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Educational (1905) Department.

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G.O., No. 854

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[Despatch Abstract.]

University of Madras

Extending upto 31st March 1906, the period allowed within which the Senate of the —— as constituted under the Indian Universities Act 1904; shall cause a revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the Sanction of Govt.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Recd. } 1905. *Enclosures*

Regd. } 1905. *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 854, 29th December 1905.

N. P.

Madras University Regulations.

Extending up to 31st March 1906 the period within which the Senate shall cause a revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the sanction of Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following papers:—

I

G.O., No. 637, Educational, dated 21st September 1905.

Abstract.—Fixing the 31st of December 1905 as the date within which the Senate of the University of Madras as constituted under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, shall cause a revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the sanction of Government.

II

Letter—from C. A. Paterson, Esq., M.A., LL.B., Registrar, University of Madras.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—Senate House, the 22nd December 1905.
No.—3305.

With reference to G.O., No. 637, dated the 21st September 1905, I have the honour to forward herewith ten copies of the revised body of regulations prepared by the Senate in accordance with section 26 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904. In doing so I have the honour to draw the attention of Government to the two resolutions passed by the Senate which are printed after the regulations and to ask that the Governor in Council will be so good as to extend the time for the revision of the remaining regulations to the 31st March 1906.

2. In this connection I am to say that a Committee of the Senate has been appointed to draft regulations relating to curricula for degrees to be granted by the University, examinations for these degrees, and such other matters connected therewith as have not already been dealt with in the regulations already passed by the Senate.

3. I am directed by the Syndicate to draw special attention to regulation 89 and to request that, if there is likely to be any delay in sanctioning the whole of the regulations now submitted, Government will be pleased to sanction regulation 89 as soon as may be convenient so that a new Syndicate may be appointed under the Act. I am to explain that the number of members of the provisional Syndicate has been reduced to six, and of these one will be leaving India very shortly and another is, owing to press of other work, seldom able to attend meetings of the Syndicate and therefore desires to resign his membership of the Syndicate.

Enclosure.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

Regulations passed by the Senate on Friday, 15th December 1905.

I. The Senate.

1. The members of the Senate shall rank in the following order:—the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the *ex-officio* Fellows in the order in which their respective offices are named in the First Schedule to the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the Ordinary Fellows according to the date and order of the first publication of their names as Ordinary Fellows in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

2. Meetings of the Senate shall be either ordinary, special, or extraordinary meetings.

3. Ordinary meetings shall be held on or about the first Friday in March and the third Friday in October of each year.

4. Special meetings of the Senate shall be such as are convened at the request of the Syndicate by the Vice-Chancellor, or by the Chairman of a meeting of the Syndicate, for the disposal of urgent business to be laid before the Senate by the Syndicate.

5. Extraordinary meetings of the Senate shall be convened by the Vice-Chancellor on the written request of any ten members.

6. Any member who wishes to propose a resolution at an ordinary meeting of the Senate shall forward the terms of the resolution to the Registrar so as to reach him not later than the 1st February if it is intended for discussion at the March meeting, or not later than 1st September if it is intended for discussion at the October meeting. When any ten members forward a written request to the Vice-Chancellor to convene an extraordinary meeting of the Senate they shall at the same time forward the terms of the resolution or resolutions which it is intended to propose and also the name of the proposer of each resolution.

7. The Syndicate shall consider each such resolution of which notice has been given in accordance with the foregoing regulation and shall cause it to be placed on the agenda paper of the meeting at which its discussion is intended by the proposer: provided that the Syndicate may exclude from the agenda paper any proposed resolution which deals in whole or in part with any decision of the Senate adverse to its terms which has been arrived at in any meeting of the Senate held within one year previous to that at which its discussion was intended.

The Registrar shall inform the proposer in each such case of exclusion, and the Syndicate shall report the fact of exclusion at the meeting at which the discussion of the resolution was intended, or, if there be no other business at that meeting, at the next meeting of the Senate.

8. No resolution, proposal, or other matter of business which has not been submitted to the Syndicate shall be brought before the Senate at any meeting, except as provided for in regulations 12, 14, 22 and 40.

9. The Registrar shall, not less than fifteen days previous to each ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, issue to each member a notice stating the time and place of meeting, and this notice shall be accompanied by an agenda paper showing the business to be brought before the meeting, and except as provided for in regulations 12, 14, 22 and 40, no resolution, proposal, or other matter of business which is not entered on the agenda paper shall be brought before the meeting: provided that the Syndicate may, for reasons of urgency, bring any business before any meeting of the Senate without notice being given in the agenda paper.

10. If there be no business to be brought before an ordinary meeting of the Senate, the Registrar shall issue a notice to that effect to each member not less than fifteen days before the date of such ordinary meeting.

11. In the case of special meetings, the Registrar shall give such previous notice of the time and place of meeting as the circumstances in each case may permit, but except in regard to this particular, the provisions of regulation 9 shall apply to such meetings.

12. Any member wishing to propose an amendment to a resolution on the agenda paper of any ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate shall forward the same to the Registrar so as to reach him not less than five clear days before the day of the meeting at which the discussion of the resolution is intended. The expression "five clear days" shall be held to mean five days exclusive of the day on which the notice of amendment reaches the Registrar and of the day of the meeting. No amendment of which notice has not thus been given shall be considered at any ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, except as provided for in regulation 40.

13. The Registrar shall, not less than three days before each ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, issue to each member an amended agenda paper, showing all the resolutions as in the original agenda paper issued in accordance with regulation 9 and also showing all amendments of which notice has been given in accordance with regulation 12 provided that if no notice has been received under regulation 12 of any amendment, no such amended agenda paper need be issued.

14. At any special meeting of the Senate any member may bring forward any amendment without previous notice being given.

15. The Vice-Chancellor shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, preside at all meetings of the Senate, but if the Vice-Chancellor be not present, the members present shall elect a Chairman from among themselves.

16. Twenty-five members shall constitute a quorum for any meeting of the Senate other than a Convocation for conferring degrees.

17. Honorary Fellows are permitted to be present at any meeting of the Senate but are not permitted to take part in the business of any meeting except as otherwise provided by the Indian Universities Act, 1904, or by the regulations.

18. At the time fixed for a meeting of the Senate the Chairman shall take the chair and shall ascertain whether a quorum be present or not. If a quorum be present, he shall declare the meeting constituted and shall proceed with the business of the meeting. If a quorum be not present, he shall, if it be necessary, wait until fifteen minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, and if no quorum be then present he shall thereupon declare the meeting dissolved and shall leave the chair. If at any time during the progress of business any member shall call attention to the number of members present, the Chairman shall within a reasonable time count the number of the members present, and, if a quorum be not present, he shall declare the meeting dissolved and shall leave the chair. All such dissolutions shall be recorded by the Registrar and the record shall be signed by the Chairman.

19. At every meeting of the Senate the following shall be the order of business, after the election, if it be necessary, of the Chairman :—

(i) Any motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper.
(ii) The election, if such be part of the agenda, of any official of the University.
(iii) Business brought forward by the Syndicate.
(iv) Business brought forward by the Faculties, taken in the following order :—Arts, Law, Medicine, Engineering.
(v) Proposals brought forward by members of the Senate which have not been excluded by the Syndicate under regulation 7.

20. All questions considered at meetings of the Senate shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present. If the votes, including that of the Chairman, be equally divided, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

21. On any motion or amendment being put to the vote, the Senate shall divide and the vote of each member voting shall be recorded, if any member desire that this should be done. In that case the names of members abstaining from voting shall also be recorded. The manner in which a division shall be effected shall be left to the discretion and direction of the Chairman.

22. In addition to motions of which notice has been given and which satisfy the conditions of regulations 6 and 7, the following are the only motions which may be proposed at meetings of the Senate, and of these previous notice is not necessary :—

(i) A motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper.
(ii) A motion for the adjournment of the meeting or debate.
(iii) A motion that the meeting pass to the next business on the agenda paper.
(iv) A motion that the meeting be dissolved.
(v) A motion directing the Syndicate to review its decision and to report at a subsequent meeting of the Senate.
(vi) A motion directing a Faculty to review or amend its recommendation in any matter brought before the Senate by that Faculty.
(vii) A motion that the Senate do resolve itself into Committee.
(viii) A motion for the appointment of a Committee to enquire into and report on any matter before the Senate at the time.
(ix) A motion remitting any matter before the Senate at the time to a Faculty or to a Board of Studies for its views or recommendations and report.

23. Every motion shall be affirmative in form and shall begin with the word "that".

24. Every motion at a meeting must be seconded, otherwise it shall drop. Any member may second a motion by saying "I second the motion" and may reserve his speech. When a motion has been made and seconded, it shall be stated from the Chair, unless it be ruled out of order by the Chairman.

25. When a motion has been stated from the Chair, it may be discussed as a question to be resolved in the affirmative or negative or as proposed to be changed by amendment brought forward under regulations 12, 14 and 40.

26. Not more than one motion and one amendment thereto shall be placed before a meeting at the same time.

27. A motion once brought forward shall not be proposed a second time at the same meeting or at any adjournment thereof. A motion or amendment substantially identical in part with one already brought forward at a meeting may be brought forward at the same meeting with the omission of such part.

28. A motion for the adjournment of a meeting or of a debate on any particular question may be made at any time but shall not be made so as to interrupt a speech. If a motion for the adjournment of the meeting be carried, the meeting shall thereupon adjourn to the time specified in the motion. If a motion for the adjournment of the debate be carried, the debate shall thereupon be adjourned to the time specified in the motion. The meeting shall thereupon pass to the next business, if any, on the agenda paper. If either of such motions be negatived, the business of the meeting or the debate as the case may be shall be resumed.

29. A motion for the adjournment of a meeting shall be in the form "That this meeting do now adjourn to," followed by words indicating the day and hour proposed for the adjourned meeting. A motion for the adjournment of a debate shall be in the form "That the debate on this question be now adjourned to," followed by words indicating the day and hour. Ordinarily, a meeting or debate shall only be adjourned to the day following the meeting, Sunday being a *dies non*.

30. No amendment shall be moved to a motion for adjournment of a meeting or debate except one substituting a different day or hour.

31. A meeting or debate renewed after adjournment shall be deemed one with that which preceded the adjournment.

32. A motion to pass to the next business shall be in the form "That the meeting do now pass to the next business on the agenda paper" and may be moved at any time but not so as to interrupt a speech. If the motion be carried, the motion under discussion together with any amendments to it shall drop.

33. A motion for the dissolution of a meeting shall be in the form "That this meeting do now dissolve," and may be made at any time but not so as to interrupt a speech. If such a motion be carried, the business still before the meeting shall drop, and the Chairman shall declare the meeting dissolved.

34. No motion under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii shall be made or seconded by any member who, during the discussion of any particular item of business, has already made or seconded any one of such motions.

35. Any motion made under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii shall take precedence of any question that may be before the meeting, and, if not withdrawn, must be disposed of before such question.

36. When any motion under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii has been brought forward and has been negatived, no other motion of the same kind shall be again brought forward until after the lapse of what the Chairman shall deem a reasonable time : nor shall any debate or discussion be allowed on such second or subsequent motion brought forward during a debate on the same question.

37. A motion directing the Syndicate or a Faculty to review or reconsider its decision or recommendation may be made at any time during the discussion on any such decision or recommendation, but shall not be made so as to interrupt a speech. The motion shall clearly specify the matter thus referred back to the Syndicate or the Faculty for review or reconsideration and may also indicate generally the sense or direction in which the mover desires alteration in such decision or recommendation. The motion may also include an instruction that the Syndicate or the Faculty shall report at the next or at some other meeting of the Senate.

38. A motion that the Senate do resolve itself into Committee shall specify the item or items of business to be considered in Committee.

39. A motion for the appointment of a Committee to consider any question before the Senate at the time shall state the purpose for which the Committee is to be constituted and the names of its members.

40. In addition to amendments of which notice has been given in accordance with regulation 12, and subject to the provision of regulation 14, the following are the only amendments which may be made to any motion brought forward at a meeting of the Senate, and of these notice need not be given :—

(i) Amendments of a purely verbal or formal kind which, in the opinion of the Chairman, do not effect the sense or import of the motion to which they refer.

(ii) Amendments to a motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper, substituting an order different from that in the motion.

(iii) Amendments to a motion for adjournment of the meeting or debate, substituting a time different from that in the motion.

