

[13.]
249-12-7-01.

Educational (1904) Department.

296
ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 377

DATED 17-6-04.

INDEXED. (6)

ORIGINAL

[Despatch Abstract.]

Teachers' College, Saidapet.

Recording the report on the working of the —
its branch training school during the year 1903

f

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1904} of Madras. EDUCATIONAL.

Recd.

Enclosures

Regd.

1904.

Spare copies

ORIGINAL

G.O., No. 377, 17th June 1904.

JUNE.

Teachers' College, Saidapet.

Recording the report on the working of the — and its Branch Training school during the year 1903.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From the Hon'ble Mr. A. G. BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., Director of Public Instruction, Madras, to the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, dated 9th June 1904, Cur. No. 5141.

I have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, a copy of my proceedings, Dis. No. 3595, dated 4th June 1904, reviewing the report on the working of the Teachers' College and its Branch Training school during the year 1903.

ENCLOSURE.

Proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction, Dis. No. 3595, dated 4th June 1904.

Read—the following letter from A. A. HALL, Esq., M.A., Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet, to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, dated 14th April 1904, No. 82-D. :—

I have the honour to submit the report on the work of the Teachers' College and its Branch Training school at Saidapet, during the year 1903.

TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET.

2. *Teaching Staff.*—I returned from furlough on the 31st October last and took charge of the office of Principal on 2nd November 1903 from Mr. J. H. Stone who was officiating in my absence.

3. *Accommodation.*—During the year under report the construction of the building intended to serve as a model primary school was completed and was taken over for occupation on the 26th October 1903. At present all the primary classes are held in it. An estimate amounting to Rs. 2,655 was sanctioned in G.O., No. 3086 W., dated 2nd November 1903, for the improvement of the lighting and ventilation of the central block, for the construction of four tiffin rooms and for connecting the new building with the central block of the main building by a porch. These works were taken in hand by the Public Works Department and are nearing completion.

4. *Strength and Attendance—Normal Section.*—

Year	M.A's.	B.A's.	F.A's.	Matriculates.	Total.
31st December 1902	2	35	21	16	74
31st " 1903	2	33	22	16	73

Of the 73 students on the rolls on the 31st December 1903, two were Eurasians, eight were Native Christians, 56 were Brahmans, five were non-Brahman caste Hindus, one was a Muhammadan and one was a Mappilla.

Sixty-nine of these students were holding Government stipends, three were paying students, having come from Native States, and one was a free student.

Of the two Eurasians who were ladies, one was a B.A. and the other an F.A.

The average number on the rolls and the average daily attendance during the year were 72 and 69 respectively.

5. *Practising Section.*—This school had 434 pupils on the last day of the year as against 411 on the 31st December 1902 as detailed below :—

Year.	Upper Secondary.	Lower Secondary.	Primary.	Total.
1902	83	162	166	411
1903	92	184	158	434

The classes were strong enough to afford efficient practice for the students under training. The average number on the rolls and the average daily attendance were 446 and 406 respectively.

6. *Examinations—Normal Section.*—For the theoretical portion of the L.T. degree examination 35 students appeared, of whom 30 or 86 per cent. were successful against 73 per cent. in the previous year. All but one of these successful students appeared for the practical portion of the L.T. degree and 21 of them passed, two in the 1st class, the percentage of success being 72 against 59 in 1902. The percentage of passes in the theoretical and practical examinations for the Presidency having been 61 and 53 respectively, the results achieved by the college may be regarded as satisfactory.

Of the old students of the college, 12 appeared for the theoretical and 41 for the practical examination, and of them two and 17, respectively, met with success.

7. *Teachers' Certificate Examination—Written Test.*—Twenty-two students appeared for the second-grade collegiate examination of December 1903, of whom ten or 45 per cent. passed against 70 per cent. in the preceding year. The results of the college were fair as the average for the Presidency was 30 per cent. In the examination for the Upper Secondary-grade Teachers' certificates, 13 out of 16 students who appeared were successful.

Of the old students of the college 11 passed the written test during the year.

8. *Practical Test.*—Twenty-seven F.As. appeared for the practical test examinations held at different centres during the year and 23 of them got through—a percentage of 85 as against 75 in 1902.

Of the 17 Matriculates who appeared for this examination, 11 or 65 per cent. were found qualified against 62 per cent. in the previous twelve-month.

