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Educational (1898) Department.

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G.O., No. 235

DATED 9-4-98

INDEXED. 43-44

[Despatch Abstract.]

Lawrence Asylum, Cotacamund

Recording, with remarks, proceedings of the D.P.I reviewing the report of the Committee of the ——— on the working of the institution during 1896-97.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

CR779/98 — 80

Government {1898} of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL.

Recd. } 1898. *Enclosures*

Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 235, 9th April 1898.

APRIL.

Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

Recording, with remarks, proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction reviewing the report of the committee of the — on the working of the institution during 1896–97.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper:—

From J. B. BILDERBECK, Esq., M.A., Acting Director of Public Instruction, to the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, dated Madras, 2nd September 1897, No. 10211.

I have the honour to submit three copies of the report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, on the working of the Lawrence Asylum during 1896–97, together with a copy of my review thereon.

2. I also submit, for reference, a copy of Dr. Duncan's Proceedings, No. 13462, dated 14th December 1896, referred to in paragraph 7 of the review.

Enclosures.

Proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction, dated 31st August 1897, No. 10146.

Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

Read report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, on the working of the Asylum during 1896–97.

The printed copies of the report were received in this office only on the 23rd instant. The reports should reach this office not later than the 1st August every year.

Male Branch.

2. *Staff.*—A few changes occurred among the subordinate teachers and sergeant instructors, which seem to have been unavoidable. On the retirement of Mr. Perkins, the master carpenter, Mr. Newman, who is technically qualified for the post, was appointed to succeed him. Mr. W. Vigor has, since the close of the year, passed the written examination for teachers' certificates. It is hoped that Miss Hollingsworth will soon qualify professionally. As the new carpentry instructor is reported to be unable to teach drawing to all the industrial classes in addition to his legitimate duties, the post of drawing master should be filled at an early date.

3. *Accommodation.*—The attention of the committee is invited to the medical officer's suggestions in regard to the erection of a separate latrine for native servants and the construction in the hospital of a ward for infectious cases.

4. *Library and Museum.*—The library was well used. The question of re-employing a binder, referred to in paragraph 9 of the Headmaster's report, should form the subject of a separate communication. Mr. Maddox deserves much credit for his efforts to extend the usefulness of the museum.

5. *Strength and Attendance.*—Excluding *ten* day scholars, the strength of the Male branch on the 31st March 1897 was 318, viz., 131 Europeans and 187 Eurasians, as against 321 on the corresponding date last year. The average number on the rolls and the average daily attendance during the year were 307 and 278, respectively, as against 294 and 256 in the year previous. It is to be regretted that 11 pupils had

to be returned to their homes on account of misconduct, though, as they were a leaven of evil, this step was necessary in the interests of the institution. Of the pupils who left the asylum, about a fourth succeeded in securing employment, and the proportion would have been even larger if the Lawrence Asylum Press, Madras, had not refused to receive apprentices from the asylum. Forty-seven of the pupils who were withdrawn had been students in the asylum for more than five years, and the majority had reached the lower secondary stage of education.

6. *Sanitation and Health.*—The average number of sick per day rose from 10·24 in 1895–96 to 13·37 in the year under report. From the report of the medical officer, it would appear that the sanitary arrangements were satisfactory.

7. *Examinations*—(i) *Literary Standards.*—The results of the Lower Secondary Examination of December 1896, as recorded in paragraph 5 of the Headmaster's report, were fairly satisfactory for pupils engaged in both literary studies and industrial occupations. Eight qualified themselves for a complete certificate during the year, and seventeen secured passes in one or more single subjects. Mr. Logan, who inspected the institution in May 1896, found the several classes in an efficient condition.

(ii) *Industrial Classes.*—As remarked in paragraph 4 of Proceedings, No. 13462, dated 14th December 1896, the tailoring and boot-making classes acquitted themselves satisfactorily at the examination conducted in July 1896 by Mr. Holder, of the School of Arts, Madras, but the carpentry class failed to show much merit. Now that a qualified instructor has been appointed in the room of Mr. Perkins, retired, it is hoped that the carpentry class will improve in efficiency. That the band class did good work, as usual, is testified to by Bandmaster Sergeant Taylor in his report embodied in Proceedings, No. 13462, dated 14th December 1896. The telegraph class contained 24 pupils at the close of the year, or five more than in the year previous. Of these, two have obtained employment under the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company and eight were expected to enter the Government Telegraph Department. The number presented for the test examinations of the Telegraph Department has again not been reported. As usual, the carpenter's and smith's shops worked at a loss, the boys therein not having turned out work of any value. The question of ending or mending the carpentry class will be decided in connection with the scheme for revising the course of instruction in the asylum now under consideration.

8. *Finance.*—The receipts, exclusive of an opening balance of Rs. 6,007, and the charges amounted to Rs. 1,08,795 and Rs. 1,04,914, respectively, as against Rupees 95,550 and Rs. 1,00,297 in 1895–96. Both the receipts and charges thus show an increase. The average cost per boy has risen from Rs. 303 to Rs. 314.

9. *General.*—Physical education received its due share of attention and the Acting Director notes with pleasure the Inspector's remarks on the work of the sergeant instructor. The Madras Municipal workshops have opened a new field for the employment of asylum lads and the Police Department might be resorted to by a few others. A revised code of rules for the asylum was submitted to Government for sanction in May last and its orders are awaited. Suggestions for revising the standards and courses of instruction in the asylum, especially in the industrial side of the institution, are under the consideration of the department and will be submitted to Government in due course.

Female Branch.

10. *Staff.*—The staff remained almost unchanged. It is noted that Miss Fagles, the only uncertificated member of the staff, intends to appear for the next written examination for teachers' certificates.

11. *Accommodation.*—Steps should be taken to provide a separate dining-room for the girls.

12. *Strength and Attendance.*—There were on the rolls on the 31st March last 6 boarders and 8 day scholars, as against 64 and 6, respectively, in the year previous. Of the boarders, 43 were Europeans and 22 were Eurasians. The average number on the rolls and the average daily attendance were, according to the annual return submitted to this office, 65 and 58, respectively, the corresponding figures for 1895–96 being 77 and 69.

13. *Sanitation and Health.*—The health of this branch was satisfactory, the average number of sick per day being ·45 as against ·43 in the year previous.

14. *Examinations.*—For the Lower Secondary Examination of December 1896, five pupils were presented, of whom four passed in all subjects and one only partially, three of the former taking places in the first class. At the Primary Examination all the eight examinees were successful, all but two being placed in the first class. In future reports the number in the form or class at the time when the applications for the above examinations are sent in should be reported, so as to enable the Director and Government to ascertain what ratio the number of passed pupils bears to the number on the rolls. Miss Carr, who inspected the asylum in May 1896, was also impressed favourably with its efficiency.

15. *Finance.*—The total receipts, exclusive of an opening balance, amounted to Rs. 19,046, and the charges to Rs. 18,551. There was a fall in the average cost per girl from Rs. 312 to Rs. 274.

16. The satisfactory working of the institution during the year is creditable to the Principal, the Headmaster, the Headmistress and the staff of assistants.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) J. B. BILDERBECK,
Ag. Director of Public Instruction.

Proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction, dated 14th December 1896, No. 13462.

Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

Read Tabular Inspection Report of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Western Circle, No. 2936, dated 14th May 1896.

Read Tabular Inspection Report of the Inspector of Schools, Western Circle, No. 4190, dated 15th June 1896.

Read endorsement of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Western Circle, No. 3088, dated 2nd June 1896.

Read the following letter from the Principal and Secretary, Lawrence Asylum, to the Director of Public Instruction, No. 947, dated 17th August 1896 :—

I have the honour to forward herewith the report of Bandmaster Sergeant Taylor, who examined the asylum band classes on the 21st ultimo.

From Bandmaster Sergeant S. TAYLOR, His Excellency the Governor's Band, to the Principal and Secretary, Lawrence Asylum (through the Military Secretary), dated Ootacamund, 11th August 1896.

I have the honour to submit, herewith, my report of the examination of the Lawrence Asylum band which took place on the 21st ultimo.

2. The strength of the band classes is 23 (or rather the number that presented themselves for examination) and divided into three standards :—

A (lowest)	5
B („)	7
C („)	11
Total ..	23

Thirteen boys were not brought up for examination, five having passed through the highest standard and eight having only just entered the class.

3. The lads gave evidence of being carefully taught in the *Theory of Music* from the portions laid down for examination in the text-books, but I regret to report that there were three failures.

4. *Practical Music.*—I heard each boy play a short piece of music on his own instrument; then the full band together, and what they did they did well. The instruments were better in *tune* than last year, the *time* was well marked and there was also a great improvement in the expression.

5. Sergeant Smith has been in charge of the asylum band for only nine months. He appears earnest and interested in his work, and no doubt will show better results at the next examination.

Forwarded.

11*th August* 1896. (Signed) F. ROMILLY, Major,
Military Secretary.

Read the following letter from the Acting Superintendent, School of Arts, Madras, to the Director of Public Instruction, dated Madras, 26th August 1896, No. 636 :—

With reference to Proceedings, No. 7358, dated 14th July 1896, I have the honour to state that I visited the Lawrence Asylum, Lovedale, during the third week in July last for the purpose of inspecting the industrial classes there. I examined three industrial classes, viz., the *Boot-making*, *Tailoring* and *Carpentry* classes. The following is a report of the results of my inspection. As the question of retaining or abolishing these classes has for some time been under consideration, I also add an appendix in the form of questions and answers showing my view of the subject.

I inspected these classes on two former occasions—once in 1892 and again in 1894. There has been steady progress since as regards arrangements and discipline, but little or no improvement in the quality of work turned out by the students; this cannot be hoped for under present circumstances.

Boot-making Class.—This class has always been well managed. The instructor, Mr. Webb, is an efficient teacher and trains his pupils in a systematic manner. The students, assisted by some native workmen, manufacture the entire supply of boots for both the boys' school and the girls' school. This is, however, all the work they are taught to do; it is of a very rough kind and the limited amount of skill acquired by them in doing such work is practically of little or no use to them after they leave the school. It is impossible to teach them anything more in the very limited period that the boys have to stay in school. As regards supervision, general arrangement and teaching, nothing was found wanting. There were 37 boys on the rolls in this class, one was in hospital, and of the 36 who were examined only one failed to do his work up to the required standard. Detailed results are shown in the list at the end of this report.

Tailoring Class.—This is the largest of the three industrial classes and is very well managed by Mr. Winter, the master tailor. There were 49 on the rolls at the time of inspection. The boys in this class, assisted by the master tailor and some native workmen, make up all the clothes worn by the boys of the asylum. In this way the class brings in a return to the school and no doubt pays for its own upkeep; but as in the case of boot-making the work is of a rough kind and the small amount of skill acquired by the boys is next to useless. Of the 49 on the rolls one was reported sick; the others were examined. Thirty-eight passed (17 with merit and the rest ordinary), and 10 failed.

Carpentry Class.—The work of the boys in this class continues to be very poor. A boy from the boot-making or tailoring class might possibly be able to make use of the little knowledge he gets of his trade at the Lawrence Asylum after leaving school,

but a lad from the carpentry class could make no use of his knowledge at all. The cause of this very unsatisfactory state of things is easily explained: firstly, carpentry is a more scientific and more difficult art to be learned than either boot-making or tailoring and requires much more time; and, secondly, the instructor, Mr. Perkins, is not a good teacher, though he may be a good workman himself. Teaching is an art or science which, like all other arts and sciences, requires a great deal of study and can only be properly acquired in youth. Mr. Perkins joined the Lawrence Asylum after he retired from service, he probably never had very much variety of work to do himself before that—I mean not so much as an ordinary carpenter would have to do in a cabinet-maker's workshop—and as to teaching I believe he had had no previous experience whatever. If the class is to be retained it will be necessary either to engage the services of a native assistant carpenter or to appoint a younger and more efficient European teacher or workman in place of Mr. Perkins. I can strongly recommend a European young man who was trained at the Madras School of Arts in the carpentry and wood-carving class for a period of nearly seven years and who is now the superintendent of a small industrial school in one of the mofussil towns. The young man I refer to has, of course, been through a certain course in drawing, as all the students of the School of Arts have to do, and he might be able to perform the double duty of carpentry instructor and drawing teacher, at least till a competent drawing master can be found. At present there is a great difficulty in securing a proper person to fill the vacant post. My opinion here regarding the work of the boys may appear to be rather in opposition to what I said in previous reports, but the fact is that there has been a decided falling away as regards the standard of execution; at this last inspection the work was noticeably inferior to that done in 1894. I judged chiefly by the work of the fourth standard boys, who are supposed to have had at least three years' training in the class; their training particularly was very poor and appears to have been neglected. As for the work of the first standard it was positively bad as the results will show.

No. 9470.

Forwarded to the Principal and Secretary, Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, for information and favour of early return.

29*th August* 1896.

(Signed) D. DUNCAN,
Director of Public Instruction.

II.

Returned 31st August 1896, Mr. Holder having, by request, forwarded a copy of the report.

Ootacamund,
31*st August* 1896.

(Signed) A. W. ATKINSON,
Principal and Secretary.

The above papers relate to the examination of the asylum in literary and industrial subjects in May and July 1896 by the Inspecting officers and the Acting Superintendent, School of Arts, Madras, respectively. They call for but few remarks, the important points having been already noticed in Proceedings, No. 9586-A., dated 1st September 1896.

Male Branch.

2. *Staff.*—It is noted that Mr. Vigor and Miss Grant, the two uncertificated assistants on the staff, are taking steps to qualify for untrained teachers' certificates of the upper secondary grade. In view of the paucity of trained teachers in this branch of the asylum, the Principal is requested to give due consideration to the suggestion contained in paragraph 2 of Proceedings, No. 9586-A., dated 1st September 1896. The question of strengthening the staff, so often raised by the Inspector, should stand over pending the final decision as to the future working of the asylum, proposals

for which are now before the Director. It is to be regretted that the services of a drawing master have not yet been secured. The Director is not sure whether the vacancy has been notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

3. *Strength and Attendance.*—The strength had risen from 323 to 330 since the previous inspection, and was distributed among the several departments as in the margin. The accession of five pupils to the telegraph class is noted with satisfaction.

Department.	Number.
Lower Secondary	132
Upper Primary	50
Lower „	129
Telegraph	19
Total ..	330

4. *Examinations*—(i) *Literary Branch.*—The results of the Lower Secondary Examination of December 1895 were commented on in the Director's review of the Committee's annual report for 1895–96. Mr. Logan was favourably impressed with the results at the inspection both in the compulsory and optional subjects, except as regards Geography in the second class, which should receive greater attention.