(iv) Amendments to a motion directing the Syndicate or a Faculty to review or reconsider their decision or recommendation.

(v) Amendments to a motion for the appointment of a Committee, whether for enlarging or restricting its purposes or the questions remitted to it, or for adding to or omitting the names of members proposed to form it.

(vi) Amendments to a motion remitting any matter to a Faculty or to a Board of Studies.

41. Any motion before a meeting of the Senate may be amended—

(i) by leaving out a word or words.
(ii) by leaving out a word or words in order to insert some other word or words.
(iii) by adding or inserting a word or words.

42. When the amendment is of the first kind, the form in which it is proposed and handed to the Chair shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be left out of the motion". When the amendment is of the second kind, the form shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be left out of the motion and that the words (*mentioning them*) be added or inserted". When the amendment is of the third kind, the form shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be added or inserted" and there shall then follow words specifying the place in which the words mentioned are to be added or inserted.

43. No amendment shall be proposed which would reduce a motion to its negative or opposite form, or which would alter the first word.

44. Every amendment must be relevant to the motion to which it refers and must be framed so as to form therewith an intelligible and consistent sentence.

45. No amendment shall be proposed which substantially raises a question already disposed of by the meeting or is inconsistent with or adverse to any resolution already passed by the meeting.

46. An amendment, the substance of which has been disposed of in part, may be modified by its proposer so as to retain only the part not so disposed of.

47. The order in which amendments to a motion are to be brought forward shall be determined by the Chairman.

48. An amendment must be seconded in the same way as a motion: otherwise it shall drop.

49. When an amendment has been moved and seconded, it shall, unless ruled out of order, be stated from the Chair, and the debate may then proceed on the motion and amendment together.

50. When, on a motion to which there is no amendment, the debate is concluded, or if there be no debate, the Chairman shall put the question to the vote by saying "The question is," followed by the words of the motion, and the Senate shall then divide, unless the Chairman ascertain that the question is carried affirmatively by a unanimous vote. If there be an amendment, he shall say "It has been moved," followed by the words of the motion: then he shall say "Since which it has been moved by way of amendment" followed by the words of the amendment: and then, if the amendment be one of the first kind, he shall put the question by saying "Shall the words or word proposed to be left out be left out?" If the amendment be of the second kind, he shall put the question by saying, "Shall the following words or word . . . . be left out in order to add or insert the following words or word . . . . ?" If the amendment be of the third kind, he shall put the question by saying, "Shall these words be there added or inserted"? If an amendment be negatived, the original motion shall be again stated from the Chair, and, subject to the foregoing regulations, any other amendment which is in order shall then be proposed thereto. If an amendment be carried, the motion as amended shall be stated from the Chair, and may then be debated as a substantive motion, to which the further amendments to the original motion may, subject to the foregoing regulations, be proposed, and such further amendments shall be disposed of in the same manner as the first or original amendment.

51. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn from the decision of the meeting without its unanimous consent: but this consent shall be presumed if the mover state his wish to withdraw the motion or amendment and the Chairman, after an interval during which no dissent is expressed, announce that it is withdrawn.

52. Any motion or amendment standing in the name of a member who is absent from the meeting, or who declines to move it, may be moved by any other member.

53. The member who first rises to speak at the conclusion of a speech has the right to be heard. In cases of competition, the Chairman shall decide who is in possession of the meeting.

54. Except as hereinafter provided, a member having spoken to a motion or amendment, is not at liberty to speak again to such motion or amendment.

55. In so far as the question raised by an amendment is one on which he has not previously spoken, any member may speak to that question, though he has spoken to the original question or to a previous amendment.

56. When the Chairman has ascertained that no other member entitled to address the meeting desires to speak, the mover of the original motion may reply upon the whole debate. But the mover of an amendment or of any motion under regulations 22, i, ii, iii, iv has no right of reply. No member shall speak to a question after the mover has entered on his reply.

57. The Chairman has the same right of moving or seconding or speaking to a motion or amendment as any other member, but he shall vacate the Chair while so engaged, and the Chair shall during such time be taken by a member nominated by the Chairman. Without leaving the Chair, the Chairman may, however, at his discretion or at the request of any member, explain to the meeting the scope of any motion or amendment.

58. Any member may, even whilst another is speaking, rise to explain any misconception of expressions used by him, but he shall confine himself strictly to such explanation.

59. Any member may call the Chairman's attention to a point of order even whilst another member is speaking, but no speech shall be made on such point of order.

60. The Chairman shall be the sole judge on any point of order, and may call any member to order, and shall have power to take such action as may be necessary to enforce his decision.

61. At meetings of the Senate in Committee the proceedings shall be governed by the foregoing regulations for debate except that no notice need be given of motions or amendments, that no motion or amendment need be seconded and that every member may speak on any question as often as he chooses.

62. The resolutions passed at meetings of the Senate in Committee shall be embodied in a report by the Registrar to be laid before the Senate at a subsequent meeting, but shall not become final unless they are confirmed by the Senate.

63. Within three weeks after a meeting of the Senate, the Registrar shall, under the direction of the Syndicate, post a printed copy of the minutes of such meeting attested by the Chairman to the address of each member.

In the event of no exception being taken by any member who was present at the meeting to the correctness of the minutes within ten days of the posting by the Registrar, they shall be deemed to be correct.

If such exception be taken within the time aforesaid, the minutes shall be brought forward by the Syndicate at the next meeting of the Senate for confirmation by such of the members as were present when the business was transacted to which the minutes refer.

64. Any member intending to protest against a resolution of the Senate shall give notice of his intention to the Registrar within forty-eight hours from the date of the meeting at which the resolution was passed and within one week from such date lodge his protest with the Registrar. The Syndicate shall thereupon cause the protest to be printed and circulated to each member who was present at the meeting, with a request that he will record a vote for three members of the Senate to form a Committee to prepare a memorandum in support of the resolution. The three members receiving the largest number of votes including the casting vote or votes of the Vice-Chancellor, if such be necessary, and who are willing to act shall frame the memorandum accordingly, and the Syndicate shall submit the protest and memorandum, together with a copy of the resolution, for the consideration and orders of the Governor in Council.

II. Convocation for conferring Degrees.

65. A convocation for the purpose of conferring degrees shall be held annually in the month of March, and at such other time as the Chancellor shall direct.

66. Candidates for degrees must, five clear days before the day fixed for convocation, inform the Registrar in writing of their intention to be present. No person shall be admitted to convocation who has not thus sent in his name to the Registrar.

67. Any person who, having sent in his name to the Registrar as a candidate for a degree at convocation, fails to appear shall, when he next applies for his degree, be charged a fee of rupees ten, unless he can furnish to the Syndicate a sufficient reason for his non-appearance.

68. A candidate for a degree, who is not resident within the territorial limits of the University at the time, or who is precluded from appearing in public, may, with the permission of the Syndicate and on payment of a fee of rupees ten, be admitted *in absentia* to that degree at the annual convocation in March.

69. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and Fellows shall assemble in the Senate room at the appointed hour.

70. The Registrar then shall read the reports of the examiners, unless it is agreed to take them as read. The reports shall be in the following form:—

We, the examiners appointed by the Senate of the University of Madras to conduct the examination for the degree of....., do hereby certify that we have examined the persons whose names are hereinafter set down, and that we do adjudge them to be worthy of the degree of....., and do recommend them accordingly to be admitted to the same.

Witness our hands, etc.

71. The graces of the Senate on behalf of the candidates for admission to the several degrees will be supplicated in the following order:—

Law—by the President of the Faculty of Law.

Medicine—by the President of the Faculty of Medicine.

Engineering—by the President of the Faculty of Engineering.

Arts—by the President of the Faculty of Arts.

72. The formula to be used for each grace shall, *mutatis mutandis*, be as follows:

. . . . . Chancellor, I move that a grace of the Senate be passed that those persons whom the examiners have certified to be qualified for the degree of . . . . . be admitted to that degree.

73. Whereupon the Chancellor shall put the question "*Doth it please you that this grace be passed?*" and the Senate assenting, the Chancellor shall say "*This grace is passed.*"

74. When all the graces have been passed, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall proceed in procession to the hall in which the degrees are to be conferred.

75. The hall shall be so arranged that the Chancellor's chair may be somewhat in advance; the chairs assigned to the Vice-Chancellor and Fellows being placed in a half circle, so as to leave full space for the presentation of the candidates.

76. The candidates shall wear the gowns and hoods pertaining to their respective degrees, and shall be arranged opposite to the Chancellor.

77. On the procession entering the hall, the candidates shall rise and remain standing until the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows have taken their seats.

78. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows having taken their places, the Chancellor shall say:

This convocation of the Senate of the University of Madras has been called to confer degrees upon the candidates who, in the examinations recently held for that purpose, have been certified to be worthy of the same. Let the candidates stand forward.

79. Then the candidates standing, the Chancellor shall put to them the following questions:

Question.—*Do you sincerely promise and declare that, if admitted to the degrees for which you are severally candidates, and for which you have been recommended, you will in your daily life and conversation conduct yourselves as becomes members of this University?*

Answer.—I do promise.

Question.—*Do you promise that to the utmost of your opportunity and ability you will support and promote the cause of morality and sound learning?*

Answer.—I do promise.

Question.—*Do you promise that you will, as far as in you lies, uphold and advance social order and the well-being of your fellowmen?*

Answer.—I do promise.

In the case of candidates for professional degrees, the following addition shall be made:

Question.—*Do you promise that you will faithfully and carefully fulfil the duties of the legal, medical, and engineering professions, that you will on all occasions maintain their purity and reputation, and that you will never deviate from the straight path of their honourable exercise by making your knowledge subservient to unworthy ends?*

Answer.—I do promise.

80. Then the Chancellor shall say:

Let the candidates be now presented.

81. Then the candidates shall be presented to the Chancellor by the heads of their respective colleges, being members of the Senate or Honorary Fellows of the University, or by other members of the Senate or Honorary Fellows of the University, the candidates having first received their diplomas from the Registrar.

82. When all the candidates for the same degree have been presented, the Chancellor shall say to the candidates, who shall remain standing:

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Chancellor of the University of Madras, I admit you to the degree of . . . . . in this University, and in token thereof you have been presented with these diplomas, and I authorise you to wear the hood ordained, as the insignia of your degree.

83. When all the candidates have been presented, the Registrar shall lay the record of the degrees that have been conferred, before the Chancellor, who shall sign the same.

84. Then an address shall be made to the candidates by a member of the Senate, appointed by the Chancellor, exhorting them to conduct themselves suitably unto the position to which, by the degree conferred upon them, they have attained.

85. The address being ended, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall rise up, and the Chancellor shall say:

I dissolve this convocation.

86. Then the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall retire in procession to the Senate room, the graduates standing.

III. The Syndicate.

87. The Syndicate under section 15 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, shall consist of the Vice-Chancellor as Chairman, the Director of Public Instruction and ten elected members.

88. At least five of the elected members shall be Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University.

89. As soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this regulation an election of ten members of the Syndicate shall be held in the manner hereinafter prescribed:—

The Registrar, under the direction of the Syndicate, shall publish a notice thereof in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and shall, on or before the date of such publication, post to each member of the Senate a notice of the election. The notice shall draw attention to the requirement of the regulation that at least five of the members to be elected shall be Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University.

The Syndicate as a body and each member of the Senate shall be at liberty to nominate any number of *ex-officio* or ordinary Fellows, not exceeding ten, for election.

Every nomination shall be in writing and must reach the Registrar not later than eight days after the publication of the notice in the Gazette.

The Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a list of the nominees, with the names of their respective nominators, together with a voting paper which shall bear on it the date of posting.

Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to vote for any number of the nominees not exceeding ten.

Any paper in which the number voted for exceeds ten shall be treated as invalid.

The voting paper when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him.

A Committee of two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor for the scrutiny of the voting papers at a time and place to be fixed by him, and the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a notice thereof eight days before the date fixed for the scrutiny.

Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny.

The result of the scrutiny shall be certified to the Syndicate.

If any two or more nominees receive an equal number of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall have a second or casting vote in regard to each of such nominees.

The Registrar, under the direction of the Syndicate, shall post to every member of the Senate a notice stating the names of the ten nominees who have received the largest number of votes.

