

Home (1919) Department.
(Education)

Ordinary SERIES.

G.O. No. 1232

DATED 8-X-19

[Despatch Abstract.]

Dacca University Bill.-

Referring the----- to the Director of
Public Instruction and the Syndicate of the University of Madras
for remarks.

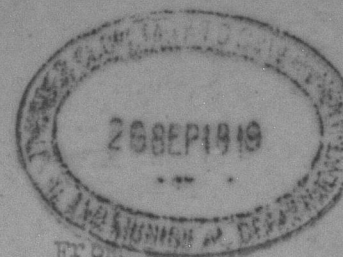
BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

No. 2487.



Government of India,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

FROM

The Hon'ble Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith, I.C.S.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Legislative Department.

Simla, the 20th September 1919.

Sir,

With reference to the Proceedings of the Indian Legislative
-----X
A Bill to establish and incorporate Council of the 11th Septem-
a Unitary teaching and residential ber, 1919, I am directed
university at Dacca, with Statement to forward herewith 6
of Objects and Reasons. -----X
copies of the papers
noted on the margin and
to request that the Bill and Statement may be published in the
Fort St. George Gazette in English and in such other languages
as the Governor in Council may deem proper, and that
the dates of such publication may be communicated to the Govern-
ment of India

2. I am also to state that the Government of India will be glad
to receive any observations which the Local Government may have to
make on the Bill.

3. The reply to this letter should be sent in by the 1st Decem-
ber, 1919.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Handwritten signature

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



A
BILL
TO

Establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Dacca University Act, 1914.
Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall, save as otherwise expressly provided herein, come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may by notification in the Gazette of India direct.

2. In this Act, and in all Statutes made hereunder, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "Hall" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided by the University;
- (b) "Hostel" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided otherwise than by the University, and approved and licensed by the University in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
- (c) "Local Government" means the Governor of Bengal in Council;
- (d) "Provost" means the head of a Hall;
- (e) "registered graduates" means graduates registered under the provisions of this Act;
- (f) "servants" includes clerical establishment and menials;
- (g) "Statutes," "Ordinances" and "Regulations" mean, respectively, the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations of the University for the time being in force;
- (h) "teachers" includes Professors, Readers and Lecturers;
- (i) "University" means the Dacca University; and
- (j) "Warden" means the head of a Hostel.

The University.

3. (1) The first Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor of the University and the first members of the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, so long as they continue to hold such office or membership, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of the Dacca University.

(2) The Dacca University shall have perpetual succession and a Common Seal, and shall sue and be sued by the said name.

4. The University shall have the following Powers of the University, namely :—

(1) to grant and confer degrees and other academic distinctions to and on persons who shall have pursued a course of study in the University, and shall have passed the examinations of the University, under conditions laid down in the Ordinances and Regulations,

(2) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on approved persons in the manner laid down in the Statutes,

(3) to provide for instruction in such branches of learning as the University may think fit, and to make provision for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge,

(4) to grant such diplomas to and to provide such lectures and instruction for persons, not being members of the University, as the University may determine,

(5) to co-operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine,

(6) to institute Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships and any other teaching posts required by the University, and to appoint persons to such Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships and posts,

(7) to institute and award Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes in accordance with the Statutes and the Regulations,

(8) to institute and maintain Halls for the residence of students of the University and to approve and license Hostels maintained by other persons for the residence of such students,

(9) to demand and receive such fees as may be prescribed in the Ordinances,

(10) to supervise and control the residence, health and discipline of students of the University, and

(11) to do all such other acts and things, whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not, as may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University as a teaching and examining body, and to cultivate and promote arts, science and learning.

5. The University shall be open to all persons of either sex and of whatever race, creed or class, and it shall not be lawful for the University to adopt or impose

on any person any test whatsoever of religious belief or profession in order to entitle him to be admitted thereto as a teacher or student, or to hold any office therein, or to graduate thereat, or to enjoy or exercise any privilege thereof, except where such test is specially prescribed by the Statutes, or, in respect of any particular benefaction accepted by the University where such test is made a condition thereof by any testamentary or other instrument creating such benefaction :

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent religious instruction being given in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances to those willing to receive it by persons (whether teachers of the University or not) approved for that purpose by the Executive Council.

6. (1) The members of the University shall be the officers of the University, the members of the Court, the Professors, Readers, Lecturers, and such other classes of teachers of the University as may by the Statutes be admitted to membership, the members of the Faculties, the Wardens, the graduates and under-graduates of the University, and such other classes of persons as may be declared by the Statutes to be members of the University.

(2) The under-graduates of the University shall be such persons attending lectures or receiving instruction with a view to graduation in the University as have been admitted to the University in accordance with this Act and the Ordinances.

(3) A person shall continue to be a member of the University so long only as he shall continue to possess one of the qualifications enumerated in sub-section (1).

7. (1) All recognized teaching in connection with the University courses shall be conducted by the University, and shall include lecturing, laboratory work and other teaching conducted in the University by the Professors, Readers, Lecturers and other teachers thereof in accordance with any syllabus prescribed by the Regulations.

(2) The authorities responsible for organising such teaching shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The courses and curricula shall be prescribed by the Ordinances and the Regulations.

