

Law (1921) Department.
(Education)

Ordinary SERIES.

G.O. No. 1391

DATED 22-9-1921

[Despatch Abstract.]

Legislative Council Resolution.

Grants-in-aid Code-Committee for liberalising. Recorded.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

L. & M. (iv) 9-500-4-3-21.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE.

San 3452 A
22-7-21.

Resolutions on matters of General Public Interest.

SUBJECT.—No. 143

for the meeting of the Legislative

Council to be held on the 1st August, 1921.

SUBMITTED that two copies of this Resolution may be forwarded to the
Law (Edn) Department with reference to Nos. (1) and (4) of the
rules regulating Secretariat procedure in dealing with these Resolutions in the
Legislative Council. The Resolution has been admitted. *Admission*
Orders will follow.

U.O. No. 1850-2 dated 21-7-21



To

The Law (Edn.)

Department

35 22
Sum 34504
22.7.21

Resolutions on matters of General Public Interest.

SUBJECT.—No. 150

for the meeting of the Legislative

Council to be held on the 18th August 1921.

SUBMITTED that two copies of this Resolution may be forwarded to the
Law (Edn) Department with reference to Nos. (1) and (4) of the
rules regulating Secretariat procedure in dealing with these Resolutions in the
Legislative Council. The Resolution has been admitted. *Admission*
orders will follow.

U.O. No 1850-2, dated 21-7-21



To

The *Law (Edn)* Department

Council Office,

15th July 1921.

Resolution.

Mr. W. Vijayaraghava Mudaliyar.

THE LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

97 143. That this Council recommends
to the Government that a Committee be
appointed to report on the working of
the Grant-in-aid system and to suggest
suitable measures to ^{to improve it.} make the system
less artificial.

[] omit

KNV.

Ans

Council Office.

15-7-21.

Resolution.

Mr. M.C. Raja.

The Law (Education) Department.

96
150. That in view of the long outstanding in the province that the grant-in-aid code is, in many respects, very illiberal and such as to discourage the growth of indigenous enterprise in the field of Secondary education, this Council recommends to the Government that a strong committee consisting of educational officers, managers of schools and members of the teaching profession be appointed to consider the ways in which the Grant-in-aid Code may be liberalised.

R.B.

Care

[] Omit.

[] Omit.

[] Omit.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH A RESOLUTION ON MATTERS OF
GENERAL PUBLIC INTEREST.

[For the meeting of the 15th November 1921.]

Committee for
liberalisation of
the Grant-in-Aid
Code.

[SUBJECT.—

COUNCIL OFFICE.

Mr. M. C. RAJA :—

318. That this Council recommends to the Government that a Committee consisting of Educational officers, managers of schools and members of the teaching profession be appointed to consider the ways in which the Grant-in-Aid Code may be liberalised.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

The resolution seems to express dissatisfaction at the working of the Grant-in-Aid Code and recommends that a committee should sit to suggest lines of revision.

2. At the outset, it should be premised that the Code regulates grants not to one particular type of educational institution, nor is it again confined to one particular object of grant-in-aid. The Grant-in-Aid Code deals with grants to several grades institutions, elementary, secondary and collegiate, to training institutions and to schools providing for special education—such as technical, industrial and art schools, home education classes, superior indigenous schools, etc. The objects for which grants are given are multifarious—teaching grants to the several classes of schools, grants towards rent of hostels, stipends in training schools, school buildings, hostels and boarding houses, furniture, books and appliances, grants for the erection and equipment of village schools and grants towards endowments.

3. In deciding therefore whether a committee is at all necessary to go into the question of the revision of the Grant-in-Aid Code, it has to be demonstrated which provisions of the Code are unsatisfactory and call for reform. Further, it was only in 1916 that the Government appointed a strong and thoroughly representative committee for the purpose of discussing several important questions bearing on the Grant-in-Aid Code and the Educational Rules—G.O. No. 173, Education, dated 17th February 1916. That Committee passed a number of resolutions, an appreciable part of which related to the Grant-in-Aid Code. The resolutions came up before Government in July 1916 and they formed the subject of anxious consideration by Government. It was not till the beginning of 1917, that orders could be passed on them and even then, certain subjects had to be remitted back to the Director of Public Instruction for further consideration and report—G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919. As a matter of fact a few questions connected with the recommendations of the Conference are still pending before Government.

