Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd. } 1907. *Enclosures*

Regd. *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 82, 18th February 1907.

Reformatory School, Chingleput.

Accepting the recommendations of the committee appointed to consider the question o improving the accommodation of the —.

[B. —]
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Educational (1907) Department.

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67

[Despatch Abstract.]

Reformatory School, Chingleput – Accepting the recommendations of the Committee appointed to consider the question of improving the accommodation of the —.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government of Madras. ✓

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Recd. 1907. *Enclosures*

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G.O., No. 82, 18th February 1907.

Reformatory School, Chingleput.

Accepting the recommendations of the committee appointed to consider the question o improving the accommodation of the —.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

G.O., No. 614, Educational, dated 19th September 1906.

ABSTRACT.—Appointing a Committee to consider and report whether the buildings on the premises of the Reformatory School not connected with the school should be retained or taken over for Reformatory purposes or removed altogether, what structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory, what additional accommodation is required, and the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed.

II

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. T. T. LOGAN, B.A., Acting Director of Public Instruction.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—Madras, the 7th December 1906.
R.C. No.—7244.

In their order No. 614, Educational, dated 19th September 1906, Government expressed the opinion that it was essential to arrive at some definite understanding as to the additional accommodation still required for the Reformatory School at Chingleput, and appointed a committee consisting of the Collector of the Chingleput district, the Sanitary Commissioner, the Superintending Engineer, V Circle, and myself to consider and report on the question.

2. As President I proposed that the committee should meet on the 29th October. The Superintending Engineer, Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Ellis, proposed a postponement on the ground that he was shortly to hand over charge of his office. The Collector also reported that that date would not suit him. I then proposed the 16th November 1906 and on this date at 8 A.M. the committee met at the Reformatory School, Chingleput. A list of structural alterations and improvements to existing buildings and of new buildings required having been previously drawn up, the committee discussed the necessity for each one of them on the spot.

3. The committee were required by Government to consider—

(i) whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the reformatory should be retained or taken over for reformatory purposes or removed altogether;

(ii) what structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the reformatory,

(iii) what additional accommodation is required; and

(iv) the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed, having due regard to sanitary requirements, the arrangement of the existing buildings and the space available.

The following are the observations and recommendations of the committee under each of these heads.

4. *Whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the reformatory should be retained or taken over for reformatory purposes or removed altogether.*—These buildings are the sub-jail and the sub-registrar's office.

The latter has been vacated and will shortly be made over to the reformatory. It is near the main gate and will do very well as a store-room for manufactured articles intended for sale. The committee, therefore, unanimously agreed that it should be retained and fitted up with a few racks of the type of the record racks which may be found in some of the offices in Madras so as to make it suitable for a show room.

As regards the sub-jail, it is most desirable that its transfer should be made with the least possible delay as its presence in the compound is a matter for serious objection on both sanitary and moral grounds. Effective control cannot be exercised over the main entrance gate of the compound as it is the way in and the way out for the criminal population, and for Police constables and other servants of the jail. The boys, it appears, have been detected communicating with the prisoners and the undesirability of a criminal population being situated within the school precincts cannot be too strongly urged. The building is so peculiarly designed that it would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to make it suitable for reformatory purposes. It covers a large area and there is no particular reason for allowing it to stand. The committee being of opinion that it simply "cumbereth the ground" decided that it should be demolished and that the space thus acquired could be much more advantageously utilized when further expansion of the reformatory demands increased accommodation. A

5. *What structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the reformatory.*—The two buildings which require alteration are those called "The Big Barrack" and "The Hospital Block".

The committee were of opinion that the removal of the partition walls, the provision of additional ventilators and the renewal of the roof will make the Big Barrack a suitable dormitory and that the cost of all these improvements would be much less than that of building a new dormitory which is the only alternative. Both the buildings also require to be altered by dismantling the existing cubicles and replacing them by hammocks. It is also necessary that in the Big Barrack space should be reserved for putting up about 20 bug proof cubicles for special cases which may require isolation.

It may here be mentioned that estimates for the necessary alterations to these two buildings have already been prepared by the Public Works Department, that for the Hospital Block is in the Superintending Engineer's office awaiting the orders of Government on this report and that for the Big Barrack is in the Executive Engineer's office.

It was pointed out that the blacksmiths' shop situated in what was once a range of stables, is ill-ventilated and requires a new roof with ridge ventilation. Enquiries showed that it was not the building but the furnaces that required improvement The shops as a terraced roof and the six existing furnaces being ill-designed the building gets filled with smoke when the classes are at work. The instructors and pupils are thereby greatly inconvenienced and their work is retarded. The committee decided that what was really wanted was the construction of two well-designed furnaces in lieu of the existing ones.

6. (i) *What additional accommodation is required and the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed having due regard to sanitary requirements, the arrangement of existing buildings and the space available.*—The school building in which the general education classes are held does not afford sufficient accommodation for all the classes, and some of them have to be held in the verandahs. This want of school accommodation will become greater when the strength reaches its maximum of 250. Similarly the small room situated to the west of it which was originally a room for police guard and in which the drawing class is now held, is not nearly large enough for the purpose. The tailoring classes have no separate accommodation and are in consequence held in the verandahs of the school building when the general education classes are not at work. To remedy these defects and to provide sufficient and suitable accommodation for all these classes it was resolved that a new two-storied building be constructed at right angles to the present school house.

(ii) The timber which is required for the carpentry classes is at present stocked and sawn close to the hospital. In the opinion of the committee this is, for obvious reasons, the very last place that should be used for such a purpose. A timber shed and a saw pit were therefore considered necessary but the only way to find suitable space for these is by removing the bastion near the gate opening on the railway line and it was therefore decided that it should be removed and that in the space thus acquired a shed with a corrugated zinc roof should be put up sufficient to hold 10 tons of teak and that a saw-pit should be made close to it.

(iii) The rations are at present stored in a small room near the sub-jail and the firewood is stacked in an open court yard in front of this room. For obvious reasons the fire-wood shed should be as near the kitchen as possible. It was decided that when separate accommodation had been provided for the drawing classes, the present drawing room might be utilized for the storage of rations and that a separate fire-wood shed could be put up near the kitchen after the removal of the bastion.

(iv) The existing latrines are insufficient and this deficiency will be accentuated when the numer of boys increases. They are also defective from a sanitary point of view. The committee therefore decided to recommend that the type of latrine now in use in the Cuddalore Jail be erected on the present site.

(v) The construction of a masonry dhobykhana was also considered necessary. This it was decided might be done by enlarging and revetting the existing pond in the tank and by protecting it from public use by building a wall round it.

(vi) It was reported that the present water-supply was insufficient in the hot weather and in times of drought. An inspection of the existing well led to the conclusion that the sinking of one or more wells near it would not increase the supply of water. There is a well near the hospital but the water being unsuited for drinking purposes it is at present used only for ablution purposes. There is yet another well in the school garden where vegetables are grown but the soil here is highly manured and the water therefore cannot be used for drinking purposes. It was therefore resolved that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway Company in 1898 be taken back and that arrangements be made to prevent its being polluted.

(vii) The desirability of constructing lines for the guarding staff and menial establishment of the school was also considered. These servants at present live in different parts of the town and cannot always be found when they are wanted as may well be imagined. This, at times, causes great inconvenience. Further, in times of epidemic there is the possibility of their being a great source of danger to the inmates of the reformatory. It was therefore decided that it was very desirable that they should be required to live in specially constructed lines which should be open to inspection by the authorities of the school and by the medical officers. Accommodation will be required for about 30 servants, five of whom are toties. The question of sites for these lines was then considered and the committee were of opinion that the huts for the toties might be built in the open space adjoining the "moat house" belonging to the Reformatory and those for the other servants on the square piece of land in front of it and on the other side of the road. It was suggested that this piece of land might be acquired.

(viii) Certain minor improvements were also considered necessary in connection with the newly constructed dormitory building and the quarantine shed.

(*a*) The dormitory is so constructed that the steps at one end and a room at the other block the passage round the verandahs. The patrolling peons are not therefore able to walk completely round the verandahs, but have to go over the same ground twice in order to make a complete circuit of the building. A gang way over the steps and a passage through the end room were considered necessary. It was also agreed that night latrines should be built one in the upper and another in the lower verandah. The batten doors at present provided do not allow the patrolling peon to see into the hall, and it was therefore considered that their conversion into half batten and half barred doors was a desirable improvement.

(*b*) Boys who come from infected areas are detained in the quarantine shed during the period of observation before being admitted into the school. To prevent them from escaping at night they are chained up to a post by one leg. It was decided that this obviously objectionable method of safe keeping could be given up if masonry walls were substituted for the existing ones which are only made of bamboo matting; if they (the masonry walls) were coated with cement they could be thoroughly disinfected whenever it was thought necessary to do so. It was also considered desirable to protect the compound of the quarantine shed by putting up a wire fence all round it to prevent cattle from straying in.

7. In conclusion, the committee were of opinion that the Public Works Department should be asked to prepare at once estimates for all the improvements except the construction of the additional building proposed to be built at right angles to the school house, the estimate for which must necessarily be deferred until the removal of the sub-jail.

