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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Finance DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 309. Press ~~Mis.~~

Dated 6 - 3 - 1873.

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Not to be folded or roughly handled

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 309.

FROM

THE HON. W. HUDLESTON,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George,

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

With reference to the papers noted in the margin, I am directed to transmit two statements with memoranda explaining the nature of the receipts and charges under Administration, Minor Departments, Law and Justice, and Provincial Services.

Resolution of the Government of India, dated 17th October 1872, No. 3494.
Letter from Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, dated 6th November 1872, No. 10-778.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

FORT ST. GEORGE,
6th March 1873.

Chief Secretary.

STATEMENT showing the Receipts and Charges in the Madras Presidency, during the year 1871-72, in connexion with Law and Justice, Administration, and Minor Departments.

RECEIPTS.	Actuals for 1871-72.	CHARGES.	Actuals for 1871-72.
Law and Justice.—	£	*Administration.*—	£
Sale proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	1,747 (*a*)	Salary of Governor	12,800
Court fees realized in cash... ...	15,484 (*b*)	Salaries of two Members of Council	12,813
General fees, fines, and forfeitures	33,669 (*c*)	Staff and Household of the Governor	8,337
Miscellaneous	316 (*d*)	Tour expenses	2,865
		Legislative Council	1,595
		Civil Secretaries.—	
		Public Department	12,927
		Revenue ,, ...	8,401
		Translators' ,, ...	2,696
		Military ,, ...	7,281
		Board of Revenue	25,986
		Central and other Museums ...	2,654 *
		Meteorological Department ...	1,423 *
		Public Observatory	2,240 *
		Law and Justice.—	
		High Court Judges	24,453
		Do. Establishment, Appellate Branch	10,153
		High Court Establishment, Original Branch	11,094
		Law Officers	6,447
		Administrator-General	720
		Coroner	719
		Justice of the Peace	6,113
		Civil and Session Courts	155,086
		Courts of Small Causes	22,339
		Criminal Courts	96,027
Total ...	51,216		

RECEIPTS.

(*a*.) These are realized under the provisions of Regulation III. of 1802 and Regulation VII. of 1817.

(*b*.) Under the Court Fees' Act, No. VII. of 1870, on all documents filed, exhibited, or recorded in the several Courts.

(*c*.) and (*d*.) Under the general laws in force.

CHARGES.

The salaries of the Governor and Members of Council were fixed under Statutes III. and IV., William IV., Cap. 85, Section 76, at one hundred and twenty thousand and sixty thousand Sicca Rupees per annum, respectively, and call for no remark. There is an increase of £13 in the amount entered against Members of Council, which is the travelling expense incurred by the second Member of Council who proceeded during the year, on the public service, to Travancore.

2. The charge of £8,337 under "Staff and Household of the Governor" includes the pay of the Private Secretary to the Governor; of the establishment permanently employed at Government House; of the Governor's Band; and the cost of the annual balls and suppers, lighting expenses, and contingent charges.

* Minor Departments.

3. The travelling expenses of £2,865 were incurred in connexion with tours made by the Governor in the Provinces for personal local inquiry, and with the annual move of the Government and part of the Secretariat Establishment to the Hills in the hot season.

4. The charge of £1,595 against Legislative Council is the pay of an Assistant Secretary, three clerks, and three servants. The Council was constituted under the Indian Councils' Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vic., Cap. 67), for the better exercise of the power of making laws and regulations.

5. *Civil Secretaries.*—The charges of £12,927, 8,401, and 7,281 under this head relate to the pay of

1 Chief Secretary,
1 Secretary to Government,
1 Military Secretary,
2 Under Secretaries,
6 Assistants,
3 Registrars,
110 Clerks, and
109 Servants,

N. B.—The charge for the Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department and his Establishment is included in the Public Works Budget.

and to contingent expenses and official postage. The Chief Secretary, with one Under Secretary, two Assistants, one Registrar, and forty-seven clerks, conducts the work relating to the administration in the Political, Financial, Judicial, Public, Educational, Ecclesiastical, Marine, Pension, and Petition Departments. The Secretary to Government, with one Under Secretary, two Assistants, one Registrar, and twenty-six clerks, the work of the Revenue branch of the administration; and the Military Secretary with two Assistants, one Registrar, and thirty-seven clerks, the work relating to the Military branch of the administration.

