

Law (Education) (1926) Department.

mis. SERIES.

G.O. No. 849

DATED 14.5.26

[Despatch Abstract.]

Legis. Council - Budget motion
liberal grants to poorer and more
backward districts - notes read

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

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DEMAND XIX -- EDUCATION (TRANSFERRED)

Mr. A. Ranganatha Mudaliar

p. 231

288. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 60,55,300 for grants to local bodies for primary education by Rs. 101

(To make more liberal grants to the poorer and more backward districts)

Law (Education) Department

The question has already been fully dealt with in the notes on the resolution moved by Mr. Koti Reddi at the meeting of the Legislative Council. From paragraphs 7 to 12 of the printed notes below, it will be seen that the proportion of expenditure on elementary education in the Ceded districts incurred from provincial funds is higher than the average for the presidency.

NH 15/12/16

CA 16/3

V.T.K. 16.3

m 2

7/17

Law (Edn) Dept



Leg Council

Budget motion -

Liberal grants to poorer

& more backward dis-

tricts - note, records

The motion has not reached. The order may be

Order 849 Passed 14.5.16

13/5/26

NH 13/5/16

1794
15/10/25
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NOTES CONNECTED WITH A RESOLUTION ON MATTERS OF
GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST.

[For the meeting of August 1925.]

[SUBJECT.—Increasing the amount spent on education in the Ceded Districts.]

COUNCIL OFFICE.

Mr. K. KOTI REDDI :—

3-190. That this Council recommends to the Government that the Government will be pleased to increase in future the amount spent on education in the Ceded Districts.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Koti Reddi desires that the Government should "increase in future the amount spent on education in the Ceded Districts".

2. At the outset it may be stated that it is not usual for the Government to earmark any portion of the funds available with them for the advancement of education in any particular area though it often happens that the expenditure incurred varies from district to district owing to the operation of a variety of causes.

3. Generally speaking, besides fees, expenditure on education comes from three sources :—

- (i) Provincial funds,
- (ii) Local and Municipal funds, and
- (iii) Private funds including mission funds.

The expenditure from these sources is bound to increase as the facilities for education expand. If it is found that the facilities for education in the Ceded Districts have expanded in recent years then it is an index of the growth of expenditure.

4. Collegiate education.—From 1909 (in which year the Wardlaw College, Bellary, was abolished) to the year 1916 there was no provision for collegiate education in the Ceded Districts. In that year the Government opened a second grade college at Anantapur. The College was raised to the first grade in 1918. Additional buildings costing about a lakh of rupees have been constructed for the College recently. The Director of Public Instruction has just submitted an estimate for Rs. 78,800 for extensions to the College laboratory. The Government have provided a hostel for the College. The hostel accommodates at present about 30 students. The question of providing further hostel accommodation is under the consideration of the Government.

The following statement gives particulars of the strength in this institution and the expenditure incurred on it from Government funds :—

Year.							Number of pupils.	Expenditure.
							RS.	
1919-20	...	...	...	...	...	...	164	34,020
1920-21	...	...	...	...	...	...	117	46,778
1921-22	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	51,154
1922-23	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	59,609
1923-24	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	66,700
1924-25	...	...	...	...	...	...	219	66,202

The figures show that there has been a steady increase in the strength and in the expenditure on the College. The policy of Government in the matter of higher education is to rely largely on aided effort. If any private agency willing to start a college comes up with definite proposals, the Government will be prepared to

consider the question of giving financial aid to such a project. It may also be noted that the Andhra University Bill which will be passed into law shortly will give further impetus to the development of University education in the area.

5. *Secondary education (for boys and girls).*—The following figures show the number of secondary schools in the Ceded Districts together with particulars as to their strength and the expenditure incurred on them during the last five years :—

Years.	Number of institutions in the Ceded Districts.	Strength.	Total expenditure on secondary education.	Portion borne by provincial funds.
			RS.	
1919-20 ...	30	5,982	2,68,753	94,639
1920-21 ...	40	7,229	3,69,453	1,06,792
1921-22 ...	42	7,193	4,14,596	1,42,714
1922-23 ...	41	7,258	4,16,292	1,48,582
1923-24 ...	42	7,820	4,42,947	1,86,962
Increase ...	...	31 per cent	65 per cent	97 per cent.

From the figures it will be observed that during the five years ending the 31st March 1924 the number of pupils receiving education in secondary schools has increased by 31 per cent. While the total expenditure on secondary education shows an increase of 65 per cent, the expenditure from provincial funds alone has increased by 97 per cent. The policy of the Government in the matter of secondary education is to rely mainly on aided agency. In view of the backward nature of the Ceded Districts the Government have been meeting the net cost—either in whole or in part—of certain secondary schools in the districts. Of the 42 schools working on the 31st March 1924, three were Government institutions and as many as 31 were “net cost” schools. If any private agency comes forward with definite proposals for the opening of additional secondary schools the Government will be prepared to consider the question of giving suitable aid.