9. *Government Technical Examination in Drawing.*—Twenty-two students who were under training appeared for the elementary grade in free-hand outline drawing, and 12 of them passed, one being in the 1st class—a percentage of 54 as against 78 in 1902.

10. *Special Drawing Examination.*—During the year under report, drawing was generally done on the black board according to the following graduated syllabus, only those who showed special aptitude being required to draw on paper :—

- (1) Free-hand drawing from a flat copy.
- (2) Memory drawing of one out of ten objects selected by the teacher.
- (3) Drawing from an object on paper in charcoal or in coloured chalk.
- (4) Drawing on black board from nature about half a dozen leaves on a stem.

A special examination in these subjects was conducted by Mr. J. H. Stone and M.R.Ry. Velayudasari on the 30th November 1903, when 13 students passed in the 1st class, 31 in the 2nd class and 24 in the 3rd class. Four failed.

11. *Examination in Agriculture.*—Eighteen lectures on Agriculture were delivered by M.R.Ry. Narayana Rau, an assistant in the College of Agriculture, to 45 students who volunteered to attend them. For the final examination conducted by M.R.Ry. C. K. Subba Rau, Acting Vice-Principal of the College of Agriculture, 43 students appeared. Ten passed in the 1st class and 12 in the 2nd class.

12. *Kindergarten.*—During the year a scheme of correlation of subjects was adopted; spelling, simple composition, drawing and modelling were correlated with nature study, work in the educational garden, and stories. A special course of lectures was given to all the students explaining kindergarten and practical methods of instruction and nature study. Every student was given practical teaching work in this section for a short time. An educational garden was started during the 2nd term, in which more than 50 plants were cultivated as an aid to the nature study lessons. The children's work in the free arm drawing and clay modelling secured a prize at the last Educational Conference of the Teachers' Guild.

13. *Examination in Drill.*—Seventy-one students were examined in drill by Captain G. L. Cattell, Adjutant of the 78th Mappilla Rifles, and the following were his remarks: "Executed all the movements well and smartly. I consider their drill very good. Evidently well taught."

14. *Practising Section—Matriculation Examination.*—Sixteen pupils appeared for this examination and six passed—a percentage of 37 as against 58 in 1902. These results may be considered fair when compared with the average (18 per cent.) for the Presidency.

15. *Lower Secondary Examination.*—Out of 25 pupils that appeared for this examination from the Third Form, 13 passed for complete certificates, three in the compulsory subjects and a single optional subject, and one in an optional subject only—a percentage of 68 for the whole as against 81 in 1902.

16. *Primary Examination.*—Thirteen pupils out of 19 who appeared for this examination were successful—a percentage of 68 as against 74 in 1902.

17. *Annual Examinations.*—The table below gives the results of the annual examinations of the practising classes:—

Forms or classes.	Number examined.	Number found fit for promotion.
V Form	27	20
IV "	48	28
III "	49	33
II "	58	27
I "	77	41
IV Class	49	41
III "	29	27
II "	24	21
I "	29	27
Infant class	27	16

18. *Examination in Drawing.*—Ninety-six pupils were examined in drawing and 58 of them passed in various standards—a percentage of 60 as against 78 in 1902. This examination was, as usual, conducted by the Assistant Superintendent of the School of Arts.

19. *Special Gymnastic Class.*—Two students were under training throughout the year as paying students and they were examined by Captain Cattell and the Revd. Mr. Pollard for Gymnastic Teachers' certificates, and both of them passed in the 1st class. Seven of the old students were also examined for Gymnastic Teachers' certificates and all of them passed, two being in the 1st class.

20. *Library.*—The library has not yet been removed to the room upstairs in the new building as proposed in last year's report, no orders having yet been received on this office D. No. 334, dated 19th December 1903, requesting sanction to furnish the room with suitable furniture for the library. There were 5,990 volumes in the library at the end of the year against 5,870 in 1902; and 3,864 books were issued to masters, students and pupils of the upper secondary department against 4,819 in the previous year.

21. *The College Museum.*—Thirty-eight articles were added to the museum during the year, most of them being presents from students. 1,642 articles were issued to the students for illustrating lessons in the Practising school.

22. *The Teachers' College Teachers' Association.*—This association which completed its fourteenth year on the 31st December 1903 contained 73 members and held five public and 23 ordinary meetings during the year. The lectures delivered and the subjects discussed were very interesting and instructive.

