

G.O. No. 2094, 9th December 1925

Educational Rules—Rule 117—Stipends to teachers belonging to the depressed classes—
Increased—Guardian allowances abolished.

51-26
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Government of Madras
LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 2094, 9th December 1925

Educational Rules—Rule 117—Stipends to teachers belonging to the depressed classes—
Increased—Guardian allowances abolished.

Order—No. 2094, Law (Education), dated 9th December 1925.

In connexion with an interpellation at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 13th November 1924, the Government undertook—

(1) to consider the question of enhancing the special rate of stipend allowed to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing lower elementary grade training; and

(2) to re-examine the principle underlying the provision in the Madras Educational Rules for payment of guardian allowance to women teachers undergoing training elsewhere than in their places of residence.

2. The Government have examined the questions and are pleased to direct that the special rate of stipend admissible to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing lower elementary grade training be raised from Rs. 9-8-0 to Rs. 10-8-0 a month with effect from the 1st July 1925.

3. The Government consider that there is no necessity in view of changed social conditions, to continue the guardian allowance provided for in the educational rules. They therefore direct that the allowance be abolished with effect from 1st January 1926 and that enhanced rates of stipends be granted to women teachers, other than European and Anglo-Indian who have to undergo training of the secondary or elementary grade elsewhere than in their places of residence provided that ordinarily such enhanced stipends will not be given if there is hostel accommodation in the place of training.

4. The following amendments to rule 117 of the Madras Educational Rules will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* :—

Amendments.

(i) For Rs. 9-8-0 against 'Depressed classes' under 'Elementary Department' substitute Rs. 10-8-0.

(ii) For the last sub-paragraph of the rule substitute the following :—

"In place of the rates quoted above enhanced rates of stipends at the following rates will be granted to mistresses, other than European and Anglo-Indian mistresses, who have to undergo secondary or elementary grade training elsewhere than in their places of residence :—

	RS.	A.	P.	
Elementary grade	14	0	0	a month.
Secondary grade	17	8	0	„

These enhanced rates will be granted only to women who do not permanently reside in the town where the school in which they are being trained is situated; enhanced stipends will not, however, be given if the school has a hostel connected with it.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Education)

V. T. KRISHNAMA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

„ Accountant-General, through the Finance Department.

„ Superintendent, Government Press, for publication of paragraph 4 in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

Copy to the Finance Department.

„ Law (General) Department.

CURRENT FILE.

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[illegible]

PAPERS PUT UP WITH CURRENT No.

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Papers of other departments.

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Law (Education) Department.

Memo. 25-13 C-3 8/16.12.24.

An extract from the proceedings of the Legislative Council relating to the interpellation on the subject of students undergoing ^{training} is forwarded to the D.P.I. who is requested to consider and report on the suggestions:-

(i) that the special rate of stipend admissible to teachers belonging to depressed classes undergoing training of the lower elementary grade may be raised to Rs 10-8-0 a month ^{per month} as to ~~the level at which~~ ^{the rate at which has been paid to} ~~relate it to the rate of stipends to which~~ Hindu mistresses and Muhammadan teachers

(ii) that the system of the payment of guardian allowances may be extended to mistresses belonging to depressed classes ^{who are} undergoing training.

To The D. P. I. (with extract of Council Proceedings) below

Reminder-one month after issue.

15.12.24

15.12.24

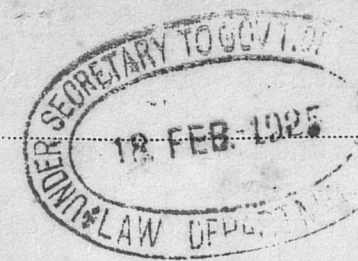
V.T.R.
16.12

LAW (EDUCATION)

DEPARTMENT.

Law Edu 561 C
18.2.25

Received *12/12* 1925 Registered 192



Subject.

Madras Educational Rules - rates of stipends-
Depressed classes - enhancement of guardian allowance
to depressed class women -Director's remarks-
submitting to Government.

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Spare copies

R.O.C. No. 380 A/24

Station *Madras*, Dated the 16th February 1925 192

From (Name) *R.G. Grieve Esq., M.A.,*
(Designation) *Ag. Director of Public Instruction.*

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
LAW (EDUCATION) Department.

Sir.

I have the honour to report as follows on the
two points raised in Government Memo No. 2513 C-3,
dated 16th December 1924:-

The first issue relates to the raising of the
rate of stipends admissible to teachers of the depressed
classes undergoing the lower elementary grade training
from Rs 9½ to Rs. 10-8-0. In regard to this Mr. Littlehale
was of opinion that it was not desirable to give effect
to the above proposal without detailed investigation
though from the data available with him he observed that
it is more difficult for a Muhammadan to live at the
present time than it is for a member of the depressed

1 supra

1-6 up

classes, each member living in the normal style of a poor man of his community. I am in entire agreement with this view. If, however, Government desire to consider the question favourably on grounds of general expediency, I may point out that the maximum extra cost involved is not likely to exceed Rs 4100 per annum. This estimate has been arrived at on the basis of the number of students of the depressed classes under training on 31st March 1924 in all classes of training schools and on the assumption that all the students are of the Lower Elementary grade.

2. Coming to the second point raised in the Government Memo under reply, I see no objection to the extension of the concession of a guardian allowance to women teachers of the depressed classes subject to the conditions laid down in the last sentence of rule 117 Madras Educational Rules (VI Edition) and so long as a similar concession is given to caste-Hindu women. I may however add that in practice it seems to me improbable that the concession will be utilised to any material extent, having regard to the small number of women students of the depressed classes under training in Government institutions on 31st March 1923 and 31st March 1924. In the former year, there were only two students in the latter year there were four and assuming that all these four students were eligible for a guardian allowance, the cost of for a year would come to Rs 240, while if a similar assumption was made in the case of the total number of women belonging to the depressed classes in all training schools in 1923-24, the additional expenditure per annum would not exceed Rs 900.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Francis
for Director of Public Instruction.

NOTES.

Page

Law (D.N.)

Memo. no. 2332C-27 4-9-25

Stipends to teachers

under training - letter from
the D.P. J. - R.O.C. No. 880-A/24.
d/16-2-25

It is proposed

that the Special rate of
stipend admissible to teachers
belonging to the depressed
classes undergoing lower
elementary grade training
should be raised to Rs 10-8-0
a month. The Director is
requested to say whether
the extra expenditure in-
volved in the current
year, ^{can be met} from the budget
provision for stipends, ~~if~~
~~not, he is requested and, if not~~
to submit through the
Accounts General a
reappropriation statement.

20-8-25

21/8/25

2

The
Govt.

Chd. 4/9. W.K.

Review 8/10.

Speci

Unrecovered loss of
... in the ...
... of ...
... of ...
... of ...

To the D.P. J.
R-3 weeks after ...

(P.T.O.)