6. The charge of £2,696 for the Translators' Department includes the pay of five Translators, six Moonshees, and five clerks. The Translators render the Acts of the Legislative Councils (Imperial and Local) and all other papers sent to them by Government into the vernaculars in use in the Presidency, viz., Tamil, Telugu, Hindoostanee, Malayalum, and Canarese.

7. The charge for the Board of Revenue of £25,986 is explained in paragraphs 41 to 43 of their Proceedings,* dated the 30th January 1873, which has been forwarded to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.

* Copy enclosed.

8. The charge of £2,654 for "Central and other Museums" includes the pay of the Superintendent, clerks and servants, and miscellaneous charges. The Central Museum includes a Museum of Practical or Economic Geology, a Museum of Natural History, and a Library, besides collections illustrative of the history and manufactures of the country.

9. The Meteorological Department, which was organized in 1866, and for which a charge of £1,423 was incurred in 1871-72, consists of one Superintendent, who is also the Government Astronomer, and thirteen Observers. Observations are recorded by this Department at Bangalore, Bellary, Cochin, Coimbatore, Kurnool, Madras, Madura, Masulipatam, Negapatam, Salem, Secunderabad, Trichinopoly, and Wellington.

10. *Public Observatory.*—£2,240.—The Observatory staff consists of one Astronomer, one Assistant to the Astronomer, nine clerks, and five servants, and

was employed during the year in the usual observation of the sun, moon, and planets, and standard and nautical almanac stars, as well as in observing the total eclipse which took place in December 1871.

11. *Law and Justice.*—High Court Judges, £25,453.—The High Court of Judicature was constituted under the provisions of Acts XXIV. and XXV. Vic., Cap. 104, and is divided into two branches—the "Original" and "Appellate." In the former the Court exercises jurisdiction in all matters within the Presidency Town. In the latter over all appeals from Division Courts and from decrees and sentences and orders of Civil and Session Courts and Lower Appellate Courts. The Court consists of one Chief Justice and four Puisne Judges. In the Appellate Branch (£10,153) there is a Registrar, a Deputy Registrar, one Reporter and Short-hand Writer, fourteen Interpreters and Translators, clerks and servants. In the Original Branch (£11,094) there is a Registrar, an Assistant Registrar, a Clerk and Deputy Clerk of the Crown, a Judge's Clerk, a Sheriff, six Translators, Clerks, Criers and Keepers of the Courts, and servants.

12. Law Officers, £6,447.—This amount represents the pay of the Advocate-General and his establishment, and of the Government Solicitor and Government Pleader. The law officers advise Government on all referred questions, and when specially employed in prosecuting or defending causes in which Government is a party receive fees.

13. The sum of £720 is the allowance given by Government to the Administrator-General in addition to the commission of five "per centum," to which he is entitled on the amount or value of assets which he may collect and distribute under the provisions of Act XXIV. of 1867.

14. The Coroner's Court is constituted under the "Coroner's Act," No. IV. of 1871. The Coroner is aided by a Clerk, an Interpreter, a Constable, and servants in the discharge of the duties prescribed in the Act. The charge for 1871-72 was £719.

15. Justices of the Peace, £6,113.—There are four Police Magistrates in the town of Madras, who exercise the powers of Justice of the Peace and Magistrate under Madras Act VIII. of 1867. The charge of £6,113 includes the pay of the Magistrates and their establishments of clerks and servants, as well as allowance paid to witnesses attending the High Court.

