

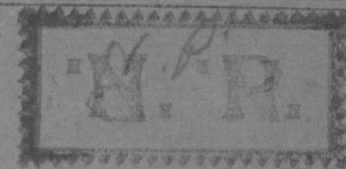
[21]
269-221-12-01.

Educational (190 3) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 267

DATED 2. 6. 03 ✓



INDEXED.

27

ORIGINAL

[Despatch Abstract.]

Lawrence Asylum, Cota canun.

Reviewing the report on the working of the
_____ during 1902.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1903} of Madras. ✓ EDUCATIONAL.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1903.

Enclosures

Spare copies

ORIGINAL

G.O., No. 267, 2nd June 1903.

N. P.

JUNE.

Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

Reviewing the report on the working of the — during 1902.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From the Hon'ble Mr. G. H. STUART, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, Madras, to the Secretary to Government, Educational department, dated 20th May 1903, C. No. 3847.

I have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, three copies of the report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, on the working of the institution during 1902, together with a copy of my Proceedings, Dis. No. 3047, dated 16th instant, reviewing the same.

ENCLOSURE.

PROCEEDINGS of the Director of Public Instruction, Dis. No. 3047, dated 16th May 1903.

Read—Report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, on the working of the institution during 1902.

MALE BRANCH.

Staff.—There were a few changes in the staff; but these were of minor importance.

2. *Library and museum.*—Information in regard to the number of volumes in the library at the beginning of the year and the number added during the year should be furnished in future reports.

3. *Strength and attendance.*—Excluding the four day scholars, there were at the close of the year 287 pupils (120 Europeans and 167 Eurasians) against 293 at the beginning of the year, 50 having left the institution during the year, while 44 were admitted. The distribution of the pupils according to the standards in which they were studying should have been given in the report. Of the departures during the year, 29 had been in the asylum not less than five years, while 5 were in the upper secondary stage and 11 in the lower secondary stage of instruction at the time of leaving; 23 pupils obtained employment—2 in the Madras Municipal Workshop, 8 in the Army and 13 in the Telegraph department.

4. *Sanitation and health.*—The general health during the year was not quite satisfactory, the daily average number of sick having risen from 11.01 to 13.18.

5. *Examinations.*—The results of the Lower Secondary examination were good, though the number of pupils who passed for certificates was less than in the previous year. In telegraphy also the pupils acquitted themselves fairly well. In the other

subjects—shorthand, typewriting and drawing—the results continued to be disappointing, and the attention of the instructors concerned should be drawn to the matter.

6. *Finance.*—The receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 1,22,495, while the charges aggregated Rs. 1,26,939; the transactions of the year thus closed with a deficit of Rs. 4,444, reducing the opening balance in favour of the institution from Rs. 18,802 to Rs. 14,358.

7. *General.*—Physical education received due attention and the cadet companies worked satisfactorily.

FEMALE BRANCH.

8. It is presumed that the new headmistress has by this time entered on her duties.

9. *Strength and attendance.*—Excluding the four day scholars, there were 64 boarders at the close of the year against 65 at the beginning, 44 being Europeans and 20 Eurasians. The death of one of the boarders during the year is noted with regret.

10. *Sanitation and health.*—Here also, as in the boys' school, there was an increase in the daily average number of sick.

11. *Examinations.*—None of the pupils appeared for the Lower Secondary examination. For the Typewriting examination four appeared, but only one passed.

12. *Finance.*—There was an improvement in the financial condition of this branch during the year. Excluding the contribution of Rs. 2,300 from the Male branch, the receipts amounted to Rs. 22,034 against Rs. 19,086 the previous year, while the charges aggregated Rs. 20,155 against Rs. 20,210. Taking into account the opening minus balance of Rs. 2,749 at the beginning of the year, the deficit at its close was Rs. 870.

13. *General.*—Credit is due to the Principal and the staff for the efficient administration of the institution during the year.

(A true Extract.)

G. H. STUART,
Director of Public Instruction.

To the Principal, Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

„ Inspector of Schools, Western Circle.

„ Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle.

Copy to the Chairman, Lawrence Asylum Committee,

„ the Collector of the Nilgiris,

„ Government (with C.L.),

} for information.

ORDER—No. 267, Educational, dated 2nd June 1903.

Recorded.

2. The management of the institution in both branches continued to be satisfactory.

3. With reference to the Director's remarks regarding the results of examinations, the Government observes that the number of boys who passed the Lower Secondary examination with complete certificates was only 4 out of 31, a proportion which leaves room for improvement. The results in Shorthand, Typewriting and Drawing examinations continue, as the Director observes, to be disappointing, and the Committee should consider whether the fault is with the instructors or whether it is advisable any longer to retain these subjects as a part of the curriculum of the asylum. The upper secondary classes appear to have made small progress, and it is hoped that in the current year there will be some pupils ready to be sent up for the examination.

4. The continued growth in the average cost of maintaining each pupil in the Male branch is a matter which deserves the attention of the Committee. In 1894-95 the cost per boy was Rs. 286, in 1896-97 Rs. 314, in 1898-99 Rs. 321 and in the year under notice Rs. 339. On an average number of 300 boys this represents an increase of Rs. 15,900 a year in eight years.

(True Extract.)

A. G. CARDEW,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, through
the Director of Public Instruction.
" Deputy Adjutant-General (with C.L.).

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 267, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 2ND JUNE 1903.

[SUBJECT.—Report on the working of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.]

From the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, dated 20th May 1903, C. No. 3847.

The Director's review is as near futility as possible, and it looks as though there were much waste in printing such papers. First the report is printed at the Lawrence Asylum Press, then the Director prints his proceedings, and then we reprint the whole thing. Is it necessary for us to reprint the report? Are the Director's proceedings kept standing pending the Government order?

(2) What does printing in the Director's office cost? Please give actuals for 1880, 1890, 1900 and last two years.

(3) Please also ask the Director to furnish one copy of each of his printed reviews of the annual reports of first and second grade colleges and high schools for 1901, not already submitted to Government. If they are all as colourless as the order on the Lawrence Asylum, their effect can't be great.

(4) As regards the Lawrence Asylum, why does the number of boys having both parents living increase—1900, 78; 1901, 98; 1902, 108?

(5) The upper secondary class makes little progress. Is there a reason known? Why is the interest on Government securities Rs. 10,000 more than last year?

(6) The entries under VIII-Extraordinary are not clear to me. What is the Rs. 8,000 added to funded capital last year and Rs. 10,000 post office deposit this year? What are the large sums under refunds in both branches?

A. G. CARDEW—24-5-03.

(1) It is submitted that we reprint only the Director's proceedings, the type of which will be kept standing. During the last two years the Director's proceedings contained the report also and so it was printed with the Government order, but before that the report was not reprinted at the Government Press—please see G.Os., No. 466, dated 20th September 1900, No. 325, dated 12th June 1901, and No. 288, dated 12th May 1902.

(2) The cost of printing work done for the Director by the Government Press was as follows—

	RS.
1880-81 (chiefly annual report. No proceedings)	1,934
1890-91	10,021
1900-1901	10,458
1901-1902	8,698

[The report for 1902-1903 has not yet come in.]

(3) Please see memorandum placed below.

(4) Probably on account of the short service system which now prevails.

But the short service system has been in force for twenty years, and any recent change has been in the direction of slightly extending the term of service.

A. G. CARDEW—27-5-03.

Children are admitted in the order given in rule 39 on page 37 of the report, and Table H on page 20 shows the number of each class registered for admission. Similar information for the two previous years will be found on page 12 of G.O., No. 288, dated 12th May 1902, and page 12 of G.O., No. 325, dated 12th June 1901.

(5) None for certain; but it is probably because the Asylum boys do not care or are not quite fit for an upper secondary course. Please see the scheme approved in G.O., No. 573, dated 19th September 1898. Under this scheme only those who are fit for an upper secondary course are taken to it. The others join the band or telegraphy class or are apprenticed to some workshop.

A. G. CARDEW.

are taken to it. The others join the band or telegraphy class or are apprenticed to some workshop.

(6) The increase seems to be in the donations and not in the interest: the Brennen legacy of Rs. 5,907 expected in 1901 does not appear to have been received in that year and there may have been other legacies or donations.

The Rs. 8,000 added to the funded capital last year was the surplus which the Committee have permanently invested in Government securities. The Rs. 10,000 of this year is only a temporary investment. The Committee thought that as the amount might be required for expenditure it was inadvisable to buy Government paper with it and that it was sufficient if it was placed in fixed deposit in the bank, but the rules do not allow this and so investment in the post office savings bank must have been thought of—please see G.O., No. 445, dated 2nd August 1902. We shall probably hear more of this when the accounts are audited.

A contribution of Rs. 2,299-11-3 was made by the male to the female branch as the latter was in debt. This was considered objectionable by Government—*vide* G.O., No. 473, dated 14th August 1902. It has therefore been refunded and shown as refunds on the expenditure side of the female branch and on the receipts side of the male branch. In the latter case the amount is slightly higher as it apparently includes other refunds.