5

Government are also of the opinion
that the time has come to abolish
the system of paying guardians
allowances under rule 117 of the
Madras Ed. Rules. In their view
it would be appropriate to grant
enhanced rates of stipends to
mistresses, at least those Anglo Indian
and European, who have to
undergo training elsewhere
than in their place of residence.

A scale of
~~the payment of a stipend of~~
Rs 14 to elementary grade
mistresses and of Rs 12-8-0 to
secondary grade mistresses is
considered suitable. This D.P.D.
is requested to say whether he
agrees in this suggestion to the
adoption of this course and if so
to submit a draft of the amendments
to the Madras Educational Rules.

25-8-25
CR
25/8
V.T.
26-8

15-16 of G.O. No. 1212
24-7-24

Revised on 8-7-25

No such enhancement
being needed in the case
of collegiate grade mistresses
as hotels are attached to the
Collegiate Training College where
the mistresses have to
undergo training.

DESPATCHED

4 SEP 1925

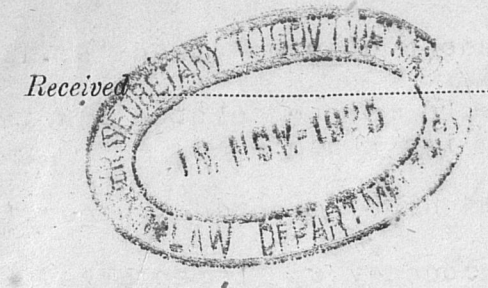
To the D.P.D.

R-3 weeks after
JSM

C.F. 11,000-8-9-24.

LAW (EDUCATION)

DEPARTMENT.



192

Registered

192

Subject.

Madras Educational Rules - Revision of rate of stipend -
depressed classes - amendment to Rule 117 - suggesting

Cor 37610
18/11/25

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Nil

Spare copies

R.O.C. No. 880-A/24.

Station Madras, Dated the 16th November, 1925.

From (Name) R. LITTLEHAILES, Esq., M.A.
(Designation) DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
LAW (EDUCATION) Department.

Sir.

4-5-25

With reference to Government Memorandum No. 2332-
C-2 Law (Education) dated 4-9-25 in which it has been
proposed to raise the special rate of stipends admissible
to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing
Lower Elementary Grade Training from Rs. 9-8-0 to Rs. 10-8-0
a month, I have the honour to state that the extra expendi-
ture involved in the current year will be approximately
Rs. 4,100 and this can be met from the anticipated savings
in the current year's budget provision for stipends.

2. As desired in the last sub-para of the Government
Memorandum under reply, I suggest the following draft
amendments to Rule 117 of the Madras Educational Rules
(Sixth Edition).

3 ante
215/217
CPRE

15-16 of G.O. No. 1212
24-7-24

(P.T.O.)

ELEMENTARY DEPARTMENT.-

(i) For "Rs.9/8" against 'Depressed classes' read "Rs.10/8".

(ii) The last paragraph of the rule may be deleted and the following substituted in its place:-

"In place of the rates quoted above, enhanced rates of stipends to Mistresses undergoing Secondary or Elementary Training, other than Anglo-Indian or European Mistresses, who have to undergo training elsewhere than in their place of residence, will be granted. The scale at present fixed is Rs.14/- per mensem to Elementary Grade Mistresses and Rs.17/8/- to Secondary Grade Mistresses. These enhanced rates will be granted only to women who do not permanently reside in the town where the school in which they are being trained is situated; enhanced stipends will not however be given if the school has a hostel connected with it".

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

E. M. Bowes

for Director of Public Instruction.

M.R.P.16/11.

Council Office,
20-9-24.

Question

MR.R. Veerian:-

THE LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

1117. Will the hon.the Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) why a sum of Rs.10-8-0 is paid as stipends to Muhammadans (males) and Hindu Mistresses and Rs.9-8-0 only to depressed classes while undergoing training for Lower Elementary grade, vide Fort St.George Gazette Part I-B page 748 dated 2nd September 1924;

(b) whether the amount of stipends viz., Rs.9-8-0 per month is applicable to Hindus as well as Christian depressed classes if they so classify themselves;

(c) whether the Government are prepared to give the same amount of stipends viz., Rs.10-8-0 per month to the depressed classes also as that of Muhammadans and Hindu Mistresses;

(d) if not, why not;

(e) why a guardian allowance not exceeding Rs.5/- per mensem is being given only to Caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women ignoring the depressed classes women;

(f) whether the Government intend to extend the same privilege to the depressed classes women also as that of Caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women;

(g) why a sum of Rs.25/- is being given per month for Europeans and

Anglo

Anglo-Indians (Masters) and Rs.15/- for
Mistresses for Elementary grade training;

(h) why no amount of stipends is men-
tioned in the Secondary Training depart-
ment for depressed classes (Masters and
Mistresses) as specified in the Colle-
giate Department;

(i) whether the Government propose to
specify the amount of stipends in the
Secondary department for the depressed
classes as noted clearly in the Colle-
giate Department; and

(j) if not, why not?

S.R.
H

p. 1 ante.

Clauses (a), (c) & (d) of the question.

(Not put up, but revised) In the Madras Edl. Rules ^{revised in 1906} the rates in question were ~~fixed~~ as follows:-

Elementary grade	Rs.	Present rates
Ordinary rate	.5	8-8-0
<u>Special rates</u>		
Muhammadans ...	7	10-8-0
Hindu Mistresses	7	10-8-0
Panchamas (depressed classes)	.6	9-8-0

(The Special rates are only optional to be sanctioned at the discretion of the sanctioning authority)

No special reasons are traceable for the lower special rate to teachers belonging to the depressed classes. The above rates were raised by Rs.2 in each case in G.O.No.378 Edn., dated 2-5-1912. In G.O.No.920 Edn., dated 6-8-14 the grain compensation allowance of Rs.1-8-0 which the stipendiaries had been in receipt of for some years previously was merged in the rates of stipends and the rates as thus enhanced by Rs.1-8-0 have continued till now. Mr.Veerian's point is why stipendiaries belonging to the depressed classes should not receive the same treatment as the other two classes of stipendiaries.

Clause (b)

The question has separately been raised as to whether Indian Christians of backward origin are eligible for the concessions admissible to the backward or depressed classes. Until the main point is decided on, it does not seem expedient to answer this clause one way or the other.

Clauses (e) & (f)

The provision for the payment of a

4. pp 59 to 61 of notes to G.O. 920
(R) 21.2.06
C
Y

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guardian allowance to caste Hindu and Muhammadan women who do not permanently reside in the town, where the school in which they are being trained ^{in school} occurs in the Madras Edl. Rules issued in 1892.

This provision was borrowed from the rules then applicable to the Presidency Training school for mistresses, Egmore. The object with which the system of guardian allowance was introduced was apparently to induce educated women to take to training and thus increase the supply of qualified women teachers. If there are educated women among the depressed classes desirous of undergoing training, there seems to be no objection to the extension of the concession of guardian allowance to them.

