Higher Grade. In addition to these, we would recommend that at Adamancottah and Paparapatti, where there are Result Grant Schools,

the

the former working upto the 3rd and the latter to the 2nd Standard, Higher Grade Union Schools be established.

Lower Grade Union School } XXIX. We recommend that Lower Grade Union Schools be established at the places noted in the margin.×

- ×1. Marandahalli
- 2. Indur
- 3. Karimangalam.
- 4. Sholapadi
- 5. Bandapalli
- 6. Samichettypatty.

At Nos 1, 2 and 3, there are Result Grant-schools. The Special Deputy Collector has recommended all of these, but Nos 4, 5, and 6. But considering the importance of these villages and the inadequate provision for the whole Taluq, we propose that Schools be maintained at them.

Expenditure }- The Total Expenditure for has

the

whole Taluq including Rs 267 for house-rent, furniture &c is Rupees 2493 which sum has been provided for in the Budget. The anticipated receipts from fees in the Higher and Lower Grade Union Schools are Rs 500.

Brief Summary} XXX To sum up briefly, we recommend an expenditure, by the Oossoor Local Fund Board, during the year 1874-75, of Rupees 8150 for educational purposes. Of this sum, we propose that Rupees 2474 be allotted to the Oossoor Taluq for the maintenance of the following Schools.

Middle Class Grant-in-aid Schools

1. Denkanicottah.

Lower

Lower Class Schools.

2. Madagoundahalli
3. Shulagiri
4. Berike
} Higher Grade Union Schools.

5. Kelamangalam
6. Uddanapalli
7. Bagalur
8. Thally
9. Manavaramahalli
10. Iruducottah
11. Vepanapalli
} Lower Grade Union Schools.

Rupees 2183 is allotted to the Krishnagherry Taluq for the maintenance of the following Schools:

Middle Class Grant-in-aid School.

1. Royacottah.

Lower Class Schools.

2. Kaveripatnam
3. Mallapadi.
} Higher Grade Union Schools.

4. Santhur
5. Jakkasamudram
6. Mathoor
7. Vertanapalli
8. Jagadevapalyem
9. Doulatabad
10. Local Fund Girls' School
} Lower Grade Union Schools.

and Rupees 2493 to the Dharampoory Taluq for the following:

Lower Class Schools.

1. Pennagaram
2. Adamancottah
3. Paparapatti
4. Palcode.
} Higher Grade Union Schools.

5. Marandahalli
6. Indur
7. Harimangalam
8. Sholapadi
9. Laligam
10. Bandarapalli
11. Samuchettipatty
} Lower Grade Union Schools.

Result Grant Schools} XXXI. Provision has also been made in the Budget for an allot-ment of Rupees 1000 to meet the require-ments of the Result Grant Schools.

Explanation } XXXII. We have used the word established with reference to all Schools, but as it may mislead, we would point out that in a very few cases, indeed do we propose the actual establishment of new Schools. What we do propose is, as will be seen from the above paras, not so much the opening of new Schools at places where education has hitherto been unknown, as (1) the taking under the management of the Board, schools already in existence, but which, under the management of private individuals,

are

are in a very languishing state, (2) reviving those which have ceased to exist and (3) putting the education of the Circle on a surer and a better footing. It is hardly necessary for us to reiterate our apprehensions that, unless these schools, which are a few in number, being in all not over 32, are taken over by the Board, they will soon cease to exist. We would therefore strongly urge upon the Board the necessity of maintaining the Schools, which we have above recommended and which have been provided for in the Budget, especially as the provision for educational purposes in the

Oossoor Circle, has hitherto been, as remarked by the Government in para 10 of their Order dated 31st May 1873 No. 762, extremely inadequate.

(Signed, F. H. Wilkinson
Ag. Vice President.

Oossoor
17th Octo-
-ber 1873.

(Signed) S. R. Subbaraya Iyer
Dy. Inspector of Schools
Oossoor Circle

(True copy)

J. Grote
Secretary.
Board of Revenue.

Copied by S. Vadivelu

L. E. M. No. 1057/74

S. O. No. 746 d/30th April 1874 Rev.

Enclosure in Proceedings
of the Board of
Revenue to the
Director of Public
Instruction
dated 3rd March 1874
No. 459.

Orig. to Govt.
9-5-74

Copy of report on the
present state of Education
in the Oossoor Circle, &
the Scheme proposed for
adoption from the
Commencement of
next year.