4. The following statement shows the recommendations of the conference of 1916 so far as they affected the Grant-in-Aid code and the action taken thereon by Government :—

Recommendation of the Conference.

Action taken.

Elementary schools.

I. The Conference, while recommending the abolition of capitation allowances in respect of elementary schools under public management on account of the disadvantages inherent in the system, recommended the retention of capitation grants to aided elementary schools but on a graduated scale.

The Government were of opinion that the objection urged against capitation allowances applied with equal cogency to capitation grants in respect of aided elementary schools and so directed the abolition of the latter also, the rates of teaching grant admissible under article 15 of the Grant-in-Aid Code being suitably increased—vide paragraph 5 of G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919 and G.O. No. 1042, Education, dated 1st September 1919.

Secondary schools.

II. The Conference recommended that, for the purpose of granting fee concessions to indigent pupils of marked ability, expenditure by managing bodies on *scholarships* up to 10 per cent of the fee-income reckoned at standard rates be considered as legitimate *experience* for the purpose of assessing the grants that might be paid to a school provided that the scheme for the award of scholarships or fee concessions has received the approval of the Director of Public Instruction.

[This recommendation has since been accepted—vide G.O. No. 1346, Education, dated 19th September 1921.]

III. The Conference recommended that some machinery should be devised to aid schools in maintaining a floating balance.

IV. The Conference recommended that a portion not exceeding 15 per cent of the total funds available for teaching grants to aided secondary schools be *reserved* for distribution by the Director of Public Instruction to such schools as under rules 32 and 33 of Grant-in-Aid Code have received little or no teaching grant.

V. The Conference formulated certain recommendations relating to endowment grants.

[The entire chapter relating to endowment grants has since been ordered to be deleted from the Grant-in-Aid Code (G.O. No. 1471, Education, dated 6th October 1921.)]

5. In view of the facts that we had a Conference not long ago and that some of the recommendations made by that Conference are yet under consideration and that the present resolution does not specifically state which portions of the Grant-in-Aid Code need revision, it is very doubtful whether the Government should accept it. Probably the mover has in view an increase in the rates of grants for the maintenance of elementary and secondary schools.

E.A.V.—26-7-21. N.K.—26-7-21.

This will resolve itself into a question of funds. The Government have not yet been able to provide the amount required for the payment of subsidies to local bodies in the current year for paying their elementary school teachers the allowance of Rs. 4 each disbursed last year. We were unable to increase our grants to elementary schools, so to enable the management to pay increased salary to their teachers. The Committee that prepared draft rules under the Elementary Education Act have recently accepted without modification the existing provisions of the Grant in-Aid Code relating to the payment of grants to elementary schools.

The Director of Public Instruction may be consulted.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—27-7-21.

P. C. DUTT—27-7-21.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

It is impossible to write except by chance any note to the point without hearing in what ways the working of the Grant-in-Aid system is defective and in what ways it might be improved or liberalized.

The matter was remitted back to the Director of Public Instruction with reference to the observations in paragraph 7 (i) of G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919. The Director's further views have been received and are under consideration (file in circulation.)

Recommendation not accepted by Government—paragraph 7 (ii) of G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919.

Remitted back to the Director of Public Instruction with reference to the observations in paragraph 7 (iii) of G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919 and not finally disposed of. The proposal may be regarded as practically dropped. In G.O. No. 1486, Education, dated 11th December 1920, the Government sanctioned *special* grants to managers of aided secondary schools to enable them to raise the pay of teachers in their employ.

The Director of Public Instruction asked to re-examine the whole question—vide paragraph 7 (iv) of G.O. No. 112, Education, dated 25th January 1919. Question still under consideration (file in circulation.)

3
I have already written innumerable notes on this subject including practically the whole of the papers submitted to Government before the issue of G.O. No. 112, dated 25th February 1919 and I have little to add.

The resolution is vague and does not suggest any specific failing in the Code. Any change will involve increased expenditure and I do not know whether Government is prepared to provide the money. Moreover a very large and a very representative committee was appointed in 1916 and considered in great detail the Grant-in-Aid Code.

R. LITTLEHAILES—29-7-21.

LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

May be submitted to M-3 for orders as to who will take charge of the Resolution and as to whether it should be discussed at a meeting of the Cabinet.

I will take up.

A. P. [Patro]—3-8-21.

E.A.V.—30-7-21. N.K.—30-7-21.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—30-7-21.

