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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Spind DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.	<u>464</u>	Press
		Mis.
Dated	<u>13-9-</u>	18 <u>61</u> .

23-24 5/6

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Financial Department.

13th September 1861.

3. Read the following letter from W. BALMAIN, Esq., Officiating Secretary and Director of the Government Savings' Bank; to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 26th August 1861, No. 473.

The Directors of the Savings' Bank have the honor to bring to the notice of Government that a considerable portion of the business now conducted is not such as properly appertains to the Savings' Bank, and they request sanction to a fresh rule limiting the total amount to be deposited at one time.

The object of a Savings' Bank and for which Government incur a considerable expense is to enable persons of small means to put by monthly part of their income, but at present many persons make use of the Bank merely as a place of deposit for their spare cash, depositing and withdrawing large sums each month. About $\frac{1}{2}$ th of the deposits (made at one time) are of Rupees 100 and upwards; a considerable number are upwards of Rupees 500 and some exceed Rupees 1,000. Such accounts do not appear to be legitimate business, and as there are plenty of other Banks where such persons can place their money, the rules should be so altered as to exclude them.

3. When originally established, the maximum amount allowed for any one account was Rupees 100. In 1854, the limit was extended by order of the Court of Directors to Rupees 1,500. In 1859, Mr. E. F. Harrison obtained the sanction of Government (Proceedings No. 64, October 18th) to raise the maximum amount of deposits to Rupees 2,500 to be allowed to accumulate with interest to Rupees 3,000. The reasons are not fully stated, but the closing of the loans and the alteration of the Military rules are referred to. It does not however appear necessary that the rules of Civil depositors should conform to those laid down for the Army: for Military men are in a peculiar position and have not often any other means of placing their money in security, although there is no Government loan open, persons can always purchase paper in the market.

4. It has been the practice at the Bank, there being no rule on the matter, to receive deposits at one time up to the amount of Rupees 1,500, a very large sum to be saved in one month.

5. In England where money is on the whole less valuable and persons' incomes on the whole greater, the limit of a deposit account is £150, and only £30 is allowed to be deposited in any one year.

6. In the reasons stated above, the Directors would recommend that the maximum of a deposit account should be again fixed at Rupees 1,500, and that the amount to be deposited at any one time should be limited to Rupees 100, which they consider would quite meet the wants of the class for which the Bank can legitimately be expected to transact business. If the Government approve of the alteration, the following might be substituted for Rules VII and XI.

Rule VII. Any sum not less than one Rupee and not exceeding Rupees 100 will be received in deposit.

Rule XI. All deposits will be regularly entered in a book at the time they are made, and the Depositor of the deposit made at the Presidency will be furnished with a small book having a duplicate of the entry. This book is to be brought to the Bank whenever any sum is deposited or withdrawn. The account thus kept will be closed on the 30th April of every year and the balance of interest due at that period will be paid to the depositor or carried to account thenceforward to accumulate at compound yearly interest until it shall amount to Rupees 1,500, when no further deposits will be received.

No. 24. ORDER THEREON, 13th September 1861, No. 464.

The Government desire to know whether the restriction proposed to be placed on deposits in the Savings' Bank will admit of any reduction of establishment or saving expense, and if not, what other object it will subserve.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

From

The Offg Secretary to the
Government Savings Bank

To

The Chief Secretary to
Government

Sir

The Directors of the Savings Bank have the honor to bring to the notice of Government that a considerable portion of the business now conducted is not such as properly appertains to a Savings Bank & they request sanction to a fresh rule limiting the total amount to be deposited at one time.

2. The object of a Savings Bank & for which Government incur a considerable expense is to enable persons of small means to put by monthly part of their income, but at present many persons make use of the Bank merely as a place of deposit for their spare cash, depositing and withdrawing large sums each month. About 1/4th of the deposits made at one time are of Rs. 100 & upwards: a considerable number are upwards of Rupees 500 & some exceed Rs. 1000. Such accounts do not appear to be legitimate business & as there are plenty of other Banks

Banks

Banks where such persons can place their money the rules should be so altered as to exclude them.

3. When originally established, the maximum amount allowed for any one account was Rupees 500. In 1854 the limit was extended by order of the Court of Directors to Rupees 1500. In 1859 Mr. A. F. Morrison obtained the sanction of Government (Proceedings N^o 642 of Octr 18th) to raise the maximum amount of deposits to Rupees 2500 to be allowed to accumulate with interest to Rupees 3000. The reasons are not fully stated, but the closing of the locus & the alteration of the Military rules are referred to. It does not however appear necessary that the rules of Civil depositors should conform to those laid down for the Army. For military men are in a peculiar position & have not often any other means of placing their money in security, also though there is no Govt. Loan open persons can always purchase ^{paper} in the market.

4. It has been the practice at the Bank there being no rule on the matter to receive deposits at one time up to the amount of Rs. 1500, a very large sum to be saved in one month.

5. In England where money is on the whole less valuable & persons incomes on the whole greater, the limit of a deposit account is £150 and only £30 is allowed to be deposited in any one year.

6. In the reasons stated above the Directors would recommend that the maximum of a deposit account should be again fixed at Rs. 1500 and that the amount to be deposited at any one time should be limited to Rs. 100, which they consider would quite ^{meet} the wants of the class for which the Bank can legitimately be expected to transact business. If the Government approve of the alteration the following might be substituted for rules VII & XI.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Yours most Obedt. Servt.
J. B. Halme
Offy. Secretary
Secy

Fort St. George
Govt. Savings Bank
26 August 1861
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Rule VII. Any sum not less than one Rupee & not exceeding Rs. 100 will be received in deposit.

Rule XI. All deposits will be regularly entered in a Book at the time they are made, and the Depositor of the deposit made

No. 31 of 1861/62 to No. 5-40.

Final 1861 Sept 2

The Offg. Secretary
Govt. Savings Bank

The Chief Secy.
to Government

Dated 26 Aug. 61.

Recd 27th —

No. 493
Ca.

Banks to notice that a considerable portion of the savings now conducted is not such as properly affords an opportunity of depositing in a Savings Bank, & the Government is a great deal limiting the total amount to be deposited at one time.

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made at the Presidency will be furnished with a small book having a duplicate of the entry. This book is to be brought to the Bank whenever any sum is deposited or withdrawn. The account thus kept will be closed on the 31st April of every year and the balance of interest due at that period will be paid to the Depositor or carried to account thenceforward to accumulate at compound yearly interest untill it shall amount to Rupees 1000 when no further deposits will be received.

W.B.

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Financial Department.

10/8

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read letter from the Offg. Secy. to the Govt. Savings Bank.

(Dated 26th August 1861. No. 73)

Order thereon 13th Sept. 1861 No. 164.

W. B.

V. M.

The Govt. desire to know whether the restriction proposed to be placed on deposits in the Savings Bank will admit of any reduction of establishment or saving of expense & if not, what other object it will subserve.

L. B.

To Secy. to the Govt. Savings Bank. } 16/9