16. Civil and Session Courts, £155,086.—This charge represents the pay of twenty-one Civil and Session Judges, the moiety of the pay of the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner on the Neilgherries, the pay of twelve Principal Sadr Amins, one hundred and nine Munsifs, and their respective establishment of Pleaders, Translators, clerks, and servants. The Civil and Session Courts dispose of all civil suits exceeding in value of subject matter Rupees 10,000 where there is a Principal Sadr Amin; all exceeding Rupees 1,000 where none; appellate jurisdiction from decrees of Principal Sadr Amins and District Munsifs; and where Small Cause jurisdiction exists, suits not exceeding Rupees 500. The Commissioner of the Neilgherries exercises the powers of a Civil and Session Judge. The Principal Sadr Amins dispose of original suits above Rupees 1,000 and under Rupees 10,000, and appellate jurisdiction in appeals referred; small causes exceeding Rupees 50 and not exceeding Rupees 500. The District Munsifs try original suits up to Rupees 1,000, and small cause suits below Rupees 50. Under the Madras Civil Courts Act III. of 1873, which will come into force on the 1st March 1873, the appellate jurisdiction of Civil Judges will be confined to suits not exceeding Rupees 5,000 in value; appeals against the decrees of Principal Sadr Amins, the amount or value involved in which exceeds that sum being preferred to the High Court. Principal Sadr Amins will have the same unlimited jurisdiction in original suits as is now vested in the Civil Judges, with appellate jurisdiction in respect of suits tried by District Munsiffs amounting in value to Rupees 2,500; and the pecuniary jurisdiction of District Munsifs will be extended from Rupees 1,000 to Rupees 2,500.

17. Courts of Small Causes, £22,339.—The Court of Small Causes at the Presidency consists of three Judges, one Clerk of the Court with a Deputy, Clerks, Interpreters, Translators, Bailiffs, and other servants; the cost during 1871-72 was £8,112. The Court disposes of small cause suits not exceeding in value Rupees 1,000, and suits exceeding Rupees 1,000 with consent of the parties.

18. There are seven Courts of Small Causes in the Provinces. A Judge is attached to each Court with a proper complement of clerks and other servants. The charge for the Courts during 1871-72 was £14,227. These Courts exercise jurisdiction over small causes not exceeding in value Rupees 500, and when exercising also the powers of a Principal Sadr Amin deal with original suits exceeding Rupees 1,000 and not exceeding Rupees 10,000; also appellate jurisdiction in appeals referred for disposal.

19. Criminal Courts, £96,027.—In this amount is included one-fifth of the pay, &c., of Magistrates, Joint Magistrates, Assistant Magistrates, and Uncovenanted Deputy Collectors and Magistrates. Explanation regarding their numbers and duties will be found in paragraphs 24 to 39 of the accompanying copy of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated the 30th January 1873, No. 125. Besides the officers referred to there are two Assistant Agents in Jeypore and Ganjam Hill Tracts, eight Cantonment Magistrates in the Provinces, three Subordinate Magistrates in Ganjam, one Town Munsif, clerks, and servants. Allowance to witnesses attending Magisterial Courts, official postage, &c., are also included in the charge. The Assistant Agents exercise the full *powers of* a Magistrate and Justice of the Peace. Civil jurisdiction in cases referred. The Cantonment Magistrates exercise full powers of a Magistrate, powers of a Justice of the Peace, and civil jurisdiction, within the Cantonment, in suits not exceeding Rupees 500. The Subordinate Magistrates exercise the powers of 2nd or 3rd Class Sub-Magistrate.

STATEMENT of Revenue, Receipts, and Expenditure of the Government of Madras on account of Provincial Services for 1871-72.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	Actuals for 1871-72.	DISBURSEMENTS.	Actuals for 1871-72.
	£		£
Allotments from General Revenues.	769,629	Jails	82,338
Jails	26,486 (*a*)	Registration	23,769
Registration	35,475 (*b*)	Police	339,629
Police	8,246 (*c*)	Education	85,368
Education	25,259 (*d*)	Medical Services	54,362*
Printing...	2,803 (*e*)	Printing	24,716
Medical	12,960 (*f*)	Ecclesiastical	478
Ecclesiastical	266 (*g*)	Marine	655
Miscellaneous...	3,640 (*h*)	Miscellaneous...	9,319
Public Works...	5,506 (*i*)	Public Works	204,134
Total ...	890,270	Total ...	834,768

* *Vide* Memorandum.

RECEIPTS.

