Edn. & P.H (48) Deptt.

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Ms. Series W

closed.

G.O. No. 1212 Edn.

Supdt.

Dated 14-5-48

O.K. R.S.

42.

Despatch Abstract.

Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and private managements - Opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served by such schools - 1948-9 -

Orders passed.

3 Annexures

C.No.9331-G.2/46. 87 OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, MADRAS, DATED 29-10-46.

2

From
Dr. S.R.U. Savoor, M.A., D.Sc., I.E.S.,
Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To
The Secretary to Government,
Education and Public Health Department.

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
8 NOV 1946
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

Sir,

Sub:- Opening of secondary schools for girls in centres not served by girls' schools.

***

I have the honour to address you on the important topic of the progress of girls' secondary Education and beg that the government will be pleased to consider the proposals with sympathy.

(i) The first point that stares us in the face, in this connection, is the very backward state of secondary education among girls, considered either by itself or relatively with reference to boys' education. The following table gives details of interest in this connection as on 31-3-1946:---

Total population as per 1941 census.	Number of scholars.	No. of schools (Secondary).	Government.	Local Body.	Mission.	Non-Mission.	Percentage of scholars to population.
			Boys.				
Men. 24,557,143	318,944	708	17	316	130	245	1.3
			Girls.				
Women. 24,784,667	73,484	183	51	13	93	26	0.3.

(For further details -- Vide appendix I to this letter)

(ii) The second point that will be generally conceded is that until and unless the education of girls has made, equal progress with that of boys, it will be impossible for the State to bring into operation all its "Man" power for the progress of the nation at large. At present the Nation is like a soldier fighting with most of his limbs either tied up or very partially free.

(iii) Government have been trying, of late, to increase the facilities but the facilities are still far from being adequate. Thus, compared with boys schools which number 706 (1946-47), we have only 183 girls schools. Furthermore, while the boys schools are scattered all over the Presidency in as many as 507 towns, almost half the girls' schools, 88 out of 183, are located at the district Headquarters. The number of other places with girls' schools is a bare 86.

From an analysis of the various areas with not even middle schools for girls, I find that

(a) The number of towns with a population of 10,000 and above with no secondary schools for girls is about 130;

(b) The number of towns with a population of over 5000 and below 10,000 without any secondary school for girls is about 190.

(c) The number of Taluq headquarters stations which do not have any girls secondary schools is about 150.

It may be remarked that even should girls' schools be opened in all places included in ~~(1)~~ (a) and ~~(2)~~ (b) above we shall have girls' schools only in 111 (present centres) plus 130 plus 190 or 431 localities as against 507 centres where we have to day boys schools (1946-47)

(iv) We should also recognize without reservation that in the absence of schools specially intended for the girls, especially in the secondary schools stage and in the comparatively early stage of education today, no satisfactory progress in either numbers or the type of education necessary for them can be achieved. The difficulty is further accentuated by the fact that due to the age of the children concerned, co-education at this stage is very unlikely to find general favour with the public. The difficulty due to conservatism and the conflict of interests of age groups of boys and girls will be the more pronounced the more interior and the more undeveloped the area is. It will not be wrong to remind ourselves that even in the advanced countries of the West, while the elementary schools are thrown open to boys and girls alike, secondary schools for girls form an integral part of the school system even today.

(v) The local bodies and private agencies have not done their share of the work to any commendable extent. Thus, of the total number of 183 girls schools, only 13 and 26 are managed by local bodies and indigenous private agencies respectively. We are depending on mission agencies for the maintenance of any many ~~of as many~~ as 93 schools.

It seems to me that, in these circumstances, Government should evolve a comprehensive policy which, if pressed forward, might set right the defects in a measurable distance of time.

2. I think it may be safely postulated -- and this is the most encouraging feature -- that the people have generally come to realise the need for educating their girls, though the realisation may not be as vivid as in the case of boys. But, we cannot expect their full co-operation till we shall have provided facilities in every town with adequate female population. As I have stated already, co-education at the secondary stage will not, in Indian conditions, thrive and we should recognize this from the outset.

3. The second great need is financial help to non-Government agencies.

I would suggest that if local bodies are to do their share, government should come forward and assure them of adequate financial aid. As it is at present, government refuse to give any aid to them in respect of any schools that they might open. At the same time government have imposed on these local bodies the duty of bearing the entire burden of 92 M.E.R. and the military fee concessions, both of which have shown in recent years as might be expected a tendency to increase - vide Annexure II enclosed. Nor will this tendency receive any check for some time to come ; the peak is yet to be reached. This means that the local bodies cannot ordinarily be expected to take up the work of secondary education for girls even to the extent to which they have done in the case of boys. It should not also be forgotten that these concessions, especially

3

the 92. M.E.R . concessions, will be relatively larger in bulk in the case of girls' schools than in the case of boys' schools.

I would suggest further that in case aided non-christian-mission managements come forward to open schools in areas where progress has not been adequate so far they might be encouraged by the grant of higher rates of grant-in-aid for a strictly limited period. For example, territorially this aid may be restricted to schools outside five mile radius of District Headquarters and of towns not served now by girls' schools. I submit that this proposal should not be considered from the orthodox point of view. The problem government have is important, ~~and~~ urgent and complex and methods suited to the conditions and effective in results should be adopted. As government are aware the principle of granting higher rates to secure desirable ends within the minimum space of time is nothing new. Government have adopted it in the past to encourage scientific education and the ~~experience~~ expedient was an undoubted success. I would suggest (1) 3/4th grant recurring and non-recurring for a period of next ten to twelve years. I expect that a liberal policy like this will evoke private effect in a very large measure and save ultimately public funds.

A large number of existing aided non-christian-mission schools in the Province are not well off especially in the matter of buildings. Government may consider the sanction (2) to these schools building grants at least at the higher rates for a period of 8 years.

~~It~~ I must explain that the exclusion of christian agencies is done deliberately. The main aims of these are to propagate their faith through all such means as may be open to them and to help forward boys and girls of their faith. If boys and girls of other faiths continuing in those faiths also benefit by their activities the benefit is definitely an ~~ancient~~ incident and not the main objective of their activities. That India has stood to gain even by such activities there is no gain-saying. But it does not follow either that any special concessions should be shown to them.

4. There is one marked advantage, I think, to be gained by bringing into existence a large number of local institutions. One of the drawbacks of Government service is that teachers have to be recruited on a Provinc Wide basis limited by the needs of linguistic areas. The teachers are liable to be transferred to any place whe their services may be required. While even men some find it difficult to leave their districts, the w find it much more difficult. Transfers outside t sphere leads to a great deal of discontentment pilgrimages to Madras to represent their grievance directly or through their friends ensure. All this minimised to a great extent if teachers are recru particular institutions or even to particular limit Nor do I think such recruitment will present much d in the future . Government propose to equalise as m possible the salaries in the several types of school this is done the attraction of fair pay now offered ment service will cease to exist to a large extent. say that in the wake of such a step the service condi also be bettered and this also will remove the obstac that now exist in the way of persons taking to non-Gov service.

5. Of course all this does not mean that government will cease to open government girls schools, though it need not be done to the same extent as would otherwise be necessary. Obviously there are great advantages in having government. schools especially in the matter of girls institutions.

I would suggest that even where government has to open schools directly there is no reason why government should not ordinarily give priority to localities which are prepared to ~~consider~~ shoulder say the initial expenditure, such as the provision of accommodation and equipment, either partly or wholly, provided those localities are big enough to justify the opening of these. It has been possible this year to enlist the co-operation of the public in this respect in the matter of opening schools for boys by local bodies and it may be possible to do likewise; though not to the same extent, in the matter of girls' schools to be opened by government and by local bodies.

6. The other great obstacle in the way of rapid expansion is the paucity of women teachers. Among the most effective means of securing an adequate supply of these are the increasing of the facilities for collegiate education of girls, general as well as professional, and the making the teaching profession reasonably attractive by improving the conditions of service and by providing residential accommodation for the women teachers in each school area. I have already recommended in a separate communication the institution of stipedds for women under training. I expect that if government agree we shall be able to get a larger supply of women teachers. But it should be clearly realised that the need for training each year a relatively larger number of women than of men for any given number of schools will always be present as women are liable in this country as elsewhere, to give up teaching profession at the end of the sipulated period or a little later to a far greater extent than men do. This is an ever recurring problem and could be met only by a very comprehensive scheme of training on a larger scale even than for men. I have recommended separately the institution of two more training colleges one at Tellicherry and the other at Mangalore, the former for Malayalam graduates and the later for Kanada graduates. These two may be expected to increase the supply of male as well as of female teachers and if necessary, more training colleges will have to be opened in the South for Tamil graduates and in the North or in the Ceded Districts for Telugu graduates.

7. Obviously, it is impossible at this stage to estimate
ely the cost of each school. This will depend a great
the peculiarities of each locality. But an attempt
nnexure III to give a fair idea of ----
the case of non-Government schools. From
be seen.

that the net non-recurring cost of each school
will be about ...... Rs.36,000.

) that the net recurring cost of each
school will be about .. .. Rs. 3,300.

a sum of Rs.750/- will have to be added towards rent
ilding is put up. According to my suggestion govern-
have to meet 75% of these for the next 8 to 10 years
se of non-Government institutions.

The extra expenditure necessary in 1947-48 by way
dies and grant is nil as the expenditure in 1947-48
ocal board and aided schools will be taken in to consi-
n for subsidy and grant purposes only in 1948-49 and so no
on isneccessary in 1947-48 budget.

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8) In these circumstances I request the favour of orders of government on the following points:--

(a) That a more accelerated scheme of expanding secondary education for girls should be aimed at;

(b) That government should have as its objective to be reached within the next 8 years of at least one girls' middle school at the Headquarters of each taluk and in every locality which is not headquarters of a taluk but has a total pupolation of at least 5,000 and that if the response of the people is satisfactory each of these should be converted in due course into a high school, and that in any case in the course of the next two years 1947-48 and 1948-49 middle schools should be started in all the 130 towns with a population of over 10,000, which do not have any girls' secondary schools.

(c) That, in achieving this, the government should enlist the co-operation of local bodies and private agencies in a larger measure than hitherto.

(d) That, in view of the difficulties experienced by the local bodies in meeting even their present liabilities, the government should give full subsidies to meet the non-recurring cost and give annual subsidies, either fixed for a term or fixed each year, to meet at least 75% of all reasonable recurring cost.

(e) That, with a view to encouraging local committees to come forward and shoulder their part of responsibility in this matter, government should promise to give non-christian -mission managements, grants at the rate of 75% of the non-recurring cost for the next 12 years and teaching grant and equipment grant at 75% and not 50% of the deficit or the actual cost respectively during the first 8 years of a school's existence provided however that such teaching and equipment grants shall be paid only in places, which, in the opinion of the Director of Public Instruction, are not hitherto served by girls' secondary schools.

(f) That in view of the present condition of many of the existing non-mission aided schools, they be given grant as above in respect of non-recurring expenditure for the next 8 years.

for Director of Public Instruction.

KP. 1-11.
6-11

Sd
6/11.

2)3300
1650

3300
130
99000
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2)429000
214500

ANNEXURE. I.

DISTRIBUTION OF BOYS AND GIRLS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN 1946-47.