III

Memorandum No. 634, Educational, dated 31st December 1906.

With reference to paragraph 6 (vi) of his letter No. 7244, dated 7th December 1906, the Director of Public Instruction is requested to be so good as to submit a report, on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway of the use of the tank belonging to the Reformatory. Full information should be furnished regarding the circumstances and conditions under which the Railway Company was allowed the temporary use of the tank and copies of the papers on the subject should be furnished.

2. The Director is also requested to submit a copy of the report of the committee appointed to consider the question of alterations to and additional accommodation in the Reformatory School, signed by all the members.

(By Order.)

C. G. MACKAY,
Ag. Asst. Secretary to Government.

IV

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. T. T. LOGAN, B.A., Acting Director of Public Instruction.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated--Madras, the 18th January 1907.
No.—Ref. on Cur. 7244 of 1906.

With reference to Memorandum No. 634, Educational, dated 31st December 1906, I have the honour to state as follows:—

(i) In 1897, the South Indian Railway Company desired to acquire the tank in question and its adjacent ground. But on its being objected to, the Company requested that it might at least be allowed the following concessions:—

(1) Permission to draw water from the tank.
(2) A small piece of ground for erecting a pump.
(3) Permission to lay pipes from the pump to the station.

This request was again refused. On this the company again asked that permission might be granted to draw water from the tank and this was granted on condition that they give back the tank if it was found that its use by the company was prejudicial to the interests of the Reformatory. Copies of the correspondence on the subject are submitted herewith.

(ii) As regards a copy of the report signed by all the members called for by Government, I submit that the committee discussed the question on the spot and the President drew up the accompanying notes on what the committee thought necessary and forwarded a copy to each member for his remarks. The members all wrote back to say that they approved of the views and recommendations contained in the notes. Their replies are herewith submitted in original. The report I have submitted is based on these notes.

ENCLOSURES.

(1)

Letter—from J. H. ROBERTSON, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector of Chingleput.
To—the Collector of Chingleput.
Dated—the 11th January 1898.
No.—Dis. 95.

With reference to your foot-note Ref. on No. 2892/Genl., dated 10th November 1897, calling for certain information *in re* the acquisition by the South Indian Railway Company of a tank and its adjacent ground near the Chingleput Fort, I have the honour to enclose herein Chingleput Tahsildar's arzi Ref. on No. 4453-General, dated 21st December 1897, and its enclosures. It would appear therefrom that the District Surgeon and the Superintendent, Reformatory, objects to the acquisition of the land in question on the ground that the tank has been useful for the Reformatory boys for the past ten years and the adjacent ground is now used as a hay field and intended for agricultural operations when the school attains its full development. The Stationary Sub-Magistrate reports that the tank is likely to be useful for the sub-jail convicts as the sub-jail is to be removed to the bungalow near the tank. In these circumstances, its acquisition by the Railway Department seems objectionable. The value of the land has not been ascertained pending your final decision regarding the acquisition.

Endorsement by the Acting Collector of Chingleput, Dis. No. 119, *dated* 20*th January* 1898.

Communicated to the Agent, South Indian Railway, Trichinopoly, with reference to his letter No. 1675-7/4766.

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(2)

Letter—from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company.
To—the Collector of Chingleput.
Dated—the 3rd February 1898.
No.—R. 1675/15-503.

Referring to your foot-note No. 119, dated 20th January 1898, on copy of letter No. 95 of the 11th January 1898 from the Acting Sub-Collector of Chingleput, regarding the tank near Chingleput Fort, I have the honour to inquire whether there will be any objection to the Railway Company being allowed to draw water only from the tank in question.

The present supply of water at Chingleput station is bad, and as the water in the tank referred to has been ascertained to be fit both for drinking and boiler purposes, it will be a matter of great assistance to the Railway if a supply can be obtained from the tank under reference, and I shall be glad if you can see your way to granting the required permission. All that is necessary is to have the right of drawing water from the tank, a small piece of ground allotted on which to erect a pump, and the company to be allowed to lay pipes from the pump to the station.

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(3)

Letter—from Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. F. NAILER, M.B., I.M.S., Superintendent, Reformatory School, Chingleput.
To—the Sub-Collector of Chingleput.
Dated—the 3rd March 1898.
No.—408.

In reference to your endorsement No. 438/Gl., dated 25th February 1898, on the enclosed letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway, I have the honour to invite your attention in the first instance to this office letter dated 17th November 1897, No. 2000.

2. The tank referred to is not "near Chingleput Fort", as stated in the above letter, but *in* the fort, and in my possession reserved for and used by this school. I regret that in the interests of this school I cannot accede to the request of the Railway Company to draw water from the tank and to erect a pump for that purpose. The necessity of retaining the tank for the exclusive use of this school is manifest from the following facts :—

(*a*) When the kolavayi (Chingleput tank) dries up as it sometimes does, the tank referred to is the only one available for the pupils of this school to bathe in and to wash their clothes on its banks.

(*b*) When the kolavayi attains its "full tank level" during heavy rains it becomes unsafe for the pupils to bathe in or wash their clothes at. The tank in question is then brought into use.

(*c*) The land around the tank will soon be brought under cultivation to give the pupils some training in agricultural work. The tank will then be used for irrigation purposes. This department has already undergone some expenditure in repairing the breaches in the ramparts to prevent cattle from trespassing into the land.

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(4)

Letter—from the Officiating Agent, South Indian Railway.
To—the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
Dated—Trichinopoly, the 6th August 1898.
No.—R. 1675/15-2907.

I have the honour to forward herewith the enclosures enumerated below * and request your consideration of the fact enumerated therein. It is the desire of this Company to test practically the suitability of the water in the well referred and ascertain from a few months' use by locomotive whether the supply is such as to warrant any further expenditure in making it permanent. If after the period named, the Reformatory authorities consider that the further use of the well by this Company is so detrimental to their interest as to warrant a discontinuance of the arrangement, we shall be prepared to withdraw.

* Nos. (1), (2) and (3) printed above.

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(5)

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. D. DUNCAN, Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
To—the Agent, South Indian Railway.
Dated—Madras, the 18th August 1898.
No.—9361.

In reply to your letter No. 1675/15-2907, dated 6th instant, I have the honour to state that I see no objection to your drawing water from the tank in the Chingleput Fort on condition that you withdraw from it if it is found prejudicial to the interests of the Reformatory School.

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(6)

Letter—from the Officiating Agent, South Indian Railway.
To—the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
Dated—Trichinopoly, the 24th August 1898.
No.—R. 1675/15-3103.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 9361, dated 18th August 1898, regarding water being drawn for railway purposes from the tank in Chingleput Fort, and to thank you for the concession you have granted.

Order—No. 82, Educational, dated 18th February 1907.

A

The recommendations of the committee are accepted. The further construction of buildings in connection with the Reformatory School should proceed strictly on the lines indicated by the committee.

2. Orders will issue in the Public Works Department for the preparation of plans and estimates for such of the proposed improvements for which no estimates have yet been prepared.

3. The Director of Public Instruction will be requested to inform the South Indian Railway Company that the tank referred to in paragraph 6 (vi) of the committee's report will be required for the exclusive use of the Reformatory from 1st April 1907.

(True Extract.)

H. D. Taylor,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
,, Public Works Department.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 82 EDUCATIONAL, DATED 18th FEBRUARY 1907.

[Subject.—*Report of the Committee appointed to consider the question of providing additional accommodation for the Reformatory school.*]

Previous papers.

G.O., No.	1279,	*Judl.,*	*dated*	*15th June* 1895.
,, ,,	510,	*Edl.*	,,	*17th October* 1900.
,, ,,	213	,,	,,	*22nd April* 1901.
,, *Nos.*	345–6	,,	,,	*10th June* 1902.
,, *No.*	417	,,	,,	*22nd July* ,,
,, ,,	150,	*Rev.*	,,	*16th February* 1903.
,, *Nos.*	241–2,	*Edl.*	,,	*22nd May* ,,
,, *No.*	318	,,	,,	*1st July* ,,
,, ,,	27	,,	,,	*19th January* 1905.
,, *Nos.*	322–3	,,	,,	*16th May* ,,
,, *Mis. No.*	1929,	*Judl.*	,,	*1st December* ,,
,, *Nos.*	421–2,	*Edl.*	,,	*15th June* 1906.
,, *No.*	614	,,	,,	*19th September* ,,
,, ,,	644	,,	,,	*2nd October* ,,

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 7th December 1906, *No.* 7244.

In G.O., No. 614, Educational, dated 19th September 1906, the Government considered that it was essential to arrive at some definite understanding as to the structural alterations to existing buildings and additional accommodation still required for the Reformatory school and appointed a committee consisting of the Director of Public Instruction, the Collector of Chingleput, the Sanitary Commissioner and the Superintending Engineer, V Circle, to report on the question.

2. The Committee was required to consider—

(i) whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the Reformatory should be retained or taken over for reformatory purposes or removed altogether;

(ii) what structural alterations were required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory;

(iii) what additional accommodation was required; and

(iv) the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed having due regard to sanitary requirements, the arrangement of existing buildings and the space available.

