Educational (1898) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 599

DATED 26-9-98

INDEXED.

30-31

[Despatch Abstract.]

Reformatory School, Chingleput

Approving, subject to certain modifications, the revised rules of the _____, & directing the publication of the same in the F.S. Gazette.

T
26/9/98

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1898} of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL.

Recd. } 1898. *Enclosures*

Regd. *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 599, 26th September 1898.

SEPTEMBER.

Reformatory School, Chingleput.

Approving, subject to certain modifications, the revised rules of the —, and directing the ublication of the same in the *Fort St. George Gazette.*

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

From the Hon'ble Mr. D. DUNCAN, M.A., D.Sc., LL.D., Director of Public Instruction, to the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, dated Madras, 4th June 1898, No. 6320.

With reference to memorandum No. 1331, Educational, dated 29th June last, I have the honour to submit a draft of the revised rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput. The present rules are also shown side by side, with the reasons for the more important changes shown in the remarks column. The whole of article 30 of the present rules and portions of other articles here and there have been omitted as not necessary in a code of rules.

2. The revised draft was forwarded to the Superintendent and was generally approved by him except in one material point. He thinks that he should have the power to suspend or fine the Deputy Superintendent pending the orders of the Inspector-General, as the responsibility for the discipline and management of the school is vested in the Superintendent; but, as the Deputy Superintendent belongs to the Provincial Educational Service, appointments to which are made by Government, the power to suspend or fine him should also vest in Government; though in view of the special character of the institution stricter discipline than in ordinary schools must prevail, I would recommend that the power be delegated to the Inspector-General. The Superintendent may immediately report to the Inspector-General any cases of breach of discipline on the part of the Deputy Superintendent and the Inspector-General will take such action as he deems fit.

Order—No. 599, Educational, dated 26th September 1898.

The revised rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput, are approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council with the following modifications and remarks :—

2. (1) *Article I.*—In line 2 for the word "are" will be substituted the words "have been," and in line 4 the word "Court" will be read instead of the word "Magistrate."

(2) *Article II.—Clause* (iv) will be revised as follows :—"As any member failing to attend a meeting during a period of six consecutive months vacates his seat, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent to report the fact to the Inspector-General."

Clause (v).—The words "At its meetings" at the beginning of the second sentence of this clause should come at the beginning of the first sentence. Before the word "quorum" in the second sentence the word "a" should be inserted.

(3) *Article III.—Clause* (i) should read as follows :—"The sanctioned staff consists, &c."

Clause (vi).—After the word "or" in line 5 of this clause add the word "of."

(4) *Article VIII.—Clause* (i).—For the words "a slight repast shall be served them" will be substituted the words "they will have a slight meal."

Clause (ii).—The Government notes that in the new time-table proposed for the junior division, 10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M., the hottest part of the day, is fixed for industries and gardening. The Inspector-General should consider whether it is not advisable to modify this arrangement.

(5) *Article X.*—For the word "a" in the last line of clause (vi) read the word "such."

(6) *Article XI.*—The revised rules do not refer to the fine fund constituted under G.O., No. 49, Educational, dated 27th January 1895. The Government considers that the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction contained in his letter, dated 21st December 1895, read in the Government order referred to above should be embodied in the rules. The following clause will, therefore, be added to Article XI :—

"(vi) The Superintendent shall have power (1) to reimburse from the fine fund to such of the pupils as pass the Government Technical Examinations or the Primary Examination, the fees paid to them from their earnings for admission to such examinations, and (2) to provide from the fund any deserving ex-pupil desirous of starting a trade which he had learnt in the school with all or any of the tools or appliances needed by him."

(7) *Article XIII.*—For the words "applied to" in clause (iv) read the word "on".

(8) *Article XV.*—The Director of Public Instruction is not correct in stating that the additions to this article were approved by Government in G.O., No. 1498, Judicial, dated 25th July 1893. This order is as follows :—"The rule as it stands is quite sufficient and it is unnecessary to amend it as proposed. The Director of Public Instruction can issue instructions to the effect desired for the guidance of the Superintendent." The Government considers that the proposed additions to the rule are unnecessary, and that the old rule (29) should stand."

(9) *Article XVI.—Clause* (i) will be modified as follows :—"With the sanction of the Committee, the Superintendent may attach any of the pupils as apprentices to masters licensed under section 18 of the Reformatory Schools Act, and shall report any such cases to the Inspector-General."

(10) *Article XVII.*—The words "of the fact" in line 2 of clause (1) should be omitted, and for the word "him" in line 7 of the same clause should be substituted the words "the boy."

In clause (vi) for the words "instead of handing him over to his criminal associates" should be substituted the words "with the consent of the boy's relatives," and for the words "their influence," the words "the influence of criminal associates."

The Government notes that the forms A, B and C referred to in this article have been omitted in the revised draft. They should be printed at the end of the rules.

3. In paragraph 2 of his letter submitting the revised rules, the Director of Public Instruction asks that, in view of the special character of the institution, the power to suspend or fine the Deputy Superintendent, who, since the reorganization of the Educational Services, has become a gazetted officer, may be delegated to the Inspector-General. The Government, however, considers that it is inadvisable to deviate from the usual rule applicable to gazetted officers, and cannot, therefore, accept the Director of Public Instruction's proposal.

4. The revised rules as amended above will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(True Extract.)

H. TREMENHEERE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
Gazette.

Exd. C. M. Thumbusawmy.

APPENDIX.

The following code of rules relating to the constitution and working of the Reformatory School, Chingleput, has been sanctioned by Government, under section 26 (2) of the Reformatory Schools Act (No. VIII), 1897.

I.—Object.

The institution is intended to afford general and industrial instruction to youthful offenders who have been sentenced to transportation or imprisonment, but who are, in the opinion of the convicting Court, likely to benefit by the instruction given in the school and to become useful members of society.

II.—Control.

(i) The responsibility for the discipline and management of the school is vested in the Superintendent, under the general control of the Inspector-General.

Note.—The Director of Public Instruction having been appointed Inspector-General under the Act, the expression "Inspector-General," wherever it occurs, will signify "Director of Public Instruction."

(ii) The Superintendent shall be aided by a Committee of Visitors appointed by Government.

(iii) The Committee shall fix the day and hour of its meetings; and a week before the day so fixed, a notice thereof, together with an abstract of the subjects to be considered, shall be forwarded to the non-resident members, and a day or two previous to the meeting, all papers to be disposed of shall be circulated to the resident members.

(iv) As any member failing to attend a meeting during a period of six consecutive months vacates his seat, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent to report the fact to the Inspector-General.

(v) At its meetings the Committee shall elect one of its number to officiate as Chairman. Three members shall form a quorum. The minutes of each meeting shall be signed by the Chairman and, when practicable, by each member who was present.

(vi) A copy of the minutes of each meeting shall be forwarded to the Inspector-General through the Superintendent, who shall, ordinarily, give immediate effect to the resolution, intimating to the Inspector-General the fact of his having done so; but should he consider any resolution inexpedient or *ultra vires*, he shall submit it for the orders of the Inspector-General before giving effect to it.

III.—Staff.

(i) The sanctioned staff consists of a Superintendent, a Deputy Superintendent, and sixteen masters and instructors, excluding the compounder. The appointment of these officers, except the two first, shall vest in the Inspector-General.

(ii) The District Medical and Sanitary Officer shall, ordinarily, be the Superintendent, with an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem. The Deputy Superintendent shall belong to the Provincial Educational Service, and the rest of the staff to the Subordinate Educational Service.

(iii) All the officers mentioned above shall be immediately subordinate to the Superintendent on all matters connected with the school.

(iv) When the Superintendent is not a Medical Officer, the medical subordinate attached to the school shall, in professional matters only, be under the immediate control of the Medical Officer of the district.

(v) The Superintendent shall have power to appoint, fine, dismiss or suspend the menial servants and to suspend or fine, pending the orders of the Inspector-General, the masters and the clerks.

(vi) During the absence of the Superintendent from the station, the Deputy Superintendent may exercise the powers vested in the Superintendent, subject, however, to the approval of the Superintendent or of the Inspector-General, as the case may be; and during the absence of the Deputy Superintendent from the station, the headmaster may exercise the powers vested in the Deputy Superintendent, excepting the power of punishing any member of the staff or of the establishment.

IV.—Classes.

(i) The school shall contain the following classes:—

General education classes up to the fourth standard.	Tape-making class.
Carpentry class.	Tailoring class.
Weaving class.	Blacksmith's work class.

(ii) With the sanction of Government, instruction in any of the above subjects may be discontinued, or instruction in any additional industrial subject may be introduced.

(iii) The pupils shall be divided into two divisions—the senior division consisting of boys over fourteen years of age and the junior division consisting of boys of or under fourteen years of age.

V.—Courses of Instruction.

(i) The course of instruction in the subjects of general education shall be in accordance with the compulsory portions of the curricula prescribed for standards infant to fourth in Chapter V of the Madras Educational Rules; but the Superintendent may permit instruction to be given in such subjects as English, drawing, singing, elementary science, history, or geography, provided this additional instruction can be given without detriment to industrial instruction or proper recreation.

(ii) In technical, industrial or art subjects, pupils shall be prepared for the standard examinations prescribed in Chapter V of the Educational Rules and for the Government technical examinations.

(iii) On passing the first standard or earlier, if desirable, each pupil shall be taught an industry according to the standards laid down in schedule III of Chapter V of the Educational Rules, in addition to drill, gymnastics and gardening.

(iv) No boy shall, on first admission, be compelled to take up any particular industry. He shall be given the choice of any of the trades taught in the school. By employing him for a time in each, his tastes and his fitness for any particular trade will be decided upon.

VI.—Strength of Classes.

The number of admissions to the school shall be regulated with due regard to the accommodation and staff available.

VII.—Monitors and Assistant Monitors.

With the sanction of the Superintendent, the Deputy Superintendent may select from amongst the bestbehaved boys a number not exceeding 3 per cent. of the total number on the rolls as monitors and 5 per cent. as assitant monitors.