Clause (g)

Prior to 1906 there was no special rate of stipend for European and Anglo-Indian stipendiaries but they were getting an allowance of Rs.2 in addition to the ordinary rate. When the Edl. Rules were revised in 1906, the rate for European and Anglo-Indian masters of the -- secondary grade was fixed at Rs.30 and of mistresses at Rs.20. Later on, in 1907 the rates of stipend for the elementary grade were fixed (G.O.No.363 Edl., dated 11-6-07) at Rs.25 for European and Anglo-Indian masters and ^{Rs.15} for mistresses. The answer to this clause should apparently be that the rates have been fixed with reference to the mode of living of Anglo-Indian and ^{Europeans} ~~and other classes~~.

Clauses (h) to (j)

Prior to 1914 teachers belonging to depressed classes used to receive a slightly

p 6 q G.O. 271 Edl. F
28-3-1892

K
p 6 q G.O. 509 Edl. F
31-7-1906

B
p 6 q G.O. 509 Edl. F
31-7-1906

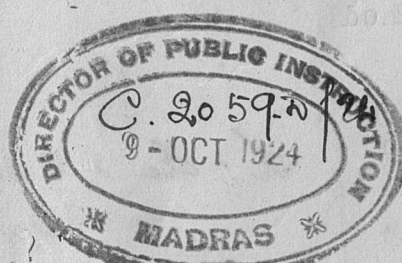
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p 4 q G.O. 46 Edl. F
(X) 10-1-14

(X)

(G)

Lambdun, 2513 C-7
8-10-24.



135 (10)

higher rate of stipend.

Ordinary rate Rs.10.
Panchama (depressed classes) Rs.12

In that year the ordinary rate was raised by Rs.2. (G.O.No.46 Edl., dated 10th January 1914) and as the difference became thus obliterated, there was no need to make special mention of the -- depressed classes under 'secondary department' -- vide G.O.No.370 Edl., dated 2-4-14.

2. The file may be forwarded to the D.P.I. u.o. for suggesting suitable answers.

6-10-24
7-10-24
7-10-24
7-10-24

D.P.I. u.o.

U.O. Reply No. 2057 P.M. 9 22.10.14

It may be accepted that where different rates are specified the differentiation is due to the different standards of living and expenses which are normal to the different classes of the community enumerated. With a change in the economic conditions of the different classes and a levelling, either up or down, to a uniform standard of necessary expenditure there will arise a necessity for the substitution of a uniform rate for any differential rate which is now prescribed. I am not at present in possession of sufficient statistical information which would allow me to express a considered opinion to the effect that the differential rates now prescribed should be abolished. In fact in some cases I am quite

certain

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certain that a differential rate should be retained.

2 Clauses (a), (d), (g), (h), (i) and (j). The following is suggested:-

3 Differential rates are prescribed so that each rate may be in conformity with the cost of the standard of living usually adopted by the recipients.

4 Clause (b). Christians are not educationally among the depressed classes. No religious discrimination is made by the Educational Department between members of depressed classes professing different faiths.

5 Clause (c). I cannot advise that Government give an affirmative answer to clause (c) without detailed investigation. From the information which I at present possess it is much more costly for a Muhammadan to live than it is for a member of the depressed classes each member living in the normal style of a poor man of his community.

6 Clauses (e) and (f). No case has ever come to my notice of a woman of the depressed classes desiring to be trained as a teacher in a town where she does not permanently reside and where there is no hostel attached to the training school.

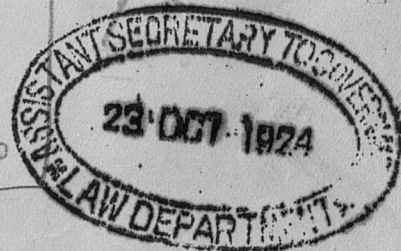
7 The allowance originated in the social customs in 1892 of caste Hindu and Muhammadan women. With the abolition of caste distinction and a change in the social customs of women the case arises of the abolition of the allowance, so far as caste Hindu women are concerned.

8 I suggest that Government direct that the D.P.I. consider the necessity for the retention of this allowance, the questioner being informed thereof.

I might suggest the following answer:-

Clauses (e) and (f). When the allowance was instituted no woman of the depressed classes applied for training as teachers. The abolition of this allowance is under consideration.

A.



The answer suggested by the D.P.I. to clauses (a), (h) (i) and (j) may perhaps be accepted, ~~though it is not altogether satisfactory.~~

Clause (b)

At the instance of Mr. Mascarenhas of the Catholic Association, South Kanara district, the question whether Indian Christian pupils of depressed classes origin are eligible for the educational concessions admissible to backward classes. In that connection the D.P.I. has advised that once a member belonging to the depressed classes is converted to Christianity he ceases to belong to a backward community and forfeits the eligibility that he might otherwise have had for special concessions. The answer now suggested seems to be opposed to the advice previously given by the Director. The answer may be revised in the light of the orders in the other file.

Clauses (c) & (d)

The D.P.I. does not advise an affirmative answer being given. The answer may perhaps be "The Government will consider the suggestion".

Clauses (e) and (f).

Mr. Veerian appears to have suggested to the Hon'ble the Minister the desirability of extending the system of the payment of guardian allowance to women belonging to the depressed classes. An answer to the effect that the Government are going to consider the question of the abolition of the allowance may not well be received. At the same time the Director is disposed to think that there is a case for the abolition of the allowance so far as caste Hindu Women

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are concerned. For orders whether the answer suggested by the Director will be approved.

he may say in reply to clauses (e) & (f):—

"When the allowance was instituted no ~~one~~ woman of the depressed classes applied for training as teachers. The question of the retention of the allowance is under consideration."

V.TK
29.10.

Q
28.10.24

Clause (a)

When were the present rates fixed? Put up the G.O in which they were sanctioned.

V.TK
29.10.

Please see note at page 3 under.

The present rates have been in force since 1912.

Q
30.10.24

The type the answers suggested with the modification I have accepted above for (e) & (f).

V.TK
31.10.



Flag W
page 9 inter

The draft answers have been typed on the separate sheet below. The answer to clause (b) is what the D. P. S. has suggested. It seems to require revision with reference to 'A' on the previous page. The answers to clauses (h) to (j) have been revised.

Q
31.10.24

For approval as revised.

V.TK
1.11.24

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✓ Draft Answer.

Question No. 1117

(a) & (g)

Differential rates are prescribed so that each rate may be in conformity as far as possible with the cost of the standard of living usually adopted by the recipients.

(b).

~~Christians are not educationally among the depressed classes. No religious discrimination is made by the Educational Department between members of depressed classes professing different faiths.~~

(c) & (d)

The Government will consider the suggestion.

(e) & (f)

When the allowance was instituted no woman of the depressed classes applied for training as teachers. The question of the retention of the allowance is under consideration.

(h) Because there is no special rate of stipend applicable to the teachers in question.