Again, the Government decided in the order last quoted that the Government grant * for the institution will be distributed in the proportion of 60 per cent. to the male and 40 per cent. to the female branch with effect from 1st January 1902. The male branch was thus entitled to only Rs. 28,800 for the year 1902, but it had drawn Rs. 30,960, and the difference of Rs. 2,160 is shown as a refund on the expenditure side of the branch. In the accounts of the female branch the grant is credited in full.

P. T. THARYAN—26-5-03.

The Principal tells me the results in the Lower Secondary examination are not to his satisfaction, and the shorthand and type-writing classes are, in his opinion, pure waste of time. He would like the Matriculation substituted for the Upper Secondary, but this can't be done till the question of the school final is settled.

A. G. CARDEW—30-5-03.

J. T. THOMSON—2-6-03.

[G.O., No. 267, Educational, dated 2nd June 1903.]

Educational (1903) Department.

CURRENT No. 822

From

[Name] The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Stuart, M.A.

[Designation] Director of Public Instruction,

[Station] Madras.



C. No. 3847913

Received 22-5-1903.

Dated 22 May 1903

Enclosures 4

Registered 22-5-1903.

SUBJECT.

Submitting three copies of the report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund on the working of the institution during 1902.

BACK PAPERS.

50 no 23022/24-02
50 no 28822/24-02
50 no 44522/24-02
50 no 47322/24-02

FURTHER PAPERS.

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N
To

*The Secretary to Government,
Educational Department.*

Sir,

I have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, three copies of the report of the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund on the working of the institution during 1902, together with a copy of my Proceedings Dis.No.3047, dated 16th instant reviewing the same.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J.R.Scott

For Director of Public Instruction.

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287
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THE
FORTY-THIRD REPORT

OF THE

Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1902,

WITH

APPENDICES.



Madras:

PRINTED BY THE SUPT., AT THE LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS, MOUNT ROAD.

1903.

THE FORTY-THIRD REPORT
OF THE
OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM,
FOR
1902.

PREFACE.

THE Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund was founded during 1858 in honour of the memory of Sir Henry Lawrence, K.C.B., by whom the establishment at some Hill Station, within the Madras Presidency, of an Institution similar to the Lawrence Asylum at Sanawar, had been suggested.

The Asylum at Ootacamund was managed by a Committee of gentlemen residing at that place, and was supported by donations and subscriptions from the general public; but as these proved inadequate to its maintenance, it was adopted by Government in 1860, and allowed a Grant-in-Aid.

A foundation, having a similar object, known as the "Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum," had been in existence since 1788, and being in a flourishing condition, it was considered desirable, for the mutual benefit of both Institutions, that they should be amalgamated, and that the inmates of the Madras Asylum should be transferred to Ootacamund.

This resolution was carried into effect on the 1st September 1871, with the approval of Government, and it was agreed that the united Asylums should be designated the "Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum."

The Lawrence Asylum is situated at Lovedale, 3 miles from Ootacamund, on the summit and centre of the Nilgiri Hills in the South of India, within the Presidency of Madras. It lies between the 11th and 12th degrees of North Latitude, and the 76th and 77th degrees of East Longitude, on the confines of the Provinces of Coimbatore and Malabar, at an elevation of 7,330 feet above the mean level of the sea, being 1,312 feet below Dodabetta, and 103 feet above the lake at Ootacamund, and 1,470 feet above the Barracks at Wellington. The mean annual temperature of the *air* at Lovedale is 58°; the mean maximum is 68°; the mean minimum is 48°; the mean annual range 16°. On or near the ground, however, water freezes nearly every night for three months in the year.

The school buildings and grounds cover 730·76 acres.

THE OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM.

Amalgamated with the Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum on the 1st September 1871.

ESTABLISHED 6TH SEPTEMBER 1858.

PATRONS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES, MADRAS COMMAND.

THE RIGHT REVEREND THE LORD BISHOP OF MADRAS.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Ex-officio Members.

THE GENERAL COMMANDING THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT (*Chairman*).

THE COLLECTOR OF THE NILGIRIS (*Vice-Chairman*).

THE ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

THE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL.

THE SENIOR MEDICAL OFFICER, OOTACAMUND.

THE COMMANDANT, DEPÔT, WELLINGTON.

Non-official Members.

COLONEL C. A. LIARDET. | W. E. SCHMIDT, Esq.

COLONEL K. F. STEVENSON.

PRINCIPAL, SECRETARY AND CHAPLAIN.

REVEREND AUG. WM. ATKINSON, M.A.,

Fellow of the Calcutta and Madras Universities.

LADY VISITORS.

MRS. C. D. GILES.

„ STUDD.

„ LIARDET.

LADY PRICE.

MRS. C. M. MULLALY.

„ STEVENSON.

The following Table exhibits the mean temperature of the air at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, London and Ootacamund, for January, April, July and October:—

Months.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	London.	Ootacamund.
January.....	69°—1	77°	78°	36°—6	50°— 2
April.....	87°—1	83°	89°—4	49°—9	61°— 5
July.....	82°—1	81°	89°	61°	56°—26
October.....	82°—3	84°	85°—7	48°—4	56°

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THE FORTY-THIRD REPORT
OF THE
OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM,
FOR THE YEAR 1902.

As requested in Proceedings, No. 1472, dated 11th March 1901, the Committee of the Lawrence Asylum has the honour to submit, for the information of Government, the Forty-third Annual Report of the Institution for the calendar year 1902.

I.—MALE BRANCH.

1. The usual tabulated statements, A to H giving full statistics, are attached.

2. *Tables A, B and C.*—The Admissions were 28 Europeans and 16 Eurasians and of these 22 had both parents living. Of the total Admissions, 32 were children of soldiers belonging to the British Army. Eight were a little over 12 years of age.

3. The 50 Departures in Table D are thus summarised—

Employed in the Madras Municipal Workshops	...	2
Enlisted in the British Army		7
Entered the Government Telegraph Department	...	10
Do. Cable Company		3
Do. Madras Medical College		1

Enlisted in the Native Army	...	...	...	1
Removed over-age	...	...	...	7
Do. under-age, and during the holidays	...	...	...	12
Do. Parents leaving India...	...	...	...	5
Do. to the Lunatic Asylum	...	...	...	1
Do. owing to ill-health	...	...	...	1

The removal to the Lunatic Asylum was that of a lad named Watson, 18 years of age, of very weak intellect for whom no suitable employment could be found and whose friends declined to receive him. (*Vide* note, p. 2 of last annual report.)

Of the seven lads who were over-age and returned to their parents it has been ascertained that all but two have obtained employment.

4. The 31 boys over-age are thus accounted for—

At the Madras Municipal Workshops	...	...	...	5
At the Madras Railway Workshops	...	...	...	2
Attending College for his F.A. Course	...	...	...	1
In the Telegraph Training Class	...	...	...	7
Failed to pass the Final Telegraph Examination	...	...	...	3
In the Fifth Form	...	...	...	4
Remaining	...	...	...	9

Tables E and F.—The number of Boarders on the 31st December 1902 was 287, or, 13 below the full strength. The vacancies which occur at the end of the year are not filled up until after the Christmas Holidays.

The number of pure orphans was 22 as against 29 in the previous year, but the number of children having both parents living shows an increase of 10. Children of fathers belonging to the British Army number 192, or, 5 less than in 1901.

5. *Table G.*—Fees are paid for 27 boys; the total monthly payment being Rs. 335.

6. *Table H* shows 69 children waiting for Admission of whom only 19 are in classes 1 to 6.

7. The statistics relating to the entertainment of lads in the Government Telegraph Department are appended.

8. *Changes in the Staff.*—

The Rev. A. W. Atkinson, M.A., resumed charge as Principal and Secretary on the 1st January 1902, on his return from furlough.

Miss Arbuthnot, Teacher of Class II, resigned to take up another situation and Miss Maddox was appointed to the post, as a temporary measure.

Junior Sergeant Henry returned to his regiment on its leaving India, and his place has been filled by Sergeant Frost of the 1st Durham Light Infantry.

Mrs. Jones, owing to ill-health, resigned her situation as Nursery Matron and Miss Butters was appointed as Acting Matron, as a temporary measure.

9. *Sanitation and Health.*—The Report of the Resident Medical Officer is attached. The average daily sick was 13.18 as against 11.01 last year.

The Large Masonry Cistern for the storage of water is nearly finished. The Urinals have been completed and the improvements in the Lavatories and Plunge Bath and the construction of a new Nursery Latrine will shortly be undertaken.

The annual white and colour washing is being done by the P. W. D. Petty repairs and urgent minor works are carried out monthly by the Asylum.

EXAMINATIONS.

10. *Telegraph.*—December 1902, appeared 14, passed 9.