23. *The Teachers' College Day.*—On the 20th December 1902 when the ninth college day was celebrated, the committee of the college day passed a resolution to the effect that a social gathering of the present and past students of the college should take place at the end of every calendar year in place of the college day. There was accordingly a social gathering on 17th December 1903 when only a very few of the old students attended, because they could not be spared from their schools.

24. *The Recreation Club.*—Some of the members of the staff and all the students of the college were members of the Recreation club. Newspapers and periodicals were supplied and provision was made for out-door games such as tennis, cricket and football. The club was of immense use to the students.

25. *History of Students.*—Seventy-four students passed out from the college during the year (one in July 1903 and 73 in December 1903) and all have secured appointments.

Repeatedly during the year we had applications from managers for trained men especially graduates and we were not able to oblige them. This seems to show that at present the supply of trained and qualified teachers is hardly equal to the demand. Thirty-eight men secured appointments through the agency of the Teachers' College during 1903.

26. *Teachers' College Hostels.*—There were four hostels attached to the college, which were attended by 64 members as shown below:—

Smartha section	42
Vaishnava "	12
Non-Brahman section	2
Christian section	8

The health of the students throughout the year was excellent. As in the previous year, the students were allowed to go on excursions which benefited them very much. The average rate for boarding and lodging for all the hostels during the year was Rs. 9-14-0 per student against Rs. 9-12-0 in 1902.

27. *Finance.*—The total expenditure on this institution up to 31st December 1903 was Rs. 54,272; the total income from fees amounted to Rs. 5,632 and that from miscellaneous sources to Rs. 2,705. The net cost to Government of maintaining the college was thus Rs. 45,935 and the cost of educating each student was Rs. 637 against Rs. 574 in 1902. The increase under the net cost was partly due to the increase in the personal allowance to the Acting Principal and to the increased expenditure under "stipends" and "furniture."

HINDU BRANCH TRAINING SCHOOL, SAIDAPET.

28. Consequent on the appointment of a separate Inspecting officer for the European and Training schools in the Presidency, the Panchama and the Muhammadan Branch Training schools which were branches of this college for some years past, were transferred to the control of the Inspector of European and Training Schools with effect from the 12th November 1903. The Hindu Branch Training school alone is under my control.

29. *Strength of the Normal Section.*—

Grade.	31st Dec. 1902.	31st Dec. 1903.
Lower secondary	12	19
Primary	28	28
Total	40	47

Of these 47 students, two were from Bangalore, 12 were from Madras, 32 were from the Chingleput district and one was from the Coimbatore district.

Forty-five of these were Government stipendiaries, and two were paid stipends from Imperial funds by the Resident in Bangalore.

The vernacular language of forty students was Tamil and of the remaining seven Telugu.

The average number on the rolls and the average daily attendance during the year were 47 and 44 respectively against 40 and 37 in the previous year.

30. The Practising section had on its rolls 154 pupils on the 31st December 1903 against 163 in the preceding year. The classes were strong enough to give efficient practice to the Normal students.

31. *Examinations—Written Test.*—Twenty students appeared for the Lower Secondary grade and 12 or 60 per cent. passed against 75 per cent. in 1902. Twenty-eight students appeared for the primary grade and 21 passed—a percentage of 75 as against 71 in the previous year. Nine of the old students also passed the written test during the year.

32. *Practical Test.*—Ten students appeared for the Lower Secondary grade Teachers' certificate examination and seven of them passed—a percentage of 70 as against 92 in 1902. For the primary grade, 36 students appeared and 27 came out successful, 17 in the first class, the percentage of success being 75 against 70 in the preceding year.

33. *Fifth Standard Examination.*—Sixteen students appeared for this examination, of whom 11 passed—a percentage of 69 as against 58 in 1902.

34. *General Education Course Examination.*—During the year under report, a general education course was instituted for the students of the primary grade, and an examination equivalent to the fifth standard examination was held with the approval of Government. The subjects taught were very elementary Botany, Zoology, Physiology, Hygiene, Physical Geography (Elementary), Arithmetic, Observational Geometry, Drawing, Vernacular Reading, Composition and Grammar. Twenty-eight students were examined at the end of the course, and 17 of them passed, all in the second class; certificates were issued to the successful candidates.

35. *Drawing Examination.*—Forty-six students appeared for the special Drawing examination conducted by Mr. J. H. Stone and M.R.By. Velayuda Asari and two passed in the first class, 19 in the second class and 19 in the third class.

36. *Examination in Drill.*—All the students (47) were examined by Captain G. L. Cattell, Adjutant of the 78th Mappilla Rifles, and the following were his remarks as regards their work:—“Good all round; but should not require so many explanations when doing practice in quick time.”