(i) & (j) ~~There is no need to specify, as the Government do not propose to institute any special rate for this class of students under training.~~

Q
1.11.24

V.TK
1.11

The special rate of stipend is not allowed to Christians.

CPW
4/11/24

Law (Edn) no 25/3 C. 2.
4.11.24

18
Stipends to students undergoing training for Lower Elementary grade.

1179 Q.—Mr. R. VEERIAN: Will the hon. the Minister for Education be pleased to state—

(a) why a sum of Rs. 10-8-0 is paid as stipends to Muhammadans (males) and Hindu mistresses and Rs. 9-8-0 only to depressed classes while undergoing training for Lower Elementary grade—vide *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I-B, page 748, dated 2nd September 1924;

(b) whether the amount of stipends, viz., Rs. 9-8-0 per month, is applicable to Hindus as well as Christian depressed classes, if they so classify themselves;

(c) whether the Government are prepared to give the same amount of stipends, viz., Rs. 10-8-0 per month, to the depressed classes also as that of Muhammadans and Hindu mistresses;

(d) if not, why not;

(e) why a guardian allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per mensem is being given only to caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women ignoring the depressed classes women;

(f) whether the Government intend to extend the same privilege to the depressed classes women also as that of caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women;

(g) why a sum of Rs. 25 is being given per month for Europeans and Anglo-Indians (masters) and Rs. 15 for mistresses for Elementary grade training;

(h) why no amount of stipends is mentioned in the Secondary training department for depressed classes (masters and mistresses) as specified in the Collegiate department;

(i) whether the Government propose to specify the amount of stipends in the Secondary department for the depressed classes as noted clearly in the Collegiate department; and

(j) if not, why not?

A.—(a) & (g) Differential rates are prescribed so that each rate may be in conformity as far as possible with the standard of living usually adopted by the recipients.

(b) The special rate of stipend is not allowed to Christians.

(c) & (d) The Government will consider the suggestion.

(e) & (f) When the allowance was instituted no woman of the depressed classes applied for training as teacher. The question of the retention of the allowance is under consideration.

(h) Because there is no special rate of stipend applicable to the teachers in question.

(i) & (j) There is no need to specify, as the Government do not propose to institute any special rate of stipend for this class of students under training.

Mr. R. VEERIAN:—"Sir, with reference to the answer to (a) of the question, may I know how this difference arises in the standard of rates?"

The hon. Rao Bahadur Sir A. P. PATRO:—"It was considered by the department on enquiry what would be the suitable rate for each class of pupil."

Mr. R. VEERIAN:—"I ask further, Sir, when the educational rules were framed and whether there is any likelihood of their being revised soon."

The hon. Rao Bahadur Sir A. P. PATRO:—"I do not see any immediate prospect of revision."

Mr. R. VEERIAN:—"With reference to (f) of the answer, may I know, Sir, whether Government consider giving the same amount of allowance to depressed classes women teachers as to those of all the other classes, as I see now that several women of the depressed classes are coming forward for being trained as teachers?"

The hon. Rao Bahadur Sir A. P. PATRO:—"The question will be considered."

With reference to the
answers given above a draft
Memo to the D.P.O. is submitted

Done: 15/12/24
18.12.24

15.12.24 V.T.K.
16.12

The questions under consideration in this file are:— (14)

Memo p. 1 of cf

(i) the necessity for increasing the special rate of stipend admissible to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing the lower elementary grade training from Rs 7-8-0 to Rs 10-8-0 a month, so as to ~~bring it to the level of the~~ make it identical with the ~~and~~

Rate allowed to Hindu mistresses & Muhammadan teachers

(ii) the desirability of extending to mistresses belonging to the depressed classes the system of paying guardian allowances, which applies at present to caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women undergoing training.

rule 117 of the Madras

Reg. rules p. 16 of

Govt. 1212 24.7.24

pp 2-3 of

When the first question Mr. Grieve concurs in the view expressed by Mr. Little

holds that it is more costly for a Muhammadan to live than it is for a member of the depressed classes, assuming that each member lives in the normal style of a poor man of his community.

The differential treatment between Hindu mistresses & mistresses of the depressed classes has not been explained. ~~However, apparently the consideration of the~~ of living expenses.

would ~~therefore~~ appear to be no necessity to maintain a difference in the rates of stipends admissible to teachers belonging to the depressed classes. It is for orders whether

the rate should be increased on grounds of general expediency.

p. 3 of

The maximum extra cost involved in the proposal is estimated by the Director at Rs 4,100 a year

p. 3 of

As regards the proposal ~~relating~~ relating to the system of the payment of

(ii) on p. 11 ante

guardian allowances, the Director is in favour of extending the concession to women teachers of the depressed classes subject to the condition laid down in the last sentence

p. 3 of

of rule 117 of the Madras Educational rules and so long as a similar concession is given to Caste Hindu women.

p. 16 of

G.O. 1212 24-7-24

~~the number of depressed classes women teachers~~ ~~the number of depressed classes women teachers~~ ~~the number of depressed classes women teachers~~

p. 3 of

It seems to be no objection to extending the concession to women teachers of the depressed classes. The extra cost calculated

on the basis of the number of such teachers in all training schools in 1923-24 is estimated at Rs 900 a year. It is

submitted that rule 117 of the Madras Educational rules may

p. 16 of G.O. 1212 24-7-24

may be amended with the concurrence of Finance.

2-3-25 3-3-25 3-3-25

San Edu no 2513C/24-4 5-3-25



In 8887 Exp 7-3-15

Page 11 ante

Finance (Exp).

The proposals of the Law Dept. are (i) to increase the rate of stipends to teachers of the depressed classes undergoing elementary grade training from the present rate of Rs 9/8/- to Rs 10/8/- per mensem, and (ii) to give the women teachers of the depressed classes a guardian allowance of Rs 5/- on the analogy of similar allowances given to Caste Hindu and Muhammadan women.

2. Proposal (i) above: The differential rates were originally fixed, apparently, with reference to the standard of living of the depressed classes and others. The D.P.I (both members Littlehales & Griever) is not in favour of the proposal. But Law (Exp) have put forward this proposal on "grounds

in page 6 ante

p. 3 of

"grounds of general expediency". It is for consideration whether the proposal may be accepted. If so, Law (Edu) may be requested to bring this forward as a Part II Scheme for 1926-27 as it involves an additional recurring expenditure of Rs 4,100 a year.

Page 12 ante

3. Proposal (ii) : The D.P.I recommends the extension of the guardian allowances now given to the Caste Hindu and Muhammadan women teachers to the women teachers of the depressed classes. In an earlier note d. 22.10.24, he has stated that the question of abolishing the allowance now given to Caste Hindu women may be considered. But the Law (Edu) dept. noted that "the question of the abolition of the allowance may not be well received". The reply to the Legislative Council question on this subject was ".... The retention of the allowance is under consideration". It is submitted that there is no justification for the retention of an allowance which is admittedly unnecessary. The Law (Edu) department may be requested

Page 3 C.F.