Lower Secondary.—December 1902, 31 boys appeared and all passed; with complete certificates, 4; in compulsory subjects and one optional subject, 14; in compulsory subjects only, 12; in one optional subject only, 1.

Shorthand.—Elementary, in April, 1902, appeared 8, passed 1.

Type-writing.—Elementary, in April, 1902, appeared 8, passed 2.

Drawing.—Elementary, in November 1902, appeared 11, passed 3.

1900 - 78
1901 - 98
1902 - 108

27 - 100
28 - 100
29 - 100

VOLUNTEERS.

11. The D. and G. Companies, or the Lovedale Detachment of the Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles, number 161, of whom 16 only are adults. The detachment maintains its high efficiency both in *drill* and *shooting*.

12. *Financial.*

	RS.	A.	P.
Balance to Credit, 1st January 1902 ...	18,802	1	9
Total Receipts ...	1,22,495	7	2
1899-00 — Rs. 102,666 — „ Expenditure ...	1,26,939	4	2
Balance to Credit, 31st December 1902.	14,358	4	9

The Report on the Revised Estimates and Budget enters fully into all details: but a statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the Calendar year (1902) is appended.

The Committee is glad to report that the contribution from the two Presses was Rs. 26,000; and it records its thanks for the following gifts from:—

	RS.	A.	P.
H. H. The Maharani of Mysore's gift to the Band Boys ...	100	0	0
The President, Regimental Institute, 2nd Battalion, Royal Scots, to the <i>Asylum Funds</i> ...	75	0	0
Ex-pupils, Messrs. Booth and Pitcher, special Prizes for boys and girls on Founder's Day ...	50	0	0
Col. C. A. Liardet's Prize to the best "Drill" ...	20	0	0
Mrs. McIvor's Prizes to boys and girls on Founder's Day ...	25	0	0

The Armstrong Medal for Good Conduct was this year awarded to Ernest Slyn.

G.O., No. 473, Educational, dated 14th August 1902, ordered a redistribution of the Grant-in-Aid, in the proportion of 60 per cent. to the Boys' School and 40 per cent. to the Girls' School from the 1st January 1902.

The Funded Capital of the Boys' School is now Rs. 5,00,000 with the Accountant-General, Fort St. George, and Rs. 10,000 in the Ootacamund Post Office Savings' Bank.

14. The School was inspected by T. T. Logan, Esq., in May and his report, forwarded direct, contains the results of his inspection.

15. *The Carpenters' and Smiths' Shops* were closed—*vide* page 4 of last year's report—and the required work and repairs are now done by contract. A small stock of tools and plant, valued at Rs. 840, will be sold during the coming year.

16. The fixed establishment of the Tailors' shop (3 tailors) cost Rs. 505-2-0 and the cost of the contract work amounted to Rs. 2,906-15-0. Work to the value of Rs. 32 was done for the Girls' School.

The made-up clothing in store on the 31st December was valued at Rs. 886-4-0.

17. The average cost per boy for 1902 is thus calculated:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Expenditure under Heads I—VI ...	1,02,067	0	7
Add value of Stock, 1st January 1902 (<i>vide</i> p. 5 of last Annual Report)...	11,079	3	2
Total ...	1,13,146	3	9

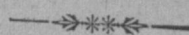
Deduct—

(a) *Stock left on the 31st December 1902—*

	RS.	A.	P.
(1) Steward's stores ...	6,707	2	6
(2) Carpenters' shop ...	646	0	0
(3) Tailors' shop ...	886	4	0
(4) Garden tools ...	66	13	0
(5) Stationery, books, &c. ...	373	6	9
Total ...	8,679	10	3

	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
(b) (4) Industries ...	1,419	8	6			
(5) Miscellaneous Nos. 1, 2, 4, 6 and 8 ...	3,038	9	7			
	4,458	2	1	13,137	12	4

The Net Result is Rs. 1,00,008-7-5, which, divided by 295, the average number of boys during the year 1902, gives Rs. 339-0-2 as the cost per head.



Annual Medical Report of the Boys' School, Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum, for the year 1902.

The average strength of the boys during the year was 295. The year under report has been a comparatively healthy one, except for a mild outbreak of German Measles and Chicken-Pox in the months of May and June from which there were 148 and 42 admissions respectively. The total number of in and out-door patients treated was 1,099, giving an average daily sick of 13.18. There were no deaths.

Sanitation—(a) Water-supply.—The year was marked by an unusual rainfall. There was therefore no want of water from the reservoir. The conservation of water at the head source is receiving special attention. The cistern is being enlarged so as to hold about a week's supply of water. The work will soon be completed by the D. P. W.

(b) Lavatories and Plunge Bath.—The old arrangements still hold good. It is in contemplation to build a wall on the south side of the bath to protect it from the monsoon, as it is at present very much exposed.

(c) Latrines.—These are kept clean and well looked after. The day latrine of the Upper School has been improved by the addition of a urinal which is very convenient for the children. A new latrine for the nursery, adjoining the lavatory, is in course of construction and will soon be completed. There is no latrine for native servants.

(d) Washing.—This is carried out by contract and has so far been satisfactory. The dhoby lines are regularly inspected.

Dietary.—Chota hazri, consisting of a biscuit and cup of coffee, is given to the children at 5-45 A.M. daily as the interval between supper and breakfast was too long. In other respects the same diet prevails and is varied as much as possible to suit the tastes of the children.

Gymnastics and Exercise.—These are regularly attended to and contribute much to the health and physique of the boys. All children above ten years of age are put through a course of gymnastics. There are about 150 cadets using the carbine.

Hospital.—This is repaired annually by the D. P. W. and oftener, when necessary. The furniture and fittings are ample. The necessity for an infectious ward is receiving attention. Mrs. Forkgen, the Matron, has given every satisfaction in the performance of her duties.

Vaccination.—Forty-nine children were re-vaccinated during the year with lanoline paste, 31 were successful and 18 unsuccessful.

R. C. D. PRINCE,
Assistant Surgeon,
In Medical Charge.

T. J. HACKETT-WILKINS,
Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Consulting Medical Officer.

II.—FEMALE BRANCH.

1. The number of Boarders on 31st December 1902 was 64.
 2. The Statistics given in the appended Statements give all the necessary information. The figures do not differ much from those of last year.

3. The Departures are thus classified :—

Obtained employment as a teacher	...	1
Over-age, removed	...	3
Entered Service	...	4
Removed, parents leaving India...	...	2
Died	...	1
Total	...	11

The death reported was that of a girl, Lucy Bailey, aged 18 years. She died from obstruction of the bowels.

4. There are 63 girls registered for Admission, 43 of whom are in Class I—VI.

5. The Headmistress, Miss McCombie, resigned her situation at the end of December, and Mrs. Richards, a Trained Teacher from Stockwell Training College, England, now employed in the Railway School at Mussourie, has been selected to succeed her.

6. The Medical Report is appended, and shows an average daily sick of 19 as against 16 last year.

7. *Examinations.*—No girls appeared for the *Lower Secondary Examination*. Type-writing, Elementary, in April 1902.

Appeared	...	4
Passed	...	1

Miss Arnold inspected the Girls' School in May and her Report was submitted direct,

8. Financial—

	RS.	A.	P.
Debtor Balance, 1st January 1902	...	2,748	15 5
Total Receipts in 1902	...	24,334	6 11
Total Expenditure in 1902	...	22,454	11 2
Debtor Balance, 31st December 1902	...	869	3 8

The Report on the Revised Estimates for 1902-3 and Budget for 1903-4 deals with all details and is submitted separately :—

	RS.	A.	P.
Total Expenditure, Heads I—VI	...	19,653	13 3
Add stock 1st January 1902	...	1,471	3 6
		21,125	0 9

Deduct—

	RS.	A.	P.
1. Recoveries in cash	...	53	0 0
2. Value of stock, 31st December 1902	...	1,595	0 4
		1,648	0 4
Total Rs.		19,477	0 5

This sum divided by 64 gives Rs. 304-5-3, or Rs. 9-7-11 less per head than in the previous year.

9. The Funded Capital of the Girls' Branch with the Accountant-General amounts to Rs. 20,000.

*Annual Medical Report of the Girls' School, Ootacamund
Lawrence Asylum, for the year 1902.*

The average strength of the girls was 64. The year under report has been a healthy one. There were 9 admissions into hospital, giving an average daily sick of 19. I regret to say that there was one death from obstruction of the bowels in the month of May.

Epidemics.—None.

Sanitation—(a) *Water-supply.*—Sufficient and good.

(b) *Lavatories.*—Arrangement good.

(c) *Latrines.*—The day and night latrines are kept scrupulously clean.

Dietary.—Ample and good. The food is cooked in a variety of ways to suit the tastes of the children.

Exercise.—Various forms of light exercise are practised under competent supervision.

Vaccination.—14 girls were re-vaccinated during the year, 9 were successful and 5 unsuccessful.

R. C. D. PRINCE,
Assistant Surgeon,
In Medical Charge.

T. J. HACKETT-WILKINS,
Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Consulting Medical Officer.

TABLE A.