VIII.—Time-table.

(i) The dormitories shall be unlocked at 5–30 A.M., and the boys shall be at once marched to visit the latrines and to perform their ablutions, after which they will have a slight meal. Up to 6 A.M., when work will commence, the boys shall be employed in cleaning the dormitories.

(ii) The following time-table shall be followed, and no changes shall be made in it without the sanction of the Inspector-General:—

	Senior Division.
6 to 9–30 A.M.	Industries and gardening.
9–30 to 10–30 A.M.	Washing and morning meal.
10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M.	General education.
1–30 to 2–30 P.M.	Recreation.
2–30 to 4–30 P.M.	Industries and gardening.
4–30 to 5 P.M.	Drill and gymnastics.
5 to 6 P.M.	Evening meal.
6 to 7 P.M.	Recreation.
7 to 8 P.M.	Voluntary school if possible.
	Junior Division.
6 to 8 A.M.	General education.
8 to 9–30 A.M.	Drill and gymnastics.
9–30 to 10–30 A.M.	Washing and morning meal.
10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M.	Industries and gardening.
1–30 to 2–30 P.M.	Recreation.
2–30 to 4–30 P.M.	Gardening (and singing class of select pupils for one hour on Monday, Wednesday and Friday).
4–30 to 5 P.M.	Preparing lessons in school under supervision.
5 to 6 P.M.	Evening meal.
6 to 7 P.M.	Recreation.

(iii) The precise time for locking up the dormitories shall be left to the discretion of the Superintendent, provided it is never before 7 P.M.

IX.—Vacations and Holidays.

Sundays and other occasional holidays sanctioned by Government shall be the only holidays.

X.—Conduct Badges.

(i) In order to encourage continuous good behaviour, the boys shall be given good-conduct badges having a money value.

(ii) A boy shall be entitled to a badge for every year spent by him in the school without his name appearing in the punishment book.

(iii) A boy whose name appears in the punishment book will not be entitled to a badge until he has put in one year's good behaviour from the date of the entry of his last offence in the punishment book.

(iv) Each monitor or assistant monitor shall be entitled to a badge in virtue of his office, and only so long as he holds that office, in addition to any badge or badges which he may earn or may have earned by his good behaviour.

(v) The Superintendent may grant a special badge for any exemplary good conduct in addition to an ordinary badge.

(vi) For gross misconduct, the Superintendent may withdraw one or more badges if he thinks the offence is of such a nature as to render the offender unworthy of wearing such good-conduct badge.

(vii) For each badge, the wearer shall get one pie per week. After two badges have been earned, the allowance shall be raised to two pies a week per badge, provided the pupil has passed the third standard in general education and the second standard in industrial education. This money shall be deposited in the Savings Bank and, in the case of a pupil who has earned at least one badge each year, the sum of his earnings shall be raised by 50 per cent. on his leaving the school.

(viii) The good-conduct badge will consist of an oblong piece of polished copper (1″ × ½″) and will be worn on the breast.

XI.—Mark and Work Money.

(i) With a view to encourage good conduct and industry, each boy shall be assigned marks having a money value not exceeding one anna a week. Such of them as have passed the second standard in an industry shall also be given a share not exceeding one-tenth of the value of the work turned out, after deducting the cost of materials.

(ii) Of the mark money, one half may be spent by the earner on sweetmeats, fruits, toys, or other articles which are not forbidden; and the other half, as well as the work money and the badge money, shall be deposited in the Savings Bank in the name of the Deputy Superintendent.

(iii) A debtor and creditor account for each boy shall be kept in the office, and a copy of it shall be hung up in the school once every quarter, so that each boy may know the exact amount standing to his credit.

(iv) The headmaster shall keep a general mark register for each boy's conduct (*a*) out of the school, (*b*) in general education classes and (*c*) in industrial classes, in which shall be recorded daily under each head "good," "indifferent" or "bad," as the case may be, against each boy's name. For every "good" entry two marks shall be given, for every "indifferent" entry no mark and for "bad" a *minus* mark; a minimum of 30 marks shall entitle a boy to a reward of one anna and a minimum of 20 to six pies. This register shall be checked and revised by the Deputy Superintendent at the end of each month.

(v) Every monitor shall be allowed double the ordinary number of marks, and every assistant monitor 50 per cent. more than the ordinary number of marks.

(vi) The Superintendent shall have power (1) to reimburse from the fine fund to such of the pupils as pass the Government Technical Examinations or the Primary Examination, the fees paid to them from their earnings for admission to such examinations, and (2) to provide from the fund any deserving ex-pupil desirous of starting a trade which he had learnt in the school with all or any of the tools or appliances needed by him.

XII.—Communications with Parents or Relatives.

Parents and relatives of boys may visit them once a month or oftener with the permission of the Superintendent and correspond with them in writing. This privilege shall be forfeited for misconduct. They shall also, if their address is known, receive notice of serious illness, and the Deputy Superintendent shall answer any inquiries made by them, provided that postage stamps for the reply are enclosed.

XIII—Punishments.

(i) Spirits and intoxicating drugs (including opium and ganja), tobacco and snuff shall be deemed prohibited articles within the meaning of the Act, and whoever is found introducing or attempting to introduce or conniving at the introduction of any such article into the school shall be prosecuted.

(ii) The Superintendent shall punish any boy found in possession of any prohibited article.

(iii) No boy shall be kept in solitary confinement for more than three days or in gunny-clothing for more than twenty days.

(iv) Corporal punishment shall be administered in the manner of school discipline with a light cane on the palm of the hand, provided that the maximum number of stripes in the case of boys of the junior division shall not exceed twelve and in the case of boys of the senior division shall not exceed fifteen.

(v) In the case of unnatural offences and other serious crimes, the offender shall be prosecuted under the orders of the Inspector-General, and the Superintendent shall keep him separate from the other boys pending his orders.

(vi) The Deputy Superintendent may punish any boy by loss of marks, solitary confinement, corporal punishment, penal diet, gunny-clothing, or deduction of earnings.

(vii) For simple offences, a boy may be deprived of one regular meal or of that portion of the meal which renders it most agreeable; but no boy shall be deprived of two meals in succession.

(viii) The headmaster may punish boys during school-hours by impositions, by loss of marks, by causing them to stand during lessons, by keeping them in during play-hours, or by giving not more than three cuts with a small rattan on the hand.

XIV.—Dietary.

(i) The scale of diet shall be as follows:—

Ragi, cholum, or cumbu (every day except Sunday)	20 oz.
Rice (on Sunday)	20 ,,
Garlic (on Monday Wednesday and Friday)	30 grains.
Mutton (on Thursday and Sunday)	4 oz.
Dried fish (on Tuesday)	2 ,,
Vegetable	4 ,,
Dal	2 ,,
Tamarind	½ ,,
Ghee, or gingelly oil	½ ,,
Onions	½ ,,
Curry-powder	½ ,,
Salt	½ ,,

In the case of boys who are vegetarians, curd or cakes will be substituted for, and at a cost equivalent to, mutton or fish served to other boys.

One lb. of firewood shall be allowed for cooking.

No change in the scale shall be made without the sanction of Government.

(ii) Ordinarily, one of the Brahman boys shall cook for his fellows; but, when the number of such boys exceeds three, a Brahman cook may be engaged for Brahmans.

(iii) The Deputy Superintendent shall be responsible for the purchase of provisions, and by informing himself of the current bazaar rates shall satisfy himself that the full amount of food is purchased and that the rates are reasonable. He shall also see the rations weighed and served out to the cooks, examine the food occasionally before distribution by way of test, and see that the boys are cleanly in person and dress at the time of meals.

XV.—Religious Observances.

The religious observances of the pupils shall be duly respected.

XVI.—Licenses.

(i) With the sanction of the Committee, the Superintendent may attach any of the pupils as apprentices to masters licensed under section 18 of the Reformatory Schools Act, and shall report any such cases to the Inspector-General.

(ii) Applications from masters for such apprentices shall be laid before a meeting of the Committee of Visitors, and the Superintendent shall forward to the Inspector-General with his remarks any resolution on the subject which may have been passed by the meeting.

XVII.—Discharge.

(i) At least two months before a pupil is entitled to be discharged, notice in the prescribed form (A) shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district in which his parents or near relations reside, requesting him to secure the attendance, at a fixed time, of some trustworthy person to take charge of the boy. The Magistrate may, if necessary, forward the boy to the Court of any subordinate Magistrate within whose jurisdiction the boys' parents or near relations reside.

(ii) A discharged pupil shall be provided with a letter to the Magistrate in the prescribed form (B), soliciting his sympathy in the pupil's behalf and requesting him to do what he can towards ensuring the pupil a fair start in life as well as reasonable protection against temptations to a relapse into crime. The Magistrate shall endeavour to induce the local headman or some respectable neighbour to do what he can for the boy.

(iii) The pupil shall be sent to the Magistrate, and by the Magistrate, if necessary, to his relatives in charge of a peon of the school, who shall be responsible for his treatment until he is handed over to his relatives. The peon shall be furnished with travelling expenses for himself and the pupil, batta for the latter being allowed at two annas per diem.

(iv) The Superintendent may, if necessary, provide the pupil with clothing at a cost not exceeding one rupee.

(v) Care shall be taken to despatch the boy from school in sufficient time to admit of his reaching his destination before the date on which he is entitled to discharge, and the amount of gratuity payable to him shall also be forwarded with the letter in form B to the Magistrate, who shall deliver it to the boy when handing him over to his relatives.

(vi) When a boy of the criminal class is taken before a Magistrate for discharge, the Magistrate may, with the consent of the boy's relatives, dispose of him in such a manner as to protect him from the influence of criminal associates.

(vii) For three years from the date of a pupil's discharge, the Superintendent shall communicate with the Magistrate, once in every six months, in the prescribed form (C), with a view to ascertain the career of the pupil since his discharge, and the Magistrate's reply shall, in every case, be laid before the Committee of Visitors. An abstract of the reports shall be embodied in the annual reports to the Inspector-General.