Para 2 on page 3 C.F.

X on Page 6 ante

K on Page 7 ante

Page 10 ante

A.P.J.A. n. 10 p. 10

p. 11 ante

to consider this question further.

R.S.R.
14-3-25.

V.G.
14-3-25.

I am not aware what a guardian allowance is or why it is granted, but cannot see the necessity of such an allowance in the case of the members of the depressed classes.

RWD

17-3-25.

Law.

Law (Edu) dept

Guardian allowance

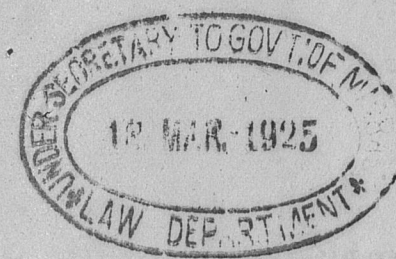
The object of the guardian allowance was originally granted with a view to meet the cost of maintenance of a suitable protector under whose care the recipient of the allowance should reside. Rule 6 in G.O. No 512 Est. of 18.7.1880

2. Increase in the rate of stipend. The proposal is only to apply to those who are belonging to the following

Trinw: 8989 Sep-1
18-3-25

VAS

Law Edu 919 C
18-3-25



URGENT

(P)

#6 24

belonging to the depressed classes the rates admissible to Hindu Motorists and Muhammadan teachers. It is doubtful whether this should

be considered a new scheme. If the

other cost can be met by reappropriation,

the proposal may be given effect to

in 1925-26. For orders whether the Finance

Dept's suggestion that the ~~cost~~ proposal

should be put forward as a

Part II scheme for 1926-27 will

be accepted.

8 23.3.25
23.3.25
23.3.25
23.3.25

ASK D.P.1 why the guardian allowance is required at all

VTK
24/3

A draft no note to the D.P.?

is submitted for approval. Attention is invited to paragraph 7 of the D.P.26 no note on page 7 ante in which Mr. Littlewood

was inclined to the view that the allowance might altogether be discontinued.

24.3.25

24.3.25

DESPATCHED
11 JUL 1925

no 2513 C/24-5

26/8/25

R. sent 24/4

2/5

24

27

19

17 25 (17)

Law (Edn) Sept

Payment of guardian allowances to women teachers of the depressed classes, undergoing training — Paragraph 2 of the Director's letter No. 880 A/24 & 16.2.25.

The Director

p. 3cf

sees no objection to the extension of the concession of a guardian allowance to women teachers of the depressed classes so long as a similar concession is given to Caste Hindu women. The object

p. 4nf

with which the system of guardian allowances was introduced, was apparently to induce educated women to take to training and thus increase the number of qualified women teachers. The allowance was ^{given with a view} to meet the cost of a suitable protector under whose care the recipient of the allowance should reside. The D.P. may be requested to explain fully the necessity for the continuance of the allowance and to state whether the allowance is required at all or whether the discontinuance of the

rule 6 in Govt

512 18.7.20 (B)

allowance will affect the supply of trained women teachers.

2513/WC-5
26.3.25

allowance will affect the supply of trained women teachers.

24.3.25

2/5

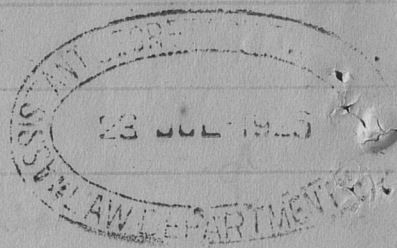
1826
U.O. Reply No. 880. A/24322-7-25

I delayed answering this U.O. reference as I wished to consult Inspectresses and to collect statistics. I find that there are 2200 untrained teachers employed in secondary and elementary schools for girls in the presidency of whom 863 are men and 1337 women. Of the latter, 421 are caste-Hindus and 209 belong to the Muhammadan community. Besides these, there are as many as 2388 trained male teachers in elementary and secondary schools for girls and in the interests of female education they should gradually be replaced by qualified women teachers. Over 50 percent of the teachers employed in girls secondary and primary schools are either untrained women or males. These figures indicate that the continuance of the allowance is desirable as the male teachers should be replaced by females and encouragement is still required to induce caste-Hindu and Muhammadan women to take up the teaching profession. Where there are no hostel facilities it is essential that some protection should be given to them to enable them to undergo training. The balance of opinion leads me to believe that the withdrawal of the allowance would adversely affect the supply of trained women teachers and it has to be remembered that not only are the existing figures for women teachers in girls schools unsatisfactory but that the question of the supply of trained women teachers will become more pressing with the expansion of female education and the opening of new schools.

199
22.7.25

Law (Ed. 21)

The D. P. D. believes that the withdrawal of the guardian allowance will affect adversely the supply of trained women teachers. If the allowance



En 2164 C
23/7/25

p. 3, c. f.

(x) (Rs 10.8.0, the ordinary rate being Rs 9.8.0)

p. 3, c. f.

Law (En) is 2613/21. c. 6
20.7.25



JK 26843-24
21.7.25

Page 18 ante

is retained, the question is whether we should extend it to women students of the depressed classes undergoing training. As noted on page 12 ante, the Director is in favour of such extension. The ultimate extra cost is estimated at Rs 900 a year.

2 The next ^{proposal} question in the file is that the ^(x) Special rate of stipend should be made applicable to women students of the depressed classes undergoing ^{of the lower est. grade} training. The extra cost on this account is Rs 4,100 a year. At page 16 ante, this Dept. has noted that it is unnecessary to place the proposal before the Finance Committee. Finance has to see - vide Finance Secy's query at p. 15 ante.

29.7.25
V.T.K.
30.7

Fin 4.0

Finance (Exp)

Submitted with reference to Finance notes on pp. 13 to 15 ante.

2. The D. P. D. is against the withdrawal of the guardian allowance now given to Caste Hindu & Muhammadan women teachers.

Finance need not be object to its extension.

The necessity for the extension of the allowance to the women teachers of the depressed classes has not been established.

Please see also Mr. Davies' note on p. 15 and Mr. Davis for consideration whether the proposal should be applied to both sides.

As this is a proposal in this file involve a decreasing expenditure of Rs. 5000 per annum.

Law (Govt) consider that it is not necessary to treat these as schemes of new expenditure, if it is possible to meet them by reapprop-

riation in the current year. They have not, however, indicated any source for reappropriation. It is submitted that the proposed expenditure is one not con-

templated at the time of the budget and it will increase the normal budget provision in future years. It is therefore

necessary to treat these proposals as schemes of new expenditure. The Law

(Govt) dept. may be requested to bring them forward as a Part II Schemes for 1926-27.

It is therefore necessary to treat these proposals as schemes of new expenditure.

The Law (Govt) dept. may be requested to bring them forward as a Part II Schemes for 1926-27.

It is therefore necessary to treat these proposals as schemes of new expenditure.

The Law (Govt) dept. may be requested to bring them forward as a Part II Schemes for 1926-27.

