Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

1

Recd. 1907. *Enclosures*
Regd. 1907. *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 198, 5th April 1907.

14

Training class for teachers in European schools.

Informing the Director of Public Instruction that a — has been established at Sanawar in the Punjab and requesting him to give due publicity of the establishment of the class, to invite applications from intending candidates and to notify the conditions which the candidates are expected to satisfy.

[B/]

593—19-4-06.

Educational (1907) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 198

DATED 5-4-07

Urgent

[Despatch Abstract.]

Training class for teachers in European Schools

Informing the D.P.I. that a — has been established at Sanawar in the Punjab & requesting him to give due publicity of the establishment of the class, inviting applications from intending candidates & notifying the conditions which the ~~candidates~~ they are expected to satisfy.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

2

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.	1907.	*Enclosure.*
Regd.		*Spare copies*

G.O., No. 198, 5th April 1907.

Training class for teachers in European schools.

Informing the Director of Public Instruction that a — has been established at Sanawar in the Punjab and requesting him to give due publicity of the establishment of the class, to invite applications from intending candidates and to notify the conditions which the candidates are expected to satisfy.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following papers :—

I

G.O., Nos. 565, 566, Educational, dated 19th November 1903.

Abstract.—Submitting to the Government of India remarks on the draft code for European schools.

II

G.O., No. 599, Educational, dated 5th September 1905.

Abstract.—Forwarding to the Director of Public Instruction the Code of Regulations for European schools received from the Government of India and requesting him to submit detailed proposals for its introduction in the Madras Presidency.

III

Letter—from G. B. H. Fell, Esq., I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India (Home Department—Education).
To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 23rd February 1907.
No.—155.

I am directed to refer to paragraph 4 of the Home Department letter No. 531, dated the 14th August 1905, and to forward, for the information of the Governor in Council, a copy of the despatches noted on the margin regarding the establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located, in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

To the Secretary of State, No. 373, dated the 18th October 1906.

From the Secretary of State, No. 187 (Public), dated the 7th December 1906.

2. The reasons which have prompted the decision to leave the question of the permanent location of the training college in abeyance for the present, and to make a beginning on a less expensive scale and on experimental lines at Sanawar, are explained in paragraph 2 of the Government of India's despatch dated the 18th October 1906. Excluding the stipends, the cost of which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, the whole expenditure involved in the establishment of the training class will be met from the Punjab provincial revenues supplemented by a recurring annual contribution of Rs. 10,000 from Imperial revenues through the Land Revenue head, commencing from the year 1907–1908. The rate of stipend has been fixed at Rs. 40 a month.

3. As the success of the present scheme depends to a great extent upon the interest taken in it by local Governments and the educational authorities, the Government of India hope that measures will be adopted to encourage students from the Madras Presidency to take advantage of the new training class, and that school-managers may be induced to guarantee employment to trained students on their return to their own province.

Enclosures.

Despatch—from the Government of India, Finance Department, (Salaries, Establishments, etc.—Education).
To—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.
Dated—Simla, the 18th October 1906.
No.—373.

We have the honour to lay before you proposals for the establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located in the first instance at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. In 1901 Lord Curzon's Government, in dealing with the problem of improving European education in India, considered that it should be possible to effect a great improvement in the standard and quality of the teachers in European schools by establishing a college for such teachers. Previous efforts in this direction had not borne much fruit: a small number of European teachers were being trained in a desultory way, but the existing arrangements were admitted to be generally inadequate. Lord Curzon's Government hoped to be able to secure increased salaries for teachers in European schools, and we trust that, in this respect, their aims are in process of realisation. But it is plain that no mere raising of emoluments can effect a real improvement in the standard of European education unless a regular supply of properly trained instructors is secured; and at the present moment there is hardly any more conspicuous defect in our European system of education than the absence of any organized endeavour to provide them. Our predecessors recognized that there were difficulties in the way, arising mainly from the lack of candidates, and from the necessity of seeing that religious ministrations were available, and of placing an institution to be attended by students from all provinces under the control of a single local Government. But they did not regard these as insuperable, and their original intention was to select Allahabad as a suitable site, and to establish a central training college there which should accommodate about twenty-five students at a time. Local Governments generally favoured the scheme, and the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces estimated the initial cost of locating the college at Allahabad at Rs. 70,000 and the cost of maintenance at Rs. 9,000 per annum. The Committee which inquired in 1903–1904 into the financial condition of hill schools for Europeans discovered, however, that opinion in European schools generally did not regard Allahabad as a suitable site: and when the scheme was subsequently discussed at a conference held at Simla in 1905, at which the Directors of Public Instruction from the northern provinces were present, it was thought that it would be better to make a beginning at some hill station. The Directors questioned whether the results to be expected from an establishment placed at Allahabad would justify the large expenditure anticipated; and they suggested that it would be more prudent to make a beginning on a less expensive scale, and mentioned Sanawar as likely to prove a suitable site for temporary purposes. They had reason to believe that no large expenditure on buildings would be necessary there.