(4) It shall not be lawful for the University to conduct courses or maintain classes for the purpose of preparing students for admission to the University.

The Visitor.

8. (1) The Governor General shall be the Visitor of the University.

(2) The Visitor shall have the right to cause an inspection to be made by such person or persons as he may direct of the University, its buildings, laboratories, equipment, and of any institutions associated with the University, and also of the examinations, teaching and other work conducted or done by the University, and to cause an inquiry to be made in like manner in respect of any matter connected with the University and to address the Chancellor with reference to the results of such inspection or inquiry.

(3) The Chancellor shall communicate to the Executive Council the views of the Visitor and shall advise the University upon the action to be taken thereon.

(4) The Executive Council shall report to the Chancellor for communication to the Visitor such action as it is proposed to take or has been taken upon the results of such inspection or inquiry.

Officers of the University.

9. The following shall be the officers of the University:—

Officers of the University.

- (I) The Chancellor,
- (II) The Vice-Chancellor,
- (III) The Treasurer,
- (IV) The Provosts,
- (V) The Registrar,
- (VI) The Deans of Faculties, and
- (VII) Such other officers as may be declared by the Statutes to be officers of the University.

10. (1) The Chancellor shall be the Governor of Bengal. He shall by virtue of his office be the head of the University and the President of the Court, and shall when present preside at meetings of the Court and at any Convocation of the University.

(2) The Chancellor shall have such powers as may be conferred on him by this Act or the Statutes.

(3) Every proposal for the conferment of an honorary degree shall be subject to the confirmation of the Chancellor.

(4) The Chancellor shall, where committees of selection for Professorships and Readerships are constituted in British India, appoint in the manner prescribed by the Statutes one or more members of every such committee.

(5) The Chancellor shall have the right to hear appeals against the order of any officer or authority of the University affecting any class of persons in the University, and, if he thinks fit, shall advise the Executive Council thereon, and the Executive Council shall take such advice into consideration and shall make a report thereon to the Chancellor.

11. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by the Chancellor and shall hold office for such term and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Vice-Chancellor occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Vice-Chancellor as he may think fit.

12. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University, and shall in the absence of the Chancellor preside at meetings of the Court and at any Convocation of the University. He shall be an *ex-officio* member and Chairman of the Executive Council and of the Academic Council, and shall be entitled to be present and to speak at any meeting of any authority or other body of the University, but shall not be entitled to vote thereat unless he is a member of the authority or body concerned.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to see that this Act, the Statutes and the

Ordinances are faithfully observed, and he shall have all powers necessary for this purpose.

(3) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meetings of the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council.

(4) In any emergency which in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor requires that immediate action should be taken, the Vice-Chancellor shall take such action as he deems necessary, and shall within fourteen days thereafter report his action to the officer, authority or other body who or which in the ordinary course would have dealt with the matter.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall give effect to the orders of the Executive Council regarding the appointment, dismissal and suspension of the officers and teachers of the University, and shall exercise general control over the members of the University other than the Chancellor. He shall be responsible for the discipline of the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

13. (1) The Treasurer shall be appointed by the Chancellor upon such conditions and for such period, and shall receive such remuneration from the funds of the University, as the Chancellor shall deem fit.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Treasurer occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Treasurer as he may think fit.

(3) The Treasurer shall exercise general supervision over the funds of the University, and shall advise in regard to its financial policy.

(4) He shall be an *ex-officio* member of the Executive Council and shall, subject to the control of the Executive Council, manage the property and investments of the University. He shall be responsible for the presentation of the annual estimates and statement of accounts.

(5) Subject to the powers of the Executive Council, he shall be responsible for seeing that all monies are expended on the purpose for which they are granted or allotted.

(6) All contracts shall be signed by the Treasurer on behalf of the University.

(7) He shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

14. The Registrar shall act as Secretary of the Court and the Executive Council, and shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

15. The powers of officers of the University, other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Treasurer and the Registrar shall be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Authorities of the University.

16. The following shall be the authorities of the University:—

I. The Court,

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- II. The Executive Council,
- III. The Academic Council,
- IV. The Faculties, and
- V. Such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University.

17. (1) The Court shall consist of the following persons, namely :—

The Court.

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Chancellor,
- (ii) the Vice-Chancellor,
- (iii) the Treasurer,
- (iv) the Registrar,
- (v) the Provosts and Wardens,
- (vi) the Professors and Readers,
- (vii) the Directors of Public Instruction in Bengal and Assam, and
- (viii) such other *ex-officio* members as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Class II.—Other members.

- (ix) Donors to the University of amounts to be prescribed by the Statutes,
- (x) graduates of the University elected by the registered graduates from among their own body,
- (xi) persons elected by members of the Academic Council from among the teachers of the University,
- (xii) persons appointed by the Chancellor,
- (xiii) persons appointed by the Chief Commissioner of Assam whose number shall be determined by the Chancellor, and
- (xiv) persons (if any) appointed by the Chancellor to be life members on the ground that they have rendered great services to education.

(2) The number of members to be elected or appointed under clauses (x), (xi) and (xii), and the tenure of office of donors under clause (ix) and of members to be elected or appointed under clauses (x), (xi), (xii) and (xiii) of sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Statutes, and the mode of election of members to be elected under clause (x) of sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

18. (1) The Court shall, on a date to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, meet once a year at a meeting to be called the annual meeting of the Court.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than forty members of the Court, convene a special meeting of the Court.