Should any six members of the Senate within eight days of the posting of the notice lodge with the Registrar an objection that the list of the ten nominees does not include five Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University, a special meeting of the Senate shall be called to decide how far the objection is valid and which, if any, of the ten nominees is or are in consequence not eligible for election.

If the objection be allowed the Senate shall forthwith proceed to fill up the vacancy or vacancies by selecting one or more of the nominees as may be necessary in the order of the number of votes recorded for him or them who in the opinion of the majority of the Senate then voting may be qualified as a Head of, or Professor in, a College affiliated to the University.

If no objection be taken in the manner above provided, or if the objection taken be disallowed, the ten nominees who have received the largest number of votes shall be elected.

If an objection be allowed, the nominees against whom no objection has been allowed and the nominee or nominees elected by the Senate, as provided above, shall be elected.

If any question arise as to the procedure to be adopted in order to give effect to this regulation it shall be determined by the Vice-Chancellor.

The result of the election shall be announced in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and the election shall take effect from the date of announcement.

90. Any elected member who has held office continuously for two years shall vacate his seat but shall be eligible for re-election in the manner hereinafter provided.

91. Any elected member who intends or expects to be absent from the meetings of the Syndicate for more than three consecutive months shall for that reason be under obligation to resign his seat.

92. Any elected member who has been absent from three consecutive meetings may be declared by the Syndicate to have vacated his seat but he shall be eligible for re-election.

93. Whenever a vacancy occurs among the elected members, the Registrar under the direction of the Syndicate shall publish a notice thereof in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and shall on or before the date of such publication post to each member of the Senate a notice of the vacancy.

The Syndicate as a body and each member of the Senate shall be at liberty to nominate a member of the Senate to fill the vacancy.

Every nomination shall be in writing and must reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the publication of the notice in the Gazette.

The Registrar shall post a list of the nominations to each member of the Senate together with a voting paper which shall bear on it the date of posting. The voting paper when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him. A Committee of two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor for the scrutiny of the voting papers at a time and place to be fixed by him, and the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a notice thereof, ten days before the date fixed for the scrutiny. Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny. The nominee who receives the largest number of votes shall be elected. If any two or more nominees receive an equal number of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall in each such case, where necessary, have a second or casting vote. The result of the election shall be announced in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

94. Should it appear to the Syndicate to be necessary in accordance with Regulation 88 that any vacancy should be filled by a Head of, or a Professor in, a College affiliated to the University, the Registrar shall draw attention to the matter in the notices of the vacancy and should any six members of the Senate within ten days of the announcement of the result of such election raise the question as to whether the person elected is eligible as aforesaid the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate resident at the time within the territorial limits of the University a notice of the objection and a voting paper to enable him to vote on the question raised. The voting paper shall bear on it the date of posting and when filled up shall be returned so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him. The result of such voting shall be scrutinized and declared by a committee of two members of the Senate appointed for the purpose by the Vice-Chancellor. In the event of the question being determined in the negative by a majority of the votes received or in case of equality of votes by the casting vote of the Vice-Chancellor, a fresh election from among the other nominees shall take place in a manner similar to that of the original election.

95. The elected members of the Syndicate shall vacate their seats in a body when by a two-thirds majority of those present and voting the following motion has been carried in an extra-ordinary meeting of the Senate—"That the Syndicate no longer possesses the confidence of the Senate." In this event the election of a new Syndicate shall take place according to the procedure laid down in Regulation 89.

96. It shall be the duty of the Syndicate :—

(i) to administer the property of the University on behalf of, and subject to the control of, the Senate :

(ii) to keep the accounts of the University and to submit them to such inspection and audit as the Government may direct :

(iii) to correspond on the business of the University with the Government and with all other authorities and persons :

(iv) to appoint examiners, and to cancel any such appointment, and to define their duties and powers and to fix their remuneration :

(v) to notify and make arrangements in accordance with the regulations of the University for the election of Ordinary Fellows by the Faculties or by registered graduates, and for the election of the Syndicate :

(vi) to recommend to the Senate the assignment to a Faculty of any *ex-officio* Fellow or of any Ordinary Fellow recently elected or nominated.

(vii) to make due provision for examinations being conducted in accordance with the regulations of the University, and for the supervision of such examinations, and to fix the remuneration of superintendents.

97. The Syndicate shall have power :—

(i) to appoint, suspend, punish, or dismiss any servant of the University :

(ii) to appoint Fellows and others to be members of Boards of Studies and to appoint the Chairman of each Board.

(iii) to nominate University Professors and Lecturers, to define their duties and fix their remuneration, and to report any such proposed arrangements to the Senate for its sanction :

(iv) to recommend to the Senate that any person shall be admitted as a candidate to any University examination without the certificate or certificates required by the regulations for admission to that examination :

(v) to dispense with a strict compliance with the regulations of the University in so far as relates to the time, place, and manner of examinations, or to the time and manner of conducting any election : provided that any resolution of the Syndicate passed in reference to such departure from recognized procedure shall be reported to the Senate at its next meeting, together with a full statement of the special grounds upon which the Syndicate acted :

(vi) to refer any matter to a Faculty or Board of Studies for consideration and to call upon the Faculty or Board for a report thereon.

(vii) to draft such regulations as may, from time to time, be necessary, and to submit them to the Senate for approval :

(viii) to make its own standing orders and, subject to the regulations of the University, to regulate the disposal of its own business.

98. Any Faculty or member of the Senate shall be at liberty to submit any question to the Syndicate for its consideration and subsequently to bring before the Senate the decision of the Syndicate thereon, with a view to its modification or annulment.

99. The Syndicate shall prepare annually a report on its work and shall submit the same to the Senate at its meeting in the month of October.

IV. Faculties.

100. The Senate shall be divided into four Faculties, namely Arts, Law, Medicine, Engineering.

101. The Faculties shall have precedence among themselves in the order named in the foregoing regulation.

102. Every *ex-officio* and Ordinary Fellow shall be assigned by order of the Senate to one or other of the Faculties at the meeting of the Senate next after his becoming a Fellow.

103. Each Faculty shall elect one of its members to be President of the Faculty. Within one month after the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of President of a Faculty, the Registrar shall send to each member of the Faculty an intimation of the vacancy and also a voting paper. The voting paper shall be returned by the member so as to reach the Registrar not later than the fourteenth day after the date of posting the intimation. Two Fellows, appointed for the purpose by the Vice-Chancellor shall scrutinize and count the votes, and communicate the result of their scrutiny and count to the Vice-Chancellor. The Vice-Chancellor shall thereupon declare the member who has the highest number of votes to be the President. In the event of an equality of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall have a casting vote. The Registrar shall communicate the result of the election to the members of the Faculty.

104. The President of a Faculty shall, if he remain qualified to do so, hold office for three years, on the expiry of which he shall vacate office but shall be eligible for re-election.

105. During the temporary absence of the President of a Faculty, or in the interval between the vacating of office by a President and the election of his successor, the Vice-Chancellor shall nominate a member of the Faculty who shall for the time being and so far as may be necessary act as President of the Faculty.

106. A Faculty shall have power—

(i) to consider and report on any matter referred to it by the Senate or Syndicate.

(ii) to draft regulations in regard to courses of study and examinations prescribed by the University and to lay such regulations before the Syndicate in order that they may be brought before the Senate :

(iii) to remit any matter to a Board of Studies comprised within the Faculty for consideration and report :

(iv) to consider any report or recommendation of any Board of Studies :

(v) to appoint a committee of the Faculty for any purpose within the cognizance or powers of the Faculty :

(vi) to hold meetings of the Faculty or a committee of the Faculty along with any other Faculty or a committee thereof, for the discussion of any matter of common interest.

107. Meetings of a Faculty shall be convened by the President of the Faculty at such times as may be necessary or on the written request of any three members of the Faculty.

108. Any member of a Faculty may bring before any meeting of the Faculty any matter within its cognizance by giving notice to the President, who shall, subject to the provisions of regulation 106, instruct the Registrar to include such matter in the agenda paper of the next meeting of the Faculty.

109. The President of a Faculty shall, not less than fifteen days previous to a meeting of the Faculty, cause a notice to be issued to each member of the Faculty stating the time and place of the meeting, and showing all the business to be brought before the meeting. No matter of business which is not entered on the agenda paper of a meeting of a Faculty shall be considered at the meeting : provided that the President may, for reasons of urgency bring any matter before any meeting without notice being given in the agenda paper : and provided that any member may, with the permission of a majority of the members present at a meeting, bring any matter before that meeting without notice.

110. Subject to the foregoing regulations the procedure at meetings of Faculties shall be in general accordance with the regulations in regard to the procedure at meetings of the Senate. With regard to any point of order or matter of procedure the decision of the Chairman shall be final.

111. The President of a Faculty shall preside at all meetings of the Faculty, but in his absence, the members present shall elect a Chairman from among themselves.

112. The quorum for a meeting of a Faculty shall be one-third of the members of the Faculty.

113. When a Faculty remits any matter to a Board or Boards of Studies, it may empower the Board or Boards to communicate its or their report or decision directly to the Syndicate.

114. The President of a Faculty may, in his discretion, remit any matter referred to the Faculty by the Senate or the Syndicate to a Board or Boards of Studies without laying it before a meeting of the Faculty, and may transmit the report or decision of the Board or Boards to the Senate or Syndicate without laying it before a meeting of the Faculty.

115. The Syndicate may refer back to a Faculty, for reconsideration, any resolution passed by the Faculty: otherwise, where the nature of the resolution calls for it, the Syndicate shall lay the resolution before the Senate as its next meeting.

116. The Proceedings at each meeting of a Faculty shall be communicated by the Registrar to the Syndicate.

V. Election of Ordinary Fellows by Faculties.

117. Subject to the provision of section 6 (4) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, and to any directions of the Chancellor in accordance with section 9 (2) of the said Act the Faculties of Arts, Law, Medicine and Engineering shall be entitled to elect four, two, two and two persons respectively as Fellows of the University.

118. In the event of vacancies among Fellows elected under section 12 (*c*) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the first two shall be filled up by the Faculty of Medicine, the next two by the Faculty of Engineering, the next four by the Faculty of Arts and the last two by the Faculty of Law.

119. If in any year any vacancy occur among the Fellows elected by Faculties, the Syndicate shall cause a notification of the fact to be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and shall, at the same time, announce the day appointed by the Chancellor for the election, the hour up to which votes may be received, and, in the event of there being more than one, the number of such vacancies in each Faculty. The date of the notification shall be not less than fourteen days previous to the date so appointed.

120. The Registrar shall, not later than the date of the publication of the notification made in accordance with regulation 119 forward to each member of each Faculty which is required to elect a Fellow or Fellows a voting paper, together with a notice stating the number of vacancies and the date of the election. Should it be necessary to secure that the vacancy (or one or more of them if there be more vacancies than one) be filled by a person following the profession of education, or should the Chancellor have given any directions in accordance with section 9 (2) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the notice shall draw attention to the fact.

121. The number of persons for whom each member of a Faculty may vote may be less but shall not be more than the number of vacancies notified in the Faculty and any voting paper which contains votes for any number of persons in excess of the number of vacancies shall be treated as invalid.

122. The Syndicate shall appoint two members of the Senate to co-operate with the Registrar in the supervision of the election.

123. The voting papers when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registrar not later than the time announced. The two members of the Senate appointed in accordance with regulation 122 shall scrutinize the voting papers, rejecting those which do not fulfil the condition laid down in regulation 121 and shall count the votes recorded. Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny. If any two or more persons receive an equal number of votes the President of the Faculty in each case where necessary shall have a second or casting vote. The result of the election shall be communicated to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor.

VI. Registration of Graduates.

124. The Syndicate shall maintain a register on which any graduate who has—

(*a*) taken the degree of Master or Doctor in any Faculty, or

(*b*) graduated in any Faculty not less than ten years before registration,

shall be entitled to have his name entered and retained, subject to the regulations following.

125. Any graduate satisfying the conditions of regulation 124 who wishes to have his name entered on the register shall fill up a form of application, obtainable from the Registrar, and shall forward the same to the Registrar along with the initial fee of rupees five and either the first annual fee of two rupees or a composition fee of rupees ten. The Syndicate shall thereupon cause his name to be entered on the register if he be qualified to have his name so entered: provided that his application form and fees have been received by the Registrar on or before the

ninth day of September 1907 or not more than one year from the date on which he becomes entitled to registration under regulation 124, whichever is the later date. The date on which a graduate has taken a degree or graduated in any Faculty shall be the date on which the degree was conferred upon him in Convocation.