Inwd 628/74

No. 426.

From

THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Madras.

To

THE ACTING CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
Fort Saint George.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 459 of the 3rd Instant, together with copy of a Report on the state of education in the Oossoor Circle addressed to the Local Fund Board. It will be seen that the Revenue Board resolved to submit the papers to Government through this office, in order that I might express my views respecting the proposals of the Local Fund Board of the Oossoor Circle.

2. I agree with the Revenue Board that, as a general rule, Local Fund Boards should not undertake the management of Middle class schools, such as those at Royacottah and Denkencottah, but confine their action to bona fide Lower class schools. If however, as has been the case elsewhere, an exception can be made now and again, I am inclined to think that Royacottah and Denkencottah might be treated exceptionally.

3. With regard to the proposal of the Oossoor Local Fund Board, that it should assume the management of certain Lower class schools and pay the teachers fixed salaries in order to give stability to the institutions, I consider the best course would be for the Board to give the teachers small fixed salaries, amounting to about a moiety of the Results' gran which the schools are expected to earn, and to hand over the remainder in a lump after th schools have been examined. This course would tend to give stability, while affording a stimulus to the teachers, and it would at the same time conduce to economy. I have already advocated the system in other communications.

4. I am decidedly of opinion that English should not be taught in any Lower class school not intended for Europeans or East Indians, and that it should be confined to a moderate number of centres where education in English is pretty largely called for, an where English teaching schools can be efficiently supported and managed. The present Results' grant rules, by holding out tolerably high grants for small amounts of English, are bringing about a widely spread attempt to introduce English into Lower class schools.

5. I imagine the Local Fund Board is in error as to the fees to be adopted in schools under its management; as I understand matters, the fixing of the fees is entirely in its hands, subject to obtaining advice from the Inspectors of Schools upon the subject.

Office of the Director of
Public Instruction,
MADRAS, 14*th March* 1874.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

E. B. Powell

Director of Public Instruction.

69 / 1

Minute

The Local Fund Board of the Oossoor Circle proposes to take seriously in hand ~~the~~ education, and more especially the elementary education, ~~[illegible]~~ ~~[illegible]~~ of the people: and ~~every~~ all possible encouragement should certainly be given to it in this most laudable intention.

It proposes

1. to ~~take~~ assume the management of the Middle Class Schools at Rayakottah & Denkenikottah, ~~and~~ incurring some considerable expense on this account. I do not think it is desirable that this sh'd be done: and I would, acting on the general principle which we have adopted, decline to sanction the proposal, & require the ~~so~~ ~~amount~~ estimated expenditure under this head to be applied in aid of ~~the~~ lower class education.

Fin^l. Depart^t

1874.

Pros: 30th April /74

From
The Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

To
The Acting Chief Secretary to
Government,
Fort Saint George.

Dated 14th March 1874.

Received 16th "

No. 426.

Ed. 321

No. 628.

Sending with opinion, &c., Proceedings of the Revenue Board and a report on the state of education in the Oossoor Circle.

No. 746

R Nos. 446 & 350 of /74 (Copies pub...)
Pros: 14 January /74 No. 65-67. Ed
" 22d Dec /73 – No. 192. Ed
" 6 Dec " No. 53-54. Ed
" 31 May " No. 292-293. para 10. Ed
" 31 Aug /72 No. 199-200 do 3 Ed
Educ 21 June /71 No 24-25 Ed

No. 357

2. To assume the management of 29 schools for primary instruction (most of which are already existing) divided into two grades, and of which the Board will pay the salaries of the masters. It would appear that the "results payment system "is not found to be efficient in keeping "up" these schools: - the reason of which no doubt is that the encouragement ~~[illegible]~~ offered by results payments is not found to be sufficient, ~~permanently~~ ~~[illegible]~~ in face of the languid interest of the parents and the irregular attendance of the children, + permanently to maintain them.