(ii) *Industrial Branch.*—In consequence of the discontinuance of instruction in drawing for want of a drawing master, Mr. Holder seems to have examined the asylum in the three industries only, viz., carpentry, tailoring and boot and shoe making. As in the year previous the results in boot-making and tailoring were satisfactory, as the figures in the margin show, but the carpentry class fared badly, judging especially from the very few number of merit passes. This is attributed by Mr. Holder to the inefficiency of Mr. Perkins, the instructor, who was to have retired last year on account of age. It is undesirable to continue him in the asylum any longer and the place may be filled by the person recommended by Mr. Holder as a temporary measure at least. In the band class 20 passed out of the 23 examinees, and the report of Bandmaster Sergeant S. Taylor was, on the whole, satisfactory.

Class.	Number presented.	Total number passed.	Number passed with merit.
Carpentry	26	17	3
Tailoring	48	38	17
Boot and shoe making.	86	35	17

5. *Finance.*—The Director has nothing to add to the information furnished in paragraph 8 of Proceedings, No. 9586-A., dated 1st September 1896.

6. *General.*—Mr. Logan's remarks on page 17 of his report that the inter-school rules do not apply to this institution is not understood. The Educational Rules apply to every class of institution that has been recognised by the department, and the Lawrence Asylum, which is an institution under public management, should also be governed by them. The existence of special rules for the asylum cannot exempt it from the operation of the inter-school rules. The resolutions of the committee passed at the meeting held on the 14th October 1896 in regard to the future working of the asylum, as well as Mr. Holder's suggestions on the subject, will be separately considered and submitted to Government for orders. The gymnastic classes should be rendered more popular.

Female Branch.

7. *Staff.*—The steps taken by Miss Sprowles and Miss Eagles to qualify professionally are noted. The staff has done very good work during the year.

8. *Library.*—A fair addition has been made to the library since the previous inspection and good use was made of it by the pupils. It is not understood why the staff did not avail itself of the library.

9. *Strength and Attendance.*—The strength of this branch stood at 67 as against 68 at the previous inspection. The Principal and Secretary is requested to be good enough to report, with reference to the suggestion of the Inspectress, whether the fourth form, which hardly serves any useful purpose, should be continued.

10. *Examinations.*—This branch acquitted itself creditably at both the public examinations and the inspection. The attention of the Principal is invited to Miss Carr's remarks on the last page of her report regarding writing, reading and recitation.

11. *General.*—The remarks made in paragraph 6 *supra* regarding the applicability of the inter-school rules to the asylum hold good also in the case of this branch.

12. The efficient administration of the institution reflects credit on the Principal the Headmaster, the Headmistress and their assistants.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) D. DUNCAN,
Director of Public Instruction.

Order—No. 235, Educational, dated 9th April 1898.

Recorded.

2. The administration of the asylum during the year under review continued to be satisfactory and was creditable to the Principal and his staff; and His Excellency the Governor in Council desires to thank the members of the Lawrence Asylum Committee for their services in connection with the working of the institution.

3. With reference to paragraph 9 of the Director's review, it is observed that the consideration of the revised code of rules for the asylum submitted by him has been deferred pending the issue of orders on the proposals since received for revising the scheme of instruction in the male branch of the institution.

(True Extract.)

H. TREMENHEERE,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
„ Committee of the Lawrence Asylum
(through the Director of Public Instruction).
„ Accountant-General.
Copy to the Deputy Adjutant-General,
Madras Command, for the information of the
Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces.

Ed. A. Raitt.

Educational (189) Department.

CURRENT No. 1002

From
The Dir. of Pub. Instruction,
Madras.

Order.

No. 10211.

Dated 2 September 1897.

Received 2 SEP 1897

Registered 2-9-97

Enclosures 3 (with 2 Sc of Enclosures)

Spare copies —

SUBJECT.

Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund-Submitting three copies of the report on the working of the ____ for 1896-97 together with a copy of his review thereon.

DESPATCHED
2 SEP 1897

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
	218	ED	10 4 97
	38	"	19 1 97
	785	"	28 12 96
	647	"	6 11 96
	616	"	3 10 96
	572	"	15 9 96
	436	"	17 7 96
	4	-	8 1 96

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
	867	ED	8 11 95 R
	790	"	13 10 94
	783	"	1 11 92

[L. & M.] 500—16-2-98.

Educational ~~Local and Municipal~~ Department.

C2-4-98 C5.4.98 R.4.98 Rb. 4-98.

Papers to be read in Proceedings:—

Again G.O., No. dated 189 ,

Again G.O., No. dated 189 ,

Current No. 1002 of 1897, dated 2nd Sept: 1897, from the Director of Public In

" " " 189 , " , "

" " " 189 , " , "

~~H.M.~~ ~~& Cor~~

H.M. The Governor. ~~H.S~~ ORDER. W. 235 R9-4-98.

F

G

Recorded.

2. The administration of the asylum during the year under review continued to be satisfactor and was creditable to the Princip and his staff; and His Excellency the Governor in Council desires to thank the members of the Lawrence Asylum Committee for their service in connection with the working of the institution.

3. With reference to para. 9 of the Director's review, it is obser that the consideration of the revi code of rules for the Asylum su mitted by him, has been deferred pending the issue of orders on the p posals since received, for revisin the said instruction

branch of the institution.

H

HT
31. 388.

To

The D.P.O. 5
" Com-in-C the K. A. (thro the D.P.O.) 3
" D.G. 4
Copy to the Offg A.G. Madras Command, for 10
the information of the Lt. Genl. Commanding the Forces.

Desp'd
27.4.98

First copy sent to Press.

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189

DATED

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ENCLOSURES TO C. No. 1002 with 2 encls. - a

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OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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N.B.—
A = Print in full.
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Q = Print heading only.

THE

THIRTY-SEVENTH REPORT

OF THE

Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1897,

WITH

APPENDICES.



Madras:

PRINTED AT THE LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS, BY H. PLUMBE, MOUNT ROAD.

1897.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH REPORT

OF THE

OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM,

1896-97.

PREFACE.

The Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund was founded during 1858 in honour of the memory of Sir Henry Lawrence, K.C.B., by whom the establishment at some Hill Station, within the Madras Presidency, of an Institution similar to the Lawrence Aylum at Sanavar, had been suggested.

The Asylum at Ootacamund was managed by a Committee of gentlemen residing at that place, and was supported by donations and subscriptions from the general public; but as these proved inadequate to its maintenance, it was adopted by Government in 1860, and allowed a Grant-in-Aid.

A foundation, having a similar object, known as the "Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum," had been in existence since 1788, and being in a flourishing condition, it was considered desirable, for the mutual benefit of both Institutions, that they should be amalgamated, and that the inmates of the Madras Asylum should be transferred to Ootacamund.

This resolution was carried into effect on the 1st September 1871, with the approval of Government, and it was agreed that the united Asylums should be designated the "Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum."

The Lawrence Asylum is situated at Lovedale, 3 miles from Ootacamund, on the summit and centre of the Nilgiri Hills in the South of India, within the Presidency of Madras. It lies between the 11th and 12th degrees of North Latitude, and the 76th and 77th degrees of East Longitude, on the confines of the Provinces of Coimbatore and Malabar, at an elevation of 7,330 feet above the mean level of the sea, being 1,312 feet below Dodabetta, and 103 feet above the lake at Ootacamund, and 1,470 feet above the Barracks at Wellington. The mean annual temperature of the *air* at Lovedale is 58°; the mean maximum is 68°; the mean minimum is 48°; the mean annual range 16°. On or near the ground, however, water freezes nearly every night for three months in the year.

The school buildings and grounds cover 730·76 acres.

The following Table exhibits the mean temperature of the air at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, London and Ootacamund, for January, April, July and October :—

Months.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	London.	Ootacamund.
January	69°—1	77°	78°—	36°—6	50°— 2
April	87°—1	83°	89°—4	49°—9	61°— 5
July	82°—1	81°	89°	61°	56°—26
October	82°—3	84°	85°—7	48°—4	56°

THE OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM.

Amalgamated with the Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum on the 1st September 1871.

ESTABLISHED 6th SEPTEMBER 1858.

PATRONS.

His Excellency THE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES, MADRAS COMMAND.

The Right Reverend THE LORD BISHOP OF MADRAS.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Ex-officio Members.

THE GENERAL COMMANDING THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT (*Chairman*).

THE COLLECTOR OF THE NILGIRIS (*Vice-Chairman*).

THE ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

THE ASST. QUARTER-MASTER-GENERAL.

THE SENIOR MEDICAL OFFICER, OOTACAMUND.

THE COMMANDANT, DEPÔT, WELLINGTON.

Non-official Members.

Colonel C. A. LIARDET. | W. E. SCHMIDT, Esq.
A. R. WINTERTON, Esq.

PRINCIPAL, SECRETARY AND CHAPLAIN,

The Reverend A. W. ATKINSON, M.A.

LADY VISITORS.

Mrs. ATKINSON.
„ COOK.
Miss LEGGATT.

Mrs. LIARDET.
„ WALSH,
„ WINTERTON.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH REPORT

OF THE

OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM,

1896-97.

I.—MALE BRANCH.

Numerical Statistics.—Table A.—The school closed with 318 boarders on the rolls. Twelve boys, for whose admission notices had been issued, had not joined, and there were 10 day scholars.

2. *Table B.*—Sixty-two boys were admitted during the year, of whom 29 were Europeans and 33 Eurasians. Of these, 3 were pure orphans, 33 had lost their fathers, 3 had no mothers, and 23 had both parents living. Classified in accordance with Rule 29, 52 fell under Classes I to 6, 9 were admitted under Class 8, and 1 under Rule 29 (*a*). These latter 10 were admitted at a time when there were no children on the roster in the classes above them. The British Army claimed 39, and the Native Army 4. Two were orphans of a Military Apothecary, 6 were children of Artificers of the Gun Carriage Factory, 1 was the orphan child of a Musician who belonged to the Governor's Band, 4 were orphan children of Volunteers, 3 of a deceased Inspector of Police, and 3 were children of civilians. Of the total admissions, 3 were Roman Catholics. The Educational Standards of these children ranged from Class 4 to the Infant Standard. Of the latter there were 38.

3. *Table C.*—There were no admissions of boys under 5 years of age, but there were 7 admissions of boys over 12 years, the majority of whom being just under or having attained that age when directed to join, exceeded the age on the date of joining. Several were a

few months over 12 years, when admitted, and they were permitted to join to fill up existing vacancies, for which there were no other children available at the time.

4. *Table D.—Summary of Departures.—Boys—*

Removed, parents being unable to pay the required fees.	4
Do. owing to ill-health	3
Do. over age...	12
Do. by request owing to repeated acts of misconduct	11
Enlisted in a Native Regiment	1
Obtained employment as Ticket Collectors on Railways	2
Enlisted in European Regiments...	4
Removed, parents leaving the Presidency	6
Died	1
Entered the Government Telegraph Department ...	6
Removed as the mother wanted to draw the boy's allowance...	1
Removed as the brother had left	1
Entered the Cable Telegraph Company...	2
Removed after the death of their mother	2
Do. during the holidays	2
Do. to attend other schools	5
Do. during the hol idays as the boy would soon be 16 years old	1
Enlisted in H. E. The Governor's Band...	1
Total...	65

The Half-yearly Reports received from the Government Telegraph Department continue to be highly satisfactory.

One boy, who had attained the age of 16 years, was sent at his father's request to the Lawrence Asylum Press; but pending reference to Government on the question as to his maintenance while there, his name is still borne on the rolls. The Press, owing to its uncertain future, declines taking apprentices, otherwise some of the boys, who were returned to their guardians after attaining the age of 16, could have been apprenticed there. Over 24 per cent. of the boys who left during the year were provided for direct

from the Asylum. Compared with the previous year, enlistments in European Regiments were few, as boys of *pure* European parentage only can be entertained. Sometimes, when such lads are available, parents object to their enlistment. The 11 boys removed by request were found to be incorrigible. No amount of kindness or correction affected their conduct, and as their influence over younger lads was baneful, their guardians were advised to remove them, before an extreme measure, like expulsion from school, was adopted. Since their departure, a marked improvement has taken place in the manner and behaviour of the boys in the school. Seven of the lads, who were returned to their guardians on attaining age, have obtained employment. The names of the remaining 5 have been forwarded to the President of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association.

5. *Table E.*—From this table it will be seen that there were 131 Europeans and 187 Eurasian boys on the rolls of the Asylum on the 31st March 1897. There were no boys under 5 years of age, but there were 16 over 16 years of age; of which number, 9 were in the Telegraph Class, 1 was at the Lawrence Asylum Press, 4 were without parents to whom they could be sent, and hopes were entertained of enlisting the remaining 2.

6. *Table F.*—This table shows that there were 26 pure orphans, 159 had lost their fathers, 30 had lost their mothers, and 193 had both parents living; 225 were the sons of British soldiers, and 19 were from the Native Army, the children of Drummers and Musicians or Farriers claiming European descent in accordance with Army Regulations, 15 were orphans, whose fathers belonged to the Medical Services, 2 were from the Governor's Band, and 27 from the Artificer Corps. Of the 20 classed under Volunteers, 16 had lost their fathers. Six were the fatherless children of civilians left destitute. One was the son of a deceased Officer in the R. I. Marine Service. Three were the children of a deceased Inspector of Police, who were left destitute.

Under Rule 92 there were 289 under Classes 1 to 6. Of the total number, 33 were of the Roman Catholic faith.

7. *Table G.*—In accordance with Rule 36, fees were paid by the fathers or step-fathers of 33 boys, 4 of whom were the children of

Volunteers. Four boys were removed during the year, as the fathers declared their inability to pay the required fees.

8. *Table H.*—On the 31st March 1897, there were 25 boys on the register awaiting admission, of whom 8 only fell under Classes 3, 5 and 6. The number of applicants will be reduced to 13 on the admission of the 12, to whom notices have been sent.

9. *Staff.*—Miss Fox, Senior Nursery Teacher, resigned in April to take up another appointment, and she was succeeded by Miss Hawkes, who resigned in December. Miss Grant, Junior Nursery Teacher (not being normally trained) also vacated her situation in January, when the two vacancies thus caused were filled, on school re-opening after the Christmas holidays, by Miss Cormac and Miss Hollingsworth, respectively.

Sergeant-Major Penn requested permission to return to his regiment, and left in July, and his place was for a few months filled by Junior Sergeant Ferguson, who was found unqualified for the situation, and who preferred to resign rather than revert to his former appointment. The situation was then accepted by Corporal West, of the Durham L. I., who was attached to the Band of H. E. The Governor of Bombay.