126. Any graduate who is entitled to registration under regulation 124, but who fails to apply for the same before the expiry of the period specified in regulation 125, shall, in order that his name may be entered upon the register, pay, in addition to the fees prescribed in regulation 125, all arrears of annual fees reckoned from the 9th September 1907 or from the expiry of one year after the date on which he became entitled to registration under regulation 124, whichever be the later date.

127. Any graduate whose name has been entered on the register under regulation 125 or 126, and who has paid the composition fee of rupees ten, shall not be liable for any further payments in order that his name may be retained on the register for life.

128. Any graduate whose name has been entered on the register under regulation 125 or 126, but who has not paid the composition fee of rupees ten, shall have his name retained on the register until the 1st September following the date of registration. Subsequent retention of his name shall depend on the payment of two rupees on or before the 1st September following the date of registration and in each succeeding year the payment of two rupees on or before 1st September in each year. Should any such registered graduate fail to pay the annual fee on or before the prescribed date, his name shall be removed from the register, but it may be re-entered thereon on payment of all arrears of annual fees.

129. Any graduate, at any time while his name is on the register, shall become entitled to the retention of his name on the register for life by the payment to the registrar of a composition fee of rupees ten.

130. The Registrar shall send to each graduate qualified under clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of regulation 124, as soon as convenient after he qualifies himself, a copy of the regulations relating to the registration of graduates.

VII. Election of Ordinary Fellows by Registered Graduates.

131. If in any year any vacancy occur among the Fellows elected by registered graduates, the Syndicate shall cause a notification of the fact to be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and shall, at the same time, announce the day appointed by the Chancellor for the election, the hours between which votes may be recorded, and, in the event of there being more than one, the number of such vacancies. The date of the notification shall be not less than fourteen days previous to the date so appointed.

132. The Syndicate shall appoint two members of the Senate to co-operate with the Registrar in the supervision of the election.

133. The Registrar shall, not later than the date of the publication of the notification made in accordance with regulation 131, forward to each registered graduate a voting paper, together with a notice stating the number of vacancies and the date of the election.

134. The only persons eligible for election are graduates whose names are on the register at the date of the notification published in accordance with regulation 131. The number of persons for whom each registered graduate may vote may be less but shall not be more than the number of vacancies notified and any voting paper which contains votes for a number of persons in excess of the number of such vacancies shall be treated as invalid.

135. Voters resident in the City of Madras shall fill in and sign their voting papers at the Senate House on the day and within the hours notified in accordance with regulation 131, and in the presence of one of the two members of the Senate appointed by the Syndicate in accordance with regulation 132, and shall thereafter deposit them in the ballot-box provided for the purpose. No such voting paper shall be deposited in the ballot-box after the expiry of the time notified in regulation 131.

136. Voters not resident in the City of Madras shall fill in and sign their voting papers in the presence of a Magistrate (not being a Village Magistrate), District or Sub-Registrar, District Munsif, or Judge, who shall authenticate the voting paper with his signature and designation. The voter shall thereupon forward the voting paper in a registered cover addressed to the Registrar so as to reach him not later than the day and hour notified for the closing of the ballot in accordance with regulation 131. The Registrar shall, as soon as possible after the receipt of such registered covers, deposit them in the ballot-box. Any such voting paper received later than the closing of the ballot and any paper received unsigned or otherwise than by registered post shall be regarded as invalid for the purposes of the election.

137. On the day and on the expiry of the time notified in accordance with regulation 131 the members of the Senate appointed in accordance with regulation 132 shall open the ballot-box, scrutinize the voting papers, rejecting those which do not fulfil the conditions of regulations 134, 135 and 136, and shall count the votes recorded. They shall thereupon communicate the results of their scrutiny and count to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor.

VIII. Boards of Studies.

138. There shall be Boards of Studies in the following branches of knowledge :—

(i) English.
(ii) Sanskrit, Uriya, Marathi, Burmese and Sinhalese.
(iii) Greek, Latin, French and German.
(iv) Hebrew, Arabic, Persian and Hindustani.
(v) The Dravidian Languages.
(vi) Mathematics.
(vii) Physical Science.
(viii) Natural Science.
(ix) Mental and Moral Science.
(x) History and Economics.
(xi) Teaching.
(xii) Law.
(xiii) Medicine.
(xiv) Engineering.

139. The members of the respective Boards shall be appointed by the Syndicate and shall consist of Fellows, and other persons possessing special knowledge of the subjects dealt with by the Boards to which they are appointed. The Syndicate shall also appoint a Chairman for each Board who shall ordinarily be a Fellow. They shall severally hold office for three years from the date of appointment, and shall be eligible for re-appointment. A member who has been absent from India for a period exceeding six months, may be declared by the Syndicate to have vacated his seat, and his place may be filled up. No Board shall consist of fewer than three or more than twelve members.

140. It shall be the duty of each Board of Studies to consider and report on any matter referred to it by the Senate, Syndicate, or the Faculty, or President of the Faculty concerned with the subjects with which it deals.

141. Each Board shall have power to submit for the consideration of the Syndicate nominations of examiners in the subjects with which it deals; to recommend nominations of persons other than Fellows of the University to be members of the Board; to recommend text-books when necessary; to consult specialists who are not members of the Board; and to make recommendations in regard to courses of study in the subjects with which it deals; and to lay such recommendations before the Faculty concerned, or, when so requested, before the Syndicate.

142. Meetings of a Board of Studies shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board at such times as may be necessary or on the written request of any two members of the Board.

IX. The Registrar.

143. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Syndicate, subject to the confirmation of the Senate.

144. The tenure of the office of Registrar shall be limited to five years, but the same individual shall be eligible for re-appointment.

145. It shall be in the power of the Syndicate to dispense with the services of the Registrar at any time before the expiration of five years on payment to him of six months' salary, and it may at any time discharge him from its service without notice or compensation in the event of misconduct on his part or of a breach by him of any of the conditions on which he was engaged. In case the Registrar should wish to resign his office before the expiration of five years, he shall give six months' notice of his intention to resign.

The salary of the Registrar shall be Rs. 600 per mensem, rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 per mensem to Rs. 800. If, at the completion of his term of five years, a Registrar be re-engaged, his salary shall continue to be Rs. 800 per mensem.

The Registrar shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office, and shall not absent himself from his duties without the permission of the Syndicate.

146. The Registrar shall be the custodian of the records, library, common seal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.

147. The Registrar shall conduct the duties of his office under the instructions of the Syndicate.

148. It shall be the duty of the Registrar to give notice of meetings of the Senate, Syndicate, and Faculties, to the respective members thereof, and to keep a record of the proceedings of all such meetings. He shall also, on application previously made for the purpose of fixing a convenient hour, arrange that any member of the Senate, of the Syndicate, or of a Faculty, shall have access to the proceedings of the Senate, Syndicate, or Faculty, respectively, and to any documents connected with such proceedings.

X. The Assistant Registrar.

149. The appointment of the Assistant Registrar by the Syndicate, shall be subject to the confirmation of the Senate.

150. The office shall be tenable for a period of five years, but the same individual may be re-appointed, and in that case his service shall, for the purpose of determining his salary, be deemed to have continued for the full number of years he has served.

151. The duties of the Assistant Registrar shall be from time to time defined by the Syndicate.

XI. Examination Boards.

152. There shall be Examination Boards for the following subjects or groups of subjects :—

(i) English.
(ii) Greek and Latin.
(iii) French.
(iv) German.
(v) Sanskrit.
(vi) Marathi.
(vii) Uriya.
(viii) Burmese.
(ix) Sinhalese.
(x) Hebrew.
(xi) Arabic, Persian, Hindustani.
(xii) Tamil.
(xiii) Telugu.
(xiv) Kanarese.
(xv) Malayalam.
(xvi) Mathematics.
(xvii) Physical Science.
(xviii) Natural Science.
(xix) Mental and Moral Science.
(xx) History and Economics.
(xxi) Teaching.
(xxii) Law.
(xxiii) Medicine.
(xxiv) Sanitary Science.
(xxv) Engineering.

153. The Chairman of each Board of Studies shall forward to the Syndicate the names of any persons who may have been nominated by the Board as fit and proper persons to act as examiners and assistant examiners in the subjects dealt with by the Board. The Syndicate shall consider the nominations so made.

154. Each examiner shall hold office for one year but shall be eligible for re-appointment. The Syndicate may, however, at any time, cancel the appointment of an examiner.

155. The duties of examiners shall be laid down from time to time by the Syndicate.

XII. General.

156. No question shall be put at any University examination calling for a declaration of religious belief on the part of the candidate, and no answer or translation given by any candidate shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing any peculiarity of religious belief.

157. It shall be competent to any Member of the Senate to bring to the notice of the Syndicate any instances of undue or improper canvassing by or on behalf of any candidate for election to the Senate or Syndicate or to any Faculty or Board or for appointment to any examinership or other office connected with the University.

Resolutions passed by the Senate on Friday, 15th December 1905.

I. That the regulations now approved 1 to 157 take the place of by-laws Nos. 1 to 127.

II. That the revised regulations 1 to 157 be submitted to Government with the request that the time allowed for the consideration of the revision of the remaining regulations may be extended to the 31st March 1906.

Order—No. 854, Educational, dated 29th December 1905.

Under section 26, sub-section (1) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to extend, till the 31st of March 1906, the period allowed in G.O., No. 637, Educational, dated 21st September 1905, within which the Senate as constituted under the Act shall cause the whole of the revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the sanction of Government.

(True Extract.)

H. D. Taylor,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Registrar, Madras University.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 854, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 29TH DECEMBER 1905.

[SUBJECT.—*Revised body of regulations proposed by the Senate of the Madras University under section* 26 *of the Indian Universities Act*, 1904.]

From the Registrar, Madras University, dated 22nd December 1905, *No.* 3305.

Early.

2. The present time allowed expires on 31st instant?

H. D. TAYLOR—23-12-05.

Submitted that in G.O., No. 637, Educational, dated 21st September 1905, the 31st of December 1905 was fixed as the date within which the Senate as constituted under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, should submit a revised body of regulations for the sanction of Government. A draft order extending the period to the 31st of March 1906 is submitted for approval.

2. Meanwhile the regulations now submitted by the Registrar will be examined and submitted for orders as soon as possible.

N.L.R—23-12-05.

P. T. THARYAN—23-12-05.

Submitted to His Excellency the Governor direct for approval in the absence of the Honourable Member.

H. D. TAYLOR—23-12-05.

Approved.

A[MPTHILL]—27-12-05.

Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—29-12-05.

[G.O., No. 854, Educational, dated 29th December 1905.]

[E.]

1,500—12-12-

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

CURRENT FILE.

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[P. T. O. FOR PUT UP PAPERS.

PAPERS PUT UP WITH CURRENT No. 2207

Papers of the department to which the current belongs.

Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Remarks. (In this column such of the papers as have been removed for copying, printing, &c., should be marked with a cross.)	Initials of Referencer with date in token of return to Reference department.
733	11-11-05	Sc		
637	21-9-05	do		
684	21-9-05	do		
593	26-9-04	do		

Papers of other departments.

Department.	Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Despatcher to note the return of the papers to the departments concerned.

Enclosures. 10

Read 23-12-05
Encl - 1
Spare - 9

Ed CURRENT No. 2207

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

No. 3305

SENATE HOUSE 22nd December 1905

FROM

C. A. PATERSON, ESQ., M.A., LL.B.,

Registrar, University of Madras.

To

The Secretary to Government

Educational Department.

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL SECRETARIAT 23 DEC 1905

SIR,

With reference to Government Order No. 637 dated the 21st September 1905, I have the honour to forward herewith ten copies of the Revised Body of Regulations prepared by the Senate in accordance with section 26 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904. In doing so I have the honour to draw the attention of Government to the two resolutions passed by the Senate which are printed after the Regulations and to ask that the Governor in Council will be so good as to extend the time for the revision of the remaining Regulations to the 31st March 1906.

2. In this connection I am to say that a Committee of the Senate has been appointed to draft Regulations relating to curricula for degrees to be granted by the University, examinations for these degrees, and such other matters connected therewith as have not already been dealt with in the Regulations already passed by the Senate.