P. C. DUTT—31-7-21.

Legislative Council Secretariat.
RESOLUTION. 27th October 1921.

Mr. M.C. Raja. En 52884

31.10.21
THE LAW (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

318. That this Council recommends
to the Government that a committee
consisting of educational officers,
managers of schools and members of the
teaching profession be appointed to
consider the ways in which the
Grant-in-Aid Code may be liberalised.

KK.

Luk

Law (Edn?)

Attention is solicited to the notes
Go 1391 Edn prepared for this Resolution when
(E) 22.10.21 notice of it was given by the same
member for the meeting of the
Legislative Council held last August.
The member not being in his place,
the Resolution was deemed to have
been withdrawn. For orders whether
the notes may now be sent for print.

May be done.

1-11-21
M
24/11

27.11.21

put

1391
N.E.
S.K.
Press.

Please put in
type & show
proof tomorrow

B. 11. 21



Law (Edn)

[~~Resolutions Nos. 143 & 150 may be taken together~~] The resolutions seem to express dissatisfaction at the working of the Grant-in-Aid code and recommend that a committee should sit ~~to~~ to suggest lines of revision.

2 At the outset, it should be premised that the code regulates grants not to one particular type of educational institution, nor is it again confined to one particular object of grant-in-aid. The Grant-in-aid code deals with grants to several grades of institutions, elementary, secondary and collegiate, to training institutions and to schools providing for special education - such as technical, industrial & art schools, home education classes, superior indigenous schools &c. The objects for which grants are given are multifarious - Teaching grants to the several classes of schools, grants towards rent of hostels, stipend in training schools, school buildings, hostels and boarding houses, furniture, books and appliances, Grants for the erection and equipment of village schools.

and grants towards endowments.

3 In deciding therefore whether a committee is at all necessary to go into the question of the revision of the Grant-in-aid code, it has to be demonstrated which provisions of the code are unsatisfactory and call for reform. Further, it was only in 1916 that the Govt. appointed a strong and thoroughly representative committee for the purpose of discussing certain several important questions bearing on the Grant-in-Aid code & the Educational Rules. That committee passed a ~~very~~ large number of resolutions, most of an appreciable part of which related to the Grant-in-Aid code. The resolutions came up before Govt. in July 1916 and they formed the subject of anxious consideration by Govt. It was not till the beginning of 1917 that orders could be passed on them and even then, certain subjects had to be re-committed back to the D. P. J. for further consideration and report. As a matter of fact ~~certain~~ a few questions connected with the recommendations of the Conference are still pending before

Go. 178 20
17.2.16 (2)

Go. 112 20
25.1.17 (4)

Lyett:

4 The following starts: Shows the recommendations of the Conference of 1916 so far as they affected the Grant-in-Aid Code & the action taken thereon by Govt.

Recommendation of the
Conference.

Action taken -

I Elementary Schools.

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Secondary Schools

11 The conference seems
overdue, but, for the purpose
of granting fee concessions
to indigent pupils of
marked ability, expe-
dy encouraging bodies
on Scholarships to 10 p.c.
of the fee-income ~~for good~~ ^{selected at}

standard rates be considered
as legitimate expense for the purpose of
assessing the grants that might
be paid to a school provided
that the scheme for the award of
scholarships or fee concessions has been approved by the Board.

The Govt. were of opinion that the objection urged against capitation allowances applied with equal cogency to capitation grants in respect of aided elementary schools and so directed the abolition of the latter also. ~~The latter also~~, the rates of teaching grant admissible under Art. 15 of the Grant-in-aid code being suitably increased - vide

(G)
No. 112 of 25.1.1942
(N) 1.9.19

The matter was ~~submitted~~ back to the

[This recommendation has
since been accepted - vide

III
The conference recommended -

recommended that some machinery should be devised to aid schools in maintaining a floating balance

Recommendation not accepted by Govt.:- Para 7(ii) of G.O. No. 112, dt. 25.1.19 (P)

IV
The conference recommended

that a portion not exceeding 15 p.c. of the total funds available for teaching grants to aided secondary schools be reserved for distribution by the D.P.D. to such schools as under rules 32 & 33 of the Grant-in-Aid Code have received little or no teaching grant

Remitted back to the D.P.D. with reference to the observations in para 7(ii) of G.O. No. 112, dt. 25.1.19 & not finally disposed of. The proposal may be regarded as practically dropped. (M) In G.O. 1486 of 11-12-20, the Govt. sanctioned special grants to managers of aided secondary schools to enable them to raise the pay of teachers in their employ.