On the retirement of Sergeant Ferguson, the post of Junior Sergeant was filled for a short term by an effective soldier named Williamson (on furlough prior to discharge), and on his return to his regiment, Corporal Fenn, on the Reserve List, was selected to take up the appointment.

Mr. Perkins, Master Carpenter, after over 23 years' service in the Asylum, owing to advancing years, resigned his situation on the 31st March. In consideration of his good service he has been recommended for a gratuity.

10. *Sanitation and Health.*—The Report of the Medical Officer, which is appended, deals fully with all matters under this heading. The average daily sick for the year was 13·37 as against 10·24 in the previous year. One death occurred, that of a lad named Freeman, aged 10 years and 3 months, from dysentery.

11. *Buildings.*—The annual repairs, &c., and those of an important and urgent nature, are carried out by the Public Works

Department; minor repairs, such as replacing broken panes of glass and other petty jobs, are carried out by the Asylum, and the cost recovered from that Department. The several works brought to notice at page 4, para. 11, in the last Annual Report, and some others have been unavoidably postponed. It is, however, intended at once to lay down a boarded floor of Eucalyptus timber, of which there is an abundance on the Asylum Estate, and to enclose the covered play-ground, so to afford a place of shelter for the boys during the monsoons.

12. *Financial*—

		RS.	A.	P.
Opening Balance, 1st April 1896	...	6,007	5	8
Total Receipts in 1896-97	...	1,08,794	8	3
	Rs.	1,14,801	13	11
Total Expenditure, 1896-97	...	1,04,913	12	0
Closing Balance, 31st March 1897,	Rs.	9,888	1	11

As the Report on the Revised Estimates for 1896-97, already submitted to Government, deals minutely with the years' accounts, it is unnecessary to enter into a repetition of details here. The donation from the Lawrence Asylum Press, Rs. 20,000, includes the 3rd instalment of Rs. 5,000 for 1895-96, which was received after the 31st March 1896. The total expenditure is Rs. 2,676 less than the Revised Estimates show, and Rs. 51 less than the Sanctioned Budget for 1896-97; but it does not include the Rs. 1,700 for the enlargement of the latrines, regarding which Government has been addressed with a view to the amount being expended on the Dhobies' lines instead of being paid to the Public Works Department.

13. *Carpenters' and Smiths' Shops*—

	RS.	A.	P.
Cost of Establishment, see p. App. A., V.			
Industries ...	1,704	1	5
Do. material, do. ...	1,135	1	3
Paid to sawyers do. ...	455	0	8
Add Stock, 1st April 1896, see p. 5, p. 12 of last Annual Report	3,236	12	9
Rs. ...	6,531	0	1

Contra—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Value of work done during the year—				
For the school, at a valuation	...	1,158	1	0
Private work—cash	...	832	11	0
Stock remaining 31st March 1897—				
In the Quarter-Master Sergeant's Stores	...	1,556	5	9
In the Workshop—Tools and Plant	...	1,327	14	0
Rs.	...	4,874	15	9

The above statement shows a loss of Rs. 1,201-0-5 (omitting wages of sawyers), which is Rs. 301-8-1 in excess of last year's. The cost of both Establishment and Material and the total outturn of work during the year are less than that of the previous year; but a greater quantity of the total stock of material appears to have been expended. The wages of sawyers are omitted, as the men were specially employed in getting timber ready for the flooring under the covered play-ground, which is now being done. The value of the work of the boys is *nil*.

14. *Boot-makers' Shop*—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Cost of Establishment, App. A., V(*b*)	...	1,087	9	6
,, material, do.	...	2,151	3	6
Add Stock, 1st April 1896	...	808	15	10
Rs.	...	4,047	12	10

Contra—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Value of work done for the school	...	3,052	14	0
Private work	...	765	0	0
Stock, 31st March 1897—				
In the Quarter-Master Sergeants' Stores		502	0	11
In the Workshop—Tools and material and ready-made boots, &c.	...	884	13	1
Rs.	...	5,204	12	0

The above statement shows a profit of Rs. 1,156-15-2. The private work was chiefly for the Girls' School. The Boys' work

was valued at Rs. 579-6-0, and they were responsible for the following:—

New boots	...	573 pairs.
Repairs of boots	...	1,007 ,,
Worked uppers	...	888 ,,
Belts	...	156 ,,
Gaiters	...	1 pair.

The out-turn of work by the Native chucklers was as follows:—

New boots	...	256 pairs.
Repairs of boots	...	2,742 ,,
New shoes	...	56 ,,
Gaiters	...	1 pair.
Boot-laces made	...	140 dozen pairs.
Slippers made	...	4 pairs.
Cricket balls repaired	...	12

15. *Tailors' Shop*—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Cost of Establishment, Appendix A, II				
(*a*) Clothing	...	1,006	10	0
Extra tailors (contract work)	...	2,257	15	0
Rs.	...	3,264	9	0

Contra—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Out-turn of work for the school—				
By Contract	...	2,257	15	0
By the boys	...	975	2	0
In the Matron's Shop	...	176	8	0
Mending and repairs (3 Native tailors)	..	496	10	0
Rs.	...	3,906	3	0

The above statement shows a profit of Rs. 641-10-0. The outturn of work was as follows:—

61 Sunday suits for Nursery children.	12 Serge and Tweed trousers.
428 Day coats.	18 Shirts.
210 pairs Uniform trousers.	12 pairs Drawers.
2 Servants' suits.	373 pairs Cord trousers.
208 Uniform coats.	612 Flannel shirts.
120 pairs Knickers.	150 Night do.
13 Sergeants' suits.	112 Bed sheets.
31 Badges and stripes.	193 Pillow slips.
	38 Aprons.

21 Curtains.	30 Bibs.
761 Glengary caps.	1 Towel for straining treacle.
26 Pudding towels.	18 Bath towels.
23 Bed cases.	8 Rice sheets.
34 Jack towels.	8 pairs Flannel drawers.
395 Cord hats.	7 Flannel coats.
6 pairs Drawers.	1 do. banian.
12 Table cloths.	7 Face towels.
50 Pillow cases.	2 Bags for bread.

Of the abovementioned work the boys forming the Tailors' Class turned out—

373 pairs Cord trousers.	8 Sunday Uniform suits, altered.
761 Cord caps.	
152 Flannel shirts.	8 Week day suits altered.

The value of made up clothing in Store is Rs. 3,162-10-0.

16. *Carts, Garden, Pigs and Tea.*

Expenditure—Cash.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. *Supervision* ...				240	0	0
2. *Carts*—	Rs.	A.	P.			
Drivers ...	345	0	0			
Grass-cutters.	295	9	0			
Gram ...	671	6	0			
Farrier ...	91	14	0			
Sheds repaired ...	96	0	0			
Contingencies	8	10	0			
Bullocks purchased ...	145	0	0			
				1,653	1	0
3. *Garden*—						
Labour ...	999	2	0			
Tools, &c. ...	52	8	0			
Seed ...	311	15	10			
Reward for killing porcupine.	3	0	0			
				1,366	9	10
4. *Pigs*—						
Herding ...	90	0	0			
Feeding ...	222	0	0			
				312	0	0
5. *Tea Garden*—						
Labour ...	188	0	0			
Picking ...	72	15	0			
Manufacturing ...	147	14	0			
				408	13	0
Total Rs...				3,980	7	10

Receipts—Cash.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. *Cart hire* ...				59	0	0
2. *Garden*—	Rs.	A.	P.			
Sale of vegetables ...	90	9	0			
Refund cooly hire ...	18	13	0			
				109	6	0
3. *Pigs*—						
Sale of pork ...	96	6	0			
Do. Brewers' grain.	6	8	0			
				102	14	0
				271	4	0
Nominal Returns.						
Cart hire ...	1,878	0	0			
Conservancy work	365	0	0			
Fresh vegetables	454	14	8			
Potatoes, 575 mds.	575	0	0			
Pork, 250 lbs. ...	93	12	0			
Tea, 1,183 lbs....	424	14	0			
				3,791	8	8
Total Rs...				4,062	12	8

The above statement gives a nominal profit of Rs. 82-4-10.

Under 2, *Carts*, the expenditure includes the purchase of a pair of bullocks to replace the loss of 2 during the year. The rise in the price of grain enhanced the cost under 'Gram,' and there were unavoidable expenses for repairs to cattle sheds.

Against the expenditure under this heading there was a return in cash of Rs. 59, for cart hire, *plus* the nominal returns of Rs. 1,878 for 4 carts employed in carting manure, firewood, bricks, gravel, sand, &c., and Rs. 365 for the daily use of one pair of bullocks in conservancy work.

3. *Gardens*.—The expenditure was Rs. 1,366-9-10, which includes extra labour and seed potatoes, for which there was a return; also Rs. 111 9-0, labour on the flower garden, and Rs. 101-9-0, labour on putting up and repairing fences, for which there were no returns.

The receipts shows Rs. 109-6-0 in cash, *plus* value taken for the supplies of fresh vegetables and potatoes amounting to Rs. 1,029-14-8. Partial failures in the crops and the ravages of porcupine somewhat reduced the returns.

4. *Pigs*.—Herding and feeding cost Rs. 312. Receipts by sale came to Rs. 102-14-0, and the free supplies to Rs. 93-12-0. A good breeding boar is wanted. The stock at present consists of sows only.

5. *Tea Garden*.—Against an expenditure of Rs. 408-13-0 there was a return of Rs. 424-14-0 for 1,183 lbs. of manufactured tea. The crop of green leaf was small compared with that of the previous year.

The live stock at the close of the year numbered 9 bullocks and 7 pigs, which, with the tools and plant, were valued at Rs. 784.

17. *Average cost per boy*—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total charges, Heads I to VI, App. A...	1,03,157	8	11
Add Stock, 1st April 1896, p. 9, para. 16 of last Annual Report	14,583	1	4
Rs...	1,17,740	10	3

Deduct—

(i) Cash recoveries for expenditure incurred in the first instance, *vide* App. A—

		Rs.	A.	P.
(*a*)	IV. Industries	1,364	6	6
(*b*)	V. Miscellaneous (omitting No. 3) ...	1,959	5	5
	Rs. ...	3,323	11	11

(ii) Stock left on 31st March 1897, as per Stock books kept—

		Rs.	A.	P.		
(*a*)	Quarter-Master Sergeant's stores ...	8,392	15	10		
(*b*)	In Carpenters' shop ...	1,327	14	0		
(*c*)	In Boot-makers' do. ...	884	13	11		
(*d*)	In Tailors' do. ...	3,162	10	0		
(*e*)	Live stock and plant ...	784	0	0		
					14,552	5 9
				Total Rs...	17,876	1 8

The nett result is Rs. 99,864-8-7, which, divided by 318, the average number of boys (boarders) during the year, gives Rs. 314-0-7 as the average cost per boy for 1896-97 as against Rs. 302-12-5 in 1895-96.

II.—FEMALE BRANCH.

Numerical Statistics.—*Table A.*—The strength of the Girls' School on the 31st March 1897 was 65 boarders and 8 day scholars.

2. *Tables B and C.*—Of the 11 admissions, 7 were Europeans and 4 Eurasians. All had lost their fathers; 10 came under Class 3 being orphans of soldiers of the British Army, and 1 the orphan daughter of a Military Apothecary, under Class 4. All were Protestants; 6 had not passed any Educational Standard, 2 had passed the Infant Standard, and the remaining 3 had passed Standards II, III and IV respectively. One girl only was over 12 years of age when she joined. There were no admissions under 5 years.

3. *Table D.*—Of the 10 removals, 1 was awarded a Scholarship, 1 entered service, 3 were of age to be withdrawn, 3 were removed as their guardians had left or were leaving the Presidency, 1 was detained at home after the holidays, and 1 was removed as the mother wanted to draw the maintenance allowance granted to Military orphans.

4. *Tables E and F.*—The total number of boarders was 65, of whom 43 were Europeans and 22 Eurasians. None were under 5 or over 18 years of age. Six were pure orphans, 58 had lost their fathers, and 1 only had both parents living. The British Army claimed 56 and the Native Army 1. Seven were orphan children of Military Apothecaries, and the father of the remaining 1 was a Civil Apothecary. Classified under Rule 29, 3 came under Class 1, 57 under Class 3, 4 under Class 4, and 1 under class 6. Only 4 of the total number were of the Roman Catholic persuasion.

5. *Tables G and H.*—Fees were paid for 1 girl only. Of the 70 girls registered for admission, 51 belong to Classes 1 to 6.

6. *Staff.*—Miss Newing, 2nd Mistress, resigned in June, when Miss Sprowles and Miss Eagles were promoted, and the vacant post of 4th Mistress was conferred on Miss Mitchell, a Trained Matriculate, who joined in August. All but Miss Eagles are technically qualified as Teachers.

7. *Scholarship.*—Miss L. Perkins, who holds the Scholarship, is now in her second year, and will appear for the Matriculation Examination next December.

8. *Library.*—No new books were added to the Library during the year. The monthly publications are still taken. The school is well supplied with the requisite apparatus for physical drill and other exercises. The new desks referred to at para. 11 of the last Report, have not been fixed as yet, as they are considered much too heavy to be moved about by the girls.

9. *Sanitation and Health.*—The Medical Officer's Report, which is appended, deals fully with these matters. The average daily sick for the year was ·45 against ·43 in the previous year.

10. *Buildings.*—A separate dining-room is a *desideratum* to prevent the inconvenience now caused by using one of the rooms

both as a class-room and as a dining-room. The building occupied by the girls is in excellent order. All the necessary repairs and white and color-washing and painting, &c., are carried out by the Public Works Department.

11. *General Education.*—Miss Carr inspected the school in May 1896 and reports thus:—

"Efficiency.—The general condition of the school is very good and reflects credit on the members of the staff. What is known as the commercial style of hand-writing has been adopted; but while the writing throughout the school is beautifully clear and neat, the formation of some of the letters, such as *n*, *u*, *r*, &c., has been exaggerated. The Reading and Recitation also are very clear, distinct and slow, but in the effort to attain to these most excellent attributes, expression has been somewhat sacrificed."

"Dress.—Very neat."
"Manners.—Very good."
"Tone and Discipline.—Very good."

The following tabular statement has been extracted from the report:—

Standards.	No. presented.	Passed.	
		Merit.	Ordinary.
Infant	10	4	4
First Standard	8	6	2
Third do.	9	6	2
Sixth do.	11	2	6
Total ...	38	18	14

Primary Examination of December 1896.—Eight girls were sent up and all passed, 6 with merit and 2 ordinary.

