

N. P.

Government of Madras

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 1557, 25th October 1921

University Commission (Calcutta)

Recommendations—Applicability to Madras—Committee—Appointment of — ordered.

F.
S.
Diwan

Don
M

my

Government of Madras

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 1557, 25th October 1921

University Commission (Calcutta)

Recommendations—Applicability to Madras—Committee—Appointment of—ordered.

Order—No. 1557, Law (Education), dated 25th October 1921.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921 the Government accepted a resolution to appoint a committee to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The Government have accordingly decided to appoint a committee of officials and non-officials and the following ladies and gentlemen have consented to serve on the committee:—

Non-officials.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., F.M.U., Principal, Pittapur Raja's College, Cocanada, *President*.
2. " T. A. Ramalingam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Coimbatore.
3. The Rev. P. Verdure, Cuddalore.
4. M.R.Ry. S. Arundaswami Udayar Avargal, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
5. " Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghaya Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., F.M.U.
6. " M. Krishnan Nayar Avargal, M.L.C.
7. Miss E. McDougall, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Women's Christian College, Madras.
8. M.R.Ry. B. Maniswami Nayudu Garu, B.A., B.L., M.L.C.
9. Abbas Ali Khan Bahadur, M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, M.L.C., Madras.
10. M.R.Ry. K. Ramanoja Achari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
11. " G. A. Natesan Avargal, B.A., F.M.U., Madras.
12. " M. Ratnaswami Avargal, M.A. (Cantab.) Bar-at-Law, Principal, Pachaiyappa's College, Madras.
13. The Rev. W. Weston, M.A., B.D., M.L.C., F.M.U., Principal, Madras Christian College.
14. M.R.Ry. P. Siva Rao Avargal, M.L.C., Bellary.
15. The Rev. X. Miller, M.A., B.D., Pasumalai, Madras.
16. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao Pantulu Garu, President, District Board, South Kanara.
17. " P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T., Headmaster, Triplicane High School.
18. " Rao Sahib P. Ethirajulu Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
19. The Rev. W. M. Zumbro, M.A., B.D., F.M.U., Madras.
20. M.R.Ry. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., L.T., Principal, Kallikote College, Berhampur.
21. " O. Tanikachalam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Madras.

Officials.

23. Mr. R. Littlehales, M.A., M.L.C., Director of Public Instruction.
23. " H. S. Duncan, M.A., F.M.U., Acting Principal, Presidency College, Madras.
24. " R. G. Grove, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet.
25. " C. L. Cartwright, F.M.U., Acting Principal, Engineering College, Madras.
26. Abdur Rahim Sahib Bahadur, F.M.U., Additional Deputy Director of Public Instruction.
27. Miss De la Hay, F.M.U., Principal, Queen Mary's College for Women, Madras.
28. M.R.Ry. C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., F.M.U., *Advocate-General*.
29. Mr. M. K. Dandekar, F.M.U., Principal, Institute of Commerce, Madras.
30. Lt.-Col. F. F. Elwes, Acting Principal, Medical College, Madras.
31. Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T., Inspector of Schools, Madras.

Secretaries.

1. M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C.
2. " C. D. Subrahmanya Chettiyar Avargal, M.A., Principal, Brennen College, Tellicherry.

2. The non-official members of the committee will be allowed to draw travelling allowance and daily allowance at the rates allowed for first-class officers.

3. Under Article 1159 of the Civil Service Regulations the Director of Public Instruction is declared to be the Controlling officer for the purpose of countersigning the travelling allowance bills of the members of the committee.

4. The Director of Public Instruction is requested to make specific reappropriation of funds under §1. Education before extra expenditure is incurred on account of travelling allowance of the non-official members.

5. The meeting place of the committee will be Committee room, Fort St. George, and the Secretaries will arrange dates in consultation with the President of the Committee.

6. The committee is requested to submit its report not later than the 31st January next.

7. The following Press Communiqué will be issued :—

PRESS COMMUNIQUÉ.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921, the Government accepted the following resolution on the re-organization of the Educational system in this Presidency :—

“That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions.”

The object of the Government in accepting this resolution and the main objects which they desire the committee contemplated should have in view are briefly set out below.

2. In order to co-ordinate the various changes that are taking place in higher education in this Presidency and in view of the fact that the Madras University Senate appointed a committee to deal with the report of the Calcutta University Commission and the final recommendations of the Senate on the subject, the Government consider it desirable to examine specially the recommendations of the Commission and ascertain how far they may with advantage be adopted in this Presidency. While the Government do not wish to commit themselves beforehand to any opinions, they are fully aware of the essential differences between the character of the secondary and intermediate education imparted in this Presidency and in Bengal as well as the differences in the nature of the authorities administering and controlling this part of the educational system in the two Presidencies. While the Government recognize the value to be attached to the recommendations of the Madras University, they have come to the conclusion that it will be very valuable to have before them the opinion and advice of a select body of officials and non-officials, before final action is taken on the re-organization of the educational system in this Presidency. They have accordingly decided to appoint a representative committee consisting of the following persons :—

Non-officials.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., F.M.U., Retired Principal, Pittapur Raja's College, Coimbatore.
2. T. A. Rāmalīngam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Coimbatore.
3. The Rev. P. Verdure, Cuddalore.
4. M.R.Ry. S. Arpudāsami Udayar Avargal, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
5. Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., F.M.U.
6. Diwan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nayar Avargal, M.L.C.
7. Miss E. McDougall, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Women's Christian College, Madras.
8. M.R.Ry. B. Muniswami Nayudu Garu, B.A., B.L., M.L.C.
9. Abbasali Khan Bahadur, M.A., B.L., Bar-at-Law, M.L.C., Madras.
10. M.R.Ry. K. Ramanuja Achari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
11. G. A. Natesan Avargal, B.A., F.M.U., Madras.
12. M. Ratnaswami, M.A. (Cantab.), Bar-at-Law, Principal, Pachaiyappa's College, Madras.
13. The Rev. W. Weston, M.A., B.D., M.L.C., F.M.U., Principal, Madras Christian College.

14. M.R.Ry. P. Siva Rao Avargal, M.L.C., Bellary.
15. Rev. X. Miller, M.A., D.D., Pasumalai, Madras.
16. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao, President, District Board, South Kanara.
17. P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T., Headmaster, Triplicane High School.
18. Rao Sahib P. Ehirajula Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
19. The Rev. W. M. Zumbro, M.A., B.D., F.M.U., Madras.
20. M.R.Ry. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., L.T., Principal, Kallikota College, Berhampur.
21. O. Tanikaohalam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Madras.

Officials.

22. Mr. R. Littlehales, M.A., M.L.C., Director of Public Instruction.
23. H. S. Duncan, M.A., F.M.U., Acting Principal, Presidency College, Madras.
24. R. G. Grieve, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet.
25. C. L. Cartwright, F.M.U., Acting Principal, Engineering College, Madras.
26. Abdur Rahim Sahib Bahadur, F.M.U., Additional Deputy Director of Public Instruction.
27. Miss De la Hey, F.M.U., Principal, Queen Mary's College for Women, Madras.
28. M.R.Ry. C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., F.M.U., Advocate-General.
29. Mr. M. K. Dandekar, F.M.U., Principal, Institute of Commerce, Madras.
30. Lt.-Col. F. F. Elwes, Acting Principal, Medical College, Madras.
31. Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T., Inspector of Schools, Madras.

Secretaries.

1. M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C.
2. C. D. Subrahmanya Chetti Avargal, M.A., Principal, Brennon College, Tellicherry.

3. The main recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission may be summarised as follows :—

(1) *Secondary and Intermediate education.*—The Commission in dealing with this part of the system had to face a set of conditions which it is believed has no parallel in this Presidency. The system in Bengal was far too wide and unfortunately far too inefficient. Within it were over 850 high schools, roughly half the number of all the high schools in British India. These were all nominally under the University, but the University having no inspecting staff of its own and with little control over the grant-in-aid was in a position of absolute helplessness when it came across schools which needed improvements. Many of the schools were proprietor-managed institutions and these for obvious reasons were averse to any departmental control. The result was that about half the total number of schools in Bengal were not, in the words of the Commission, even in the remotest degree under the supervision of any other authority. As regards the teaching staff, the teachers there as is clear from the Commission's report, were very ill-paid generally and ill-equipped for the profession. ‘The control of this system’—whatever that might mean—was vested in the University which was ill-equipped for efficiently discharging its liabilities. The power of control is vested in this Presidency in a department which is helped in certain matters by an independent Board and which latterly has been under the guidance of a Minister responsible to the Legislative Council.

It was to reform a system like this that the Commission felt bound to recommend measures which appear to be at the outset to be radical. They suggest that the intermediate stage should be definitely regarded as part of the school course, an opinion which, it may be noted, has the approval of the Madras University and recommend that its control should be vested in the same body as has the control of the high school course. Ruling out the University and the Department of Public Instruction of Bengal as not being suitable for reasons which appear to be more local than general, for efficiently looking after the secondary education (including the Intermediate stage), they propose the creation of a Board representing all shades of opinions with all or nearly all the power exercised hitherto by the University and the department. It will be one of the main functions of the committee now appointed to ascertain and report what this Presidency needs in this direction.

(2) *The Calcutta University.*—Here again the state of things which the Commission had to examine seems to differ to an appreciable extent from the conditions with which Madras is familiar. Here in Madras the University on its teaching side does not deal with over 1,200 students in its M.A. and M.Sc. classes with something like

200 members responsible for their teaching and has not in some of the individual colleges affiliated to it anything like 1,800 students under instruction. Nor is there in Madras any proprietor-managed colleges which show huge profits and starved teachers at the end of the year. The Madras University and colleges seem to be of more manageable character. But some of the defects noticed by the Commission in Calcutta occur also here and it is for consideration whether Madras cannot gain something from Calcutta's experiences. The Commission recognize in their recommendations that on the several bodies responsible for a University, elements of varied character, State, popular, lay, academic, industrial, should all find a place and have with great precision marked out the respective spheres of each. The day of nomination seems to be over in this as in most other public bodies. The future relations of all the colleges to one another and to the University are all clearly marked out and it cannot be that Madras will not find much in all these that will be to its profit.

(3) *Unitary Teaching University.*—The Dacca University.

Early in their deliberations, the Commission seem to have come to the conclusion that a University should as far as possible—a very real qualification—be a unitary teaching University and where it has to affiliate colleges, there should not in any case be at any one time among them anything like 26,000 students, the number under instruction in the college classes in Bengal in 1917-18. To avoid this as well as to make the University a real teaching corporation and not merely an examination syndicate, the Commission suggest that at the outset the Dacca University which has been under discussion since 1912 should be established as a simple unitary teaching University. They recommend also that some of the mufassal colleges after having been carefully chosen at the outset should be fostered and treated as potential Universities fit to become independent teaching Universities like Dacca in due course. The Madras University, though it cannot compare in magnitude with the Calcutta University, is large enough and the question of a separate University for the northern districts is neither new nor premature. It may be that other Universities may be useful in other centres, but the whole question is primarily though not solely a question of finance. The Commission have dealt with, besides the above, a number of topics which are of great importance not only to Bengal but also to other presidencies. Their views on these as on the rest may not be binding as definite recommendations but as suggestions they will be of much use to this Committee.

4. As regards the terms of reference, the Committee's work will be to discuss the resolution of the Legislative Council and to examine the other questions relating to—

(1) the necessity for making general changes in the curriculum and scope of the secondary and intermediate education and recommend measures to bring it into a line with the present day needs, that is, the immediate needs of secondary education with special reference to vocational education;

(2) the relation that the intermediate education should bear to secondary education and to University education;

(3) the authority in whom the control and administration of the secondary and the intermediate education should vest, the relation that should exist between the local Government as the agency in general responsible for this part of the educational work and the authority that should control this; and the financing of the University and secondary education.