37. *Primary Examination.*—Thirteen pupils of the Practising school appeared for the examination and eight of them passed—a percentage of 62 as against 69 in the previous year.

38. *Library.*—There were 732 volumes at the end of the year as against 681 on 31st December 1902 and 626 books were issued to the members of the staff of the school and the students.

39. *History of Students.*—All the students that passed out from the school have secured appointments.

40. *Finance.*—The net cost of maintaining the school including the amount spent on stipends was Rs. 4,746 and the cost of educating each student was Rs. 101.

41. *General Remarks.*—Whilst on furlough I accepted the post of Method Master at the Cambridge Training college for secondary teachers. Although not profitable pecuniarily, it enabled me to keep abreast of the times in matters educational and it brought me into contact with leading educationists, especially those connected with Training colleges. I have been endeavouring to put my new experience into practice since my return. I feel sure that at the present moment the Teachers' college is as well organized and as efficient as the best of similar colleges in England.

Mr. Stone, last year, introduced nature study into the primary classes. This is still going on and I am hoping that as soon as the rains begin in July to still further extend the school garden by the help of the Agricultural teachers who have come for training. The Primary school I intend to make a real model school, but we are greatly handicapped by the want of an efficient specialist in the kindergarten methods. I understand that Government has sent to Europe for a lady who has been trained and has had experience in infant schools. I feel certain her presence will be a very great stimulus in making primary education in this Presidency more scientific and more thorough.

In conclusion I have again to bring to your notice the good work done by the members of the staff. They seem to be all animated with a desire to do their best for the college, and as long as this spirit exists I feel sure the college will be successful and prosperous.

Proceedings, Dis. No. 3595 of 1904.

Staff.—Mr. Hall, the permanent Principal, who was absent on furlough, resumed charge of his appointment on the 2nd November and Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, the new Vice-Principal appointed by the Secretary of State, entered on his duties on the 10th August.

2. *Accommodation.*—The new building intended for the primary classes was completed during the year and was taken over for occupation in October 1903. The improvements for the central block of the old buildings, which are approaching completion and the four tiffin rooms which are under construction will, it is hoped, supply the long-felt need for additional accommodation.

3. *Library and Museum.*—An estimate for furnishing the room in the new building which is intended for the library was sanctioned in G.O., No. 547-W., dated 18th February 1904, communicated to the Principal with Proceedings, R.C. No. 7900, dated 7th May 1904. It is believed that the work will soon be put in hand. One hundred and twenty new volumes have been added to the library since the 31st December 1902, thus raising the total number of books from 5,870 to 5,990. There was, however, a large decrease in the number of books issued to members of the staff as well as the students. The continued development of the Museum due to the efforts of the students themselves, as well as the large use made of the several articles for illustrating lessons in the practising section, are noted with satisfaction.

4. *Strength and attendance.*—The strength of the training section fell very slightly from 74 to 73. There were two Brahman and two non-Brahman students more and seven Christian students less than in the previous year, while the number of European and that of Muhammadan students remained the same, viz., two of each. One of the Muhammadan students was a Mappilla graduate from Malabar. The practising section was 434 strong, i.e., 23 more than in the previous year.

5. *Examination.*—(i) *Training section.*—The results obtained at both the theoretical and the practical portions of the L.T. Degree examination were good. Those obtained at the written test for teachers' certificates for the second-grade collegiate were not so satisfactory. At the practical test, however, fairly satisfactory results were secured by both the second-grade collegiate and upper secondary departments.

(ii) *Practising section.*—The practising section did not acquit itself at any of the public examinations as satisfactorily as it did in the previous year. The results of the annual examination for promotion show that a large number of pupils in the secondary forms are not fit for the classes in which they are, since they have not been able to profit by a year's study.

6. *Special subjects of instruction.*—At the Government Technical examinations in drawing 12 passed out of the 22 students who were sent up for the elementary test in freehand outline drawing. These results were fair. The results of the special drawing examination and the examinations in agriculture and drill were good.

The pupils of the practising school did not acquit themselves very well in the examination in drawing.

7. *Special Gymnastic class.*—This class contained only two students and both of them secured first-class certificates.

8. *Finance.*—The net cost of training each student was Rs. 638 and not Rs. 637 as given in the report against Rs. 574 in the previous year, the increase being due to the average number on the rolls having fallen from 76 to 72 and to the total net cost having risen from Rs. 43,655 to Rs. 45,935 chiefly owing to the higher rate of personal allowance drawn by Mr. Stone, the acting Principal.