District.	Total Number of schools.		No. of Localities where there are schools.		No. of schools at District Headquarters.		No. of Schools elsewhere.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1. Vizagapatam	27	3	23	3	4	1	23	2
2. East Godavari	32	3	26	2	2	1	30	2
3. West Godavari	28	4	26	3	3	2	25	2
4. Kistna	31	3	28	3	3	1	28	2
5. Guntur	54	7	44	5	4	3	50	4
6. Kurnool	17	3	12	3	2	3	15	-
7. Cuddapah	13	2	12	2	2	1	11	1
8. Anantapur	12	2	11	2	2	1	10	1
9. Bellary	15	5	11	4	5	2	10	3
10. Chittoor	16	4	13	3	2	1	14	3
11. Nellore	21	5	14	2	8	4	13	1
12. Madras	37	26	1	1	37	26	..	..
13. Chingleput	23	5	14	4	3	1	20	4
14. North Arcot	29	5	15	4	5	2	24	3
15. South Arcot	18	4	12	3	3	2	15	2
16. Tanjore	38	9	25	6	5	2	33	7
17. Trichnipoloy	28	11	16	4	12	8	16	3
18. Madura	22	9	16	6	6	4	16	5
19. Ramnad	28	7	22	7	6	1	22	6
20. Tinnevelly	51	11	41	8	3	3	48	8
21. Salem	22	3	19	2	4	2	18	1
22. Coimbatore	37	10	26	6	6	4	31	6
23. The Nilgiris	6	5	5	3	2	3	4	2
24. Malabar	64	21	53	16	5	3	59	18
25. South Kanara.	37	16	22	9	11	7	26	9
Total...	706	183	507	111	145	88	561	95

111
88
23

for Director of Public Instru

Sd
6/11

CONCESSIONS.

I - Boys Schools - Secondary.

District Boards. (A)	92 M. E. R.		Soldiers.	
	1943--44	1944--45	1943--44	1944-45.
Vizagapatam South	6,423	6,018	415	765
Vizagapatam North	11,833	13,222	342	1,301
East Godavari	12,552	18,106	3,677	4,954
West Godavari.	9,233	10,126	877	1,342
Kistna.	26,871	25,440	710	875
Guntur.	29,374	17,599	1,635	2,368
Kurnool.	12,091	14,276	1,149	2,046
Bellary.	5,280	5,085	74	327
Anantapur.	7,966	9,849	86	667
Cuddapah.	7,627	7,369	287	501
Nellore.	15,553	15,494	460	849
ingleput.	3,592	4,113	481	1,162
North Arcot.	13,819	13,929	2,297	5,285
Chittoor.	15,187	16,256	1,551	2,481
South Arcot.	5,019	5,976	1,462	2,322
Tanjore.	23,029	26,260	1,865	4,229
Trichinopoly.	9,764	13,631	1,222	1,710
Madura.	5,033	9,068	1,432	3,205
Ramnad.	11,990	11,365	543	1,200
Tinnevelly.	14,115	14,322	1,532	2,862
Coimbatore.	21,348	23,905	2,004	3,249
Salem.	32,276	33,914	7,263	8,775
The Nilgiris.	2,301	2,662	.	128
Malabar North.	5,695	5,744	9,956	16,106
do. South.	12,582	14,245	22,279	29,348
South Kanara.	13,220	12,065	2,509	3,922
Total for all Dt.Boards.	3,03,573	3,50,037	66,088	1,01,979

Concessions - Boys' Schools - Secondary.

Municipalities. (B)	92 M.W.R. 1943--44	92 M.W.R. 1944--45	Soldiers. 1943--44.	Soldiers. 1944--45.
Vizagapatam SOUTH.				
Anakapallee	1,462	1,731	527	492
Bhimlipatam.	1,048	1,059	150	380
Vizianagaram.	1,976	1,833	256	148
Vizagapatam NORTH.				
Chicacole.	3,195	3,518	589	637
East Godavari.				
Rajahmundry.	5,703	4,456	580	834
West Godavari.				
Palacole.	4,905	4,945	106	412
Ellore.	3,881	3,595	296	828
Kistna.				
Bezwada.	9,563	9,463	34	1,480
Guntur.				
Narasaraopet.	2,077	2,296	49	167
Ongole.	1,645	1,402	119	31
Kurnool.				
Kurnool.	2,623	2,619	318	248
Nandiyal.	4,062	3,945	49	702
Bellary.				
Bellary.	3,367	3,942	265	
Adoni	5,286	6,248	371	
Hospet.	2,390	1,934	346	
Anantapur.				
Tadpatri	1,633	1,346	-	
Hindupur.	2,538	2,861	414	
Anantapur.	5,087	4,623	646	
Cuddapah.				
Cuddapah	5,036	5,446	1,14	
Proddatur.	2,087	2,327	7	
Chingleput.				
Saidapet.	971	873		

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
North Arcot.				
alajapet.	1,739	1,528	421	801
Gudiyattam.	1,806	1,501	710	1,366
Tiruppattur	2,878	1,994	527	1,140
Tiruvannamalai	2,801	2,489	518	1,083
Vellore.	-	380	-	530
South Arcot.				
Villupuram.	4,316	4,829	921	1,297
Cuddalore.	1,582	1,797	551	697
xxxxxxxx.				
Tanjore.				
varam.	3,506	3,268	290	581
richinopoly.				
.	3,428	3,666	216	340
Madura.				
	3,022	3,300	190	535
	3,210	2,735	474	1,038
.		1,005		410
l.				
	7,662	5,846	1,238	1,128
re.				
	7,397	5,499	1,540	1,764
	1,665	1,546	907	1,011
	4,034	3,972	-	862
ris.				
	1,211	1,321	367	805
th.				
	1,576	1,469	6,642	8,274
.				
	414	407	457	937
	4,222	4,683	629	915
	1,27,033	1,23,475	23,022	36,934

6

II. Girls Schools - Secondary.

(B) MUNICIPALITIES.

Tenali Municipality (Girls.) 92 Madras Edl. Rules and Soldiers only combined figures furnished.

43-44. Rs.1448/-
44-45. Rs.1293/-

	92 M.E.R.		Soldiers.	
	1943--44.	1944--45.	1943-44.	1944-45.
Jaivabai High School, Tirupur.	792	1,083	170	328
Calicut Municipality (Chalapuram)	430	615	355	448
Total for all Municipal Girls' Schools.	1,222	1,698	1,953	2,069

(A) District Boards.

Tanjore Dt.				
Pattukottai Girls	954	1,130	49	108
Malabar District.				
Board Moyan Girls, Palghat.	1,593	1,144	805	1,149
Ramnad District.				
Board Girls Sivaganga.	1,601	1,428	212	374
Total for Dt. Board Girls' Schools.	4,148	3,702	1066 ~~1,702~~	1631 ~~1,066~~

for Director of Public Instruction.

ANNEXURE. III.

The non-recurring cost and recurring cost of each school (non-Government) would be something as hereunder:----

Non-recurring:

	Rs.
Cost of an 8 room building	30,000
Cost of equipment (initial)	3,000
Land.	3,000
	36,000
3/4th Grant on this	27,000

Recurring:

Expenditure:

		Average cost per year.
Headmistress on 65 -5/2 - 100		84
3 Secondary grade teachers 30-2/2 - 50 (3 x 39.77)		119
1 Pandit 30 - 2/2 - 40		36
1 Combined Drawing Master and Sewing Mistress 30 - 2/2 - 50		39
1 Physical Training ~~Inspectress~~ Instructress 25- 2/2 - 45		34
1 Music ~~Music~~ Mistress 30 - 2/2 - 50		39
Menials (one peon)	12- 16 14.7	14
	368.79 x 12	4425
Contingencies		600
	Total.	5025
Rent (till a building is put up)		600
	Grand total	5775 5625
Income from fees		2280
Net cost		3345

3495

In the case of Government schools the non-recurring cost will be the same but the recurring cost will be slightly higher.

65
180
25
12
282 x 9 x 10

1165
3495 x 2

2330
6990

for Director of Public Instruction.

17 ~~10~~

10

E 8878(47)

Schools - Secondary - Opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies and private agencies in centres not served by such schools

Sd 25 22/7

From the DPI cno 9331 G-2/46 d 29.10.46

141-58

Memo 67974-B1/46-7-Edn. d 21/7/47

The DPI is informed that the Govt have considered the proposal to provide for the opening of six middle schools for girls in the current year - three by local bodies and three by private managements - in centres not served by such schools on payment of recurring & non-recurring subsidies & grants and have decided that it should be considered as a Part II scheme for 1948-9

21/7/47

To
The DPI

KSK
9.7.47

9.7.47

18 (W) 11M

ASO

Maybe filed with the Memo no 67974 B1/46-7 Edn d 21-7-47

70188

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.
3 - SEP 1947

R.C.No.9931-G2/46.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Cathedral P.O.,Madras, dated 31st August 1947.

From

Dr.S.R.U.Savoor, M.A.,D.Sc.,I.E.S.,
Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Education & Public Health Department,
Fort St.George, Madras.

Sir,

Ref: Government Memo.No.67974-B1/46-7, Edn., dated 21-7-47
re: opening of new Middle Schools for girls by Local Bodies and private agencies.

Suitable centres for the opening of the proposed Middle Schools for Girls are being selected in consultation with the Inspectresses of Girls' Schools. Since it is now too late in the year and as it may not be easy for managements to secure qualified staff and accommodation etc., at short notice, it will be possible to open the schools only during 1948-49. Provision for payment of grant or subsidy will therefore be suggested to Government in Part II of the Budget Estimate 1949-50. 1948-9 - Subsidy & Opening

for Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
2/9

cs.1/9.

12

E&PH (B?)

Special

Schools - Secondary - Opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies + private agencies in centres not served by such schools

Spl. Schedules
6/10/47

Memo. 79217-B/47-1 Edn. dated 6-10-47

The attention of the D.P.I. is invited to Memo No 67974 B/46-7 Education d 21.7.47 and to his reply to it Rc No 9931-G2/46 d 31. 8. 47 and he is requested to state whether the centres for the opening of new middle schools by local bodies and private agencies have been selected and whether the proposal to make a subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of the initial equipment required for the school subject to a maximum of Rs 3000 each plus a recurring teaching grant equal to two thirds of the net cost of maintenance subject to a maximum of Rs 2330 for each middle school may be put forward as a Part II scheme for 1948-9. or whether the proposal requires

p18 nf

p36 nf

2

any modification in view of the fact that govt are now paying teaching grants on half the net cost basis and two thirds of the net cost basis to secondary schools under local bodies & private agencies respectively. The Director is also requested to say whether no provision need at all be made in 1948-9 in respect of this scheme ~~rather~~ for payment of subsidy or grant towards the purchase of initial equipment or advance teaching grant for these new schools and whether the managements concerned will be in a position to meet the entire expenditure in 1948-9 from their funds & receive the grant in 1949-50

~~Issue 6-10-47~~

Issue
6/10/47

6-X-47

To DPI 6/10

The DPI

20-X-47

13

B 22/13

R.C. No. 9931 G.2/46

Office of the
Director of Public Instruction,
Madras: Dated 15th October 1947.

FROM

DR. S.R.U. SAVOOR, M.A., D.Sc.(Lond), I.E.S.,
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, MADRAS.

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE, MADRAS.

17 OCT 1947

82847

Sir,

SUB:- Secondary Education = Opening of new Middle Schools for Girls by Local Bodies and Private agencies in centres not served by such - schools:

pp 20-21 ante

REF:- Government Memorandum No.79517 B.1/47-1 Edn. dated the 6th October 1947.

The Inspectresses of Girls Schools have been asked to select and report suitable centres for the opening of new middle schools by local bodies and private agencies and their replies are still awaited. They are being reminded in the matter and immediately on the receipt of their replies, centres will be selected and the fact reported to Government.

copy at (Y)/3

2. As regards the 3 middle schools to be opened by local bodies, I invite your kind attention to Government Memorandum No.61495 B.1/47 dated 8th April 1947 wherein - recurring and non-recurring subsidies upto the maximum limit noted therein were promised by the Government for new middle and high schools for boys to be opened by them. I request that Government may be pleased to sanction the same recurring subsidy (subject to a maximum of Rs.3,300) towards the actual net cost of maintenance of each of these proposed middle schools for girls also, so that there may be a uniform basis for all the schools that are being granted special subsidy by Government. But provision for the payment of teaching grants to these schools which are to be opened in 1948--49 may be made in Part II of the Budget Estimate 1949--50.