	Boys.			Girls.		
	Boarders.	Day Scholars.	TOTAL.	Boarders.	Day Scholars.	Total.
On the Rolls, 1st January 1902 ...	293	5	298	65	5	70
Admissions, 1902 ...	44	...	44	10	...	10
Departures, 1902 ...	50	1	51	11	1	12
On the Rolls, 31st December 1902 ...	287	4	291	64	4	68

TABLE B.—Admissions—Boarders.

Branch.	NATION.					CLASS, RULE 39.	SERVICE.										RELI- GION.	EDUCA- TIONAL STANDARD.									
	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Pure Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.		With both parents living.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Class VII.	Military Medical.	British Army.	Native Army.	Artificer Corps.		Civil Medical.	Governor's Band.	Volunteers.	Protestant.	Roman Catholic.	Infant Class.	I Class.	II Class.	III Class.	IV Class.
Boys	...	28	16	1	18	3	22	17	1	13	12	1	...	32	4	3	1	3	1	40	4	20	6	7	3	5	3
Girls	...	4	6	2	8	...	...	9	1	...	...	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	5	...	2	3	...	...	

TABLE C.—Admissions.

Ages on admission.	Boys.			Girls.		
	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.
Between 5 and 6 years of age ...	...	...	...	1	1	2
" 6 " 7 " ...	6	1	7	1	...	1
" 7 " 8 " ...	2	2	4	...	1	1
" 8 " 9 " ...	6	4	10	...	2	2
" 9 " 10 " ...	5	2	7	1	...	1
" 10 " 11 " ...	2	2	4	1	2	3
" 11 " 12 " ...	2	2	4	...	...	...
Above 12 years of age ...	5	3	8	...	...	...
Total ...	28	16	44	4	6	10

TABLE G.—*Boarders paying fees under Rule 42.*

No.	Service.	Monthly Income.	Monthly Fees.	For	REMARKS.
			rs.		
1	Volunteer Force ...	Rs. 100—150 ...	33	2 boys.	Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.
2	British Army ...	„ 80—100 ...	20	2 „	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
3	Do. ...	„ 150—200 ...	33	2 „	Do.
4	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 boy.	Do.
5	Do. ...	„ 60—80 ...	9	1 „	In Civil employ.
6	Do. ...	„ 150—200 ...	33	2 boys.	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
7	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	25	2 „	Do.
8	Do. ...	„ 80—100 ...	12	1 boy.	Do.
9	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 „	Effective East Coast Rifle Volunteers.
10	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 „	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
11	Do. ...	„ 80—100 ...	12	1 „	Public Works Department.
12	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	15	1 „	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
13	Do. ...	„ 60—80 ...	15	2 boys.	Do.
14	Do. ...	„ 100—150 ...	25	2 „	Effective — Barracks Department.
15	Do. ...	„ 60—80 ...	15	2 „	Pensioned and in Civil employ.
16	Do. ...	„ 80—100 ...	25	3 „	Do.
17	Do. ...	„ 150—200 ...	18	1 boy.	Effective Nilgiri Rifle Volunteers.

TABLE H.—*Children registered for admission on 31st December 1902.*

				Boys.	Girls.					Boys.	Girls.	
In Class	I	...	...	...	3	In Class	VI	...	...	4	14	
Do.	II	...	...	...	...	Do.	VII	...	...	9	6	
Do.	III	...	...	4	8	Do.	VIII	...	...	24	3	
Do.	IV	...	...	...	2	Do.	IX	...	...	2	1	
Do.	V	...	...	11	16	Do.	X	...	...	15	10	
Total										...	69	63

List of Establishment, 31st December 1902.

Heads to which debited.	Number.	Designation.	Salary per mensem.	Special allowance.	REMARKS.
I. Education	1	Head Master	300	...	As Organist Rs. 25 to Male Branch, and Rs. 5 to Female Branch.
Do.	1	Second do.	150	...	
Do.	1	Third do.	125	30	
Do.	1	Fourth do.	100	...	
Do.	1	Fifth do.	85	...	
Do.	1	Sixth do.	75	...	
Do.	1	Seventh do.	70	...	
Do.	1	Eighth do.	65	...	
Do.	1	Nursery Teacher.	60	...	
Do.	1	Asst. do.	50	...	
Do.	1	Telegraph Instructor.	100	...	
Do.	1	Drawing Master.	50	...	
Do.	1	Type-writing Instructor.	40	...	
I. Education and } III. Household.	1	Band-Sergeant	85	...	Rs. 42-8-0 to each head.
Do.	1	Sergeant-Instructor of Gymnastics.	75	...	" 37-8-0 do
II. Victualling and } III. Household.	1	Steward	85	20	Shoeing supervision.
Do.	1	Senior Sergeant	86	...	
Do.	2	Junior Sergeants.	100	...	Rs. 50 each.
Do.	1	Upper School Matron.	50	...	
Do.	1	Lower School Matron.	40	...	
Do.	...	Boy Non-Commissioned Officers.	22½	...	
III. Hospital	1	Matron	50	...	
Do.	1	Consulting Physician.	50	...	Rs. 42 to Male Branch and Rs. 8 to Female Branch.
Do.	1	Resident Medical Officer.	50	...	Do. do.
IV. General	1	Principal and Secretary.	800	...	Rs. 667 to Male Branch and Rs. 133 to Female Branch.
Do.	1	Office Manager	200	...	Rs. 167 to Male Branch and Rs. 33 to Female Branch.
Do.	1	Office Assistant	35	...	Rs. 29 to Male Branch and Rs. 6 to Female Branch.

Native Establishment.

II. Clothing	4	Tailors	61	...	
Do.	3	Chucklers	32	...	
II. Victualling	1	Head Cook	20	...	
Do.	3	Assistant Cooks	27	...	
Do.	4	Scullions	36	...	
Do.	1	Butterman	8	...	
Do.	1	Cooly	8	...	
III. Household	1	Nursery Maty	9	...	Cleaning cowsheds.
Do.	1	Mussalchie	10	...	
Do.	8	Coolies	64	...	For wood-cutting.

List of Establishment, 31st December 1902—concluded.

Heads to which debited.	Number.	Designation.	Salary per mensem.	Special allowance.	REMARKS.
Native Establishment—concluded.					
III. Hospital	1	Cook	8	...	
Do.	1	Maty	8	...	
Do.	1	Cooly	4	...	Contingencies.
III. Sanitation	8	Scavengers	64	...	
Do.	4	Coolies	32	...	Roads, drains, &c., &c.
IV. General	1	Peon	8	...	Allowed to the Principal.
Do.	2	Gardeners	16	...	
III. Household and } Sanitation	1	Maistry	25	...	Rs. 12-8-0 to each head.
VI. Miscellaneous	1	General cooly	10	...	Contingencies.
Do.	1	Errands	8	...	Carrying charges.

Female Branch.

I. Education	1	Head Mistress	150	...	With board, &c.
Do.	1	Second do.	60	...	
Do.	1	Third do.	40	...	
Do.	1	Fourth do.	30	...	
II. Clothing	1	Matron	25	...	
II. Victualling	1	Do.	25	...	

Native Establishment.

II. Victualling	1	Kitchen help	8	...	
III. Household	1	Man servant	8	...	
III. Sanitation	2	Scavengers	12	...	

AUG. WM. ATKINSON, M.A.,

Principal and Secretary.

31st December 1902.

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Male Branch.

RECEIPTS.		Actuals, 1902.	
		RS.	A. P.
Opening Balance ...		18,802	1 9
I.—FROM GOVERNMENT—			
1. Grant-in-Aid ...			
II.—PROFITS ON ASYLUM PROPERTY—		30,960	0 0
1. Donation and Interest on Government Securities ...		47,125	0 1
2. Donation from Lawrence Asylum Presses ...		26,000	0 0
III.—SPECIAL FUNDS—			
1. Subsistence Allowance ...		9,068	7 0
2. Pensions from Funds ...		294	1 0
3. Fees ...		3,791	13 0
4. Telegraph Department ...		420	0 0
IV.—INDUSTRIES—			
1. Carpenters' and Smiths' Shop ...			
2. Tailors' Shop ...		73	8 0
3. Boot-making Shop ...		32	0 0
4. Garden, Pigs and Carts ...		121	7 0
5. Recoveries from the Public Works Department ...		28	0 0
		1,164	9 6
V.—MISCELLANEOUS—			
1. Sale of stores ...			
2. Do. firewood ...		521	10 4
3. From Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles—Compensation for boots ...		56	0 0
4. Recoveries from Expenditure ...		150	0 0
5. Other items ...		62	4 0
6. Boarding money ...		8	0 0
7. Ex-pupils' gifts and money prizes ...		90	0 0
8. Refunds ...		145	0 0
9. Donation ...		2,308	11 3
		75	0 0
Total Rs...		1,41,297	8 11

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Male Branch—continued.