(*a.*) Sale proceeds of jail manufactures, hire of convicts, and miscellaneous receipts.

(*b.*) Fees, &c., realized on the registration of wills, written authorities to adopt, and of all written instruments whether concerning moveable or immoveable property.

(*c.*) Fees, fines, forfeitures, and miscellaneous.

(*d.*) Fees realized from Colleges and schools.

(*e.*) Realized by the sales of Acts and books, subscriptions to Gazettes, and miscellaneous.

(*f.*) Hospital stoppages and sale proceeds of medicines.

(*g.*) Fees for masonry graves and monuments in cemeteries.

(*h.*) Sale proceeds of materials, &c.

(*i.*) Sale proceeds of buildings and stores and miscellaneous.

CHARGES.

20. Jails, £82,338.—During the year 1871 there were in thirty-six jails 9364 prisoners. The general control and superintendence of the jails are vested in the Inspector-General of Jails, who is required to visit every Central Jail at least once in every year, and all other jails at least once in every two years. There are seven Central Jails, viz., at Madras, Vellore, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Cannanore, and Rajahmundry. A Superintendent is attached to each jail. Besides the Superintendents there are Jailers, warders, and servants in each jail. The charge of £82,338 includes not only the pay of the officers and servants referred to, but the cost of rations, hospital charges, clothing, &c.

21. Registration, £23,769.—Under the provisions of the Indian Registration Act No. VIII. of 1871, the Inspector-General of Registration exercises general control over the Registrars and Sub-Registrars of Districts. There were 287 Sub-Registry Offices in the Presidency on the 31st March 1872.

The total number of registrations during the year was 154,281, viz.:—

Book I.

Deeds of gift	361
Deeds of sale of Rupees 100 and upwards	34,797
Deeds of sale under Rupees 100	13,579
Mortgages	60,228
Receipts and acquittances	664
Perpetual leases	1,447
Leases exceeding one year	21,646
Leases not exceeding one year	2,318
Awards of arbitration	14
Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts	207
Other instruments	7,689
Total	142,950

Book IV.

	£.
Bonds	7,774
Other documents	3,557
Total	11,331

22. Police, £339,629.—This item is distributed under the following heads:—

	£
Presidency Town Police	19,223
Police Hospitals	1,970
District Police	318,236
Village Police	200
Total	3,39,629

The force consists at present of

1 Inspector-General,	396 Inspectors,
3 Deputy Inspectors-General,	87 European Constables,
1 Assistant Inspector-General,	21,846 Constables of all grades,
20 Superintendents,	37 Sowars,
20 Assistant Superintendents,	215 Marine Police, and
1 Commissioner of Police,	573 Village Watchers.
2 Deputy Commissioners of Police,	

The general control of the force is vested in the Inspector-General. The area over which the force is distributed is 141,746 square miles, and the population with which it has to deal is 31,311,142.

23. Education, £85,368.—There were, during the 1871-72, 4401 schools and 135,192 scholars, viz.:—

	No.	Scholars.
Colleges	13	418
Higher-Class Schools	52	11,883
Middle ,, ,,	484	23,346
Lower ,, ,,	3,373	76,741
Mixed Middle-Class Schools	23	1,227
,, Lower ,, ,,	273	10,997
Girls' Schools, Higher Class	1	116
,, ,, Middle ,,	84	5,364
,, ,, Lower ,,	78	2,787
Normal Schools	16	1,785
Professional Schools	4	548
Total	4,401	1,35,192

The Educational Staff now consists of

1 Director of Public Instruction.
6 Inspectors of Schools.
37 Deputy Inspectors.
7 Professors.
1 Assistant Professor.
1 Lady Superintendent of Female Normal School.
123 Head Masters.
399 Masters and Teachers, and Clerks and servants.

The expenditure in 1871-72 includes the pay of the Educational Staff; the grants-in-aid to schools of the higher and middle class; grants to schools on the result system (middle class); salary grants to Normal Schools; scholarships and prizes; pay of the Superintendent of the School of Industrial Arts, the Curator of the Government Book Depôt, and the Sub-Librarian of Oriental Manuscripts, and miscellaneous charges.