3. The Committee met on the 16th November 1906 at the Reformatory school and considered the question on the spot. The Director of Public Instruction now submits the report of the Committee.

4. A site plan of the Reformatory school received from the Public Works Department will be found stitched with G.O., No. 644, Educational, dated 2nd October 1906.

5. *I. Whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the Reformatory should be retained or taken over for Reformatory purposes or removed altogether.*—The Committee state that two buildings come under this head—the Sub-Registrar's office and the sub-jail.

By whom?

H. D. Taylor.

It is said that the Sub-Registrar's office has been vacated and will shortly be made over to the Reformatory. This building is near the main gate and the court-house at the north eastern corner and appears on the site plan. The Committee consider that it will do very well as a store-room for manufactured articles intended for sale and recommend that it should be retained and fitted up with a few racks so as to make it suitable for a show-room. Submitted that this recommendation may be accepted.

This may be agreed to—it is quite a small building.

C. G. Mackay.

If Judicial agree.

H. D. Taylor.

As regards the sub-jail, the Committee consider it most desirable that its transfer should be made with the least possible delay as its presence in the compound is a matter for serious objection on both sanitary and moral grounds. Its presence prevents any effective control being exercised over the main entrance gate which is the way in and way out for the * criminal population and for Police Constables and servants of the jail. The Committee state that the boys of the reformatory have been detected communicating with the prisoners and that the undesirability of a criminal population being situated within the school precincts cannot be too strongly urged. The Committee consider that the building is so peculiarly designed that it would be extremely difficult to make it suitable for reformatory purposes that, as it simply "cumbereth the ground," it should be demolished and that on the site thus made available a two-storied building for school purposes should be constructed.

The objection from a sanitary and moral point of view has always been strongly felt. In 1905 when there was seasonal distress, the jail was very crowded and cholera broke out in the town—the Reformatory ran a very grave risk.

The building called the Rajah Mahal is a quaint old place, but possesses no particular architectural merit or historical interest. It seems best that it should go.

C. G. Mackay.

* They are taken to the "Kalvay" to bathe, etc.

C. G. Mackay.

Not referenced.

This is not clearly stated but paragraph 6 (i) of the report suggests the construction of such a building at right angles to the present school house, which appears to be the present sub-jail site.

H. D. Taylor—20-12-06.

As regards the construction of a new sub-jail the Superintending Engineer, V Circle, in his letter of the 16th July 1906, printed with G.O., No. 614, Educational, dated 19th September 1906, stated that an estimate had been forwarded to the Collector of Chingleput for obtaining sanction of Government. The estimate has now been returned to the Superintending Engineer for revision—*vide* G.O., No. 2123 W., dated 15th November 1906. The Public Works Department may be asked to expedite the matter. The construction of the sub-jail was sanctioned in G.O., No. 150, Revenue, dated 16th February 1905—*vide* also page 23 of G.O., No. 27, Educational, dated 19th January 1905.

That is for Judicial.

C. G. Mackay.
H. D. Taylor.

6. *II. What structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory.*—The Committee state that the two buildings which require alterations are "the Big Barrack" and "the Hospital Block," but they also deal with a third building—the blacksmith's shop. Two more buildings, the newly-constructed dormitory and the quarantine shed dealt with by the Committee under the next head also fall under this head and for uniformity's sake all the five buildings will be noted on under this head.

(1) *The Big Barrack.*—The Committee consider that the removal of the partition walls, the provision of additional ventilators and the renewal of the roof will make this building a suitable dormitory and that the cost of these alterations will be much less than that of building a new dormitory which is the only alternative. The Committee further state that the existing cubicles in this building should be dismantled and replaced by hammocks and that some space should be reserved for putting up about 20 bug proof cubicles for special cases which may require isolation.

The proposal may be accepted.

C. G. Mackay.

(2) *The Hospital Block.*—The Committee state that this building requires to be altered by dismantling the existing cubicles and replacing them by hammocks.

May be agreed to.

C. G. Mackay.

It is noted that estimates for these two works have already been prepared and are awaiting orders of Government on the Committee's report.

(3) *The Blacksmith's shop.*—The Committee state that the six existing furnaces in this building are ill-designed and that in consequence the building gets filled with smoke when the classes are at work. The instructors and pupils are thereby greatly inconvenienced and their work is retarded. The committee therefore recommend the construction of two well-designed furnaces in lieu of the six existing ones.

May be accepted.

C. G. Mackay.

(4) *The newly-constructed dormitory.*—The Committee state that this building is so constructed that the steps at one end and a room at the other block the passage round the verandahs. The patrolling peons are not therefore able to walk completely round the verandahs but have to go over the same ground twice in order to make a complete circuit of the building. The Committee consider that a gangway over the steps and a passage through the end room are necessary and that night latrines should be built one in the upper and another in the lower verandah. The Committee also state that the batten doors at present provided do not allow the patrolling peon to see into the hall and that they should be converted into half-battan and half-barred doors.

The suggestions may be accepted.

C. G. Mackay.

(5) *The quarantine shed.*—The Committee state that the boys who come from infected areas and who are detained in this shed for purposes of observation are chained up to a post by one leg to prevent them from escaping at night; they consider that this obviously objectionable method of safe-keeping could be given up if masonry walls were substituted for the existing ones which are made of bamboo matting. They also consider that, if the masonry walls were coated with cement, they could be thoroughly disinfected whenever it was thought necessary to do so. It is also considered desirable to protect the compound of the shed by putting up a wire fence to prevent cattle from straying in.

This practice must certainly cease.

H. D. Taylor.

These suggestions should be carried out I submit. The shed is across the railway away from the buildings, near the foot-ball ground.

C. G. Mackay.

It is for consideration whether these alterations may all be accepted.

7. *III & IV. What additional accommodation is required and the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed.*—Under this head the Committee consider that—

(i) a new school-house,
(ii) a timber shed and saw pit,
(iii) a firewood shed,
(iv) new latrines,
(v) a dhobykhana,
(vi) improved water-supply, and
(vii) lines for servants

are necessary.

(i) *A new school-house.*—The Committee state that the present school building does not afford sufficient accommodation for all classes and that some of the classes are therefore held in the verandahs. The drawing-room situated to the west of the school building is said to be not large enough for the purpose and no separate accommodation exists for the tailoring classes which are in consequence held in the verandahs of the school building when the general education classes are not at work. To remedy these defects and to provide sufficient and suitable accommodation for all these classes the Committee recommend that a new two-storied building be constructed at right angles to the present school-house.

(ii) *A timber shed and a saw pit.*—It is said that the timber required for the carpentry classes is at present stocked and sawn close to the hospital. In the opinion of the Committee this is the very last place that should be used for such a purpose. The Committee therefore recommend that the bastion near the gate opening on the railway line should be removed that in the space thus acquired a shed with a corrugated zinc roof should be put up sufficient to hold 10 tons of teak and that a saw pit should be made close to it. The bastion above referred to is not shown in the site plan, but it seems to be situated somewhere near the semaphore on the western boundary and near the kitchen.

By whom?

H. D. TAYLOR.

Apparently so.

C. G. MACKAY.

(iii) *A firewood shed.*—It is said that the rations are at present stored in a small room near the sub-jail and the firewood is stacked in an open court yard in front of this room. The firewood shed, the Committee consider, should be as near the kitchen as possible. They are of opinion that, when separate accommodation had been provided for the drawing classes—*vide* 7 (i) *supra*—, the present drawing room might be utilized for the storage of rations and that a separate firewood shed could be put up near the kitchen after the removal of the bastion.

By whom?

H. D. TAYLOR.

(iv) *Latrines.*—The Committee state that the existing latrines are insufficient and defective from a sanitary point of view. They therefore recommend that the type of latrine now in use in the Cuddalore Jail be erected on the present site.

(v) *A dhobykhana.*—The Committee consider that the construction of a masonry dhobykhana is necessary and that it might be done by enlarging and revetting the existing pond in the tank and by protecting it from public use by building a wall round it.

i.e., the big tank, the "kalvoy" I take it.

C. G. MACKAY.

(vi) *Improved water-supply.*—It was reported to the Committee that the present water-supply was insufficient in the hot weather and in times of drought. The Committee inspected the existing well and came to the conclusion that the sinking of one or more wells near it would not increase the supply of water. There is a well near the hospital and another one in the school garden and the water in them are unsuited for drinking purposes. The Committee therefore recommend that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway Company in 1898 be taken back and that arrangements be made to prevent its being polluted.

There are no papers in this office about the transfer of the tank in 1898. It has been ascertained from the Director of Public Instruction's office that permission to use the tank was given to the Railway Company by the Director of Public Instruction conditionally—*vide* telephone message from the Director of Public Instruction's office.

(vii) *Lines for Reformatory servants.*—It is said that the servants of the Reformatory at present live in different parts of the town and cannot always be found when they are wanted and that this at times causes great inconvenience. Further it is said that in times of epidemic there is the possibility of their being a great source of danger to the inmates of the Reformatory. The Committee therefore think it very desirable that the servants should be required to live in specially constructed lines which should be open to inspection by the authorities of the school and by the Medical officers. Accommodation is required for about 30 servants, 5 of whom are toties. The Committee are of opinion that the huts for the toties might be built in the open space adjoining the "moat house" belonging to the Reformatory and that the huts for the other servants on the square piece of land in front of it (the moat house) and on the other side of the road. This land does not belong to Government and must be acquired. The "moat house" is not shown in the plan.