I think that the ~~[illegible]~~ management of these schools by the Local Board should be continued; but that it should be required to adopt the suggestions of the Director of Public Instruction, in para 3 & 4 of his letter. The teachers would thus receive "a small fixed "salaries, amounting to about a moiety

" of the Results payments which the schools are " expected to earn, & the remainder would " be handed over in a lump after the " schools have been examined" (para 3)

Mr Powell has already several times suggested this course - as that which, as a general rule & throughout the Presidency would be the best system on which to spread elementary education: ~~and~~ I have little doubt that he is right; ~~in~~ in any case he should be the best judge on the subject; and I would in future (~~not~~ ~~[illegible]~~ unless pressing exceptions) require the adoption of this system -

I also think that, as advised by Mr Powell English teaching shd. be excluded from ~~these~~ such schools. (para 4)

If these suggestions are adopted, the 29 schools here in question will be more economically managed than under the proposals of the Local Board.

With respect to Mr Robinson's objection

that because the L. F. Board is dealing with the proceeds of general taxation it ought to educate either all the children of the district (which it cannot possibly do) or none at all, I have so frequently replied to it, that I will content myself with referring to my former replies. It seems to me to be a reason for never expending public money upon any such situation, however essential to the welfare of the people, which cannot all be done at once, but must (like most important objects of public expenditure) have a beginning –

Hobart

Ap 13/74

S.O. No. 746

Proof 26/5

29/73

359
358

Minute

The Report of the Committee on the State of Education and of the Schools in the Oossoor Circle shows that both are as bad as may be. It shows also that the Results grants System has not answered. The reasons I believe to be inseparable from the System – and that a radical change is needed. But the remedy which the Local Fund Board propose is inadequate and inequitable. It is practically the same as what has already been before Government from, I think, Kurnool Vizagapatam & Tanjore.

The Middle Class Schools may stand. They exist and are of a class which is really most needed by those who *seek* Education and on the whole they are doing more good than lower class Schools. But for the money spent (Rs. 616 per School) far better results ought to be obtained. It is evident that the Schools must be taken by the Local Fund Board in order to save them; but the Educational Department should explain why they are languishing under their supervision. The

The proposed so-called higher and lower grade Union Schools are simply Village Schools - of a more or less costly character according to locality - the more costly no doubt being assigned to the large and more wealthy villages - those villages which are the most equal to pay for the Education of their own children. The Higher grade is to cost Rs: 300, the lower Rs: 156, a year; but no estimate of attendance is given to enable judgment as to the cost per head. I fear it will prove far too high in ~~to~~ the ~~higher~~ grade. I approve of the higher Standard of Education proposed in the 1st grade Schools, but apparently

Some four-fifths of the Cost is to be paid out of taxation — a very serious matter, when we bear in mind that the taxes are paid Equally by all Villages.

The Oossur Taluq has upwards of 500 Villages and 193,000 inhabitants — as per the Census before the last, the Taluq details of which are not yet out — all taxpayers on fairly Equal terms. The Local Fund Board propose — besides Middle class Schools taken over — 10 Village Schools at a Cost of Rs: 2000 or nearly Rs: 200 Each for the whole of the Taluq. The whole will provide at the outside from 350 to 500 Scholars. All one asks is why so privileged? What are the children of other taxpayers to do?

3 Higher grades at 300 Rs Each } = 900
7 Lower grades at 156 Rs Each } 1092
1992

N. B. Exclusive of Miscellaneous Expense.

The Krishnaghiri Taluq has 316 Villages with a population of 1,70000. To this the Local Fund Board propose to assign 8 Village Schools at a Cost of Rs: 1,500.

2 Higher grade at Rs: 300 Each } = 600
6 Lower grades at Rs: 156 Each } = 936
1536

N. B. Exclusive of Miscellaneous Expenses.

In Darampury there are 535 Villages with a population of 1,90000 (as per former Census). The Local Fund Board propose to devote upwards Rs: 2000 to 10 Village Schools at Rs: 200 a Village.

4 Higher grade at Rs: 300 Each } — 1,200
6 Lower grade at Rs: 156 Each } 936
2,136

N. B. Exclusive of Miscellaneous Expenses

As it seems to me the facts only need to be stated to show that the plan is as ludicrously inadequate as it is absolutely inequitable. And I venture to submit that the Government is precluded on both

grounds from according
an approval of the
proposals. I would
personally refuse
Even a trial of a
plan which launches
us in public Expectation
on such Erroneous and
bankrupt Courses

DB J Robinson

No. 358-9-

Financial 1874 Depart
Pro. 30 April/74 -
Minute by the Hon'ble
W. Robinson, C.S.I.
dated 30 March 1874. -

G.O. No. 746

23

Financial Department 1/8

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following ~~letter~~ Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 3rd March 1874, No. 459 - 1633. 1646 / 1801 10, 11 & 6
Letter from the Director of Public Instruction dt 4th March 1874 No 426
Order thereon, Dated 30th April/74. No. 746.