3. As regards the non-recurring subsidy, it seems desirable that the managements should be paid the amount in advance in order to enable them to purchase the equipment in time and to this end a subsidy equal to the full cost of the initial equipment subject to a maximum of Rs.3,000/- (payable in two instalments of Rs.1,500/- each in successive years) may be sanctioned as in the case of boys schools referred to in Government Memorandum No. 61495 B.1/46-5 Education, dated 8th April 1947 and provision may be made accordingly in the Budget Estimate for 1948--49 (Part II) for the payment of Rs.4,500/- i.e. (3 x 1500) to the three schools to be opened by local bodies towards the 1st instalment of grant for their initial equipment and a sum of Rs.4,500/- to the tthree schools to be opened by private agencies towards the 1st instalment of grant for the above purpose.

Copy at (Y)/3 -

M. Abdul Haq
for DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
16/10

KAN.16/10

16/10

EFAH(B)

KB/ 65 28/2

Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and Private agencies - Opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schools.

From the DPI RC no 9931 G.2/46 d 18.10.47

Memo 79517 B1/48-3 Edn D/17.2.48

SR/ 17/2/48

The DPI is informed that provision has been ~~made~~ suggested in the BE for 1948.9 for payment of teaching and equipment grants for six middle schools for girls to be newly opened in centres not served at present by such schools - three by local bodies and three by private managements at the rate of Rs 1500

24

for each middle school. The Director is requested to ~~submit~~ report very urgently the centres in which the new schools may be opened - providing for a selection to be made out of the centres recommended by him.

USK
15-2-48

W
16-2-48

To
The DPI.

Desp
D
20/2/48

15

25

15 Edn(?)

Special

Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and Private agencies - Opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schools.

Memo. 79517 B1/48-4 Edn of 20/3/48

Despatched
20/3/48
20/3.24

The attention of the DPI is invited to Memo No 79517 B1/48-3 Edn of 17.2.48 on the above subject and he is requested to report when the list of centres in which new ~~secondary~~ middle schools for girls may be permitted to be opened by local bodies and private agencies from the next school year may be expected. He is requested to expedite its submission as it is necessary that orders should be issued immediately to enable the managements concerned to make the necessary preliminary arrangements to start the schools from the beginning of the next school year

The reference should be treated as specially urgent

USK
20/3/48

20.3.48

To
the D.P.I.
W/O
20/3/48

Special

E.M.M. (B1)

Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and Private managements - Opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schoo

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D/ at once
16/4

Memo 79517 B1/48-5 Edn. d/ 8-4-48

The attention of the DPI is invited to Memo No 79517 B1/48-4 Edn dated 20-3-48 on the above subject and he is requested to state when his reply may be expected. He is requested to treat the reference as specially urgent. If the proposals for the selection of centres for the opening of ~~girls scho~~ new middle schools by local bodies are ready they may be submitted in advance of the proposals for the opening of such school by private managements. It is necessary that orders

2

28

should be issued in time to enable local bodies & private managements to make the necessary arrangements to start the schools from the next school year

KSN
7.4.48

8.4.48 S(a.c)

To
9.4.48
The DPI.

15.4.48
a D.O. reminder

AS I 17 DJ 29

17

C.F. 32.

Education. Department

From (Name) Sri D.S.Reddi, M.A. (Oxon)

Designation Director of Public Instruction.

Station Madras.

Received ______ Registered ______

To

The Secretary to Government,
Education & Public Health Dept.,
Fort St. George,
Madras.

Enclosures :

No. Rc. 9931-G.2/46 dated 8--4--1948.

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
12 APR 1948
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

Sir,

Sub: Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and private managements opening of new Middle Schools for Girls in centres not served at present by such schools.

Ref: Government Memorandum No.79517-B1/48- 3 Education, dated 17--2--1948.

26355

Proposals to open 6 Middle Schools in the following centres by Government have already been submitted to Government as part II Scheme in connection with the Budget Estimate for 1948-49 vide, Director's letter to Government noted against each school.

Rc.No. 1325.K.3/47, dated 12-9-1947.	Telugu	Gudivada	(Kistna District).
-do- ~~Rc.641.K.3/47, dated 12-9-1947.~~	-do-	Ongole ✓	(Guntur District).
Rc.1318.K.3/47, dated 11-9-1947.	Kannada	Rayadrug ✓	(Bellary District).
Rc.641.K.3/47. dated 12-9-1947.	Telugu	Proddatur ✓	(Cuddapah District)
Rc. 1380.K.3/47 dated 4-9-1947.	Tamil	Gobichettipalayam. ✓	(Coimbatore District).
Rc.1397.K.3/47. dated 29-9-1947.	Malayalam	Tiruvati	(Malabar District).

Dharmapuri (Salem)
Periyakulam (Madurai)

If the policy of Government is to encourage Local Bodies to run Middle Schools for Girls, then the Local bodies concerned may be permitted to open Middle Schools for Girls in the 6 centres mentioned above. But, if on the other hand, Government decide th run Government Schools in these 6 centres, then 5 out of the following centres may be selected for the opening of Middle Schools for girls by the Local bodies concerned under the special subsidy scheme under reference.

Language. (1)	Name of centre (2)	Whether it is ~~is~~ the Hd. Quarters of the Taluk (3)	District (4)	Total population of the locality (5)	Female population of the locality. (6)	Management wich has to open school in the locality.
Telugu	Palacole	No.	West Godavari	19,869	10,157	Municipality.
	Jammulamadugu	Yes	Cuddapah	9,653	4,869	Dt. Bd. Board.
Tamil	Tiruvanamalai	Yes	North Arcot	33,575	16,633	Municipality.

P.T.O.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Tamil	Tirukoilur	Yes	South Arcot	14,800	7,507	District Board.
	Ariyalur	Yes	Trichy	10,018	4,870	-do-
Tamil & Kannada.	Kollegal	Yes	Coimbatore	15,101	17,519	-do-

As regards the 6 ~~Middle~~ th School, it may be permitted to be opened at Moodibidri of South Kanara District by a private management and the particulars of this centre are given below.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
Kanada	Moodibidri	No.	South Kanara	over 5000	3500	Private Agency. (Moodibidri Education Trust).

2. It is submitted that though provision has been made in the Budget Estimate for 1948-49 for the opening of 3 schools by Local bodies and 3 by private Agencies, only 1 school is being recommended to be opened by Private Management (and the rest by local bodies) since private agencies have not come forward in sufficient No.s to open secondary schools under the Scheme under reference.

For Director of Public Instruction.
9/4

Gr.9.4.48.

3/9/4.

E+DM(.31)

Schools - Secondary - Local bodies and private managements - Opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served by such schools 1948-9 - Orders passed

pp 29-30 c/f From the DPI no RC.9931 G.2/46 d 8.4.48

Order No 1212 Education 14.5.48

13.5.48

pp 45-47 c/f

The DPI is informed that the following centres have been selected for the opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies and private managements in the current year under the system of special aid:-

(Correct names to be checked up)

Name of the district.	Centre selected for the new middle school	Management which has to open the school in the locality.
1. West Godavari	Palacole-	(Palacole Municipal Council)
2. Cuddapah	Jammalamadugu	Dt Bd Cuddapah
3. North Arcot	Tiruvannamalai	Mdl. Tiruvannamalai
4. South Arcot	Tirukoilur	Dt Bd South Arcot
5. Tiruchirapalle	Ariyalur	Dt Bd Tiruchirapalle
6. Kanara South	Moodibidri	Private Agency (Moodibidri Education Trust).

2. As a special case, teaching grants ~~equal to the~~ based on the actual net cost of maintenance of the new middle schools for girls will be made for a period of five years subject to a maximum of Rs 3,300 for each school ~~and the arrangement will be subject to revision at the end of the period~~ & in addition a non-recurring grant will also be made towards the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased subject to a maximum of Rs 3.000 for each school - to be paid in two instalments of Rs 1500 each in successive years.

3. The DPI is informed that he may sanction the opening of the new middle schools for girls if the district boards, municipal councils & the private management concerned ~~is~~ are willing to open new

middle schools for girls at the selected centres and send a copy of the proceedings to govt for information.

4. The DPI is requested to submit proposals in due course for the provision of additional funds that may be required under 37 h Education - Secondary - Grants to local bodies for secondary education / A - Ordinary (Teaching & Equipment) areas on account of the opening of 5 new middle schools for girls by local bodies instead of three and to surrender the savings that will accrue ~~under~~ in the provision made under 37 g - Education Secondary - Direct grants to non-Government secondary schools - A - General - Teaching & Equipment - on account of the opening of only one new middle school for girls by private agency instead of three.

12.5.48

12.5.48

To
The DPI
AG through Dir.
Copy to S.os of Dt Bds Cuddapah, South Arcot, Trichirapalli Corp. Mal. cl, Tirunelveli through the CPR

14.5

28/- copies

Education and P.H.Department
(B-1).

Schools - Secondary - Opening of middle schools for girls in centres not served by girls' schools.

Np-5cf

From the D.P.I. R.C.No.9331-G2/46, dated 29th October 1946.

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p1 cf

The Director of Public Instruction reports that secondary education among girls is in a very backward state considered by itself or relatively with reference to boys' education and that in order to remedy this defect in a measurable distance of time, the Government should aim at a more accelerated scheme of expanding secondary education among girls. He is of opinion that co-education at the secondary stage will not in Indian conditions thrive and it is necessary to establish separate secondary schools for girls as even in the advanced countries of the west, where the elementary schools are thrown open to boys and girls alike, secondary schools for girls form an integral part of the school system even today. He considers that in addition to the existing practice of opening of a certain number of secondary schools for girls directly by Government every year, local bodies and private agencies should be encouraged to open such schools by assuring them of adequate financial aid especially as there is a marked advantage in bringing into existence a large number of non-Government institutions. He accordingly recommends -

para 2(iv) on p2cf

para 4 on p 3 cf

para 2(1) of G.O. p47 cf (a)

(i) that Government should revise their policy of not granting subsidies to secondary schools newly opened by local bodies and grant subsidies (1) towards the full non-recurring cost involved in the opening of secondary schools for girls and (2) to meet at least 75 % of the reasonable recurring cost of maintenance,

para 8(d) on p 5cf

(ii) that Government should encourage non-Christian mission managements to open secondary schools for girls promising to make grants (1) equal to three-fourths of the non-recurring (Buildings and equipment) and (2) recurring (Teaching) cost for the first twelve or 8 years respectively of the school's existence,

para 8(e) on p5cf

(iii) that as a large number of the existing non-mission aided schools are not well off especially in buildings, they

para 8(f) on p5cf

may

may be given grant as above in respect of non-recurring expenditure for the next eight years.