19. The Court shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by this Act or the Statutes.

20. The Executive Council shall be the executive body of the University, and its constitution and the terms of office of its members, other than *ex-officio*

members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes. The Statutes shall provide that at least one member of the Executive Council shall be elected by the Court.

21. The Executive Council—

Powers and duties of the Executive Council.

(a) shall hold, control and administer the property and funds of the University, and for these purposes shall appoint from amongst its own members a Finance Committee to advise it on matters of finance. The Treasurer shall be Chairman of the Finance Committee, and at least one member of the Committee shall be a member elected to the Executive Council by the Court;

(b) shall direct the form, custody and use of the Common Seal of the University;

(c) shall, subject to the powers conferred by this Act on the Vice-Chancellor, regulate and determine all matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances;

Provided that no action shall be taken by the Executive Council in respect of the fees paid to examiners and the emoluments of teachers otherwise than on the recommendation of the Academic Council;

(d) shall lay before the Local Government annually a full statement of all the requests received by it for financial assistance from any institution associated with the University, together with its views thereon;

(e) shall administer any funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes;

(f) save as otherwise provided by this Act or the Statutes, shall appoint, and shall have power to suspend and dismiss the officers (other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer), teachers and servants of the University, and shall define their duties and the conditions of their service, and shall provide for the filling of temporary vacancies in their posts;

(g) shall have power to accept transfers of any moveable or immoveable property on behalf of the University;

(h) shall publish the results of the University examinations;

(i) shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act or the Statutes; and

(j) shall exercise all other powers of the University not otherwise provided for by this Act or the Statutes.

22. The Academic Council shall be the academic body of the University, and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, have the control and general regulation, and be respon-

sible for the maintenance of standards of instruction and education within the University, and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by the Statutes. It shall have the right to advise the Executive Council on all academic matters. The constitution of the Academic Council and the term of office of its members, other than *ex-officio* members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

23. (1) The University shall include the Faculties of Arts, Science and Law and such other Faculties (whether formed by the sub-division or combination of an existing Faculty or Faculties or by the creation of a new Faculty or otherwise) as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Each Faculty shall, subject to the control of the Academic Council, have charge of the teaching and the courses of study and the research work in such subjects as may be assigned to such Faculty by the Ordinances.

(2) The constitution and powers of the Faculties shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) There shall be a Dean of each Faculty who shall be elected in the manner laid down in subsection (5), and shall be responsible for the due observance of the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations relating to the Faculty.

(4) Each Faculty shall comprise such Departments of teaching as may be prescribed by the Ordinances. The head of every such Department shall be the Professor of the Department or, if there is no Professor, the Reader. If there is more than one Professor or more than one Reader of a Department, as the case may be, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint such Professor or Reader to be head of the Department as he thinks fit. The head of the Department shall be responsible to the Dean for the organisation of the teaching in that Department.

(5) The Dean of a Faculty shall be elected by the Faculty from among the heads of Departments of the Faculty. Such election shall be subject to the confirmation of the Academic Council. The Dean shall receive in respect of his duties as Dean such additional remuneration as shall be fixed by the Executive Council, and shall hold office as Dean for such time as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

24. The constitution, powers and duties of such other authorities of the University as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University shall be provided for in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

University Boards.

25. The University shall include the Muhammadan Advisory Board, the Residence, Health and Discipline Board, and such other Boards as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

26. (1) The constitution of the Muhammadan Advisory Board shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) The Board shall concern itself with Muhammadan interests in the University, and shall be entitled to address any officer, authority or other

body of the University appointed or constituted by or under this Act, in regard to any matter affecting Muhammadan interests, and shall discharge such functions as may be assigned to it by the Statutes or the Ordinances.

27. The constitution, powers and duties of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board and, save as provided in section 26, of all other Boards of the University, shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

28. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the conferment of honorary degrees;
- (b) the institution of Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes;
- (c) the term of office and conditions of service of the Vice-Chancellor;
- (d) the designations and powers of the officers of the University;
- (e) the constitution, powers and duties of the Court, the Executive Council, the Academic Council, the Faculties and the Muhammadan Advisory Board;
- (f) the powers and duties of the University Boards, and the mode of appointment thereto;
- (g) the institution and maintenance of Halls and the management of Hostels;
- (h) the mode of appointment of the Professors and Readers of the University;
- (i) the constitution of a pension or provident fund for the benefit of the officers, teachers and servants of the University;
- (j) the maintenance of a register of registered graduates; and
- (k) all matters which by this Act are to be or may be prescribed by the Statutes.

29. (1) The first Statutes shall be those set out in the Schedule.

(2) The Statutes may be amended or repealed and new or additional Statutes may be made by the Court in the manner hereinafter appearing.

(3) The Executive Council may propose to the Court the draft of any Statute to be passed by the Court. Such draft shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court may approve such draft and pass the Statute, or may reject it or refer it back to the Executive Council for further consideration.