Read also Minute by Hon. W. Robinson dt. 30 March 74.
do - Rt Hon the President - 13 Ap 74

J. D. S. 21/4.
See Note

WH 29/4

Tabled 5

The subjoined abstract shows the Budget estimate of the Salem Local Fund Circle for 1874-75, compared with those for the current year.

Receipts

Receipts	1873-74	1874-75
Balance brought forward	23,970	29,300
Allotments from General revenue.		
Provincial funds.		
For roads	25,000	25,000
" schools	270	270
Special funds	9,800	9,780
Land Cess	1,20,000	1,20,000
Tolls	"	1,100
Fees in schools	100	100
Contn. to other Circles	730	600
Endowments	1,300	1,290
Miscellaneous	3,150	3,130
Total	1,84,320	1,90,570

Charges	1873-74	1874-75
Grant I		
New Works		
Communications	6,920	7,090
Buildings	1,500	"
Repairs		
Communications	89,000	97,820
Miscellaneous	7,000	8,500
Cost of general establishment. P.W.D.	11,500	10,970
Road Fund Reserve	11,800	11,360
Other items	5,630	6,700
		142440
Grant II.		
Inspection	3,060	1,680
Local Fd. Schools	940	870
Grants-in-aid	6,000	5,180
Other items	50	150
Grant III.		
Hospitals	7,560	7,960
Vaccination	2,400	2,450
Sanitation	5,000	12,000
Miscellaneous	3,340	2,980
Grant IV.		
Establishment	2,350	2,300
General reserve	"	4,840
Balance	20,270	7,720
Total	1,84,320	1,90,570

The entries on the receipt side correspond very closely with those for the current year and call

call for but little remark in detail. The Board of Revenue have rightly reduced the amount entered by the Local Board as a Provincial grant for Schools. The new entry under tolls is a consequence of the toll on the bridge over the Cauvery at Bhowany having been transferred to the Salem Circle.

In modification of a proposal to transfer Rs 6,000 from the 1/3 Land Cess to the Road Fund, the Board of Revenue recommend a transfer of Rs 2,000. This however the Govt. must disallow, the sum being too insignificant to justify the breach of a general rule.

The resolution of the Local Fund Board to refrain from starting new projects until the existing main lines of road have been put in thorough order is fully approved. The Govt. concur with the Board of Revenue in considering that the allotment of Funds for road repairs (and indeed the whole budget) has received very careful attention at the hands of the Local Board, and the increased provision for the purpose is sanctioned. The allotment for avenues must be reduced to Rs 5,000 the sum allowed in the budget for 1873-74. ~~and the provision of Rs 1,500 for repairs to public bungalows must be struck out.~~ The report called for in para 29 of the Board's Proceedings — should be submitted to Govt. and explanation should also be given regarding the cessation of the contributions by District

This is struck out under instructions but it is to be noted that the allotment of Rs 1500 is a lump entry for "Orr's Choultries Soldiers Sheds, Travellers Bungalows and Dispensaries."

I would let the sum stand pending the report.
J. D. S.

I prefer the Dft — [illegible]

25

District Officers and the large sums which it is proposed to assign for maintenance and repairs. The increase to the salaries of the masters of the two Local Fund Schools which were formerly rate schools of the middle class, is sanctioned under the circumstances reported. The total allotment for education is only Rs 7880 against Rs 10,050 in the current year, but it is reported that a scheme for the extension of Local Fund schools (erroneously called Union schools) is now under preparation. The Govt. will now assign a lump sum of Rs 5,000 for this purpose from the balance of the General Fund, and desire that proposals for the utilization of at least that sum be submitted at an early date. Provided, however, that the sum is spent on lower class education, the Govt. do not wish to confine the proposals to Local Fund schools of the ordinary kind ~~[illegible]~~ but would prefer their being applied ~~[illegible] of the result grant system or~~ to a combination of ~~salaries~~ fixed stipends and results grants such as is advocated by the Director of Public Instruction in the case of the Oossoor Circle a system ~~[illegible]~~ which seems likely to be successful and which the Govt. desire to see fairly tried. As pointed out by the Surgeon General, a sum of Rs 540 must be added to the allotment under Grant III to provide for the entertainment of Hospital Apprentices at the Dispensaries at Naukal, Tripatore, and Attoor

[illegible]

I would add — a system which seems likely to be successful well worthy of a fair trial. & to be successful

J.D.S.