3. In view of this opinion we decided to leave the question of the permanent location of the training college in abeyance, but to make a beginning on a modest scale and on a temporary basis. The proposal to locate the college at Sanawar for the time being had the merit of being immediately feasible if suitable arrangements could be made for the housing of the students. We accordingly referred the matter to the Punjab Government. The proposals laid before it were—

- (i) that a training class for European teachers should be instituted at Sanawar;
- (ii) that it would suffice at the outset to engage as master a thoroughly qualified officer of the Indian Educational Service;
- (iii) that suitable arrangements for housing the master and the students should be made as inexpensively as possible; and
- (iv) that the Lawrence Military Asylum should be used as a practising school for the training class, and that the Principal of the Asylum should be required to assist in training the students.

4. You will see that the local Government has readily accepted the scheme, and reports that Sanawar is suitable as a site for the training class, and that accommodation is already available for fifteen students. It proposes to create a post of master, to be included in the Indian Educational Service, on a pay of Rs. 500—700 a month, and it suggests that, in view of the additional work which will devolve upon the staff of the Lawrence Asylum by the institution of the training class, an allowance of Rs. 200 a month should be granted to the Principal, and allowances of Rs. 30 and 50 a month to the gymnastic instructor and clerk respectively. It advises that stipends of Rs. 40 per mensem should be granted to the teachers under training, and that tuition fees should not be charged.

5. We accept these proposals as generally suitable. We shall recommend, however, a slight change in the rate of pay proposed for the mastership; and while we support the proposal for a local allowance of Rs. 200 a month, so far as the present Principal of the Lawrence Asylum is concerned, we consider that it should be treated as personal to Mr. Hildesley, and should be subject to reconsideration in the event of a change of incumbents. We anticipate some difficulty

in getting students to attend the training class at first, and we do not think it advisable to offer lower stipends than those which the local Government suggests. If students are sent from other provinces than the Punjab the local Government concerned will pay their stipends. We consider too that, as the benefits of the class will not be confined to the Punjab, the local Government should receive some assistance in maintaining it, and for this purpose we propose to allot a recurring grant of Rs. 10,000, from the year 1907–1908, from the grant of five lakhs which was sanctioned in aid of technical and European education in your despatch No. 25 (Public), dated the 23rd February 1906. This grant will be continued so long as the training class is maintained at Sanawar. In the event of the class being removed to another province the grant of Rs. 10,000 will be transferred with it.

6. We now propose accordingly that a post in the Indian Educational Service be created for the master of the training class, but we suggest that the pay should be fixed at Rs. 500—50—750. We are unable to accept His Honour's suggestion that Mr. Tydeman should be placed in charge of the class, as we cannot agree that he has the necessary qualifications. We think that the candidate selected for the post should be a gentleman of English University education with some experience in training, and we would ask you to be good enough to recruit such a gentleman from England. He would be eligible for promotion in due course to the higher rate of pay of members of the Indian Educational Service, and as the scheme is of an experimental character it should be provided that he will also be liable to transfer to any other province.