EXPENDITURE.		Actuals, 1902.	
		RS.	A. P.
I.—EDUCATION—			
(a) Scholastic—			
1. Establishment ...		12,960	0 0
2. Books, Prizes and Stationery ...		1,335	9 8
3. Library and Museum ...		221	1 6
4. Examination Fees ...		152	0 0
5. Ex-pupils gifts and money prizes ...		51	1 0
(b) Artistic—			
1. Band Establishment ...		810	0 0
2. Band instrument, Music and Repairs ...		655	7 6
3. Gymnastic Establishment ...		450	0 0
4. Apparatus and Games ...		265	7 0
(c) Telegraph—			
1. Establishment ...		1,200	0 0
2. Premia ...		225	0 0
(d) Drawing—			
1. Establishment ...		600	0 0
2. Materials and Models, etc. ...		127	10 6
(e) Type-writing, &c.—			
1. Establishment ...		480	0 0
2. Machines, Materials, and Repairs, etc. ...		127	12 0
II.—CLOTHING AND VICTUALLING—			
(a) Clothing—			
1. Establishment ...		505	2 0
2. Material, etc. ...		7,332	13 7
3. Contract work and extra Tailors ...		2,906	15 0
4. Shoeing ...		2,636	8 6
5. Sergeants' ...		459	2 0
6. Servants' ...		218	7 0
(b) Victualling—			
1. Establishment ...		1,670	6 0
2. Provisions ...		30,950	2 11
3. Kitchen and Dining-room utensils ...		65	15 5
4. Boarders ...		2,000	0 0
III.—HOUSEHOLD, HOSPITAL AND SANITATION—			
(a) Household—			
1. Establishment ...		5,150	12 0
2. Washing ...		1,688	8 0
3. Lighting ...		937	10 0
4. Wood-cutting, etc. ...		995	10 0
5. Bedding and Towelling ...		1,586	10 0
6. Hardware, Soap, Brushes, etc. ...		789	13 6
7. Furniture, Carpets, etc. ...		230	4 0
8. Contingencies—cleaning doors, etc. ...		98	10 4
Carried over Rs. ...		79,884	7 5

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Male Branch—concluded.

EXPENDITURE.	Actuals, 1902.		
	RS.	A.	P.
Brought forward Rs. ...	79,884	7	5
III.—HOUSEHOLD, ETC.—concluded.			
(b) Hospital—			
1. Establishment ...	1,796	0	0
2. Medicines and Wines ...	314	10	0
3. Extra Nursing ...	61	8	0
4. Contingencies ...	40	15	6
(c) Sanitation—			
1. Establishment ...	751	7	4
2. Tar and Phenyle ...	113	14	0
3. Repairs to roads, drains, bush-cutting ...	522	8	0
IV.—GENERAL—			
1. Establishment ...	10,727	0	0
2. Office Stationery ...	186	2	11
V.—INDUSTRIES—			
(a) Carpenters and Smiths—			
1. Establishment and materials ...	1,316	1	9
(b) Buildings and Repairs—			
1. Labour and material ...	2,102	5	3
VI.—MISCELLANEOUS—			
1. Carrying Charges and Travelling Expenses ...	3,432	4	8
2. Postage, Telegrams, and Advertisements ...	452	10	0
3. Audit Fee ...	...	...	...
4. Contingencies ...	365	1	9
VII.—OTHER CHARGES—			
1. Pensions ...	600	0	0
2. Out-boarders ...	60	0	0
VIII.—EXTRAORDINARY—			
1. Chapel improvements ...	307	7	9
2. Refunds ...	2,160	0	0
3. Deposit in Post Office Savings' Bank ...	10,000	0	0
4. Improvements to lavatory, latrine, etc. ...	9,325	0	7
5. Contribution to Female Branch ...	2,299	11	3
6. Gratuities ...	120	0	0
Credit Balance 31st December 1902 ...	Rs. ... 1,26,939	4	2
	14,358	4	9
Total Rs. ...	1,41,297	8	11

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Female Branch.

RECEIPTS.	Actuals, 1902.		
	RS.	A.	P.
Opening Balance ...	—2,748	15	5
I.—FROM GOVERNMENT—			
1. Grant-in-Aid ...	19,200	0	0
II.—PROFITS ON ASYLUM PROPERTY—			
1. Interest on Fixed Deposit ...	1,049	2	0
III.—SPECIAL FUNDS—			
1. Subsistence allowance ...	1,444	7	8
2. Pensions from Funds ...	263	2	0
IV.—MISCELLANEOUS—			
1. Sale of stores ...	3	0	0
2. Refunds ...	50	0	0
3. Contribution from Male Branch ...	2,299	11	3
4. Ex-pupils' gifts, money prizes ...	25	0	0
Total Rs. ...	21,585	7	6

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Female Branch—continued.

EXPENDITURE.	Actuals, 1902.	
I.—EDUCATION—	RS.	A. P.
1. Establishment ...	3,420	0 0
2. Books, prizes and stationery ...	300	1 9
3. Library ...	67	6 3
4. Examination fees ...	10	0 0
5. Games ...	11	8 0
6. Type-writing machine and repairs, stationery ...	536	14 0
7. Tuning piano ...	5	0 0
8. Ex-pupils' gifts, money prizes ...	25	0 0
II.—CLOTHING AND VICTUALLING—		
(a) <i>Clothing</i> —		
1. Establishment ...	300	0 0
2. Materials ...	953	10 0
3. Extra tailors ...	2	4 0
4. Shoeing ...	766	8 0
5. Out-fit allowance ...	224	8 0
(b) <i>Victualling</i> —		
1. Establishment ...	396	0 0
2. Provisions ...	7,770	5 7
3. Kitchen and dining-room utensils ...	467	1 0
III.—HOUSEHOLD, HOSPITAL AND SANITATION—		
(a) <i>Household</i> —		
1. Establishment ...	114	4 6
2. Washing ...	552	12 0
3. Lighting ...	164	8 0
4. Wood-cutting ...	56	0 0
5. Bedding and towelling ...	171	4 0
6. Hardware, soap, brushes and combs ...	246	3 0
7. Furniture and repairs ...	177	3 5
8. Contingencies ...	36	14 1
(b) <i>Hospital</i> —		
1. Establishment ...	188	12 10
2. Medicines and wines ...	11	10 0
3. Extra nursing ...	14	10 0
(c) <i>Sanitation</i> —		
1. Establishment ...	143	0 0
2. Tar and phenyle ...	48	6 0
IV.—GENERAL—		
1. Establishment...	2,081	0 0
V.—BUILDINGS AND REPAIRS ...	10	12 0
Carried over Rs. ...	19,273	6 5

Statement of Accounts, 1902—Female Branch—concluded.

EXPENDITURE.	Actuals, 1901.	
	RS.	A. P.
Brought forward Rs. ...	19,273	6 5
VI.—MISCELLANEOUS—		
1. Carrying charges and Travelling expenses ...	289	13 6
2. Postage, telegrams and advertisements ...	73	9 4
3. Audit fee ...	...	...
4. Contingencies ...	17	0 0
VII.—OTHER CHARGES—		
1. Out-boarders ...	200	0 0
2. Scholarship ...	301	2 8
3. Refunds ...	2,299	11 3
Rs. ...	22,454	11 2
Debtor Balance on 31st December 1902...	—869	3 8
Total Rs. ...	21,585	7 6

DIETARY SCALE. MALE BRANCH.

DAYS.	BREAKFAST.	DINNER.	SUPPER.
SUNDAY	White bread and tea, stew for boys above 10 years, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint fresh milk for those under 10.	Salt beef or roast beef, potatoes, vegetables and plum pudding.	White bread, butter and tea.
MONDAY	Brown do.	Dhal, soup, beef and vegetable curry, rice, and a slice of bread.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.
TUESDAY	Do. do.	Beef roast, boiled or stewed, potatoes, vegetables and suet pudding.	Brown bread, butter and tea.
WEDNESDAY	White do.	Mutton fried, dhal mulgani, rice and vegetables.	White bread, butter and tea.
THURSDAY	Brown do.	Dhal, soup, beef and vegetable curry and rice.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.
FRIDAY	Do. do.	Beef roast, boiled or stewed, potatoes, vegetables and suet pudding.	Brown bread, butter and tea.
SATURDAY	Do. do.	Mutton and vegetable curry and rice, and a slice of bread.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.

PROPORTION, ETC., FOR 1ST DIVISION OR BOYS OVER 10 YEARS.