2. From the statistics furnished by the Director, it is clear that greater facilities should be provided for the secondary education of girls than now and that the opening of new secondary schools for girls should be accelerated. As pointed out by the Director it will be less costly and more advantageous for the Government to subsidise secondary schools for girls opened by local bodies and private non-mission agencies than the establishment of Govt. schools. The ~~latter~~ opening of Govt. schools may be confined to towns where no non-Government schools are likely to be established.

p1f

para 4 on p 3C

3 The Government ~~are~~ are now ~~making~~ allowing only a half grant towards the cost of construction of buildings and the purchase of equipment for private aided secondary schools and teaching grant not exceeding one half of the net cost of maintenance of the school in the previous financial year under the provisions of the Grant-in-Aid Code. No subsidies recurring or non-recurring are made to schools newly opened by local bodies. No distinction need be made between local bodies & private agencies in the matter of aid towards the opening and maintenance of secondary schools for girls. With a view to encourage local bodies and private agencies to open new secondary schools for girls, the Government may promise to make-

2.6.11.46

(i) subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased and

(ii) two-thirds of the actual net cost of maintenance (instead of three-fourths proposed by the D.P.I) subject to a maximum calculated on the basis on the cost estimated by the Director. The items of expenditure that will be taken into account for arriving at the cost given ~~the net cost being worked are according to the conditions in~~ may be clearly defined having regard to the provisions in the ~~the~~ Grant-in-Aid Code. The new schools should be located in rented buildings wherever possible until experience shows that they would be a success and that in places where suitable buildings are not available for rent and it is necessary to construct temporary sheds, the Government may undertake to make a grant equal to three-fourths instead of the usual half grant for buildings. The cost of acquisition of land & construction of an 8 room building is estimated at Rs 30000 — p1f

3. The

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4. The Director reports that there are 320 towns with not even a middle school for girls (130 with a population of over 10000 and 190 with a population of over 5000 and below 10000) ~~and~~ (that of these 150 are taluk headquarters) and that Government should have as their objective of providing a middle school in all the 130 towns with a population of over 10000 in the next two years and in the remaining 190 centres within the next eight years. It would seem that Government should first aim at providing middle schools in the 130 centres and then take up the case of the remaining 190 centres. It is doubtful whether in the present financial position of the Province it would be feasible to start 65 schools a year during the next two years. The scheme will have to be spread over a longer period. If it is treated as a five-year scheme, 26 middle schools for girls will have to be opened on an average every year. Allowing for the opening of 6 Government schools every year, which is being considered separately as a Part II scheme, it is for consideration whether the Govt. may undertake to pay subsidies for the opening and maintenance of 20 non-Government middle schools for girls every year and if so, whether a start may be made from 1947-48. The cost of subsidising 20 non-Govt. schools in 1947-48 will be as shown below:

as among these, other things being equal, preference to be given to Tk HQr towns

26.11.46

130/2 =

A

2.6.11.46

This year's proposals have been sent to Finance already

	Ultimate cost. Rs
Non-recurring (initial equipment) at the rate of Rs 3000 for each school.	60,000
Recurring (two-thirds of the net cost of maintenance). (3345 x 2/3 x 20).	44,600

para 7 of p 4c/5

The D.P.I. reports that the cost in 1947-48 will be nil as the expenditure incurred in 1947-48 will be taken into consideration for subsidy and grant purposes only in 1948-49. As the initial equipment will have to be purchased before the school is started, it will be necessary to sanction a grant for this purpose in the first year.

5 Being a new scheme of expenditure, the proposal should ordinarily be treated as a Part II Scheme and should reach Finance before 1st November. It has been received late and can be admitted only as a special case if Finance agree.

6. With reference to the criteria laid down in the Finance

Department's Note No.54303-B.1, dated the 9th October 1946, it is for consideration whether the scheme may be considered to be absolutely essential for the proper running of the department.

(h)

may be considered essential
26.11.46

6. ~~The file may be sent to Finance u.o. for remarks prior to circulation~~. The Director's suggestion that in the case of the existing girls schools under non-mission managements grants for non-recurring expenditure may be given on the same basis for the next 8 years may be considered after the policy in regard to secondary schools ~~to be~~ for girls to be newly opened is decided

26.11.46

7 The file may be sent to Finance u.o. ~~for~~ remarks prior to circulation.

24-11-46

Considering the very backward state of Secondary education among girls, the scheme put forward by the D.P.I has to be considered essential for the progress of female education and therefore for the proper running of the Education Dept. which caters to that education. In view of the slender resources available at present it has been suggested at 'A' on 3 ante to pay subsidy for the opening and maintenance of ~~20 schools~~ per year for five years to come as ~~against~~ against 65 suggested by the D.P.I. for the first two years.

26 schools | 'A'

So that ~~[illegible]~~ within five years, schools may be opened at least in the major Panchayats
26-11-46

D.S
24.11.46
26.11.46

Finance

Finance (B.E.V)

F.A. U.O. No. 62954/31/46-7 E.M.
26/11/46
26/11/46

Part II Scheme for 1947-8

The case relates to expansion of Secondary education for girls on a Provincial basis. The proposals of the D.P.I. are on pp.1-5 C.F. The E.& P.H. Department recommend that Govt. should pay subsidies for the opening and maintenance of 26 non-Government middle schools for girls every year until middle schools are established in all the 130 centres with a population of over 10,000. The cost of the proposal will be as under:-

Asst. Secretary to Government
26 NOV 1946
64617/46
Finance Department

3000
26
78,000 (a)

3495 × 2/3
= 2330
26
13980
4660
60580 (x)

	Non-recurring Rs.	Recurring Rs.	Total. Rs.
1st year.	78,000 (a)	60,000 (x)	1,38,000
2nd year.	78,000	1,20,000	1,98,000
3rd year.	78,000	1,80,000	2,58,000
4th year.	78,000	2,40,000	3,18,000
5th year.	78,000	3,00,000	3,78,000
Total	3,90,000	9,00,000	12,90,000.

From the 6th year onwards the scheme will involve a recurring expenditure of Rs~~2.90~~ 3.00 lakhs per annum. For renewals and replacements of equipment it may be necessary to ~~incur expenditure~~ sanction grants even after the 6th year, which may not be inconsiderable.

2 In the first place it may be mentioned that the last date for receipt of Part II Schemes in the Finance Department was 1st November 1946. The last date for the receipt of ~~finalised printed~~ copies of notes on Part II Schemes for 1947-8 in the Fin. Dept. is 14th December 1946. The scheme is already very belated and the E.& P.H. Department ~~may be requested~~ will have to take orders of H.P.M. (whether the rule in para. ~~for relaxing the Rule~~ 62 of the Madras Budget Manual will be relaxed in this case) if the proposal is pressed.

27.12.46
Dew

(R)

3. According to the instructions recently issued with the approval of H.P.M., Part II Schemes for 1947-8 should be restricted to those that are contemplated in the five year post-war development plan or that can be treated as modification of schemes included in the five year plan, and ~~that schemes included in the five year plan and that~~ schemes outside the plan should be proposed only if they are required in connection with the Grow-More-Food Campaign or are fully remunerative (e.g. Electricity Schemes) ~~as~~ or are absolutely essential for the proper running of departments. The present scheme does not satisfy the criteria laid down for Part II Schemes and the E.& P.H. Department have not shown that the scheme cannot bear postponement. It may be very desirable,

to expand the Secondary education of girls, but the question is ~~of~~ whether funds can be found for schemes ~~of~~ of this kind when it is expected that the resources of the Province will be insufficient to finance even the schemes in the five year post-war plan which are really ~~relating to very~~ essential ~~matters~~, such as, compulsory elementary education, provision of medical and public health relief in rural areas, etc. In view of the ~~great~~ need for strict economy in expenditure at present, Finance may advise that the proposal may be deferred for the present.

4 As regards the proposal that Government should pay subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased and two-thirds of the actual net cost of maintenance, it is submitted that at present the Government are now allowing only a half grant towards the cost of construction ~~x~~ of buildings and the purchase of equipment for private aided Secondary Schools, and teaching grants not exceeding one half of the net cost of maintenance of the school in the previous financial year.

If this policy is changed and enhanced grants are promised for new schools, it will be very difficult to resist claims for similar concessions ~~being extended to the other~~ in respect of existing schools for both boys and girls. The policy will involve huge recurring expenditure, which should be avoided ~~at~~ under present conditions.

N.S.
30.11.46.

The proposals were received in the Finance Dept. on 26/11/46, while the 1st Nov 1946 was the last date for the receipt of Part II schemes for 1947.8 — See para 62 of the Budget Manual. Orders of HPM are necessary for relaxing the provisions of this para. Finance may advise against the admission of this proposal as a Part II Scheme for 1947.8. | DWD M

The proposals involve ~~a~~ an ultimate recurring expenditure of Rs 3 lakhs per annum plus cost of equipment for renewals. ~~[illegible]~~ This is likely to increase to a much larger sum, as the DPI contemplates the opening of more schools — cf 'X' on P. 4 above. It has been repeatedly pointed out in the files relating to Part II schemes of the Edn. Dept. that the recurring liability

P 5 [illegible]

7 2/ B1 22

on account of schemes ~~of the Edn. dept. in the five year plan are~~ much too ~~already high~~ high in relation to the resources of the Province, ~~and the Govt. have commented in their review of the post-war plan and suggested reduction in expenditure on Edn. schemes.~~ It has also been pointed out that the resources expected to be available in the next five years will not be sufficient even for the schemes already in the five-year plan and that the plan is accordingly ~~[illegible]~~ curtailed. It is therefore very undesirable ~~to [illegible] schemes~~ involving recurring liability which are outside the five-year plan, ~~[illegible]~~ such as the proposal in this case, as otherwise the funds available for more essential schemes of the Edn Dept. such as compulsory elementary education will be reduced. In the circumstances Finance may strongly urge that the proposals in this case should be deferred. | DWD

For
2/12/46

DWD
3.12.46

E.P.H.

Fin. No. 64627 B.E.V.1
3/12/46

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
8 - DEC 1946
74243
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

EDN.(B1)

As secondary education among girls is in a very backward state considered by itself or relatively with reference to boys education, the DPI has recommended that Govt should aim at a more accelerated scheme of expanding secondary education among girls and encourage local bodies and private agencies to open & maintain such schools by the grant of liberal subsidies & grants. There are 130 towns with a population of 10000 and above with no secondary schools for girls and if it is aimed that all these centres should be provided with schools within five years, 26 middle schools for girls will have to be opened on an average every year. Allowing for the opening of six Govt schools every year it was proposed that Govt may undertake to pay subsidies for the opening of 20 non-Govt middle schools for girls every year and that a start

67514-B1
4/12/46

may be made from 1947-8 by considering the proposal as a Part II scheme. Finance do not agree to the proposal. They suggest that it should be deferred for the reasons given in their note on pp 4-7 ante

2. It does not seem desirable to postpone the provision of adequate facilities for secondary education of girls till the scheme of compulsory elementary education is fully given effect to. In view of the present financial stringency, it is for consideration whether the Govt may aim at the provision of middle schools for girls in the 130 centres in 10 years instead of five years. In that case, the number of schools to be opened on an average in a year will be 13. There is a separate proposal to open 7 Govt secondary schools – one high school & six middle schools in 1947-8. It is for consideration whether this Dept may press for the provision of subsidies and grants towards the opening & maintenance of six non-Govt middle schools for girls in 1947-8

3. The DPI has reported that if local bodies & private agencies are to be induced to open middle schools for girls, it is necessary for the Govt to undertake to pay subsidies & grants towards recurring & non-recurring expenditure more than the usual half the net cost. It ~~was proposed that~~ is accordingly proposed that Govt might promise to make

(1) Subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased

(2) two thirds of the actual net cost of maintenance (instead of three fourths proposed by the DPI)

pp 2-3 cf

para 3 on p 2 ante

4. The file may now be circulated to HM (Edn) & HPM for orders whether the proposal may be ~~admitted~~ considered as a Part II scheme for 1947-8 by relaxing the provisions of para 62 of the Budget Manual and admitted as a Part II scheme for 1947-48 on the reasons mentioned above.

KSK
4.12.46

6.12.46

Women's education requires a push up. The matter may be pressed.

TSA
6-12-46

May be deferred

SECRETARIAT, EDN. AND P. H. DEPT.
12 DEC 1946
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

23

May be recirculated to HM (Edn) – reference the minutes of HM (Rev) on p 8 ante

12.12.46

HM (Edn.)