& which the Govt. desire to see fairly tried

I prefer the D.S. I have made a note on Mr Powell's letter re.

26

49

Attoor. Dr. Balfour also remarks that the provision of Rs 200 for the initial purchase of medicines and instruments at the Attoor Hospital is altogether insufficient, but does not say how much will be required.

The abstract of the budget as modified by Govt. is as follows:—

Receipts

	Rs
Road Fund —	1,33,130
Endowment Fund —	2,640
General Fund —	54,800
	1,90,570

Charges

		Rs.
Grant I		
Road Fund	1,31,520	
Genl: Fund	7560	1,39,080
Grant II		
Genl. Fund. —		12,880
Grant III		
Genl: Fund. —	23,290	
Endowmt. Fund —	2,640	25,930
Grant IV		
Road Fund —	1,610	
Genl. Fund —	690	2,300
Total		1,80,190
Balances Genl: Reserve —		4,840
Road Fund —	"	
Genl. Fund —	5540	
Endowmt. —	"	5540
		1,90,570

27

89

Oossoor

Receipts	1873-74. Rs.	1874-75. Rs.
Balance brought forward.	3,330	2,700
Allotments from Genl. Reserve		
Provincial Funds.		
For Roads	11,010	11,010
Special Funds	10,170	9,140
Cess on Land	46,000	50,000
Fees in Schools	"	1,160
Receipts from endowments	630	640
Miscellaneous	2,750	2,570
Total	73,890	78,220

Charges	1873-74	1874-75
Grant I		
New Works Communications	3,500	6,030
Repairs Communications	37,200	30,870
Miscellaneous	3,000	4,500
Cost of general estabt. P.W.D.	6,200	5,060
Road Fund Reserve	5,900	4,790
Other items	2,290	2,520
Grant II		
Inspection	2,250	620
Local Fd. Schools	"	6,340
Grants in aid	1,000	1,000
Miscellaneous	50	100
Grant III		
Hospitals	"	2,060
Vaccination	850	850
Sany: estabt.	5,000	7,000
Other items	280	500
Grant IV		
Establishment	1,050	1,040
Genl. Reserve	"	2,600
Balance	5,320	2,340
Total	73,890	78,220

A

The principal feature in the Oossoor Circle Budget is the new Educational scheme which appears to have been carefully prepared mainly on the principle of converting into Local Fund Schools existing institutions under the Result Grant system, the permanency of which in their present state appears to the Local Fund Board to be more than doubtful. The scheme was forwarded by the Board of Revenue to the Director of Public Instruction for his remarks, and from his letter dated 4th March 1874, No. 426, it appears that he would prefer a combined system of fixed salaries and result grants. ~~In this [illegible] to~~ The Govt. consider that this system should receive a fair trial and ~~[illegible] and~~ the Local Board will revise their scheme accordingly in consultation with the local educational officers.

I'd say & [illegible]
consider that this
should receive
system & the
a fair trial
Local Board
will see [illegible]
RR

Should D. wish
here quote para. 3 of
the Director's letter
i.e. that the Board
did not fully
understand what
is suggested?
It will be [illegible] with the [illegible]
R

I would not be
quite so ~~[illegible]~~ im
perative. But wd say
as before that we
would like the scheme
which is a promising one
to have a fair trial
J.O.S.

29/4

officers. The revision ought to be no difficult matter and it is expected that the institutions will soon be in working order. In the meantime the entries may remain in the Budget as submitted by the Board of Revenue whose disallowance of the transfer of the middle class schools at Royacottah and Denkencottah is approved, the Govt. having resolved, now that the house tax has been discontinued, to permit no portion of Local Funds to be diverted to Middle Class Education. The ~~last two~~ third and fifth paragraphs of the letter from the Director of Public Instn. will be circulated for the guidance of all Local Fund Boards in the preparation of their educational schemes. The question raised in para 4 of that letter regarding the teaching of English in these schools is under the consideration of Govt. and orders will shortly be issued on the subject. ~~under the cons~~

The Govt. agree with the Board of Revenue in considering it unnecessary that any appropriation should be made from the General Fund to the Road fund, the reduction in the allotment for road repairs having been made on the ground that the amount now provided is sufficient. The proposal for the establishment of a new Dispensary at Kristnagiri is fully approved, and the allotment should be increased by Rs 350 as proposed by the Surgeon General. The provision for Public bungalows must be reduced to Rs 330, the amount expended in 1872-73.