By whom?

H. D. TAYLOR.

This is very important. Chingleput is very congested and liable to epidemics.

C. G. MACKAY.

I don't know if it refers to the present subdivision office.

C. G. MACKAY.

8. In conclusion the Committee recommend that the Public Works Department be asked to prepare estimates for all the improvements except the construction of the additional building proposed to be built at right angles to the school-house—paragraph 7 (i) *supra*—the estimate for which must be deferred until the removal of the sub-jail. The improvements are—

(1) Fitting up the Sub-Registrar's office with racks to make it suitable for a show room.
(2) Structural alterations to the Big Barrack.
(3) Alterations to the Hospital Block.
(4) Replacing the furnaces in the blacksmith's shop by two well-designed ones.
(5) Alterations to the newly-constructed dormitory.
(6) Alterations to the quarantine shed.
(7) A timber-shed and a sawpit.
(8) A firewood shed.
(9) Improved latrines.
(10) A dhobykhana.
(11) Protection of the tank from being polluted.
(12) Servants' quarters.

The last, it will be seen, involves the acquisition of some private land.

Estimates for Nos. (2) and (3) have already been prepared and are awaiting orders on the Committee's report—paragraph 6 (2) *supra.* Estimates for the other works have to be prepared and the Director will have to arrange to take back the tank from the South Indian Railway Company.

T.K.—18-12-06.

P. T. THARYAN—20-12-06.

The Committee's proposals are, I submit, well considered and moderate and it would be difficult to improve on them. The great point is the removal of the sub-jail.

C. G. MACKAY—22-12-06.

The report should have been signed by all the members of the Committee. As it is it has been signed only by the Director's Personal Assistant. It may, however, be accepted as the Committee's report.

2. Before anything else is done ask the Director of Public Instruction to furnish a report with copies of papers on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway of the use of the tank referred to in paragraph vi (6) of the committee's report, and to send a copy of the report signed by the members of the Committee.

H. D. TAYLOR—25-12-06.

The draft placed below is submitted for approval.

P. T. THARYAN—25-12-06.

Issue.

C. G. MACKAY—29-12-06.

[Memorandum No. 634, dated 31st December 1906.]

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 18th January 1907, No. 7244.

In Memorandum No. 634, Educational, dated 31st December 1906, the Director of Public Instruction was asked to submit (1) a report on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway Company of the use of the tank belonging to the Reformatory School and (2) to submit a copy of the report signed by all the members of the Committee.

2. *The grant of the tank belonging to the Reformatory School to the South Indian Railway Company.*—The Director of Public Instruction now forwards a copy of the correspondence on this subject. From this it is observed that the Company first desired to acquire the tank and its adjacent ground. But when this was objected to on the ground that the tank had been useful for the Reformatory boys for the past ten years and the adjacent ground was used as a hay-field and was required for agricultural operations when the school attained its full development the Railway Company requested that it might at least be allowed to draw water from the tank, to erect a pump on a small piece of ground and to lay pipes from the pump to the station. This request too was rejected. On this, the Company again asked the Director whether he had any objection to its drawing water only from the tank. The Company was allowed to do this on condition that the tank should be given back if it was found that its use by the Company was "prejudicial to the interests of the "Reformatory School".

3. *Copy of report signed by all the members.*—As regards this, the Director of Public Instruction states that the Committee discussed the question on the spot and the President drew up the notes on what the Committee thought necessary and forwarded a copy to each member for his remarks. All the members wrote back approving the notes, and the report submitted by the Director of Public Instruction is based on these notes. The Director has submitted the members' replies in original.

It is for consideration whether, in these circumstances, the report may be accepted.

H. D. TAYLOR.

P.R.—6-2-07.

The Committee's recommendations are—

(1) that the Sub-Registrar's office should be adopted as a showroom, and that the sub-jail should be removed from the present building and the building demolished;

(2) that certain alterations should be made in the "Big Barrack", the Hospital Block, the blacksmith's shop, the newly-constructed dormitory and the quarantine shed;

(3) that an additional building for the school, a timber-shed and sawpit, a firewood shed, improved latrines, a dhobykhana and servants' quarters should be provided; and

(4) that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway Company in 1898 may be taken back and arrangements made to prevent it from pollution.

2. The Committee further recommend that the Public Works Department be asked to prepare estimates for all the suggested improvements with the exception of the provision of an additional school-building which, they say, may wait till the sub-jail is removed from its present building. The estimates for the alterations in the "Big Barrack" and the Hospital Block appear to have already been prepared by the Public Works Department. Orders are solicited whether the Public Works Department may be asked to prepare estimates for the other improvements suggested by the Committee, and whether the Director of Public Instruction may be asked to reserve the tank for the use of the Reformatory and to take steps to prevent it from pollution.

Vide paragraph 5 of the Committee's report.

The Company should be given notice—say till 1st April 1907.

H. D. TAYLOR.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR.—6-2-07.

C. A. SOUTER—7-2-07.

The recommendations of the Committee may be accepted. The further construction of buildings should proceed strictly on the lines indicated, and Public Works Department may be asked to prepare estimates at an early date for the additions for which no sanctioned estimates at present exist.

H. D. TAYLOR—8-2-07.

G. S. F[ORBES]—9-2-07.

Please draft.

After issue, put up for Government House on Friday.

H. D. TAYLOR—12-2-07.

The draft placed below is submitted for approval. If approved, it may be sent to the Public Works Department for acceptance.

P.R.—12-2-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—12-2-07.

C. A. SOUTER—12-2-07.

H. D. TAYLOR—13-2-07.

To the Public Works Department u.o.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The draft may be accepted.

P. K. SUBBA AIYAR—15-2-07.

Draft accepted.

A. G. ROMILLY—16-2-07.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—17-2-07.

[G.O., No. 82, Educational, dated 18th February 1907.]

[E.]
1,000—6-9-06.

G.O. No 826 vol. 8
18-2-07

10

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

CURRENT FILE.

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[P. T. O. FOR PUT UP PAPERS.

PAPERS PUT UP WITH CURRENT No.

Papers of the department to which the current belongs.

Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Remarks. (In this column such of the papers as have been removed for copying, printing, etc., should be marked with a cross.)	Initials of Referencer with date in token of return to Reference department.

Papers of other departments.

Department.	Number.	Date.	Original (=O.) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Despatcher to note the return of the papers to the departments concerned.

CURRENT NO. 2023

Stock Form No. 135
3,70[illegible] 17-6-05.

Press

G.O. 6140/19.9.06

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL SECRETARIAT. 8-DEC 1906

Received 190 , Registered 8-12. 1906.

Subject.

Submitting with remarks report called for in G.O. No.. 614, Educational, dated 19th September 1906 in regard to the question of providing additional accommodation for the Reformatory School, Chingleput.

ENCLOSURES.
No.
Spare copies

Ref on Current No. 7 2 4 4 /06

Station Madras , Dated the 8th December 1906.

From (Name) The Hon'ble Mr. T.T. Logan, B.A.,

(Designation) Ag. Director of Public Instruction.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras, Madras
Educational Department.

Sir,

In their order No. 614 Educational dated 19th September 1906 Government expressed the opinion that it was essential to arrive at some definite understanding as to the additional accommodation still required for the Reformatory School at Chingleput, and appointed a Committee consisting of the Collector of the Chingleput District, the Sanitary Commissioner, the Superintending Engineer, Vth Circle, and myself to consider and report on the question.

2 As President I proposed that the Committee should meet on the 29th October . The Superintending Engineer, Lieutenant Colonel W.M. Ellis proposed a postponement on the ground that he was shortly to hand over charge of his office. The Collector also reported that that date would not suit

him. I then proposed the 16th November 1906 and on this date at 8 A.M. the Committee met at the Reformatory School, Chingleput. A list of structural alterations and improvements to existing buildings and of new buildings required having been previously drawn up, the Committee discussed the necessity for each one of them on the spot.

3 The Committee were required by Government to consider

(i) whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the Reformatory should be retained or taken over for Reformatory purposes or removed altogether.

(ii) what structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory.

(iii) what additional accommodation is required

and

(iv) the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed, having due regard to sanitary requirements, the arrangement of the existing buildings and the space available.

The following are the observations and recommendations of the Committee under each of these heads.

WHETHER THE BUILDINGS ON THE PREMISES NOT CONNECTED WITH THE REFORMATORY SHOULD BE RETAINED OR TAKEN OVER FOR REFORMATORY PURPOSES OR REMOVED ALTOGETHER.

4 These buildings are the sub-jail and the Sub-Registrar's office.

The latter has been vacated and will shortly be made over to the Reformatory. It is near the main gate and will do very well as a store-room for manufactured articles intended for sale. The Committee therefore unanimously agreed that it should be retained and fitted up with a few racks of the type of the record racks which may be found in some of the offices in Madras so as to make it suitable for a show room.