5. The Committee is at liberty to make recommendations, if any, which are not contemplated by the Calcutta University Commission or the Senate of the Madras University.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Education)

P. C. DUTT,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Registrar, University of Madras.
" Members of the Committee.
" Accountant-General (through the Finance Department).
" Publicity officer.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION),
DATED 25TH OCTOBER 1921

[SUBJECT.—*Appointment of a Committee to consider the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission*]

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE.

Mr. T. A. RAMALINGAM CHETTIYAR:—

79. That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a representative committee of the House to examine the proposals made by the Sadler Commission for the reform of Secondary Education and for the formation of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate education with certain powers and duties, to consider the needs of Secondary and Intermediate education in the circumstances obtaining in this Presidency, and to report on the changes necessary in the courses of study prescribed, the feasibility of introducing vocational courses and advisability of forming a Board of Secondary Education or a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education for the Madras Presidency and the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties to be assigned to it.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 20th November 1919, Mr. P. Siva Rao moved a resolution recommending the appointment of a Committee to consider and report on the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission. In that connexion His Excellency the Governor explained to the Council that the Senate of the Madras University had appointed several sub-committees to consider the recommendations of the Commission and that the Government would await the reports of these sub-committees before taking any further action—vide G.O. No. 77, dated 16th January 1920 and paragraph 4 on page 3 of G.O. No. 82, dated 18th January 1921. The same member of the Legislative Council later on in August 1920, moved a resolution recommending the constitution in this Presidency of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate education on the lines recommended by the Sadler Commission but, after discussion, he withdrew the resolution when it was pointed out to him that the reports of the sub-committees were not then received by the Government—vide notes recorded in G.O. No. 82, dated 18th January 1921.

2. In February 1921, Mr. S. Srinivasa Ayyangar proposed to move a resolution recommending the appointment of a committee of non-officials (two-thirds of such committee consisting of Indians and educationists) to enquire into the condition of secondary education in this Province and to suggest a comprehensive scheme of reforms in connexion therewith (G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921.) The Director of Public Instruction noted as follows in that connexion (pages 5-6 of G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921:—

" I have two objections to this resolution—

" (1) It is premature. The University is likely in the near future to recast in a radical manner the Intermediate courses of study. It would be unwise and very likely a mere waste of time to attempt any revision of courses of study in secondary schools before final shape is given to the Intermediate courses. When this has been done, it will probably be necessary to appoint a committee to consider the revision of Secondary education."

"I have assumed in these remarks that Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar primarily refers in his resolution to course of study but by the phrase 'a comprehensive scheme of reforms' he may mean much more than this. Even if he does, the resolution is premature, as for any changes in secondary education we must be in a position to know what has been done with reference to University matters and control of Intermediate courses.

"(2) My other objection to the resolution is the composition of the proposed committee. In the first place it is a committee of non-officials. Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar betrays his distrust of official elements but obviously if a comprehensive scheme of reform of secondary education is to be considered, officials who as inspectors or in administrative posts or as teachers have been in intimate touch with secondary education and its development ought to be on such a committee. Again, though the English is not quite clear, two-thirds of this non-official committee is to consist of Indian educationists. It is quite possible that Government might appoint a committee two-thirds of which was constituted as suggested, but I do not think that Government should bind themselves to appoint any fixed proportion based on racial distinctions to membership of a committee. If it was ever necessary to appoint a committee to suggest a comprehensive scheme of reforms in secondary education, such a committee should be composed of both officials and non-officials, the fittest being selected irrespective of caste or creed"—pages 5-6 of G.O. No. 77, Home (Education), dated 16th January 1920.

Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar, however, did not move the resolution which was therefore deemed to have been withdrawn—G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921.

3. The reports of the Sub-Committees referred to in paragraph 1 ante and the recommendations of the full committee appointed by the Senate to consider the Sadler Commission's Report, have since been received—vide report put up. After considering the recommendations of the Committee, the Senate passed a series of resolutions a copy of which is put up. The file on the subject is separately under consideration.

4. The resolution on page 1 ante deals with two main points, viz., (1) Reform of Secondary and Intermediate education and (2) constitution of a Board of Secondary or Secondary and Intermediate Education for this Presidency. As regards (1) it is submitted that after a careful consideration of the Senate Committee's recommendations the Senate has finally adopted the following resolutions:—

"(1) That in the opinion of the Senate it is desirable to remodel the Intermediate courses in such a way as to provide

(a) "for the completion of school education at the Intermediate stage with a view to technical training and commercial life and the like;

(b) "for further education in University degree courses.

(2) "That the control of the Intermediate courses and examination as contemplated in the resolution already adopted be vested in the University.

(3) "That, in order to give effect to Resolution 1 the Syndicate be requested to appoint, after consulting the Boards of Studies, a committee to frame the necessary courses of study, and that the courses so framed be placed before the Senate for adoption."

The Director of Public Instruction is in hearty accord with these resolutions and has stated that when the Committee referred to in resolution (3) above has framed the required courses of study, it will be necessary, as a corollary, for Government to appoint a committee to examine the *Secondary School* courses, having more particularly in view the utilitarian aspect of education. He will doubtless submit in due course detailed proposals for the appointment of a Government Committee to enquire into the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate courses of study.—

5. In regard to the other point, viz., the constitution of a Board of Secondary or Secondary and Intermediate Education, it is submitted that the Senate Committee did recommend the establishment of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education and defined the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties that should be assigned to it—vide paragraphs 4-7 on pages VIII to IX of its report. But the

Senate rejected these recommendations by an overwhelming majority of about 50 to 6. The remarks of the Director of Public Instruction on this question are extracted below:—

Extract of a letter from the Director of Public Instruction, R.O.C. No. 3227, dated the 31st March 1921.

"At quite an early stage in the debate it became evident that the Fellows were not prepared slavishly to follow the Commissioner's recommendations as being directly applicable to Madras. There was a recognition that there existed radical differences, administrative, social and historical between the conditions prevailing in Bengal and those obtaining in Madras.

"3. It was this last general consideration which was the determining factor in the decision arrived at by the Senate with reference to the Intermediate courses of study and the Board of Intermediate and Secondary education proposed by the Commission in this connexion. By an overwhelming majority of about 50 votes to 6, the Board was decently and I trust finally interred. It was felt, as regards its constitution that a main objection was that educational experts could not easily secure adequate representation on the Board. One member of the Senate pointed out that as proposed in the Senate Committee's original resolutions the Board must have on it a majority who did not know their business. Moreover it was thought dangerous to attempt to apply to Madras proposals which had been made to suit the wholly different conditions prevailing in Bengal. It is rumoured that even in Calcutta the Board is not accepted. Objection was also taken to the powers which it was

Since adopted in Bengal.

proposed to entrust to the Board. It was feared that the Board would in practice become an autocracy. The Director would really control the Board and might shelter himself behind the Board when mistakes had been made or in reply to criticisms. Again, the Board as proposed would be irresponsible. They were to inspect and examine themselves and therefore there would be no check upon what they did. Further, if there were a majority of non-officials they should act as a body not as individuals, and be directly responsible to nobody. Other Fellows objected that it would not be possible in the conditions prevailing in Madras to secure a sufficient number of suitable men of leisure and culture to do the large mass of work involved. For the Board adequately to perform the function proposed to be assigned to it, it would be necessary to have long and continuous sittings.

"It seems again improbable that the Native States would approve the Board. At present these States are quite prepared to deal either with the Director of Public Instruction or with the Syndicate but not with a non-official Board, nor would they accept inspection by the Board of institutions in Native States, particularly when these Native States themselves would or might have no representatives on the Board.

"In addition to these objections and reinforcing them it was felt that the fundamental objection to this essentially non-official irresponsible Board was that though the Sadler Commission when completing their report had in view the Reforms, the proposals actually were framed before the introduction of the reforms. Their introduction creates a fundamental difference between conditions prevailing before and after. Education is now a transferred subject with a Minister directly responsible to the House and the interposition of a Board between the Minister and his direct responsibility to the popular representatives was felt to be a form of educational devolution which was essentially undemocratic in character. It should not be possible for the Minister any more than for the Director of Public Instruction to shelter himself, behind the *ipse dixit* of any Board.

"These general objections appealed strongly to the Senate and additional objection from the official point of view could be pointed out. Some of these objections are to be found stated in the Government of India's letter communicated in G.O. No. 316, Home (Education), dated the 12th March 1920. In the event, as I have said, only about six persons voted for the establishment of a Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education. About 50 voted against it, this 50 comprising every shade of opinion."

6. Thus it will be seen that the question as to how far the recommendations of the Sadler Commission may be usefully adopted in this Presidency has already been fully considered by a strong committee of members appointed by the Senate. Besides, the Senate will shortly constitute a committee to frame the necessary courses of study for the Intermediate examination while the Government after knowing the result of the deliberations of that committee are likely to appoint a similar committee for the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate courses of study. In these circumstances, it does not appear that any necessity exists for the appointment of a committee of the Legislative Council either to examine afresh the proposals of the Sadler Commission or to review and reconsider the recommendations of the Senate Committee which consisted mostly of experienced educational experts and was representative of the various educational interests concerned. It does not appear desirable nor necessary to act independently of the Senate. The Bombay Government have also decided similarly—vide Mr. Paranjape's speech.

7. For orders (1) whether the resolution will be opposed, (2) as to who will take charge of the resolution, and (3) whether any further information is required.

A.S.—6-7-21. T.K.—6-7-21. C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—8-7-21.
R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—8-7-21.

It is desirable to know what the Director of Public Instruction says on the present resolution of the Member, Legislative Council. The decision by the Senate as against the report by the Committee was influenced by circumstances which are not easy to accept. I would wish to know what the Director of Public Instruction says. The resolution is of great importance.

A. P. P[ATRO]—26-7-21.

The file may be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction u.o for remarks.

C.R.—27-7-21.

P. C. DUTT—27-7-21.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

U.O. Reply.

With suitable modifications in the resolution, I should advise Government to accept it. The fact that certain conclusions have been come to by the Senate need not specially prejudice the Government in their favour. The acceptance of a suitably worded resolution to consider the applicability of the Sadler Commission Report to conditions in this Presidency would set at rest—at least I hope it would for a time—many political forces which are using 'education' as a plank in the platform of public oratory.

Any committee which is to be appointed should be very carefully selected, should be fairly large and should not be confined to members of the Legislative Council.

I suggest that Government might accept a resolution worded somewhat as follows:—

'That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to the conclusions.'

I have not dealt in detail with the points raised in the resolution. A committee is quite unnecessary to report for example on the feasibility of vocational courses; these courses have already been introduced in this Presidency and steps are being taken to extend them.

R. LITTLEHAILES—29-7-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

For orders as to circulation to M-3 and as to who will take charge of the resolution.
T.K.—30-7-21. C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—30-7-21.

A committee, as suggested by the Director of Public Instruction may prove useful. Everything will depend on the proper selection of members of the committee. A committee of the Legislative Council will hardly be of any use. The question may, however, be decided after the report of the Senate Committee is considered by Government.

P. C. DUTT—30-7-21.

I discussed the matter with the Director of Public Instruction. The resolution suggested by him will be accepted.

A. P. P[ATRO]—1-8-21.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE.

RESOLUTION No. 79.

Amendment of a committee to suggest reforms in Secondary and Intermediate Education.

Mr. T. A. Ramalinga Chettiyar:—

'79 [30] That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a representative committee of the House to examine the proposals made by the Sadler Commission for the reform of Secondary Education and for the formation of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education, with certain powers and duties, to consider the need of Secondary and Intermediate Education in the circumstances obtaining in this Presidency and to report on the changes necessary in the courses of study prescribed, the feasibility of introducing vocational courses and the advisability of forming a Board of Secondary Education or a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education for the Madras Presidency and the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties to be assigned to it.'