29/4

I am satisfied that we should err in proscribing English. I would therefore either distinctly repudiate Mr. Powell's views or let it stand over as H.E. desires for the present 29/4

I dissent from para 4. and have in a separate minute given my reasons fully. The point involves a cardinal principle of an Educational scheme & I submit should be separately dealt with. ~~Therefore~~ My minute is in circulation & I claim consideration of my arguments before orders adverse to them are issued in this incidental manner.

J. D. S.

I have not seen my Hon. Colleague's Minute; and it is most inexpedient that the Local Boards

The Board of Revenue with enclos. rets. 2/5 13/6
Revenue Dept.
Accountant General
Public Works Dept.
Surgeon General I.M.D.
Director of Public Instn.
Sanitary Commissioner
Presdt. Munl. Commn. Salem.

despd 22/5/74

To all Presidents of L.F. Boards – para 4 with para 3 & 5 of the Director letter No. 426 despd 22/6

120

5 Letter 31 Encls 100

should know how they stand in refce. to ~~[illegible]~~ ~~of the Dir~~ the question raised in para 4. of the Director's letter. The difference in reference (~~[illegible]~~ English is not the taught) will be very great: and for my own part, I agree with the Director of Public Instruction — I submit that the question has been so long under consid: that we are bound to take some action upon it now:

Cro. u Azofu

746

Budget estimate of the Salem L. F. Bd. Circle for 1874-75

Govt. of Madras. 187

Dated 187 , No.
Recd.

~~and I have~~

We must say that the question raised in the Director's para 4. ~~is under consid: of the Gov~~ regd. as to the future teaching of English in these schools is under consid: & that they will shortly be informed of our decision. Meantime that in the meantime they will make no ~~exact~~ provision for it.

Ap 27/74

Financial Department.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following ~~letter~~ Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 3rd March 1874, No. 459,

Order thereon

The subjoined abstract shows the budget estimate of the Salem Local Fund Circle for 1874-75 compared with those for the current year.

Receipts

(See my Minute) Ap 13/74

J. D. S.
25. 3.

See Minute 20/3 No 2

Receipts	1873-74	1874-75
Balance brought forward	23,970	29,300
Allotments from Genl revenue		
Provl Funds		
For roads	25,000	25,000
" Schools	270	270
Special Funds	9,800	9,780
Land Cess	1,20,000	1,20,000
Tolls	"	1,100
Fees in schools	100	100
Contn to other circles	730	600
Endowments	1,300	1,290
Miscellaneous	3,150	3,120
Total	1,84,320	1,90,570

Charges	1873-74	1874-75
Grant I		
New Works		
Communications	6,920	7,090
Buildings	1,500	"
Repairs		
Communications	89,000	97,820
Miscellaneous	7,000	8,500
Cost of genl Establt P.W.D.	11,500	10,970
Road Fd reserve	11,800	11,360
other items	5,630	6,700
Grant II		
Inspection	3,060	1,680
Local Fd schools	940	870
Grants-in-aid	6,000	5,180
other items	50	150
Grant III		
Hospitals	7,560	7,960
Vaccination	2,400	2,450
Sanitation	5,000	12,000
Miscellaneous	3,340	2,980
Grant IV		
Establishment	2,350	2,300
General reserve	"	4,840
Balance	20,270	7,720
Total	1,84,320	1,90,570

The entries on the receipt side correspond very closely with those for the current year, and

call

This has now been received and is in circulation. DL

call for but little remark in detail. The Board of Revenue have rightly reduced the amount entered by the Local Board as a Provincial grant for schools. ~~The exact amount of the grant will be communicated as soon as the Director of Public Instruction submits the revised statement called for in G.O. dated 8th Novr 1873 No 1624 which he is requested to expedite.~~ The new entry under tolls is a consequence of the toll on the bridge over the Cauvery at Bhowany having been transferred to the Salem Circle.

In modification of a proposal to transfer Rs 6000 from the 1/3 Land Cess to the Road Fund the Board of Revenue recommend a transfer of Rs 2000 which is sanctioned, as ample funds will still remain for educational and sanitary purposes.