May be pressed to be brought before the Cabinet.

TSA
12-12-46

SECRETARIAT, EDN. AND P. H. DEPT.
13 DEC 1946
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

The file may now be circulated to HM (Rev) and to HE for orders whether this may be considered at a meeting of the Cabinet. Vide Sectt. Instruction 25(1).

not put up

KSK
13/12/46

13.12.46

13/12/46

HM (Rev.)

HE

As far as I know the procedure, ~~every~~ a minister has a right to press any proposal before the cabinet which he wants to go in as a Part II scheme, but to which the Fin. Minister does not agree, at the time of finally framing the Budget, provided the other business rules are complied with. Otherwise I do not see how the Cabinet is going to deal with each item of proposal separately or earlier. It would be an extraordinary position. ~~If~~ Even for such a position to go before the Cabinet the permission of H.P.M. is necessary. Rule 25(1) quoted above does not seem to apply to this case.

K.R.K.
14.12.46

Circulation with reply. I think in a similar case we are arranging to inform HM (Edn), in consultation with him, the procedure as at 'A' above would be appropriate.

Z

16/12/46

The file referred to by the Secretary at Z above has been sent to Finance. An extract of the minutes recorded in that file is put up. If Finance agrees to the procedure at (D), it may be followed in this case also. It does not seem

12

As IV

proposal should be prepared & sent to them for circulation to the Hon'ble Ministers before the Cabinet meets. May be sent to Public Special through Finance.

[illegible] 20.12.46

20.12.46 S

20/12/46

Fin:

Pub: (Spl.)

Finance (B.S.)

E&PH No. 67974-B/46. 3 Edn
22/12/46
69408 [illegible]

(Finance saw last on pages 10-11 above)

Please see the minute of H.M. (Edn.) on page 11 above and the subsequent note of E&PH.

2. H.M. (Edn.) apparently ~~wants to~~ desires to press for the schemes in question at the Cabinet meeting to be held on the 27th January 1947 for consideration of the final Budget proposals for 1947-8 including Part II schemes. The only note on the Budget proposals usually placed before ~~considered~~ the meeting is the one prepared by the Finance Department. If any H.M. desires to press for provision for any new scheme not included in the note (and lists) prepared by the Finance Dept., it may be done; but no note need be prepared and copies circulated to the members of the Cabinet. Presumably, H.M. (Edn.) desires to have a list of the schemes ~~for~~ which he proposes to press, so that ~~they~~ ~~may not~~ none of them will be lost sight of. This may be drawn up by E&P.H. with a short note on each of the schemes and circulated to H.M. (Edn.) in time for use at the Cabinet meeting on 27.1.47.

A

DWD

With these remarks, the file may be returned ~~[illegible]~~ to the ~~Public (Spl.) Dept.~~ E&P.H. Dept.

DWD
21.12.46

E.P.H.

[illegible]
20.12.46

Fin
[illegible]

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
22 DEC 1946
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Fin. No. 69408/46
21/12/46
(with link file)

13

25

25

E&PH (B1)

Please see the Finance Deptt's note on page 12 ante with reference to their suggestion at A, a list showing the schemes proposed to be pressed at the meeting of the Cabinet to be held on the 27th January with a brief note on each scheme is placed below

(Remarks explanatory)

USR
4.1.47

[illegible]
5.1.47
6.1

As II

Through A.B2, C1, C2 & G3. sections
6/1/47
6/1

A consolidated list of schemes which H.M.(Edn) ~~considers~~ proposes to press will be submitted to him on the 20th January 1947 with a necessary note. At present the files are at different stages - some have been sent to Finance, one file is in Public Department and some files are with H.M.(Edn.) himself. This file may lie over till 15-1-47.

6/1/47 S

This is an set of cases – where H.M. agrees, but the cases have too late. These cases may be shown in a separate list.

7/1/47

Noted.
7/1/47

With reference to Finance u.o. note no. 737 BS-1 dated 7.1.47, an explanatory note is submitted below for approval.

(d) in the linked file

USR
8.1.47

8/1/47 S

9/1/47.

Edn. & P.H. Department (B1).

Part II Scheme for 1947-8 (not approved by H.M.(Rev) ~~which~~ but H.M.(Edn) wishes to press for provision of funds }

Please take 40 copies at once

***

(SUBJECT: Opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies and private agencies in centres not served at present by such schools.)

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

Head of Account.	Item of expenditure.	Ultimate cost. Recurring. Rs.	Ultimate cost. Non-recurring. Rs.	Cost in 1947-48. Recurring. Rs.	Cost in 1947-48. Non-recurring. Rs.
37.g. Education - Secondary - Direct grants to non-Govt. Secondary Schools - B. General.	Grants for three middle schools for girls to be newly opened by private managements.				
	1. Teaching.	7,000	...	...	...
	3. Equipment.	...	9,000	...	4,500
37.h. Education - Secondary - Grants to local bodies for secondary education.	Subsidies for three middle schools for girls to be opened by local bodies.				
	1. Teaching.	7,000	...	...	...
	2. Equipment.	..	9,000	...	4,500
	Total.	14,000	18,000	...	9,000

Secondary education among girls is in a very backward state and requires a pull up. In order to provide more facilities for their education, it is necessary to encourage local bodies and private agencies to open girls schools by the grant of adequate subsidies and grants in addition to the opening of such schools directly by Government. It is proposed to provide for the opening of six middle schools for girls - three by local bodies and three by private agencies in 1947-8 and to make a subsidy or grant of Rs.3,000/- in two successive instalments of Rs.1,500/- each towards the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased and a recurring subsidy or teaching grant, as the case may be, equal to two thirds of the net cost of maintenance subject to a maximum of Rs.2,330/- for each middle school. It is not proposed to open any Government Secondary school for girls, in 1947-8 for want of funds. The proposal involves an ultimate recurring expenditure of Rs.14,000/- per annum and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs.18,000/-. No provision is required in 1947-8 towards the recurring subsidy or grant. As initial equipment will have to be purchased before the school s opened and the grant will be claimed as soon as the equipment is purchased, a provision of Rs.9,000/- will have to be made for this purpose in the Budget Estimate for 1947-8. Finance have suggested that the proposal should be deferred as it involves recu ring liability and is outside the five year plan. H.M.(Revenue) on behalf of H.P.M. has minuted that the scheme may be deferred; but H.M.(Education) desires to press the scheme for the provision of funds in the budget for 1947-8.

KSK
8.1.47

8/1/47

27/17

27

V.F. A510

6535

A1

B

Secretary, E. & P.H.

The Director has sent suggestions for the opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies and private agencies in centres not served at present by such schools and recommended two-third grants to be paid to them as against the half that is usually given to secondary schools. Some of the Ministers felt that they must know the full financial consequences of this new recommendation. It may be three schools for this year but they would like to know as to how many schools this concession will have to be extended to. The D.P.I. may be asked to furnish a more detailed estimate. If necessary, this may be introduced as a New Service procedure and sanction may be obtained even well intime before the schools can be opened in the next school year. The Director may be asked to expedite the matter.

TSA
25-1-47.

H.M. Education.

JOINT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
28 JAN 1947
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Please see the minutes of H.M.(Education) on page 17 ante. The irector of Public Instruction has already reported that there are 320 towns ith not even a middle school for girls (130 with a population of over 0,000 and 190 with a population of over 5,000 and below 10,000). The aim of Government should be to provide schools for girls to begin with in the 130 centres. In centres where neither local bodies nor private agencies are willing to open schools even with the aid of the liberal subsidies or grants proposed, the Government will have to open schools directly under their own management. It is not possible to forecast now how many Government schools will have to be opened.

2. The recurring and non-recurring cost on account of the opening of schools by local bodies and private agencies in all the 13 0 centres will be as follows.

p15q

Non-recurring cost/(Purchase of equipment) for the opening of 130 Secondary schools at Rs.3,000/- for a school (3,000 x 130)	Rs.3,99,000 or 4 lakhs roundly.
Recurring cost for the opening of 130 Secy. Schools at two thirds of the total cost of Rs.3345 for a school ($\frac{3345 \times 130 \times 2}{3}$)	Rs.2,89,900 or 3 lakhs roundly.

If Government open their own schools in all the centres, the total recurring

p 3 a

22.

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recurring cost will be increased by one third, i.e., it will amount to Rs.4 lakhs. The schools will be located in rented buildings. If half subsidy or grant is made towards the cost of construction of buildings, the Govt's liability will be 21.45 lakhs at the rate of Rs 16500 for each school

3. A copy of the Explanatory Note and the further note thereon may be sent to the Director U.O. for remarks ~~if any~~ prior to circulation.

29.1.47

30.1.47

31/1/47

Ex P (BD)
U.O. No. 6292/46 dated 31/1/47

Copy in Section
31/1/47

P.T.O

U.O. Reply. 9931 G/46.

Office of the D.P.I., Madras,
Dated 26th February '47.

Sub: Opening of secondary schools in centres not served by girls' schools.

Ref: Govt. U.O. No.67974/46-B.1. Education, dated 31-1-1947.

Submitted.

2. I hope that at least six schools will be opened next year though the demand is for well over 300 schools.

3. I beg to submit that even ordinarily girls' schools opened by aided managements would receive one-half grant on equipment and teaching grant on half net cost basis. Even local bodies under the grant scheme now under the contemplation of Government will be treated on a similar basis. In effect, therefore, my suggestion as approved by the Education Department involves extra expenditure made up of (a) teaching grant equivalent to 1/6 of the net cost, i.e., (2/3 - 1/2), and (b) the remaining half cost of equipment. In other words on recurring expenditure alone the extra cost under the present scheme for each school would be about Rs.550/- only.

p.t.o.

4. In view of the fact that my original figures are purely tentative, I would suggest that the words, "subject to a maximum of Rs.2,300/-" occurring in lines 8 and 9 from the bottom on page 1 of the u.o. note be dropped.

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
1 - MAR 1947
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

To
The Secretary to Government,
Education & Public Health Department.

17003

Edn. and P.H. Dept. (B1.)

Please see the notes from page 23 ante.

2. In para 3 of his u.o reply on page 22 ante, the D.P.I. points out that new middle schools for girls opened by private managements and local bodies will ordinarily be eligible for non-recurring grant or subsidy towards one half of the cost of the initial equipment and recurring teaching grant on half the net cost basis and that the extra cost ~~and that the extra cost~~ involved in the proposals to encourage the opening of new middle schools in centres not served at present by such schools is only the remaining half cost under equipment~~s~~ and teaching grant equivalent to 1/6 of the net cost (2/3 - ½). This is not correct. The proposals of the D.P.I. for payment of teaching and equipment grants to new private schools are dealt with as a new scheme of expenditure (Part II) every year. As regards new middle schools for girls opened by local bodies no subsidies were hitherto admissible. According to the Cabinet Salaries Committee's recommendations teaching grants on half the net cost basis will have to be pai to all the existing schools to cover the extra cost on accou of the revision of salaries. This does not mean that Govt. have under-taken to pay teaching grants on that basis to ~~all~~ any schools to be newly opened. The proposal to pay equipment and teaching grants to new schools will have to be treated as a new scheme of expenditure every year and proposals for the opening of schools in taluks not served by girls schools will be given preference. It seems therefore that the cost to Govt. on account of the opening of such schools should be calculated as shown on p. 18 ante. The D.P.I.'s suggestion, that the maximum limit proposed for payment of teaching grants may be removed as the estimate of cost furnished by him is purely tentative, does not also seem acceptable. For purposes of calculation of cost a maximum limit is necessary and if this limit is found unworkable it may be enhanced.

X

~~The file~~ the notes from page 17 ante may be sent to ~~Finance~~ the D.P.I. u.o. for perusal and remarks if any before ~~it is circulated for orders whether~~

73
11/3

processing further.