3. I am directed by the Syndicate to draw special attention to Regulation 89 and to request that, if there is likely to be any delay in sanctioning the whole of the Regulations now submitted, Government will be pleased to sanction Regulation 89 as soon as may be convenient so that a new Syndicate may be appointed under the Act. I am to explain that the number of members of the Provisional Syndicate has been reduced to six, and of these one will be leaving India very shortly and another

is, owing to press of other work, seldom able to attend meetings of the Syndicate and therefore desires to resign his membership of the Syndicate.

I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

C. A. Paterson

Registrar.

Enclosure to letter No. 3304-A 22-12-05.

LOCAL & MUNICIPAL 23 DEC 1905 SECRETARIAT

28.P

University of Madras.

Regulations passed by the Senate on Friday, 15th December, 1905.

I. THE SENATE.

1. The members of the Senate shall rank in the following order:—the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the *ex-officio* Fellows in the order in which their respective offices are named in the First Schedule to the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the Ordinary Fellows according to the date and order of the first publication of their names as Ordinary Fellows in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*.

2. Meetings of the Senate shall be either ordinary, special, or extraordinary meetings.

3. Ordinary meetings shall be held on or about the first Friday in March and the third Friday in October of each year.

4. Special meetings of the Senate shall be such as are convened at the request of the Syndicate by the Vice-Chancellor, or by the Chairman of a meeting of the Syndicate, for the disposal of urgent business to be laid before the Senate by the Syndicate.

5. Extraordinary meetings of the Senate shall be convened by the Vice-Chancellor on the written request of any ten members.

6. Any member who wishes to propose a resolution at an ordinary meeting of the Senate shall forward the terms of the resolution to the Registrar so as to reach him not later than the 1st February if it is intended for discussion at the March meeting, or not later than 1st September if it is intended for discussion at the October meeting. When any ten members forward a written request to the Vice-Chancellor to convene an extraordinary meeting of the Senate they shall at the same time forward the terms of the resolution or resolutions which it is intended to propose and also the name of the proposer of each resolution.

7. The Syndicate shall consider each such resolution of which notice has been given in accordance with the foregoing regulation and shall cause it to be placed on the agenda paper of the meeting at which its discussion is intended by the proposer: provided that the Syndicate may exclude from the agenda paper any proposed resolution which deals in whole or in part with any decision of the Senate adverse to its terms which has been arrived at in any meeting of the Senate held within one year previous to that at which its discussion was intended.

The Registrar shall inform the proposer in each such case of exclusion, and the Syndicate shall report the fact of exclusion at the meeting at which the discussion of the resolution was intended, or, if there be no other business at that meeting, at the next meeting of the Senate.

8. No resolution, proposal, or other matter of business which has not been submitted to the Syndicate shall be brought before the Senate at any meeting, except as provided for in regulations 12, 14, 22 and 40.

9. The Registrar shall, not less than fifteen days previous to each ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, issue to

each member a notice stating the time and place of meeting, and this notice shall be accompanied by an agenda paper shewing the business to be brought before the meeting, and except as provided for in regulations 12, 14, 22 and 40, no resolution, proposal, or other matter of business which is not entered on the agenda paper shall be brought before the meeting: provided that the Syndicate may, for reasons of urgency, bring any business before any meeting of the Senate without notice being given in the agenda paper.

10. If there be no business to be brought before an ordinary meeting of the Senate, the Registrar shall issue a notice to that effect to each member not less than fifteen days before the date of such ordinary meeting.

11. In the case of special meetings, the Registrar shall give such previous notice of the time and place of meeting as the circumstances in each case may permit, but except in regard to this particular, the provisions of regulation 9 shall apply to such meetings.

12. Any member wishing to propose an amendment to a resolution on the agenda paper of any ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate shall forward the same to the Registrar so as to reach him not less than five clear days before the day of the meeting at which the discussion of the resolution is intended. The expression "five clear days" shall be held to mean five days exclusive of the day on which the notice of amendment reaches the Registrar and of the day of the meeting. No amendment of which notice has not thus been given shall be considered at any ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, except as provided for in regulation 40.

13. The Registrar shall, not less than three days before each ordinary or extraordinary meeting of the Senate, issue to each member an amended agenda paper, shewing all the resolutions as in the original agenda paper issued in accordance with regulation 9 and also shewing all amendments of which notice has been given in accordance with regulation 12 provided that if no notice has been received under regulation 12 of any amendment, no such amended agenda paper need be issued.

14. At any special meeting of the Senate any member may bring forward any amendment without previous notice being given.

15. The Vice-Chancellor shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, preside at all meetings of the Senate, but if the Vice-Chancellor be not present, the members present shall elect a Chairman from among themselves.

16. Twenty-five members shall constitute a quorum for any meeting of the Senate other than a Convocation for conferring degrees.

17. Honorary Fellows are permitted to be present at any meeting of the Senate but are not permitted to take part in the business of any meeting except as otherwise provided by the Indian Universities Act, 1904, or by the regulations.

18. At the time fixed for a meeting of the Senate the Chairman shall take the chair and shall ascertain whether a quorum be present or not. If a quorum be present, he shall declare the meeting constituted and shall proceed with the business of the meeting. If a quorum be not present, he shall, if it be necessary, wait until fifteen minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, and if no quorum be then present he shall thereupon declare the meeting dissolved and shall leave the chair. If at any time during the

progress of business any member shall call attention to the number of members present, the Chairman shall within a reasonable time count the number of the members present, and, if a quorum be not present, he shall declare the meeting dissolved and shall leave the chair. All such dissolutions shall be recorded by the Registrar and the record shall be signed by the Chairman.

19. At every meeting of the Senate the following shall be the order of business, after the election, if it be necessary, of the Chairman:—

i. Any motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper.

ii. The election, if such be part of the agenda, of any official of the University.

iii. Business brought forward by the Syndicate.

iv. Business brought forward by the Faculties, taken in the following order:—Arts, Law, Medicine, Engineering.

v. Proposals brought forward by members of the Senate which have not been excluded by the Syndicate under regulation 7.

20. All questions considered at meetings of the Senate shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present. If the votes, including that of the Chairman, be equally divided, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

21. On any motion or amendment being put to the vote, the Senate shall divide and the vote of each member voting shall be recorded, if any member desire that this should be done. In that case the names of members abstaining from voting shall also be recorded. The manner in which a division shall be effected shall be left to the discretion and direction of the Chairman.

22. In addition to motions of which notice has been given and which satisfy the conditions of regulations 6 and 7, the following are the only motions which may be proposed at meetings of the Senate, and of these previous notice is not necessary:—

i. A motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper.

ii. A motion for the adjournment of the meeting or debate.

iii. A motion that the meeting pass to the next business on the agenda paper.

iv. A motion that the meeting be dissolved.

v. A motion directing the Syndicate to review its decision and to report at a subsequent meeting of the Senate.

vi. A motion directing a Faculty to review or amend its recommendation in any matter brought before the Senate by that Faculty.

vii. A motion that the Senate do resolve itself into Committee.

viii. A motion for the appointment of a Committee to enquire into and report on any matter before the Senate at the time.

ix. A motion remitting any matter before the Senate at the time to a Faculty or to a Board of Studies for its views or recommendations and report.

23. Every motion shall be affirmative in form and shall begin with the word "that."

24. Every motion at a meeting must be seconded, otherwise it shall drop. Any member may second a motion by saying "I second the motion" and may reserve his speech. When a motion

has been made and seconded, it shall be stated from the Chair, unless it be ruled out of order by the Chairman.

25. When a motion has been stated from the Chair, it may be discussed as a question to be resolved in the affirmative or negative or as proposed to be changed by amendment brought forward under regulations 12, 14, and 40.

26. Not more than one motion and one amendment thereto shall be placed before a meeting at the same time.

27. A motion once brought forward shall not be proposed a second time at the same meeting or at any adjournment thereof. A motion or amendment substantially identical in part with one already brought forward at a meeting may be brought forward at the same meeting with the omission of such part.

28. A motion for the adjournment of a meeting or of a debate on any particular question may be made at any time but shall not be made so as to interrupt a speech. If a motion for the adjournment of the meeting be carried, the meeting shall thereupon adjourn to the time specified in the motion. If a motion for the adjournment of the debate be carried, the debate shall thereupon be adjourned to the time specified in the motion. The meeting shall thereupon pass to the next business, if any, on the agenda paper. If either of such motions be negatived, the business of the meeting or the debate as the case may be shall be resumed.

29. A motion for the adjournment of a meeting shall be in the form "That this meeting do now adjourn to," followed by words indicating the day and hour proposed for the adjourned meeting. A motion for the adjournment of a debate shall be in the form "That the debate on this question be now adjourned to," followed by words indicating the day and hour. Ordinarily, a meeting or debate shall only be adjourned to the day following the meeting, Sunday being a *dies non*.

30. No amendment shall be moved to a motion for adjournment of a meeting or debate except one substituting a different day or hour.

31. A meeting or debate renewed after adjournment shall be deemed one with that which preceded the adjournment.

32. A motion to pass to the next business shall be in the form "That the meeting do now pass to the next business on the agenda paper" and may be moved at any time but not so as to interrupt a speech. If the motion be carried, the motion under discussion together with any amendments to it shall drop.

33. A motion for the dissolution of a meeting shall be in the form "That this meeting do now dissolve," and may be made at any time but not so as to interrupt a speech. If such a motion be carried, the business still before the meeting shall drop, and the Chairman shall declare the meeting dissolved.

34. No motion under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii shall be made or seconded by any member who, during the discussion of any particular item of business, has already made or seconded any one of such motions.

35. Any motion made under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii shall take precedence of any question that may be before the meeting, and, if not withdrawn, must be disposed of before such question.

36. When any motion under regulation 22, ii, iii, iv, vii has been brought forward and has been negatived, no other motion of the same kind shall be again brought forward until after the lapse

of what the Chairman shall deem a reasonable time: nor shall any debate or discussion be allowed on such second or subsequent motion brought forward during a debate on the same question.

37. A motion directing the Syndicate or a Faculty to review or reconsider its decision or recommendation may be made at any time during the discussion on any such decision or recommendation, but shall not be made so as to interrupt a speech. The motion shall clearly specify the matter thus referred back to the Syndicate or the Faculty for review or reconsideration and may also indicate generally the sense or direction in which the mover desires alteration in such decision or recommendation. The motion may also include an instruction that the Syndicate or the Faculty shall report at the next or at some other meeting of the Senate.

38. A motion that the Senate do resolve itself into Committee shall specify the item or items of business to be considered in Committee.

39. A motion for the appointment of a committee to consider any question before the Senate at the time shall state the purpose for which the committee is to be constituted and the names of its members.

40. In addition to amendments of which notice has been given in accordance with regulation 12, and subject to the provision of regulation 14, the following are the only amendments which may be made to any motion brought forward at a meeting of the Senate, and of these notice need not be given:—

i. amendments of a purely verbal or formal kind which, in the opinion of the Chairman, do not affect the sense or import of the motion to which they refer.

ii. amendments to a motion for a change in the order of business as stated in the agenda paper, substituting an order different from that in the motion.

iii. amendments to a motion for adjournment of the meeting or debate, substituting a time different from that in the motion.

iv. amendments to a motion directing the Syndicate or a Faculty to review or reconsider their decision or recommendation.

v. amendments to a motion for the appointment of a committee, whether for enlarging or restricting its purposes or the questions remitted to it, or for adding to or omitting the names of members proposed to form it.

vi. amendments to a motion remitting any matter to a Faculty or to a Board of Studies.

41. Any motion before a meeting of the Senate may be amended

i. by leaving out a word or words.

ii. by leaving out a word or words in order to insert some other word or words.

iii. by adding or inserting a word or words.

42. When the amendment is of the first kind, the form in which it is proposed and handed to the Chair shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be left out of the motion." When the amendment is of the second kind the form shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be left out of the motion and that the words (*mentioning them*) be added or inserted." When the amendment is of the third kind, the form shall be "That the words (*mentioning them*) be added or inserted" and there shall then

follow words specifying the place in which the words mentioned are to be added or inserted.

43. No amendment shall be proposed which would reduce a motion to its negative or opposite form, or which would alter the first word.

44. Every amendment must be relevant to the motion to which it refers and must be framed so as to form therewith an intelligible and consistent sentence.

45. No amendment shall be proposed which substantially raises a question already disposed of by the meeting or is inconsistent with or adverse to any resolution already passed by the meeting.