In the absence of the Honourable Member, the resolution was by leave of the House, moved by Mr. Tangavelu Pillai and seconded by Mr. Suryanarayanamurthi Nayudu. Whereupon Mr. Shanmukham Chettiyar moved the amendment noted below which was duly seconded. The House having signified its readiness to discuss the resolution as amended and the mover having consented to this course, the discussion proceeded on the amended resolution. The resolution was accepted by the Hon'ble the Minister for Education, was put to the House and carried unanimously.

L. D. SWAMIKANNU—1-9-21.

AMENDMENT TO RESOLUTIONS ON MATTERS OF GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST.

Resolution No. 79 included in the list of business for 1st September 1921.

M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal:—

Remove all the words beginning from 'Representative committee' and substitute the following:—

'Committee of officials and non-officials to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions.'

L.D.S.—1-9-21.

Government accepted the following resolution on the reorganization of Educational system in the Presidency.

'That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider the applicability of the recommendations

of the Calcutta University Report to the Madras Presidency with special reference to the recommendations made in this regard by the University of Madras and to make suitable recommendations to Government in this respect.

In accepting the resolution I explained the position in the Presidency and referred in detail to the scope of the enquiry to be held by the committee.

The committee should finish its enquiry and communicate recommendations before 1st December 1921.

The following persons are appointed as members of the Committee.

Non-officials.

1. Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., F.M.U.
 2. Mr. T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar, M.L.C., Coimbatore.
 3. Rev. P. Verdure, Cuddalore.
 4. Mr. S. Arpudawami Udaiyar, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
 5. Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar, M.L.C., F.M.U.
 6. Diwan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nayar, M.L.C.
 7. Miss E. MacDonnell.
 8. Mr. B. Vaniyasami Nayudu, M.L.C.
 9. Alibas Ali Khan Bahadur, M.A., M.L.C., Madura.
 10. Mr. K. Ramanaiah Chari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
 11. " K. Hanumantha Rao, Principal, National College, Masulipatam.
 12. " G. A. Natesan, F.M.U., Madras.
 13. " M. Ratnaswami, Principal, Pachaiyappa's College.
 14. Rev. W. Weston, M.L.C., F.M.U., Principal, Christian College, Madras.
 15. Mr. P. Siva Rao, M.L.C., Bellary.
 16. Rev. X. Miller, Pasmalai, Madura.
 17. Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao, President, District Board, Mangalore.
 18. Mr. P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Headmaster, Triplicane High School.
 19. Rao Sahib P. Pithirajulu Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
 20. Rev. Zambro, F.M.U., Madura.
 21. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu, Principal, Berhampur.
 22. Rao Bahadur O. Thanikaachala Chettiar, M.L.C.
 23. R. Littlehales, Esq., F.M.U., Director of Public Instruction.
 24. H. S. Duncan, Esq., F.M.U.
 25. R. G. Grieve, Esq., F.M.U.
 26. C. L. Cartwright, Esq., F.M.U.
 27. Mr. Abdur Rahim, F.M.U.
 28. Miss De la Hay.
 29. Mr. C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar, F.M.U., *Advocate-General*.
 30. " M. K. Dandekar.
 31. Lt.-Col. Elwes.
 32. H. W. Callaghan, Esq.
- Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu is the President of the Committee.
Mr. Subrahmanya Chetti, M.A., Personal Assistant
to the Director of Public Instruction. } *Secretaries.*
Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetti, M.L.C.

These gentlemen have to be asked if they consent to serve on the committee.

I wish the communiqué to issue as early as possible.

It seems also necessary to indent for at least twenty sets of Calcutta Commission report without delay.

The office will afford facilities to the Secretaries in getting the work done.

A. P. P[ATRO]—6-9-21.

Get the consents of these members of the committee immediately.

P. C. DUTT—6-9-21.

A draft demi-official to the non-official gentlemen mentioned above is submitted for approval. After its issue action will be taken for indenting for copies of the Calcutta University Commission's report.

K.A.—6-9-21. T.K.—6-9-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—6-9-21.

P.C.D.—7-9-21.

Demi-official—from P. C. DUTT, Esq., Acting Secretary to Government, Law (Education) Department.

Tr—non-official gentlemen only.

Date—the 7th September 1921.

No.—2561/B-1.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921, the Government accepted the following resolution on the reorganization of the Educational system in this Presidency:—

"That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions."

[As President] in the case of Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu.

[As Secretary] in the case of M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chetti.

The Government have accordingly decided to appoint a committee of officials and non-official gentlemen, and I am to inquire whether you will be willing to serve on the committee [] if appointed thereto. A very early reply is requested.

T.K.—6-9-21. C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—6-9-21. P. C. DUTT—7-9-21.

A All the replies have now been received. Mr. Hanumantha Rao states that he is unable to serve on the committee. It seems unnecessary to appoint another in his stead. The file may be submitted to M-3 for orders with reference to 'A' above. If it is decided to appoint

It is unnecessary to appoint another.
A. P. P[ATRO]—26-9-21.

any other person in the place of Mr. Hanumantha Rao, that person will have to be consulted as to his willingness to serve on the committee. If not the Press Communiqué may issue immediately.

2. A printed copy of the Proceedings in the Council relating to the resolution is put up. It is observed that there are some verbal differences between the typed copy of the speech sent by the Honourable the Minister and the printed copy. In the printed copy M-3 is reported to have said 'the Madras University has not appointed a committee, etc,' whereas in the typed copy he is reported to have said 'the Madras University Senate appointed a committee, etc.' For orders whether the printed copy may be followed in drafting the communiqué. It is also for

Madras University has appointed a committee. The printed copy must be a mistake.
A.P.P.—26-9-21.

consideration whether only the substance of the speech may be incorporated in the draft Press Communiqué.

3. The Government of India have since written to say that 25 copies of the Calcutta University Commission's report have been ordered to be despatched.

4. Please see extract from M-3's note put up. In the terms of reference to the committee may be included the question of the adoption of the vernacular as the medium of instruction in secondary schools.

5. The non-official members of the committee may be allowed to draw travelling allowance and daily allowance at the rates allowed for first-class officers with the concurrence of the Finance Department.

G.N.—24-9-21.

6. A draft order giving cover to the communiqué will be submitted after orders are passed on the above points. It is presumed that the place of meeting of the committee will be the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, and that the Secretaries to the committee will fix the dates of meeting of the committee in consultation with the President.

The President and Secretary will arrange for these.
C.R.—25-9-21.

T.K.—24-9-21. C.R.—25-9-21.
P.C.D.—26-9-21.

Draft communiqué approved.

The order nominating the officials and non-officials will also issue simultaneously.

Members will draw the usual travelling allowance allowed to first-class officers.

The meeting place will be the committee room.

Secretaries will arrange dates in consultation with President.

A. P. P[ATRO]—26-9-21.

A draft order is submitted for approval. It may be sent to Finance for acceptance of paragraph 2.

G.N.—27-9-21. T.K.—27-9-21.

2. Please see the alterations in the communiqué suggested.

3. The last sentence of the communiqué has been put in as paragraph 4 of the draft order, as it appears to be the proper place for it.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—27-9-21.

I had not gone through the communiqué before it was submitted to M-3. I have made some alterations in it—mostly verbal. Submitted to M-3 for approval.

P. C. DUTT—2-10-21.

1 made pencil notes on pages 6 and 9.

The two Secretaries are not members of the committee having right to vote. They are only Secretaries, officers of the committee.

2. In reply to a doubt raised by Secretary I made a pencil note. The two other alterations suggested at page 9 of the draft communiqué need not be made.

A. P. P[ATRO]—3-10-21.

Finance has to see about travelling allowance.

Finance u.o. for acceptance of paragraph 2 of draft order.

C.R.—3-10-21.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Paragraph 2 of the draft order may, it is submitted, be accepted.

2. The Law Department will have to specify in the draft the officer who will be the Controlling Officer for the purpose of countersigning the travelling allowance bills of the non-official members of the committee—vide article 1159, Civil Service Regulations.

C.P.K.—6-10-21.

A. SAVARINATHA PILLAI—5-10-21.

BUDGET SECTION.

Paragraph 2 of draft.—No approximate estimate of cost involved in the grant of travelling allowance is possible in the absence of further details as regards the number of meetings, etc. It is not also clear whether the proposed committee should be regarded as a departmental committee or as a special commission of inquiry; presumably the former. If so, the cost is debitable to '31. Education' and the Director of Public Instruction should be specifically told to meet the expenditure involved by re-appropriation. Before issuing the order it will be as well if the Law (Education) Department settle the head of *debit* and *funds* in consultation with the Accountant-General and the Director of Public Instruction respectively.

C.R.S.—7-10-21.

V. GOPALAKRISHNA AYYAR—7-10-21.

P. L. MOORE—7-10-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

With reference to A in the Finance Department's note on page 8 ante, a paragraph has been added to the draft—for a precedent, please see G.O. No. 95, Financial, dated 12th February 1918. Draft u.o. notes to the Director of Public Instruction and the Accountant-General in regard to the question of funds and the head of debit respectively are submitted for approval. After issue, the file may be circulated to C-4 and to His Excellency also on account of the importance of the subject.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—10-10-21.

P. C. DUTT—10-10-21.

A. R. K[NAPP]—11-10-21.

W[ILLINGDON]—13-10-21.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September last the Government accepted a resolution to appoint a committee to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The Government have accordingly decided to appoint a committee consisting of twenty-two non-officials and eleven officials and the non-officials who attend the meetings of the committee will be allowed to draw travelling and daily allowances at the rates allowed to first-class officers. Submitted that the Director of Public Instruction may be requested u.o. to state whether the expenditure on account of travelling allowance can be met by re-appropriation from the budget provision in the current year under '31. Education'.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C.R.—10-10-21.

P.C.D.—10-10-21.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Presumably the travelling and daily allowances of officials will be met from the departmental budgets of the officials who attend the meeting.

2. Regarding the travelling and daily allowances of non-officials it will probably be possible to meet these allowances by re-appropriation from the budget provision in the current year under 31. Education. It is desirable, however, that an approximate estimate of the expenditure be supplied before specific re-appropriation is made.

R. LITTLEHAILES—11-10-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

It is proposed to appoint a committee consisting of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The non-official members who attend the meetings of the committee will be granted travelling and daily allowances under article 1004 of the Civil Service Regulations at the rates allowed to first-class officers. Submitted that the Accountant-General may be requested u.o. to specify the budget head to which the cost on account of travelling allowance is debitable.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C.R.—10-10-21.

P.C.D.—10-10-21.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL.

The charge may appear under 31-E. Education—General—Direction.

W. D. WOOLIAM—20-10-21.

10 NOTES TO G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1921

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

The presumption in paragraph 1 of the Director of Public Instruction's note is correct. With reference to paragraph 2 of the note, it is submitted that, in the absence of information as to the number of meetings that will be held, it is not possible to furnish an approximate estimate of the expenditure on account of travelling allowance. The Director of Public Instruction may be simply informed that specific re-appropriation should be made before extra expenditure is incurred. A paragraph has accordingly been inserted in the proof of the draft order.

2. Please see paragraph 4 of the office-note on page 7 ante. The question of the introduction of vernacular as medium of instruction in secondary schools is dealt with in the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission and the Committee is also at liberty to make recommendations which are not contemplated by the University Commission. It is presumed that the question need not therefore be specifically included in the terms of reference.

G.N.—22-10-21. T.K.—22-10-21.

The Secretary desired that his attention should be specifically drawn to the portion marked X on page 4 of the proof.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—22-10-21.

Can you find out exactly is the recommendation of the Commission referred to here? If not the attention of the Honourable the Minister will be drawn to this sentence. It does not read all right.

P. C. DUTT—24-10-21.

Explained to the Secretary. The Secretary has finally approved the proof. Issue at once.