~~the scheme outlined in the note on pp. 15-16 ante, should be treated as one for introduction in the course of 1947-48.~~

DSK
7.3.47

10-3.47

Estt. A
U.O.No. 67974/47-B1 – Edn.
d. 10-3-47

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
22 APR 1947
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.
3055

Public Instruction Dept.
U.O.No.9931 G/46 dated 17.4.47 in reply to Govt U.O. 67974/47-B1 Edn. dated 10.3.47

"Resubmitted.

2. The statement that it does not follow from the Cabinet Committee's recommendation that Government have undertaken to pay teaching grants to Local bodies in respect of all or any of their secondary schools to be opened hereafter on the new basis should be considered more fully:

A (i) U.O. note Edn. & P.H. 37034 EE/47-19 dated 25.2.47 does not support this statement. Para 2 of the draft G.O. is very clear.

(ii) The adoption of such a principle will mean bringing back once again the so-called subsidized and non-subsidized schools which it is apparently the intention of Government to avoid.

2. My intention in drawing pointed attention to the extra 1/6th is only to show Government how little is the actual extra expenditure on the basis of the existing rules and procedure. That is why I used the words "In effect" in my reply (Para 3)".

S R K Swamy
D. P. I.

To
The Secretary to Government,
Education & Public Healths Deptt.
Madras.

EDN (AN).

Please see the remarks of the Director above. The file referred to at A above is under circulation. If it is the intention that secondary schools newly opened by local bodies should be admitted to teaching grant on half the net cost basis as in the case of private aided institutions then the procedure referred to at X on p. 24 ante will have to be followed and the orders issued in para 2(i) of G.O. No 1157 Edn dated 12.6.30 will have to be modified. Even then it is doubtful whether the existence of non-subsidised schools can be avoided. If a local body wants to open a

31

31

new secondary school in an area already served by secondary schools and is prepared to meet the entire cost (from its own funds) it is doubtful whether Govt would go to the length of compelling the local body to open new schools only in areas not served by any secondary schools, by refusing to accord recognition to schools proposed to be opened in other areas. The cost to Govt on account of opening of new secondary schools should be calculated only as shown on p 18 ante.

Finance may see before the ~~[illegible]~~ file is circulated to H.M. (Edn) with reference to his minute on page 17 ante

USK
25.4.47

26.4.47

Estt. A. U.O. 67974/47-B1
26/4/47

3412 Exp A.

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
26 APR 1947
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Fin. (Exp. A)

XX The case deals with the proposal to ~~encourage~~ sanction grants to private agencies and local bodies towards the opening of Secondary Schools for girls in order to provide more facilities for their Secondary education which is reported to be in a very backward state.

In November last the proposal was brought forward as a Part II Scheme for 1947-8. The proposal involved an ultimate extra cost of Rs. 3.90 lakhs non-recurring and Rs. 3 lakhs recurring. This dept. noted on pp. 4-7 above that for the reasons stated therein the proposal might be deferred. The then H.M. (Fin) who was in charge of Fin also minuted that the consideration of the proposal might be deferred. H.M. (Edn) however wanted to present the proposal ~~at~~ to ~~Cab~~ meeting of the Cabinet. Accordingly the Part II Scheme note ~~[illegible]~~ on pp. 15-16 above was prepared providing (in the first instance) for the opening of three middle Schools by private managements and another three middle Schools by the local bodies during 1947-8. The cost involved was estimated at Rs. 16,000 non-recurring and Rs. 14,000 recurring. As some of the Ministers felt at the Cabinet meeting that they must know the full financial consequences, H.M. (Edn.) minuted on p. 17 above that ~~the~~ a detailed estimate might be called for and the proposal sanctioned during 1947-8 by adopting the 'new service' procedure so that the Schools might be opened in the next academic year.

2. The E.P.H. dept. have accordingly worked out the ultimate cost on pp. 18-19 above. The ultimate cost is expected to be Rs. 4 lakhs (roundly) non-recurring and Rs. 3 lakhs recurring by way of grants to the private managements and local bodies. If half grant is sanctioned towards the construction of buildings also, the Govt.'s liability is estimated at Rs. 21.45 lakhs at the rate of Rs. 16,500 for each School.

3. It is submitted that the Govt. have ~~since~~ provided in the Current year's budget for further extension of compulsory elementary education involving an ultimate recurring extra cost of Rs. 14 lakhs. The Govt. are also sanctioning large subsidies to the local bodies and special grants to aided institutions towards the payment of dearness allowance to the teachers. The need for economy in expenditure is also greater ~~[illegible]~~ in view of the loss of revenue on account of the introduction of prohibition and the large expenditure already sanctioned on food subsidies, post war schemes etc. There does not also seem to be a pressing need for the opening of new Secondary Schools for girls immediately. In the Circumstances this dept. may advise that the

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Fin. may advise that such large schemes should be brought forward as Part II proposals in order to avoid dislocation in the budgetary procedure. [illegible] 3.5.47

proposal may be brought forward as a Part II Scheme for 1948-9 so that it may take its chance along with the other new Schemes.

4. If it is however considered that the proposal should be given effect ~~to~~ in the Current year itself, the case will have to be circulated to H.M. (Fin.) and then placed before the Finance Committee and the Cabinet as the proposal constitutes a 'New Service'. A supplementary grant will also have to be obtained in due course if the Scheme is sanctioned.

[illegible] 3.5.47

DIR
3.5.47

[illegible] 3.5.47

Secy:

Prima facie it seems to me that the minute of H.M. (Edn.) does not contemplate anything more than 6 Schools in 47-48. But what was wanted is the result of giving 2/3rd grant instead of 1/2 grant to all schools to which the increased grant may have to be extended. The estimates furnished seem [illegible] schools that may have to be opened [illegible] only, while the information wanted is probably the increased cost on account of existing schools also. E.P.H. may see with reference to these remarks.

[illegible] 5.5.47. E.P.H.

[illegible] 25412 [illegible]
5-5-47.
38665
MAY 1947

Please see the remarks of the Finance Secretary above. The question arose only in connection with the opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served by girls

29 31

schools. A two thirds recurring grant instead of usual half grant has been proposed to serve as an inducement to local bodies & private agencies to open new schools in those areas. It does not appear to be the intention that the extra cost should be calculated in respect of all the existing schools. It may be noted in this connection that the question of enhancing the teaching grant to two thirds or three fourths of the net cost of maintenance of secondary schools was considered by the Cabinet Salaries Committee & decided that ~~grants~~ teaching grants should be made on half the net cost basis for all the existing schools under the control of local bodies & private managements.

The file may perhaps be circulated to H.M. (Edn) for clarification on the point raised by the Fin Secy.

USK 6/5/47

Finance may see again before circulation.

6.5.47

S.

Secy.

Edn. U.O. 67974/46-D. 4 7/5/47

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
8 - MAY 1947
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

27807 Exp.A.

Fin. (Exp. A)

Please see the previous Fin. notes on pp. 26-28 above and the notes above. If any concession is granted to the schools to be opened afresh, it is sure to lead to an agitation for extending the concession to the existing schools. D.P.I. may therefore be requested to calculate the extra cost ~~overall account~~ likely to be involved in respect of the existing schools and show it separately from the statement on p. 18 ap. before the case is circulated to H.M. (Edn).

EPH 10.5.47

12.5.47

S.

EPH may consider this

13.5.47

In view of the large increase of expenditure on Edn in this year's budget this dept. [illegible]

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
14 MAY 1947
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH
40942

Fin. U.O. No. 27807 Exp.A. 13-5-47

13.5.47 EPH.

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33 30 33

E&PH (A1).

Please see the minutes of H.M. (Edn) on page 17 ante.

2. The case relates to the opening of six new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schools – three by local bodies and three by private agencies. The proposal is briefly summarised in the Finance Dept's note on pp 26-28 ante. The point for decision now is whether the scheme should be treated as one for introduction in the current year or whether it may be put forward as a Part II scheme for 1948-9 as suggested by Finance. If the former course is to be adopted, the case will have to be circulated to H.M. (Fin) and then placed before the Finance Committee and the Cabinet as the proposal constitutes a new service. A supplementary grant will have also to be obtained in due course if the scheme is sanctioned as pointed out in (para 4 of the Finance Dept's note on page 28 ante.)

A

Para 3 on pp 27-28 ante

3. H.M. (Edn) wanted a detailed estimate of cost to be prepared with reference to the number of schools to which the concession will have to be extended to viz – a two thirds recurring grant instead of the usual half grant subject to a maximum of Rs 2330 for each school and a full grant towards the initial equipment instead of the usual half grant subject to a maximum of Rs 2000 for each school. As this concession has been proposed only to induce local bodies & private agencies to open schools in the special areas not served by girls schools the cost has been worked out for the total number of such new schools to be opened (130). The ultimate cost is estimated at Rs 4 lakhs non-recurring and Rs 3 lakhs recurring. The Finance Dept suggest that the extra cost on account of the extension of the concession to existing schools may also be worked & shown separately. This does not appear to be necessary as there is no proposal to extend the concession to existing schools. The proposal is similar to the opening of boys' schools in taluks not served by such schools which has already been approved & will be given effect to

The cost of opening the six schools is shown p 18 ante in the summary on page 15 ante

14.5.47

p 29 ante

31/

Cmo. 67974 B1/47

in the current year.

The file may be circulated to H M (Edn) for orders on A on p 30 ante.

USK
14.5.47

16.5.47 S (AS) HM (Edn)

OO
15.5.47

H. M. Finance may see & it may be put up before the Standing Finance Committee so that it may come into operation even from this year.

TSA
16.5.47

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P.H. DEPT. 16 MAY 1947 GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

May be circulated to H.M. (Fin) (Circulating these from 'A' on p 30 etc)

16.5.47 S 17/5 HM (Fin)

OO
19.5.47

Let it go before the S. F. C.

I have some points to be cleared from H.M. (Edn).

21/5

A note for the Standing Finance Committee is submitted below for approval. It may be sent to Finance u.o. for acceptance

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P.H. DEPT. -3 MAY 1947 GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

USK
23.5.47

25.5.47 S

E&PA u.o. 67974/ub-B1/47-5
29/5/47

Fin (Exp A)

(See Fin. notes on pp 29 above)

Further notes on pp 30-31 & orders in circulation may be perused. The draft note for the Standing Finance Committee may be ~~approved~~ accepted subject to the following remarks, & the case returned to E&P.H.

32841 30 MAY 1947 FINANCE DEPARTMENT

ADS

5.6.47

5.6.47

6.6.47

Portion 'x' of the draft note for the Fin Committee

With reference to para 3 of this Dept. u.o. note no 21735 BG 1 d 19-5-47, a supplementary

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32/

34

grant should be obtained from the Legislature in respect of this scheme before it is sanctioned. If it is to be given effect to from the 1947-8 school year, it will not be possible to get a supplementary grant before sanctioning the scheme. The E&P.H. Dept. may be requested to ~~state~~ mention this point specifically in the draft note for the Fin Committee and later in the draft note for the Cabinet and take the orders of the Govt. as to whether the scheme should be deemed to be so extremely urgent as to justify relaxation of the normal procedure

4.6.47 S

5.6.47 E&P.H.

56278 JUL 1947 EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

Fin u.o 32841 E&P.A.
6-6-47.

E&PH (B2)

Please see the notes of the Finance Dept above. Necessary alteration has been made in the note for the Standing Finance Committee placed below. Necessary addition has also been made with reference to the orders recently issued revising the scales of pay of teachers. ~~The note as altered~~ The note as altered may now be issued. May be circulated to H.M. (Edn) for approval of the minute of H.M. (Fin) after issue.