Raw rice for each boy...	5 oz.	Vegetables for each boy	3 oz.
Mutton or beef (with bone) for each boy, including breakfast meat	13 oz.	Potatoes for each boy (on Sunday, Tuesday and Friday)	5 oz.
Vegetables for each boy	4 oz.	Bread for each boy	12 oz.
Potatoes for each boy (on Sunday, Tuesday and Friday)	6 oz.	Ghee for each boy (for curry)	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Bread for each boy	1 lb.	Salt for each boy, per diem	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Ghee for each boy (for curry)	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Pepper for each boy, per diem	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Salt for each boy, per diem	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Onions (for curry or stew)	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Pepper for each boy, per diem	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Jaggery for each boy	1 lb.
Onions for each boy (for curry or stew)	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Dhal for each boy	1 oz.
Jaggery for each boy (for treacle)	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Butter for each boy	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Dhal for each boy (for curry)	2 oz.	Curry powder	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Butter for each boy	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Milk	$\frac{1}{2}$ pt.
Curry powder	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.		
<i>To make $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of Tea.</i>			
Tea for each boy	$\frac{1}{6}$ oz.	Tea for each boy	$\frac{1}{6}$ oz.
Brown sugar	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Brown sugar	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Milk	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Milk	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
<i>To make Suet Pudding.</i>			
Flour for each boy	5 oz.	Flour	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Suet for each boy	1 oz.	Suet	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Brown sugar for each boy	1 oz.	Brown sugar	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Salt as much as required.			
<i>To make Plum Pudding.</i>			
Flour for each boy	4 oz.	Flour	2 oz.
Suet for each boy	1 oz.	Suet	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Brown sugar for each boy	1 oz.	Sugar	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Plums for each boy	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Plums	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Eggs for each boy	One.	Eggs for each boy	One.
Salt as much as required.			
<i>Receipt for Curry Powder.</i>			
Chillies	2 lbs.	Chillies	2 lbs.
Coriander	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	Coriander	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Saffron	1 lb.	Saffron	1 lb.
Cummin seed	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Cummin seed	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.
Mustard seed	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Mustard seed	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.
Garlic	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Garlic	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.
Total ... 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.			

N.B.—Chota Hazri at 5-45 A.M., when each boy receives a 2 Oz. Biscuit and a Cup of Coffee.

DIETARY SCALE. FEMALE BRANCH.

DAYS.	BREAKFAST.	DINNER.	SUPPER.
SUNDAY	White bread, stew and tea or coffee.	Boiled salt beef or roast beef, potatoes, vegetables and plum pudding.	White bread, tea and butter.
MONDAY	Brown bread, stew and tea.	Beef and dhal curry, rice and vegetables.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.
TUESDAY	Brown do.	Beef roast, boiled or stewed, potatoes, vegetables and suet pudding.	Brown bread, butter and tea.
WEDNESDAY	White do.	Mutton curry, rice and vegetables.	White bread, treacle and tea.
THURSDAY	Brown do.	Beef and dhal curry, rice and vegetables.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.
FRIDAY	Do. do.	Beef roast, boiled or stewed, potatoes, vegetables and suet pudding.	Brown bread, butter and tea.
SATURDAY	Do. do.	Mutton curry, rice and vegetables.	Brown bread, treacle and tea.

Salt fish occasionally in lieu of meat.

Raw rice for each girl	... 3 oz.	<i>To make Suet Pudding.</i>	
Mutton or beef (with bone) for each girl, including breakfast meat	... 11 oz.	Flour for each girl	... 2½ oz.
Vegetables for each girl	... 4 oz.	Suet for each girl	... ½ oz.
Potatoes for each girl (<i>on Sunday, Tuesday and Friday</i>)	... 4 oz.	Brown sugar	... 1 oz.
Bread for each girl	... 10½ oz.	Salt as much as required.	
Ghee for each girl for curry	... ¼ oz.	<i>To make Plum Pudding.</i>	
Salt for each girl, per diem	... ½ oz.	Flour for each girl	... 2 oz.
Pepper for each girl, per diem	... ¼ oz.	Suet for each girl	... ½ oz.
Onions for each girl (for curry or stew)	... ¼ oz.	Brown sugar for each girl	... 1 oz.
Jaggery for each girl (for treacle)	1¼ oz.	Plums for each girl	... 1 oz.
Dhal for each girl (for curry)	... 1¼ oz.	Eggs for each girl	... One.
Butter for each girl	... ½ oz.	Salt as much as required.	
<i>To make ¾ pint of Tea.</i>		<i>Receipt for Curry Powder.</i>	
Tea for each girl	... ⅓ oz.	Chillies	... 2½ lbs.
Brown sugar	... ¾ oz.	Coriander	... 3½ lbs.
Milk	... 4 oz.	Saffron	... 1 lb.
		Cummin seed	... ¼ lb.
		Mustard seed	... ½ lb.
		Garlic	... ½ lb.
		Total	... 8½ lbs.

Rules regulating the Constitution and Working of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund.

Fort St. George, December 22, 1900.

No. 4-1. The following code of rules relating to the constitution and working of the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, has been sanctioned by Government, and shall have effect from 1st January 1901.

In these rules the term "Eurasian" shall be restricted to the children of European fathers by Eurasian or native mothers, and of Eurasian fathers and mothers of whom both are the children of Europeans.

OBJECT.

2. The object of the institution, which shall consist of a male and a female branch, is to secure for European and Eurasian children of the classes specified in rule 39 a healthy and invigorating climate, to remove them from objectionable surroundings, to afford them secular and religious education, and to train them to earn a livelihood.

CONTROL.

3. The management of the asylum shall be vested in a committee, consisting of the Brigadier-General Commanding the southern district as *ex-officio* chairman, the Collector of the Nilgiris as *ex-officio* vice-chairman, the Assistant Adjutant-General, the Assistant Quartermaster-General, the senior medical officer at Ootacamund, and the Commandant of the dépôt at Wellington, as official members, and three non-official members resident at Ootacamund and elected by the committee. The committee shall be directly responsible to Government for the administration of the asylum, and shall carry out all the orders of Government relating thereto. The Principal shall ordinarily be the secretary to the committee; but if the Principal be not a clergyman of the Church of England, a clergyman of that Church shall be appointed as chaplain, and the committee may empower the latter to perform the duties of secretary, and, with the sanction of Government, fix his remuneration as chaplain and secretary and define his duties in relation to those of the Principal.

4. A meeting of the committee shall be held every month for the transaction of business. Three members shall form a quorum. In the absence of the chairman and the vice-chairman, the committee shall elect its own chairman.

5. Any three members shall have the power of convening an extraordinary meeting on giving the chairman, or, in his absence, the vice-chairman, through the secretary, one week's notice.

6. A non-official member may at any time resign by giving notice, in writing, to the chairman, or, in his absence, the vice-chairman, through the secretary. He shall also be held to have vacated his appointment if he ceases for a period of three consecutive months to reside at Ootacamund, or if he fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the committee. The committee shall supply any vacancy which occurs and report the appointment to Government.

7. The chairman, or, in his absence, the vice-chairman, shall have power to defer declaring a resolution to have been carried, until he shall have obtained in writing the opinion, on the point at issue, of members who may have been absent from the meeting.

8. All letters to Government shall be passed by the committee and shall be signed by the chairman or the vice-chairman, or, during the absence of both from head-quarters, by the secretary for the chairman, and shall be submitted through the Director of Public Instruction.

9. The committee shall, at each monthly meeting, appoint two of their members to visit the institution during the ensuing month. These shall record any remarks they may have to make in a book provided for that purpose. The book shall be laid on the table at each monthly meeting.

10. The committee shall elect six ladies resident in Ootacamund as visitors, two of whom shall be appointed at each monthly meeting to visit the female branch during the ensuing month. These shall record any remarks they may have to make in a book provided for that purpose. This book shall be laid on the table at each monthly meeting.

STAFF.

11. The Principal shall be appointed by Government on the nomination of the committee, to which he shall be directly responsible and subordinate. All other appointments shall be made by the Principal, subject to the confirmation of the committee. The approval of the inspector or the inspectress, as the case may be, shall be obtained before the appointments of teachers are confirmed.

12. The Principal, besides possessing suitable educational and administrative qualifications, shall be a member of the Church of England and a clergyman. If, however, at any time, a duly qualified clergyman is not available, a military officer, who is a member of the Church of England, may be appointed.

13. Government may dispense with the services of the Principal at any time on giving him six months' notice or six months' salary in lieu of notice. Before resigning his appointment, the Principal shall give six months' notice, unless a shorter notice be accepted by Government.

14. The Principal shall perform such duties as may be enjoined on him by the committee. He shall be responsible for the moral and intellectual

training of the pupils. If a clergyman, he shall have pastoral charge of the institution. He shall be the executive officer of the committee and shall be held responsible for the accounts; and he shall make all necessary disbursements, subject to the provisions of rule 62. He shall communicate with the chairman, or, in his absence, with the vice-chairman, either directly or through the secretary, if there be a separate secretary, on all important matters which cannot be conveniently postponed to the next meeting of the committee and shall generally be immediately subordinate to the chairman or vice-chairman as representing the committee.

15. The Principal or the chaplain specially appointed by the committee under rule 3 shall, besides performing all such religious services as he may be required to perform by the committee with the sanction of Government, give religious catechetical instruction to all the pupils, except such as are exempted by these rules.