XVIII.—Registers and Accounts.

(i) The following registers and accounts shall be maintained in the school :—

Register of admissions and discharges.
Pupils' weight register.
Register of letters received.
Register of letters despatched.
Register of gymnastics and drill.
Library catalogue.
Do. register.
Office journal.
Pay abstract.
Acquittance roll.
Register of contingent expenditure.
Register of annual returns to the Accountant-General.
Inventory of valuable stock.
Stock books of stationery articles and printed forms.
Books of bill forms and receipt forms for the manufacturing department.
Stock book of tools, implements, &c.
Stock bock of rations.
Diet roll.
Cash account of expenditure under rations.
Register of receipts and issues of pupils' clothing, bedding, &c.
Register of raw materials.
Register of work turned out by the manufactory department.
Register of work done for the school.
Sale or credit book of manufactured articles.
Stock and sale account of textile fabrics.
Cash account of receipts.
Register of outstandings.
General mark register.
Mark register for each industrial class.
Punishment book.
Conduct badge register.
Register of mark, work and badge money.
Pupils' fine account.
Pupils' savings bank account.
History of discharged pupils.

(ii) In the office journal, the Superintendent shall record in his own hand-writing all important matters connected with the school.

(iii) The Superintendent shall record in the punishment book, full particulars of all punishments inflicted by him or by the Deputy Superintendent, together with the nature of the offence, the name of the offender and the number of previous punishments against him. The record of all punishments inflicted by the Deputy Superintendent shall be inspected and initialled by the Superintendent at each visit.

(iv) The Deputy Superintendent shall be responsible for all the property of the school and for all moneys and stores received.

(v) The register of valuable stock shall be scrutinized every year by the Superintendent.

XIX.—Miscellaneous.

(i) The instruction given in general education and in industrial subjects shall be tested annually, the former by an officer of the Educational Department, and the latter by a person or persons specially deputed for the purpose.

(ii) The Superintendent shall arrange annually for a public distribution of prizes.

(iii) The Superintendent shall endeavour to make the boys feel as contented as possible in the school, so that they may view it as a place of education and not one of punishment. During play-hours, their movements should, so long as the games are of a harmless nature, be as unrestricted as possible.

(iv) Without the written sanction of the Superintendent, the Deputy Superintendent shall, on no account, absent himself from his quarters at night.

(v) The Superintendent shall give immediate notice of the escape or recapture of any boy to the Inspector-General, to the local police, and to the Superintendent of Police and the Magistrate of the district in which the boy was convicted.

(vi) The Deputy Superintendent shall be present when the dormitories are locked up at night and unlocked in the morning; but, if he be unavoidably absent, he shall record the fact and the reasons for his absence in his report book. He shall also have in his personal custody the keys of the dormitories and cells at night and shall see that the entrance gate is guarded both day and night.

(vii) It shall be the duty of the Deputy Superintendent to see that the sanitary arrangements of the school in every respect are thoroughly satisfactory.

(viii) The Deputy Superintendent shall carry out forthwith all urgent instructions of the Medical Officer regarding the sick in hospital and shall report immediately to the Superintendent and to the nearest Magistrate all cases of sudden or violent death.

(ix) The provisions of the Educational Rules relating to accommodation and sanitation, discipline, dress, periodical examinations, and punishments shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the school in so far as its special character permits of their application.

(x) The Superintendent shall invariably obtain the previous sanction of the Inspector-General for any deviation from the prescribed rules.

FORM A.

LETTER to Magistrate of district intimating release of a youth from the Reformatory School.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that , pupil No. , who was committed to the Reformatory School under the order of the Magistrate of dated will have completed his term of detention in the Reformatory School on the and will be despatched from the school to your Court in charge of a peon of the school on or about the . I have therefore to request that the inquiries prescribed by the rules made under section 21 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1876, may be made before that date.

2. The boy belongs to the village of in the taluk, district. His relatives are

3. The history of the boy's character during his detention in the school is as follows :—

* * * * *

He has passed the following tests in general and industrial knowledge :—

* * * * *

He has been trained as a

He has accumulated the following savings, which will be remitted to you with the boy for delivery to him on his release :—

* * * * *

particulars.

I have, &c.,

Superintendent, Reformatory School.

FORM B.

LETTER to Magistrate of district forwarding the boy and requesting delivery to his relatives.

Sir,

With reference to this office letter, dated , No. , informing you of the intended release of , pupil No. , I have the honour to forward, herewith, the pupil in question in charge of peon of the school for delivery to his parents or to such near relative as may be willing to receive him.

2. The peon in charge will deliver to you the sum of Rs. as particularized in this office letter above referred to, and this sum should be made over to the youth on his delivery to his parents or relatives and his receipt obtained.

3. I beg to solicit your sympathy on his behalf, and to request you will do what you can to ensure his having a fair start in life.

I have, &c.,

Superintendent, Reformatory School.

FORM C.

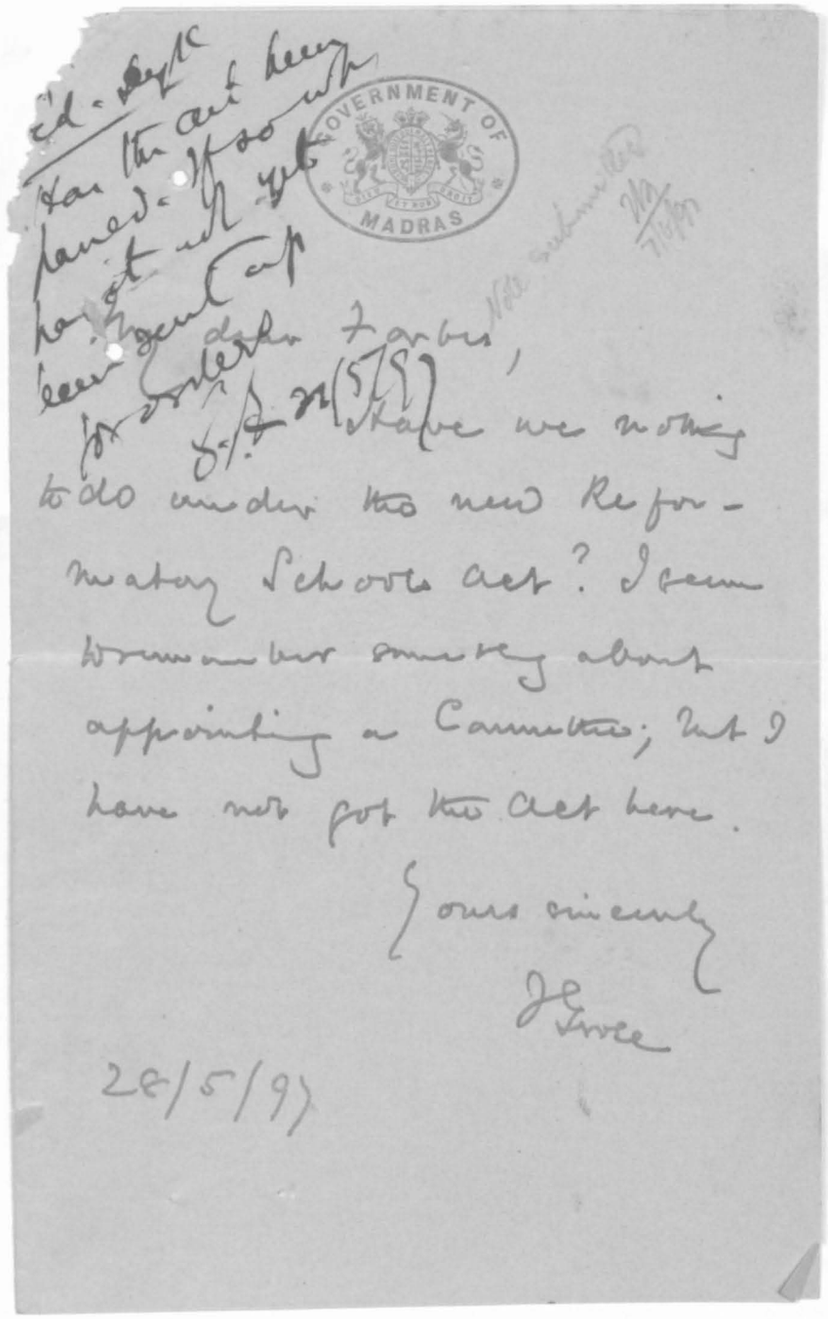
HALF-YEARLY Application to District Magistrate regarding youth's mode of occupation and conduct.

Sir,

I have the honour to request you will favour me with a report on the mode of occupation and conduct of , a youth who was forwarded to you from this institution with my letter, No. , dated

I have, &c.,

Superintendent, Reformatory School.



Ed. Dept
Can the act here
framed. If so will
he get it
here. Yours
for orders Forbes
D/- 22(5)95
Have we nothing
to do under the new Refor-
matory Schools act? I seem
to remember something about
appointing a Committee; but I
have not got the Act here.

Yours sincerely
J. Fryer

20/5/95

[G. / 69]

500—30-4-97

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Memorandum No. 1331/J29-6-97

34/17

READ the following paper :—

With reference to the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 the D.P.I is requested to be good enough to report at an early date whether and if so what any alterations should be introduced in the working of the Reformatory School at Chingleput.

(Firm orders)

M
22/6/97

new act 17(1)
26(2)

That is merely the usual clause to keep things going so far as may be until the new Act with its improvements is put in operation.

S.B.

He may be asked if any alterations should be introduced.

JG
16.6.97

Note for the Secretary.

The Ed. dept. has no action to take under the new Reformatory Schools Act. Under Sect 2 (2) of the new Act the Committee of Visitors appointed under Section 12, and the rules made under Section 21, of the old Act, will be considered to have been appointed and made under the new Act. No fresh action in these directions is therefore necessary.