It is therefore necessary to treat these proposals as schemes of new expenditure.

Estimated cost to Govt. of 3000
Stipends from Rs. 1000 to Rs. 10000 per month 4000
(ii) Extension of guardian allowance 900
5000
4

pp. 16 + 19 ante

vide para 7 of
to 719 rule
10.8.23

x more "31 D.A. Govt. Special - Govt. Special Schools - Training - Mistresses - Supplies - Services - General - Scholarships & Stipends Page 217 C.B.E.

If a "guardian allowance" is necessary for Anti-Hindus & Muhammadans I can see

4.8.25
H. 8.25

24 29 (19)

no justification of upping to give it to members of the depressed classes.

"General Expediency" is hardly a cogent enough argument to justify increased recurring

expenditure of Rs. 4,000 a year.

I would accept the extension of the guardian allowance to

members of the depressed classes at a cost of Rs. 900 a year.

This cannot be termed new expenditure & need not go to the Finance Committee.

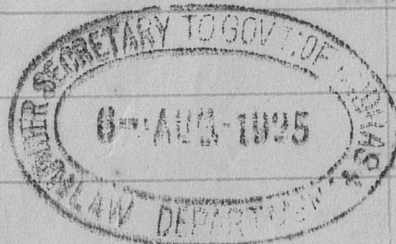
If Law wish to press for the inclusion of stipends, will they please

circulate to C.4? This scheme should I think go to Finance Committee

if it is decided to go forward with it.

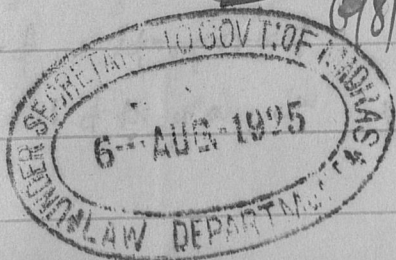
5/8/25

Law



Acc. 626843 Exp. 1
6-8-25

L. Sch 2332C
4/8/25



20 28
22 20
Law (Education) Dept.

(Previous notes need not be read.)

Rule 117 of the Madras Educational Rules provides for the grant of a special stipend of Rs 10-8-0 a month to Hindu ^{Teachers} Mistresses and Muhammadan ~~Mistresses~~ undergoing training of the Lower Elementary grade. The rate provided for teachers of the corresponding grade belonging to the depressed classes is Rs 9-8-0 a month. The same rule authorises the grant of a guardian allowance not exceeding Rs 5 a month to caste Hindu and Muhammadan women who have to undergo training in a place other than their permanent place of residence provided that the allowance is not to be granted ordinarily if the school has a hostel.

2. At the meeting of the Legislative Council held last November Mr. Veerian drew the attention of Government to the differential treatment accorded to the depressed classes and asked that the latter might be placed on a par with others. The Hon'ble the Minister undertook to consider the question.

3. The D.P.I., to whom the matter was referred, pointed out -

(1) that the system of guardian allowance should be retained as its withdrawal would affect adversely the supply of trained women teachers and that mistresses belonging to the depressed classes might also be paid the allowance; but

(2) that the special stipend of Rs 10-8-0 need not be granted to Mistress of the depressed classes

p. 16 of 20
1212 Ed.
(D) 24.7.24

page 10 ante

Paragraph 2, p. 3, ante
w/ note at p. 18 ante

Paragraph 1, p. 3,
C-4

25 31
as the cost of living in their case is less than in the case of Muhammadan ~~Mistresses~~.

4. This department noted that the differential treatment could not be justified and that on the grounds of general expediency depressed classes should be given the same treatment as was accorded to others.

5. The Finance Department agrees to the extension of the concession of guardian allowances to the depressed classes, but would not agree to the extension of the special rate of the stipend (Rs 10-8-0) to the depressed ^{extra} classes. The cost involved in the payment of guardian allowance to the ~~Mistresses~~ belonging to depressed classes is about Rs 900 a year. Finance is of opinion that this need not go before the Finance Committee.

That department desires that, if the grant of the special rate of stipends to the depressed classes is pressed, the case might be circulated to C-4 and that the proposal should go to the Finance Committee. The extra cost involved in this case is estimated at about Rs 4,100 a year. This department ^{considers} ~~has argued~~ that ~~the same~~ as a special stipend of Rs 10-8-0 is already in force in respect of Hindu ~~Mistresses~~ and Muhammadan teachers ~~and that~~ its extension to ^{the} depressed classes need not necessarily be treated as a new scheme requiring to be placed before the Finance Committee. If this view is accepted the D.P.I. will be asked to suggest a re-appropriation.

6. The file may be circulated to M-2 and C-4.

14.8.25

14.8.25

V.T.
15.8

M2

C4

p. 11 & 12 ante

notes that a general expediency is not a cogent argument and

p. 3, ante

4: p. 16 ante

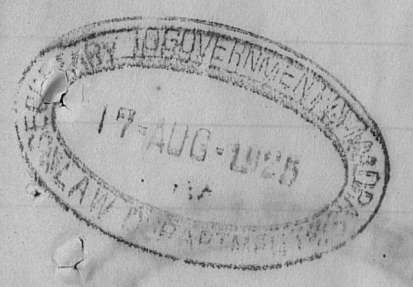
of funds for meeting the extra cost in the current year

(2)

I think standard allowance
 is necessary of dependent classes also.
 In the case of stipends, a
 differentiation is made between
 dependent classes & others -
 The reason assigned is that
 the cost of living in the case
 of these classes is less & their
 standard of life does not
 require more. This reason
 is applicable and equal
 free to same Mussalman
 teachers & lower class of
 caste teachers. I do not
 find proper justification for a
 lower rate. The rate may
 be uniform in all cases.

152525

I have no objection to stipends
 being assimilated at Rs. 10/8,
 but I would suggest that
 after 34 years the time has
 come to abolish "quadrant" allowances
 & simply to allow a somewhat
 higher stipend when a teacher



The allowance was first
 sanctioned in 1892-93
 (1892-93)
 28.8.92

has to go elsewhere for training.
Rs 14 might be allowed in such cases.

15/8/25
Maybe sent to the Hon'ble the Minister.

For the present the Stipend may be raised as in the case of Stipend.

The other question raised by the Hon'ble is whether it is not better to raise the stipend to Rs 18 or 19.

Stipends.

The D.P.I. may be asked to submit a reappropriation statement to meet the extra cost involved. A draft Memo. is submitted.

Guardian allowance.