46. An amendment, the substance of which has been disposed of in part, may be modified by its proposer so as to retain only the part not so disposed of.

47. The order in which amendments to a motion are to be brought forward shall be determined by the Chairman.

48. An amendment must be seconded in the same way as a motion: otherwise it shall drop.

49. When an amendment has been moved and seconded, it shall, unless ruled out of order, be stated from the Chair, and the debate may then proceed on the motion and amendment together.

50. When, on a motion to which there is no amendment, the debate is concluded, or if there be no debate, the Chairman shall put the question to the vote by saying "The question is," followed by the words of the motion, and the Senate shall then divide, unless the Chairman ascertain that the question is carried affirmatively by a unanimous vote. If there be an amendment, he shall say "It has been moved," followed by the words of the motion: then he shall say "Since which it has been moved by way of amendment" followed by the words of the amendment: and then, if the amendment be one of the first kind, he shall put the question by saying "Shall the words or word proposed to be left out be left out?" If the amendment be of the second kind he shall put the question by saying, "Shall the following words or word .... be left out in order to add or insert the following words or word .....?" If the amendment be of the third kind, he shall put the question by saying, "Shall these words be there added or inserted." If an amendment be negatived, the original motion shall be again stated from the chair, and, subject to the foregoing regulations, any other amendment which is in order shall then be proposed thereto. If an amendment be carried, the motion as amended shall be stated from the Chair, and may then be debated as a substantive motion, to which the further amendments to the original motion may, subject to the foregoing regulations, be proposed, and such further amendments shall be disposed of in the same manner as the first or original amenmentd.

51. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn from the decision of the meeting without its unanimous consent: but this consent shall be presumed if the mover state his wish to withdraw the motion or amendment and the Chairman, after an interval during which no dissent is expressed, announce that it is withdrawn.

52. Any motion or amendment standing in the name of a member who is absent from the meeting, or who declines to move it, may be moved by any other member.

53. The member who first rises to speak at the conclusion of a speech has the right to be heard. In cases of competition, the Chairman shall decide who is in possession of the meeting.

54. Except as hereinafter provided, a member having spoken to a motion or amendment, is not at liberty to speak again to such motion or amendment.

55. In so far as the question raised by an amendment is one on which he has not previously spoken, any member may speak to that question, though he has spoken to the original question or to a previous amendment.

56. When the Chairman has ascertained that no other member entitled to address the meeting desires to speak, the mover of the original motion may reply upon the whole debate. But the mover of an amendment or of any motion under regulations 22, i, ii, iii, iv, has no right of reply. No member shall speakto a question after the mover has entered on his reply.

57. The Chairman has the same right of moving or seconding or speaking to a motion or amendment as any other member, but he shall vacate the Chair while so engaged, and the Chair shall during such time be taken by a member nominated by the Chairman. Without leaving the Chair, the Chairman may, however, at his discretion or at the request of any member, explain to the meeting the scope of any motion or amendment.

58. Any member may, even whilst another is speaking, rise to explain any misconception of expressions used by him, but he shall confine himself strictly to such explanation.

59. Any member may call the Chairman's attention to a point of order even whilst another member is speaking, but no speech shall be made on such point of order.

60. The Chairman shall be the sole judge on any point of order, and may call any member to order, and shall have power to take such action as may be necessary to enforce his decision.

61. At meetings of the Senate in Committee the proceedings shall be governed by the foregoing regulations for debate except that no notice need be given of motions or amendments, that no motion or amendment need be seconded and that every member may speak on any question as often as he chooses.

62. The resolutions passed at meetings of the Senate in Committee shall be embodied in a report by the Registrar to be laid before the Senate at a subsequent meeting, but shall not become final unless they are confirmed by the Senate.

63. Within three weeks after a meeting of the Senate, the Registrar shall, under the direction of the Syndicate, post a printed copy of the minutes of such meeting attested by the Chairman to the address of each member.

In the event of no exception being taken by any member who was present at the meeting to the correctness of the minutes within ten days of the posting by the Registrar, they shall be deemed to be correct.

If such exception be taken within the time aforesaid, the minutes shall be brought forward by the Syndicate at the next meeting of the Senate for confirmation by such of the members as were present when the business was transacted to which the minutes refer.

64. Any member intending to protest against a resolution of the Senate shall give notice of his intention to the Registrar

within forty-eight hours from the date of the meeting at which the resolution was passed, and within one week from such date lodge his protest with the Registrar. The Syndicate shall thereupon cause the protest to be printed and circulated to each member who was present at the meeting, with a request that he will record a vote for three members of the Senate to form a committee to prepare a memorandum in support of the resolution. The three members receiving the largest number of votes including the casting vote or votes of the Vice-Chancellor if such be necessary, and who are willing to act shall frame the memorandum accordingly, and the Syndicate shall submit the protest and memorandum together with a copy of the resolution, for the consideration and orders of the Governor in Council.

II. CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES.

65. A convocation for the purpose of conferring degrees shall be held annually in the month of March, and at such other time as the Chancellor shall direct.

66. Candidates for degrees must, five clear days before the day fixed for convocation, inform the Registrar in writing of their intention to be present. No person shall be admitted to convocation who has not thus sent in his name to the Registrar.

67. Any person who, having sent in his name to the Registrar as a candidate for a degree at convocation, fails to appear, shall, when he next applies for his degree, be charged a fee of rupees ten, unless he can furnish to the Syndicate a sufficient reason for his non-appearance.

68. A candidate for a degree, who is not resident within the territorial limits of the University at the time, or who is precluded from appearing in public, may, with the permission of the Syndicate and on payment of a fee of rupees ten, be admitted *in absentia* to that degree at the annual convocation in March.

69. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and Fellows shall assemble in the Senate room at the appointed hour.

70. The Registrar then shall read the reports of the examiners, unless it is agreed to take them as read. The reports shall be in the following form:

We, the examiners appointed by the Senate of the University of Madras to conduct the examination for the degree of....., do hereby certify that we have examined the persons whose names are hereinafter set down, and that we do adjudge them to be worthy of the degree of....., and do recommend them accordingly to be admitted to the same.

Witness our hands, etc.

71. The graces of the Senate on behalf of the candidates for admission to the several degrees will be supplicated in the following order:

Law—by the President of the Faculty of Law.

Medicine—by the President of the Faculty of Medicine.

Engineering—by the President of the Faculty of Engineering.

Arts—by the President of the Faculty of Arts.

72. The formula to be used for each grace shall, *mutatis mutandis*, be as follows:

.....Chancellor, I move that a grace of the Senate be passed that those persons whom the examiners have certified to be qualified for the degree of.....be admitted to that degree.

73. Whereupon the Chancellor shall put the question "*Doth it please you that this grace be passed?*" and the Senate assenting, the Chancellor shall say "*This grace is passed.*"

74. When all the graces have been passed, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall proceed in procession to the hall in which the degrees are to be conferred.

75. The hall shall be so arranged that the Chancellor's chair may be somewhat in advance; the chairs assigned to the Vice-Chancellor and Fellows being placed in a half circle, so as to leave full space for the presentation of the candidates.

76. The candidates shall wear the gowns and hoods pertaining to their respective degrees, and shall be arranged opposite to the Chancellor.

77. On the procession entering the hall, the candidates shall rise and remain standing until the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows have taken their seats.

78. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows having taken their places, the Chancellor shall say:

This convocation of the Senate of the University of Madras has been called to confer degrees upon the candidates who, in the examinations recently held for that purpose, have been certified to be worthy of the same. Let the candidates stand forward.

79. Then the candidates standing, the Chancellor shall put to them the following questions:

Question.—*Do you sincerely promise and declare that, if admitted to the degrees for which you are severally candidates, and for which you have been recommended, you will in your daily life and conversation conduct yourselves as becomes members of this University?*

Answer.—I do promise.

Question.—*Do you promise that to the utmost of your opportunity and ability you will support and promote the cause of morality and sound learning?*

Answer.—I do promise.

Question.—*Do you promise that you will, as far as in you lies, uphold and advance social order and the well-being of your fellowmen?*

Answer.—I do promise.

In the case of candidates for professional degrees, the following addition shall be made:

Question.—*Do you promise that you will faithfully and carefully fulfil the duties of the legal, medical, and engineering professions, that you will on all occasions maintain their purity and reputation, and that you will never deviate from the straight path of their honorable exercise by making your knowledge subservient to unworthy ends?*

Answer.—I do promise.

80. Then the Chancellor shall say:

Let the candidates be now presented.

81. Then the candidates shall be presented to the Chancellor by the heads of their respective colleges, being members of the

Senate or Honorary Fellows of the University, or by other members of the Senate or Honorary Fellows of the University, the candidates having first received their diplomas from the Registrar.

82. When all the candidates for the same degree have been presented, the Chancellor shall say to the candidates, who shall remain standing :

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Chancellor of the University of Madras, I admit you to the degree of .....in this University, and in token thereof you have been presented with these diplomas, and I authorise you to wear the hood ordained, as the insignia of your degree

83. When all the candidates have been presented, the Registrar shall lay the record of the degrees that have been conferred, before the Chancellor, who shall sign the same.

84. Then an address shall be made to the candidates by a member of the Senate, appointed by the Chancellor, exhorting them to conduct themselves suitably unto the position to which, by the degree conferred upon them, they have attained.

85. The address being ended, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall rise up, and the Chancellor shall say :

I dissolve this convocation.

86. Then the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall retire in procession to the Senate room, the graduates standing.

III. THE SYNDICATE.

87. The Syndicate under Section 15 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, shall consist of the Vice-Chancellor as Chairman, the Director of Public Instruction and ten elected members.

88. At least five of the elected members shall be Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University.

89. As soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this regulation an election of ten members of the Syndicate shall be held in the manner hereinafter prescribed :—

The Registrar, under the direction of the Syndicate, shall publish a notice thereof in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and shall, on or before the date of such publication, post to each member of the Senate a notice of the election. The notice shall draw attention to the requirement of the regulation that at least five of the members to be elected shall be Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University.

The Syndicate as a body and each member of the Senate shall be at liberty to nominate any number of *ex-officio* or ordinary Fellows, not exceeding ten, for election.

Every nomination shall be in writing and must reach the Registrar not later than eight days after the publication of the notice in the Gazette.

The Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a list of the nominees, with the names of their respective nominators, together with a voting paper which shall bear on it the date of posting.

Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to vote for any number of the nominees not exceeding ten.

Any paper in which the number voted for exceeds ten shall be treated as invalid.

The voting paper when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him.

A Committee of two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor for the scrutiny of the voting papers at a time and place to be fixed by him, and the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a notice thereof eight days before the date fixed for the scrutiny.

Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny.

The result of the scrutiny shall be certified to the Syndicate.

If any two or more nominees receive an equal number of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall have a second or casting vote in regard to each of such nominees.

The Registrar, under the direction of the Syndicate, shall post to every member of the Senate a notice stating the names of the ten nominees who have received the largest number of votes.

Should any six members of the Senate within eight days of the posting of the notice lodge with the Registrar an objection that the list of the ten nominees does not include five Heads of, or Professors in, Colleges affiliated to the University, a special meeting of the Senate shall be called to decide how far the objection is valid and which, if any, of the ten nominees is or are in consequence not eligible for election.

If the objection be allowed the Senate shall forthwith proceed to fill up the vacancy or vacancies by selecting one or more of the nominees as may be necessary in the order of the number of votes recorded for him or them who in the opinion of the majority of the Senate then voting may be qualified as a Head of, or Professor in, a College affiliated to the University.

If no objection be taken in the manner above provided, or if the objection taken be disallowed, the ten nominees who have received the largest number of votes shall be elected.

If an objection be allowed, the nominees against whom no objection has been allowed and the nominee or nominees selected by the Senate, as provided above, shall be elected.

If any question arise as to the procedure to be adopted in order to give effect to this regulation it shall be determined by the Vice-Chancellor.

The result of the election shall be announced in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and the election shall take effect from the date of announcement.

90. Any elected member who has held office continuously for two years shall vacate his seat but shall be eligible for re-election in the manner hereinafter provided.

91. Any elected member who intends or expects to be absent from the meetings of the Syndicate for more than three consecutive months shall for that reason be under obligation to resign his seat.

92. Any elected member who has been absent from three consecutive meetings may be declared by the Syndicate to have vacated his seat but he shall be eligible for re-election.