6. *Training schools (for masters and mistresses).*—The following are the figures relating to training schools in the Ceded Districts :—

Year.	Number of schools.	Strength.	Total expenditure.	Portion borne by Government.
1919-20 ..	9	566	84,874	75,357
1920-21 ..	13	811	1,31,852	1,21,892
1921-22 ..	13	922	1,65,428	1,58,902
1922-23 ..	12	906	1,63,749	1,56,382
1923-24 ..	10	729	1,46,492	1,44,587
Increase ..	..	29 per cent.	72 per cent.	93 per cent.

During the quinquennial period, the number of teachers under training has increased by 29 per cent. While the total expenditure shows an increase of 72 per cent, the expenditure from provincial funds alone shows an increase of 93 per cent. Seven out of the ten training schools working in the districts are Government institutions.

7. *Elementary education—Boys.*—The average percentage of male pupils to male population in the Presidency for 1924 was 6.6. The percentages for the Ceded Districts are given below :—

	Percentage.
Kurnool ...	9.7
Cuddapah ...	8.3
Bellary ...	6.9
Anantapur ...	6.3

The percentage was below the average for the Presidency only in the Anantapur district. Other districts similarly circumstanced are Vizagapatam, Ramnad, South Arcot, Madurai, Nellore, Trichinopoly, Chittoor, Coimbatore and Salem.

8. The number of elementary schools for boys in the Presidency rose from 30,989 in 1919-20 to 37,703 in 1923-24, an increase of 21.7 per cent. In the Ceded Districts, the number of schools rose from 3,999 in 1919-20 to 5,523 in 1923-24, an

increase of 38.1 per cent. The strength of the schools in the Ceded districts during the period rose by 35.8 per cent as against an increase of 24.4 per cent in the strength for the whole Presidency.

9. The expenditure on elementary schools for boys in the Presidency as a whole and on schools in the Ceded districts is given below :—

	Total expenditure.		Expenditure from provincial funds.	
	1919-20. RS.	1923-24. RS.	1919-20. RS.	1923-24. RS.
(i) Elementary schools in the Presidency.	76,45,492	1,05,44,430	36,53,174	53,30,507
(ii) Elementary schools in the Ceded districts.	8,19,903	9,97,474	4,39,434	6,35,046

The percentage of the total expenditure met from provincial funds in the Ceded districts in 1923-24 was 63.8 as against 50.6 for the whole Presidency.

10. In the Ceded districts, there are in all 19 taluk boards and 10 municipal councils. Of these, 13 taluk boards and two municipal councils have obtained the sanction of Government for the levy of education tax in their areas. In the last and in the current year, the Government sanctioned the payment of subsidies to taluk boards in the Ceded districts which levy the education tax for the opening of 172 elementary schools in their areas. If the supplementary demand for the expansion of elementary education is voted by the Legislative Council, it will be possible to open 74 additional elementary schools in the current year in the areas

* Taluk Boards.

1. Bellary.
2. Hospet.
3. Harpanahalli.
4. Cuddapah.
5. ~~Malamedugur.~~
6. Proddatur.
7. Badvel.

of these taluk boards. If the * other taluk boards in the Ceded districts also levy the education tax, it will be possible to make greater progress in the expansion of elementary education. It may also be mentioned that, with a view to induce private agencies to open elementary schools, the rates of teaching grants are shortly to be raised, and it is

to be hoped that a large number of private agencies will be forthcoming in the Ceded districts to open new elementary schools with the aid of these increased grants.

11. *Elementary schools for girls.*—The following statement gives particulars as to the number of elementary schools for girls their strength and their total expenditure :—

	Number of schools.		Strength of the schools.	
	1919-20.	1923-24.	1919-20.	1923-24.
(a) In the Presidency ...	2,367	2,861	1,63,710	1,90,838
(b) In the Ceded districts ...	244	366	11,361	15,459
	Total expenditure.		Expenditure from provincial funds.	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
(a) In the Presidency ...	16,95,263	22,77,748	10,28,106	12,62,796
(b) In the Ceded districts ...	1,21,832	1,78,505	96,866	1,48,875

12. There has been an appreciable increase in the number and strength of the schools for girls in the Ceded districts. The percentage of expenditure on girls' schools met from provincial funds in the Ceded Districts in 1923-24 was 83.7 as against 55.4 for the whole Presidency.

13. Orders are requested as to who will take charge of the resolution, whether it should be discussed at a meeting of the Cabinet and whether further information should be collected.

E.A.V.—13-8-25. N.K.—13-8-25.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—14-8-25.

V. T. KRISHNAMA ACHARIYAR—14-8-25.

I take charge. Please put up when resolution is taken up.

A. P. P[ATRO]—14-3-25.

(Proposals from these taluk boards under consideration)

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READ AGAIN G.O. No. , DATED
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CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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