(4) Where any Statute has been passed by the Court, it shall be submitted to the Chancellor who may assent thereto or withhold his assent, or refer the Statute back to the Court for further consideration. A Statute passed by the Court shall have no validity until it has been assented to by the Chancellor.

(5) The Executive Council shall not propose the draft of any Statute or of any amendment of a Statute affecting the status, powers or constitution of any authority of the University until

such authority has been given an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the proposal. Any opinion so expressed shall be in writing and shall be considered by the Court, and shall be submitted to the Chancellor.

30. Subject to the provisions of this Act and the Statutes, the Ordinances may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the courses of study to be laid down for all degrees and diplomas of the University;
- (b) the conditions under which students shall be admitted to the degree or diploma courses and to the examinations of the University, and shall be eligible for degrees and diplomas;
- (c) the admission of students to the University;
- (d) the conditions of residence of the students of the University, the levying of fees for residence in Halls, and the licensing of Hostels;
- (e) the fees to be charged for courses of study in the University and for admission to the examinations, degrees and diplomas of the University;
- (f) the giving of religious instruction;
- (g) the formation of Departments of teaching in the Faculties;
- (h) the conduct of examinations; and
- (i) all matters which by this Act or the Statutes are to be or may be provided for by the Ordinances.

31. (1) Ordinances shall be made by the Executive Council:

Provided that no Ordinance shall be made—

- (a) affecting the admission of students, or prescribing examinations to be recognised as equivalent to University examinations or the further qualifications mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 26 for admission to the degree courses of the University unless a draft of the same has been proposed by the Academic Council, or
- (b) affecting the conduct or standard of examinations or any course of study except in accordance with a proposal of the Faculty or Faculties concerned, and unless a draft of such Ordinance has been proposed by the Academic Council, or
- (c) affecting the conditions of residence of students except after consultation with the Residence, Health and Discipline Board.

(2) The Executive Council shall not have power to amend any draft proposed by the Academic Council under sub-section (1), but may remit the same to the Academic Council for further consideration.

(3) All Ordinances made by the Executive Council shall be submitted as soon as may be to the Chancellor and the Court, and shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court shall have power, by a resolution passed

by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members voting, to cancel any Ordinance, and such Ordinance shall, from the date of such resolution, be void.

(4) The Chancellor may, at any time after any Ordinance has been considered by the Court, signify to the Executive Council his disallowance of such Ordinance, and from the date of receipt by the Executive Council of intimation of such disallowance, such Ordinance shall become void.

(5) The Chancellor may direct that the operation of any Ordinance shall be suspended until he has had an opportunity of exercising his power of disallowance. An order of suspension under this sub-section shall cease to have effect on the expiration of one month from the date of such order, or on the expiration of fifteen days from the date of consideration of the Ordinance by the Court, whichever period expires later.

32. (1) The authorities and the Boards of Regulations, the University may make Regulations consistent with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances—

- (a) laying down the procedure to be observed at their meetings and the number of members required to form a quorum;
- (b) providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be prescribed by Regulations; and
- (c) providing for all other matters solely concerning such authorities and Boards and not provided for by this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(2) Every authority of the University shall make Regulations providing for the giving of notice to the members of such authority of the dates of meetings and of the business to be considered at meetings, and for the keeping of a record of the proceedings of meetings.

(3) The Executive Council may direct the amendment in such manner as it may specify of any Regulation made under this section or the annulment of any Regulation made under sub-section (1):

Provided that any authority or Board of the University which is dissatisfied with any such direction may appeal to the Chancellor whose decision in the matter shall be final.

Residence, Halls and Hostels.

33. Every student of the University shall reside in a Hall or Hostel, or under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Ordinances:

Provided that every student not residing in a Hall or Hostel shall be attached to a Hall or Hostel for tutorial help and disciplinary supervision, and for such other purposes as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

34. The Halls of the University shall be—

- (a) the Dacca Hall,
- (b) the Muhammadan Hall, and
- (c) such other Halls as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

35. (1) The Hostels shall be such as may hereafter be approved and licensed by the Executive Council on such general or special conditions as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(2) The Wardens and superintending staffs of Hostels shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The conditions of residence in Hostels shall be prescribed by the Ordinances, and every Hostel shall be subject to inspection by any member of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board authorised in this behalf by the Board and by any officer of the University authorised in this behalf by the Executive Council.

(4) The Executive Council shall have power to suspend or withdraw the license of any Hostel which is not conducted in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the Ordinances.

Admission and Examinations.

36. (1) Admission of students to the University shall be made by an admission committee appointed for that purpose by the Academic Council.

(2) Students shall not be eligible for admission to a course of study for a degree unless they have passed the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University incorporated by any law for the time being in force, or an examination recognised in accordance with the provisions of this section as equivalent thereto, and possess such further qualifications as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(3) The conditions under which students may be admitted to the diploma courses of the University shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(4) The University shall not, save with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, recognise (for the purposes of admission to a course of study for a degree) as equivalent to its own degree any degree conferred by any other University or as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University any examination conducted by any other authority.

37. (1) All arrangements for the conduct of examinations shall be made, and all examiners shall be appointed by the Academic Council in such manner as may be prescribed by this Act and the Ordinances.

(2) If, during the course of an examination, any examiner is for any cause incapable of acting as such, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint an examiner to fill the vacancy.