V
The Government formulated certain recommendations

relating to the endowment grants

D.P.D. asked to re-examine the whole question - vide para 7(iv) of G.O. 112, dt. 25.1.19. Question still under consideration - (File in file)

(The entire chapter relating to Endowment Grants has since been ordered to be deleted from the Grant-in-Aid Code. (A) - G.O. 1471, dt. 16.10.21. In view of the facts that we had not long ago a conference and that some of the recommendations made by that

conference are yet under consideration and that the present resolutions do not specifically state which portions of the Grant-in-aid Code need revision it is very doubtful whether the Govt.

Should accept ~~them~~ ^{Probably the most likely} ~~in view of an increase in the rates of grants for the maintenance of elementary and primary schools.~~

E.A.V. 26.7.21

~~to~~ This will resolve itself into a question of funds. The Govt. have not yet been able to provide the amount required for

the payment of subsidies to local bodies in the current year for paying ^{their} teachers the allowance of Rs 4 each ^{last year} last year. We were unable to increase our grants to elementary schools so to enable the management to pay increased salary to their teachers. The Committee that prepared draft rules under the Elementary Education Act have recently accepted without modification the existing provisions of the Grant-in-aid Code relating to the payment of grants to elementary schools.

D.P.D. may be consulted.

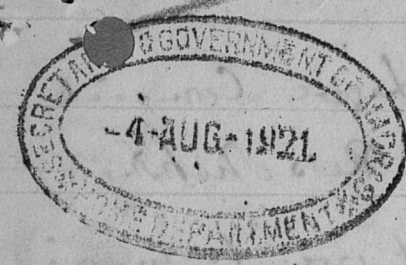
Edu no 3450 a-1
27.7.21

Chamanyth Aahayya
27.7.21 P.C. Dutta
27.7.21
D.P.D. (20)

U.O. No. 401
30.7.21

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It is impossible to write except by chance any note to the point without hearing in what ways the working of the Grant-in-Aid Code system is defective and in what ways it might be improved or liberalised.



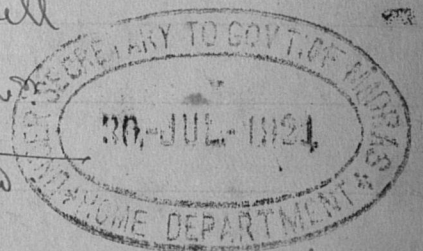
I have already written innumerable notes on this subject including practically the whole of the papers submitted to Government before the issue of G.O.No.112 dated 25th February 1919 and I have little to add.

The resolution is vague and does not suggest any specific failing in the Code. Any change will involve increased expenditure and I do not know whether Government is prepared to provide the money. Moreover a very large and a very representative committee was appointed in 1916 and considered in great detail the Grant-in-Aid Code.

Done (Sd/-)

Littlechild
27.7.21

May be subd. to M3
for orders as to who will
take charge of the Resolution
and as to whether it should



Will take on

discussed at a meeting of the Cabinet.

807 A.P. PLAT
30.7.21
N.Y. N.Y.
30/7/21

to E.A.V
30.7.21
N.Y. N.Y.
30/7/21

Chairman & Asher
30.7.21

Resolution in the House 1/3
21/9/21

P.D. Dutt
31.7.21

The following resolution which stood in the name of Mr. M. C. Raja was deemed to have been withdrawn, the member not being in his place:—

"96. That this Council recommends to the Government that a committee consisting of educational officers, managers of schools and members of the teaching profession be appointed to consider the ways in which the Grant-in-Aid Code may be liberalised."

The following resolution which stood in the name of Mr. W. Vijayaraghava Mudaliyar was deemed to have been withdrawn, the member not being in his place:—

"97. That this Council recommends to the Government that a committee be appointed to report on the working of the grant-in-aid system and to suggest suitable measures to improve it."

Order
mis

1391 of 22-9-21

Recorded

Order
20-8-21

A
21-9-21

22-9-21

Leave Council —
Resolutions —

Grant-in-aid
Code - Committee
for liberalising.

Recorded

omit

When given for copying —
When copied —
When examined —
When signed —

192

READ AGAIN G.O. No.
192

DATED

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT A A A A A A A

LETTER GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—

A = Copy in full.
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Q = Copy heading only.