C.R.—25-10-21.

[G.O. No. 1557, Law (Education), dated 25th October 1921.]

University Co

Capability to
appointments

READ AGAIN G.O. No., dated

" " " " " " " "

READ ALSO:—

C. No., From the

" " " " " " " "

" " " " " " " "

ORDER.
Press

No. 1557, dated

At the meeting of
Council held on the
1921, the Govt accept
to appoint a committee
to consider the
the Educational system
Presidency.
"That the Council
to the Govt the appointment
committee of officials and
officials to consider, in the
of the recommendations of the
University of Madras the applica-
the report and the applica-
Commission effect to
The

1. A
is allow-
committee
Port St.
taries will arrange
with the com-
mittee.

is requested to sub-
mit later than the

Press Communique will

3. Under Art. 1159 of the P.D.R.
the D.P.I. is declared to be
the controlling officer for the
purpose of countersigning the
traveling allowance bills of the
~~non-official~~ members of the
committee.

10-12 14
exist between the local Government as the agency
in general responsible for this part of the edu-
cational work and the authority that should
control this. The financing of the University
and Secondary education.

4. The recommendations of the Madras
University Senate on the Sadler Commission
report. The Committee is at liberty to make
recommendations if any which are not contempla-
ted by the Calcutta University Commission or
the Senate of the Madras University.

The Committee should submit its report
not later than November 1st.

[omit
in this
Communique
referred in the
order]

supd. 28.10.27
882

To
The D. P. I.
" Registrar, University
of Madras
" Members of the Committee
" A. G. (Univ. Finance)
" Publicity Officer
" Press.

11 X
22.10.21. *Proof for app*
G.O. No. 1557/22⁵ October 1921

University Commission (Calcutta)

Recommendations—Applicability to Madras—Committee—Appointment of—ordered.

Order No. 537 Law (Education), dated 24 October 1921.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921 the Government accepted a resolution to appoint a committee to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The Government have accordingly decided to appoint a committee of officials and non-officials and the following persons *to serve* serve on the committee:—

Non-officials.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., Retired Principal, Raja's College, *Bithapuram, President.* *F.M.V.*
2. M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C., Secretary *Cocanada*
3. " T. A. Ramalingam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Coimbatore.
4. The Rev. P. Verdie, Ouddalore. *14*
5. M.R.Ry. S. Arpudawami Udayar Avargal, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
6. " Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C. *F.M.V.*
7. " M. Krishnan Nayar Avargal, M.L.C.
8. Miss E. McDougall, M.A., F.M.V., Principal, Women's Christian College, Madras.
9. M.R.Ry. B. Muniswami Nayudu Garu, M.L.C. *BA, B.L.*
10. Abbas Ali Khan Bahadur, M.A., M.L.C., Madras.
11. M.R.Ry. K. Ramanuja Achari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
12. " G. A. Natesan Avargal, F.M.V., Madras.
13. " M. Ratnaswami, Principal, Pachaiyappa's College, Madras. *75 AL*
14. The Rev. W. Weston, M.A., B.D., M.L.C., F.M.V., Principal, Madras Christian College. *Avargal M.A. Ca*
15. M.R.Ry. P. Siva Rao Avargal, M.L.C., Bellary. *Ban. A. Ca*
16. The Rev. X. Miller, Pasumalai, Madras.
17. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur N. Sabba Rao Pantulu Garu, President, District Board, South Kanara.
18. M.R.Ry. P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Headmaster, Triplicane High School, *BA, B.L.*
19. " Rao Sahib P. Ethirajulu Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
20. The Rev. W. M. Zumbro, M.A., B.D., F.M.V., Madras.
21. M.R.Ry. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu, Principal, Kallikota College, *BA, B.L.*
22. M.R.Ry. O. Tanikachalam Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C., Madras.

Officials.

23. Mr. R. Littlehales, M.A., B.L.C., Director of Public Instruction.
24. Mr. H. S. Duncan, M.A., Acting Principal, Presidency College, Madras.
25. Mr. R. G. Grieve, M.A., F.M.V., Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet.
26. Mr. C. L. Cartwright, F.M.V., Acting Principal, Engineering College, Madras.
27. Abdur Rahim Sahib Bahadur, F.M.V., Additional Deputy Director of Public Instruction.
28. Miss De la Hay, Principal, Queen Mary's College for Women, Madras.
29. M.R.Ry. C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., F.M.C., Advocate-General.
30. Mr. M. K. Dandekar, Principal, Institute of Commerce, Madras.

VE
Press
Please correct
and strike off
and send 60 copies
as soon as possible
Id
5-10-21

324 9. Lt.-Col. F. F. Elwes, Acting Principal, Medical College, Madras.

10. Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T., Inspector of Schools, Madras.

11. M.R.Ry. C. D. Subrahmanya Chetty, Avargal, M.A., Perpetual Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction—Secretary.

2. The non-official members of the committee will be allowed to draw travelling allowance and daily allowance at the rates allowed for first-class officers.

3. Under Art. 1159 of the Civil Service Regulations the Director of Public Instruction is declared to be the controlling officer for the purpose of countersigning the travelling allowance bills of the members of the Committee.

4. The meeting place of the committee will be Committee room, Fort St. George, and the Secretaries will arrange dates in consultation with the President of the Committee.

5. The committee is requested to submit its report not later than the 31st December next.

6. The following Press Communique will be issued.

PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921, the Government accepted the following resolution on the re-organization of the Educational system in this Presidency:—

"That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions."

The object of the Government in accepting this resolution and the main objects which they desire the committee contemplated should have in view are briefly set out below.

2. In order to co-ordinate the various changes that are taking place in higher education in this Presidency and in view of the fact that the Madras University Senate appointed a committee to deal with the report of the Calcutta University Commission and the final recommendations of the Senate on the subject, the Government consider it desirable to examine specially the recommendations of the Commission and ascertain how far they may with advantage be adopted in this Presidency. While the Government do not wish to commit themselves beforehand to any opinions they are fully aware of the essential differences between the character of the secondary and intermediate education imparted in this Presidency and in Bengal as well as the differences in the nature of the authorities administering and controlling this part of the educational system in the two Presidencies. While the Government recognise the value to be attached to the recommendations of the Madras University, they have come to the conclusion that it will be very valuable to have before them the opinion and advice of a select body of officials and non-officials, before final action is taken on the re-organization of the educational system in this Presidency. They have accordingly decided to appoint a representative committee consisting of the following persons:—

Non-officials.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., Retired Principal, Raja's College, Rithapuram, President.
2. T. A. Ramalingam Chettiyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C., Coimbatore.
3. The Reverend P. Vording, Cuddalore.
4. M.R.Ry. S. Arpudawami Udayar Avargal, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
5. Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., M.L.C.
6. Diwan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nayar Avargal, M.L.C.
7. Miss E. McDougall, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Women's Christian College, Madras.
8. M.R.Ry. B. Muniswami Nayudu, M.L.C.
9. Abbasali Khan Bahadur, M.A., M.L.C., Madras.
10. M.R.Ry. K. Ramanuja Achari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
11. G. A. Natesan Avargal, F.M.U., Madras.
12. M. Ratnaswami, Principal, Pachiyappa's College, Madras.
13. The Reverend W. Weston, M.A., B.D., M.L.C., F.M.U., Principal, Madras Christian College.

4. The D.P.S.

is requested to make most specific reappropriation of funds to be countersigned before

the expression of the views of the members

Ad. Cantab
var. at. law

Principal
Brennan
College, Tellur

Secretary

M. R. Ry.

Shanmuga

Chettiyar

Asst.

Capt.

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

CL

14. M.R.Ry. P. Siva Rao Avargal, M.L.C., Bellary.
15. Rev. X. Miller, Pasumalai, Madras.
16. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao, President, District Board, South Kanara.
17. " P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Headmaster, Triplicane High School.
18. " Rao Sahib P. Echirajulu Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
19. The Rev. W. M. Zombro, M.A., B.D., F.M.U., Madras.
20. M.R.Ry. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu, Principal, Kallikota College, Berhampur.
21. " O. Tanikachalam Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C., Madras.
- Official.
22. Mr. R. Littlehailes, M.A., M.L.C., Director of Public Instruction.
23. " H. S. Duncan, M.A., Acting Principal, Presidency College, Madras.
24. " R. G. Grieve, M.A., F.M.U., Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet.
25. " C. L. Cartwright, F.M.U., Acting Principal, Engineering College, Madras.
26. Abdur Rahim Sahib Bahadur, F.M.U., Additional Deputy Director of Public Instruction.
27. Miss Dela Hey, Principal, Queen Mary's College for Women, Madras.
28. M.R.Ry. C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., F.M.U., Advocate- General.
29. Mr. M. K. Dandekar, Principal, Institute of Commerce, Madras.
30. Lt.-Col. F. F. Elwes, Acting Principal, Medical College, Madras.
31. Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T., Inspector of Schools, Madras.
32. M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal, M.L.C.
33. " C. D. Subrahmanya Chetti Avargal, M.A., Principal, Brennen College, Tellicherry.

3. The main recommendation of the Calcutta University Commission may be summarised as follows:—

(1) *Secondary and Intermediate education*.—The Commission in dealing with this part of the system had to face a set of conditions which it is believed has no parallel in this Presidency. The system in Bengal was far too wide and unfortunately far too inefficient. Within it were over 850 high schools, roughly half the number of all the high schools in British India. These were all nominally under the University, but the University having no inspecting staff of its own and with little control over the grant-in-aid was in a position of absolute helplessness when it came across schools which needed improvements. Many of the schools were proprietor-managed institutions and these for obvious reasons ~~ought to be~~ ^{were under} any departmental control. The result was that about half the total number of schools in Bengal were not in the words of the Commission, even in the remotest degree under the supervision of any other authority. As regards the teaching staff, the teachers there, as is clear from the Commission's report, were very ill-paid generally and ill-equipped for the profession. 'The control of this system'—whatever that might mean—was vested in the University which was ill-equipped for efficiently discharging its liabilities. The power of control is vested in this Presidency in a department which is helped in certain matters by an independent Board and which latterly has been under the guidance of a Minister responsible to the Legislative Council.

It was to reform a system like this that the Commission felt bound to recommend measures which appear to be at the outset to be radical. They suggest that the intermediate stage should be definitely regarded as part of the school course, an opinion which it may be noted has the approval of the Madras University and recommend that its control should be vested in the same body as has the control of the high school course. Ruling out the University and the Department of Public Instruction of Bengal as not being suitable for reasons which appear to be more local than general, for efficiently looking after the secondary education (including the Intermediate stage), they propose the creation of a Board representing all shades of opinions with all or nearly all the power exercised hitherto by the University and the department. It will be one of the main functions of the committee now appointed to ascertain and report what this Presidency needs in this direction.

⁴ *the* (2) *Calcutta University*.—Here again the state of things which the Commission had to examine seems to differ to an appreciable extent from the conditions with which Madras is familiar. Here in Madras the University on its teaching side does not deal with over 1,200 students in its M.A. and M.Sc. classes with something like 200 members responsible for their teaching and has not in some of the individual colleges affiliated to it anything like 1,800 students under instruction. Nor is there in Madras any proprietor-managed colleges which show huge profits and starved teachers at the end of the year. The Madras University and colleges seem to be of more manageable character. But some of the defects noticed by the Commission in Calcutta occur also here and it is for consideration whether Madras cannot gain something from Calcutta's experiences. The Commission recognize in their recommendations that on the several bodies responsible for a University, elements of varied character, State, popular, lay, academic, industrial, should all find a place and have with great precision marked out the respective spheres of each. The day of nomination seems to be over in this as in most other public bodies. The future relations of all the colleges to one another and to the University are all clearly marked out and it cannot be that Madras will not find much in all these that will be to its profit.

(3) *Unitary Teaching University*.—The Dacca University.