(3) At least one examiner who is not a member of the University shall be appointed for each subject included in a Department of teaching and forming part of the course which is required for a University degree.

(4) The Executive Council shall, after consulting the Academic Council, appoint examination committees, consisting of members of its own body or of other persons, or of both, as it thinks fit, to moderate examination questions and to report examination results to the Executive Council.

Annual Report and Accounts.

38. The annual report of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Court on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, and shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting. The Court may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such resolutions into consideration.

39. (1) The annual accounts and balance sheet of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Local Government for the purposes of audit.

(2) The accounts when audited shall be published in the Gazette of India and shall, together with the audit report, if any, be submitted to the Court and to the Governor General in Council. The Executive Council shall also submit to the Court, on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, a statement of the financial estimates for the ensuing year.

(3) The annual accounts and the financial estimates shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting, and the Court may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such resolutions into consideration.

Supplementary Provisions.

40. The Chancellor shall, with the concurrence of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Executive Council for the time being in India, have power to remove any person from membership of the University or of any of its authorities or other bodies.

41. If any question arises whether any person has been duly elected or appointed as, or is entitled to be, a member of the University or of any authority or other body of the University, the matter shall be referred to the Chancellor whose decision thereon shall be final.

42. Where any authority of the University is given power by this Act or the Statutes to appoint committees, such committees shall, unless otherwise provided, consist of members of the authority concerned and of such other persons (if any) as the authority in each case may think fit.

43. All casual vacancies among the members (other than *ex-officio* members) of any authority or other body of the University shall be filled as soon as conveniently may be by the person or body who appointed, elected or co-opted the member whose place has become vacant, and the person appointed, elected or co-opted to a casual vacancy shall be a member of such authority or body for the residue of the term for which the person whose place he fills would have been a member.

44. No act or proceeding of any authority or other body of the University shall be invalidated merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy or vacancies among its members.

45. (1) Every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed on a written contract. The contract shall be lodged with the Registrar of the University, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.

(2) Any member of the public services in India whom it is proposed to appoint to a post in the University shall, subject to the approval of such appointment by the Government, have the option—

(i) of remaining in the service of the Government during the whole period or such portion thereof as may be fixed of his employment by the University, or

(ii) of having his services lent to the University and remaining liable to recall to Government service at the discretion of the Government, or

(iii) of resigning Government service on entering the service of the University.

46. Any dispute arising out of a contract between the University and any officer or teacher of the University shall, on the request of the officer or teacher concerned, be referred to a Tribunal of Arbitration consisting of one member appointed by the Executive Council, one member nominated by the officer or teacher concerned, and an umpire appointed by the Chancellor. The decision of the Tribunal shall be final, and no suit shall lie in any Civil Court in respect of the matters decided by the Tribunal. Every such arbitration shall be subject to the provisions

IX of 1899. of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, so far as the same may be applicable thereto.

47. (1) The University shall constitute for the Pension or provident fund of its officers, teachers and servants a pension or provident fund in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) Where such a pension or provident fund has been so constituted, the Governor General in Council may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Provident Funds Act, 1897, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to such fund as if it were a Government Provident Fund.

48. Save as otherwise provided in this Act, the powers of the University conferred by or under this Act shall not extend beyond a radius of five miles from the Convocation Hall of the University.

Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force, no educational institution beyond that limit shall, save with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, be associated with or admitted to any privileges of the University, and no educational institution within that limit shall, save with the like sanction, be associated in any way with or be admitted to any privileges of any other University, and any such privileges granted by any other University

to any educational institution within that limit prior to the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be withdrawn on the commencement of this Act:

Provided that the Jagannath College in the town of Dacca may retain its connection with the University of Calcutta for three years from the commencement of this Act unless the Chancellor shall direct that such connection shall cease earlier:

Provided further that it shall be lawful for the Faculty of Law to assemble at Calcutta whenever, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, such a course is necessary.

Transitory Provisions.

49. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the Ordinances, any student of the Dacca College, the Dacca Law College, the Dacca Training College or the Jagannath College at Dacca who, on the commencement of this Act, is studying for any examination of the Calcutta University higher than the Intermediate Examination shall be permitted to complete his course in preparation therefor, and the University shall provide for such students instruction and examinations in accordance with the Prospectus of Studies of the Calcutta University.

50. The first Vice-Chancellor may be appointed at any time after the passing of this Act. Such appointment shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of section 11, be made by the Governor General in Council for such period and on such conditions as he thinks fit.

51. (1) At any time after the passing of this Act and until such time as the authorities of the University shall have been duly constituted—

- (a) the Treasurer may be appointed by the Governor of Bengal;
- (b) any other officers of the University may be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor with the previous sanction of the Governor of Bengal;
- (c) teachers of the University shall be appointed by the Governor of Bengal after considering the recommendations of an Advisory Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor, the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and such other person or persons, if any, as the Governor of Bengal thinks fit to associate with them.

(2) Any appointment made under sub-section (1) shall be for such period and on such conditions as the appointing authority thinks fit:

Provided that no such appointment shall be made until financial provision has been made therefor by the Local Government or otherwise.