As regards the Sub-jail, it is most desirable that its transfer should be made with the least possible delay as its presence in the compound is a matter for serious objection on both sanitary and moral grounds. Effective control cannot be exercised over the main entrance gate of the compound as it is the way in and the way out for the criminal population, and for Police constables and other servants of the jail. The boys, it appears, have been detected communicating with the prisoners and the undesirability of a criminal population being situated within the school precincts cannot be too strongly urged. The building is so peculiarly designed that it would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to make it suitable for Reformatory purposes. It covers a large area and there is no particular reason for allowing it to stand. The Committee being of opinion that it simply "cumbereth the ground" decided that it should be demolished and that the space thus acquired could be much more advantageously utilized when further expansion of the Reformatory demands increased accommodation.

WHAT STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS ARE REQUIRED TO THE BUILDINGS AT PRESENT ATTACHED TO THE REFORMATORY.

5 The two buildings which require alteration are those called "The Big Barrack" and "The Hospital Block".

The Committee were of opinion that the removal of the partition walls, the provision of additional ventilators and the renewal of the roof will make the Big Barrack a suitable dormitory and that the cost of all these improvements would be much less than that of building a new dormitory which is the only alternative . Both the buildings also require to be altered by dismantling the existing cubicles and replacing them by hammocks. It is also necessary that in the Big Barrack space should be reserved for putting up about 20 bug proof cubicles for special cases which may require isolation.

It may here be mentioned that estimates for the necessary alterations to these two buildings have already been prepared by the Public Works Department- that for the Hospital Block is in the Superintending Engineer's office awaiting the orders of Government on this report and that for the Big Barrack is in the Executive Engineer's office.

It was pointed out that the Blacksmith's shop situated in what was once a range of stables, is ill-ventilated and requires a new roof with ridge ventilation. Enquiries showed that it was not the building but the furnaces that required improvement. The shop has a terraced roof and the six existing furnaces being ill-designed the building gets filled with smoke when the classes are at work. The instructors and pupils are thereby greatly inconvenienced and their work is retarded. The Committee decided that what was really wanted was the construction of two well-designed furnaces in lieu of the

5 15 68

existing ones.

WHAT ADDITIONAL ACCOMMODATION IS REQUIRED AND THE SITE ON WHICH SUCH ADDDITIONAL BUILDINGS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED HAVING DUE REGARD TO SANITARY REQUIREMENTS, THE ARRANGEMENT OF EXISTING BUILDINGS AND THE SPACE AVAILABLE.

6. (i) The school building in which the general education classes are held does not afford sufficient accommodation for all the classes, and some of them have to be held in the verandahs. This want of school accommodation will become greater when the strength reaches its maximum of 250. Similarly the small room situated to the west of it which was originally a room for Police guard and in which the drawing class is now held, is not nearly large enough for the purpose. The tailoring classes have no separate accommodation and are in consequence held in the verandahs of the school building when the general education classes are not at work. To remedy these defects and to provide sufficient and suitable accommodation for all these classes it was resolved that a new two storied building be constructed at right angles to the present school house.

See para 7.

(ii) The timber which is required for the carpentry classes is at present stocked and sawn close to the hospital. In the opinion of the Committee this is, for obvious reasons, the very last place that should be used for such a purpose. A timber shed and a saw pit were therefore considered necessary but the only way to find suitable space for these is by removing the bastion near the gate opening on the railway line and it was therefore decided that it should be removed and that in the space thus acquired a shed with a corrugated zinc roof should be put up sufficient to hold 10 tons of teak and that a saw-pit should be made close to it.

(iii) The rations are at present stored in a small room near the sub-jail and the fire wood is stacked in an open court yard in front of this room. For obvious reasons the fire wood shed should be as near the kitchen as possible. It was decided that when separate accommodation had been provided for the drawing classes, the present drawing room might be utilized for the storage of rations and that a separate fire-wood shed could be put up near the kitchen after the removal of the bastion.

(i[illegible]) The existing latrines are insufficient and this deficiency will be accentuated when the number of boys increases. They are also defective from a sanitary point of view. The Committee therefore decided to recommend that the type of latrine now in use in the Cuddalore jail be erected on the present site.

(v) The construction of a masonry Dhobykhana was also considered necessary. This it was decided might be done by enlarging and revetting the existing pond in the tank and by protecting it from public use by buildimg a wall round it.

(vi) It was reported that the present water supply was insufficient in the hot weather and in times of drought. An inspection of the existing well led to the conclusion that the sinking of one or more wells near it would not increase the supply of water. There is a well near the hospital but the water being unsuited for drinking purposes it is at present used only for ablution purposes. There is yet another well in the school garden where vegetables are grown but the soil here is highly manured and the water therefore cannot be used for drinking purposes. It was therefore resolved that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway company in 1898 be taken back and that arrangements be made to prevent its being polluted.

(vii) The desirability of constructing lines for the guarding staff and menial establishment of the school was also considered. These servants at present live in different parts of the town and cannot always be found when they are wanted as may well be imagined. This, at times, causes great inconvenience. Further, in times of epidemic there is the possibility of their being a great source of danger to the inmates of the Reformatory. It was therefore decided that it was very desirable that they should be required to live in specially constructed lines which should be open to inspection by the authorities of the school and by the Medical officers. Accommodation will be required for about 30 servants, five of whom are toties. The question of sites for these lines was then considered and the Committee were of opinion that the huts for the toties might be built in the open space adjoining the 'moat house' belonging to the Reformatory and those for the other servants on the square piece of land in front of it and on the other side of the road. It was suggested that this piece of land might be acquired.

(viii) Certain minor improvements were also considered necessary in connection with the newly constructed dormitory building and the quarantine shed.

(a) The dormitory is so constructed that the steps at one end and a room at the other, block the passage round the verandahs. The patrolling peons are not therefore able to walk completely round the verandahs but have to go over the same ground twice in order to make a complete circuit of the building. A gang way over the steps and a passage through the end room were considered necessary. It was also agreed that night latrines should be built one in the upper and another in the lower verandah. The batten doors at present provided do not allow the patrolling peon to see into the hall and it was therefore considered that their conversion into half batten and half barred doors was a desirable improvement.

(b) Boys who come from infected areas are detained in the quarantine shed during the period of observation before being admitted into the school. To prevent them from escaping at night they are chained up to a post by one leg. It was decided that this obviously objectionable method of safe keeping could be given up if masonry walls were substituted for the existing ones which are only made of bamboo matting; if they (the masonry walls) were coated with cement they could be thoroughly disinfected whenever it was thought necessary to do so. It was also considered desirable to protect the compound of the quarantine shed by putting up a wire fence all round it to prevent cattle from straying in.

7. In conclusion the Committee were of opinion that the Public Works Department should be asked to prepare at once estimates for all the improvements except the construction of the additional building proposed to be built at right angles to the school house, the estimate for which must necessarily be deferred until the removal of the sub-jail.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

For Director of Public Instruction.

E.P.
7-12-06

9 19 Educational Departt

10 P

Cuo 2023

Memo. 6384 d/ 31-12-6

FC 153/07

desp
29/12/6

With reference to para. 6(vi) of his letter no 7244 dt 7th December 1906 the D.P.I is requested to be so good as to submit a report, ~~with copies of papers~~, on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway of the use of the tank ~~which~~ belonging to the Reformatory. ~~referred to therein~~. Full information should be furnished ~~of~~ Regarding the circumstances & conditions under which the ~~temporary~~ Railway Company was allowed the temporary use of the tank and copies of the papers on the subject should be furnished.

2. The Director is also requested to submit a copy of the report of the Committee appointed to consider the question of alteration to and additional accommodation in the Reformatory school, signed by all the members.

PH
25/12/6

Clm
29.12.06

Despd 31/12/6.

Memo 634/06 Edl Cur No 153 10.

Stock Form No. 135
3,700—17-6-05.

Clr

To 644/06
644/06

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT. 3

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL SECRETARIAT.
22 JAN 1907

Received 22 - 1 - 1907, *Registered* 22 - 1 - 1907.

Subject.

Submitting report called for in Memorandum No. 634, Educational, dated 31st December 1906 on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway of the use of the tank belonging to the Reformatory School, Chingleput.

118

ENCLOSURES.
No.
Spare copies

Ref on current No. 7244 of 1906

Station Madras, *Dated the* 18th January 1907

From (Name) The Hon'ble Mr. T.T. LOGAN, B.A.,

(Designation) Ag. Director of Public Instruction.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Educational Department.

Sir,

With reference to Memorandum No. 634, Educational, dated 31st December 1906 I have the honour to state as follows:-

(i) In 1897, the S.I. Railway Company desired to acquire the tank in question and its adjacent ground. But on its being objected to, the Company requested that it might at least be allowed the following concessions.

(1) Permission to draw water from the tank.

(2) A small piece of ground for erecting a pump.

(3) Permission to lay pipes from the pump to the station.

This

11 21 128

This request was again refused. On this the Company again asked that permission might be granted to draw water from the tank and this was granted on condition that they gave back the tank if it was found that its use by the Company was prejudicial to the interests of the Reformatory. Copies of the correspondence on the subject are submitted herewith.