Lower Secondary Examination of December 1896.—Five girls were sent up, of whom 3 passed in the 1st Class and 1 in the 2nd Class. One girl failed in one optional subject.

12. *Financial*—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Opening Credit Balance...	302	2	0
Total Receipts, 1896-97 ...	19,046	2	8
Do. Expenditure, do. ...	18,551	1	10
Closing Credit Balance ...	797	2	10

The Fixed Deposit of Rs. 20,000 remains intact.

Average cost per girl—	Rs.	A.	P.
Total charges, Heads I to VI, App. A ...	17,966	1	10
Add Stock, 1st April 1896, see p. 11 of last Annual Report	1,481	14	10
Rs...	19,448	0	8

Deduct—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(*a*) Recoveries in cash from expenditure incurred in the 1st instance. See App. A, Receipts IV, Nos. 1 and 2	44	5	0
(*b*) Stock left on 31st March 1897	1,890	0	4
Rs...	1,934	5	4

The amount left is Rs. 17,513-11-4, which, divided by 64, the average number of girls (boarders) during the year, gives Rs. 273-10-5 as the average cost per girl for 1896-97 as against Rs. 311-9-0 in 1895-96.

Table A.

	Boys.			Girls.		
	Boarders.	Day Scholars.	Total.	Boarders.	Day Scholars.	Total.
On the rolls 1st April 1896 ...	321	7	328	64	6	70
Admissions in 1896-97 ..	62	3	65	11	2	13
Departures, 1896-97.	65	...	65	10	...	10
On the rolls 31st March 1897 ...	318	10	328	65	8	73

Table B.—*Admissions—Boarders.*

Branch.	Nation.						Class. Rule 29.							Service.								Religion.		Educational Standard.					
	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Pure Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.	With both parents living.	Class 1.	Do. 3.	Do. 4.	Do. 5.	Do. 6.	Do. 8.	Under Rule 29 (a).	British Army.	Native Army.	Medical, Military.	Artificer Corps.	Governor's Band.	Volunteers.	Police.	Civilians.	Protestant.	Roman Catholic.	Class V.	Do. IV.	Do. III.	Do. II.	Do. I.	Infant.
Boys...	29	33	3	33	3	23	1	20	6	10	15	9	1	39	4	2	6	1	4	3	3	59	3	...	4	5	12	3	38
Girls...	7	4	...	11	...	...	...	10	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	..	...	1	1	1	..	8

Table C.—*Admissions—Boarders.*

Ages on Admission.	Boys.			Girls.		
	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.
Between 5 and 6 years of age	5	3	8	2	...	2
,, 6 ,, 7 ,, ...	6	2	8	1	1	2
,, 7 ,, 8 ,, ...	2	3	5	2	...	2
,, 8 ,, 9 ,, ...	4	5	9	...	...	...
,, 9 ,, 10 ,, ...	5	8	13	1	1	2
,, 10 ,, 11 ,, ...	2	5	7	...	2	2
,, 11 ,, 12 ,, ...	3	2	5	...	...	...
Above 12 years of age	2	5	7	1	...	1
Total...	29	33	62	7	4	11

Table D.—*Departures—Boarders.*

No.	Name.	Age.		How long in the Asylum.		Literary Standard on leaving.	Industrial Standard on leaving.	Remarks.
		y.	m.	y.	m.			
1	C. A. Smith ...	12	10	5	10	2-VI.	D. S.	Removed, father unable to pay the required fees.
2	J. Smith ...	7	9	0	6	Infant	D. S.	Do. do.
3	J. A. Simcock ...	5	6	0	2	Infant	*Nil.*	Removed, owing to ill health.
4	G. E. Oliver ...	16	0	9	0	1-V.	S/1	Over age, removed by his guardian.
5	G. C. Kirk ...	16	4	6	3	3-VII.	S/4	Do. do.
6	E. J. Skane ...	16	4	6	6	3-VII.	T/3	Do. do.
7	C. E. Lewis ...	17	1	7	9	3-VII.	B/2	Do. do.
8	A. E. Woodward	16	5	5	8	Tel.	S/4	Do. do.
9	A. Williams ...	15	9	7	2	1-V.	S/4	Removed by request.
10	W. L. Smith ..	15	0	4	9	3-VII.	T/3	Do.
11	J. Brandon ...	14	8	7	3	1-V.	T/1	Enlisted in a Native regiment.
12	R. Biddulph ...	15	7	6	3	3-VII.	S/4	Removed by request.
13	W. Talbot ...	14	11	9	5	3-VII.	C/2	Do.
14	W. H. Hart ...	11	5	6	5	2-VI.	S/2	Enlisted in a European regiment while on leave.
15	W. Hayes ...	16	0	11	9	3-VII.	T/4	Obtained employment as a Ticket Collector.
16	G. Wallis ...	16	3	8	1	3-VII.	B/3	Do. do.
17	E. Maskell ..	16	4	5	3	1-VII.	T/2	Over age, removed by his guardian.
18	B. Hessing ..	16	2	6	2	3-VII.	S/4	Do. do.
19	F. Matthews ...	8	9	2	3	I.	*Nil.*	Removed, father leaving Presidency.
20	C. F. Freeman ...	10	3	3	4	II.	*Nil.*	Died of dysentery.
21	A. H. Andrews ..	10	1	0	5	III.	*Nil.*	Removed, father unable to pay required fees.
22	E. Andrews ...	9	0	0	5	II.	*Nil.*	Do. do.
23	W. King ...	16	1	10	5	Tel.	B/3	Entered the Government Telegraph Department.
24	J. H. Scott ...	17	1	8	1	Tel.	T/4	Do. do.
25	W. E. Johnson...	15	5	8	7	Tel.	T/3	Do. do.
26	W. R. Duckworth	16	3	8	1	Tel.	S/4	Do. do.
27	W. P. McKie ...	15	3	6	0	...	T/4	Do. do.
28	W. G. Bunyan ...	18	0	10	5	...	B/3	Do. do.
29	B. L. Corks ...	16	3	7	7	2-VI.	S/3	Over age, removed by his guardian.
30	R. G. Dickson ...	5	11	0	10	1-V.	*Nil.*	Removed by his mother who wanted to draw the subsistence allowance.
31	S. L. Woodward	14	3	5	10	1-V.	S/4	Removed as his brother was withdrawn.
32	W. H. Conway...	16	0	6	8	3-VII.	B/2	Over age, removed.
33	W. Hoad ..	15	10	9	7	3-VII.	C/2	Removed by request.
34	C. Smith ...	10	5	0	6	Infant	*Nil.*	Do. owing to ill health.
35	H McFarland ...	15	0	7	6	3-VII.	C/3	Do. guardian having left the Presidency.
36	A. E. Smith ...	15	8	8	6	3-VII.	S/2	Do. by request.
37	C. J. Curties ...	13	8	7	11	3-VII.	B/3	Do. do.
38	J. E Jones ...	14	8	5	11	3-VII.	C/3	Do. do.
39	V. W. Bird ...	15	1	5	8	1-V.	T/2	Do. do.
40	W. J. Peacock ...	14	5	7	8	1-VI.	S/3	Do. do.
41	A. E. Freeman..	13	4	2	10	1-V.	C/1	Do. do.
42	T. W. L. Rogers.	14	3	2	10	1-V.	T/1	Removed by father after death of his mother.
43	S. W. Rogers ...	12	1	2	10	IV.	...	Do. do.

No.	Name.	Age.		How long in the Asylum.		Literary Standard on leaving.	Industrial Standard on leaving.	Remarks.
		y.	m.	y.	m.			
44	G. Durrant ...	8	0	1	10	Infant	*Nil.*	Removed by mother during the holidays.
45	A. H. Rolph ...	16	1	7	0	3-VII.	B/3	Over age, removed by his guardian.
46	F. G. Day ...	14	4	8	11	3-VII.	B/3	Entered the Cable Telegraph Company.
47	F. L. Vigor ...	15	4	5	3	3-VII.	B/2	Removed to attend another school.
48	H. St. A. Vigor..	13	10	5	3	3-VII.	S/1	Do. do.
49	W. H. Clarke ...	13	6	7	4	1-V.	S/2	Do. do.
50	R. S. V. Ainley.	9	11	2	5	II.	*Nil.*	Do. do.
51	H. M. Ainley ..	6	4	1	0	I.	*Nil.*	Do. do.
52	C. S. S. Cole ..	16	4	4	11	3 VII.	C 2	Enlisted in the Durham L. I.
53	E. Revil ...	17	6	12	0	1-V.	B/3	Over age, removed by his guardian.
54	W. Bellett ...	11	1	1	3	I.	*Nil.*	Removed, owing to ill health.
55	L. V. Turner ...	14	0	7	8	3-VII.	B/3	Do. by mother having left the Presidency.
56	J. A. Todd ...	15	11	8	0	3-VII.	T/4	Do. during the holidays.
57	W. M. Curties ...	15	4	8	7	Tel.	C/2	Entered the Cable Telegraph Company.
58	W. Chappells ...	17	1	10	8	1-V.	B/3	Enlisted in the Governor's Band
59	G. H. Roach ...	5	7	0	6	Infant.	*Nil.*	Removed, father leaving India.
60	H. Duckworth ...	16	0	6	9	3-VII.	B/3	Over age, returned to his guardian.
61	T. Barrett ...	15	9	5	7	3 VII.	B/2	Enlisted in the Yorkshire regiment.
62	C. H. Sprent ...	15	10	7	6	3-VII.	B/3	Do. do.
63	W. H. Long ...	14	3	7	5	1-V.	B/2	Removed, father having left the Presidency.
64	H. V. Long ...	12	3	5	3	3-VII.	T/3	Do. do.
65	A. J. Quinn ...	15	10	10	6	3-VII.	T/3	Removed as he was nearly 16 years of age.

S = Shoe-making, T = Tailoring, C = Carpentry, B = Band.
The numbers in Column 6 denote the Standards.

Girls.

No.	Name.	Age.		How long in the Asylum.		Literary Standard on leaving.	Remarks.
		y.	m.	y.	m.		
1	L. Perkins ...	18	3	7	0	L. S. Ex.	Obtained a Scholarship.
2	J. Dickson ...	9	7	0	6	1st Std.	Removed by her mother who wanted to draw the subsistence allowance.
3	A. McAvoy ...	16	10	5	4	Form IV.	Entered service.
4	A. McFarland..	17	5	6	6	Do.	Removed, guardian having left the Presidency.
5	C. McFarland..	12	7	6	6	4th Std.	Do. do.
6	C. Hart ..	17	11	7	11	Form IV.	Removed, as she would soon be 18 years of age.
7	A. Gascoyne...	17	7	5	11	6th Std.	Do. do.
8	E. Webb ...	16	2	5	8	Do.	Do. during the holidays.
9	J. Campbell ..	11	1	2	3	3rd Std.	Do guardian leaving Presidency.
10	H. Carter ...	15	11	4	0	4th Std.	Detained at home after the holidays.

TABLE E.—*Boarders.*

Ages as on the 31st March 1897.	Boys.			Girls.		
	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.
Between 5 and 6 years of age ...	4	3	7	2	...	2
„ 6 „ 7 „ ...	7	4	11	3	1	4
„ 7 „ 8 „ ...	7	11	18	4	2	6
„ 8 „ 9 „ ...	9	12	21	4	...	4
„ 9 „ 10 „ ...	14	21	35	5	2	7
„ 10 „ 11 „ ...	16	21	37	2	...	2
„ 11 „ 12 „ ...	14	16	30	5	3	8
„ 12 „ 13 „ ...	17	25	42	6	2	8
„ 13 „ 14 „ ...	11	24	35	1	2	3
„ 14 „ 15 „ ...	17	24	41	4	5	9
„ 15 „ 16 „ ...	10	15	25	2	3	5
Above 16 years of age	5	11	16	5	2	7
Total ...	131	187	318	43	22	65

TABLE F.—*Boarders.*

	Pure Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.	With both parents living.	Service to which Fathers belonged. British Army.	Native Army.	Medical, Military.	Do. Civil	Governor's Band.	Artificer Corps.	Volunteers.	Civilians.	Marine.	Police.	Classification under Rule 29. Class 1.	Do. 2.	Do. 3.	Do. 4.	Do. 5.	Do. 6.	Do. 7.	Do. 8.	Under Rule 29 (a)	Religion. Protestants.	Roman Catholics.
Boys.	26	159	30	103	225	19	12	3	2	27	20	6	1	3	2	...	139	23	55	70	11	11	7	285	33
Girls.	6	58	...	1	56	1	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	57	4	...	1	...	...	...	61	4

TABLE G.—*Boarders paying Fees under Rule 36.*

No.	Service.	Monthly Incomes.	Monthly Fees.	For	REMARKS.
1	Volunteer Force ...	Rs. 80—100 ...	Rs. 25	3 boys	
2	British Army ...	„ 60— 80 ...	15	2 do.	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
3	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 boy	Commissariat Department.
4	Military, Medical ...	„ 100—150 ...	25	2 boys	
5	British Army ...	„ 100—150 ...	25	2 do.	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
6	Do. ...	„ 60— 80 ...	9	1 boy	Do.
7	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 do.	Veterinary Department.
8	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 do.	Sergeant-Instructor of Volunteers.
9	Do. ...	Sergeant ...	5	3 boys	Effective.
10	Volunteer ...	Rs. 80—100 ...	12	1 boy	
11	British Army ...	„ 100—150 ...	33	3 boys	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
12	Do. ...	Sergeant ...	3	1 boy	Effective.
13	Military, Medical...	Rs. 100—150 ...	15	1 do.	Pensioned.
14	British Army ...	Sergeant ...	3	1 do.	Effective.
15	Do. ...	Do. ...	5	2 boys	Do.
16	Do. ...	Do. ...	3	1 boy	Do.
17	Do. ...	Rs. 100—150 ...	25	2 boys	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
18	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	33	3 boys	Sergeant-Instructor of Volunteers.
19	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 boy	Commissariat Department.
20	Do. ...	Sergeant ...	3	1 do.	Effective.
21	Do. ...	Rs. 100—150 ...	15	1 girl	Pensioned and in Civil employ.

TABLE H.—*Children registered for admission on 31st March 1897.*

	Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.
In Class 1	...	...	In Class 7	...	2
Do. 2	...	...	Do. 8	7	10
Do. 3	3	4	Under Rule 20 (*a*) ...	10	7
Do. 4	...	3			
Do. 5	2	20			
Do. 6	3	24	Total ...	25	70

Report of the Headmaster on the working of the School Department (Male Branch) of the Asylum, for the year 1896-97.