C-4 would abolish this and give, instead, a higher rate of stipend - Rs 14 - to women teachers who have to take their training elsewhere than in their place of residence. There are 3 grades of women teachers who are to be considered in connection with the suggestion, namely, collegiate, secondary and elementary. The rates of stipends for these are -

	Rs --A --P
(1) Collegiate	20--0--0
(2) Secondary.	14--0--0
(3) Elementary.	10--8--0*

The rate of Rs 14 suggested by the Hon'ble Member will not benefit women teachers of the secondary and collegiate grade but will give elementary grade teachers Rs 3-8-0 extra. Women teachers of the collegiate grade usually undergo training in the Lady Willingdon Training College and live in the hostels of the Queen Mary's college. As guardian allowance is not ordinarily payable where there is hostel accommodation, its withdrawal is not of practical importance so far as collegiate grade mistresses are concerned. The case of secondary grade women teachers is somewhat different. They may have to undergo training in places where there are no hostel facilities and it is perhaps desirable that the rate of stipend in their case should also be raised. Applying the percentage increase suggested by C-4 in the case of elementary grade teachers, the rate for secondary grade women teachers may perhaps be raised from Rs 14 to Rs 18 or 19.

Rule 117 - M.E.R. - p. 16

12/12/24

4 guardian allowance withdrawn

Perhaps Rs 17/8/10 will do.
Rs 18 test
V.T.K.

Id 30104
27 AUG 1925
2332 C-1
26-8-25

208.25
22-8-25

24/8/25
M2
C4
25/8/25

The draft memo, as amended, may now be forwarded by Finance.

25-8-25
26-8-25
Fin U.O.

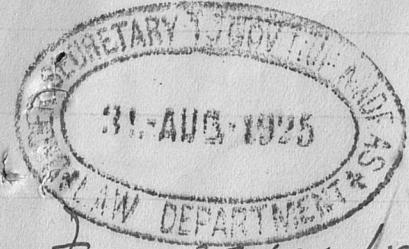
27/25

(77) Finance (Exp.)
(Finance noted last on pp. 19-21 ante)

May be perused and
returned to Law (Edr.)

28.8.25

28.8.25



76.0.80104/24-1
31.8.25

Law

A-2699C
31/8/25

Law (Edr.) supra.

The memo may be
issued.

31/8 31.8.25

Ms 4-5 c. f.

[Issued as Memo No. 2332 C-2d.4.9.25]

C. No. 3761C. From the S.P.D., R.O.C.

10p 6.7 c. 6

No. 880 A/24 d. 16.11.25

The S.P.D. reports that
the extra expenditure involved
in the current year on
account of enhanced stipends
to teachers belonging to the
depressed classes can be
met from the provision under
stipends in the budget
for 1925-26.

A draft order is sub-

Reference is solicited to the Hon'ble the Finance Member's note at pages 32 and 33 of G.O. No. 2094 Law (Education), dated 9th December 1925, and to the passage marked 'A' in the Order. The Government order says that the enhanced rate of stipend admissible to women teachers ~~(higher than European and Anglo-Indian)~~ who have to undergo training of the elementary or secondary grade elsewhere than in their place of residence will not ordinarily be ^{allowed} ~~given~~ "if there is hostel accommodation in the place of training". The proper construction to be placed on the clause quoted above is ^{to read it as if the words} "if there is sufficient hostel accommodation * * *." ^{as stated} In this view there seems to be nothing wrong in sanctioning the enhanced

rate of stipend to a teacher who cannot be admitted to a hostel for want of accommodation. The following telephonic message is for approval:-

Telephonic Message.

From
The Secretary to Government, Law (Education) Deptt.

To
The Director of Public Instruction.

Your telephonic message of the 18th instant.

The enhanced rate of stipend sanctioned in G.O. No. 2094 Law (Education), dated 9-12-1925, may be (A) sanctioned to mistresses who cannot be admitted to hostels for want of accommodation in them. In such cases the Inspectress should obtain from the head of the training school a certificate to the effect that the mistress concerned had to leave her ^{permanent} place of residence for the purpose of training and that she could not be taken into the hostel for want of room.

4: Rule 117 - p. 16

Post copy to the D.P.I.

Copy to the A.G. with
of D.P.I.'s T.M.

(To be stitched with
G.O. No. 2094 Law (Education), dated 9-12-25
after issue.)

Telephonic Message.

From
The Director of Public Instruction.

To
The Secretary to Government, Law (Education) Deptt.

Refce. Your T.M. of the 1st instant stating that increased rate of stipends may be granted to mistresses who are not provided with hostel accommodation for want of room.

Kindly inform me whether the enhanced rate referred to above can be given to Indian Christian mistresses who according to rule 117 of the Madras

4: para 4 of 2-25
(A) 2094/25

Educational Rules are eligible for the ordinary rate of stipends.

Law (Edn) Deptt

In G.O. No. 2094 Law (Education), dated 9-12-1925, the guardian allowance admissible (in addition to the special rate of stipend) to Hindu and Muhammadan mistresses was abolished and a consolidated rate of stipends were substituted. As Indian Christian mistresses were never eligible ~~for~~ either for guardian allowance or for special rates of stipends consolidated rates of stipends cannot be given to them. The following reply is for approval:-

Reply.

Indian Christian mistresses have never been eligible either for guardian allowance or for the special rate of stipends. The enhanced rate of stipend sanctioned in G.O. No. 2094 Law (Education), dated 9-12-1925 for mistresses who undergo training elsewhere than in their place of residence cannot be therefore be given to Indian Christian mistresses.

DESPATCHED
26 JUL 1926



Supra

The question asked is whether
the enhanced rate of stipend
can be given to Indian Christian mistresses
G.O. 2094/25 is applicable.
The answer will be that Hindu
mistresses are eligible for guardian allowance
but Indian Christian mistresses are not.

Reference : - M-2'smt note - page 3 ante.

The Educational Rules provide for : --

(i) an ordinary scale stipends,
and (ii) a special scale of stipends applicable to mistresses belonging to the European, the Anglo Indian the Muhammadan, and the Hindu (including depressed classes) communities.

Till recently the rules also provided for the grant of a guardian allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 to caste Hindu and Muhammadan Women who had to go out of their place of permanent residence for training provided the school in which they underwent training had no hostel.

2. At a meeting of the Legislative Council meeting held on the 13th November 1924 Mr. R. Veerian, M.L.C., asked the Government why the system of paying guardian allowance should not be extended to depressed classes. In examining the question the Hon'ble the Finance Member noted as follows : --

"** But I would suggest that after 34 years "the time has come to abolish guardian allowances and "simply to allow a somewhat higher stipend where a "teacher has to go elsewhere for training. Rs. 14 "might be allowed in such cases".

The payment of a guardian allowance was accordingly stopped and enhanced rates of stipends, in place of the special rates adverted to above were allowed to mistresses, other than European and Anglo-Indian, mistresses belonging to the depressed classes ~~and~~ ^{are} eligible for these enhanced rates. The Director asks whether the enhanced rates would apply to Indian Christian mistresses. It was proposed to say in reply that as Indian Christian mistresses had never been eligible either for special rates of stipends or for guardian allowance the enhanced stipends, ~~which came in substitution of the guardian allowance,~~ could not be allowed to them.