The resolution of the Local Fund Board to refrain from starting new projects until the existing main lines of road have been put in thorough order is fully approved. The Govt. concur with the Board of Revenue in considering that the allotment of funds for road repairs (and indeed the whole budget) has received very careful attention at the hands of the Local Board, and the increased provision for the purpose is sanctioned. The allotment of

however the Govt. must disallow

I would not allow this - the sum being too insignificant to justify the breach of a general rule, & they have a balance of Rs 7700.

J. D. S.

30/3.

Only Rs 650 belongs to the Road Fund however

for avenues must be reduced to Rs 5000 the sum allowed in the budget for 1873-74 and the provision of Rs 1500 for repairs to public bungalows must be struck out. The report called for in para 29 of the Bd's Procgs ~~shall~~ ~~must~~ should be submitted to Govt and explanation should also be given regarding the cessation of the contributions by District Officers and the large sum [illegible]

I would reduce this - The proposal is to spend as much on avenues as on new works!! As regards the reason given if avenue gardening were adopted in all Dists. on the scale followed in Salem experience would show that any large expenditure is [illegible]

30/3

The large charge of 1500 Rs for repairs of Public Bungalows & the cessation of contribution of Dist. Officers to their maintenance should be further reported on. The report called for (Para 29 Bd. Pro.) to be submitted to Govt. Disallow.

J. R. Robinson
30/3

I agree

Note

There is a saving in the aggregate.

It was necessary to know the views of the D.P.I. before adopting a fixed policy. I wrote

a very minute in the absence of any scheme I would act as then proposed & communicate the G.O. to all Local Boards for the guidance as to future schemes.

It must depend on the reason of scheme. Why are L.F. Bds left to grope in the dark after schemes? Unless it is time Govt. laid down some policy

of Rs 7000 for avenues (against Rs 5000 in the current year's budget) is very high but it will not be objected to, as the President states that experience has proved the previous provision to be insufficient. The increase to the salaries of the masters in the two Local Fund schools which were formerly private schools of the middle class is sanctioned under the circumstances reported. The total allotment for education is only Rs 7880 against Rs 10,050 in the current year, but it is reported that a scheme for the extension of Local Fund schools (erroneously called Union schools) is now under preparation.

The

~~101~~ 99

The Govt will now assign a lump sum of Rs 5000 for this purpose from the balance of the general Fund and desire that proposals for the utilization of at least that sum be submitted at an early date. Provided however that the sum is spent on education, the Govt do not wish to confine the proposals to Local Fund schools to the exclusion of the result grant system — or ~~the~~ a continuation of salaries & results payments such as is advocated by the Director of Public Instruction in the case of the Ossoor circle S.O.S.

As pointed out by the Surgeon General, a sum of Rs 540 must be added to the allotment under Grant III to provide for the entertainment of Hospital Apprentices at the Dispensaries at Namkal Tripatore and

Athoor

these lower class

I wd. add "but the Govt. consider the establishment of one or more normal schools to be a feature in every ~~system~~ ~~of~~ scheme of education submitted for consideration."

J B Robinson

20/5

Govt must pay for normal schools ourselves

Where are Mr Powell's proposals?

Athoor. Dr Balfour also remarks that the provision of Rs 200 for the initial purchase of medicines and instruments at the Athoor Hospital is altogether insufficient, but does not say how much will be required.

The abstract of the budget as modified by Govt is as follows.

Receipts

Road Fund.	133130
Endowmt. Fund.	2640
General Fund.	54800
	190570

~~Rd. Fd. 133130~~
~~Appropriation from the Gl. Fd. 2000~~
~~135130~~

Charges.

Grant I.		
Road Fund	13~~2850~~ 1520	
General Fd.	~~9590~~ 6090	137610 ~~142440~~
Grant II		
General Fd.	12880	12880
Grant III		
General Fd.	23290	
Endowmt. Fd.	2640	25930
Grant IV		
Road Fund.	16~~3~~10	
General Fd.	6~~7~~90	2300
Total		178720 ~~173550~~
General Reserve.		4840 ~~4660~~
Balances.		
Rd Fd.	~~650~~	
Gl. Fd.	7010 ~~1730~~	7010
Endt. Fd.	"	~~3380~~
		190570

I have now been able to see the circum. I do not think the proposed alteration ~~proposal~~ desirable.