9. *General.*—The control of two of the branch training schools, viz., the Muhammadan and the Panchama branch training schools was transferred to the Inspector of European and Training schools. It is noted with satisfaction that all the students who passed out of the college secured employment. A social gathering of the past and present students was held during the year in place of the college day. The

Principal's endeavours to put into practice the new experience he gained in England during his absence on furlough are noted. He is requested to give in his next report on the college a full account of these endeavours and to state how far they have been successful. The appointment of a lady superintendent for the teaching of the Kindergarten methods, which has been sanctioned by Government will, it is hoped, add to the efficiency of the college.

10. *Hindu Branch school*.—The training section had an accession to its strength while there was a slight falling off in that of the practising section. The results obtained by the lower secondary and primary students under training at the several examinations were very fair, but those obtained by the lower secondary students were not so good. At the primary examination the practising section also did well. The new general education course recently sanctioned by Government was introduced during the year, and at the examination held at the termination of the course, 17 are reported to have been successful out of 28 that appeared. It is gratifying to observe that all the students that passed out secured appointments. The cost of educating each student fell from 147 to 101.

11. The Director considers that the college and the branch school did good work during the year.

A. G. BOURNE,
Director of Public Instruction.

To the Principal, Teachers' college, with three spare copies.

- " Principals of other Government colleges.
- " Inspectors of schools including the Inspector of European and Training schools.
- " Assistant Inspectors and Inspectresses of girls' schools.
- " Secretary to the Board of Examiners for Teachers' certificates.
- " Superintendent, Presidency Training school for mistresses.

Copy to the President, District Board, Chingleput.
" " Municipal Commission, Madras.
Copy to Government, with C.L.

ORDER—No. 377, Educational, dated 17th June 1904.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
Editors' Table.

Exd. P. Seetharam.

Educational (1904) Department.



CURRENT No. 1041



From

[Name] The Hon'ble Mr. A.G. Bourne, D.Sc., F.R.S.,

[Designation] Director of Public Instruction

[Station] Madras

Cur No. 5141 of 04

Received 11-6-1904

Dated 9 June 1904

Enclosures one

Registered 11-6-1904

SUBJECT.

Submitting, for the information of government, a copy of the review of the report on the working of the Teachers' College and its Branch Training School for the year 1903.

BACK PAPERS.

✓ G.O. no. 3086 Wd 2-11-03
✓ G.O. no. 547 Wd 15-2-04
✓ G.O. no. 264 Wd 15-9-03

G.O. no. 348 Wd 13-7-03
G.O. no. 3808 Wd 13-8-03
G.O. no. 541 Wd 4-5-11-03
Despatch no. 5504 Wd

FURTHER PAPERS.

252 no. / 01

[35 E. 2]

1,500-7-10-03.

C. No. 1041 From the 289

No 514, dated 9-6-1904

SUBJECT.

Report of the Teachers' College, Daidapet, and its Branch Training School for 1903.

The draft placed below recording the report may be passed.

HM

25/6/4

15.6.04

15.6.04

Yes... I think that will be sufficient

9/7/6

17.6.04

To

The Secretary to Government,
Educational Department.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, a copy of my Proceedings Dis No. 3595 d/ 4th June 1904 reviewing the report on the working of the Teachers' College and its Branch Training School during the year 1903.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

A. G. Bowers

Director of Public Instruction,

8-6-04

[E.]
[12]

1,200-7-10.03.

4
a
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

AIN G.O., No. , dated 190 .

" " " " " " 190 .

READ ALSO:—

C. No. 1041, From the *089*, No. 5141, dated *9-6-* 1904

" " " " " " 190

" " " " " " 190

ORDER

No. *377*, dated *17-6-* 1904

Recd
17/6/4

P.S.

Recorded.

M.S. 16

407

15-6-04

PH
17/6/4

8/7

20. Recd 25/7/4
in D.P.O. with 20 81
Editors' Table

First copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

READ AGAIN G.O., No.
190 .

DATED

NUMBER OF COPIES
ENQUIRED. { Order complete. 60
Letter only.
Order complete with Letter.

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO Q.No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED BY, BRING MEANS FOR PREPARE
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—

- A = Print in full.
- B = Not to be printed.
- P = Print abstract only.
- Q = Print heading only.