7. We add an estimate of the cost of the scheme:—

	Average cost per mensem.		
	RS.	A.	P.
(*a*) Master of the training class	666	10	8
(*b*) Local allowance to the Revd. A. H. Hildesley, Principal, Lawrence Asylum	200	0	0
(*c*) Stipends to 15 students at Rs. 40 a month each . ..	600	0	0
(*d*) Local allowance to the gymnastic instructor, Lawrence Asylum	30	0	0
(*e*) Local allowance to the clerk, Lawrence Asylum	50	0	0
Total ..	1,546	10	8

Besides the foregoing items there will be some expenditure on account of menial establishments and contingencies. Excluding the stipends, the cost of which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, the whole expenditure will be met from the Punjab provincial revenues assisted by the grant of Rs. 10,000 a year.

8. We regard these proposals as eminently of a tentative character. Much will depend upon the interest taken by local Governments and educational authorities in the new class, and much upon the character and energy of the officer in charge of it. But as we have mentioned in paragraph 2 above, we are anxious to remove what is at present a conspicuous defect in our European educational system, and we trust that you will be able to approve our proposals. We shall of course take the necessary steps to enlist the co-operation of other local Governments. If, however, the experiment should fail through lack of candidates, the officer recruited for the mastership can without difficulty be absorbed in the inspectorate, and the eventual loss to Government will be small.

Despatch— from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.
To—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council.
Dated—the 7th December 1906.
No.—187 (Public).

I have considered in Council the letter of Your Excellency's Government in the Finance Department, No. 373, dated the 18th October last, regarding the proposed establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located, in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. Your proposals arise out of the conclusion arrived at by the Government of India in 1901 that it would be possible to effect a great improvement in the standard and quality of the teachers in European schools by establishing a college for such teachers. You now recommend that the question of the permanent location of the training college should be left in abeyance for the present, and that a beginning should be made on inexpensive and experimental lines by the establishment of a class at Sanawar, where building accommodation for a master and fifteen students is already available, and the Lawrence Military Asylum will serve as a practising school. Your proposals, which involve an expenditure of Rs. 18,460 per annum, include the appointment of an officer of the Indian Educational Service (to be recruited in England), on a salary of Rs. 500—50—750 a month, as master, the grant of an allowance of Rs. 200 a month to the Principal of the Lawrence Asylum, to be treated at present as personal to Mr. Hildesley, and the grant of a stipend of Rs 40 a month to each student, and of allowances of Rs. 30 and Rs. 50 a month respectively to the gymnastic instructor and to the clerk at the Asylum. Since it is hoped that the benefits of the class will not be confined to the Punjab, you propose to allot to the Punjab Government, so long as the class remains in that province, a recurring annual grant of Rs 10,000 from the grant of five lakhs per annum recently sanctioned by me for Technical and European and Eurasian education, leaving the excess expenditure, excluding the stipends, which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, to be met from the provincial revenues of the Punjab.

3. I sanction Your Excellency's proposals, and will take steps for the selection and appointment of a gentleman possessing the necessary qualifications for the post of master.

Order—No. 198, Educational, dated 5th April 1907.

With reference to paragraph 4 of the letter from the Government of India, No. 531, Education, dated 14th August 1905, printed with G.O., No. 599, Educational, dated 5th September 1905, the Director of Public Instruction will be informed that the Government of India have sanctioned, with the approval of the Secretary of State, the establishment tentatively of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. As the success of the scheme depends to a great extent upon the interest taken in it by the educational authorities, the Government of India hope that measures will be adopted to encourage students from the Madras Presidency to take advantage of the new training class, and that school-managers may be induced to guarantee employment to trained students on their return from the training class after successfully completing their course of training.

3. The rate of stipend to be paid to a student under training is Rs. 40 a month and it will be paid by the Local Government of the province from which the student is sent. No tuition fees will be charged for the training of the student.

4. The Director will be requested to give due publicity to the establishment of the training class and invite applications from intending candidates, notifying at the same time the conditions which they will be expected to satisfy. He should ascertain the date of opening of the class from the Director of Public Instruction, the Punjab.

(True Extract.)

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
,, Accountant-General.
,, Financial Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 198, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 5TH APRIL 1907.

[SUBJECT.—*Establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools.*]

From the Government of India, dated 23rd *February* 1907, *No.* 155.

As spare copies of the enclosures are not available, it is submitted that the letter from the Government of India may be circulated in original.

P.R.—1-3-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—1-3-07.