Or Good

Oossoor

Receipts	1873-74	1874-75
Balance brought forward	3330	3700
Allotments from General revenue		
Provincial Funds		
For roads	11,010	11010
Special Funds	10170	9140
Cess on Land	46000	50000
Fees in schools	"	1160
Receipts from endowments	630	640
Miscellaneous	2750	2570
Total	73890	78220

Charges	1873-74	1874-75
Grant I		
New Works		
Communications	3500	6030
Repairs		
Communications	37200	30870
Miscellaneous	3000	4500
Cost of genl. establt. P.W.D.	6200	5060
Road Fund reserve	5900	4790
other items	2290	2520
Grant II		
Inspection	2250	620
Local F. Schools	"	6340
Grants-in-aid	1000	1000
Miscellaneous	50	100
Grant III		
Hospitals	"	2060
Vaccination	850	850
Sanitary establt.	5000	7000
other items	280	500
Grant IV		
Establishment	1050	1040
General reserve	"	2600
Balance	5320	2340
Total	73890	78220

I disapprove of the scheme as inadequate & inequitable & would disallow — See Minute
RL
30/3

I approve of the scheme with the alterations suggested by the Board, except as to the middle class schools. See my Minute. Until the efficiency ~~found~~ stand, subject to my notes.
W

I would say The Govt. consider this scheme well worthy of a trial & request the L. F. B. to be
W

I wd. direct the L F B to

The principal feature in the Oossoor Circle budget is the new educational scheme, which appears to have been carefully prepared, mainly on the principle of converting into Local Fund schools existing institutions under the Result grant, the permanency of which in their present state, appears to the Local Fund Board to be more than doubtful. The scheme was forwarded by the Board of Revenue to the Director of Public Instruction for his remarks, and from his letter, dated 14th March 1874, No 426, it appears that he would prefer a combined system of fixed salaries and result grants. In this view the Govt. concur, and the Local Board will revise their scheme accordingly in consultation with the local educational officers. The revision ought to be no difficult matter, and it is expected that the institutions will soon be in working order. In the meantime, the entries may remain in the budget as submitted by the Board of Revenue whose disallowance of the transfer of the middle class schools at Royacottah and Seitencottah is approved, the Govt having resolved, now that the house tax has been discontinued, to permit no portion of Local Funds to be diverted to middle class education.

The Govt agree with the Board of Revenue in considering it unnecessary that any appropriation should be made from the General Fund to the Road Fund, the reduction in the allotment for road repairs having been made on the ground that the amount now provided is sufficient. The proposal for the establishment of a new Dispensary at Kristnagiri is fully approved, and the allotment should be increased by Rs 350 as proposed by the Surg. Genl. The provision for Public Bungalows must be reduced to Rs 330, the amount expended in 1872

I consider the whole letter well expressed & views I have ventured to lay before my Hon. Colleagues in the accompaniments
20/3

I would add that Mr Powell's suggestion about the inclusion of English should be adopted

the last three paragraphs of the letter from the Director of Public Instruction will be circulated for the guidance of all Local Fund Boards in the preparation of their educational schemes.

~~preparation of their educational schemes.~~

~~The Govt agree with the Board of Revenue in considering it unnecessary that any appropriation should be made from the Genl Fund to the Road Fund, the reduction in the allotment for road repairs having been made on the ground that the amount now provided is sufficient. The proposal for the establishment of a new Dispensary at Kristnagiri is fully approved, and the allotment should be increased by Rs 350 as proposed by the Surgeon General. The provision for Public Bungalows must be reduced to Rs 330, the amount expended in 1872-73.~~

To
~~The Board of Revenue~~
~~Revenue Department~~
~~Accountant General~~
~~Public Works Departt~~
~~Surgeon General~~
~~Indian Medl Deptt~~
~~Director of Pub. Instn~~
~~Sanitary Commissioner~~
~~President, Munl Commn~~
~~Salem~~

Budget Estimate of the
Salem L.F. Bd Circle
for 1874-75

Govt. of {1874} Madras.

Financial

To
The Board of Revenue

Dated April 30 } 1874, No. 746
Recd.

Nos. 353-60.

Salem Circle - The Budget Estes. of this Circle for 1874-75 reviewed & passed.

Recopy as amended

R to H.E. the Governor
The amended draft will
have to be circulated so re-copy
in full.

12

c 24/5
R 27
c 27
R 30
C 31
R 16-4