USK
6/6/47

7.6.47 S 7/6/47 HM (Edn)

'A' on p 31 ante

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT 6 - JUN 1947 EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Immd 9/6/47 42542 MW

TSA
9-6-47

OO
9.6.47

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS 9 - JUN 1947 EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

The file may be sent to Finance u.o.

9.6.47 Fin

E&PA u.o. 67974/ub-B1/47-6 USK 9/6/47

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT 9 - JUN 1947 FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Standing Finance Committee.

The Committee decided that it should be considered as a Part II Scheme for 1948-49.

SFC E&PA

3476

Disc: 347678

Education and Public Health Dept.

Please take 25 copies at once
7/6/47

Vide Part II Scheme [illegible] + pl of

NOTE FOR THE STANDING FINANCE COMMITTE OF THE CABINET

SUBJECT:-Opening of new middle schools for girls by local
bodies and private agencies in centres not served
at present by such schools

Secondary education among girls is in a very backward state and requires ~~a pull up.~~ special encouragement. In order to provide more facilities for ~~their~~ girls' education, it is necessary to encourage local bodies and private agencies to open girls' schools by the grant of adequate subsidies and grants in addition to the opening of such schools directly by Government. It is proposed to provide for the opening of six middle schools for girls-three by local bodies and three by private agencies in 1947-48 and to make a subsidy or grant of Rs. 3,000/- in two successive instalments of Rs. 1,500/- each towards the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased and a recurring subsidy or teaching grant, as the case may be, equal to two thirds of the net cost of maintenance subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,330/- for each middle school. It is not proposed to open any new Government Secondary school for girls in 1947-48 for want of funds. The proposal involves an ultimate recurring expenditure of Rs. 14,000/- per annum and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 18,000/-.

2. In November last, the proposal was put forward as a Part II Scheme 1947-48 but the Finance Dept. suggested that it might be deferred as it involve~~d~~ a recurring liability and ~~is~~ was outside the five year plan. When the proposal was pressed at the cabinet meeting, some of the Hon'ble Ministers felt that they must know the financial implications of this new proposal to make a two thirds recurring grant instead of the usual half grant, and a full grant towards the initial equipment instead of the usual half grant, subject to a maximum limit in respect of each. This concession has been proposed only to induce local bodies and private agencies to open schools in areas not served by Girls' schools. The total number of such new schools to be opened is ~~as estimated at~~ 130 and the ultimate cost ~~on account of the~~ opening ~~of the schools~~ is estimated at Rs. 4 lakhs non-recurring and Rs. 3 lakhs recurring. ~~It is not proposed to extend the concession to existing schools.~~ In the case of private aided schools which adopt the revised scales of pay fixed for teachers in the service of local bodies, the govt have decided to make teaching grants on the basis of two thirds ~~cost~~ of the net cost of maintenance. the same concession is proposed to be allowed to local bodies which open schools in areas not served at present by ~~govt~~ schools. This is [illegible] the control of local bodies. ~~The~~ The proposal is similar to the opening of boys' schools in taluks

not served by such schools which has already been sanctioned and will be given effect to from the ~~ensuing~~ school year ~~(47-8)~~ 1947-48. ~~in the current year~~ ~~It is proposed to introduce~~ Of the scheme for the opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schools. is to be introduced in the current year ~~also in the current year~~; no additional provision need be made towards the recurring subsidy or grant; ~~but~~ a provision of Rs.9,000/- will however, be required for payment of non-recurring subsidies towards the purchas~~ement~~e of equipment as one half of the equipment will be purchased in the current year and the grant claimed before the close of the year. ~~According to the procedure laid down for the introduction~~ ~~A supplementary grant will be obtained in due course if the scheme is approved.~~ The scheme should ~~not~~ normally be sanctioned ~~without~~ only after obtaining the previous sanction of the legislature by presenting a supplementary estimate for the amount required for expenditure during the year. It will not be possible to obtain a supplementary grant before the commencement of the school year 1947-8. If the scheme is to be introduced from the school year 1947-8 it should be deemed to be so extremely urgent as to justify ~~the~~ a relaxation of the normal procedure.

3 in view of the large increase of expenditure on education in this year's budget the Finance Dept. have suggested that any scheme on these lines (even for a limited no. of schools to begin with) should be considered as a Part II Scheme for 1948-49 but this Dept. do not consider it desirable to postpone the introduction of the scheme to the next year.

4 The Hon'ble Minister~~s~~ for Edn. ~~and Finance have~~ has minuted as follows on the proposal :-

"H.M. Finance may see and it may be put up before the Standing Finance Committee so that it may come into operation even from this year.

T.S.A(vinashilingam)
16-5-47

The minutes of Hon Fin. are as follows :-

" Let it go before the Standing Finance Committee. I have some points to be cleared from H.M. (Edn.) "

B.G.(Gopala Reddi)
21-5-47.

KSK
23.5.47

The points for consideration are

(1) whether the opening of six middle schools for girls - three by local bodies and three by private agencies may be sanctioned 1947-48 ~~and~~ without obtaining the previous sanction of the legislature by presenting a supplementary estimate of the amount required for expenditure on the scheme during the year

(2) (a) whether ~~the~~ a subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of initial equipment required for the school subject to a maximum of Rs 3000 for each ~~school~~ ~~and~~ plus

(b) a recurring subsidy or teaching grant equal to ~~2/3~~ the two thirds of the net cost of maintenance ~~of each school~~ subject to a maximum of Rs 2330 for each school may be sanctioned and necessary provision of Rs 9000/ in respect of item (a) above be made in the budget for 1947-48 after presenting supplementary estimate at the next session [illegible]

Education and Public Health Department

NOTE FOR THE STANDING FINANCE COMMITTEE OF THE CABINET.

Subject: Opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies and private agencies in centres not served at present by such schools.

Secondary education among girls is in a very backward state and requires special encouragement. In order to provide more facilities for girls education, it is necessary to encourage local bodies and private agencies to open girls' schools by the grant of adequate subsidies and grants in addition to the opening of such schools directly by Government. It is proposed to provide for the opening of six middle schools for girls- three by local bodies and three by private agencies in 1947-48 and to make a subsidy or grant of Rs.3,000/- in two successive instalments of Rs.1,500/- each towards the full cost of the initial equipment to be purchased and a recurring subsidy or teaching grant, as the case may be equal to two thirds of the net cost of maintenance subject to a maximum of Rs.2,330/- for each middle school. It is not proposed to open any new Government Secondary school for girls in 1947-48 for want of funds. The proposal involves an ultimate recurring expenditure of Rs.14,000/- per annum and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs.18,000/-.

2. In November last, the proposal was put forward as a Part ~~II~~ II Scheme for 1947-48 but the Finance Department suggested that it might be deferred as it involved a recurring liability and was outside the five year plan. When the proposal was pressed at the cabinet meeting, some of the Hon'ble Ministers felt that they must know the financial implications of this new proposal to make a two thirds recurring grant instead of the usual half grant, and a full grant towards the initial equipment instead of the usual half grant, subject to a maximum limit in respect of each. This concession has been proposed only to induce local bodies and private agencies to open schools in areas not served by Girls' schools. The total number of such new schools to be opened is 130 and

and the ultimate cost is estimated at Rs.4 lakhs non-recurring and Rs.3 lakhs recurring-In the case of private aided schools which adopt the revised scales of pay fixed for teachers in the service of local bodies, the Government have decided to make teaching grants on the basis of two thirds of the net cost of maintenance;the same concession is proposed to be allowed to loca bodies which open schools in areas not served at present by schools. It is not proposed to extend the concession to existing schools under the control of local bodies. The proposal is similar to the opening of boys' schools in taluks not served by such schools which has already been sanctioned and will be given effect to from the school year 1947-48. If the scheme for the opening of new middle schools for girls in centres not served at present by such schools is to be introduced in the current year; no additional provision need be made towards the recurring subsidy or grant; a provision of Rs.9,000/- will however, be required for payment of non-recurring subsidies towards the purchase of equipment as one half of the equipment will be purchased in the current year and the grant claimed before the close of the year. The scheme should normally be sanctioned only after obtaining the previous sanction of the Legislature by presenting a supplementary estimate for the amount required for expenditure during the year. It will not be possible to obtain a supplementary grant before the commencement of the school year 1947-8. If the scheme is to be introduced from the school year 1947-8 it should be deemed to be so extremely urgent as to justify a relaxation of the normal procedure.

3.In view of the large increase of expenditure on education in this year's budget the Finance Department have suggested that any scheme on these lines (even for a limited number of schools to begin with) should be considered as a Part II Scheme for 1948-49 but this Department do not consider it desirable to postpone the introduction of the scheme to the next year.

4.The Hon'ble Minister for Education has minuted as follows: on the proposal:-

"H.M. Finance may see and it may be put up before the Standing Finance Committee so that it may come into operation even from this year.

T.S.A(vinashilingam)
16-5-47

The minutes of H.M.(Fin.) are as follows:-

"Let it go before the Standing Finance Committee. I have some points to be cleared from H.M.(Edn.)

B.G(opala Reddi)"
21-5-47.

The points for consideration are

(1)whether the opening of six middle schools for girls - three by local bodies and three by private agencies - may be sanctioned for 1947-48 without obtaining the previous sanction of the Legislature by presenting a supplementary estimate of the amount required for expenditure on the scheme during the year

(2)(a)whether a subsidy or grant equal to the full cost of initial equipment required for the school subject to a maximum of Rs.3,000/- each plus

(b) a recurring subsidy or teaching grant equal to two thirds of the net cost of maintenance subject to a maximum of Rs.2,330 for each school

may be promised and necessary provision of Rs.9,000/- in respect of item (a) above be made in the budget for 1947-48 after presenting a supplementary estimate at the next session of the Legislature.

M.V.Subramanian,
Secretary to Government.

40/38

The Finance Committee has decided that the proposal for the opening of six new middle schools for girls three by local bodies and three by private agencies in centres not served at present by such schools should be considered as a Part II scheme for 1948-9. The DPI may be informed accordingly.

A draft memo is submitted below for approval & may be circulated to H.M (Edn) after perusal of Fin.

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P.H. DEPT.
2 JUL 1947
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

11 JUL 1947

56942

9.7.47

9.7.47 Fin (Exp. A)

Seen
Thanks

10.7.47

E.H.H. U.O. 67974/46-B.7
10/7/47

41327

10 JUL 1947

Edn. H.

Draft may issue

11.7.47

S
14/7/47

M. (Edn.)

Fin. U.O. 41327-Exp. A
10.7.47

TSA
18.7.47

p 17 cf — Memo No 67974 -B1/46-7 Edn dated 21-7-1947

p 18 cf — From the D.P.I. R.C.No 9931 G2/46 dated 31-8-1947

p 20 cf — Memo No 77517 B1/47-1 Edn dated 6-10-47

p 22 cf — From the D.P.I. R.C.No 9931 G.2/46 dated 15-10-1947

The D.P.I. recommends that the proposal for payment of grants to (1) local bodies and (2) private agencies for the opening of three middle schools for girls by each of those agencies during 1948-9 may be considered as a Part II scheme for that year. He ~~recommends~~ suggests that a provision of Rs 9,000 may be made for payment of the first instalment of the equipment grant in advance in the B.E. for 1948-9 and that provision for the payment of teaching grants to the schools to be newly opened in 1948-9 may be made in Part II of the B.E. for 1949-50 as teaching grants for 1948-9 are normally payable only in 1949-50.

p 22 cf

2. The Director's proposal in respect of the provision to be made in the B.E. for 1948-9 for equipment grant may be accepted. As regards teaching grant, the Director recommends ~~that~~ grants towards the actual net cost subject to a maximum of Rs 3,300 may be made for each of these new middle schools

21.x.47

respect of item (a) above be made in the supplementary estimate at the next demand

S
21/10/47

41

B1

as is done in the case of boys' schools newly opened in taluks not served by such schools, so that there may be a uniform basis for all the schools for which grants are paid at special rates by Govt. The Director's recommendation may be accepted.