52. At any time after the passing of this Act, the Vice-Chancellor may, with the previous approval of the Chancellor and subject to the provision of funds by the Local Government or otherwise, take such action consistent so far as may be with the provisions of this Act and the Statutes as he may think necessary for the

purpose of bringing the University into being and for that purpose may exercise any power which by this Act or the Statutes is to be conferred on any officer or authority of the University.

THE SCHEDULE.

THE FIRST STATUTES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

[See section 29 (1).]

1. In these Statutes, unless there is anything Definitions. repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "the Act" means the Dacca University Act, 19, and "section" means a section of the Act; and

(b) "officers," "authorities," "Professors," "Readers," "Lecturers," "teachers," "servants" and "registered graduates" mean respectively officers, authorities, Professors, Readers, Lecturers, teachers, servants and registered graduates of the University.

2. (1) In addition to the officers mentioned in Constitution of the sub-section (1) of section 17, Court. the following persons shall be *ex-officio* members of the Court, namely:—

(i) the members of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal;

(ii) the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta;

(iii) the Commissioner, the Collector and the District and Sessions Judge of Dacca;

(iv) the Director of Agriculture for Bengal;

(v) the Civil Surgeon of Dacca;

(vi) the Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Bengal;

(vii) the Chairman of the Dacca Municipality;

(viii) the Inspector of Schools of the Dacca Division;

(ix) the Inspectress of Girls' Schools for the Dacca Circle;

(x) the Proctor of the University;

(xi) the Librarian of the University; and

(xii) the Principals of the Dacca Medical School, the Dacca Madrasah, the Calcutta Madrasah, the Chittagong Madrasah, the Rajshahi Madrasah, the Eden High School, and of all educational institutions in the Dacca Division which prepare students for admission to the degree courses of a University.

(2) (a) Every person making a donation of fifty thousand rupees or upwards or transferring property of the like value to the University shall be a life member of the Court from the date of the donation being actually made or of the transfer being executed.

(b) Every person making a donation of ten thousand rupees or upwards or transferring property of the like value to the University shall be a member of the Court for a period of five years

from the date of the donation being actually made or of the transfer being executed.

(3) The number of graduates to be elected as members of the Court by the registered graduates from among their own body shall be thirty, of whom fifteen shall be Muhammadan graduates elected by the registered Muhammadan graduates.

(4) The number of teachers to be elected as members of the Court by the Academic Council shall be five.

(5) The number of persons to be appointed by the Chancellor under clause (xii) of sub-section (1) of section 17 shall be forty:

Provided that the Chancellor shall in making such appointments secure that, as far as possible, fifty per cent. of the non-European members of the Court shall be Muhammadans.

(6) Save as otherwise provided members of the Court other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years:

Provided that members elected by the Academic Council shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be teachers.

3. (1) The members of the Executive Council, in Constitution of the addition to the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer shall be—

Class I.—*Ex-officio* members.

(i) The Commissioner of the Dacca Division;

(ii) the Deans of the Faculties.

Class II.—*Other* members.

(iii) Four persons appointed by the Chancellor, of whom two shall be Muhammadans, and one at least of these two shall be a teacher;

(iv) two members of the Court elected by the Court at its annual meeting;

(v) two members of the Court elected by the Muhammadan members thereof at its annual meeting; and

(vi) two members of the Academic Council elected by the Academic Council;

(2) The Executive Council so constituted shall co-opt as members one Provost and one Warden.

(3) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years:

Provided that members elected by any body of persons from among their own number shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be members of the body which elected them.

4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Powers of the Execu- Executive Council shall tive Council. have the following powers, namely:—

(a) to institute, at its discretion, such Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships or other teaching posts as may be proposed by the Academic Council;

(b) to abolish or suspend, after report from the Academic Council thereon, any Professorship, Readership, Lectureship or other teaching post;

- (c) to appoint, in accordance with the Statutes, teachers, officers and servants;
- (d) to delegate, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by Regulations made by the Executive Council, its power to appoint teachers, officers and servants to such person or authority as the Executive Council may determine;
- (e) to manage and regulate the finances, accounts, investments, property and all administrative affairs whatsoever of the University, and for that purpose to appoint such agents as it may think fit;
- (f) to accept bequests, donations and transfers of property to the University:
Provided that all such bequests, donations and transfers shall be reported to the Court at its next meeting;
- (g) to provide the buildings, premises, furniture, apparatus, equipment and other means needed for carrying on the work of the University;
- (h) after report from the Finance Committee, to enter into, vary, carry out and cancel contracts on behalf of the University; and
- (i) to invest any monies belonging to the University, including any unapplied income, in any of the securities described in section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, or in the purchase of immoveable property in India, with the like power of varying such investments; or to place on fixed deposit in any bank approved in this behalf by the Local Government any portion of such monies not required for immediate expenditure.

5. (1) The members of the Academic Council, in addition to the Vice-Chancellor, shall be—

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Deans of the Faculties;
- (ii) the Librarian of the University;
- (iii) the Professors; and
- (iv) the Provosts.

Class II.—Other members.

- (v) Two Wardens nominated by the Vice-Chancellor; and
- (vi) persons, if any, not exceeding three in number and not being teachers, appointed by the Chancellor, on account of their possessing expert knowledge in such subjects of study as may be selected by the Academic Council as constituted under heads (i) to (v).