C. A. SOUTER—2-3-07.

Circulated for perusal—

H. D. TAYLOR—3-3-07.

G. S. F[ORBES].

M. H[AMMICK].

A. L[AWLEY]—7-3-07.

Submitted that the Director of Public Instruction may be informed of the establishment of the training class at Sanawar in the Punjab and of the rate of scholarship to be paid to a student under training and that he may be requested to give due publicity to the establishment of the class and invite applications from intending candidates.

2. A draft order is submitted for approval.

T.K.—14-3-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—14-3-07.

C. A. SOUTER—15-3-07.

The charge will be Provincial. Financial should therefore see and accept.

H. D. TAYLOR—16-3-07.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The rate of stipend to be paid to a student that will be sent to the training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located at Sanawar in the Punjab, is Rs. 40 per mensem or Rs. 480 per annum, and the cost of the stipends will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent. The amount that will have to be borne by Madras is not, it is submitted, likely to be large.

Paragraph 2 of Home department letter No. 155, dated 23rd February 1907.

The draft may, it is submitted, be accepted.

V.G.K.—25-3-07.

C. M. SCHMIDT—30-3-07.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

For approval.

H. D. TAYLOR—3-4-07.

G. S. F[ORBES]—4-4-07.

Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—4-4-07.

[G.O., No. 198, Educational, dated 5th April 1907.]

[E.]
1,500—12-12-

GO No. 198 Edl.
5-4-07

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

6

CURRENT FILE.

CONTENTS.

From	Number.	Date.	Pages.

[P. T. O. FOR PUT UP PAPERS.

PAPERS PUT UP WITH CURRENT No. ______

Papers of the department to which the current belongs.

Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Remarks. (In this column such of the papers as have been removed for copying, printing, &c., should be marked with a cross.)	Initials of Referencer with date in token of return to Reference department.
240	28-3-06			
681	21-10-05			
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81	14-2-03			
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Papers of other departments.

Department.	Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Despatcher to note the return of the papers to the departments concerned.

Rcd [illegible] 1-3-07

Cur No 490 Edl
1

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL SECRETARIAT. 1 - MAR 1907

7

28

No. 155.

FROM
G. B. H. FELL, Esq.,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India,

To
The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Educational Department.

Home Department.
Education.

Calcutta, the 23 February 1907.

SIR,

I AM directed to refer to paragraph 4 of the Home Department letter no. 531, dated the 14th August 1905, and to forward, for the information of the Governor in Council, a copy of the despatches noted on the margin regarding the establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located, in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

To the Secretary of State, no. 373, dated the 18th October 1906.
From the Secretary of State, no. 187 (Public), dated the 7th December 1906.

Pages 2-5 infra

-E.

G.O. 599 Edl / 5-9-05

E

2. The reasons which have prompted the decision to leave the question of the permanent location of the training college in abeyance for the present, and to make a beginning on a less expensive scale and on experimental lines at Sanawar, are explained in paragraph 2 of the Government of India's despatch dated the 18th October 1906. Excluding the stipends, the cost of which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, the whole expenditure involved in the establishment of the training class will be met from the Punjab provincial revenues supplemented by a recurring annual contribution of R10,000 from Imperial revenues through the Land Revenue head, commencing from the year 1907-08. The rate of tsipend has been fixed at R40 a month.

Page 2 infra

X

3. As the success of the present scheme depends to a great extent upon the interest taken in it by local Governments and the educational authorities, the Government of India hope that measures will be adopted to encorage students from the Madras Presidency to take advantage of the new training class, and that school-managers may be induced to guarantee employment to trained students on their return to their own province.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your most obedient servant,
G Fell
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

DR
1/3/07

2

8

3S.P.

NO. 373 OF 1906.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

SALARIES, ESTABLISHMENTS, ETC.
Education.

To

THE RIGHT HON'BLE JOHN MORLEY, O.M.,
His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

Simla, the 18th October 1906.