Under Section 8 (2) subordinate magistrates may be specially empowered by Govt to pass orders for the detention of youthful offenders in Reformatory Schools. But this is a matter for the consideration of the Jud. dept.

HH

We may ask the D.P.I. to report what alterations in the working of the Reformatory School he proposes to be introduced with reference to the

Educational (189) Department.

4

1331
29-6-97

CURRENT No. 714

1579/97
548/95 Sec
1198/93
572/95
1498/93
480/96 Sec

UNDER SECY TO GOVT
6 JUN 98

From The Dir. of Pub. Instruction,
Madras.

Order

No. 6320

Dated 4th June 1898.
Received 6-6-98
Registered 7-6-98
Enclosures Copy & draft rules
Spare copies —

SUBJECT.

Submitting a draft of the revised rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput.

DESPATCHED
- 4 JUN 1898

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
Jud	1808	Jud	28-8-96
"	2535	"	10-12-96
"	1302	"	29-7-97
	480 Sp.		10-8-96
	5728 Mis.		10.12.96
	574 Sp.		2-2-97

Highest first 25.7.93

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Highest first 14-6-93
1592 " " 1-9-92

Print revised rules in col 1 as an appendix to the order. Cols 2 & 3 are not to be printed.

2

NB

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
PREAMBLE. The following code of rules relating to the constitution and working of the Reformatory School, Chingleput, has been sanctioned by Government, under section 26 (2) of the Reformatory Schools Act (No. VIII), 1897.	ANNEXURE. Rules for the regulation of the Chingleput Reformatory School under section 21, Act V of 1876.	.....
I. Object. The institution is intended to afford general and industrial instruction to youthful offenders who ~~are~~ sentenced to transportation or imprisonment, but who are, in the opinion of the convicting ~~Magistrate~~, likely to benefit by the instruction given in the school and to become useful members of society.	.....	New.
II. Control. (i) The responsibility for the discipline and management of the school is vested in the Superintendent, under the general control of the Inspector-General. *Note.*—The Director of Public Instruction having been appointed Inspector-General under the Act, the expression "Inspector-General" wherever it occurs will signify "Director of Public Instruction."	1. The general control of the school is vested in the Director of Public Instruction who has been appointed Inspector-General under section 3, Act V of 1876; but the immediate control and management are vested in a Superintendent and a visiting committee.	Re-cast.
(ii) The Superintendent shall be aided by a Committee of Visitors appointed by Government.	.....	.....
(iii) The Committee shall fix the day and hour of its meetings; and a week before the day so fixed, a notice thereof, together with an abstract of the subjects to be considered, shall be forwarded to the non-resident members, and a day or two previous to the meeting, all papers to be disposed of shall be circulated to the resident members.	.....	This is the usual procedure in convening meetings. The rule was approved by me in 1894 and has been in operation ever since.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
(iv) Any member failing to attend a meeting during a period of six consecutive months shall vacate his seat, and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent to report the fact to the Inspector-General.	.....	New. This follows section 23 (2) of the new Act.
(v) The Committee shall elect one of its number to officiate as Chairman. At its meetings three members shall form a quorum. The minutes of each meeting shall be signed by the Chairman and, when practicable, by each member who was present.	5. At their meetings, the Committee shall elect one of their number to officiate as Chairman. Three members shall constitute a quorum. The minutes of each meeting shall be signed by the Chairman and, when practicable, initialled by each member present.	.....
(vi) A copy of the minutes of each meeting shall be forwarded to the Inspector-General through the Superintendent, who shall, ordinarily, give immediate effect to the resolution, intimating to the Inspector-General the fact of his having done so; but should he consider any resolution inexpedient or *ultra vires*, he shall submit it for the orders of the Inspector-General before giving effect to it.	6. The Chairman shall forward, or cause to be forwarded, a copy of the minutes of each meeting to the Inspector-General through the Superintendent who shall, in ordinary circumstances, give immediate effect to any resolution, intimating to the Director that he has done so; but should he consider any resolution inexpedient or *ultra vires*, he shall await the orders of the Director before giving effect to it.	.....
III. Staff.		
(i) The staff shall consist of a Superintendent, a Deputy Superintendent, and 16 masters and instructors, excluding the compounder. The appointment of these officers, except the two first, shall vest in the Inspector-General.	2. *Inspector-General.*—(iv) Authority to appoint, dismiss, suspend or fine the Deputy Superintendent, the masters, the clerks and the chief peon.	The former portion of the article is new, and the latter has been modified by removing the Deputy Superintendent, this officer having become a member of the Provincial Educational Service. The chief peon is but a menial servant, and his appointment may vest in the Superintendent.
(ii) The District Medical and Sanitary Officer shall, ordinarily, be the Superintendent, with an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem. The Deputy Superintendent shall belong to the Provincial educational service, and the rest of the staff to the subordinate educational service.		
(iii) All the officers mentioned above shall be immediately subordinate to the Superintendent on all matters connected with the school.		New.

(iv) When the Superintendent is not a Medical Officer, the medical subordinate attached to the school shall, in professional matters only, be under the immediate control of the Medical Officer of the district.	15. When the Superintendent is not a Medical Officer, the medical subordinate attached to the school shall be, in professional matters, under the immediate control of the Medical Officer of the district. His duties shall be :— (i) To keep all such registers, books and returns as may be prescribed by proper authority ; (ii) To attend to all orders of the Medical Officer of the school, to prepare all medicines ordered, to see that these medicines are given in the doses and at the times directed, to keep safely the medicines, instruments and other property of the Government in the hospital, to prepare daily a diet roll of the sick in the hospital in such form as may be prescribed and for such rations as may be required, and to see that the patients get the diet regularly as ordered by the Medical Officer at his visits, and to be responsible generally under the orders of the Medical Officer for the cleanliness good order and discipline of the hospital. (iii) To reside in the quarters assigned to him when quarters are assigned.	The latter portion of this article may be omitted, as it only enumerates the ordinary duties of a medical subordinate and need not find place in a Code of rules.
(v) The Superintendent shall have power to appoint, fine, dismiss or suspend the menial servants and to suspend or fine, pending the orders of the Inspector-General, the masters and the clerks.	7. *Superintendent.*— ii). The appointment, dismissal and punishment of all officers and servants not included in Article 2 (iv). (iii) Authority to suspend, pending the orders of the Inspector-General, any of the officers included in Article 2 (iv).	

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
(vi) During the absence of the Superintendent from the station, the Deputy Superintendent may exercise the powers vested in the Superintendent, subject, however, to the approval of the Superintendent or the Inspector-General, as the case may be; and during the absence of the Deputy Superintendent from the station, the headmaster may exercise the powers vested in the Deputy Superintendent, excepting the power of punishing any member of the staff or of the establishment.	11. *Deputy Superintendent.*—(ii) The immediate control of all subordinate officers with power to suspend such officers and to suspend or fine peons and menials. 13. *Masters* (*Headmaster*).—(ii) The exercise of the authority vested in the Deputy Superintendent during the latter's absence from duty; this does not include any power of punishment except as provided in the next following clause. (iii) Authority to punish boys during school hours by impositions, by way of loss of marks, by causing them to stand during lessons, by keeping in during the play-hours or by giving not more than three cuts with a small rattan on the hand.	It is not desirable that this power should be vested in the Deputy Superintendent, nor is it the practice in any other institution. It should be vested in the head of the institution During his absence, however, the Deputy Superintendent may exercise the power, subject to the approval of the proper authority.
IV. Classes. (i) The school shall contain the folowing classes :— General education classes up to the fourth standard. Carpentry class. Weaving class. Tape-making class. Tailoring class. Blacksmith's work class.	.....	
(ii) With the sanction of Government, instruction in any of the above subjects may be discontinued, or instruction in any additional industrial subject may be introduced.	.....	
(iii) The pupils shall be divided into two divisions—the senior division consisting of boys over fourteen years of age and the junior division consisting of boys of or under fourteen years of age.	.....	New. The separation of the younger boys from the older is absolutely necessary not only for the efficient and successful working of the school, but also in the interests of discipline. This principle is observed in the Reformatory Schools in Great Britain.

V. Courses of Instruction.

(i) The course of instruction in the subjects of general education shall be in accordance with the compulsory portions of the curricula prescribed for standards infant to fourth in Chapter V of the Madras Educational Rules; but the Superintendent may permit instruction to be given in such subjects as English, drawing, singing, elementary science, history, or geography, provided this additional instruction can be given without detriment to industrial instruction or proper recreation.

(ii) In technical, industrial or art subjects, pupils shall be prepared for the standard examinations prescribed in Chapter V of the Educational Rules and for the Government technical examinations.

(iii) On passing the first standard or earlier, if desirable, each pupil shall be taught an industry according to the standards laid down in schedule III of Chapter V of the Educational Rules, in addition to drill, gymnastics and gardening.

(iv) No boy shall, on first admission, be compelled to take up any particular industry. He shall be given the choice of any of the trades taught in the school. By employing him for a time in each, his tastes and his fitness for any particular trade will be decided upon.

VI. Strength of Classes.

The number of admissions to the school shall be regulated with due regard to the accommodation and staff available.

VII. Monitors and Assistant Monitors.

With the sanction of the Superintendent, the Deputy Superintendent may select from amongst the best-behaved boys a number not exceeding 3 per cent. of the total number on the rolls as monitors and 5 per cent. as assitant monitors.

16. *Education.*—(*a*) The course of general education shall be in accordance with the compulsory portion of standards I to IV, appendix K-I, of the Grant-in-Aid Code, but the Superintendent is at liberty to permit instruction to be given in such subjects as drawing, singing, elementary science, elements of history and of geography, provided this additional instruction can be given without interfering with industrial training or proper recreation.

.....

16. (*b*) On passing the first standard, or earlier if thought desirable each pupil shall be taught an industry according to the standards laid down in schedule M under Chapter IX of the Grant-in-Aid Code. They shall also be taught drill, gymnastics and gardening.