Early in their deliberations, the Commission seem to have come to the conclusion that a University should as far as possible—a very real qualification—be a unitary teaching University and where it has to affiliate colleges, there should not in any case be at any one time among them anything like 26,000 students, the number under instruction in the college classes in Bengal in 1917-18. To avoid this as well as to make the University a real teaching corporation and not merely an examination syndicate, the Commission suggest that at the outset the Dacca University which has been under discussion since 1912 should be established as a simple unitary teaching University. They recommend also that some of the mufassal colleges after having been carefully chosen at the outset should be fostered and treated as potential Universities fit to become independent teaching Universities like Dacca in due course. The Madras University, though it cannot compare in magnitude with the Calcutta University, is large enough and the question of a separate University for the northern districts is neither new nor premature. It may be that other Universities may be useful in other centres, but the whole question is primarily though not solely a question of finance. The Commission have dealt with, besides the above, a number of topics which are of great importance not only to Bengal but also to other presidencies. Their views on these as on the rest may not be binding as definite recommendations but as suggestions they will be of much use to this Committee.

4. As regards the terms of reference, the Committee's work will be to discuss the resolution of the Legislative Council and to examine the other questions relating to

(1) The necessity for making general changes in the curriculum and scope of the secondary and intermediate education and recommend measures to bring it into a line with the present day needs, that is, the immediate needs of secondary education with special reference to vocational education.

(2) The relation that the intermediate education should bear to secondary education and to University education.

(3) The authority in whom the control and administration of the secondary and the intermediate education should vest, the relation that should exist between the local Government as the agency in general responsible for this part of the educational work and the authority that should control this; and the financing of the University and secondary education.

5. The Committee is at liberty to make recommendations, if any, which are not contemplated by the Calcutta University Commission or the Senate of the Madras University.

(By order of the Government Ministry of Education)

P. C. DURR,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

" Registrar, University of Madras.

" Members of the Committee.

" Accountant-General (through the Finance Department)

"

Publicity Officer

for v.m.

22/10/21

4

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION),
DATED 25TH OCTOBER 1921

[SUBJECT.— *Appointment of a Representative to consider the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission*]
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE.

Mr. T. A. RAMALINGAM CHETTIYAR:

79. "That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a representative committee of the House (1) to examine the proposals made by the Sadler Commission for the reform of Secondary Education and for the formation of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate education with certain powers and duties, (2) to consider the needs of Secondary and Intermediate education in the circumstances obtaining in this Presidency, and (3) to report on the changes necessary in the courses of study prescribed, the feasibility of introducing vocational courses and advisability of forming a Board of Secondary Education or a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education for the Madras Presidency and the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties to be assigned to it.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 20th November 1919, Mr. P. Siva Rao moved a resolution recommending the appointment of a Committee to consider and report on the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission. In that connexion His Excellency the Governor explained to the Council that the Senate of the Madras University had appointed several sub-committees to consider the recommendations of the Commission and that the Government would await the reports of these sub-committees before taking any further action—vide G.O. No. 77, dated 16th January 1920 and ~~at~~ paragraph 4 on page 3 of No. 82, dated 18th January 1921. The same member of the Legislative Council later on in August 1920, moved a resolution recommending the constitution in this Presidency of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate examination on the lines recommended by the Sadler Commission but, after discussion, he withdrew the resolution when it was pointed out to him that the reports of the sub-committees were not then received by the Government—vide notes recorded in G.O. No. 82, dated 18th January 1921.

2. In February 1921, Mr. S. Srinivasa Ayyangar proposed to move a resolution recommending the appointment of a committee of non-officials (two-thirds of such committee consisting of Indians and educationists) to enquire into the condition of secondary education in this Province and to suggest a comprehensive scheme of reforms in connexion therewith (G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921.) The Director of Public Instruction noted as follows in that connexion:—

"I have no objections to this resolution."

"(1) It is premature (pages 5-6 of G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921. The University is likely in the near future to recast in a radical manner the Intermediate courses of study. It would be unwise and very likely a mere waste of time to attempt any revision of courses of study in secondary schools before final shape is given to the Intermediate courses. When this has been done, it will probably be necessary to appoint a committee to consider the revision of Secondary education."

"I have assumed in these remarks that Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar primarily refers in his resolution to course of study, but by the phrase a comprehensive scheme

original not received

educational

26
2 Pas
28

8
8
1/2

8

Page 5-6
of G.O. No
2039/1921

8

of reforms' he may mean much more than this. Even if he does, the resolution is premature, as for any changes in secondary education we must be in a position to know what has been done with reference to University matters and control of Intermediate courses.

"(2) My other objection to the resolution is the composition of the proposed committee. In the first place it is a committee of non-officials. Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar betrays his distrust of official elements but obviously if a comprehensive scheme of reform of secondary education is to be considered, officials who as inspectors or in administrative posts or as teachers have been in intimate touch with secondary education and its development ought to be on such a committee. Again, though the English is not quite clear, two-thirds of this non-official committee is to consist of Indian educationists. It is quite possible that Government might appoint a committee two-thirds of which was constituted as suggested, but I do not think that Government should bind themselves to appoint any fixed proportion based on racial distinctions to membership of a committee. If it was ever necessary to appoint a committee to suggest a comprehensive scheme of reforms in secondary education, such a committee should be composed of both officials and non-officials, the fittest being selected irrespective of caste or creed—pages 5-6 of G.O. No. 77, Home (Education), dated 16th January 1920."

Mr. Srinivasa Ayyangar, however, did not move the resolution which was therefore deemed to have been withdrawn—G.O. No. 903, dated 13th June 1921.

3. The reports of the Sub-Committees referred to in paragraph 1. ante and the recommendations of the full committee appointed by the Senate to consider the Sadler Commission's Report, have since been received. Vide report put up. After considering the recommendations of the Committee, the Senate passed a series of resolutions a copy of which is put up. The file on the subject is separately under consideration.

4. The resolution on page 2 ante deals with two main points, viz., (1) Reform of Secondary and Intermediate education and (2) constitution of a Board of Secondary or Secondary and Intermediate Education for this Presidency. As regards (1) it is submitted that after a careful consideration of the Senate Committee's recommendations Nos. 1-6 on pages VIII and IX at G, the Senate has finally adopted the following resolutions:—

"(1) That in the opinion of the Senate it is desirable to remodel the Intermediate courses in such a way as to provide

(a) "for the completion of school education at the Intermediate stage with a view to technical training and commercial life and the like;

(b) "for further education in University degree courses."

(2) "That the control of the Intermediate courses and examination as contemplated in the resolution already adopted be vested in the University"

(3) "That, in order to give effect to the Resolution, the Syndicate be requested to appoint, after consulting the Boards of Studies, a committee to frame the necessary courses of study, and that the courses so framed be placed before the Senate for adoption."

The Director of Public Instruction is in hearty accord with these resolutions and has stated that when the Committee referred to in resolution (3) above has framed the required courses of study, it will be necessary, as a corollary, for Government to appoint a committee to examine the Secondary School courses, having more particularly in view the utilitarian aspect of education. He will doubtless submit in due course detailed proposals for the appointment of a Government Committee to enquire into the Secondary School Leaving Certificate courses of study—

5. In regard to the other point viz., the constitution of a Board of Secondary or Secondary and Intermediate Education, it is submitted that the Senate Committee did recommend the establishment of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education and defined the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties that should

NOTES to G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1920 3.
be assigned to it—vide paragraphs 4-7 on pages VIII to IX of its report. But the Senate rejected these recommendations by an overwhelming majority of about 50 to 6. The remarks of the Director of Public Instruction on this question are extracted below:—

Extract of a letter from the Director of Public Instruction, R.O.C. No. 3227, dated the 31st March 1921.

"At quite an early stage in the debate it became evident that the Fellows were not prepared slavishly to follow the Commissioner's recommendations as being directly applicable to Madras. There was a recognition that there existed radical differences administrative, social and historical between the conditions prevailing in Bengal and those obtaining in Madras.

"3. It was this last general consideration which was the determining factor in the decision arrived at by the Senate with reference to the Intermediate courses of study and the Board of Intermediate and Secondary education proposed by the Commission in this connexion. By an overwhelming majority (about 50 votes to 6, the Board was decently and I trust finally interred. It was felt, as regards its constitution that a main objection was that educational experts could not easily secure adequate representation on the Board. One member of the Senate pointed out that as proposed in the Senate Committee's original resolutions the Board must have on it a majority who did not know their business, moreover it was thought dangerous to attempt to apply to Madras proposals which had been made to suit the wholly different conditions prevailing in Bengal. It is rumoured that even in Calcutta the Board is not accepted. Objection was also taken to the powers which it was proposed to entrust to the Board. It was feared that the Board would in practice become an autocracy. The Director would really control the Board and might shelter himself behind the Board when mistakes had been made or in reply to criticisms. Again, the Board as proposed would be irresponsible. They were to inspect and examine themselves and therefore there would be no check upon what they did. Further, if there were a majority of non-officials they should act as a body not as individuals, and be directly responsible to nobody. Other fellows objected that it would not be possible in the conditions prevailing in Madras to secure a sufficient number of suitable men of leisure and culture to do the large mass of work involved. For the Board adequately to perform the function proposed to be assigned to it, it would be necessary to have long and continuous sittings.

"It seems again improbable that the Native States would approve the Board. At present these States are quite prepared to deal either with the Director of Public Instruction or with the Syndicate but not with a non-official Board, nor would they accept inspection by the Board of institutions in Native States, particularly when these Native States themselves would or might have no representatives on the Board.

"In addition to these objections and reinforcing them it was felt that the fundamental objection to this essentially non-official irresponsible Board was that though the Sadler Commission when completing their report had in view the Reforms, the proposals actually were framed before the introduction of the Reforms. Their introduction creates a fundamental difference between conditions prevailing before and after. Education is now a transferred subject with a Minister directly responsible to the House and the interposition of a Board between the Minister and his direct responsibility to the popular representatives was felt to be a form of educational devolution which was essentially undemocratic in character. It should not be possible for the Minister any more than for the Director of Public Instruction to shelter himself, being the *ipse dixit* of any Board.

+ Swiss adopted in Bengal

behind

"These general objections appealed strongly to the Senate and additional objection from the official point of view could be pointed out. Some of these objections are to be found stated in the Government of India's letter communicated in G.O. No. 316, Home (Education), dated the 12th March 1920. In the event, as I have said, only about six persons voted for the establishment of a Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education. About 50 voted against it, this 50 comprising every shade of opinion."

6. Thus it will be seen that the question as to how far the recommendations of the Sadler Commission may be usefully adopted in this Presidency has already been fully considered by a strong committee of members appointed by the Senate. Besides, the Senate will shortly constitute a committee to frame the necessary courses of study for the Intermediate examination while the Government after knowing the result of the deliberations of that committee are likely to appoint a similar committee for the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate courses of study. In these circumstances, it does not appear that any necessity exists for the appointment of a committee of the Legislative Council either to examine afresh the proposals of the Sadler Commission or to review and reconsider the recommendations of the Senate Committee which consisted mostly of experienced educational experts and was representative of the various educational interests concerned. It does not appear desirable nor necessary to act independently of the Senate. The Bombay Government have also decided similarly—vide Mr. Paranjape's speech.

7. For orders (1) whether the resolution will be opposed, (2) as to who will take charge of the resolution, and (3) whether any further information is required.
A.S.—6-7-21. T.K.—6-7-21.

It is desirable to know what the Director of Public Instruction says on the present resolution of the Madras Legislative Council. The decision by the Senate as against the report by the Committee was influenced by circumstances which are not easy to accept. I would wish to know what the Director of Public Instruction says. The resolution is of great importance.

A. P. P[ATRO]—26-7-21.
The file may be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction u.o. for remarks.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—27-7-21.
R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—8-7-21.
P. C. DUTT—27-7-21.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
U.O. Reply No.