The Male Branch of the Asylum was recognised as a *Lower Secondary School* in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 8th March 1892. The School teaches up to the Lower Secondary Standard (3rd Form VII. Standard). Verbal permission to teach up to a higher standard was obtained at the beginning of the year, pending the sanction of Government to the introduction of a scheme now before the Director of Public Instruction, to raise the standard of the school by the abolition of certain industries.

2. *Strength.*—The number of pupils on the rolls on the 1st April 1896 was 330, and 328 on the 31st March 1897, the latter number including 10 day scholars, the children of employés in the Asylum.

The following is the distribution of pupils according to Classes :—

Telegraph Class	24
Third Form	39
Second „	29
First „	49
Fourth Class	43
Third „	34
Second „	34
First „	30
Infant „	46

3. *Teaching Staff.*—Miss Fox, after rendering excellent service in the Asylum for over 9 years, left in May 1896 to take up an appointment in Rangoon. Miss Hawkes, a trained teacher and a Matriculate, was appointed in her place, but she resigned her appointment at the end of the year. Miss M. Cormac, a trained teacher, filled Miss Hawkes's place on the re-opening of the School after the Christmas holidays. Miss Grant also left at the end of the year to undergo training in the Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Miss F. Hollingsworth, who was herself trained in

this school, being appointed in her place. Miss Hollingsworth failed to pass the Government examination in School Management, but will appear again next November. Mr. Vigor presented himself for the theoretical test in School Management last April.

The Inspector of Schools expresses his regret at the 'frequent changes' in the Educational staff, especially in the Nursery Department. These changes are not to be wondered at considering the isolation of the Asylum; but the chief reason is the fact that the Nursery teachers find it very inconvenient to board themselves—a matter which has been brought to the notice of the Principal and which will receive his best consideration and support.

4. *Drawing.*—The post of Drawing Master has not yet been filled owing to the difficulty in securing the services of an efficient European or Eurasian teacher. The Inspector's suggestion to appoint, on trial, a Native Christian, may be carried out, but its failure would not be a matter of surprise in a European school. It may be mentioned that the present Carpenter-Instructor gives lessons in Drawing to the Carpenters' Class for only about an hour daily. He holds a certificate as 'Teacher of Drawing,' but the time at his disposal will not admit of his teaching all the Industrial Classes in addition to doing his own work as Carpenter-Instructor.

5. *Examinations.*—The usual quarterly examinations were held during the year with results that showed steady and good work done by the assistant teachers. For the Lower Secondary Examination 44 pupils were sent up and 25 passed. Six were sent up in the compulsory, and in two optional subjects; of these, one passed the complete test, two in the compulsory and one optional subject, and one in the compulsory test only. Two failed. Twenty-eight were sent up for the compulsory test only, and twelve passed. Ten were sent up to complete the test, seven completed it, two passed in one optional subject, and one failed. It may here be mentioned that these last took up Mathematics as one of the optional subjects. The Inspector remarks:—"The results of the Lower Examination may be said to be fairly satisfactory." The annual results could certainly be better but for the reasons already again and again urged by me in previous reports.

6. *Inspection.*—Mr. T. T. Logan, Inspector of Schools, Western

Circle, inspected the Asylum on the 27th and 28th May. The results of his inspection are detailed below, with the amount of Results Grants the school would have earned had it been examined for them:—

Standard.	No. on Rolls.	No. examined.	Compulsory Subjects. No. of Passes. Reading. Merit.	Reading. Ordinary.	Writing. Merit.	Writing. Ordinary	Arithmetic. Merit.	Arithmetic. Ordinary.	Number passed. Per cent. Merit.	Per cent. Ordinary.	Remarks.
VI. ..	28	25	8	17	4	18	12	12	3	18	
V. ...	48	38	20	17	21	16	27	9	12	24	
IV. ..	42	37	29	8	26	11	29	8	24	13	
III. ..	34	31	6	25	24	6	24	7	5	25	
II. ...	36	30	20	10	30	...	20	...	20	10	
I. ..	31	28	16	12	24	3	25	2	15	12	
Infant....	47	34	18	8	14	12	23	3	12	14	
Total. ...	266	223	117	97	143	66	170	41	91	116	

N.B.—The percentage of success attained is 93. The VII. Standard was not presented for examination as it is to appear for the Lower Secondary Examination next December.

Standard.	No. on Rolls.	No. examined.	Optional Subjects. Object Lessons. Merit.	Object Lessons. Ordinary.	Geography. Merit	Geography. Ordinary.	Hygiene. Merit.	Hygiene. Ordinary.	Drill with Music. Merit.	Drill with Music. Ordinary.	Amount of grant earned by Standards. Rs.	A.	P.
VI. ...	28	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	0	0
V. ...	48	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	252	0	0
IV. ...	42	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	221	0	0
III. ...	34	31	...	...	20	8	25	5	...	...	164	0	0
II. ...	36	30	...	30	27	2	...	...	...	...	139	0	0
I. ..	31	28	27	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	89	4	0
Infant. ...	47	34	26	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	29	0	0
Total ...	266	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,068	4	0
			Add 100 per cent. for European cholars ...								1,068	4	0
										Total..	2,136	8	0

7. *Discipline and Tone.*—These have been satisfactory—an opinion endorsed by the Inspector of Schools. A few boys did give

Department. This very important question can be solved only when the scheme now before the Director of Public Instruction, for raising the standard of the school, is sanctioned. This will enable us to give the lads a better training, and thus fit them not only to qualify for admission into the Telegraph Department, but into those other Departments so eminently fitted for boys of the stamp that enter the Asylum, viz., the Medical, the Engineering, the Railway and Mercantile firms, all of which Departments are included in the scheme for the improvement of the school.

Eight boys will enter the Telegraph Department this year, starting on Rs. 40 a month. Two entered the Cable Telegraph through the kind permission of Mr. Newitt, the Superintendent.

14. *Industries.*—The strength of the Industrial Classes as it stood on the 31st March 1897 is shown below :—

Classes.	Standard.				Total.
	A.	B.	C.	D.	
Telegraph	...	...	...	...	24
Band	3	6	12	...	21
Carpenters	17	8	1	1	27
Boot-makers	2	3	13	...	18
Tailors	10	6	8	4	28

15. *Furniture.*—The whole school is now supplied with very substantial reversible desks.

16. *Holidays.*—The usual holidays were granted during the year.

17. *Sports.*—As in previous years. This year is marked by frequent requests for teams of Asylum boys to play at Ootacamund, Mr. Burby on every occasion being asked to captain the boys. He himself has contributed successful scores for teams playing at Ooty.

18. *Provision for Boys overage.*—The principal openings now for boys leaving the Asylum are (1) the Telegraph Department, (2) enlistment in European or Native Regiments, (3) the Cable Telegraph. By the kindness of Mr. Samuel Loane, an old Asylum Boy, who has now risen to be the Municipal Engineer of Madras,

another most useful opening into the Municipal Workshops has been secured. By the permission of the Committee, three boys will at an early date be sent to the Workshops in Madras on conditions that will secure for them a very successful livelihood.

19. *General.*—The work of the school has, on the whole, been successful, and my best thanks are due to the Assistant Teachers for their help in making it so.

GEO. MADDOX, M.A.,
Head Master.

Extracts from the Report of the Inspector of Schools, Western Educational Circle, Nilgiri District, for the year 1896-97.

Teaching Staff.—"Two more teachers are badly wanted. The two teachers entertained in the place of Mr. Kelly and Miss Wright, who left during the year, are not technically qualified. It is reported that they contemplate appearing for the theoretical test next November. The difficulty experienced in filling up the Drawing Master's place is noted with regret."

General.—"The school is doing well. Pupils were cleanly-dressed and well-behaved. The Principal has been obliged to return to the old corduroy trousers as he found that serge wore out too quickly; the boys, therefore, do not look quite so smart as they did last year. Discipline and tone left nothing to be desired."

Annual Medical Report of the Boys' School, Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum, for the official year 1896-97.

The average strength of the boys in the Asylum during the official year was 328. There were 346 admissions into hospital with an average daily sick of 13·37 as compared with 10·24 of the previous year. There was one death from dysentery in the month of July.

Epidemics.—There was a slight outbreak of mumps in the months of April and May, necessitating 29 admissions into hospital.

Sanitation.—(*a*) *Water-supply.*—This has been on the whole satisfactory.

(*b*) *Lavatories and Plunge Bath.*—Arrangements as regards the former are good. The bath is still very much exposed to the inclemency of the weather.

(*c*) *Latrines.*—The day and night latrines are kept clean, and the dry-earth system of conservancy is strictly carried out. A latrine for native servants is much needed.

Dietary.—Food sufficient and well-cooked. The supply of milk from the Dairy has been very satisfactory during the year.

Gymnastics and Exercise.—As in previous reports.

Hospital.—Lime-washing and petty repairs were carried out by the Public Works Department. Furniture and fittings are ample. A separate ward for infectious cases is much needed. The question has been represented in previous reports. Civil Apothecaries Mr. D. C. DeRozario and Mr. J. L. Kelly were in charge during the greater portion of the year. Assistant Surgeon R. C. D. Prince assumed Medical charge on the 17th December 1896.

Vaccination.—Nineteen boys were vaccinated and 86 re-vaccinated. Of the former all were successful, and of the latter 80 were successful and 6 unsuccessful.

R. C. D. PRINCE, Assistant Surgeon,
In Medical Charge.

H. D. COOK, M.B., Surgeon-Lt.-Colonel,
Consulting Physician,
Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum.

LOVEDALE,
1*st April* 1897.

Annual Medical Report of the Girls' School, Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum, for the official year 1896-97.

The average strength of the girls in the Asylum was 65 during the year. There were 16 admissions into hospital with an average daily sick of ·45 as against ·43 of the previous year.

Epidemics.—None.

Sanitation.—(*a*) *Water-supply.*—Sufficient and good.

(*b*) *Lavatories.*—Arrangements very satisfactory.

(*c*) *Latrines.*—The day and night latrines are kept very clean, and the dry-earth system of conservancy is efficiently carried out.

Exercise.—Various forms of light exercise are practised under competent supervision.

Vaccination.—Ten girls were re-vaccinated during the year, 8 were successful and 2 unsuccessful.

R. C. D. PRINCE, Assistant. Surgeon,
In Medical Charge.

H. D. COOK, M.B., Surgeon-Lt.-Colonel,
Consulting Physician,
Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum.

LOVEDALE,
1*st April* 1897.

APPENDIX A.

List of Establishment with Salaries—Male Branch.

Heads to which debited.	Number.	Designation.	Salary per mensem.	Special allowances.	Remarks.
			Rs.	Rs.	
I. Education ...	1	Head Master	300		
Do. ...	1	Second do. ...	150		
Do. ...	1	Third do. ...	85	30	As Organist—Rs. 25 to Male Branch and Rs. 5 to Female Branch.
Do. ...	1	Fourth do. ...	75	...	
Do. ...	1	Fifth do. ...	70	...	
Do. ...	1	Sixth do. ...	65	...	
Do. ...	1	Nursery Teacher.	60	...	
Do. ...	1	Assistant do. ...	50	...	
Do. ...	1	Telegraph-Instr...	100	...	
I. Education and III. Household	1	Band Sergeant ...	85	...	Rs. 12 8 0 to each head.
Do. ...	1	Sergeant-Instructor of Gymnastics ...	75	...	„ 37 8 0 do.
I. Education and II. Clothing	1	Master Tailor	85	...	„ 42 8 0 do.
I. Education and II. Carpentry	1	Do. Carpenter.	80	...	„ 40 0 0 do.
II. Boot-making	1	Do. Boot-maker.	100	...	„ 50 0 0 do.
II. Victualling and III. Household	1	Quarter-Master-Sergeant.	80	...	„ 40 8 0 do. Rising to Rs. 85.
III. Household	1	Sergeant-Major...	86	...	
Do. ...	2	Junior Sergeants.	100	...	Rs. 45 each. Rising to Rs. 50.
Do. ...	1	Upper School Matron ...	50	...	
Do. ...	1	Nursery School Matron ...	50	...	
Do. ...	1	Non-Comd. Officer	22½	...	
III. Hospital	1	Matron... ...	50	...	
Do. ...	1	Consulting Physician... ...	50	...	Rs. 42 to Male Branch and Rs. 8 to Female Branch.
Do. ...	1	Apothecary ...	50	...	Do. do.
Do. ...	1	Principal and Secretary ...	800	...	Rs. 667 to Male Branch and Rs. 133 to Female Branch.
Do. ...	1	Office Manager ..	200	...	Rs. 167 to Male Branch and Rs. 33 to Female Branch.
II. Clothing ...	3	Tailors	45	...	
II. Victualling ...	1	Cook	20	...	
Do. ...	3	Assistant Cooks. .	24	...	
Do. ...	4	Scullions... ...	32	...	
Do. ...	1	Butterman ...	8	...	
III. Household ...	1	Nursery Maty ...	9	...	
Do. ..	1	Mussalchi ...	10	...	
Do. ...	10	Coolies	80	...	Wood-cutting.
Do. ...	1	Cooly	8	...	Cleaning doors and windows. (Contingencies.)

APPENDIX A—*concluded.*

List of Establishment with Salaries—Male Branch—concluded.

Heads to which debited.	Number.	Designation.	Salary per mensem.	Special allowances.	Remarks.
			Rs.	Rs.	
NATIVE ESTABLISHMENT.					
III. Hospital ...	1	Cook	8	...	
Do. ...	1	Maty	8	...	
Do. ...	1	Cooly	4	...	Contingencies.
III. Sanitation ...	8	Scavengers ...	56	...	
Do. ...	4	Coolies	32	...	Roads, bush-cutting, etc.
IV. General ...	1	Peon	8	...	
Do. ...	2	Gardeners ...	16	...	Allowed to Principal.
V. Industries ...	1	Maistry	20	...	
Do. ...	4	Cart-Drivers ..	33	...	
Do. ...	5	Grass-Cutters ...	25	...	
Do. ...	1	Swine-herd ...	8	...	
Do. ...	1	Cooly	8	...	Cleaning cow-sheds.
Do. ...	6	Garden Coolies ...	48	...	Vegetable garden.
Do. ...	3	Chucklers ...	44	...	Boot-making.
Do. ...	2	Carpenters ...	52	...	Carpenters' Shops.
Do. ...	1	Smith	29	...	Smiths' Shop.
Do. ...	1	Bellows' Boy	8	...	
VI. Miscellaneous ...	1	General Cooly ...	10	...	
FEMALE BRANCH.					
I. Education ...	1	Head Mistress ...	150	...	With board, &c.
Do. ...	1	Second do. ...	60	...	
Do. ...	1	Third do. ...	40	...	
Do. ...	1	Fourth do. ...	30	...	
II. Victualling and III. Household.	1	Matron	50	...	
NATIVE ESTABLISHMENT.					
II. Victualling ...	1	Kitchen help ...	8	...	
III. Household ...	2	Men servants' ...	16	...	
III. Sanitation ...	2	Scavengers ...	12	...	