(ii) As regards a copy of the report signed by all the members called for by Government I submit that the Committee discussed the question on the spot and the President drew up the accompanying notes on what the Committee thought necessary and forwarded a copy to each member for his remarks. The members all wrote back to say that they approved of the views and recommendations contained in the notes. Their replies are herewith submitted in original. The report I have submitted is based on these notes.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

For Director of Public Instruction.

D.I.
17-1-07

K.P.D.

12 25 22/13 S.G.

Copy

Chingleput Sub Collector's Office,

Dis No. 95 of 98.

Chingleput, 11th January 98.

From

J. H. Robertson Esquire,

Ag: Sub Collector of Chingleput.

To

The Collector of

the Chingleput Dist.

Sir,

With reference to your foot note Ref. on No. 2892/Genl, dated 10-11-97, calling for certain information in re: the acquisition by the S.I.R.Company of a tank and its adjacent ground near the Chingleput Fort, I have the honour to enclose herein Chingleput Tahsildar's arzi Ref on No. 4453 Genl, dated 21st December 97 and its enclosures. It would appear therefrom that the District Surgeon and the Superintendent, Reformatory, objects to the acquisition of the land in question on the ground that the tank has been useful for the Reformatory boys for the past ten years and the adjacent ground is now used as a hay field and intended for agricultural operations when the school attains its full development. The Stationery Sub-Magistrate reports that the tank is likely to be useful for the Sub-Jail convicts as the Sub-Jail is to be removed to the bungalow near the tank. In these circumstances, its acquisition by the Railway Department seems objectionable. The value of the land has not been ascertained pending your final decision regarding the acquisition.

I have etc

/Sd/ J. H. Robertson,

Ag: Sub-Collector.

(True Copy)

Dis No. 119 of 98.

Communicated to the Agent, South Indian

Railway, Trichinopoly, with reference to his letter No. 1675/7/4766.

Saidapet, 20-1-1898.

/Signed/
for Ag. Collector.

Agent's Office
Trichinopoly
6th August 1898.

(True Copy of a Copy).
/Sd/
for Offg: Agent.

/True Copy/.

For Director of Public Instruction.

V.P.

South Indian Railway.

Copy of a letter No. R 1675/$\frac{15}{503}$, dated 3rd February 1898 from the Agent, South Indian Railway, to the Collector of Chingleput, Saidapet.

Referring to your foot note No. 119 dated 20th January 1898 on copy of letter No. 95 of the 11th January 1898 from the Acting Sub Collector of Chingleput, regarding the Tank near Chingleput Fort, I have the honour to inquire whether there will be any objection to the Railway Company being allowed to draw water only from the Tank in question.

The present supply of water at Chingleput Station is bad, and as the water in the Tank referred to has been ascertained to be fit both for drinking and boiler purposes, it will be a matter of great assistance to the Railway if a supply can be obtained from the Tank under reference, and I shall be glad if you can see your way to granting the required permission. All that is necessary is to have the right of drawing water from the Tank, a small piece of ground allotted on which to erect a Pump, and the Company to be allowed to lay pipes from the Pump to the station.

Agent's Office,)
(Trichinopoly,)
(6th August 1898.)

True Copy.

/Sd/

for Offg: Agent.

/True Copy/

Copy.

No. 408.
Reformatory School,
Chingleput, 3rd March 98.

From

Surgeon Lt. Col. H. A. F. Nailer, M. B.,
Superintendent, Reformatory School,
Chingleput.

To

The Sub Collector of Chingleput,
Chingleput.

Sir,

In reference to your endorsement No. $\frac{438}{G1}$, dated 25th February 98 on the enclosed letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway, I have the honour to invite your attention in the first instance to this office letter dated 17th November 1897, No. 2000.

2. The Tank referred to is not "near Chingleput Fort", as stated in the above letter, but in the Fort, and in my possession reserved for and used by this school. I regret that in the interests of this school I cannot accede to the request of the Railway Company to draw water from the Tank and to erect a pump for that purpose. The necessity of retaining the tank for the exclusive use of this school is manifest from the following facts:--

(a) When the kolavayi /Chingleput Tank/ dries up as it sometimes does, the tank referred to is the only one available for the pupils of this school to bathe in and to wash their clothes on its banks.

(b) When the kolavayi attains its "full tank level" during heavy rains it becomes unsafe for the pupils to bathe in or wash their clothes at. The tank in question is then brought into use.

(c) The land around the tank will soon be brought under cultivation to give the pupils some training in agricultural work. The tank will then be used for irrigation purposes. This Department has already under gone some expenditure in repairing the breaches in the ramparts to prevent cattle from trespassing into the land.

I have &c.

Signed/ Surgeon-Lieutenant Colonel H.A.F. Nailer M.B
Superintendent.

/True Copy/

For Director of Public Instruction.

V.P.

17 ~~29~~ 30 27/85.P

No. R 1675/$\frac{15}{2907}$.

South Indian Railway Company., Ld.
Agent's Office,
Trichinopoly, 6th August 1898.

From

The Offg Agent,
South Indian Railway.

To

The Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith the enclosures enumerated below and request your consideration of the fact enumerated therein. It is the desire of this Company to test practically the suitability of the water in the well referred and ascertain from a few months' use by locomotive whether the supply is such as to warrant any further expenditure in making it permanent. If after the period named, the Reformatory Authorities consider that the further use of the well by this Company is so detrimental to their interest as to warrant a discontinuance of the arrangement, we shall be prepared to withdraw.

Enclosures:--

(1) Copy of letter No. 95 dated 11th January 1898 from the Acting Sub Collector of Chingleput to the Collector of Chingleput.
(2) Copy of letter No. R 1675/$\frac{15}{503}$ of 3rd February 1898 from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, to the Collector of Chingleput.
(3) Copy of letter No. 408 dated 3rd March 1898 from the Superintendent, Reformatory School, Chingleput, to the Sub-Collector of

Chingleput

18 ~~31~~ 31 ~~26~~ 19 S.P.

Chingleput.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
/Sd/
for Offg: Agent.

/True Copy/.

For Director of Public Instruction.

Copy of letter No. 9361, dated 18th August 1898 to the Agent, South Indian Railway.

In reply to your letter No. 1675/$\frac{15}{2907}$, dated 6th instant, I have the honour to state that I see no objection to your drawing water from the tank in the Chingleput Fort on condition that you withdraw from it if it is found prejudicial to the interests of the Reformatory School.

/Sd/ D. Duncan,
Director of Public Instruction.

/True Copy/.

For Director of Public Instruction.

No. R 1675/ 15/3103,

South Indian Railway Co, Ld.,
Agent's Office,
Trichinopoly, 24th August 1898.

From
The Offg: Agent,
South Indian Railway.

To
The Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 9361, dated 18th August 1898, regarding water being drawn for Railway purposes from the tank in Chingleput Fort, and to thank you for the concession you have granted.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
/Sd/
for Offg: Agent.

/True Copy/.

For Director of Public Instruction.

B.P.

31

NOTES.

✓ 644 Eccl dd 2-10-06 Mis ✓
✓ 614 Eccl dd 19-9-06 Copy
✓ 421-22 Eccl dd 15-6-06 Copy
✗ 1929 Judl(Misc) dd 1-12-05 Mis abst
✓ 322-23 Eccl dd 16-5-05 Copy ✓
✓ 27 Eccl dd 19-1-05 Mis ✓
✓ 318 Eccl dd 1-7-03 Mis ✓
~~241 Eccl dd 22-5-03~~
✓ 241-42 dd 22-5-03 Copy ✓
✗ 150 Rev dd 16-2-03 ✓
✓ 417 Eccl 22-7-02 Copy ✓
✓ 345-46 dd 16-6-02 Copy ✓
✓ 213 Eccl dd 22-4-01 Copy ✓
✓ 510 Eccl dd 17-10-1900 Copy
✗ 1279 Judl dd 15-6-95 Copy

[E/2.]
1,000—29-5-06.

21 notes with G.O. no. 82 34 18/1/07 1 P

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

C. No. 2023 From the D.P.I. No. 7244, dated 7-12-1906.

Please print previous papers from the yellow sheet.

SUBJECT. Report of the Committee appointed to consider the question of providing additional accommodation for the Reformatory School.

L

In G.O. no. 614 Edl dated 19th September 1906, the Govt. considered that it was essential to arrive at some definite understanding as to the structural alterations to existing buildings & additional accommodation still required for the Reformatory School and appointed a Committee consisting of the D.P.I., the Collector of Chingleput, the Sanitary Commissioner and the Superintending Engineer, V circle, to report on the question.

2. The Committee was required to consider

I whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the Reformatory should be retained or taken over for Reformatory purposes or removed altogether;

II what structural alterations were required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory;

III what additional accommodation was required; and

IV the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed having due regard to sanitary requirements, the arrangement of existing buildings and the space available.

3. The Committee met on the 16th Nov. 06 at the Reformatory School and considered the question on the spot. The D.P.I. now submits

the report of the Committee.

P.

4. A site plan of the Reformatory School received from the P.W.D. will be found stitched ~~is placed below for reference~~ with G.O. No 644 Edl d/ 2nd October 1906.