With suitable modifications in the resolution, I should advise Government to accept it. The fact that certain conclusions have been come to by the Senate need not specially prejudice the Government in their favour. The acceptance of a suitably worded resolution to consider the applicability of the Sadler Commission Report to conditions in this Presidency would set at rest—at least I hope it would for a time—many political forces which are using 'education' as a plank in the platform of public oratory.

Any committee which is to be appointed should be very carefully selected, should be fairly large and should not be confined to members of the Legislative Council.

I suggest that Government might accept a resolution worded somewhat as follows:—

'That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to the conclusions.'

NOTES TO G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1921.

I have not dealt in detail with the points raised in the resolution. A committee is quite unnecessary to report for example on the feasibility of vocational courses; these courses have already been introduced in this Presidency and steps are being taken to extend them.

R. LITTLEHAILES—29-7-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

For orders as to circulation to M-3 and as to who will take charge of the resolution. T.K.—30-7-21.

C.R.—30-7-21.

A committee, as suggested by the Director of Public Instruction, may prove useful. Everything will depend on the proper selection of members of the committee. A committee of the Legislative Council will hardly be of any use. The question may, however, be decided after the report of the Senate Committee is considered by Government.

P.C.D.—30-7-21.

I discussed the matter with the Director of Public Instruction. The resolution suggested of him will be accepted.

A. P. P[ATRO]—1-8-21.

~~Resolution amended as above passed.~~

~~3-8-21.~~

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION No. 79.

Amendment of a committee to suggest reforms in Secondary and Intermediate Education.

Mr. T. A. Ramalinga Chettiyar:—

'79 [30] That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a representative committee of the House to examine the proposals made by the Sadler Commission for the reform of Secondary Education and for the formation of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education, with certain powers and duties, to consider the need of Secondary and Intermediate Education in the circumstances obtaining in this Presidency and to report on the changes necessary in the courses of study prescribed, the feasibility of introducing vocational courses and the advisability of forming a Board of Secondary Education or a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education for the Madras Presidency and the constitution of the Board and the powers and duties to be assigned to it.

In the absence of the Honourable Member, the resolution was by leave of the House, moved by Mr. Tangavelu Pillai and seconded by Mr. Suryanarayana Murthi Nayudu. Whereupon Mr. Shanmukham Chettiyar moved the amendment noted below which was duly seconded. The House having signified its readiness to discuss the resolution as amended and the mover having consented to this course, the discussion proceeded on the amended resolution. The resolution was accepted by the Hon'ble the Minister for Education, was put to the House and carried unanimously.

L. D. SWAMIKANNO—1-9-21.

AMENDMENT TO RESOLUTIONS ON MATTERS OF GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST

Resolution No. 79 included in the list of business for 1st September 1921.

M.R.Ry. R. K. Shanmukham Chettiyar Avargal:—

Remove all the words beginning from 'Representative committee' and substitute the following:—

"Committee of officials and non-officials to consider, in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions."

L.D.S.—1-9-21.

8 NOTES to G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1921

Government accepted the following resolution on the reorganization of Educational system in the Presidency.

That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of officials and non-officials to consider the applicability of the recommendations of the Calcutta University Report to the Madras Presidency ^{with} special reference to the recommendations made in this regard by the University of Madras and to make suitable recommendations to Government in this respect.

In accepting the resolution I explained the position in the Presidency and referred in detail to the scope of the enquiry to be held by the committee.

The committee should finish its enquiry and communicate recommendations before 1st December 1921.

The following persons are appointed as Members of the Committee. m/

Non-officials.

1. Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu, M.L.C., F.M.V.
2. Mr. T. A. Ramalingam Chettiyar, M.L.C., Coimbatore.
3. Rev. P. Veriore, Cuddalore.
4. Mr. S. Arundawami Udayar, M.L.C., Trichinopoly.
5. Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar, M.L.C., F.M.V.
6. Diwan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nayar, M.L.C.
7. Miss E. MacDougall.
8. Mr. B. Munaswami Nayudu, M.L.C.
9. Abbas Ali Khan Bahadur, M.A., M.L.C., Madras.
10. Mr. K. Ramanujachari, Principal, National College, Trichinopoly.
11. " K. Hanumantha Rao, Principal, National College, Masulipatam.
12. " G. A. Natesan, F.M.V., Madras.
13. " M. Ratnaswami, Principal, Pachaiyappa's College.
14. Rev. W. Weston, M.L.C., F.M.V., Principal, Christian College, Madras.
15. Mr. P. Siva Rao, M.L.C., Bellary.
16. Rev. X. Miller, Pasumalai, Madras.
17. Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao, President, District Board, Mangalore.
18. Mr. P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Headmaster, Triplicane High School.
19. Rao Sahib P. Kthiraju Nayudu Garu, M.L.C., Guntur.
20. Rev. Zambro, F.M.V., Madras.
21. A. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu, Principal, Berhampur.
22. Rao Bahadur O. Tanikachala Chettiyar, M.L.C.
23. R. Littlehailes, Esq., F.M.V., Director of Public Instruction.
24. H. S. Duncan, Esq., F.M.V.
25. R. G. Grieve, Esq., F.M.V.
26. C. L. Cartwright, Esq., F.M.V.
27. Mr. Abdur Rahim, F.M.V.
28. " Miss De la Hay.
29. " C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar, F.M.V., *Advocate-General*.
30. " M. K. Dandekar.
31. Lt.-Col. Elwes.
32. H. W. Callaghan, Esq.

Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu is the President of the Committee.

Mr. Subrahmanya Chetti, M.A., Personal Assistant.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

Mr. B. K. Shanmugam Chetti, M.L.C. *Secretaries.*

These gentlemen have to be asked if they consent to serve on the committee.

Urgent—I wish the communiqué to issue as early as possible.

It seems also necessary to order for at least twenty sets of Calcutta Commission report without delay.

The office will afford facilities to the Secretaries in getting the work done.

A. P. P[ATRO]—6-9-21.

Get the consents of these members of the committee immediately.

P. C. DURR—6-9-21.

NOTES TO G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1921 7

A draft demi-official to the non-official gentlemen mentioned on page 6 ante is submitted for approval. After its issue action will be taken for indenting for copies of the Calcutta University Commission's report.

K.A.—6-9-21. T.K.—6-9-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—6-9-21.

P. C. DUTT—7-9-21.

Demi-official—from P. C. DUTT, Esq., Acting Secretary to Government, Law (Education), Department.

To—Non-official gentlemen only.

Dated—the 7th September 1921.

No.—2561/B-1.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921, the Government accepted the following resolution on the reorganization of the Educational system in this Presidency :—

"That this Council recommends to the Government the appointment of a committee of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government which will enable effect to be given to its conclusions."

[As President] in the case of Diwan Bahadur R. Venkataratnam Nayudu.

[As Secretary] in the case of M.R.By. R. K. Shanmukam Chetti.

The Government have accordingly decided to appoint a committee of officials and non-official gentlemen, and I am to inquire whether you will be willing to serve on the committee if appointed thereto. A very early

reply is requested.

C.R.—6-9-21. P.C.D.—7-9-21.

All the replies have now been received. The file may be submitted to M-3

It is unnecessary to appoint another.

A. P. P.[ATRO]—26-9-21.

for orders with reference to 'A' on page 4 ante. If it is decided to appoint any other person in the place of Mr. Hanu-

manta Rao, that person will have to be consulted as to his willingness to serve on the committee. If not the Press communique may issue immediately.

2. A printed copy of the Proceedings in the Council relating to the resolution is put up. It is observed that there are some verbal differences between the typed copy of the speech sent by the Honourable the Minister and the printed copy. In the printed copy M-3 reported to have said 'the Madras University has not appointed a committee, etc,' whereas in the typed copy he is reported to have said

'the Madras University Senate appointed a committee, etc.' For orders whether the printed copy may be followed in

A.P.P.—26-9-21.

drafting the communique. It is also for

consideration whether only the substance of the speech may be incorporated in the draft Press communique.

3. The Government of India have since written to say that 25 copies of the Calcutta University Commission's report have been ordered to be despatched.

4. Please see extract from M-3's note. In the terms of reference to the committee may be included the question of the adoption of the vernacular as the medium of instruction in secondary schools.

5. The non-official members of the committee may be allowed to draw travelling allowance and daily allowance at the rates allowed for first-class officers with the concurrence of the Finance Department.

G.N.—24-9-21.

6. A draft order giving cover to the communique will be submitted after orders are passed on the above points. It is presumed that the place of meeting of the committee will be the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, and that the Secretaries

C.E.—25-9-21.

8 NOTES to G.O. No. 1557, LAW (EDUCATION), 25TH OCTOBER 1921
to the committee will fix the dates of meeting of the committee in consultation with
the President.

T.K.—24-9-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—25-9-21.
P. C. DUIT—26-9-21.

Draft communiqué approved.

The order nominating the officials and non-officials will also issue simultaneously.

Members will draw the usual travelling allowance allowed to first-class officers.
The meeting place will be the committee room.
Secretary will arrange dates in consultation with President.

A. P. P[ATRO]—26-9-21.

A draft order is submitted for approval. It may be sent to Finance for acceptance of paragraph 2.

G.N.—27-9-21.

2. Please see the alterations in pencil in the communiqué suggested. ~~It~~ approved, they will be inked.

3. The last sentence of the communiqué has been put in as paragraph 4 of the draft order, as it appears to be the proper place for it.

T.K.—27-9-21.

C.R.—27-9-21.

I had not gone through the communiqué before it was submitted to M-3. I have made some alterations in it—mostly verbal. Submitted to M-3 for approval.
P.C.D.—2-10-21.

I made pencil notes in pages 6 and 9.

The two Secretaries are not members of the committee having right to vote. They are only Secretaries, officers of the committee.

2. In reply to a doubt raised by Secretary I made a pencil note. The two other alterations suggested at page 9 of the draft communiqué need not be used.

A. P. P[ATRO]—3-10-21.

Finance has to see about travelling allowance.

Finance u.o. for acceptance of paragraph 2 of draft order.

C.R.—3-10-21.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Paragraph 2 of the draft order may, it is submitted, be accepted.

2. The Law Department will have to specify in the draft the officer who will be the Controlling Officer for the purpose of countersigning the travelling allowance bills of the non-official members of the committee—vide article 1159, Civil Service Regulations.

A C.P.K.—5-10-21.

A. SAVARIMUTTU PILLAI—5-10-21.

BUDGET SECTION.

Paragraph 2 of draft.—No approximate estimate of cost involved in the grant of travelling allowance is possible in the absence of further details as regards the number of meetings, etc. It is not also clear whether the proposed committee should be regarded as a departmental committee or as a special commission of inquiry; presumably the former. If so, the cost is debitable to '31, Education' and the Director of Public Instruction should be specifically told to meet the expenditure involved by re-appropriation. Before issuing the order it will be as well if the Law (Education) Department settle the head of debit and funds in consultation with the Accountant-General and the Director of Public Instruction respectively.

C.R.S.—7-10-21.

V. GOPALAKRISHNA AYYAR—7-10-21.
P. L. MOORE—7-10-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

With reference to A in the Finance Department's note on page 8 ante, a paragraph has been added to the draft—for a precedent, please see G.O. No. 95, Financial, dated 12th February 1918. Draft u.o. notes to the Director of Public Instruction and the Accountant-General in regard to the question of funds and the head of debit respectively are submitted for approval. After issue, the file may be circulated to C-4 and to His Excellency also on account of the importance of the subject.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—10-10-21.