A. W. ATKINSON, M.A.,
Principal and Secretary.

31*st March* 1897.

APPENDIX B.

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—Male Branch.

Receipts.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97.			Actuals, 1896-97.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
I.—From Government—						
Opening Balance ...	8,905	0	0	6,007	5	8
1. Grant-in-Aid	31,680	0	0	31,680	0	0
II.—Profits on Asylum Property—						
1. Donation and Interest on Government Securities	34,560	0	0	38,840	7	0
2. Donation from Lawrence Asylum Press ...	15,000	0	0	20,000	0	0
III.—Special Funds—						
1. Subsistence Allowance	10,000	0	0	10,147	1	4
2. Pensions from Funds...	484	0	0	414	14	0
3. Fees	3,124	0	0	3,818	6	0
4. Telegraph Department	840	0	0	420	0	0
IV.—Industries—						
1. Carpenters and Smiths	150	0	0	342	11	6
2. Tailors	50	0	0	7	0	0
3. Boot and Shoe-making	600	0	0	743	7	0
4. Garden, Pigs, Carts, &c.	200	0	0	271	4	0
V.—Miscellaneous—						
1. Sale of stores	150	0	0	450	8	2
2. Do. firewood	120	0	0	138	0	0
3. From the N. V. Rifles—Compensation for Boots	150	0	0	150	0	0
4. Amounts overdrawn and returned	...	...	...	133	9	9
5. Other items	...	..	...	59	10	6
6. From the P. W. Department	1,200	0	0	1,089	1	0
7. Repayment for Labour, Bush-cutting, &c...	96	0	0	80	0	0
8. Sale of Potatoes	...	...	...	8	8	0
Total Rs...	2,07,318	0	0	1,14,801	13	11

APPENDIX B—concluded.

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—Male Branch—continued.

Expenditure.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97.			Actuals, 1896-97.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
I.—Education— ...						
(a) *Scholastic*—						
1. Establishment	10,860	0	0	10,230	9	10
2. Books, Stationery and Prizes...	900	0	0	1,071	7	6
3. Library and Museum	400	0	0	130	1	1
4. Examination Fees	100	0	0	131	0	0
(b) *Artistic*—						
1. Music Establishment	810	0	0	810	0	0
2. Band Instruments, Music and Repairs ...	600	0	0	580	11	8
3. Gymnastic Establishment	450	0	0	450	0	0
4. Apparatus, Games, &c...	300	0	0	179	0	0
(c) *Industries*—						
1. Tailoring...	510	0	0	510	0	0
2. Carpentry	600	0	0	600	0	0
3. Boot-making	600	0	0	600	0	0
(d) *Telegraph*—						
1. Establishment	1,200	0	0	1,200	0	0
2. Premia	180	0	0	90	0	0
II.—Clothing and Victualling—						
(a) *Clothing*—						
1. Establishment	1,218	0	0	1,006	10	0
2. Material, Machines, &c.	11,000	0	0	12,407	13	6
3. Extra Tailors	1,506	0	0	2,257	15	0
(b) *Victualling*—						
1. Establishment	1,362	0	0	1,413	0	0
2. Provisions	30,000	0	0	29,211	10	9
3. Kitchen and Dining Room Utensils, &c. ...	500	0	0	416	9	6
III.—Household, Hospital and Sanitation—						
(a) *Household*—						
1. Establishment	5,160	0	0	5,063	14	3
2. Washing	2,351	0	0	2,264	14	0
3. Lighting...	700	0	0	718	15	0
4. Firewood...	960	0	0	960	0	0
5. Bedding and Towelling	900	0	0	867	7	0
6. Hardware, Soap, Brushes, Combs, &c. ...	500	0	0	589	5	0
7. Furniture, Carpets, &c.	700	0	0	1,256	15	1
8. Labour—cleaning doors and windows 9. Contingencies	150	0	0	171	9	3
(b) *Hospital*—						
1. Establishment	1,792	0	0	1,798	8	0
2. Medicines, Wines, &c....	250	0	0	293	5	0
3. Extra Nursing	150	0	0	155	6	0
4. Contingencies	50	0	0	48	0	0
Carried over Rs....	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX B—*continued.*

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—*Male Branch*—concluded.

Expenditure.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97.			Actuals, 1896-97.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward Rs. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III.—Household, &c.—*continued.*						
(c) *Sanitation*—						
1. Establishment	768	0	0	663	8	0
2. Tar and Phenyle, &c.	98	0	0	159	5	0
3. Repairs on roads, drains, water-channels, and bush-cutting	500	0	0	386	14	0
IV.—General—						
1. Establishment	10,296	0	0	10,296	0	0
V.—Industries—						
(a) *Carpenters and Smiths*—						
1. Establishment	1,668	0	0	1,704	1	5
2. Material	800	0	0	1,135	1	3
3. Sawyers	150	0	0	455	0	8
(b) *Buildings and Repairs*—						
1. Labour	1,000	0	0	58	10	0
2. Material						
(c) *Garden, Pigs and Carts*	3,500	0	0	3,980	7	10
(d) *Boot-making*—						
1. Establishment	1,128	0	0	1,087	9	6
2. Material	1,800	0	0	2,151	3	6
VI.—Miscellaneous—						
1. Carrying Charges and Travelling Expenses...	1,800	0	0	2,513	7	10
2. Cases, freight, &c.						
3. Postage, Advertisements and Telegrams ...					9	6
4. Audit Fee	200	0	0	236	0	0
5. Interest on Over-drafts	458	0	0	458	...	...
6. Refunds	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Contingencies	...	...	...	...	...	...
	120	0	0	386	15	0
VII.—Other Charges—						
1. Pensions					0	0
2. Out-boarders	600	0	0	600	0	0
3. Outfits	60	0	0	60	14	0
4. Civil Orphan Asylum	400	0	0	212	0	0
	360	0	0	210		
VIII.—Advances	...	...	...	...	...	...
IX.—Extraordinary—						
1. Chapel Improvements...					5	1
2. Enlargement of Latrine	800	0	0	573	...	...
3. Deposit returned	1,700	0	0	...	0	0
	...	...	...	100		
Rs...	1,04,965	0	0	1,04,913	12	0
Cr. Balance, 31st March 1897, Rs...	2,353	0	0	9,888	1	11
Total Rs....	1,07,318	0	0	1,14,801	13	11

APPENDIX B—*continued.*

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—*Female Branch.*

Receipts.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97.			Actuals, 1896-97.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Opening Balance...	38	0	0	302	2	0
I.—From Government—						
1. Grant-in-Aid	16,320	0	0	16,320	0	0
II.—Profits on Asylum Property—						
1. Interest on Fixed Deposit	600	0	0	600	0	0
III.—Special Funds—						
1. Subsistence Allowance	1,347	0	0	1,614	5	8
2. Pensions from Funds	305	0	0	287	8	0
3. Fees	180	0	0	180	0	0
IV.—Miscellaneous—						
1. Sale of Stores...	100	0	0	38	9	0
2. Fines and Deductions				5	12	0
V.—Advances	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Rs...	18,890	0	0	19,348	4	8

APPENDIX B—*continued.*

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—*Female Branch*—continued.

Expenditure.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97. Rs.	A.	P.	Actuals, 1896-97. Rs.	A.	P.
I.—Education—						
1. Establishment	3,420	0	0	3,397	5	8
2. Books, Prizes and Stationery	400	0	0	520	10	10
3. Library	180	0	0	23	4	0
4. Examination Fees	40	0	0	25	0	0
5. Games, &c.	50	0	0	9	15	0
II.—Clothing and Victualling—						
(*a*) *Clothing*—						
1. Material	1,200	0	0	1,540	12	6
2. Shoeing	750	0	0	685	7	0
(*b*) *Victualling*—						
1. Establishment						
2. Provisions	396	0	0	396	0	0
3. Kitchen and Dining-room Utensils, &c...	6,000	0	0	6,183	1	5
	300	0	0	247	8	2
III.—Household, Hospital and Sanitation—						
(*a*) *Household*—						
1. Establishment	492	0	0	492	0	0
2. Washing	585	0	0	574	0	0
3. Lighting	190	0	0	156	6	0
4. Firewood	110	0	0	120	0	0
5. Furniture and Repairs	250	0	0	348	2	0
6. Bedding and Towelling	200	0	0	250	9	0
7. Hardware, Brushes, Soap, &c.	220	0	0	92	9	9
8. Contingencies	50	0	0	43	15	4
(*b*) *Hospital*—						
1. Establishment	192	0	0	192	0	0
2. Medicines, Wines, &c.	50	0	0	...	...	...
3. Extra Nursing	100	0	0	...	...	...
(*c*) *Sanitation*—						
1. Establishment	144	0	0	144	0	0
2. Roads, Drains, Bush-cutting, &c... ...	200	0	0	177	8	0
3. Tar and Phenyle	50	0	0	0	10	0
IV.—Buildings and Repairs	50	0	0	18	7	0
V.—General—						
1. Establishment	1,992	0	0	1,992	0	0
Carried over Rs...	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX B—*concluded.*

Statement of Accounts, 1896-97—*Female Branch*—concluded.

Expenditure.	Sanctioned Budget, 1896-97. Rs.	A.	P.	Actuals, 1896-97. Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward Rs...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI.—Miscellaneous—						
1. Carrying Charges and Travelling Expenses.	300	0	0	214	3	7
2. Postage, Telegrams and Advertisements...	30	0	0	26	6	7
3. Audit Fee	92	0	0	92	0	0
4. Contingencies and Tuning Piano	58	0	0	32	4	0
VII.—Other Charges—						
1. Scholarship	240	0	0	240	0	0
2. Out-boarders	200	0	0	205	0	0
3. Outfit allowance	70	0	0	140	0	0
Rs...	18,601	0	0	18,551	1	10
Cr. Closing Balance, Rs...	289	0	0	797	2	10
Total...	18,890	0	0	19,348	4	8

APPENDIX C.

List of Studies to 31st March 1897.

Male Branch.

See Madras Educational Rules. From "Infant Standard" to "Lower Secondary Examination."

Female Branch.

From "Infant Standard" to "Lower Secondary Examination, Form III."

A. W. ATKINSON, M.A.,
Principal and Secretary

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

CLASS.—FORM 3, STANDARD VII (*a*).

Teacher—MR. MADDOX.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—10-30.	10-30—11-15.	11-15—11-45.	11-45—12-30.		2—2-30.	2-30—3-15.	3-15—4.
Monday ...	Scripture.	Dictation.	Grammar and Language.	Geography.	Arithmetic.	Interval.	Eng. History.	Composition.	Second Optional Subject.
Tuesday ...		Transcription.	Grammar and Composition.	Indian History.			Geography.	Grammar and Language.	
Wednesday ...		Dictation.	Grammar and Language.	Geography.			Eng. History.	Composition.	
Thursday ...		Transcription.	Grammar and Composition.	Indian History.			Geography.	Grammar and Language.	
Friday ...	Examination.						Examination.		

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

CLASS.—FORM 3, STANDARD VII (*b*).

Teacher—MR. CLOSSON.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—10-30.	10-30—11-15.	11-15—11-45.	11-45—12-30.		2—3.
Monday ...	Scripture.	Dictation.	Grammar and Language.	Geography.	Arithmetic.	Interval.	At Industrial work.
Tuesday ...		Transcription.	Composition.	Indian History.			
Wednesday.		Dictation.	Grammar and Language.	Geography.			
Thursday ...		Transcription.	Composition.	Indian History.			
Friday ...	Examination.						

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

Teacher—Mr. Closson. CLASS.—Form 2, Standard VI.

Days.	9-30—12-30.		2—2-30.	2-30—3-15.	3-15—3-45.	3-45—4-15.	4-15—5.
Monday ...	At Industrial work.	Interval.	Scripture.	Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Grammar and Composition.	Arithmetic.
Tuesday ...				Recitation and Subject matter.	Transcription or Copy-writing.	Grammar and Language.	
Wednesday ...				Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Grammar and Composition.	
Thursday ...				Recitation and Subject matter.	Transcription or Copy-writing.	Grammar and Language.	
Friday ...				Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Grammar and Composition.	

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

CLASS.—Form 1-a, Standard V. (*a*).

Teacher—Mr. A. D'Rozario.

Days.	9-30—12-20.		2—2-30.	2-30—3-15.	3-15—3-45.	3-45—4-30.	4-30—5.
Monday	Industrial work.	Interval.	Scripture.	Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.
Tuesday				Recitation and Subject matter.	Copy-writing.	Do.	Transcription.
Wednesday				Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Do.	Grammar.
Thursday				Recitation and Subject matter.	Copy-writing.	Do.	Transcription.
Friday				Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Mental Arithmetic.	Composition.

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

CLASS.—FORM 1-b, STANDARD V. (*b*).

Teacher—MR. A. D'ROZARIO.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—10-45.	10-45—11-15.	11-15—12.	12—12-30		2—5.
Monday	Scripture.	Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	Interval.	Industrial work.
Tuesday		Recitation and Subject matter.	Copy-writing.		Transcription.		
Wednesday		Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.		Grammar.		
Thursday		Recitation and Subject matter.	Copy-writing.		Transcription.		
Friday		Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Mental Arithmetic.	Composition.		

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

CLASS IV—STANDARD IV.

Teacher—MR. BURBY.

Days.	9-30 to 10.	10—10-45.	10-45 to 11-15.	11-15 to 11-45.	11-45 to 12-30.		2 to 5.
Monday	Scripture.	Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Copy-writing.	Arithmetic (Slate and Mental).	Interval.	Industrial work.
Tuesday		Recitation and Subject matter.	Grammar.	Transcription.			
Wednesday		Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Copy-writing.			
Thursday		Recitation and Subject matter.	Grammar.	Transcription.			
Friday		Reading and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Copy-writing.			

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

CLASS III—STANDARD III.