16. The headmaster shall superintend the tuition in the male branch, and take such part in the teaching as the Principal may direct.

17. The headmistress shall superintend the tuition in the female branch and take such part in the teaching as the Principal may direct. She shall also be responsible for the moral and intellectual training of the girls, who shall be subject to her control, both in and out of school.

18. The assistant teachers in the male branch shall be under the immediate direction of the headmaster, subject to the general authority of the Principal.

19. The assistant teachers in the female branch shall be under the immediate direction of the headmistress, and shall assist her both in and out of school, subject to the general authority of the Principal.

20. The domestic arrangements of the male branch shall be under the control of the Principal. Those of the female branch shall, subject to the approval of the Principal, be carried out by a matron subordinate to the headmistress. The matron shall instruct the girls in the duties of housewifery and be present at their meals. In her absence, the headmistress or one of the assistant mistresses shall be present at meals.

ACCOMMODATION, FURNITURE AND APPLIANCES.

21. The institution shall be provided with such accommodation, furniture and appliances as the committee may consider necessary and as are prescribed by the Madras educational rules to be necessary for efficient instruction. The advice of the senior medical officer shall be obtained in medical and sanitary matters.

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION.

22. *Instruction in literary subjects.*—The courses of instruction prescribed in the educational rules shall be followed. In the male branch

instruction shall be given up to the standard of the upper secondary, and in the female branch up to that of the lower secondary, examination. All boys shall be taught up to the lower secondary standard and shall receive manual training by means of wood-work, or metal or other work, in accordance with a scheme to be approved of by the Director of Public Instruction. On passing the lower secondary examination, such of the boys of good and approved character as are bright and possess literary tastes shall be taken on the upper secondary course.

23. *Instruction in technical subjects.*—In the male branch instruction shall be given in drawing, in music, in commercial correspondence and in shorthand or type-writing up to the standard of the intermediate technical examination, and in telegraphy up to the standard required for the telegraph department. Boys who are selected to enter on the upper secondary course, shall be taught, in addition to drawing, two other optional subjects, in lieu of a second language as prescribed for the upper secondary examination. Other boys, after passing the lower secondary examination, will be taught telegraphy or music, or be prepared for the civil and military medical entrance examinations or for the examination of Inspectors' assistants for the Madras and other railways.

24. *Instruction in religion.*—The work of the day shall commence with religious teaching. The authorized version of the Bible shall be used, and the main truths of Christianity shall be taught without allusion to controverted points of faith and practice. The children of the Roman Catholic faith shall not be compelled to receive religious instruction from other than a clergyman or layman of their own faith. At the time when religious instruction is given in school, clergymen of the Church of Rome, or ministers of the Church of Scotland or other Presbyterian church or of a nonconformist body, may, on giving previous notice to the Principal, attend and give instruction to the children of their respective communions in a place set apart for that purpose.

DIVINE SERVICE.

25. Divine service, in accordance with the rites of the Church of England, shall be performed twice on each Sunday.

26. On the application of a clergyman of the Church of Rome, or a minister of the Church of Scotland, or other Presbyterian church or nonconformist body, requesting permission to perform divine service on a Sunday, with such of the pupils or officers of the institution as are members of his communion, a place shall be set apart for the purpose. Such applications, however, shall be made to the Principal on or before the previous Saturday. The children of the Roman Catholic faith shall not be compelled to attend divine service conducted otherwise than in accordance with the rites of the Church of Rome.

27. The pupils shall be assembled daily, morning and evening, when the sanctioned form of prayer shall be read by the Principal or by such officer as he may appoint, subject to the condition in the preceding rule.

28. Clergymen of the Church of Rome, and ministers of the Church of Scotland or other Presbyterian church, or of a nonconformist body, shall have free access to the sick of their respective communions in the hospital on giving notice to the Principal.

STANDARDS AND CLASSES.

29. *General education and technical classes.*—The scheme of standards or classes shall correspond with that prescribed in the educational rules and the Government technical examination notification.

30. *Telegraph class.*—The telegraph class shall contain pupils preparing for the test examination of the telegraph department.

31. *Special class.*—Special classes may be held for pupils preparing for the medical and railway examinations.

STRENGTH.

32. The maximum strength, exclusive of day scholars, of the male branch, shall be 300, and of the female branch, 65. There shall be no limits to the strength of any particular class, except such as are laid down in chapter III of the educational rules.

ADMISSIONS AND WITHDRAWALS.

33. Applications for admission shall be made through officers commanding regiments, or the heads of the departments to which the parents or guardians belong; and, in the case of pensioners, through their paymasters or employers. In other cases applications shall be made through any person of known respectability. All applications shall be addressed to the secretary, who shall furnish printed forms of application and descriptive rolls to be filled up. The baptismal certificate of the candidate shall also be required, with the last-pay certificate, if he is in receipt of a Government allowance; also a leaving certificate if the candidate had attended a recognized school. Application forms shall contain a provision to the effect that, on withdrawing a pupil, the parent or guardian shall state his reason for doing so.

34. No candidate shall be admitted under five, nor above twelve, years of age, except in special cases to be decided by the committee.

35. The secretary, in announcing to the parent or guardian the election of a candidate, shall fix a reasonable time for the candidate to join. If the candidate does not join within the period fixed, the fact shall be reported to the committee.

36. On any boy attaining the age of sixteen (or eighteen in the case of boys allowed to enter on their upper secondary course) or any girl that of eighteen, the Principal shall report the circumstances to the committee, and the committee shall call upon the parent or guardian to remove the pupil. In the event of such pupil having neither parent nor guardian, the committee shall take such measures as may seem best for the pupil's settlement in life. This rule, however, shall not prevent the committee from accepting any suitable situation for a girl who shall have attained the age of sixteen years.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADMISSION.

37. The legitimate children of Europeans and Eurasians, being officers or soldiers of Her Majesty's British and Indian military and marine services, or persons employed in the military and civil medical services, or effective volunteers, or civilians whether connected with the public service or not, shall be eligible for admission. The cases of illegitimate orphan children shall be dealt with specially by the committee.

38. Children labouring under any form of disease, mental or physical, which is likely to incapacitate them for the ordinary duties of life, and, except with the special sanction of the committee, the children of soldiers who have been dismissed the service by sentence of court-martial, shall not be admitted.

SELECTION OF PUPILS.

39. The following is the order in which claims for admission shall be considered:—

- (1) The orphan children of fathers who have been killed in action, or have died on service, preference being given to children of pure European parentage.
- (2) Orphan children of European commissioned officers and of civil medical officers, if left destitute.
- (3) Orphan children of European officers and soldiers, and of Europeans in the marine and medical services, preference being given to those who have lost both parents.
- (4) Orphan children of Eurasian officers and soldiers, and of Eurasians in the medical service, preference being given to those who have lost both parents.
- (5) Children of any of the above whose fathers are living, preference being given to children of European fathers.
- (6) Children of European or Eurasian officers and soldiers, and of Europeans or Eurasians in the medical service, transferred to the invalid or pension establishments, preference being given to the children of European fathers.
- (7) Orphan children of volunteers, who at the time of their death were borne on the rolls.

(8) Orphan children of civilians, connected or unconnected with the public service, one of whose parents is or was of pure European descent, and who are destitute.

(9) Children of volunteers who are living and who have had seven years' effective service.

(10) Children of civilians, not being orphans and destitute.

40. Donors of Rs. 300, or subscribers of Rs. 50 per annum for four years, shall have the right to nominate one pupil, who shall take precedence over the other candidates belonging to the same class.

FEES.

41. The children of soldiers of the rank of corporal or private, or of pensioners who are drawing only the pay of those ranks, shall be admitted free of charge.

42. Children whose fathers or step-fathers are above the rank of corporal shall be charged for according to the following scale, except under extraordinary circumstances, when the power of exemption from or reduction of payment shall be exercised by the committee:—

	First child.	Second child.	Third child.	Fourth child.
Sergeants	Rs. 3	Rs. 2	Free.	Free.
Sergeant-Majors	" 4	" 2½	Re. 1	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 60, but less than Rs. 80 per mensem	" 9	" 6	Rs. 3	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 80, but less than Rs. 100 per mensem	" 12	" 8	" 5	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 150 per mensem	" 15	" 10	" 8	Free.
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 150, but less than Rs. 200 per mensem	" 18	" 15	" 10	Rs. 6
Soldiers retired or in staff or private employ, if drawing Rs. 200 and upwards	" 20	" 18	" 15	" 12
In addition to the Government allowance (if any) of Rs. 2-8-0 per mensem.				

43. Children of Europeans and Eurasians in the marine and medical services and of volunteers shall be admitted on payment of fees according to the above scale in proportion to the salary drawn by the father or step-father.