93. Whenever a vacancy occurs among the elected members, the Registrar under the direction of the Syndicate shall publish a notice thereof in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and shall on or before the date of such publication post to each member of the Senate a notice of the vacancy.

The Syndicate as a body and each member of the Senate shall be at liberty to nominate a member of the Senate to fill the vacancy.

Every nomination shall be in writing and must reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the publication of the notice in the Gazette.

The Registrar shall post a list of the nominations to each member of the Senate together with a voting paper which shall bear on it the date of posting. The voting paper when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him. A Committee of two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor for the scrutiny of the voting papers at a time and place to be fixed by him, and the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate a notice thereof, ten days before the date fixed for the scrutiny. Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny. The nominee who receives the largest number of votes shall be elected. If any two or more nominees receive an equal number of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall in each such case, where necessary, have a second or casting vote. The result of the election shall be announced in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

94. Should it appear to the Syndicate to be necessary in accordance with Regulation 88 that any vacancy should be filled by a Head of, or a Professor in, a College affiliated to the University, the Registrar shall draw attention to the matter in the notices of the vacancy and should any six members of the Senate within ten days of the announcement of the result of such election raise the question as to whether the person elected is eligible as aforesaid the Registrar shall post to each member of the Senate resident at the time within the territorial limits of the University a notice of the objection and a voting paper to enable him to vote on the question raised. The voting paper shall bear on it the date of posting and when filled up shall be returned so as to reach the Registrar not later than ten days after the date of posting by him. The result of such voting shall be scrutinized and declared by a committee of two members of the Senate appointed for the purpose by the Vice-Chancellor. In the event of the question being determined in the negative by a majority of the votes received or in case of equality of votes by the casting vote of the Vice-Chancellor, a fresh election from among the other nominees shall take place in a manner similar to that of the original election.

95. The elected members of the Syndicate shall vacate their seats in a body when by a two-thirds majority of those present and voting the following motion has been carried in an extraordinary meeting of the Senate—"That the Syndicate no longer possesses the confidence of the Senate." In this event the election of a new Syndicate shall take place according to the procedure laid down in Regulation 89.

96. It shall be the duty of the Syndicate:—

i. to administer the property of the University on behalf of, and subject to the control of, the Senate:

ii. to keep the accounts of the University and to submit them to such inspection and audit as the Government may direct:

iii. to correspond on the business of the University with the Government and with all other authorities and persons:

iv. to appoint examiners, and to cancel any such appointment, and to define their duties and powers and to fix their remuneration:

v. to notify and make arrangements in accordance with the regulations of the University for the election of Ordinary Fellows by the Faculties or by registered graduates, and for the election of the Syndicate:

vi. to recommend to the Senate the assignment to a Faculty of any *ex-officio* Fellow or of any ordinary Fellow recently elected or nominated:

vii. to make due provision for examinations being conducted in accordance with the regulations of the University, and for the supervision of such examinations, and to fix the remuneration of superintendents:

97. The Syndicate shall have power:—

i. to appoint, suspend, punish, or dismiss any servant of the University:

ii. to appoint Fellows and others to be members of Boards of Studies and to appoint the Chairman of each Board.

iii. to nominate University Professors and Lecturers, to define their duties and fix their remuneration, and to report any such proposed arrangements to the Senate for its sanction:

iv. to recommend to the Senate that any person shall be admitted as a candidate to any University examination without the certificate or certificates required by the regulations for admission to that examination:

v. to dispense with a strict compliance with the regulations of the University in so far as relates to the time, place, and manner of examinations, or to the time and manner of conducting any election: provided that any resolution of the Syndicate passed in reference to such departure from recognized procedure shall be reported to the Senate at its next meeting, together with a full statement of the special grounds upon which the Syndicate acted:

vi. to refer any matter to a Faculty or Board of Studies for consideration and to call upon the Faculty or Board for a report thereon:

vii. to draft such regulations as may, from time to time, be necessary, and to submit them to the Senate for approval:

viii. to make its own standing orders and, subject to the regulations of the University, to regulate the disposal of its own business.

98. Any Faculty or member of the Senate shall be at liberty to submit any question to the Syndicate for its consideration and subsequently to bring before the Senate the decision of the Syndicate thereon, with a view to its modification or annulment.

99. The Syndicate shall prepare annually a report on its work and shall submit the same to the Senate at its meeting in the month of October.

IV. FACULTIES.

100. The Senate shall be divided into four Faculties, namely Arts, Law, Medicine, Engineering.

101. The Faculties shall have precedence among themselves in the order named in the foregoing regulation.

102. Every *ex-officio* and ordinary Fellow shall be assigned by order of the Senate to one or other of the Faculties at the meeting of the Senate next after his becoming a Fellow.

103. Each Faculty shall elect one of its members to be President of the Faculty. Within one month after the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of President of a Faculty, the Registrar shall send to each member of the Faculty an intimation of the vacancy and also a voting paper. The voting paper shall be returned by the member so as to reach the Registrar not later than the fourteenth day after the date of posting the intimation. Two Fellows, appointed for the purpose by the Vice-Chancellor shall scrutinize and count the votes, and communicate the result of their scrutiny and count to the Vice-Chancellor. The Vice-Chancellor shall thereupon declare the member who has the highest number of votes to be the President. In the event of an equality of votes the Vice-Chancellor shall have a casting vote. The Registrar shall communicate the result of the election to the members of the Faculty.

104. The President of a Faculty shall, if he remain qualified to do so, hold office for three years, on the expiry of which he shall vacate office but shall be eligible for re-election.

105. During the temporary absence of the President of a Faculty, or in the interval between the vacating of office by a President and the election of his successor, the Vice-Chancellor shall nominate a member of the Faculty who shall for the time being and so far as may be necessary act as President of the Faculty.

106. A Faculty shall have power

i. to consider and report on any matter referred to it by the Senate or Syndicate :

ii. to draft regulations in regard to courses of study and examinations prescribed by the University and to lay such regulations before the Syndicate in order that they may be brought before the Senate :

iii. to remit any matter to a Board of Studies comprised within the Faculty for consideration and report :

iv. to consider any report or recommendation of any Board of Studies :

v. to appoint a committee of the Faculty for any purpose within the cognizance or powers of the Faculty :

vi. to hold meetings of the Faculty or a committee of the Faculty along with any other Faculty or a committee thereof, for the discussion of any matter of common interest.

107. Meetings of a Faculty shall be convened by the President of the Faculty at such times as may be necessary or on the written request of any three members of the Faculty.

108. Any member of a Faculty may bring before any meeting of the Faculty any matter within its cognizance by giving notice to the President, who shall, subject to the provisions of regulation 106, instruct the Registrar to include such matter in the agenda paper of the next meeting of the Faculty.

109. The President of a Faculty shall, not less than fifteen days' previous to a meeting of the Faculty, cause a notice to be issued to each member of the Faculty stating the time and place of the meeting, and, shewing all the business to be brought before the meeting. No matter of business which is not entered on the agenda paper of a meeting of a Faculty shall be considered at the meeting : provided that the President may, for reasons of urgency bring any matter before any meeting without notice being given in the agenda paper : and provided that any member may, with the permission of a majority of the members present at a meeting, bring any matter before that meeting without notice.

110. Subject to the foregoing regulations the procedure at meetings of Faculties shall be in general accordance with the regulations in regard to the procedure at meetings of the Senate. With regard to any point of order or matter of procedure the decision of the Chairman shall be final.

111. The President of a Faculty shall preside at all meetings of the Faculty, but in his absence, the members present shall elect a Chairman from among themselves.

112. The quorum for a meeting of a Faculty shall be one-third of the members of the Faculty.

113. When a Faculty remits any matter to a Board or Boards of Studies, it may empower the Board or Boards to communicate its or their report or decision directly to the Syndicate.

114. The President of a Faculty may, in his discretion, remit any matter referred to the Faculty by the Senate or the Syndicate to a Board or Boards of Studies without laying it before a meeting of the Faculty, and may transmit the report or decision of the Board or Boards to the Senate or Syndicate without laying it before a meeting of the Faculty.

115. The Syndicate may refer back to a Faculty, for reconsideration, any resolution passed by the Faculty : otherwise, where the nature of the resolution calls for it, the Syndicate shall lay the resolution before the Senate at its next meeting.

116. The Proceedings at each meeting of a Faculty shall be communicated by the Registrar to the Syndicate.

V. ELECTION OF ORDINARY FELLOWS BY FACULTIES.

117. Subject to the provision of section 6 (4) of the Indian Universities' Act, 1904, and to any directions of the Chancellor in accordance with section 9 (2) of the said Act, the Faculties of Arts, Law, Medicine and Engineering shall be entitled to elect four, two, two and two persons respectively as Fellows of the University.

118. In the event of vacancies among Fellows elected under section 12 (*c*) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the first two shall be filled up by the Faculty of Medicine, the next two by the Faculty of Engineering, the next four by the Faculty of Arts and the last two by the Faculty of Law.

119. If in any year any vacancy occur among the Fellows elected by Faculties, the Syndicate shall cause a notification of the fact to be published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, and shall, at the same time, announce the day appointed by the Chancellor for the election, the hour up to which votes may be received, and, in the event of there being more than one, the number of such

vacancies in each Faculty. The date of the notification shall be not less than fourteen days previous to the date so appointed.

120. The Registrar shall, not later than the date of the publication of the notification made in accordance with regulation 119 forward to each member of each Faculty which is required to elect a Fellow or Fellows a voting paper, together with a notice stating the number of vacancies and the date of the election. Should it be necessary to secure that the vacancy (or one or more of them if there be more vacancies than one) be filled by a person following the profession of education, or should the Chancellor have given any directions in accordance with section 9 (2) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the notice shall draw attention to the fact.

121. The number of persons for whom each member of a Faculty may vote may be less but shall not be more than the number of vacancies notified in the Faculty and any voting paper which contains votes for any number of persons in excess of the number of vacancies shall be treated as invalid.

122. The Syndicate shall appoint two members of the Senate to co-operate with the Registrar in the supervision of the election.

123. The voting papers when filled up shall be returned to the Registrar in such manner as the Syndicate may direct with a view to secure the secrecy of the ballot and so as to reach the Registar not later than the time announced. The two members of the Senate appointed in accordance with regulation 122 shall scrutinize the voting papers, rejecting those which do not fulfil the condition laid down in regulation 121 and shall count the votes recorded. Every member of the Senate shall be at liberty to be present at the scrutiny. If any two or more persons receive an equal number of votes the President of the Faculty in each case where necessary shall have a second or casting vote. The result of the election shall be communicated to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor.

VI. REGISTRATION OF GRADUATES.

124. The Syndicate shall maintain a register on which any graduate who has

(*a*) taken the degree of Master or Doctor in any Faculty, or

(*b*) graduated in any Faculty not less than ten years before registration,

shall be entitled to have his name entered and retained, subject to the regulations following.

125. Any graduate satisfying the conditions of regulation 124, who wishes to have his name entered on the register shall fill up a form of application, obtainable from the Registrar, and shall forward the same to the Registrar along with the initial fee of rupees five and either the first annual fee of two rupees or a composition fee of rupees ten. The Syndicate shall thereupon cause his name to be entered on the Register if he be qualified to have his name so entered: provided that his application form and fees have been received by the Registrar on or before the ninth day of September 1907 or not more than one year from the date on which he becomes entitled to registration under regulation 124, whichever is the later date. The date on which a graduate has taken a degree or graduated in any Faculty shall be the date on which the degree was conferred upon him in Convocation.

126. Any graduate who is entitled to registration under regulation 124, but who fails to apply for the same before the expiry of the period specified in regulation 125, shall, in order that his name may be entered upon the Register, pay, in addition to the fees prescribed in regulation 125, all arrears of annual fees reckoned from the 9th September 1907 or from the expiry of one year after the date on which he became entitled to registration under regulation 124, whichever be the later date.

127. Any graduate whose name has been entered on the Register under regulation 125 or 126, and who has paid the composition fee of rupees ten, shall not be liable for any further payments in order that his name may be retained on the Register for life.

128. Any graduate whose name has been entered on the Register under regulation 125 or 126, but who has not paid the composition fee of rupees ten, shall have his name retained on the Register until the 1st September following the date of registration. Subsequent retention of his name shall depend on the payment of two rupees on or before the 1st September following the date of registration and in each succeeding year the payment of two rupees on or before 1st September in each year. Should any such registered graduate fail to pay the annual fee on or before the prescribed date, his name shall be removed from the Register, but it may be re-entered thereon on payment of all arrears of annual fees.