SIR,

WE have the honour to lay before you proposals for the establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located in the first instance at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. In 1901 Lord Curzon's Government, in dealing with the problem of improving European education in India, considered that it should be possible to effect a great improvement in the standard and quality of the teachers in European schools by establishing a college for such teachers. Previous efforts in this direction had not borne much fruit: a small number of European teachers were being trained in a desultory way, but the existing arrangements were admitted to be generally inadequate. Lord Curzon's Government hoped to be able to secure increased salaries for teachers in European schools, and we trust that, in this respect, their aims are in process of realisation. But it is plain that no mere raising of emoluments can effect a real improvement in the standard of European education unless a regular supply of properly trained instructors is secured; and at the present moment there is hardly any more conspicuous defect in our European system of education than the absence of any organized endeavour to provide them. Our predecessors recognised that there were difficulties in the way, arising mainly from the lack of candidates, and from the necessity of seeing that religious ministrations were available, and of placing an institution to be attended by students from all provinces under the control of a single local Government. But they did not regard these as insuperable, and their original intention was to select Allahabad as a suitable site, and to establish a central training college there which should accommodate about twenty-five students at a time. Local Governments generally favoured the scheme, and the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces estimated the initial cost of locating the college at Allahabad at Rs. 70,000, and the cost of maintenance at Rs. 9,000 per annum. The Committee which inquired in 1903-04 into the financial condition of hill schools for Europeans discovered, however, that opinion in European schools generally did not regard Allahabad as a suitable site: and when the scheme was subsequently discussed at a conference held at Simla in 1905, at which the Directors of Public Instruction from the northern provinces were present, it was thought that it would be better to make a beginning at some hill station. The Directors questioned whether the results to be expected from an establishment placed at Allahabad would justify the large expenditure anticipated; and they suggested that it would be more prudent to make a beginning on a less expensive scale, and mentioned Sanawar as likely to prove a suitable site for temporary purposes. They had reason to believe that no large expenditure on buildings would be necessary there. 7558d / 16-12-01 B

3. In view of this opinion we decided to leave the question of the permanent location of the training college in abeyance, but to make a beginning on a modest scale and on a temporary basis. The proposal to locate the college at Sanawar

Enclosure No. 1.

Enclosure No. 2.

for the time being had the merit of being immediately feasible if suitable arrangements could be made for the housing of the students. We accordingly referred the matter to the Punjab Government. The proposals laid before it were—

- (i) that a training class for European teachers should be instituted at Sanawar;
- (ii) that it would suffice at the outset to engage as master a thoroughly qualified officer of the Indian Educational Service;
- (iii) that suitable arrangements for housing the master and the students should be made as inexpensively as possible; and
- (iv) that the Lawrence Military Asylum should be used as a practising school for the training class, and that the Principal of the Asylum should be required to assist in training the students.

4. You will see that the local Government has readily accepted the scheme, and reports that Sanawar is suitable as a site for the training class, and that accommodation is already available for fifteen students. It proposes to create a post of master, to be included in the Indian Educational Service, on a pay of Rs. 500—700 a month, and it suggests that, in view of the additional work which will devolve upon the staff of the Lawrence Asylum by the institution of the training class, an allowance of Rs. 200 a month should be granted to the Principal, and allowances of Rs. 30 and 50 a month to the gymnastic instructor and clerk respectively. It advises that stipends of Rs. 40 per mensem should be granted to the teachers under training, and that tuition fees should not be charged.

5. We accept these proposals as generally suitable. We shall recommend, however, a slight change in the rate of pay proposed for the mastership; and while we support the proposal for a local allowance of Rs. 200 a month, so far as the present Principal of the Lawrence Asylum is concerned, we consider that it should be treated as personal to Mr. Hildesley, and should be subject to reconsideration in the event of a change of incumbents. We anticipate some difficulty in getting students to attend the training class at first, and we do not think it advisable to offer lower stipends than those which the local Government suggests. If students are sent from other provinces than the Punjab the local Government concerned will pay their stipends. We consider too that, as the benefits of the class will not be confined to the Punjab, the local Government should receive some assistance in maintaining it, and for this purpose we propose to allot a recurring grant of Rs. 10,000, from the year 1907-08, from the grant of five lakhs which was sanctioned in aid of technical and European education in your despatch No. 25 (Public), dated the 23rd February 1906. This grant will be continued so long as the training class is maintained at Sanawar. In the event of the class being removed to another province the grant of Rs. 10,000 will be transferred with it.