44. The children of civilians, not being orphan and destitute, may be admitted on payment of Rs. 20 per mensem for a child under 12 years of age, and Rs. 25 per mensem for a child above 12 years of age: Provided that such children shall only be admitted if vacancies exist, which no eligible children belonging to the classes specified in rule 39 are available to fill.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS.

45. A scholarship of Rs. 15 per mensem, tenable for three years, may be awarded annually to any boy who has passed the lower secondary examination in the first class, to enable him to proceed to a recognized school, approved of by the committee, to study for the matriculation examination. On his passing that examination he shall be awarded a scholarship of Rs. 20, tenable for two years, on similar terms, to enable him to study for the first examination in arts. If he passes this examination and undertakes to study in an approved college for the B.A. degree examination the scholarship shall be raised to Rs. 25 for the first year of the B.A. course and to Rs. 30 for the second year.

46. Two scholarships of the value of Rs. 15 each per mensem, and tenable for two or more years, may be awarded annually to boys who show an aptitude for any particular trade or industry to enable them to learn that trade or industry in some well-known firm or institution approved of by the committee. Such pupils shall, if living in Madras, be boarded and lodged ordinarily in the Civil Orphan Asylum (with the consent of the committee of that asylum), and their scholarships shall be paid to the trustees in view to defraying their boarding and other expenses. The names of pupils thus sent out shall be borne on the strength of the asylum.

47. A stipend of the value of Rs. 20 per mensem, tenable for one year, shall be annually awarded to a girl who has passed the lower secondary examination with credit, with a view to her being trained as a schoolmistress in a training school approved of by the committee.

48. Scholarships and stipends shall be liable to reduction or withdrawal for misconduct, idleness, or want of progress. Brief half-yearly reports on the conduct and progress of scholarship holders and stipendiaries shall be furnished to the committee by the head of the institutions in which they study.

49. Stipendiaries sent to training institutions shall be required to enter with the committee into an agreement of the kind prescribed for Government stipendiaries in chapter VI of the educational rules.

TIME-TABLE.

50. The Principal shall regulate the hours of attendance in the several classes in both branches. Five hours at least shall be devoted every day to general instruction.

VACATIONS AND HOLIDAYS.

51. The school shall be closed for the Christmas vacation for a period not exceeding six weeks, and there shall be no midsummer vacation. The Principal shall have power to grant such of the miscellaneous holidays mentioned in chapter III of the educational rules as he may consider necessary with reference to the special character of the institution.

LEAVE AND DISMISSAL.

52. The Principal shall have power to grant such leave as he may consider necessary to pupils on application by their parents or guardians. He shall also have power, subject to the confirmation of the committee, to dismiss any pupil for grave misconduct, provided that the pupil shall not be sent out of the institution until the parents or guardians have been communicated with and have either in person or otherwise taken charge of the pupil.

53. The children of members of the staff and establishment shall be admitted to the classes as day scholars without payment of any fee.

EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION.

54. *Public Examinations.*—The pupils of the third and sixth forms shall ordinarily be presented for the lower secondary and upper secondary examinations respectively. The pupils of the telegraph class shall be presented for examination in telegraphy in accordance with the regulations of the telegraph department.

55. Arrangements will also be made for preparing some of the boys who have passed the lower secondary examination for the civil and military medical entrance examinations and for the examination for inspectors' assistants in the Madras and other railways. Pupils will also be prepared for the Government technical examinations in the subjects taught in the asylum.

56. *Inspection.*—The male branch shall be annually inspected and examined by the inspector of schools and the female branch by the inspectress of girls' schools in accordance with the Madras educational rules. In addition to the annual inspection of the male branch by the inspector, the technical class shall be inspected and examined by such other officer or officers as may, from time to time, be appointed by the Director.

CERTIFICATES.

57. Every pupil shall, on leaving the institution in accordance with rule 36, be furnished by the Principal with a certificate as to general conduct, the period of residence, and the highest examination passed in literary and technical subjects.

EMPLOYMENT OF PUPILS.

58. The Principal shall keep a register of all pupils who leave the institution and who have not obtained employment. He shall furnish the president of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian association and the agents and managers of the Madras and South Indian railways with extracts therefrom, and shall afford the students all reasonable assistance in his power in securing for them a fair start in life. Each pupil shall be required to furnish the Principal half-yearly for three years after leaving the institution with information as to how he is employed, in order that the history of former pupils may be correctly kept.

REGISTERS.

59. In addition to a time-table and a log-book, the following registers shall be kept in accordance with the educational rules :—

- (1) A register of admissions and withdrawals for each class.
- (2) A monthly register of attendance and fees.
- (3) An acquittance roll.
- (4) A library catalogue and register.
- (5) A register of drill and gymnastics.
- (6) A register of corporal punishments.
- (7) A register of scholarships.
- (8) A history of former pupils.

ACCOUNTS.

60. The committee shall, not later than the 15th February in each year, submit in print, for the sanction of the Governor in Council, a budget for the ensuing official year. Such budget shall be drawn up in the form prescribed by Government.

61. The committee shall see that the expenditure of the year is in accordance with the budget as sanctioned by Government. When any important variations in the allotments are necessary, the committee shall obtain the sanction of Government for such change. The committee shall appoint a finance sub-committee of two members to scrutinize the accounts and to pass, pending the sanction of Government, such charges as are urgent and unforeseen and for which no allotment has been made in the budget.

62. All moneys belonging to the institution shall be lodged with the Bank of Madras in the names of the chairman and vice-chairman, one of whom, or, in the absence of both of them, the Assistant Adjutant-General, Madras Command, shall countersign all drafts thereon which are signed by the Principal. The committee shall invest all surplus income, after providing a sufficient cash balance, in Government securities in the names of the trustees appointed by Government, viz., the Director of Public Instruction and the Collector of the Nilgiris.

63. The accounts shall be audited each year by a superior officer of the account department.

ANNUAL REPORT.

64. The committee shall, not later than the 31st August of each year, submit to Government, through the Director of Public Instruction, a report upon the condition and progress of the asylum during the preceding official year, the following documents forming appendices thereto :—

- (a) A statement of accounts, in which the actual expenditure under each head shall be compared with the budget provision.

(b) Extracts from the reports of inspecting officers and special examiners.

(c) A statement showing the history of former pupils.

MISCELLANEOUS.

65. The Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces in Madras and the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras shall be *ex-officio* patrons of the institution, and shall be at liberty to visit the asylum at any time and to refer to the committee, or to the Government, any matter they may consider demanding attention.

66. The senior medical officer at Ootacamund shall be in medical charge of the asylum, and shall visit the institution at least once a week and whenever it is necessary.

67. This code, with such alterations as may have been made during the preceding twelve months, shall be published annually in the Lawrence Asylum Press Almanac, and copies of it shall be sent to the Commanding Officers of the regiments and batteries serving in the Madras Presidency.

READ AGAIN G.O., No. _____, dated _____ 190

READ ALSO :—

C. No. 822, From the 899, No. 3847, dated 20-5-1903

190

190

ORDER

No. 26, dated 9-6-1903

P.9.

Recorded

2. The management of the institution in both its branches continued to be satisfactory.

23/5/3

3. With reference to the Director's remarks regarding the results of Exam^{ns}, the Govt ~~the~~ observes that the number of ~~the~~ boys who passed the Lower Secondary Exam^{ns} in other than compulsory subjects was only 15 out of 31, a proportion which leaves room for improvement. The results in Shorthand, Typewriting & Drawing Exams

2. 1000

" Committee of the LA thro' the APS

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continue, as the Director observes, to be disappointing, and the Committee should consider whether ~~it is advisable any longer to retain~~

these subjects as a part of the curriculum of the Asylum. The Upper Secondary Classes appear to have made small progress, ~~but the progress has~~

~~come to a decision regarding the inclusion of the proposed School Final Exam. in the~~
~~the question of substituting the~~
~~Matriculation for the Upper Secondary, as the~~
~~test for which the Upper Secondary classes should~~
~~prepare cannot well be considered.~~

4. The continued growth in the average cost of maintaining each pupil is a matter which deserves the attention of the Committee. In 1894-95 the cost per boy was Rs. 286, in 1896-97, Rs. 314, in 1898-99, Rs. 321, and in the year under notice Rs. 339. On an average n^o of 300 boys, this represents an increase of Rs. 15,900 a year in eight years.

Alf
20.5.1903.

Note for H.M.

The Principal tells me the results in the Lower Secondary exam are ^{to his satisfaction,} not satisfactory.

+ the Shorthand & Type-writing classes

are, in his opinion, pure waste of time. He would like the Matriculation substituted for the Upper Secondary, but this could be done till the ~~the School Final is settled.~~ 187/1

the fault is with the instructors or if

< I cannot find that my error > *

and it is hoped that in the current year ~~there will be some~~ pupils ready to be sent up for the Exam.

* Para. 4 of the Report shows 4 boys in the Fifth Form.
Alf 2.6.03

Issue
Alf 2.6.03

Print with notes
20/13

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READ AGAIN G.O., No.
190.

, DATED

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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