Teacher.—MR. A. D'ROZARIO.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—10-15.	10-15—11-15.	11-15—12-30.		2—2-45.	2-45—3-30.	3-30—4.
Monday	Scripture.	Reading and Subject matter.	Arithmetic.	Copy-writing.	Interval.	Meanings and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Mental Arithmetic.
Tuesday		Recitation and Subject matter.		Transcription.		Geography.	Grammar.	Hygiene.
Wednesday		Reading and Subject matter.		Copy-writing.		Meanings and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Mental Arithmetic.
Thursday		Recitation and Subject matter.		Transcription.		Geography.	Grammar.	Hygiene.
Friday	Ch. Catechism	Reading and Subject matter.		Copy-writing.		Meanings and Subject matter.	Dictation.	Mental Arithmetic.

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

SECOND CLASS—STANDARD II.

Teacher—MR. H. VIGOR.

Days.	9-30—10-15.	10-15—11.	11—11-45.	11-45—12-30.		2—2-45.	2-45—3-30.	3-30—4.
Monday	Scripture.	Dictation.	Reading and Subject matter.	Arithmetic.	Interval.	Copy-writing.	Geography.	Mental Arithmetic.
Tuesday			Recitation and Subject matter.			Transcription.	Object Lesson.	Tables.
Wednesday			Reading and Subject matter.			Copy-writing.	Geography.	Mental Arithmetic.
Thursday			Recitation and Subject matter.			Transcription.	Object Lesson.	Tables.
Friday			Examination.			Copy-writing.	Geography.	Revision.

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

Teacher—MISS CORMAC. CLASS I—STANDARD I.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—11.	11—12.	12—12-30.		2—3.	3—3-30.	3-30—4.
Monday ...	Old Testament.	Reading.	Kindergarten Occupation.	Singing and Drill.	Interval.	Arithmetic.	Object Lesson.	Transcription.
Tuesday ...	New Testament.		Do.			Do.	Transcription and Spelling.	
Wednesday ...	Old Testament.		Arithmetic.			Natural History and Recitation alternately.	Do.	
Thursday ...	New Testament.		Kindergarten Occupation.			Arithmetic.	Transcription.	Dictation.
Friday ...	Catechism.		Do.			Do.	Recitation.	Spelling.

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

Teacher—MISS HOLLINGSWORTH. CLASS—INFANT.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—11.	11—12.	12—12-30.		2—2-30.	2-30—3-30.	3-30—4.
Monday ...	New Testament.	Reading.	Arithmetic.	Singing and Drill.	Interval.	Recitation.	Transcription.	Kindergarten Drawing.
Tuesday ...	Old Testament.					Object Lesson.	Kindergarten Occupation.	Transcription.
Wednesday ...	New Testament.					Recitation.	Transcription.	Kindergarten Drawing.
Thursday ...	Old Testament.					Natural History.	Kindergarten Occupation.	Transcription.
Friday ...	Catechism.					Recitation.	Transcription.	Kindergarten Drawing.

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

FEMALE BRANCH.

TIME TABLE.

STANDARDS VII, VI AND II.

Teacher—MISS SPROWLES.

Days.	9-30—10.	10—11.	11—12.	12—1.		2-30—3-30.	3-30—4-30.	7-30—8-30.
Monday ...	New Testament.	Arithmetic.	Grammar and Dictation.	Geography and Drill.	Interval.	Mending.		Night School (Preparation).
Tuesday ...	Old Testament.	Do.	Domestic Economy.	Geography and Parsing.		Indian History.	Needle-work.	
Wednesday ...	New Testament.	Do.	Reading and Grammar.	Copy-writing and Drill.		Do.	Do.	
Thursday ...	Old Testament.	Do.	Domestic Economy.	Geography and Analysis.		Do.	Fancy work.	
Friday ...	New Testament.	Do.	Reading and Grammar.	Letters.		Drawing.	Needle-work.	

APPENDIX C—*continued.*

LAWRENCE ASYLUM, OOTACAMUND.

TIME TABLE.

STANDARDS IV AND V.

Teacher—MISS EAGLES.

Days.	Class.	9-30—10.	10—11.	11—12.	12—1.		2-30—3-30.	3-30—4-30.	7-30—8-30.
Monday ...	IV. V.	Scripture.	Arithmetic.	Reading and Dictation.	Grammar and Drill.	Interval.	Mending.	Needle-work.	Night School (Preparation).
Tuesday ...	IV. V.			Recitation.	Geography and Parsing.		Geography and Indian History.		
Wednesday ...	IV. V.			Reading and Copy-writing.	Grammar and Drill.		Geography and Map Drawing.		
Thursday ...	IV. V.			Recitation and Dictation.	Geography and Analysis.		Indian History and Geography.		
Friday ...	IV. V.			Reading and Dictation.	Letters.		Drawing.		

APPENDIX D.

Courses of Instruction and Standards of Examination in Industrial Classes.—(See "*Madras Educational Rules*," *Second Edition.*)

APPENDIX E.

Dietary.

	1st Division.	2nd Division.
Raw Rice for each boy	6 ounces.	6 ounces.
Mutton or Beef (without bone) for each boy	7 "	6 "
Vegetables for each boy	12 "	8 "
Bread for each boy	1 lb.	12 "
Ghee for each boy for curry	½ ounce.	½ ounce.
Salt for each boy per diem	½ "	½ "
Pepper for each boy per diem	¼ "	¼ "
Onions (for Curry, Haricot Mutton and Irish Stew)	¼ "	¼ "

Dietary.

Days.	Breakfast.	Dinner. 1st Division includes all Boys above 10 years old.	Supper.
Sunday	White Bread and Tea	Boiled Beef and Vegetables, and Plum Pudding	White Bread and Tea.
Monday	Brown do. do.	Mutton-Curry and Rice	Brown do. do.
Tuesday	Do. do. do.	Stewed Beef and Vegetables, with Suet Pudding	Do. do. do.
Wednesday	White do. do.	Mutton-Curry and Rice	Do. do. do.
Thursday	Brown do. do.	Beef-Curry and Rice	White do. do.
Friday	Do. do. do.	Irish Beef Stew and Suet Pudding	Brown do. do.
Saturday	Do. do. do.	Mutton-Curry and Rice	Do. do. do.

For Breakfast.—Beef curried or stewed in different ways for boys who labor and for those requiring extra nourishment.

For Supper.—The Upper School have treacle with their bread three times a week.
The Nursery boys have treacle with their bread six times a week.
Do. receive also half a pint of milk daily at 7 A.M.

A. W. ATKINSON, M.A.,
Principal.

APPENDIX E—*continued.*

TABLE OF DIETS FOR THE LAWRENCE ASYLUM HOSPITALS.

1ST DIVISION.—For those above 14 years of age. 2ND DIVISION.—For those under 14 years of age.

SPOON.				MILK.				HALF.			
1st Division.		2nd Division.		1st Division.		2nd Division.		1st Division.		2nd Division.	
Sago	2 oz.	Sago	2 oz.	Bread	12 oz.	Bread	9 oz.	Chicken	8 oz.	Chicken	6 oz.
Tea	½ ,,	Tea	½ ,,	Rice	3 ,,	Rice	2 ,,	or		or	
Sugar	2½ ,,	Sugar	2½ ,,	Milk	2 pts.	Milk	1¼ pt.	Mutton	10 ,,	Mutton	7 ,,
Milk	6 ,,	Milk	6 ,,	and 6 oz. for Tea.		and 6 oz. for Tea.		Bread	1 lb.	Bread	12 ,,
For Congee Water.		*For Congee Water.*		Butter	½ oz.	Butter	½ oz.	Potatoes	8 oz.	Potatoes	6 ,,
				Sugar	2½ ,,	Sugar	2½ ,,	Tea	½ ,,	Tea	½ ,,
				including ¾ oz. for Tea.		including ¾ oz. for Tea.		Sugar	1½ ,,	Sugar	1½ ,,
Rice	2 oz.	Rice	2 oz.	Tea	½ oz.	Tea	½ oz.	Milk	6 ,,	Milk	6 ,,
Salt	¼ ,,	Salt	¼ ,,	Salt	¼ ,,	Salt	¼ ,,	Butter	1 ,,	Butter	1 ,,
				4 oz. Soojee may be used in lieu of rice.		3 oz. Soojee may be used in lieu of rice.		Onions	1 ,,	Onions	1 ,,
								Barley	½ ,,	Barley	½ ,,
								Flour	½ ,,	Flour	½ ,,
								Salt	¼ ,,	Salt	¼ ,,
BREAKFAST.											
Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.
Sugar	¾ oz.	Sugar	¾ oz.	Milk	,,	Milk	¾ ,,	Bread	6 oz.	Bread	4 oz.
Milk	3 ,,	Milk	3 ,,	Bread	4 oz.	Bread	3 oz.	Butter	½ ,,	Butter	½ ,,
				Sugar	¾ ,,	Sugar	¾ ,,				
DINNER.											
Sago in Jelly	2 oz.	Sago in Jelly	2 oz.	Rice	2 oz.	Rice	2 oz.	Mutton in Broth	1 pt.	Mutton in Broth	1 pt.
Sugar	¾ ,,	Sugar	¾ ,,	Milk	1 pt.	Milk	½ pt.	Or roasted or fried	10 oz.	Or roasted or fried	7 oz.
				Bread	4 oz.	Bread	3 oz.	Bread	4 ,,	Bread	4 ,,
				Sugar	¾ ,,	Sugar	¾ ,,	Potatoes	8 ,,	Potatoes	6 ,,
				Soojee	4 ,,	Soojee	3 ,,				
SUPPER.											
Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.	Tea	1 pt.
Sugar	¾ oz.	Sugar	¾ oz.	Bread	4 oz.	Bread	3 oz.	Bread	6 oz.	Bread	4 oz.
Milk	3 ,,	Milk	3 ,,	Butter	½ ,,	Butter	½ ,,	Butter	½ ,,	Butter	½ ,,

A. W. ATKINSON, M.A., *Principal.*

APPENDIX E—*concluded.*

FORMULÆ OF EXTRAS.

Arrowroot Congee, 1 pint.

Arrowroot	½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,

Arrowroot Jelly, 1 pint.

Arrowroot	2½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,
Milk	2 ,,

Barley Water, 1 pint.

Barley	2 oz.
Sugar	2 ,,

Beef Tea, 1 pint.

Beef	12 oz.
Salt	½ ,,
Pepper	2 ,,
Spice	1 ,,

Bread Pudding.

Bread	4 oz.
Sugar	1 ,,
Eggs	Two.
Milk	15 oz.

Chicken Broth, 1 pint.

Chicken	One.
Onions	1 oz.
Barley	2½ ,,
Salt	120 grs.
Pepper	60 ,,
Mint and Parsley	120 ,,

Chicken Cutlets.

Chicken	One.
Ghee	90 grs.
Salt	120 ,,
Onions	60 ,,

Chicken Curry.

Chicken of 10 ounces	One.
Ghee	1 oz.
Curry-powder	½ ,,
Tamarind	½ ,,
Onions	½ ,,
Salt	¼ ,,

Chicken Grilled.

Chicken	One.
Ghee	1 oz.
Salt	120 grs.
Pepper	60 ,,

Chicken Jelly, 8 oz.

Chickens	Two.
Sugar	3 oz.
Limes	Four.
Eggs	Two.
Spice	120 grs.
Ice	1 lb.

Chicken Pepper-Water, 1 pint.

Chicken	One.
Curry-powder	½ oz.
Ghee	½ ,,
Onions	1 ,,
Salt	120 grs.
Limes	One.

Chicken Roast.

Chicken of 10 ounces	One.
Ghee	1 oz.
Pepper	60 grs.
Salt	½ oz.

Congee Water, 1 pint.

Rice	2 oz.
Salt	120 grs.

Chutney, 1 oz.

Tamarind	¼ oz.
Green Chillies	¼ ,,
Mint, Coriander and Green Ginger	¼ ,,
Salt	2 drs.

Coffee, 1 pint.

Coffee-powder	½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,
Milk	2 ,,

Corn Flour Congee.

Corn flour	½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,

Curry Paste, Mixed Diet.

Chillies	½ oz.
Coriander seed	½ ,,
Turmeric	½ ,,
Mustard	½ ,,
Cummin seed	½ ,,
Vendiam	½ ,,
Pepper	½ ,,
Garlic	½ ,,
Tamarind	½ ,,
Onions	1 ,,
Ghee	1 ,,

Curry-powder, 15 lbs.

Chillies	2½ lbs.
Black pepper	1½ ,,
Coriander	3 ,,
Turmeric	2 ,,
Cummin seed	1½ ,,
Mustard	2 ,,
Vendiam	1½ ,,
Garlic	½ ,,

Custard Pudding.

Milk	1 pint
Sugar	1 oz.
Eggs	Two.
Spice	60 grs.

Jugged Beef Tea, 1 pint.

Beef	12 oz.
Salt	120 grs.
Pepper	120 ,,
Water	30 oz.

To be jugged for 2 hours.

Lemonade, Country, 1 pint.

Limes	Two.
Sugar	¾ oz.

Mutton Broth, 1 pint.

Mutton with bone	12 oz.
Barley	½ ,,
Onions	1 ,,

Mutton Broth, 1 pint—(contd.)

Mint and Parsley	120 grs.
Pepper	60 ,,
Salt	120 ,,

Mutton Chops, 1 lb.

Mutton	1 lb.
Ghee	2 oz.
Pepper	60 grs.
Salt	60 ,,

Mutton Curry, ¼ lb.

Mutton	8 oz.
Ghee	1 ,,
Curry-powder	½ ,,
Tamarind	½ ,,
Onions	½ ,,
Salt	½ ,,

Mutton Cutlets, ½ lb.

Mutton	8 oz.
Salt	120 grs.
Ghee	2 oz.
Onions	1 ,,
Pepper	60 grs.
Mint and Parsley	120 ,,

Pepper-Water, 1 pint.

Chillies	½ oz.
Pepper	¼ ,,
Garlic	2 drs.
Tamarind	½ oz.
Salt	3 drs.

Raw Beef Juice.

Beef	1 lb.
Hydrochloric Acid	40 dps.
Salt	¾ oz.

Rice Pudding.

Rice	2 oz.
Sugar	1 ,,
Milk	15 ,,
Eggs	Two.

Sago Congee, 1 pint.

Sago	½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,

Sago Jelly, 1 pint.

Sago	2 oz.
Sugar	½ ,,
Milk	2 ,,

Sago Pudding.

Sago	2 oz.
Sugar	1 ,,
Eggs	Two.
Milk	15 oz.

Soojee Congee, 1 pint.

Soojee	½ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,

Tea, 1 pint.

Tea	¼ oz.
Sugar	½ ,,
Milk	2 ,,

Vegetable Curry, 4 oz.