6. We now propose accordingly that a post in the Indian Educational Service be created for the master of the training class, but we suggest that the pay should be fixed at Rs. 500—50—750. We are unable to accept His Honour's suggestion that Mr. Tydeman should be placed in charge of the class, as we cannot agree that he has the necessary qualifications. We think that the candidate selected for the post should be a gentleman of English University education with some experience in training, and we would ask you to be good enough to recruit such a gentleman from England. He would be eligible for promotion in due course to the higher rate of pay of members of the Indian Educational Service, and as the scheme is of an experimental character it should be provided that he will also be liable to transfer to any other province.

7. We add an estimate of the cost of the scheme:—

	Average cost per mensem. Rs.	A.	P.
(a) Master of the training class	666	10	8
(b) Local allowance to the Revd. A. H. Hildesley, Principal, Lawrence Asylum	200	0	0
(c) Stipends to 15 students at Rs. 40 a month each ...	600	0	0
(d) Local allowance to the gymnastic instructor, Lawrence Asylum	30	0	0
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Total ...	1,546	10	8

Besides the foregoing items there will be some expenditure on account of menial establishments and contingencies. Excluding the stipends, the cost of which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, the whole expenditure will be met from the Punjab provincial revenues assisted by the grant of Rs. 10,000 a year.

8. We regard these proposals as eminently of a tentative character. Much will depend upon the interest taken by local Governments and educational authorities in the new class, and much upon the character and energy of the officer in charge of it. But as we have mentioned in paragraph 2 above, we are anxious to remove what is at present a conspicuous defect in our European educational system, and we trust that you will be able to approve our proposals. We shall of course take the necessary steps to enlist the co-operation of other local Governments. If, however, the experiment should fail through lack of candidates, the officer recruited for the mastership can without difficulty be absorbed in the inspectorate, and the eventual loss to Government will be small.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient, humble Servants,

(Signed) KITCHENER.
„ DENZIL IBBETSON.
„ H. E. RICHARDS.
„ E. N. BAKER.
„ C. H. SCOTT.
„ H. ADAMSON.

No. 5706-Ex.

COPY* forwarded to the Home Department for information.

By order,

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

* Original papers returned.

India Office, London,
7th December 1906.

Public,
No. 187.

To His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General of India in Council.

My Lord,

I have considered in Council the letter of Your Excellency's Government in the Finance Department, no. 373, dated the 18th October last, regarding the proposed establishment of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located, in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. Your proposals arise out of the conclusion arrived at by the Government of India in 1901 that it would be possible to effect a great improvement in the standard and quality of the teachers in European schools by establishing a college for such teachers. You now recommend that the question of the permanent location of the training college should be left in abeyance for the present, and that a beginning should be made on inexpensive and experimental lines by the establishment of a class at Sanawar, where building accommodation for a master and fifteen students is already available, and the Lawrence Military Asylum will serve as a practising school. Your proposals, which involve an expenditure of R18,460 per annum, include the appointment of an officer of the Indian Educational Service (to be recruited in England), on a salary of R500—50—750 a month, as master, the grant of an allowance of R200 a month to the Principal of the Lawrence Asylum, to be treated at present as personal to Mr. Hildesley, and the grant of a stipend of R40 a month to each student, and of allowances of R30 and R50 a month respectively to the gymnastic instructor and to the clerk at the Asylum. Since it is hoped that the benefits of the class will not be confined to the Punjab, you propose to allot to the Punjab Government, so long as the class remains in that province, a recurring annual grant of R10,000 from the grant of five lakhs per annum recently sanctioned by me for Technical and European and Eurasian education, leaving the excess expenditure, excluding the stipends, which will be borne by the provinces from which the students are sent, to be met from the provincial revenues of the Punjab.

3. I sanction Your Excellency's proposals, and will take steps for the selection and appointment of a gentleman possessing the necessary qualifications for the post of master.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord,
Your Lordship's most obedient, humble servant
JOHN MORLEY.

G. I. C. P. O.—No. 4109 D. H.—22-2-1907.—400.—G. C. S.

E/2.
1,000—10-11-06.

Note 197 Edn 07
5-4-07

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1P

Edl DEPARTMENT.

11

C. No. 490 From the Government of India No. 155, dated 23-2-1907.

SUBJECT. Establishment of a training class for male teachers in European Schools.