129. Any graduate, at any time while his name is on the Register, shall become entitled to the retention of his name on the Register for life by the payment to the Registrar of a composition fee of rupees ten.

130. The Registrar shall send to each graduate qualified under clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of regulation 124, as soon as convenient after he qualifies himself, a copy of the regulations relating to the registration of graduates.

VII. ELECTION OF ORDINARY FELLOWS BY REGISTERED GRADUATES.

131. If in any year any vacancy occur among the Fellows elected by registered graduates, the Syndicate shall cause a notification of the fact to be published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, and shall, at the same time, announce the day appointed by the Chancellor for the election, the hours between which votes may be recorded, and, in the event of there being more than one, the number of such vacancies. The date of the notification shall be not less than fourteen days previous to the date so appointed.

132. The Syndicate shall appoint two members of the Senate to co-operate with the Registrar in the supervision of the election.

133. The Registrar shall, not later than the date of the publication of the notification made in accordance with regulation 131, forward to each registered graduate a voting paper, together with a notice stating the number of vacancies and the date of the election.

134. The only persons eligible for election are graduates whose names are on the register at the date of the notification published in accordance with regulation 131. The number of persons for whom each registered graduate may vote may be less but shall not be more than the number of vacancies notified and any voting paper which contains votes for a number of persons in excess of the number of such vacancies shall be treated as invalid.

135. Voters resident in the City of Madras shall fill in and sign their voting papers at the Senate House on the day and within the hours notified in accordance with regulation 131, and in the presence of one of the two members of the Senate appointed by the Syndicate in accordance with regulation 132, and shall thereafter deposit them in the ballot-box provided for the purpose. No such voting paper shall be deposited in the ballot-box after the expiry of the time notified in regulation 131.

136. Voters not resident in the City of Madras shall fill in and sign their voting papers in the presence of a Magistrate (not being a Village Magistrate), District or Sub-Registrar, District Munsiff, or Judge, who shall authenticate the voting paper with his signature and designation. The voter shall thereupon forward the voting paper in a registered cover addressed to the Registrar so as to reach him not later than the day and hour notified for the closing of the ballot in accordance with regulation 131. The Registrar shall, as soon as possible after the receipt of such registered covers, deposit them in the ballot-box. Any such voting paper received later than the closing of the ballot and any paper received unsigned or otherwise than by registered post shall be regarded as invalid for the purposes of the elction.

137. On the day and on the expiry of the time notified in accordance with regulation 131 the members of the Senate appointed in accordance with regulation 132 shall open the ballot-box, scrutinize the voting papers, rejecting those which do not fulfil the conditions of regulations 134, 135, and 136, and shall count the votes recorded. They shall thereupon communicate the results of their scrutiny and count to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor.

VIII. BOARDS OF STUDIES.

138. There shall be Boards of Studies in the following branches of knowledge :

i. English.
ii. Sanskrit, Uriya, Marathi, Burmese and Sinhalese.
iii. Greek, Latin, French, and German.
iv. Hebrew, Arabic, Persian, and Hindustani.
v. The Dravidian Languages.
vi. Mathematics.
vii. Physical Science.
viii. Natural Science.
ix. Mental and Moral Science.
x. History and Economics.
xi. Teaching.
xii. Law.
xiii. Medicine.
xiv. Engineering.

139. The members of the respective Boards shall be appointed by the Syndicate and shall consist of Fellows, and other persons possessing special knowledge of the subjects dealt with by the Boards to which they are appointed. The Syndicate shall also appoint a Chairman for each Board who shall ordinarily be a Fellow. They shall severally hold office for three years from the date of appointment, and shall be eligible for re-appointment. A member who has been absent from India for a period exceeding six months, may be declared by the Syndicate to have vacated his seat, and his place may be filled up. No Board shall consist of fewer than three or morethan twelve members.

140. It shall be the duty of each Board of Studies to consider and report on any matter referred to it by the Senate, Syndicate, or the Faculty, or President of the Faculty concerned, with the subjects with which it deals.

141. Each Board shall have power to submit for the consideration of the Syndicate nominations of examiners in the subjects with which it deals ; to recommend nominations of persons other

than Fellows of the University to be members of the Board ; to recommend text-books when necessary ; to consult specialists who are not members of the Board ; and to make recommendations in regard to courses of study in the subjects with which it deals ; and to lay such recommendations before the Faculty concerned, or, when so requested, before the Syndicate.

142. Meetings of a Board of Studies shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board at such times as may be necessary or on the written request of any two members of the Board.

IX. THE REGISTRAR.

143. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Syndicate, subject to the confirmation of the Senate.

144. The tenure of the office of Registrar shall be limited to five years, but the same individual shall be eligible for re-appointment.

145. It shall be in the power of the Syndicate to dispense with the services of the Registrar at any time before the expiration of five years on payment to him of six months' salary, and it may at any time discharge him from its service without notice or compensation in the event of misconduct on his part or of a breach by him of any of the conditions on which he was engaged. In case the Registrar should wish to resign his office before the expiration of five years, he shall give six months' notice of his intention to resign.

The salary of the Registrar shall be Rs. 600 per mensem, rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 per mensem to Rs. 800. If, at the completion of his term of five years, a Registrar be re-engaged, his salary shall continue to be Rs. 800 per mensem.

The Registrar shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office, and shall not absent himself from his duties without the permission of the Syndicate.

146. The Registrar shall be the custodian of the records, library, common seal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.

147. The Registrar shall conduct the duties of his office under the instructions of the Syndicate.

148. It shall be the duty of the Registrar to give notice of meetings of the Senate, Syndicate, and Faculties, to the respective members thereof, and to keep a record of the proceedings of all such meetings. He shall also, on application previously made for the purpose of fixing a convenient hour, arrange that any member of the Senate, of the Syndicate, or of a Faculty, shall have access to the proceedings of the Senate, Syndicate, or Faculty, respectively, and to any documents connected with such proceedings.

X. THE ASSISTANT REGISTRAR.

149. The appointment of the Assistant Registrar by the Syndicate, shall be subject to the confirmation of the Senate.

150. The office shall be tenable for a period of five years, but the same individual may be re-appointed, and in that case his service shall, for the purpose of determining his salary, be deemed to have continued for the full number of years he has served.

151. The duties of the Assistant Registrar shall be from time to time defined by the Syndicate.

XI. EXAMINATION BOARDS.

152. There shall be Examination Boards for the following subjects or groups of subjects :—

i. English.
ii. Greek and Latin.
iii. French.
iv. German.
v. Sanskrit.
vi. Marathi.
vii. Uriya.
viii. Burmese.
ix. Sinhalese.
x. Hebrew.
xi. Arabic, Persian, Hindustani.
xii. Tamil.
xiii. Telugu.
xiv. Kanarese.
xv. Malayalam.
xvi. Mathematics.
xvii. Physical Science.
xviii. Natural Science.
xix. Mental and Moral Science.
xx. History and Economics.
xxi. Teaching.
xxii. Law.
xxiii. Medicine.
xxiv. Sanitary Science.
xxv. Engineering.

153. The Chairman of each Board of Studies shall forward to the Syndicate the names of any persons who may have been nominated by the Board as fit and proper persons to act as examiners and assistant examiners in the subjects dealt with by the Board. The Syndicate shall consider the nominations so made.

154. Each examiner shall hold office for one year but shall be eligible for re-appointment. The Syndicate may, however, at any time, cancel the appointment of an examiner.

155. The duties of examiners shall be laid down from time to time by the Syndicate.

XII. GENERAL.

156. No question shall be put at any University examination calling for a declaration of religious belief on the part of the candidate, and no answer or translation given by any candidate shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing any peculiarity of religious belief.

157. It shall be competent to any Member of the Senate to bring to the notice of the Syndicate any instances of undue or improper canvassing by or on behalf of any candidate for election to the Senate or Syndicate or to any Faculty or Board or for appointment to any examinership or other office connected with the University.

Resolutions passed by the Senate on Friday, 15th December, 1905.

I. That the regulations now approved 1 to 157 take the place of by-laws Nos. 1 to 127.

II. That the revised regulations 1 to 157 be submitted to Government with the request that the time allowed for the consideration of the revision of the remaining regulations may be extended to the 31st March, 1906.

S. P. C. K. PRESS, UNIVERSITY PRINTERS, MADRAS.

[E. 12.]

1,000—14-6-05.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ AGAIN G.O., No. 637 Edl, dated 21st September 1905.

" " " " , " 190 .

READ ALSO:—

C. No. 2207, From the Registrar, Madras University, No. 3305, dated 22-12- 1905.

" " , " " , " : " 190 .

" " , " " , " , " 190 .

ORDER No. 854, dated 29-12-1905.

Page 20 of the Act

Under Section 26, Subsection (1) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to extend till the 31st of March 1906 the period allowed in G.O. no 637 Edl., dated 21st September 1905, within which the Senate as constituted under the Act shall cause the whole of the revised body of regulations to be prepared and submitted for the sanction of Govt.

AKD
28.12.05.

27-12-05

To the Registrar, Madras University.

Rec'd 3-3-36

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Educational Department.

10

M E M O R A N D U M:--No. 100.

In the new regulations framed by the Senate of the Madras University under Section 26 (1) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, (copy enclosed), provision has been made for the filling by election of vacancies among the Fellows elected by "registered" graduates under Section 6 (1) (a) of the Act -'registered'graduates being graduates who fulfil certain conditions and whose names are entered in a register kept by the Syndicate for the purpose. Proposed regulation 157 runs as follows:--

"157.--On the day and on the expiry of the time notified in accordance with regulation 151 the members of the Senate appointed in accordance with regulation 153 shall open the ballot-box, scrutini e the voting papers, rejecting those which do not fulfil the conditions of regulations 154, 155, and 156, and shall count the votes recorded. They shall thereupon communicate the results of their scrutiny and count to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor."

2. As will be seen, the Regulation provides that on the day and on the expiry of the term fixed for the election the two members of the Senate appointed by the Syndicate to co-operate with the Registrar of the

Universit

University in the supervision of the election shall scrutinize the voting papers, reject such as do not fulfil certain conditions, count the valid votes and communicate the results to the Syndicate for submission to the Chancellor who has under Section 6(3) of the Act to approve the election. No further regulation has been submitted by the Senate as to the Chancellor's action thereupon.

3. The question has arisen whether when there is a tie between two or more candidates, the Act itself sufficiently provides for the matter or whether a further regulation is needed or would be legitimate. By virtue of Section 6 (3) the Chancellor may approve or disapprove, and if he can approve one of the tied candidates for the vacancy nothing more seems required. To provide by regulation for a second election, which moreover might equally result in a tie and lead practically to delay, would apparently prejudice the Chancellor's statutory rights, or enable him to evade his responsibility. It is therefore a question whether a regulation could be made giving the Chancellor free discretion to direct that there should be a second election.

4. If the Chancellor (a) in the case of tied candidates is unable to approve any of them or (b) where there is no tie is unable to approve the single candidate standing at the head of the poll, would it be open to the Chancellor to select the Candidate standing next on the poll; apparently not, and if so, a regulation seems required authorizing the Chancello to declare that a fresh election shall in such cases be held until a candidate is chosen whom the Chancellor can accept? Would such a regulation exclude from the renewed contest the candidates whom on the first

election

Read

96

3-a

election the Chancellor was unable to approve.

5. The Hon'ble the Advocate General is requested to be so good as to advise Government on the foregoing points, and if a regulation should be framed he is requested to advise as to the limits within which it can legally be made.

6. A Copy of ~~Part VII in the Calendar~~ draft regulations 151-157 bearing on the subject are herewith forwarded.

(By Order)

Fort St. George,
1st March 1906.

for Ag. Secretary to Government.

Desp'd with 2 Encls.
1/3/6

To the Hon'ble the Advocate General,

through the Government Solicitor.

with copy the Indian Universities Act 1904
& copy of Part VII of the University
Regulations.

When given for copying
When copied
When examined
When signed
} 190

3

READ AGAIN G.O., No.
190 . ; DATED

CURRENT N

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
ETTER OF GOVERNMENT.								
NT WITH DITTO.								
FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH RIGINAL.								

N.B.—
A = Copy in full.
B = Not to be copied.
P = Copy abstract only.
Q = Copy heading only.