5. I. Whether the buildings on the premises not connected with the Reformatory should be retained or taken over for Reformatory purposes or removed altogether. The Committee state that two buildings come under this head — the Sub-Registrar's office and the Sub-jail.

Cf. p. 2

By whom?

Cf. p. 3

It is said that the Sub-Registrar's office has been vacated and will shortly be made over to the Reformatory. This building is near the main gate & the Court House at the North Eastern Corner and appears on the site plan. The Committee consider that it will do very well as a store room for manufactured articles intended for sale and recommend that it should be retained and fitted up with a few racks so as to make it suitable for a show room. Submitted that this recommendation may be accepted.

This may be agreed to - it is quite a small building.

If Judicial agree
HBI

Cf. p. 3

As regards the Sub-jail, the Committee consider it most desirable that its transfer should be made with the least possible delay as its presence in the compound is a matter for serious objection on both sanitary and moral grounds. Its presence prevents any effective control being exercised over the main entrance gate which is the way in and way out for the* criminal population and for Police Constables and servants of the jail. The Committee state that the boys of the Reformatory have been detected communicating with the prisoners and that the undesirability of a criminal population being situated within the school precincts cannot be too strongly urged. The Committee consider that the building is so peculiarly designed that it would be extremely difficult to make it suitable for Reformatory purposes, that, as it simply "cumbereth the ground", it should be demolished and that on the site thus made available a two storied building for school purposes should be constructed.

As regards the construction of a new sub-jail the Superintending Engineer V. circle, in his letter of the 16th July 1906 printed with G.O. no. 614 Edl dated 19th Sept 1906, stated that an estimate had been forwarded to the Collector of Chingleput for obtaining sanction of Govt. The estimate has now been returned to the S.E. for revision vide G.O. no. 2123 W. dated 15th Nov. 1906. The P.W.D. may be asked to expedite the matter. The construction of the sub-jail was sanctioned in G.O. no. 150 ~~Revenue~~ d. 16th Feb. 1903 - vide also page 23 of ~~p 23 of the notes with~~ G.O. no. 27 Edl d 19th January 1905.

*They are taken to the "Kalvay" to bathe. etc

The objection from a sanitary & moral point of view has always been strongly felt. In 1905 when there was seasonal sickness, the jail was very crowded & cholera broke out in the town — the Deputy ran a very grave risk.

The building called the Rajah-mahal is a quaint old place, but possesses no particular architectural merit or historical interest. It seems best that it should go.

(2nd reference d.)

This is not clearly stated but paragraph 6 (i) of the report suggests the construction of such a building at right angles to the present School house — which appears to be the present Subjail site

HD 27.2.07

Not is for Judicial.

HD

L

B

K

F

6. II. What structural alterations are required to the buildings at present attached to the Reformatory.

Cf. p. 4

The Committee state that the two buildings which require alterations are ~~viz.~~ "the Big Barrack" and "the Hospital Block"; but they also deal with ~~those under this head,~~ ~~the~~ a third building ~~being~~ the Blacksmith's shop. Two more buildings,

Cf. pp 7+8

the newly constructed dormitory and the quarantine shed dealt with by the Committee under the next head also fall under this head and for uniformity's sake all the five buildings will be noted on under this head.

Cf. p. 4

(1) The Big Barrack. The committee consider that the removal of the partition walls, the provision of additional ventilators and the renewal of the roof will make this building a suitable dormitory and that the cost of these alterations will be much less than that of building a new dormitory which is the only alternative. The committee further state that the existing cubicles in this building should be dismantled and replaced by hammocks and that some space should be reserved for putting up about 20 bug proof cubicles for special cases which may require isolation.

The proposal may be accepted.
Em

Cf. p. 4+

(2) The Hospital block. The Committee state that this building requires to be altered by dismantling the existing cubicles and replacing them by hammocks.

May be agreed to
Em

Cf. p. 4

It is noted that estimates for these two works have already been prepared and are awaiting orders of Govt. on the Committee's report.

Cf. p. 4

(3) The Blacksmith's Shop. The Committee state that the six existing furnaces in this building are ill-designed and that in consequence the building gets filled with smoke when the classes are at work. The instructors and pupils are thereby greatly inconvenienced and their work is retarded. The committee therefore recommend the construction of two well-designed furnaces in lieu of the six existing ones.

may be accepted.

Cf. p. 7

(4). The newly constructed dormitory. The Committee state that this building is so constructed that the steps at one end and a room at the other block the passage round the verandahs. The patrolling peons are not therefore able to walk completely round the verandahs but have to go over the same ground twice in order to make a complete circuit of the building. The Committee consider that a gangway over the steps and a passage thro' the end room are necessary and that night latrines should be built one in the upper and another in the lower verandah. The Committee also state that the batten doors at present provided do not allow the patrolling peon to see into the hall and that they should be converted into half batten and half barred doors

The suggestions may be accepted.

Reg. note 82 &c.

cf. p. 8

This practice must certainly cease
H.D.B.

(5) The quarantine shed. The Committee state that the boys who come from infected areas and who are detained in this shed for purposes of observation are chained up to a post by one leg to prevent them from escaping at night; they consider that this is obviously objectionable method of safe-keeping could be given up if masonry walls were substituted for the existing ones which are made of bamboo matting. They also consider that if the masonry walls were coated with cement they could be thoroughly disinfected whenever it was thought necessary to do so. It is also considered desirable to protect the compound of the shed by putting up a wire fence to prevent cattle from straying in.

These suggestions should be carried out I submit. The shed is across the railway away from the buildings, near the foot-ball ground.

It is for consideration whether these alterations may all be accepted.

7. III + IV. What additional accommodation is required and the site on which such additional buildings should be constructed. Under this head the Committee consider that (i) a new school house, (ii) a timber-shed and saw pit, (iii) a fire-wood shed, (iv) new latrines, (v) a dhobykhana, (vi) improved water supply and (vii) lines for servants, are necessary.

cf. p. 5

(i) A new school house. The Committee state that the present school building does not afford sufficient accommodation for all classes and that some of the classes are therefore held in the verandahs. The drawing room situated to the west of the school building is said to be not large enough for the purpose note 82 Sol

Read

and no separate accommodation exists for the tailoring classes which are in consequence held in the Verandahs of the School building when the general education classes are not at work. To remedy these defects and to provide sufficient and suitable accommodation for all these classes the Committee recommend that a new two storied building be constructed at right angles to the present School house.

By colon.

Cf. p. 5

(ii). A timber shed and a saw pit. It is said that the timber required for the carpentry classes is at present stocked and sawn close to the hospital. In the opinion of the Committee this is the very last place that should be used for such a purpose. The Committee therefore recommend that the bastian near the gate opening on the railway line should be removed, ~~and~~ that in the space thus acquired a shed with a corrugated zinc roof should be put up sufficient to hold 10 tons of teak and that a saw pit should be made close to it.

Apparently so.

~~(iii)~~. The bastian above referred to is not shown in the site plan but it seems to be situated somewhere near the Semaphore on the western boundary & near the kitchen.

Cf. p. 6

(iii) A firewood shed. It is said that the rations are at present stored in a small room near the sub-jail and the fire wood is stacked in an open court yard in front of this room. The fire wood shed, the committee consider, should be as near the kitchen as possible. They are of opinion that when separate accommodation had been provided for the drawing classes (vide 7(i) supra)

Read

supra) the present drawing room might be utilized for the storage of rations and that a separate fire wood shed could be put up near the kitchen after the removal of the bastion.

Cf. p. 6

(IV). Latrines. The Committee state that the existing latrines are insufficient and defective from a sanitary point of view. They therefore recommend that the type of latrine now in use in the Cuddalore jail be erected on the present site.

Cf. p. 6

(V). A dhobykhana. The Committee consider that the construction of a masonry dhobykhana is necessary and that it might be done by enlarging and revetting the existing pond in the tank and by protecting it from public use by building a wall round it.

i.e. The big tank, the 'Kalavoy' I take it.

Cf. p. 6

(VI) Improved water supply. It was reported to the Committee that the present water supply was insufficient in the hot weather and in times of drought. The Committee inspected the existing well and came to the conclusion that the sinking of one or more wells near it would not increase the supply of water. There is a well near the hospital and another one in the School garden and the water in them are unsuited for drinking purposes. The Committee therefore recommend that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway Company in 1898 be taken back and that arrangements be made to prevent its ~~f~~ being polluted.

There are no papers in this office about the

Read

transfer of the tank in 1898. It has been ascertained from the D.P.I's Office that permission to use the tank was given to the Railway Company by the D.P.I. conditionally. Vide telephone message from the D.P.I's Office.

M

Cf-p.7

(VII). Lines for Reformatory servants. It is said that the servants of the Reformatory at present live in different parts of the town and cannot always be found when they are wanted and that this at times causes great inconvenience. Further it is said that in times of epidemic there is the possibility of their being a great source of danger to the inmates of the Reformatory. The Committee therefore think it very desirable that the servants should be required to live in specially constructed lines which should be open to inspection by the authorities of the School and by the Medical Officers. Accommodation is required for about 30 servants, five of whom are totics. The Committee are of opinion that the huts for the totics might be built in the open space adjoining the 'moat house' belonging to the Reformatory and that the huts for the other servants on the square piece of land in front of it (the moat house) and on the other side of the road. This land does not belong to Govt and must be acquired. The 'moat house' is not shown in the plan.