16. (*f*) On a boy's first entering the Reformatory, he should not be forced to accept as a fixed employment any particular industry. He should rather be given the choice of all the trades in which the school affords instruction and by employing him as a help at each in turn, his tastes will be consulted and his fitness for one particular trade decided upon.

.....

16. (i) The Deputy Superintendent is authorized to select from amongst the best-behaved boys a number not exceeding 3 per cent. of the entire population of the school for promotion to the grade of monitor * * * In every case, the Superintendent's sanction shall be obtained to such promotion.

English is taught as an optional subject—*vide* paragraph 6 of my Proceedings reviewing the report on the school for 1894, recorded in G.O., No. 548, Educational, dated 2nd July 1895. Instruction in this subject should continue to be given to a few promising lads so as to enable them to obtain suitable employment on leaving the school.

.....

.....

.....

New.

The Superintendent recommends the creation of the grade of assistant monitors so that they may help the monitors in their work.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
VIII. Time-table. (i) The dormitories shall be unlocked at 5–30 A.M., and the boys shall be at once marched to visit the latrines and to perform their ablutions, after which a slight repast shall be served them. Up to 6 A.M., when work will commence, the boys shall be employed in cleaning the dormitories.	17. *Daily routine.*—The dormitories shall be unlocked at day-light, and the boys shall be at once marched to visit the latrine and to perform their ablutions. A slight repast consisting of a *chappalli* of ragi or cholum shall then be given them for their support until breakfast. Up to 6 A.M. the boys shall be employed in cleaning up the dormitories when all will be in readiness to commence work. The employment of the boys during the various hours of the day after 6 A.M. shall (subject to such modifications as may be approved by the Director from time to time, such changes being forthwith reported to Government) be as follows :—	"Day-light" is rather a vague term. Work commences at 6 A.M., and the boys have some little engagements to attend to before beginning work. The time for unlocking the dormitories may, therefore, be fixed at 5–30 A.M.
(ii) The following time-table shall be followed, and no changes shall be made in it without the sanction of the Inspector-General :—		It does not seem necessary that changes in the time-table should be reported to Government. In no other institution is this done.
Senior Division. 6 to 9–30 A.M. .. .. Industries and gardening. 9–30 to 10–30 A.M. .. Washing and morning meal. 10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M. .. General education. 1–30 to 2–30 P.M. .. .. Recreation. 2–30 to 4–30 P.M. .. .. Industries and gardening. 4–30 to 5 P.M. .. .. Drill and gymnastics. 5 to 6 P.M. .. .. .. Evening meal. 6 to 7 P.M. .. .. .. Recreation. 7 to 8 P.M. .. .. .. Voluntary school if possible.	6 to 9 A.M. .. .. Employment in workshop and gardens. 9–30 to 10–30 A.M. .. Washing after work and morning meal. 10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M. General education (school). 1–30 to 2–30 P.M. .. Recreation. 2–30 to 4–30 P.M. .. Employment in workshop and gardens. 4–30 to 5 P.M. .. Drill and gymnastics. 5 to 6 P.M. .. .. Bathing and evening meal. 6 to 7 P.M. .. .. Recreation if day-light admits of it. 7 to 7–30 P.M. .. Locking up. 7–30 to 9 P.M. .. Voluntary school if possible.	
Junior Division. 6 to 8 A.M. .. .. .. General education. 8 to 9–30 A.M. .. .. Drill and gymnastics. 9–30 to 10–30 A.M. .. .. Washing and morning meal. 10–30 A.M. to 1–30 P.M. .. Industries and gardening. 1–30 to 2–30 P.M. .. .. Recreation. 2–30 to 4–30 P.M. .. .. Gardening (and singing class of select pupils for one hour on Monday, Wednesday and Friday). 4–30 to 5 P.M. .. .. Preparing lessons in school under supervision. 5 to 6 P.M. .. .. .. Evening meal. 6 to 7 P.M. .. .. .. Recreation.		
(iii) The precise time for locking up the dormitories shall be left to the discretion of the Superintendent, provided it is never before 7 P.M.	*Proviso.*—The precise time for unlocking and locking up the dormitories shall be left to the discretion of the Superintendent, provided that the time of the former is never after 6 A.M., nor that of the latter before 7 P.M.	Modified with reference to the remarks against clause (i) *supra*.

IX. Vacations and Holidays.

Sundays and other occasional holidays sanctioned by Government shall be the only holidays.

X. Conduct badges.

(i) In order to encourage continuous good behaviour, the boys shall be given good-conduct badges having a money value.

(ii) A boy shall be entitled to a badge for every year spent by him in the school without his name appearing in the punishment book.

(iii) A boy whose name appears in the punishment book will not be entitled to a badge until he has put in one year's good behaviour from the date of the entry of his last offence in the punishment book.

(iv) Each monitor or assistant monitor shall be entitled to a badge in virtue of his office, and only so long as he holds that office, in addition to any badge or badges which he may earn or may have earned by his good behaviour.

(v) The Superintendent may grant a special badge for any exemplary good conduct in addition to an ordinary badge.

(vi) For gross misconduct, the Superintendent may withdraw one or more badges if he thinks the offence is of such a nature as to render the offender unworthy of wearing a good-conduct badge.

(vii) For each badge, the wearer shall get one pie per week. After two badges have been earned, the allowance shall be raised to two pies a week per badge, provided the pupil has passed the third standard in general education and the second standard in industrial education. This money shall be deposited in the Savings Bank and, in the case of a pupil who has earned at least one badge each year, the sum of his earnings shall be raised by 50 per cent. on his leaving the school.

(viii) The good-conduct badge will consist of an oblong piece of polished copper (1″ × ½″) and will be worn on the breast.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

These rules were tentatively sanctioned in 1890 and have been in force ever since. As they have been found to work well, they are continued.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
XI.—Mark and Work money. (i) With a view to encourage good conduct and industry, each boy shall be assigned marks having a money value not exceeding one anna a week. Such of them as have passed the second standard in an industry shall also be given a share not exceeding one-tenth of the value of the work turned out, after deducting the cost of materials.	16. (*g*) With a view to encourage good conduct and industry, the boys shall be assigned marks having a money value and also, so soon as they have passed the second standard in an industry, a small share of the value of the work produced. For marks, a sum not exceeding one anna a week may be earned; for work, a sum not exceeding one-tenth of the value of the thing made after deducting the cost of the materials used. Of the mark money, one half may be spent by the earner on sweetmeats, fruits, toys and other articles which are not forbidden admission to the school. The other half, as well as all money earned for work, shall be deposited in the local Savings Bank in the name of the Superintendent. On a boy's release, the amount deposited shall be withdrawn and paid to him with interest to date of release or invested in whole or in part in the purchase of the implements of the trade he has learnt. A debtor and creditor account for each boy shall be kept in the school-office in a book provided for the purpose, and he shall have the right to demand a copy of that account on leaving the school.	Modified and recast with slight alterations.
(ii) Of the mark money, one half may be spent by the earner on sweetmeats, fruits, toys, or other articles which are not forbidden; and the other half, as well as the work money and the badge money, shall be deposited in the Savings Bank in the name of the Deputy Superintendent.		The depositing of the money in the name of the Deputy Superintendent instead of in the name of the Superintendent was sanctioned in G.O., No. 1198, Judicial, dated 14th June 1893. The sentence "On a boy's release * * * he has learnt" has been inserted under Article XVII as the more appropriate place, the latter portion of it having been omitted, as the boys generally prefer taking the money with them.
(iii) A debtor and creditor account for each boy shall be kept in the office, and a copy of it shall be hung up in the school once every quarter, so that each boy may know the exact amount standing to his credit.		
(iv) The headmaster shall keep a general mark register for each boy's conduct (*a*) out of the school, (*b*) in general education classes and (*c*) in industrial classes, in which shall be recorded daily under each head "good," "indifferent" or "bad," as the case may be, against each boy's name. For every "good" entry two marks shall be given, for every "indifferent" entry no mark and for "bad" a *minus* mark; a minimum of 30 marks shall entitle a boy to a reward of one anna and a minimum of 20 to six pies. This register shall be checked and revised by the Deputy Superintendent at the end of each month.	(*h*) To enable the headmaster to keep a daily record of each boy's conduct and industry, he shall be furnished with registers for (i) conduct out of school and (ii) general and (iii) in industrial classes, in each of which shall be recorded daily the initial letter of the words "good," "indifferent" and "bad" opposite each boy's name. The Deputy Superintendent shall, at the end of the week, allot marks on an inspection of these registers. For every "G" he shall give two marks and for every "I" one mark, for "B" he shall allow no marks; a minimum of 34 marks shall entitle a boy to the maximum pecuniary reward of one anna. A minimum of 28 marks will entitle a boy to the pecuniary reward of half an anna. These money rewards will be dealt with in the manner laid down in the foregoing rule.	The assignment of marks for "indifferent" conduct is anomalous The knowledge that a deduction of marks will be made for "bad" conduct will be an incentive to good conduct. The maximum for rewards has been, in consequence, reduced. The Superintendent recommends that the task of allotting marks may be transferred to the headmaster as the Deputy Superintendent is not able to find time for it. Moreover, as the task of entering "good," "bad" or "indifferent" devolves on the headmaster, that of allotting marks may also be left to him. Provision is, however, made for the Deputy Superintendent's checking the register once a month.