24. Medical Services, £54,362.—This comprises the charges for the following purposes :—

	£
Vaccination	7,800
Hospitals and Dispensaries	29,825
Medical College	2,703
Lunatic Asylums	6,043
Chemical Examiner	1,438
Health Officer	2,545
Sanitary Commissioner	3,421
Grants for medical purposes	587
Total	54,362

The Vaccination Department consists of one Superintendent-General of Vaccination, twenty-three Superintendents, and two hundred and forty vaccinators. The numbers of cases vaccinated during the year throughout the Presidency amounted to 280,477.

In the hospitals and dispensaries medical aid is afforded to all classes. The number treated during 1871-72 was 363,843; in-patients 19,436, and out-patients 344,407. There are employed in these institutions—

6 Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons.
14 Native Surgeons, Apothecaries, Hospital Assistants, &c.
8 Female Pupils.
2 Matrons and Nurses, and Clerks and servants.

In the Medical College fifty-two students were under instruction during the year; they are trained for service both in the Military and Civil branches of the Medical Department. The staff of the College is composed of

5 Professors.
2 Sub-Assistant Surgeons.
2 Assistant Professors.
2 Hospital Assistants and servants.

The number of *Lunatic Asylums* is three—one in Madras, one at Waltair, and one at Calicut. A Superintendent (a medical officer of the Indian Medical Department) is attached to the institution at Madras. The other two Asylums are placed under the supervision of the civil medical officers of the district. Each institution is provided with a suitable establishment. The number of inmates during the year 1871-72 was 224.

The Chemical Examiner has no special establishment. His duty is to analyze all substances sent to him for the purpose.

The Health Officer has the control of the establishment employed in carrying out the provisions of Act No. XIV. of 1868 for the prevention of certain contagious diseases in the town of Madras. The establishment consists of six Apothecaries, clerks and other servants. The number of women registered during the year 1871-72 was 486.

The Sanitary Commissioner has an establishment of eight clerks and six servants. He travels through the several districts in the provinces, and keeps the Government informed of the progress of epidemic and other disease; furnishes reports on the sanitary condition of districts and towns, and returns of vital statistics; and generally advises Government as to the material needs of the country in this direction.

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25. Printing, £24,716.—This includes the cost of the Government Printing Establishment at Madras, as well as the small printing establishments employed in the several Collectorates. For the Government Press there is a Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent, with a staff of Examiners, Readers, Compositors, Bookbinders, &c. The establishment is employed exclusively on printing the *Fort St. George Gazette*, the Proceedings of Government in the various Departments, all forms and statements required in connexion with the public service, and generally all printing work for Government purposes at the Presidency.

The total number of pages printed in 1871-72 reduced to foolscap folio was 133,802 of original matter and 42,625 re-made up.

The concluding paragraph of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue which accompanies this paper affords information regarding the Collectorate Presses.

26. Ecclesiastical, £478, and Marine, £655.—The former charge relates to establishments employed in cemeteries, and the latter is the cost of the repair of light-houses.

27. Miscellaneous, £9,319, refers to refunds, contribution to municipal funds under Madras Act X. of 1865, sundry grants to local funds, and miscellaneous charges.

27. Public Works, £204,134.—This amount was expended as follows:—

	£
Petty construction and repairs	797
Roads—New Works and Repairs	4,243
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	3,716
Civil Buildings—New Works and Repairs	57,768
Establishment	40,612
Tools and Plant	4,715
Grants-in-aid of Local Funds for maintenance and formation of roads	92,281
Profit and Loss	2
Total	204,134

Ed. J. Wright.

1873.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Chief Secretary to Government,
Fort St. George,

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of India,
Financial Department.

Dated 6th March 1873.

Recd.

No. 309.

Enclosure.

Transmitting two statements with memoranda explaining the nature of the receipts and charges under Administration, Minor Departments, Law and Justice, and Provincial Services.

Desp^d 7-3-73.

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Financial Department.

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Fort Saint George
6th ~~February~~ March 1873

1873. Finl Department.

No. 309

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The Secretary to the
Government of

Department.

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