(2) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clause (1) shall co-opt as members three Readers and two Lecturers.

(3) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clauses (1) and (2) shall co-opt as members teachers not exceeding one-tenth of its numbers as so constituted:

Provided that so long as one-fourth of the total members, including teachers co-opted under

this sub-clause, are not Muhammadans, any teacher so co-opted shall be a Muhammadan.

(4) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years:

Provided that Readers, Lecturers or teachers co-opted as such shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be Readers, Lecturers or teachers, respectively.

6. The Academic Council shall have the Powers of the Academic Council. Following powers, namely:—

- (a) to make proposals to the Executive Council for the institution of Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships or other teaching posts, and in regard to the duties and emoluments thereof;
- (b) to make Regulations for and to award in accordance with such Regulations Scholarships, Exhibitions, bursaries, medals and other rewards;
- (c) to appoint examiners after report from the Faculties concerned;
- (d) to control and manage the University Library or Libraries, to frame Regulations regarding their use, and to appoint a Library Committee under the general control of the Academic Council to manage the affairs of the Library;
- (e) to formulate, modify or revise, subject to the control of the Executive Council, schemes for the constitution or reconstitution of Faculties and for the assignment of subjects to such Faculties;
- (f) to assign teachers to the Faculties;
- (g) to promote research within the University and to require reports on such research from the persons employed thereon; and
- (h) to maintain a register of registered graduates in accordance with the Statutes.

7. (1) Each Faculty shall consist of—

The Faculties.

- (i) the Professors of the Departments comprised in the Faculty,
- (ii) such teachers of subjects assigned to the Faculty as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council,
- (iii) such teachers of subjects not assigned to the Faculty but having in the opinion of the Academic Council an important bearing on those subjects as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council, and
- (iv) such other persons as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council on account of their possessing expert knowledge in a subject or subjects assigned to the Faculty.

(2) The total number of members shall not exceed in the case of the Faculties of Arts and Science thirty, and in the case of other Faculties

fifteen, except with the sanction of the Chancellor given on the request of the Academic Council.

8. Subject to the provisions of the Act, each Faculty shall have the following powers, namely:—

- (a) to constitute Committees of Courses and Studies;
- (b) to recommend to the Academic Council after consulting the Committees of Courses and Studies, the names of examiners in subjects assigned to the Faculty.

9. There shall be a Board of Co-ordination composed of the Vice-Chancellor, who shall be Chairman thereof, the Deans of the Faculties and the Registrar, to organise the teaching of the University and in particular to co-ordinate the work and time-tables of the various Faculties, and to assign lecture rooms, laboratories and other rooms to the Faculties.

10. (1) The Dean of each Faculty shall be the executive officer of the Faculty, and shall preside at its meetings. He shall hold office for three years.

(2) He shall issue the lecture lists of the University in the Departments comprised in the Faculty, and shall be responsible for the conduct of teaching therein.

(3) He shall have the right to be present and to speak at any meeting of any committee of the Faculty, but not to vote unless he is a member of the committee.

11. The Muhammadan Advisory Board shall consist of—

(a) seven members appointed by the Chancellor from among the Muhammadan members of the Court, of whom at least three shall be teachers,

(b) two members co-opted by the members appointed under sub-clause (a).

12. (1) Each Hostel shall be managed by a committee of management approved by the Executive Council.

(2) The Warden and the superintending staff of a Hostel shall be appointed by the committee of management thereof, subject to the approval of the Executive Council.

13. The Court may, on the recommendation of the Executive Council, withdraw any degree or diploma conferred by the University.

14. (1) All proposals for the conferment of honorary degrees shall be made by the Academic Council to the Executive Council, and shall require the assent of the Court before submission to the Chancellor for confirmation:

Provided that in cases of urgency the Chancellor may act on the recommendation of the Executive Council only.

(2) Any honorary degree conferred by the University may, with the previous approval of the Court and the sanction of the Chancellor, be withdrawn by the Executive Council.

15. The following persons shall, on payment of such fees as may be prescribed by the Statutes, be entitled to have their names enrolled in the register of registered graduates and to enjoy all the privileges of registration, namely:—

- (a) within five years after the Act comes into force all students who have graduated at any time from the Dacca College, the Jaganna'h College at Dacca, the Dacca Law College or the Dacca Training College and apply to the University to be granted *ad eundem* degrees of the University; and

- (b) all graduates of the University of three years' standing and upwards.

16. There shall be the following officers who shall be appointed by the Executive Council, namely:—

- (i) a Proctor for the maintenance of the general discipline of the University, to whom the Vice-Chancellor may delegate such of his disciplinary powers as he may think fit; and

- (ii) a Librarian for the University Library.

17. (1) Subject to the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 51 and of clause 18, appointments to Professorships and Readerships shall be made on the nomination of committees of selection constituted for the purpose as follows, namely:—

- (i) the Vice-Chancellor;
- (ii) one member of the Executive Council selected by the Executive Council;
- (iii) two members of the Academic Council selected by the Academic Council on the ground of their special knowledge or interest in the subject or subjects with which the Professor or Reader, as the case may be, will be concerned;
- (iv) an officer of the Local Government appointed by the Local Government; and
- (v) three persons (other than officers and teachers) appointed by the Chancellor:

Provided that should a committee so constituted not include both a Hindu and a Muhammadan member, the Chancellor shall nominate an additional Hindu or Muhammadan member or both, as the case may be.