This is very important. Chingleput is very congested & liable to epidemics

I don't know if it refers to the ~~[illegible]~~ present sub-division office

Read

C.f. p. 8

8. In conclusion the Committee recommend that the P.W.D. be asked to prepare estimates for all the improvements except the construction of the additional building proposed to be built at right angles to the school house (– para. 7 (i) supra –) the estimate for which must be deferred until the removal of the Subjail. The improvements are

Para. 5 supra.	(1)	Fitting up the Sub-Registrar's Office with racks to make it suitable for a show room.
Para, 6(1)	(2)	Structural alterations to the Big Barrack.
do 6(1)	(3)	Alterations to the Hospital block
do 6(3)	(4)	Replacing the furnaces in the Blacksmith's shop by two well-designed ones
do 6(4)	(5)	Alterations to the newly constructed dormitory
do 6(5)	(6)	do. to the Quarantine shed.
do 7(ii)	(7)	A timber shed and a saw pit
do 7(iii)	(8)	A fire wood shed
do 7(iv)	(9)	Improved latrines
do 7(v)	(10)	A dhoby khana
do 7(vi)	(11)	protection of the tank from being polluted.
do 7(vii)	(12)	Servants' quarters.

The last it will be seen involves the acquisition of some private land.

Estimates for nos (2) & (3) have already been prepared and are awaiting orders on the Committee's report – para. 6(2) supra ~~vide sub para 3 on page 2 of the [illegible]~~.

Estimates for the other works have to be prepared.

[A very [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] referred]

T.H. 18.12.06

and the Director will have to arrange to take back the

not 828 d/
Read.

~~as a~~ [illegible]

tank from the South Indian Railway Company.

PJ
20/12/6 Secy.

The Committee's proposals are, I submit, well considered & moderate and it would be difficult to improve on them. The great point is the removal of the subject.

Chm
22.12.06

The report should have been signed by all the Members of the Committee. As it is it has been signed only by the Director's Personal Asst. — It may however be accepted as the Committee's report.

2. Before anything else is done ask the S.P.I to furnish a report, with copies of papers on the subject of the proposal to the S.I.R. of the use of the tank referred to in paragraph vi (4) of the Committee's report, and to send a copy of the report signed by the members of the Committee.

26.12.06

The draft placed below is submitted for approval.

PJ
25/12/6

Issue

Chm
29-12-06

—

[Memorandum no. 634 d/ 31-12-1906.].

—

Read.

From the Director of Public Instruction dy 18th January 1907. No. 7244.

Page 9 of current. In memo. No. 634 Edl dy 31-12-1906, the Director of Public Instruction was asked to submit (1) a report on the subject of the grant to the South Indian Railway Company of the use of the tank belonging to the Reformatory School and (2) to submit a Copy of the report signed by all the members of the Committee.

2. The grant of the tank, belonging to the Reformatory School, to the South Indian Railway Company.

The Director of Public Instruction now forwards

Pages 25–33 of current. a Copy of the Correspondence on this subject. From this it is observed that

Page 25 of current. the Company first desired to acquire the tank and its adjacent ground.

- do - But when this was objected to on the ground that the tank had been useful for the Reformatory boys for the past ten years and the adjacent ground was used as a hay field and was required for agricultural operations when the School attained its full develop-

Page 27 of current. ment, the Railway Company requested that it might at least be allowed to draw water from the tank, to erect a pump on a small piece

vide the Superintendent's reply on page 28 of c.f. of ground and to lay pipes from the pump to the Station. This request too was rejected. On this, the Company again asked the

Page 30 of current. Director whether he had any objection to its drawing water only from the tank. The Company was allowed to do this, on condition that the

Page 32 of current. tank should be given back if it was found that its use by the Company was "prejudicial to the interests of the Reformatory School".

3. Copy of report signed by all the members.

As regards this,

Page 11 of current. the Director of Public Instruction states that the Committee discussed

Pages 12 to 21 of c.f. the question on the spot and the President drew up the notes on

p
not 825 Jr

33 13. 46 138

on what the Committee thought necessary and forwarded a Copy to each member for his remarks. All the members wrote back approving the notes; and the report submitted by the Director of Public Instruction is based on these notes. The Director has submitted the members' replies in original.

Pages 22 to 24 of c.f.

It is for Consideration whether in these circumstances the report may be accepted.

M
6/12/07.

Page 3 of current. The Committee's recommendations are

(1) that the Sub Registrar's office should be adapted as a show room, and that

- Do. - the Subjail should be removed from the present building and the building demolished

Page 4 of current. (2) that certain alterations should be made in the 'Big Barrack', the Hospital block, the blacksmith's shop, the newly constructed dormitory and the Quarantine Shed

Pages 5 of current.
para 6(i).
× - Do - 6(ii).
Do 6(iii)
⊗ Do - 6(iv)
Do - 6(v)
Page 6 of Current, 6(vii)

(3) that an additional building for the School, a timber shed and saw pit, a firewood shed, improved latrines, a dholeykhana and servants' quarters should be provided, and

- Do - Para. 6(vi).

(4) that the tank which belongs to the Reformatory and which was temporarily given to the Railway Company in 1898

Mag

p

34

14 / [15] 47 148

may be taken back and arrangements made to prevent it from pollution.

Para 7 of the report on page 8 of current.

2. The Committee further recommend that the P.W.D. be asked to prepare estimates for all the suggested improvements with the exception of the provision of an additional School-building, which they say, may wait till the Subjail is removed from its present building. The Estimates for the alterations in the "Big" Barrack and the Hospital block appear to have already been prepared by the D.P.W.D. Orders are solicited whether the P.W.D. may be asked to prepare estimates for the other improvements suggested by the Committee, and whether the ~~tank~~ D.P.I. may be asked to reserve the tank for the use of the Reformatory and to take steps to prevent it from pollution.

Vide paragraph 5 of the Committee's report on page 4 of c.f.

The Committee should [illegible] from which day till (1st April 07). [illegible]

R.D.P.
6.2.07

K.C.
Cos
7.2.07.

The ~~[illegible] report~~ recommendations of the Committee may be accepted. The further construction of buildings should proceed strictly on the lines indicated, and P.W.D. may be asked to prepare estimates at an early date for the additions for which no sanctioned estimates at present exist.

H.D. 8.2.07

Please reply
H.D. 12/2/07

[Put up for Govt. Orders on 20.2.07]

[illegible]

35 15 48 158

MENT
15 FEB 1907
WORKS DEPARTMENT

The draft placed below is submitted for approval. If approved, it may be sent to the P. W. D for acceptance.

12/2/07

12.2.07

Chd
12.2.07

P W D No.

13.2.07.

Desp
14/2

No 153-1 Edl
14.2.7

P.W.D

P.W.W.O. R No 201 / 15.2.07 For Dir.

The draft may be accepted.

P.K.S.
15.2.07

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL
17 FEB 1907
SECRETARIAT

Draft accepted.

16/2/07

To the Educational ~~No.~~ Deptt

Edl Deptt

Issue

18.2.07

(Gov No. 82 d/ 18/2/07)

Note 82 Edl.

[12.]
1,000--10-11-06.

36

47 49

Ed. DEPARTMENT.

READ AGAIN G.O, No. 614 dated 19 - 9 - 1906.
" " " " , " 190 .

READ ALSO:—

C. No. 2023 . From the Director of Public Instruction No. 7244 , dated 7 - 12 - 1906.

" " Memo. , " " , " 634 , " 31 - 12 - 1906.

" " 152 , " " , " 7244 , " 18 - 1 - 1907.

228

ORDER. No. 82 , dated 16 - 2 - 1907.

P.S.

The recommendations of the Committee are accepted. The further construction of building in connection with the Reformatory School should proceed strictly on the lines indicated by the Committee.

2. Orders will issue in the Public Works Dept for the preparation of plans & estimates for ~~such~~ ~~those~~ such of the ~~of the~~ proposed improvements ~~in respect of~~ for which no estimates have yet been prepared.

3. The Director of Public Instruction ~~is~~ will be requested to inform the South Indian Railway Company that the tank referred to in paragraph 6 (vi) of the Committee's report will be required for the exclusive use of the Reformatory from 1st April 1907.

Desp in MS. returning G.O. file before sending to Pres. AD 18/2

S. copies despd 8/5/7

To,
The Director of Public Instruction
with the original letters of the members.
" Public Works Department

Despd 19.2.07

280.

ON 12/2/07

RD 12-2-07

12-2-07

13-2-07

First copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED.
- Order complete. 50
- Letter only.
- Order complete with Letter.

READ AGAIN G.O., No. 614, DATED 19-9-06-P.
190 .

23 P
Int 1-15 P

CURRENT NO. 2023/1183 A

Proof placed
18
27/3/07

ENCLOSURES TO C. No. A

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT. A

LETTER TO GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—

A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.