Rule 117 - p. 15 of

Lo. 1212 of ad amended

(P) 24.7.24

by Lo. 2094 of

(A) 9.12.25

Lo. 214 of (D)

26.4.26

(M) 904 of 1000 of

18.5.26

1.6.26

p. 6 of (M)

p. 8 of (M)

p. 32 of Lo.

2094 of (A)

9.12.25

3. With reference to the Honourable the Minister's note on page 3 ante, it is submitted that Mr. J. A. Saldanha, M.L.C., has more than once asked in the Legislative Council why the special rates of stipends should not be allowed to Indian Christian mistresses. In connection with one of his questions M 2 desired that the question should be examined. The D.P.I. who was requested to advise reported that neither on economic grounds nor on grounds of educational backwardness was there a need for giving the special rates of stipends to Indian Christian women. He added that Indian Christian Mistresses were offering themselves for training in sufficiently large numbers on the prevailing rates of stipends. The Director's view was concurred in and no action was taken.

For orders whether the question of guardian allowances or rather, the enhanced stipend substituted therefor, will be viewed from a different stand-point.

18.7.26

19.7.26

M2

D.G. said my be a couple
of the time

The telephonic ~~message~~ at
p. 3 ante may issue.

22.7.26

22/7

Telephone.

From

The Director of Public Instruction.

To

The Secretary to Government,

Law and Education Department.

Ref. G.O.No. 2094 Law (Education) dated 9th December 1925
amending rule 117 Madras Educational Rules.

Kindly inform me whether the enhanced rate of stipends
at Rs.10/8 per month can be given to Adi Andhra students under
training who subsequently became Christians while under going
training.

J. C. Chumoff
for Director of Public Instruction

Post copy.

2i
27.9.

Law and Education Department.

Pupils belonging to the depressed classes
undergoing training of the elementary grade are
eligible for a stipend of Rs.10-8-0 each a month, while Indian Christian pupils are allowed only a
stipend of Rs.8-8-0. The D.P.I. enquires whether an
Adi-Dravida pupil who was given the higher rates of
stipend on admission to training may continue to
draw it if he becomes a Christian while undergoing
training. In G.O. No. 1048 Law (Education), dated
7-6-1926, it has been ruled that a pupil belonging
to one of the backward classes who is in receipt of
a half fee concession or scholarship should not be
deprived of it if such pupil becomes a Christian
while holding the concession or scholarship. On
the analogy of this, the D.P.I. may be informed
that pupils belonging to the depressed classes may
be given the enhanced rate of stipend if they become
Christians while undergoing training. The draft

2. The Government have examined the questions and are pleased to direct that the special rate of stipend admissible to teachers belonging

to the depressed classes undergoing lower elementary grade training be raised from Rs 9-8-0 to Rs 10-8-0 a month with effect from the 1st July 1925.

3. The Government consider that there is no necessity in view of changed social conditions, to continue the guardian allowance provided for in the educational rules. They therefore direct that the allowance be abolished with effect from 1-1-1926 and that enhanced rates of stipends be granted to women teachers, other than European and Anglo-Indian who have to undergo training of the secondary or elementary grade elsewhere than in their places of residence provided that ordinarily such enhanced stipends will not be given if there is hostel accommodation in the place of training.

4. The following amendments to rule 117 of the Madras Educational Rules will be published in the Fort St. George Gazette:-

Amendments.

(i) For Rs 9-8-0 against "Depressed Classes" under 'Elementary Department' substitute Rs 10-8-0.

(ii) For the last sub-paragraph of the rule substitute the following:-

"In place of the rates quoted above
"enhanced rates of stipends at the following rates will be granted to mistresses,
"other than European and Anglo-Indian
"mistresses, who have to undergo secondary
"or elementary grade training elsewhere
"than in their places of residence:-

Elementary grade .. Rs 14 a month
Secondary grade .. Rs 17-8-0 "

These enhanced rates will be granted only to women who do not permanently reside in the town where the school in which they are being trained is situated; enhanced stipends will not, however, be given if the school has a hostel connected with it.

I.B.M.

E.A.V.
25-11-25

C.R.
25-11-25

To
The D.P.I. (with refce. to his letter R.O.C. 800-A/24, dated 16-11-25

" A.G. Thro the Finance Dept.
" Copy to the Finance Dept.
" S.G.P. for publication of para-
- graph 4 in the F.S. G. G.
Copy to the Law (Genl) Dept.

in print
DESPATCHED
19 DEC 1925
13

p 16 of G.O. No. 1212 LE
24-7-24

Law (Edu) Deptd

14 DEC 1925

G.O. No. 2094, 9th December 1925

Educational Rules—Rule 117—Stipends to teachers belonging to the depressed classes—Increased—Guardian allowances abolished.

Order—No. 2094, Law (Education), dated 9th December 1925.

In connexion with an interpellation at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 13th November 1924, the Government undertook—

(1) to consider the question of enhancing the special rate of stipend allowed to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing lower elementary grade training; and

(2) to re-examine the principle underlying the provision in the Madras Educational Rules for payment of guardian allowance to women teachers undergoing training elsewhere than in their places of residence.

2. The Government have examined the questions and are pleased to direct that the special rate of stipend admissible to teachers belonging to the depressed classes undergoing lower elementary grade training be raised from Rs. 9-8-0 to Rs. 10-8-0 a month with effect from the 1st July 1925.

3. The Government consider that there is no necessity in view of changed social conditions, to continue the guardian allowance provided for in the educational rules. They therefore direct that the allowance be abolished with effect from 1st January 1926 and that enhanced rates of stipends be granted to women teachers, other than European and Anglo-Indian who have to undergo training of the secondary or elementary grade elsewhere than in their places of residence provided that ordinarily such enhanced stipends will not be given if there is hostel accommodation in the place of training.

4. The following amendments to rule 117 of the Madras Educational Rules will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* :—

Amendments.

(i) For Rs. 9-8-0 against 'Depressed classes' under 'Elementary Department' substitute Rs. 10-8-0.

(ii) For the last sub-paragraph of the rule substitute the following :—

"In place of the rates quoted above enhanced rates of stipends at the following rates will be granted to mistresses, other than European and Anglo-Indian mistresses, who have to undergo secondary or elementary grade training elsewhere than in their places of residence :—

	RS.	A.	P.
Elementary grade	14	0	0 a month.
Secondary grade	17	8	0 „ „

These enhanced rates will be granted only to women who do not permanently reside in the town where the school in which they are being trained is situated; enhanced stipends will not, however, be given if the school has a hostel connected with it.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Education)

V. T. KRISHNAMA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

„ Accountant-General, through the Finance Department.

„ Superintendent, Government Press, for publication of paragraph 4 in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

Copy to the Finance Department.

„ Law (General) Department.

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT

DEPARTMENT.

Current No. 3761C, dated 192

G.O. No. 2094 dated 9-12-1925

Number of MS. pages sent

Correspondence 3 pages
(b)
Notes

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b¹) For rules regarding printing of notes, see rule 315 of the office Manual.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

Brief subject: Ed. Rules. Rule 117

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B

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