P. C. DUTT—10-10-21.

A. R. K[NAPP]—11-10-21.

W[ILLINGDON]—13-10-21.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September last the Government accepted a resolution to appoint a committee to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The Government has accordingly decided to appoint a committee consisting of twenty-two non-officials and eleven officials and the non-officials who attend the meetings of the committee will be allowed to draw travelling and daily allowances at the rates allowed to first-class officers. Submitted that the Director of Public Instruction may be requested u.o. to state whether the expenditure on account of travelling allowance can be met by re-appropriation from the budget provision in the current year under '31. Education'.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C.R.—10-10-21.

P.C.D.—10-10-21.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Presumably the travelling and daily allowances of officials will be met from the departmental budgets of the officials who attend the meeting.

2. Regarding the travelling and daily allowances of non-officials it will probably be possible to meet these allowances by re-appropriation from the budget provision in the current year under 31. Education. It is desirable, however, that an approximate estimate of the expenditure be supplied before specific re-appropriation is made.

R. LITTLEHAILES—11-10-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

It is proposed to appoint a committee consisting of officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India and to make suitable recommendations to Government. The non-official members who attend the meetings of the committee will be granted travelling and daily allowances under article 1004 of the Civil Service Regulations at the rates allowed to first-class officers. Submitted that the Accountant-General may be requested u.o. to specify the budget head to which the cost on account of travelling allowance is debitable.

G.N.—8-10-21.

C.R.—10-10-21.

P.C.D.—10-10-21.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL.

The charge may appear under 31-E. Education—General—Direction.

W. D. WOOLLAN—20-10-21.

34

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

The presumption in paragraph 1 of the Director of Public Instruction's note is correct. With reference to paragraph 2 of the note, it is submitted that, in the absence of information as to the number of meetings that will be held, it is not possible to furnish an approximate estimate of the expenditure on account of travelling allowance. The Director of Public Instruction may be simply informed that specific re-appropriation should be made before extra expenditure is incurred. A paragraph has accordingly been inserted in the proof of the draft order.

2. Please see paragraph 4 of the office-note on page 7 ante. The question of the introduction of vernacular as medium of instruction in secondary schools is dealt with in the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission and the Committee is also at liberty to make recommendations which are not contemplated by the University Commission. It is presumed that the question need not therefore be specifically included in the terms of reference.

G.N.—22-10-21. T.K.—22-10-21.

The Secretary desired that his attention should be specifically drawn to the portion marked X on page 4 of the proof.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—22-10-21.

Can you find out exactly is the recommendation of the Commission referred to here? If the attention of the Honourable the Minister will be drawn to this sentence. It does not read all right. not

P. C. DUTT—24-10-21.

Explained to the Secretary. The Secretary has finally approved the proof. Issue at once.

C.R.—25-10-21.

[G.O. No. 1557, Law (Education), dated 25th October 1921.]

9th Sept. 1921



Em 2646B

10.9.21

Dear Sir,

With reference to your letter D.O No.

2561 B-1 dated the 7th Sept. I have

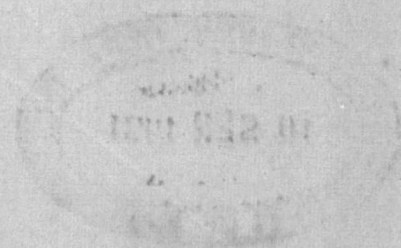
the honour to say that I shall be

happy to serve on the Committee.

Yours Faithfully
G. A. Natesan

Whier

1091. 1102 34P



At O.D. Filed under D.O. No.

2261 B-1 dated the 1st Sept. 1921

for the purpose of the Committee

to serve on the Committee

Yours faithfully

P. Subramaniam

SUBRAMANIA AYYAR,
HEAD MASTER.



HINDU HIGH SCHOOL,
TRIPPLICANE.

September 9, 1921.

San 7618 B

Dear Sir,

Reply to your D.O. No. 2561-E

dated the 7th instant, permit me to inform
you that I shall be glad to serve on
the Committee proposed to be appointed
by the Government.

Yours faithfully,

P. Subramaniam

P. Dutt Esquire, I.C.S.,
Secretary to Government,
Law (Education) Department,
Fort St. George.

JOHNS HIGH SCHOOL

TRIPUR



P. A. SUBRAMANIAM AVAR

HEAD MASTER

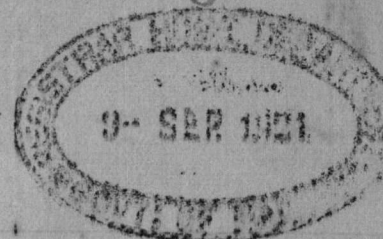
O. THANIKACHELLA CHETTY B.A., B.L., M.L.C.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

(OF SHORT SEWES & CO.)

SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES

TELEPHONE Nos. (OFFICE 36
(RESIDENCE 403



305, Linghi Chetty Street,

Madras, 9th SEPTEMBER 1921

To

The Secretary,

Law (Education) Department,

MADRAS.

Dear Sir,

I am in receipt of your D.O.No.2561 E.1 dated 7th Sept. 1921 enquiring if I am willing to serve on the Committee to be appointed to consider the reorganization of the Educational system in this Presidency and I write to inform you that I am willing to serve on such Committee, if appointed.

Yours faithfully,

O. Thanika Chetty

Im 6413 A
9.9.21
Im 2669 B.
10.9.21

MADRAS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

23 / Madras, 9th September 1921



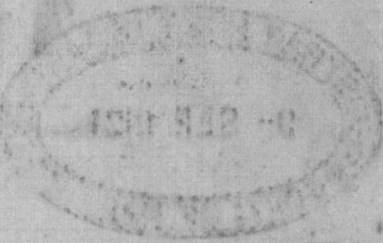
Dear Sir

I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter D.O.No.2561 B-1 of the 7th instant, and to say in reply that I am willing to serve on the committee which Government propose to appoint to consider matters connected with the educational system of this presidency, if Government are pleased to appoint me to the -- committee.

Yours faithfully,

P.C. Dutt

P.C.Dutt, Esq., I.C.S.,
Secretary to Government,
Law (Education) Department.



P.C. Dutt

MADE IN CHRISTIAN COLLEGE



I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter D.O. No. 2531-B-1 of the 10th instant, and to say in reply that I am willing to serve on the committee which Government propose to appoint to consider matters connected with the educational system of this Presidency. It is understood that Government are pleased to appoint me to the committee.

Yours faithfully,

T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar

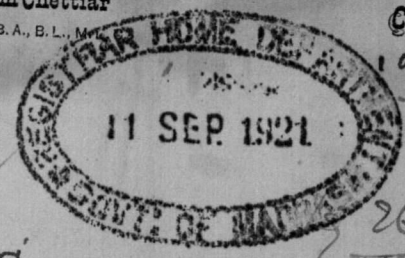
F.O. No. 2531-B-1
Secretary to Government
Law (Education) Department.

24

28

T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar
B.A., B.L., M.A.

Coimbatore.
10th Sep. 21



Dear Sir

Yours D.O. No. 2531-B-1

I have. I am willing to serve on the committee proposed.

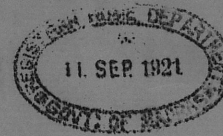
Yours faithfully
T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar

2.

The Secretary to Govt.
Law (Education)
Department.
R.O. P. Coimbatore
Madras

163

25/
Pachaiyappa's College,
Madras., 9th September 1921.



From

M.Rathnaswami Esq, M.A., (Cantab) Bar-at-Law.,

Principal, Pachaiyappa's College,

Madras.

To

The Secretary,

Law (Education) Department,

Government of Madras,

Madras.

Dear Sir,

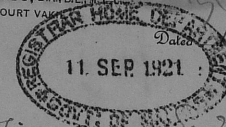
In reply to D.O.No.2561 B-1. dated 7th inst: I beg
to say that I shall be glad to serve on the Committee of officials
and non-officials to consider the application of the recommendations
of the Calcutta University Commission to education in South India.

Yours faithfully,

M. Rathnaswami
Principal.



B. MUNISAMI NAIDU, B.A., B.L., LL.B.
HIGH COURT VAKIL



Chittoor,

Date 10/9/1921.

Dear Sir,

2668 B
12.9.21

With reference to

Your letter D.O. No. 2561 B-1 dated
7th inst, I have the honor to
state that I am willing
to serve on the Committee
as desired.

Yours faithfully
B. Munisami Naidu

To
The Secretary, G.O.
Law (Education) Department.



R. K. SHANMUKHAM CHETTY B.A. M.L.C.



HAWARDEN,
RACE COURSE,
COIMBATORE.

10th Sept. 1921

Encl 2669 B

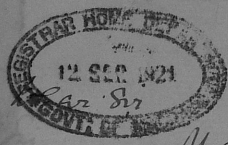
129.00

Dear Sir,

With ref. to your L.O. No.
2561.B-1, I have the honour to
inform you that I am willing
to serve as the Secretary of
the Committee.

Yours faithfully,
R. K. Shanmukham

Dear Sir,
I have the pleasure to inform you that I am writing to you on the 22nd of 1861. I have the pleasure to inform you that I am writing to you on the 22nd of 1861.



10/9/21
Bekary.

For 2670 B

12.9.21.

Mary Thanks

For your kind letter
dated the 7th Sep:

In reply, I may say that
I shall be glad to serve
on the Committee to
consider the ~~reorg~~ reorgan-
ization of the Educational
System in this Presidency.

Yours faithfully
P. Swinburn
M.D.C.



with ref to your
letter 7.9.1921
No. 2561 B-1, I beg
to inform you that
I cannot serve on
the Committee which
is proposed to be
appointed to consider
the applicability of the
reports of the Calcutta Uni-
versity Commission to
India etc.

Believe me
Yours truly

Abbas Ali

M.A. Ali
Barrister-at-Law

L. A. GOVINDARAGHAVA AIYAR.

29
3
PALM GROVE,
MYLAPORE.



11th Sept. 1921.

2672 B
129.2.

Dear Sir,

In reply to your D. O.

No. 2561 B-1, dated 7th September 1921,

I have to state that I am willing to serve
on the Committee referred to in the letter
if required to do so.

Yours faithfully,

L. A. Govindaraghava Aiyar

To

The Secretary,

Law (Education) Department.

F. A. G. Aiyar

Madras

30
Palghat,

11th September 1921.



To

12.9.21
The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Law (Education) Department,

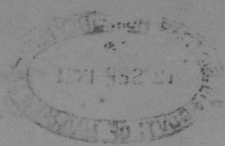
Fort St. George, Madras.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O. No.2561 B-1 dated 7th September 1921, enquiring whether I am willing to serve on the Committee of Officials and non-officials to consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras, the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India, and to make suitable recommendations to Government, I have to state that I shall serve on the Committee with pleasure.

Yours faithfully,

M. Krishnan Iyer.



with enclosure A

31

To

The Secretary, Law (Education) Dept
Post St. George, Madras

From

En 2674 B

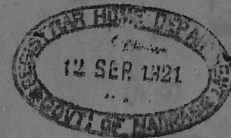
P. Appudisamy Iyer M.A.
31 Allimal Street, Trichinopoly.

Dear Sir,

In reply to your letter
No 2561 B-1, dated 7th September
and received on the 10th September
enquiring whether I am willing
to serve on the Committee, I have
the honour to state that I am
willing to serve on the Committee
of official and non-official
gentlemen.

I have the honour to be
Dear Sir,

Your most obedient servant



P. Appudisamy Iyer
11th September, 1921

REV. JOHN X. MILLER, M.A., D.D.,

Manager



39
32
Pasumalai High and Training Schools

PASUMALAI, MADURA DIST., SO. INDIA.

10th September 1921

Dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O. No.2561-B-1 of the 7th instant asking me if I will be willing to serve on a Committee for the re-organisation of the Educational System of the Presidency I would reply that I shall be pleased to do so should you decide to appoint me as a member of that Committee.

Yours faithfully,

John X. Miller

20

The Secretary

Home Dept (Edn)

(B.G.)

AR
12/9/21





presented all
(1921) 1/11/21

(1921)
1/11/21

39/2689 B
16.9.21.