(v) Every monitor shall be allowed double the ordinary number of marks, and every assistant monitor 50 per cent. more than the ordinary number of marks.	(i) • • • Boys promoted to this (monitor's) grade will be enabled to earn double the number of marks and consequently double the amount of gratuity for marks which they could otherwise earn.	
(VI) The Supdt. shall have power (1) to reimburse from the fine fund to such of the pupils as pass the Govt technical examinations or the Primary examinations, the fees paid by them from their earnings for admission to such examinations, and (2) to provide from the fund any deserving ex-pupil desirous of starting a trade with all or any of the tools or appliances needed by him.		
XII. Communications with Parents or Relatives.		
Parents and relatives of boys may visit them once a month or oftener with the permission of the Superintendent and correspond with them in writing. This privilege shall be forfeited for misconduct. They shall also, if their address is known, receive notice of serious illness, and the Deputy Superintendent shall answer any inquiries made by them, provided that postage stamps for the reply are enclosed.	18. *Communication with Parents and Relatives.*—The parents and near relatives of the boys shall be allowed to visit them once a month or oftener with the permission of the Superintendent and to correspond with them in writing at reasonable periods. Boys shall forfeit this privilege by misconduct. Parents or near relatives, if known, shall receive notice of serious illness, and at least a week's previous notice shall be sent them of a boy's legal discharge from the school. The Deputy Superintendent will answer inquiries made by parents or relatives of the boys by post, provided these latter send postage stamps for the purpose.	The clause "and at least a week's • • • from the school" has been omitted as it is covered by Article XVII.
XIII. Punishments.		
(i) Spirits and intoxicating drugs (including opium and ganja), tobacco and snuff shall be deemed prohibited articles within the meaning of the Act, and whoever is found introducing or attempting to introduce or conniving at the introduction of any such article into the school shall be prosecuted.	20. *Forbidden articles.*—The following shall be deemed forbidden articles, and their possession by the boys shall be punished by the Superintendent: (*a*) spirits, (*b*) intoxicating drugs including opium, ganja and tobacco.	The addition of snuff to the list of forbidden articles is necessary. The latter portion of this clause is in accordance with section 27 of the new Act.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
(ii) The Superintendent shall punish any boy found in possession of any prohibited article.	.....	.....
(iii) No boy shall be kept in solitary confinement for more than three days or in gunny-clothing for more than twenty days.	19. *Punishments.*—No boy shall be kept in solitary confinement for a period exceeding three days or in gunny-clothing for more than twenty days. Corporal punishment shall be administered after the manner of school discipline with a light cane. The number of stripes shall, in no case, exceed twelve.	.....
(iv) Corporal punishment] shall be administered in the manner of school discipline with a light cane ~~applied to~~ the palm of the hand, provided that the maximum number of stripes in the case of boys of the junior division shall not exceed twelve and in the case of boys of the senior division shall not exceed fifteen.		The raising of the number of stripes to fifteen in the case of boys of the senior division was sanctioned in G.O., No. 572, Educational, dated 10th July 1895.
(v) In the case of unnatural offences and other serious crimes, the offender shall be prosecuted under the orders of the Inspector-General, and the Superintendent shall keep him separate from the other boys pending his orders.	.....	New. *Vide* G.O., No. 1302, Judicial, dated 29th July 1889.
(vi) The Deputy Superintendent may punish any boy by loss of marks, solitary confinement, corporal punishment, penal diet, gunny-clothing, or deduction of earnings.	11. *Deputy Superintendent.*—(iii) The punishment of any boy by— (*a*) Loss of marks. (*b*) Degradation from monitorship. (*c*) Solitary confinement. (*d*) Corporal punishment. (*e*) Penal diet. (*f*) Gunny-clothing. (*g*) Deduction from earnings.	The selection of a boy as monitor requires the sanction of the Superintendent, and the power of removing him from office should therefore vest in him.
(vii) For simple offences, a boy may be deprived of one regular meal or of that portion of the meal which renders it most agreeable; but no boy shall be deprived of two meals in succession.	.....	This is in accordance with the practice in Great Britain.

(viii) The headmaster may punish boys during school-hours by impositions, by loss of marks, by causing them to stand during lessons, by keeping them in during play-hours, or by giving not more than three cuts with a small rattan on the hand.

XIV. Dietary.

The scale of diet shall be as follows:—

Ragi, cholum, or cumbu (every day except Sunday)	20 oz.
Rice (on Sunday)	20 ,,
Garlic (on Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	30 grains.
Mutton (on Thursday and Sunday)	4 oz.
Dried fish (on Tuesday)	2 ,,
Vegetable	4 ,,
Dal	2 ,,
Tamarind	½ ,,
Ghee, or gingelly oil	¾ ,,
Onions	½ ,,
Curry-powder	½ ,,
Salt	¾ ,,

In the case of boys who are vegetarians, curd or cakes will be substituted for, and at a cost equivalent to, mutton or fish served to other boys.

One lb. of firewood shall be allowed for cooking.

No change in the scale shall be made without the sanction of Government.

(ii) Ordinarily, one of the Brahman boys shall cook for his fellows; but, when the number of such boys exceeds three, a Brahman cook may be engaged for Brahmans.

(iii) The Deputy Superintendent shall be responsible for the purchase of provisions, and by informing himself of the current bazaar rates shall satisfy himself that the full amount of food is purchased and that the rates are reasonable. He shall also see the rations weighed and served out to the cooks, examine the food occasionally before distribution by way of test, and see that the boys are cleanly in person and dress at the time of meals.

13. *Masters* (*Headmaster*).—(iii) Authority to punish boys during school-hours by impositions, by way of loss of marks, by causing them to stand during lessons, by keeping in during play-hours or by giving not more than three cuts with a small rattan on the hand.

26. *Diet.*—For the present, the scale of diet will be as follows:—

Every day, dal 2 oz.; ghee, tamarind, curry-powder and onions ½ oz. each; salt ¾ oz.; and vegetable 4 oz. with 1 lb. of firewood for cooking.

On Sundays, 20 oz. of rice and on other days 20 oz. of ragi, cholum or cumbu; on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 30 grains of garlic; Tuesdays, 2 oz. of dried fish; Thursdays and Sundays 4 oz. of mutton.

27. A Brahman cook may be employed for Brahman boys when necessary. Ordinarily, one of the Brahman boys may be ordered to cook for his fellows.

12. *Deputy Superintendent.*—(vii) To see the rations weighed and served out to the cooks, to examine the food at its distribution, to see that the distribution is fair, to see that the boys are cleanly in person and dress and that the sanitary arrangements of the school in each and every respect are thoroughly satisfactory.

.....

The use of gingelly oil was sanctioned in Government Order, No. 1599, Judicial, dated 1st September 1892.

Saiva boys do not eat animal food, and curd or cakes should be allowed them in place of mutton or fish allowed to others.

.....

The examination of the food by the Deputy Superintendent is objectionable and repugnant to Hindu feelings. The power to do that has therefore been limited to the testing of food before distribution.

The latter portion of the article has been transferred to the head "Miscellaneous."

(ii) A discharged pupil shall be provided with a letter to the Magistrate in the prescribed form (B), soliciting his sympathy in the pupil's behalf and requesting him to do what he can towards ensuring the pupil a fair start in life as well as reasonable protection against temptations to a relapse into crime. The Magistrate shall endeavour to induce the local headman or some respectable neighbour to do what he can for the boy.	22. With the released boy shall be sent a letter in the accompanying form B, soliciting the Magistrate's sympathy in the boy's behalf and asking him to do what he can towards ensuring the lad a fair start in life as well as reasonable protection against temptations to a relapse into crime. The Magistrate should endeavour to induce the local headman or some respectable neighbour to do what he can for the lad.	A boy's subsistence allowance was fixed at two annas a day by Mr. Grigg in 1890, and the scale has been in force ever since.
(iii) The pupil shall be sent to the Magistrate, and by the Magistrate, if necessary, to his relatives in charge of a peon of the school, who shall be responsible for his treatment until he is handed over to his relatives. The peon shall be furnished with travelling expenses for himself and the pupil, batta for the latter being allowed at two annas per diem.	The boy shall be sent to the Magistrate and by the Magistrate, when necessary, to his relatives in charge of a peon of the Reformatory School, who shall be responsible to the authorities of the Reformatory School for the treatment of the boy until his delivery to his relatives and who shall be furnished with the subsistence allowance necessary for the boy's journey. The cost of the peon's travelling shall be a charge on the funds of the school.	
(iv) The Superintendent may, if necessary, provide the pupil with clothing at a cost not exceeding one rupee.	.....	New. The Superintendent considers this provision necessary.
(v) Care shall be taken to despatch the boy from school in sufficient time to admit of his reaching his destination before the date on which he is entitled to discharge, and the amount of gratuity payable to him shall also be forwarded with the letter in form (B) to the Magistrate, who shall deliver it to the boy when handing him over to his relatives.	23. Care shall be taken to despatch the boy from the school in sufficient time to admit of his reaching his destination before the date on which he is entitled to release. Before his despatch, the amount of gratuity payable to him shall be ascertained by the Superintendent who shall forward the amount with the letter in form B to the Magistrate. The Magistrate shall deliver the amount of the gratuity to the boy when making him over to the care of his relatives.	.....

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
XV.—Religious observances. (i) The religious observances of the pupils shall be duly respected. The pupils may be allowed to attend their respective places of worship on special and feast days, proper precautions being taken for the supervision of the boys during their absence from school. (ii) Muhammadan pupils who may choose to fast during the Ramzan may also be allowed to go to their mosque for prayers between 6 and 7 P.M. each day they fast.	29. *Religion.*—The religious observances of the inmates shall be duly respected.	The additions to this article were approved by Government in its Order, No. 1498, Judicial, dated 25th July 1893. .....
XVI.—Licenses. (i) With the sanction of the ~~Inspector-General~~ Committee, the Superintendent may attach any of the pupils as apprentices to masters licensed under section 18 of the Reformatory Act, ~~and shall report any such cases~~ (ii) Applications from masters for such apprentices shall be laid before a meeting of the Committee of Visitors, and the Superintendent shall forward to the Inspector-General with his remarks any resolution on the subject which may have been passed by the meeting.	24. *Licenses.*—Should the Superintendent see a favourable opportunity for working the license system as explained in the Reformatory Act, he shall, after ascertaining the views of the visiting committee on the subject, communicate with the Inspector-General. Applications by masters for apprentices, should such be received, shall be laid before the committee at their next meeting and the result shall be communicated to the Inspector-General for orders.	Modified and recast.
XVII.—Discharge. (i) At least two months before a pupil is entitled to be discharged, notice ~~of the fact~~ in the prescribed form (A) shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district in which his parents or near relations reside, requesting him to secure the attendance, at a fixed time, of some trustworthy person to take charge of the boy. The Magistrate may, if necessary, forward ~~him~~ to the Court of any subordinate Magistrate within whose jurisdiction the boys' parents or near relations reside.	21. *Releases.*—At least two months before a boy is entitled to be released, notice of the fact in the annexed form A shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district in which the parents or near relations of the boy reside, requesting him to secure the attendance, at a fixed time, of some trustworthy person to receive the boy on his arrival. The Magistrate shall either communicate himself with the boys' parents or near relations or shall instruct the Sub-Divisional or Sub Magistrate, within whose jurisdiction they reside, to do so; and, if necessary, shall forward the boy to the Court of such Sub-Divisional or Sub Magistrate.	Recast.