As spare copies of the enclosures are not available it is submitted that the letter from the Government of India may be circulated in original.

1/3/07

1.3.07

Sec,
Cles
2.3.7

1/ Circulated for persual.

I ~~The Hon. [illegible]~~ Mr Forbes C.S.I.

II The Hon. Mr Hammick C.S.I., C.I.E.

III His Exc. the Governor

13.3.07

7.3.07.

T.K.

Now deal with this [illegible].

8/3/07

Submitted that the D.P.I. may be informed of the establishment of the training class at Sanawar in the Punjab and of the rate of scholarship to be paid to a student under training and that he may be requested to give due publicity to the establishment of the class and invite applications from intending candidates

7 2

28/12

2. A draft-order is placed below for approval.

T.T.
14.3.07

R.D.
14.3.07

15.3.7.

The charge will be Provincial. Financial should therefore see & accept

H.W.
16.3.07

Ed. U.O. D No. 490-1
18/3/07

Rd 18.3.07

CURRENT NO.
1457-A
FINANCIAL

Recd. 18-3-07

Para: 2 of Home Dept. letter 155, 23-2.07 (Govt of India)

The rate of stipend to be paid to a student that will be sent to the training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located at Sanawar in the Punjab, is Rs. 40 p.m. or Rs. 480 p.a and the cost of the stipends will be borne by the Provinces from which the students are sent. The amount that will have to be borne by Madras is, it is subd., not likely to be large.

The draft may, it is subd., be accepted.

25.3.07.

30.3.07

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL
3 APR 1907
SECRETARIAT

Fin U.O.D 1457 A-1
2.4.07

Ed. U.O.

For approval

H.M.

3.4.07

8

[——]
1,000—10-11-06.

Educational DEPARTMENT.

13

READ AGAIN G.O., No. *565-66 Ed* dated *19-11-*1903.
" " " " *599 Ed* " *5-9-*1905.

abstract

READ ALSO:—

C. No. *490* From the *Govt of I-*, No. *155*, dated *23rd Feb* 1907.

" " , " " , " , " 190 .

" " , " " , " , " 190 .

6P

ORDER.

P. S-

Dp
4/4/07

E

No. *198*, dated *5-4-1907*.

With ref. to para. 4 of the letter from the Govt. of I. no. 531, Education, dated 14th August 1905, printed with G.O. no. 599 Edl dated 5th September 1905, the D.P.I. will be informed that the Govt. of India have sanctioned, with the approval of the Secy. of State, the establishment tentatively of a training class for male teachers in European schools, to be located in the first instance, at Sanawar in the Punjab.

2. As the success of the scheme depends to a great extent upon th

Para. 3 of the Govt of I. letter on p. 1 of current file.

9

1478

interest taken in it by ~~local Govt and~~ the educational authorities, the Govt. of India hope that measures will be adopted to encourage students from the Madras Presidency to take advantage of the new training class, and that school managers may be induced to guarantee employment to trained students on their return from the training class after successfully completing their course of training.

Para 2 of the Govt of I. letter on p. 1 of current file.

3. The rate of stipend to be paid to a student under training is ~~has been fixed at~~ Rs 40 a month and it will be paid by the ~~Province~~ Loc. Govt from which the student is sent. No tuition fees will be charged for the training of the student.

Para 4 of the Despatch from the Govt of I. page 3 of current file

4. The Director will be requested to give due publicity to the establishment of the training class and invite applications from intending candidates, notifying at the same time the conditions which they will be expected to satisfy. He should ascertain the date of opening of the class from the D.P.I., the Punjab.

CW
15.3.7

To
The D.P.I.
A.G.
Finl. Deptt

Desptd
20/4/7

T.K.
14-3-07

14.3.07

16.3.07

First copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

Number of copies required {
Order complete. ~~48~~ 66
Letter only.
Order complete with Letter.

Read again G.O., No. 565-66, dated 19-11-03 /P.
120 539 5-9-05

W/ Out

8 now Proof pla

18

5/12/07

Current No. 490- A

Enclosures to C. No. A

8 P
notes 1-2 P

Order of Government A

Letter to Government.

Statement with ditto.

Papers not filed up, being ready for despatch in original.

N.B.—
A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.