From K. Ramannachari,
Principal,
National College,
Trichinopoly



To The Secretary to Government,
Law (Education) Department,
Fort St George.

Sir,
With reference to your
G.O. No 25-61, B-1 dated 7th Sept
1921, I have the honor to
inform you that I shall be most
happy to serve on the Com-
mittee of Officials & Non-officials
to be appointed by Government

34
to go into the question of the re-
organization of the Educational Sys-
tem.

I have the honor to write,
Sir,

11 Sept 1921. Your most obedient servant
N. Ramaswami Aiyar

ANDHRA JATHEEYA VIDYA PARISHAD.
Registered Under Act XXI of 1889

35
Andhra Jatheeya Kala Sala,

Masulipatam, 11.9. 1921.

7
The Secretary to Government
to Law (Education).

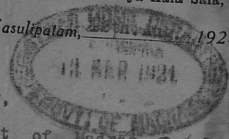
Dear Sir,
I have to acknowledge your
letter of the 7th instant - re consti-
tution of a Committee for Educational
Reform. I thank you for your
inquiry but regret that the exigencies
of service in my institution do not
permit of my engaging myself
in other Public Work.

Yours faithfully,
K. Harimurthi Rao.

ANDHRA JATHEEYA VIDYA PARISHAD.
Registered Under Act XXI of 1900.

35a) copy of letter
10
Andhra Jatheeya Kala Sala,
Masulipatam, 25th Nov. 1921.

583 To
The Secretary,
Government of Madras,
Law Department (Education),
M A D R A S.



From

M.R.Ry. Koppalle Hanumantha Rao Garu,
Principal, Andhra Jatheeya,
Kalasala, Masulipatam.

Sir,

In reply to your D.O. No. 256151
dated 7-9-1921 I thank you for your inquiry
but regret that the exigencies of services
in our Institution do not permit of my en-
gaging myself in any other Public Work.

Yours faithfully,

K. Hanumantharao
PRINCIPAL.

36
A. Ramachandra Rao B.A.L.T. *W* Berhampore,
Ag. Principal, Kallikota College . 12th September 1921.

To

The Secretary to

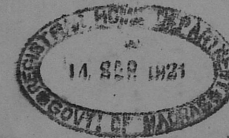
the Government of Madras,

Law (Education) Department,

Port St. George, Madras.

Sir,

In reply to your D.O. No. 2561 B--1 dated the 7th September 1921, I beg to state that I am willing to serve if appointed thereto, on the committee to be appointed -- by the Government, as per resolution of the Legislative Council held on the 1st September 1921 on the re-organisation of the educational system in this Presidency.



I remain,

Yours faithfully,

A. Ramachandra Rao



dated 10--9--21.

Em 2705-B
15.9.21.

Thanks for your D.O.No.2561 B-1.
dated 7th September 1921. I am willing
to serve on the committee to consider the
reorganization of the Educational system
in this Presidency.

Yours faithfully,

Minipal Reddy

President, District Board.



To

P.C. Dutt Esq., I.C.S.,
Law(Education) Department,
Fort St. George,
M A D R A S.

37

W3



Chapuram. Jodavari St.

September 15, 1921.

En 27 42 B
17.9.21.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O. No. 2561 B-1, dt 7-9-21, which was received by me on 10-9-21 and a reply to which has been delayed by my indisposition, I beg to state that I shall endeavour to be of such service as may lie in my humble powers in connection with the proposed Committee, if appointed its President.

The Resolution of the Legislative Council referred to in your letter is rather general in its wording. I beg to enquire whether the Government desire to specify any points in instructing the Committee's

38
DEPARTMENT.

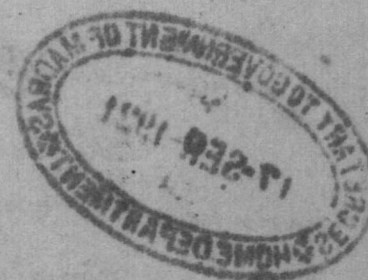
Scott. II-8-752-11-2-21.

CURRENT No.

From _____

Received _____ 192 . Registered _____ 192 .

Subject.



particular attention.

Probably a J.O. will issue appointing the Committee and naming, with designations, its several members. If so, I request that my designation may be noted as "Retired Principal, Pittapur Rajah's College, Coimbatore".

Yours respectfully,

Alankar Ratnam

F. C. Dutt, Esq., I.A.S.,
Secretary to the Government,
Law (Education) Department,
Madras.

39
DEPARTMENT.

Scott. II-8-762-11-2-21.

CURRENT No. 46

From _____

Received _____ 192 . Registered _____ 192 .

Subject.

C.

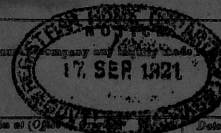
POSTS

TELEGRAPHS

En 2743 B

17 9 21

Take from any company and attach to this Telegram.



Charge to pay.

No.

As.



Handed to at (Date)

Date.

Hour.

Minute.

Service Instructions.

Verbs.

TO Adipi

17

85

Send here at

10

24

Secy Education Madras
Govt Madras Fort
Willing to serve education
Committee letter follows

Boovilus

NOTE.—The amount of the Telegram, if telegraphed, is written after the word.
Tel. Charge & Fee—22-2-20—2.00, 500 Mts. (Mdn. II).

39(a)

Scott. II-8-752-11-2-21.

DEPARTMENT.

CURRENT No.

Benjamin F. 39

From _____

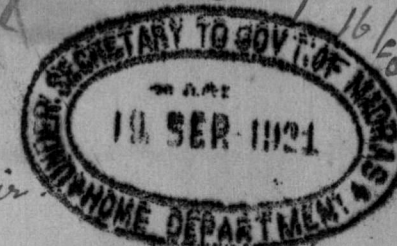
Received _____

192

Registered _____

192

Subject.



Dear Sir,

*In reply to your D.O
No 2561-B-1, I am looking to
serve on the Committee to report
on the reorganization of the
Educational System in the P.
and do my duty to the best
of my ability.*

Yours faithfully,

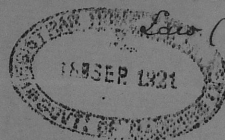
Abdur Rahman

41
W. Cuddalore 16th September 1921

En 2765 B
19. 9. 21.

To

The Secretary,
S. (Education) Department,
Madras.



Sir,

With reference to your communication
D.O. No: 2561 B.1 I have the honour to in-
form you that I am willing to serve
on the committee if appointed thereto.

Your most obedient servant,
T. Perdur.

U.S.

of the 23 non-officials selected for membership in the Committee, all except the Rev. W. M. Zumbro and Miss E. McDonnell have replied, ^{expressing their willingness to serve on the committee} Draft ~~203~~ reminding them are subd. Mr. Manu-
 mantha Rao states that he is unable to serve on the Committee. It seems unnecessary to appoint another in his stead.

This has come in today's tap
 21.9.21

p. 35
 ante

This is the case with Mr. Zumbro after he has been from Mr. McDonnell
 (Ch)

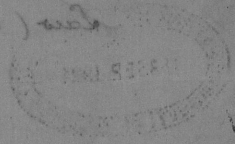
21.9.21
 Tel
 21.9.21

21.9.21
 5

21.9.21

21.9.21

21.9.21
 21.9.21



21.9.21
 21.9.21

21.9.21

42
Law (Econ) Dept

507. No 25618-2
22.9.21

Sit
Dear Madam,

My D.O No

p. 19 ank

25618-1 & 7.9.21

Appointment of a Committee
to consider the applicability
of the Report of the Calcutta
University Commission to
South India - Enquiring
whether you are willing to
serve on it -

I am ~~anxious~~ to
request you to furnish
~~an early~~ a reply
at a very early date.

Yours faithfully

21.9.21

21.9.21

Rev W. A. Guntro M.A.

Principal, American
College, Madras,

Miss E. Mc Dougall M.A.,

Principal, Women's
Christian College, Madras

5000

43
5
THE AMERICAN COLLEGE,
MADURA, SO. INDIA
September 13, 1921.

W. M. ZUMBRO,
PRINCIPAL

The Secretary to Government,
Law (Education) Department,
Fort St. George, Madras.

En 2810-3
29.2.

Dear Sir,

1 beg to acknowledge with sincere appreciation receipt of your D.O. No. 2561 B-1, dated 10th September, 1921, asking whether I would be willing to serve on the Committee to be appointed by Government "To consider in the light of the recommendations of the University of Madras the applicability of the report of the Calcutta University Commission of South India, etc." In reply I would say that I shall be glad to serve on the Committee if appointed.



Yours obediently,

Wm Zumbro

Principal.

44
The Women's Christian College

TELEGRAMS: DISCIPULA, MADRAS

TELEPHONE: No. 58

PRINCIPAL: MISS McDUGALL, M.A.



College Road

Madras, S. W.

23rd September 1921.

The Secretary,

Educational Law Department,

Fort St. George.

En 2850 B
23.9.21

Dear Sir,

With reference to your letter D.O. No.2561 B.2,

I am glad to serve on the Committee to consider the applicability of the Report of the Calcutta University Commission to South India.

Yours faithfully,

Elaine McDougall
Principal.

Sup
Receipt
up to the present
to order
I don't know that
all replies have
now come in
OK
10/9

The Women's Christian College



Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

Madras Records

PRESS SLIP.

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

Sealt. II—38—3-14.

Law (22) DEPARTMENT.

Current No. dated

G.O. No. 104 dated 25-10-44

Number of MS. pages sent

(a) Correspondence.....
(b) Notes.....
Conitring 14 20-44

Brief subject..... University Commission

(e) Number of copies required when struck off (not including copies for columns and editors' table which are retained in the Press).	(b) E.T. copies to supply requisitions for purchase by the public.	Complete correspondence and orders.	Notes.
FOR RECORD.*			
Madras Records	4	15	20
Ooty Records		5	5
For filing with original			1
Total ..		20	26

FOR ISSUE.†

Signature copies	Letter only.	Complete G.O.	Special issue copies of G.O.	Notes.
India Office.....		3		
Govt. of India.....Dept.				
Revenue Department.....				
Public Works Department.....				
Local and Municipal Department.....				
Educational Department.....Dept.				
Public Dept.....				
Judicial Dept.....				
Political.....				
Financial Dept.....				
Marine Dept.....				
Ecclesiastical Dept.....				
Total				
The.....		4		
The.....		2		
The.....				
The.....		6		
The.....				
The.....				
The.....		15		
The.....				
The.....				
The.....				
The.....				
Total ..		64		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b) For rules regarding printing of notes, see rule 815 of the office Manual.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

* Copies distributed on (Press Clerk).

† Copies distributed on (Press Despatcher).

‡ To be initialled and dated.

P.T.O.

TO PRESS, MADRAS COTY.

Please send proof in duplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.

Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.

As the matter is clear manuscript has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.

Type may be released after usual interval at once.

Type may be released after usual interval.

Referencer.
Clerk.

Referencer.
Clerk.

Referencer.
Clerk.

Supdt.

Supdt.

Supdt.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Press

The proof of the Co was sent on 25/10/21 - Quads to the 60 copies asked for, please send 20 ~~add~~ copies for record + 4 add copies for distribution etc + also 26 copies to be filled in by the Press *from notes attached on the previous page.*

Diary.

Initials of Press official.

26/10/21

Received in Press on.....
First proof furnished on.....
Call for revised proof received on.....
Revised proof furnished on.....
Corrected proof received for striking on.....
Final copies supplied on.....

Account of copies.	Complete copies.	Notes.	Issue copies.	Special E.T. edition.
Supplied to Secretariat for Record.....				
" " " Issue.....				
" " " for Extra E.T. copies to supply requisitions for sale to the public.				4
For Volumes.....				
For supply to newspapers and institutions admitted to the privileges of the E.T.				
Total ...				