In (vi) substitute the following for the words in brackets. 15

a [with the consent of the boy's relatives] to

b [the influence of criminal associates.] AH 17.9.98

I doubt the legality of this vague rule. H.J.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
(vi) When a boy of the criminal class is taken before a Magistrate for discharge, the Magistrate may, ~~[instead of handing him over to his criminal associates,]~~ dispose of him in such a manner as to protect him from ~~[~~their influence ~~]~~ ~~of~~ criminal associates.	..... with the consent of the boy's relatives)	This is a new rule. This provision was approved of by the Committee of Visitors in September last, as they thought it would tend to check relapses of former pupils of the criminal class.
(vii) For three years from the date of a pupil's discharge, the Superintendent shall communicate with the Magistrate, once in every six months, in the prescribed form (C), with a view to ascertain the career of the pupil since his discharge, and the Magistrate's reply shall, in every case, be laid before the Committee of Visitors. An abstract of the reports shall be embodied in the annual reports to the Inspector-General.	25. At the expiration of six months and after every six months for three years from the date of the youthful offender's release, a letter in form C shall be sent to the Magistrate in order that the boy may not be lost sight of and in order also that the school authorities may be in a position to report upon the result of the training he has had. The replies received from Magistrates shall, in every case, be laid before the Visiting Committee, and copies of them will accompany the Superintendent's annual report to the Inspector-General.	Recast. The concluding portion has been modified as the submission of the original replies is considered unnecessary.
XVIII. Registers and Accounts. The following registers and accounts shall be maintained in the school :— Register of admissions and discharges. Pupils' weight register. Register of letters received. Register of letters despatched. Register of gymnastics and drill. Library catalogue. Do. register. Office journal. Pay abstract. Acquittance roll. Register of contingent expenditure. Register of annual returns to the Accountant-General. Inventory of valuable stock. Stock books of stationery articles and printed forms. Books of bill forms and receipt forms for the manufacturing department.	28. *Registers and Returns.*—In addition to the books to be kept, as detailed in the foregoing rules, a register shall be maintained of all boys admitted to the school giving the name, age, caste or religion, prior occupation, health, educational condition and weight on admission, particulars of sentence, previous convictions and other important particulars. A similar register of all boys leaving the school shall also be maintained. Also the school registers and workshop registers in forms to be prescribed. A return shall be forwarded to the Inspector-General on the first day of each month giving the number of boys in the school at the beginning and end of the month; their distribution among several industries; particulars regarding those admitted and those discharged; the health of the school; the amount and value of the work performed in the school; full particulars regarding punishments inflicted, attempts at escape, recaptures and the amount of confinement each boy has undergone.	These registers should be maintained in the school.

Stock book of tools, implements, &c.
Stock book of rations.
Diet roll.
Cash account of expenditure under rations.
Register of receipts and issues of pupils' clothing, bedding, &c.
Register of raw materials.
Register of work turned out by the manufactory department.
Register of work done for the school.
Sale or credit book of manufactured articles.
Stock and sale account of textile fabrics.
Cash account of receipts.
Register of outstandings.
General mark register.
Mark register for each industrial class.
Punishment book.
Conduct badge register.
Register of mark, work and badge money.
Pupils' fine account.
Pupils' savings bank account.
History of discharged pupils.

(ii) In the office journal, the Superintendent shall record in his own hand-writing all important matters connected with the school.

(iii) The Superintendent shall record in the punishment book, full particulars of all punishments inflicted by him or by the Deputy Superintendent, together with the nature of the offence, the name of the offender and the number of previous punishments against him. The record of all punishments inflicted by the Deputy Superintendent shall be inspected and initialled by the Superintendent at each visit.

(iv) The Deputy Superintendent shall be responsible for all the property of the school and for all moneys and stores received.

.....

8. *Superintendent.*—(iii) To maintain at the school a journal in which he shall record, in his own hand-writing, all important matters coming under his notice, and also to maintain a punishment book in which full particulars of all punishments inflicted by him or by his Deputy shall be entered together with the nature of the offence and the names of the offenders. The record of all punishments inflicted by the Deputy must be inspected and initialled by the Superintendent at his next visit.

9. The Superintendent is responsible for all the property of the school and for all moneys and stores received.

.....

.....

The responsibility for the property and stores of the school had better be vested in the Deputy Superintendent, as he has free quarters and is always within the precincts. The Superintendent, ordinarily, is the Medical officer of the district who has frequently to be away from head-quarters.

Revised Rules.	Existing Rules.	Remarks.
(v) The register of valuable stock shall be scrutinized every year by the Superintendent.	8. (viii) To take stock once in every year and make a valuation of all machinery, plant, tools, raw materials, manufactured articles, live and dead stock belonging to the school, and to obtain sanction for the writing off of any amount by which such machinery, &c., may have been depreciated in value since the previous stock taking.	.....
XIX. Miscellaneous.		
(i) The instruction given in general education and in industrial subjects shall be tested annually, the former by an officer of the Educational Department, and the latter by a person or persons specially deputed for the purpose.	3. *Inspector-General.*—(vi) To see that the general and industrial instruction is thoroughly tested each year by an officer or officers of the Educational Department.	.....
(ii) The Superintendent shall arrange annually for a public distribution of prizes.	16. (*k*) There shall be annually a public distribution of prizes.	.....
(iii) The Superintendent shall endeavour to make the boys feel as contented as possible in the school, so that they may view it as a place of education and not one of punishment. During play-hours, their movements should, so long as the games are of a harmless nature, be as unrestricted as possible.	16. (*f*) * * * The boys should be made as happy as possible in the school which should be viewed by them as a place of education, not one of punishment. So long as their games are of a harmless nature, their movements should, during play-hours, be as unrestricted as possible ; during work and school hours, play should be strictly interdicted.	.....
(iv) Without the written sanction of the Superintendent, the Deputy Superintendent shall, on no account, absent himself from his quarters at night.	12. *Deputy Superintendent.*—(i) * * * not to be absent from those quarters at night without the written permission of the Superintendent. * * *.	.....
(v) The Superintendent shall give immediate notice of the escape or recapture of any boy to the Inspector-General, to the local police, and to the Superintendent of Police and the Magistrate of the district in which the boy was convicted.	8. *Superintendent.*—(xi) To report at once to the Inspector-General the escape or recapture of any boy. Immediate information of the escape must also be given to the local police and to the Magistrate and Superintendent of Police of the district in which the boy was convicted.	.....

(vi) The Deputy Superintendent shall be present when the dormitories are locked up at night and unlocked in the morning; but, if he be unavoidably absent, he shall record the fact and the reasons for his absence in his report book. He shall also have in his personal custody the keys of the dormitories and cells at night and shall see that the entrance gate is guarded both day and night.	12. *Deputy Superintendent.*—(iv) To be present when the dormitories are locked up at night and unlocked in the morning; and if he be unavoidably absent, to record the fact and the reasons for his absence in his report book; to have in his personal keeping the keys of the dormitories and cells at night; to see that the entrance gate is guarded by a peon day and night.	.....
(vii) It shall be the duty of the Deputy Superintendent to see that the sanitary arrangements of the school in every respect are thoroughly satisfactory.	12. (vii) To see * * * and that the sanitary arrangements of the school in each and every respect are thoroughly satisfactory.	.....
(viii) The Deputy Superintendent shall carry out forthwith all urgent instructions of the Medical Officer regarding the sick in hospital and shall report immediately to the Superintendent and to the nearest Magistrate all cases of sudden or violent death.	12. (ii) To carry out forthwith all emergent written instructions of the Medical Officer regarding the sick in hospital and to report all cases of sudden or violent death to the nearest Magistrate and the Superintendent.	.....
(ix) The provisions of the Educational Rules relating to accommodation and sanitation, discipline, dress, periodical examinations, and punishments shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the school in so far as its special character permits of their application.	.....	New. .....
(x) The Superintendent shall invariably obtain the previous sanction of the Inspector-General for any deviation from the prescribed rules.	.....	New. .....

H.C. forms A.B & C – form G.O. no 2545 Jud dy 10th Dec. 08 – pp. 889.

[R.O. 10]

C 619
A 1779
[G. 25]
200—20-8-98.

.....Educational..... DEPARTMENT.

C. No. 714 of 98

SUBJECT.

~~His Excellency The Governor.~~

~~The Hon'ble Sir Henry Bliss, K.C.I.E.~~

~~The Hon'ble Mr. Arundel.~~

Revised rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput.

FOR ORDERS

...current rates to the revision of the rules of the Reformatory School. Under Section 26 (2) of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, the Local Government has power to make rules consistent with the Act for the conduct of any Reformatory School. The existing rules were framed under Section 21 of the Reformatory Schools Act 1876, and they are saved by Section 2 (2) of Act VIII of 1897. These rules are annexed to G.O.No.2545 Judicial dated 10th December 1888 (flag A). In the draft submitted by the D.P.I., the proposed rules and the existing rules are shown in parallel columns for purposes of comparison and the reasons for the more important changes are given in a third column of remarks to which attention is kindly invited. In the following note only such points as call for remarks will be noticed.