The normal rate of teaching grant is half the net cost for schools under local bodies and 2/3 net cost for a school under private managements.

In the case of new middle schools for boys to be newly opened in taluks not served by such schools, the Director has agreed, that provision may be made for payment of advance teaching grant of Rs 1500 for each school in the B.E. for 1948-9 . In the case of girls schools, however, he has suggested that provision for teaching grants may be made ~~as~~ in the a Part II scheme for 1949-50. It does not seem necessary to do so. As in the case of boys schools, advance teaching grant of ~~atleast~~ Rs ~~1,000~~ 1500 for each school may be provided in the B.E. for 1948-9. This will ~~be~~ help ~~for~~ the managements to meet the cost in the first year of opening. It will not then be necessary to treat this part alone as a Part II scheme ~~again.~~ for 1949-50 again. as suggested by the DPI.

Subject to orders, a draft Part II scheme note is submitted below for approval.

It may be sent to Finance u.o. for acceptance.

18-20-47

21-x-47

21-x-47

2484 u.o. 79517 B1/47-2
21.10.47

63512 BE II
27 OCT 1947
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Finance (B.E II)

(Finance last saw on page 40 above.)

Please see the further note of E & P.H. on pp. 40-41 above. The draft note may be accepted and the case returned to E & P.H.

12.11.47

12.11.47

12-11-47

E.P.H.

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
Fin u.o. No 63512 BE II/47-1
13 NOV 1947
89875
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

The case may be circulated to Hon (Edn) and Hon (Fin) for approval of the proposal contained in the ~~[illegible]~~ Part II note kept below.

13-11-47

13-11-47

Hon (Edn) Hon (Edn) ✓

TSA
16-11-47

Hon (Fin) ✓

B.G.A.
20.XI

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P.H. DEPT.
20 NOV 1947
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Part II note sent to press for printing on 25/11/47.

Press

Please print this in print and furnish 35 clean copies very urgently

42
39

E & P.H. (B1)

161/137 Pub

39

Part 11 scheme for 1948-49

Grants to local bodies ~~and private~~ agencies for new middle schools for girls to be opened in centres not served at present by such schools.

Summary

Head of account	Item of expenditure	Ultimate cost Recurring Rs	Ultimate cost Non-recurring Rs	Cost in 1948-9 Recurring Rs	Cost in 1948-9 Non-recurring Rs
37.g. Education Secondary- Direct grants to non.Govt secondary schools- A.General	Grants for three middle schools for girls to be newly opened by private managements.				
1. Teaching		9,900		~~3,000~~ 4,500	..
~~2.~~ 4. Equipment			9,000		4,500
37 h Education - Secondary-Grants to local bodies for secondary education-A Ordinary areas	Grants for three middle schools for girls to be opened by local bodies				
1. Teaching		9,900		~~3,000~~ 4,500	
~~2.~~ 3. Equipment			9,000		4,500
	Total	19,800	18,000	~~6,000~~ 9,000	9,000

Secondary education among girls is in a very backward state. There are about 130 towns with a population of 10,000 and above ~~with no secondary schools~~ and 190 towns with a population of over 5000 and below 10,000 without any secondary school for girls. Inorder to provide more facilities for their education, it is necessary to encourage local bodies and private agencies to open ~~girls~~ secondary schools for girls by the grant of adequate ~~subsidies~~ teaching and equipment grants in addition to the opening of a certain number of such schools directly by Government. In respect of middle schools for boys newly opened by local bodies in taluks not served by such schools the Govt have undertaken to pay as a special case teaching grants equal to the actual net cost of maintenace of the schools for a period of five years subject to a maximum of Rs 3,300 for each school and grant towards the full cost of the initial equipment subject to a maximum of Rs 3,000 for each school. The Director of Public Instruction has recommended that teaching and ~~equipment~~ equipment grants to the middle schools for girls to be newly opened by local bodies and private agencies at suitable centres may be paid on the same basis so that there may be uniformity in the payment of their grants ~~at special rates~~ ~~by Government.~~ As local bodies and private agencies do not generally come forward to open ~~[illegible]~~ secondary schools for girls ~~[illegible]~~ even to the extent they do in the case of boys, it is considered necessary to make grants at special rates as recommended by the Director for a limited period. The question of revising the basis of teaching grant will be considered at the end of five years as in the case of boys schools.

2 The proposal involves an ultimate recurring expenditure of Rs 19,800 per annum and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs 18,000. The teaching grant for 1948-9 is normally payable only in 1949-50, but as local bodies and private agencies may find it difficult to meet the full cost in the first year of the opening of the school without some financial assistance, it is proposed to make an advance teaching grant of Rs ~~1,000~~ 1500 for each new middle school ~~and make the first instalment of the equipment grant of Rs 15000~~ To enable the managements to purchase the ~~[illegible]~~ initial equipment in time before the reopening of the school, it is ~~necessary~~ proposed to make the first instalment of the equipment grant also in advance. This department therefore recommends that a provision of Rs ~~15,000~~ 18,000 be made for the purpose in the budget for 1948-9 as shown in the Summary at the top of this note.

USR
18.10.49

21-X-49

MVS

Edn H(?)

Provision has been ~~made~~ suggested in the BE for 1948-9 for payment of grants to local bodies and private agencies for six new middle schools for girls to be newly opened in centres not served at present by such schools as recommended in the Part II scheme note on pages 42-43 ante.

2. Attention is solicited to the Director's letter on p 22 cf. He may be asked to report the centres at which the new schools may be opened. A draft memo is submitted below for approval.

USR
15.2.48.

16.2.48

pp 23-24 cf

[Memo no 79517 B.1/48-3 Edn d 17.2.48]
[Memo no 79517 B.1/48-4 Edn d 20.3.48]
[Memo no 79517 B.1/48-5 Edn d 8.4.48]

Please see the Director's reply on pages 29 to 30 C.F.

item 32 on p 143 of the Budget Memo for 1948-9

2. Provision has been made in the B.E. for 1948-9 for payment of teaching grants (in advance) and equipment grants to local bodies and private agencies for three middle schools for girls to be newly opened by each of them in centres not served by such schools. The D.P.I. recommends that as a sufficient number of private agencies have not come forward to open new middle schools for girls the provision may be utilised for the opening of five new middle schools by local bodies and one by private agency. The Director's recommendation may be accepted. There will be no extra cost as the amount of grant payable under this special scheme is the same to local bodies and private agencies. It will be necessary to make some additional provision under grants to local bodies and the D.P.I. will submit proposals for reappropriation of funds in due course.

14.4.48

2. The centres at which the new schools should be opened have to be selected. It is proposed to open six new govt middle schools for girls at the following centres:-

(1) Bellary Dt Rayadrug
(2) Cuddapah Dt Proddattur
(3) Guntur Dt Ongole

(4) Madura-Periyakulam
(5) Salem Dt -- Dharmapuri
(6) Coimbatore Dt -- Gobichettipalayam

he D.P.I. recommends that five out of the following centres may be selected for the opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies: under the special subsidy scheme.

est Godavari Dt	(Telugu)	-- Palacole ..	(To be opened by the municipal council)
dapah Dt	(Telugu)	Jammalamadudu	(To be opened by the Dt Bd)
th Arcot Dt	(Tamil)	Tiruvannamalai	(To be opened by the Mcl Cl)
th Arcot Dt	(Tamil)	Tirukoilur	(To be opened by the Dt Bd)
ichinopoly Dt	(Tamil)	Ariyalur	(do)
~~imbatore Dt~~	~~(Tamil and Kannada)~~	~~Kollegal~~	(To be opened by the Dt Bd). × ×
Malabar	Malayalam	Tiruvati	To be opened by the D.B.d

Telugu

Tamil

As the Govt are opening a Govt middle school for girls in the coimbatore Dt in the urrent year at Gobichettipalayam , it is perhaps unnecessary to allow the opening of e more school by local body in that Dt. Instead of three new schools to be opened Tamil areas, it is for consideration one may allowed to be opened in Tiruvati in the Malabar Dt- Vide Director's letter on page 29 C.F.

For orders

4 For the one new middle school for girls to be opened by private agency, the .P.I. recommends that Moodabidri in South Kanara may be selected. The Director's recommendation may be accepted.

5 The file may be circulated to H.M.(Edn) for orders as to the centres at which the opening of new middle schools for girls may be permitted to be opened - 5 by local bodies and one by private agency.

USR
13.4.48

H.M. (Edn)

This file may be put up along with the other ~~mail~~ file in which we have to fix up the [illegible] ~~middle~~ + high schools which have to be fixed, so that they may distributed properly through out the province

TSA
18-4-48

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P.H. DEPT.
19 APR 1948
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

The file relating to the opening of ~~new~~ middle + high schools for boys is submitted linked (vide top file) This may be circulated to HM (Edn) after the top file is received back from Finance. Finance may perhaps see this file also with reference to the Retrenchment Committee's

---

recommendation referred to in the top file.

USR
23.4.48

26.4.48

E&P.H. U.O. No.
79517 B1/47-6
27/4/48

Fin (ExpA)

(Last Finance note on p. 41 above)

The further note of E+PH on pages 44-46 above may be perused.

2 No remarks are called for in Finance on this file at this stage.

3.5.48

4.5.48

5.5.48

5/5/48

ExpA

33857

5.5.48

Edn (M)

~~E&P.H. U.O. No.~~
79517 B1/48-1
5.5.48

May be circulated to HM (Edn) for orders along with the top file.

USR
5/5/48

8.5.48

H.M. (Edn)

The recommendation of the D.P.I. in p.45 ante may be accepted. As a Government Girls' School is going to be opened in Gobichettipalayam in Coimbatore District, one of the Girls' Schools proposed here may be opened at Tiruvati in Malabar as suggested above.

X In Moodabidri we are situating our Basic Training School and I wonder whether it is necessary to open a middle school there and the D.P.I. may be asked to suggest another place.

TSA
10-5-48

Please see the minutes of HM (Edn) above. If as ordered Tiruvati in Malabar is substituted for Kollegal in Coimbatore Dt. there will be six centres for the opening of new middle schools for girls by local bodies. If all the six centres are selected, there will be no need to select ~~another place~~ one more centre in lieu of Moodabidri in South Kanara for the opening of a new middle school by private agency - Provision has been made in the budget for the payment of grants only for six new middle schools for girls to be opened under the system of special aid. Orders of HM (Edn) may therefore be taken as to whether a reference should go to the Director as ordered at X ~~above~~ on p 46 ante and if so ~~to select~~ selection of 5 centres may be made out of the six mentioned in para 3 on p45 ante.

USK
11/5/48

11.5.48

11/5/48

Hr. (Edn.)

12/5

The reference to the D.P.I. need not go. I understand from the D.P.I. that the basic training school in Moodabidri is not very conveniently situated there and so may have to be shifted to another place and so the girls school suggested for Moodabidri in the previous note may be retained instead of being started in Malabar.

TSA
11.5.48

SECRETARY, EDN. AND P. H. DEPT.
12 MAY 1948
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

A draft order is submitted below for approval. Finance may see before issue.

USK
12.5.48

12.5.48

E&PH No.
29512 B/48-8

35451

ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
13 MAY 1948
EDUCATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPT.

Finance (Exp A)

(Previous Finance note on p 46 above)

Notes from p. 44 above may be perused.

The draft order may be accepted and the file returned to E&PH.

13.5.48

12/5/48

13.5.48

36824 (A)
MAY 1948
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

ExpA - Fin U.O. 3682