Vegetables	4 oz.
Curry-powder	¼ ,,
Tamarind	¼ ,,
Onions	¼ ,,
Salt	¼ ,,

A. W. ATKINSON, M.A., *Principal.*

RULES

OF THE

OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM.

Amended Rules, 1st April 1888.

I.—Object of the Institution.

The object of this Institution is to provide for children of European and East Indian officers and soldiers of Her Majesty's Army (British and Indian) and of Europeans and East Indians in the Medical Service, Military and Civil, who are serving or have served within the limits of the Presidency of Madras, a refuge from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate and from the serious drawbacks to the well-being of children incidental to a barrack life, to afford for them a plain, practical and religious education and to train them for employment in different trades, pursuits and industries.

2. The Asylum shall consist of two separate branches, the Male and the Female.

II.—Patrons.

3. His Excellency the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Madras Command, and the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras shall be the Patrons of the Institution, and shall be at liberty to visit the Asylum at any time and to refer to the Committee, or to the Government, any matter they may consider demanding attention.

III.—The Executive and the Control to be exercised by Government.

4. The management of the Asylum shall be vested in a Committee consisting of the General Commanding the Southern District, the Collector of the Nilgiris, the Assistant Adjutant-General, the Assistant Quarter-Master-General, the Senior Medical Officer at Ootacamund, the Commandant of the Depôt at Wellington, and of three members not in the service of Government resident for at least six months in each year in the Nilgiri District. These three members shall be elected by the Committee. The Committee shall be directly responsible to Government for the administration of the Asylum and shall be bound to obey all their orders relating thereto.

5. The General Commanding the District shall be *ex-officio* Chairman, and the Collector of the Nilgiris shall be *ex-officio* Vice-Chairman of the Committee. When neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present, the Committee shall elect their own Chairman.

6. On the death or resignation of a non-official member of the Committee, or on his ceasing to reside for at least half of the year on the Nilgiri Hills, or on his failing to attend three successive monthly meetings without satisfactory reasons, he shall be held to have vacated his appointment. It shall

be the duty of the Committee without delay to elect a fitting person to fill the vacancy, and to report the appointment to Government.

7. All moneys shall be lodged with the Bank of Madras in the names of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, one of whom shall sign or countersign all drafts thereon.

8. The Chairman or, when he is absent, the Vice-Chairman shall have the power, after consulting the Committee in meeting, but with or without their consent, to refer to Government any matter he may consider demanding their attention. A copy of the letter and of any papers to be forwarded therewith shall, however, be immediately laid before the Committee.

9. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall have power to defer declaring a resolution to have been carried until he shall have obtained in writing the opinion of members who have been unavoidably absent from the meeting on the point at issue.

10. The Principal shall be appointed by Government on the nomination of the Committee, to whom he shall be directly responsible and subordinate. All other appointments shall be made by the Principal subject to the confirmation of the Committee. In the case of Teacherships, the Inspector of Schools shall be consulted before such appointments are confirmed.

11. All letters to Government, or intended to be submitted to Government, shall be signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

12. The Committee shall, with the sanction of Government, have power to separate the duties of Principal and Secretary; to fix the remuneration of the latter officer; and to define his duties in relation to the Principal.

13. A meeting of the Committee shall be held in the first fortnight of each month for the transaction of ordinary business. Three members shall form a quorum.

14. Any three members shall have the power of convening an extraordinary meeting, on giving the Chairman, through the Secretary, one week's notice of the same.

15. The Committee shall, at each monthly meeting, appoint two of their members to visit the Institution officially, and to record any remarks they may have to make in a book provided for that purpose. This book shall be laid on the table at each monthly meeting.

16. The Committee shall appoint six lady visitors, who shall hold office upon the same conditions as members of Committee. Two of them shall be nominated at each monthly meeting to visit the Female branch during that month, and to record any remark they may have to make in a book provided for that purpose. This book shall be laid on the table at each monthly meeting.

IV.—The Principal and other Officers.

17. The Government may dispense with the services of the Principal at any time on giving him six months' notice or six months' salary. Before

Explanation.—In these rules, the word "East Indian" is restricted to the children of European fathers by East Indian or native mothers, or of East Indian fathers and mothers, both of whom are the children of European fathers.

29 (*a*). The children of civilians, not being orphans and destitute, may be admitted on payment of Rs. 20 per mensem for a child under 12 years of age, and Rs. 25 per mensem for a child above 12 years of age. Provided that such children shall only be admitted if vacancies exist of which no eligible children belonging to the classes specified in Rule 29 are available.

30. Donors of Rs. 300 or subscribers of Rs. 50 per annum for four years shall have the right of nominating one pupil, who shall take precedence over the other candidates in the class in which he or she is registered.

31. The cases of illegitimate orphan children shall be dealt with specially by the Committee.

32. Applications for admission must be made through Officers Commanding Regiments or the Head of the Department to which the parents or guardians belong; and in the case of pensioners through their Paymasters or employers. In cases not answering to any of the foregoing descriptions, applications may be made through any person of known respectability. All applications must be addressed to the Secretary, who will furnish printed forms of application and descriptive rolls to be filled up. The baptismal certificate of the candidate will also be required with the last pay certificate, if in receipt of the Government allowance.

33. The Secretary, in announcing to the parent or guardian the election of a candidate, will fix a reasonable time for the child to join the Institution. If the child does not join within the period named the fact shall be reported to the Committee.

34. Children labouring under any form of disease which is likely to incapacitate them from the ordinary duties of life, and (except with the special sanction of the Committee) the children of soldiers who have been dismissed the service by sentence of court-martial, are ineligible.

35. The Principal shall report to the Committee when any boy has attained the age of 16 and any girl that of 18 years. When any such boy or girl has a parent or guardian, they may be required by the Committee to remove the child. It otherwise shall be the duty of the Committee to take such measures as may seem best for his or her settlement in life. This rule, however, shall not be a bar to the Committee accepting any suitable situation for a girl who shall have attained the age of 16 years.

VI.—Fees and Charges.

36. Children whose fathers or step-fathers are above the rank of corporal shall be charged for according to the following scale, except under

extraordinary circumstances, when the power of exemption from or reduction of payment shall be exercised by the Committee:—

——	1st Child.	2nd Child.	3rd Child.	4th Child.
Sergeants	Rs. 3	Rs. 2	Free.	Free.
Sergeant-Majors	„ 4	„ 2½	Rs. 1	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 60, but less than Rs. 80 per mensem	„ 9	„ 6	„ 3	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 80, but less than Rs. 100 per mensem	„ 12	„ 8	„ 5	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 150 per mensem ...	„ 15	„ 10	„ 8	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 150, but less than Rs. 200 per mensem ...	„ 18	„ 15	„ 10	Rs. 6
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 200 and upwards ...	„ 20	„ 18	„ 15	„ 12
In addition to the Government allowance (if any) of Rs. 2-8-0 per mensem ...	...	...	...	...

37. Children of Europeans and East Indians in the Medical Service and of Volunteers shall be admitted on payment of fees according to the above scale in proportion to the salary drawn by the father or step-father.

38. The children of soldiers of the rank of corporal or private or of pensioners who are drawing only the pay of those ranks, shall be admitted free of charge.

VII.—Divine Service, Religious and Secular Instruction.

39. Divine service, in accordance with the rites of the Church of England, shall be performed twice on each Sunday.

40. On the application of a clergyman of the Church of Rome or of the Church of Scotland or of any Nonconformist or Presbyterian minister, requesting permission to celebrate Divine service on a Sunday, with such of the pupils or officers of the Institution as are members of his communion, a place shall be set apart for the purpose. Such applications, however, must be made on or before the previous Saturday to the Principal.

41. The children shall be assembled daily, morning and evening, when the sanctioned form of prayer shall be read by the Principal or by such officer as he may appoint.

42. In each school the work of the day shall commence with religious teaching. The authorised version of the Bible shall be used and the main truths of Christianity shall be taught, without allusion to controverted points of faith and practice, provided that the children of the Roman Catholic faith shall not be compelled to attend Divine service of any description conducted according to the rites of the Church of England, or to receive religious instruction except from the clergy of their own faith.

43. At the time at which religious instructions shall be given in school, clergymen of the Church of Rome or of the Church of Scotland and Nonconformist or Presbyterian ministers may attend and give instructions to the children of their respective communions in a place set apart for that purpose, on giving previous notice to the Principal.

44. Clergymen of the Church of Rome or of the Church of Scotland and Nonconformist or Presbyterian ministers shall have free access to the sick of their respective communions in the hospital, on giving notice to the Principal.

45. The course of general education shall be in accordance with the standard laid down for European schools in Appendix L of the Grant-in-Aid Code, and shall in the Boys' Asylum be limited to the Lower Secondary Examination.

46. There shall be a special class or classes for pupils preparing for the Test Examination of the Telegraph Department, but ordinarily pupils shall not be admitted to such class or classes until they have passed the 6th standard.

47. Unless specially exempted by the Committee, each boy shall, on passing the 3rd standard, be taught an industry according to the standards laid down in Schedule M under Chapter IX. of the Grant-in-Aid Code, in addition to the compulsory subjects of the 4th, 5th, 6th, or 7th standards, but he shall not be taught any of the optional subjects, unless such instruction can be given without interfering with his industrial progress: provided that no boy under 10 years of age shall be taught an industry, and that no boy under 11 years of age shall enter the Carpentry or Blacksmith class.—*G.O., 4th April* 1892, *No.* 290.

48. Each class shall be examined by the Government Inspector according to the prescribed standard in general as well as in industrial knowledge and the promotion of pupils shall be regulated by the results of such examinations.

VIII.—Educational and Inspection and Examinations, Scholarships, Pupil Teachers.

49. All classes, excepting the Telegraph class, shall be examined annually by the Inspector of Schools of the Division, assisted, in regard to art and industries, in such manner as the Director may order according to the standards in Schedule L and in accordance with the provisions of Chapters

III. and IX. of the Grant-in-Aid Code, and on the completion of the examination the Inspector shall forward to the Principal a statement, in the forms prescribed in the Grant-in-Aid Code, showing the grant at the maximum rates to which the Asylum will be entitled for each pupil presented for examination were it an Institution receiving aid under these chapters.

50. After the annual inspection and examination has been completed there shall be a public distribution of prizes. Prior to such distribution the Principal shall arrange for the examination of those classes in the subjects not tested by the Inspector and appoint persons to conduct such examinations.

51. In addition to the annual inspection held by the Inspector of the Division, the art and industrial work of the Institution shall be reported on each year alternately by a superior officer of the School of Arts and of the College of Engineering. The travelling expenses of such officer shall be borne by Government.

52. The accounts of the Institution shall be audited each year by a superior officer of the Account Department.

53. As an encouragement to boys who desire to appear for higher examinations, a scholarship of Rs. 15 per mensem, tenable for two years, shall be annually awarded to any boy passing the Lower Secondary Examination in the first class to enable him to proceed to some Institution (approved of by the Committee) to study for the Matriculation Examination; and, on his passing that examination, a scholarship of Rs. 20, tenable for two years, on similar terms, to study for the First in Arts Examination, and of Rs. 25 for the first year and Rs. 30 for the second year to study for the B. A. Examination. A scholarship-holder shall be liable to forfeit his scholarship if not favourably reported on half-yearly as regards his conduct and progress, or if he fails to pass the examination for which he should appear.

54. The Committee, as an encouragement to pupils learning arts or industries, may award annually two scholarships of the value of Rs. 15 per mensem, tenable for two or, if necessary, three years, to enable pupils, male or female, who have passed the Elementary Technical Examination test with credit in an art or in an industry, to prepare for the standard of the Intermediate Technical Examination in such art or industry in either the School of Arts or the College of Agriculture. The scholarship may be withdrawn if the scholar fails to make satisfactory progress or for any other good cause.

55. The Committee shall have power of selecting, from time to time, a limited number of the most promising girls to be trained as pupil teachers with a view to their qualifying themselves for employment in the Educational Department. They shall be selected at about the age of 14 or 15 and continue under training for a period of (about) four years, entering into an agreement with the Committee for the time being to that effect. They shall receive Rs. 4 per mensem for the first year, after which, provided their progress and conduct be satisfactory, their monthly salaries shall be increased to Rs. 5 in the second, Rs. 7 in the third, and Rs. 10 in the fourth year of their

apprenticeship. During the whole period of their engagement, the half of each month's salary shall be deposited in the Government Savings' Bank, in the name of the Principal for the time being, in trust for each of them, and, should any of them be found guilty of breach of engagement, the deposit shall be forfeited to the Institution.

56. The Committee may grant annually a scholarship of the value of Rs. 40, tenable for one year, to enable a girl, who has passed the Higher Examination for Women or the Matriculation Examination with credit, to be trained as a Mistress in the Presidency Training School for Mistresses. The scholarship may be withdrawn if the scholar's progress is not satisfactory, or for any other adequate cause.

57. Capitation money, at the rate of Rs. 5 per mensem, shall be allowed for each of the pupil teachers to the Mistress entrusted with their training.

IX.—General.

58. The Committee shall, not later than the 1st March in each year, submit, for the sanction of Government, a budget for the year beginning on the 1st April following. Such budget shall be drawn up in forms corresponding with the forms in which the annual accounts are submitted. The Committee shall see that the expenditure of the year is in accordance with the budget as sanctioned by Government. When any important variations in the allotments are necessary, they shall obtain the sanction of Government for such charge.

59. The Committee shall, by the 30th August of each year, submit to Government a report upon the condition and progress of the Asylum during the preceding official year, and as appendices of the same shall be furnished the following documents relating to the said year:—

(*a*) A statement of accounts. In the accounts the actual expenditure under each head shall be compared with the budget provision.

(*b*) A list of establishment with salaries attached.

(*c*) A statment showing the studies pursued by the several classes in both branches.

(*d*) A time-table for the teachers showing the disposal of their time.

(*e*) A time-table for pupils in general, educational, science, art or industrial work; and

(*f*) A statment showing the number of pupils in each science, art and industrial class and their progress as tested by examination, public or inspectorial.

60. The Committee shall forward their annual report to the Director of Public Instruction for submission to Government. All correspondence with Government shall be through that officer.

The report of the Inspector of Schools may be added as an appendix to the same.

61. The Committee shall invest all surplus income after providing a sufficient cash balance, in Government Securities in the names of the Trustees appointed, by Government, *viz.*, the Director of Public Instruction and the Collector of the Nilgiris.

62. A copy of these rules shall be published annually in the Lawrence Asylum Press Almanac and sent to the Commanding Officer of each Regiment serving in the Madras Presidency.