2. In his letter the D.P.I. states tha...

1898
Educl
1
714

that the whole of Art.30 of the present rules and portions of other articles here and there have been omitted as not necessary in a code of rules. The portions of other articles referred to appear to be the following:-

Art.2 (i) to (iii)+(v); Art.3 (i) to(v); Art.4; Art.7 (i),(iv) & (v); Art.8, excepting clauses. (iii) & (xi) & portion of (viii); Art.10; Art.11 (i); Art.12 excepting clauses (ii) (iv) & (vii) and portion of (i); Art.13 (i); Art.14; and Art.16(c) (d) (e) (j) & (l). The portions omitted appear to be unnecessary in many cases and in a few cases to be covered by some other rules. The omissions may, therefore, be approved.

Article II (iv).

The first part of this clause appears to be superfluous. Under Section 23 (2) of the Act., any member of the Committee of visitors failing or neglecting, during a period of six consecutive months, to visit the School & assist in the discharge of the Committee's duties, ceases to be a member of the Committee. This fact need not be repeated in the rules. ~~The clause may therefore be omitted, the latter part being introduced in Art.XII below.~~

This should be retained as revised by the Secy. in the printed copy. It serves to remind the Committee of the law of wh. they may be ignorant. AA

Art.II (V)

The revised clause is not so clear as the existing one; Is the Committee to elect a chairman once for all? If not, the words "at its meetings" should come at the beginning of the first & not at the beginning of the second

This clause may be altered to read as follows:- "It shall be the duty of the Superintendent to report to the Inspector-General the name of any member of the Committee, who fails to attend a meeting during a period of Six Consecutive months." AA

I wd retain the rule that members of Com. should sign the minutes. The Syndicate of the M. Univy. does this & occasional mistakes are thereby set right AA

Article III (i)

It does not appear to be necessary to fix the number of masters & instructors at 16. At times it may be found necessary to increase or reduce the staff & the rules should provide for this.

It also sometimes happens that one or two of the posts in the School are vacant (v. List of officers in the Edl. Dept. on 1st Jan. 1897). The clause may be altered as follows:- "The Sanctioned Staff consists "etc. AA

It may be noted that under the existing rules the morning gardening is done by all the boys from 6 to 9 AM. AA

I think this must be left to the A.G. to be

? I.G. Yes. He will probably modify it: it should be left to him to bear it in mind for the reason given above. AA

Orders are requested as to whether the proposals of the D.P.I., which were approved in the G.O at Flag J, should be embodied in the rules.

I think So AA

yes AA

second sentence.

Art.III (ii)

The words " and the rest of the staff to the subordinate educational service" should be omitted. In G.O.No.450 Ed.d/ 23rd July 1898, the Govt. has ruled that the principle of grading ~~the Sub- Ed- Service~~ should be limited to appointments carrying pay of Rs.50 per mensem. The pay of the masters & instructors in the School, except that of the Head master, is less than Rs.50 per mensem.

Art.VIII (ii)

In the new time-table proposed for the junior Division consisting of boys under 14 years of age 10-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M., the hottest part of the day, is fixed for "Industries & Gardening". Gardening is generally done in the morning or evening & not in the hottest part of the day. It seems advisable to alter the time-table.

Art.X

No G.O. sanctioning these rules can be traced: they were apparently sanctioned by the D.P.I. As they are reported to have worked well they may be approved.

Art.XI

In connection with this article it may be noted that the revised rules do not refer to the Fine Fund constituted under G.O.No.49 Educational dated 27th January 1896 (flag J), nor to the purposes for which it should be utilized.

Art.XV.

The D.P.I.'s remark that "the [illegible] additions

additions to this article were approved by Govt. in G.O.No.1498 Judicial dated 25th July 1893" (flag E) is not correct. The order is as follows:-

"The rule as it stands is quite sufficient and it is unnecessary to amend it as proposed. The D.P.I. can issue instructions to the effect desired, for the guidance of the Supdt." It is for consideration whether the additions should now be approved.

I prefer the old rule & the instructions. A dozen boys may want to go to a dozen different temples on the same day. AA

I think so H.T.

This should be noted in the rule. AA

Art.XVI

Under Section 18 of the Act the power to license a pupil vests in the Supdt. subject to the sanction of the Committee. It does not provide for the I.G. having any control in the matter,

& his sanction is apparently unnecessary. The article may be modified & the Supt. may be required to report to the D.G. for his information any cases of pupils being licensed &c. Yes AA.

Art.XVII (iii)

It is for consideration whether the rate of subsistence allowance to be allowed for a pupil should be definitely fixed by a rule. In this existing Rules (vide Art.2 (iv)) the I.G. has power to appoint, dismiss, suspend or fine the Dy.Supdt. But this officer has since the reorganization of the Ed-Services become a Gazetted Officer & his appointment, and dismissal &c no longer vest in the I.G. The revised rules accordingly leave his appointment, dismissal &c to Govt. vide Art.III (1). In para 2 of his letter the D.P.I. however asks that in view of the special character of the institution, the power to suspend or fine the Dy. Supdt. may be delegated to the I.G.

Does not 3. under the

The "batta" is meant I suppose. no change is needed. AA

Note: The Director is not under the Act, D.G. H.T.

Art XVII &c. The forms A.B.C. referred to in the rules have been omitted. They should be printed at the end. AA

I think not H.T.

Does not seem to be necessary. AA

For orders

It is not advisable to H.T. deviate from the usual rule applicable to Gazetted Officers. AA

2/13 See Govt. of India letter No. 1 from the Govt. of India in the Dept. of Finance & Commerce

I have added some comments &c. on the draft rules. AA 17.9.98

If such power is given to the D.G. he should, it is submitted, report to Govt. any cases in which he uses it.

1-9-98

4. The D.P.I states in his letter that the revised draft of rules was forwarded to the Superintendent & was generally approved by him except in one material point, but he does not say that the proposed changes in the rules have had the approval of the Committee of Visitors. It may be thought advisable that they should also be consulted before the revised rules are finally approved by Govt. The draft rules approved by Govt in G.O. No. 2545. Judl. d. 10th Dec 1888 (Flag A) had been previously passed by the Committee &c

6/9/98.

H.M. Please also see notes on draft Rules.

H.T. 13-9-98

beginning of the second

are thereby set right AA

T

10,000

Revis Rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput.

Educational Department.

A 28 A

C. No. 714 of 1898.

ORDER P. S. No 599 of 26-9-98

The revised rules of the Reformatory School, Chingleput are approved by H.E. the Governor in Council with the following modifications and remarks.

2. (1) Article I.

In line 2 for the word "are" will be substituted the words "have been", and in line 4 the word "Court" will be read instead of the word "Magistrate".

(2) Article II.

Clause (IV) will be revised as follows:- "As any member failing to attend a meeting during a period of six consecutive months vacates his seat, ~~it~~ it shall be the duty of the Supt. to report the fact to the Inspector-General"

Clause (V) - The words "At its meetings" at the beginning of the second sentence of this clause should come at the beginning of the first sentence. Before the word "quorum" in the second sentence the word "a" should be inserted.

(3) Article III.

Clause (1) should read as follows:- The

"The santioned staff consists etc".

Clause (VI)- After the word "or" in line 5 of this clause add the word "of".

(4) Article VIII.

Clause (1). For the words "a slight repast shall be served them" will be substituted the words " they will have a slight meal".

Clause (II). The Govt. notes that in the new time table proposed for the Junior division, 10.30 A.M. to 1 30. P.M., the hottest part of the day, is fixed for industries and gardening. The I.G. should consider whether it is not advisable to modify this arrangement.

(5) Article X.

For the word "a" in the last line of clause (IV) read the word "such".

(6) Article XI.

The revised rules do not refer to the Fine Fund constituted under G.O. No. 49, Edcl., d/ 27th Jan. 1896. The Govt. considers that the proposals of the D.P.I. contained in his letter d/ 21st Dec. 1895 read in the G.O. referred to above should be embodied in the rules. The following clause will, therefore, be added to article XI:-

"(VI). The Supt shall have power-

(1) to reimburse from the fine fund to such of the pupils as pass the Govt. Technical Examinations or the Primary Examination, the fees paid to them from their earnings for admission to such examinations, and

(2) to provide from the fund any deserving ex-pupil

Order ~~referred to~~ is as follows:-

"The rule as it stands is quite s cient and it is unnecessary to ame as proposed. The D.P.I. can issue structions to the effect desired f the guidance of the Superintendent. The Govt. considers that the proposed additions to the rule are unnecessary, and that the old rule (29) should stan

(9). Article ~~XVI~~ Clause (i) will be modi fied as follows:- "With the sanction of the Committee, the Superintendent may attach any of the pupils as apprentice to masters licensed under section 18 of the Reformatory Act, and shall report any such cases to the Inspector General."

(10) Article ~~XVII~~ XVII.

The words " of the fact" in line 2 of clause (1) should be omitted, and for the word "him" in line 7 of the same clause should be substituted the words "the boy". I e (VI) for the words " instea im over to his

acter of the institution, the power
spend or find the Deputy Supt., who
the reorganization of the Education-
ervices has become a Gazetted officer,
be delegated to the Inspector General.
Govt., however, considers that it is
nadvisable to deviate from the usual
ule applicable to Gazetted officers.
and cannot, therefore, accept the D.P.I.'s
roposal.

4. The revised rules as amended above will be published in the Fort St. Georges Gazette.

AT 22 9 98

GS 22/9/98.

To The D.P.I.

Gazette GS.

10,000—24

...ER No.

...t copy sent to Press.

...ned for signature.

...tched in print.

NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED. { Order complete. 30 / Letter only. / Order complete with Letter.

...ORIS G.O., No. 189 DATED

24

(Signed texts) 7/10-5-15 Rolls.

...URRENT No.

As marked Slavo-proof

Eng

25/9/98

...ERRO C. No.

...DER OF GOVERNMENT

...TTER OF GOVERNMENT

...EMENT WITH DITTO.

...ES NOT FILED UP, BEING MERELY FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL.

7 copies

N.B.—
A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.