(2) Committees of selection appointed under sub-clause (1) shall report to the Executive Council which shall, if it accepts the nomination of the committee, make the appointment to the post accordingly. If the Executive Council does not accept the nomination of the committee, it shall refer the case to the Chancellor, who shall make such appointment as he thinks fit.

18. (1) Of the Professorships and Readerships
 Committees of selection in the United Kingdom, not less than one-third shall be filled in one or other of the following manners, namely:—

- (a) on the nomination of committees of selection constituted for the purpose in the United Kingdom, or
- (b) if, in the opinion of the Secretary of State for India, exceptional circumstances justify such a course, by appointment by the Secretary of State for India.

(2) The committees of selection referred to in sub-clause (1) (a) shall be constituted as follows, namely:—

- (i) two members resident in the United Kingdom appointed by the Academic Council, and
- (ii) three members resident in the United Kingdom appointed by the Secretary of State for India.

(3) The Executive Council shall consider the report of a committee of selection constituted under sub-clause (2), and shall, if it accepts the nomination of the committee, make the appointment to the post accordingly. If the Executive Council does not accept the nomination of the committee, it shall refer the case to the Chancellor, who may either appoint the person nominated by the committee or refer the case to the Secretary of State for India, and in such case the Secretary of State for India shall make such appointment as he thinks fit.

(4) Nothing in this clause shall apply to appointments made by the Chancellor under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 51.

19. Appointments to teaching posts other than Appointment of Professorships and Reader-Lecturers and other ships shall, subject to the teachers. provisions of the Act and the Statutes, be made in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

A
BILL

TO

Establish and incorporate a unitary
teaching and residential University at
Dacca.

(The Hon'ble Mr. SHAFI.)

281LD-200-10-9-19-GCPS

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is the establishment and incorporation of a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca. The scheme has been before the public at various times from 1912 onwards. The Government of India had on several occasions given pledges regarding the foundation of this University. The proposals made by a committee, which discussed the question in 1912, have been modified in certain important respects in the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission. The provisions of the Bill generally follow the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission. Certain additions have been made where the recommendations require supplementary provisions and a few modifications figure in the Bill, which however do not interfere with the general idea expressed in the Commission's report.

2. The University which is contemplated will not affiliate colleges, but will be a unitary institution. The teaching will be under the control of the University. But existing institutions and the various bodies which may be expected to desire to participate in the activities of the University will be represented by Halls and Hostels in which students will reside and receive tutorial assistance.

3. The University will be constituted as follows. The Governor General will be the Visitor. The Governor of Bengal will be the Chancellor. The Vice-Chancellor will be appointed by the Chancellor. The main governing bodies will be a large representative Court, whose functions will, for the most part, be legislative and supervisory; an Executive Council which will administer the affairs of the University; and an Academic Council, assisted by Faculties, which will be entrusted with the general regulation of instruction within the University. The creation of Boards (among which the Muhammadan Advisory Board may specially be mentioned) and of committees is contemplated.

4. A special feature of the University, in which the present scheme essentially differs from that framed in 1912, is the proposal that the officers and teachers of the University will be employed not by Government but by the University itself, although provision is made for the appointment by the University on certain conditions of members of the public services in India to posts in the University. The University will constitute a pension or provident fund for the benefit of its employees. The method of appointment is shown in detail in the Statutes. With the exception of the first appointments, vacancies will be filled by the Executive Council, the selection being made in the case of Professors and Readers on the nomination of committees of selection, and in the case of other teachers in a manner to be prescribed by Ordinance. These committees will ordinarily sit in India. But, for the selection of such Professors and Readers as should possess Western qualifications, candidates will be considered by committees of selection sitting in the United Kingdom, or in exceptional circumstances appointments may be made by the Secretary of State for India.

5. It has been thought advisable to retain in the case of this University the system of territorial jurisdiction, which was introduced as regards Indian Universities by the legislation of 1904. In this respect a departure has been made from the proposals of the Commission, but with such provisos as to carry out the intentions of the Commission.

6. Admission to the University will be open to those who have passed the Intermediate examination of an Indian University or an examination recognised as equivalent thereto. This proposal carries out one of the main recommendations of the Commission, namely, that University teaching should be confined to those students who have already completed the intermediate stage. Pending further decisions upon the important recommendation of the Commission on the subject of a Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education, the Intermediate examinations of the University of Calcutta and of other Indian Universities incorporated by law will be accepted.

7. The first Statutes are scheduled to the Act. They deal mainly with the constitution and powers of the governing bodies; the method of appointment of teachers of the University and certain points, such as the management of Hostels, the withdrawal of degrees, the conferment of honorary degrees, and the registration of graduates. The scope of the Statutes as a whole is indicated in clause 28 of the Bill. In addition to Statutes, Ordinances will be framed by the Executive Council mainly on the proposal of the Academic Council. They will deal chiefly with academic matters. Questions of procedure, details of administration, etc., will be provided by Regulations. The Authorities and Boards of the University will be free to make their own Regulations subject to the Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances, and final veto or modification by the Executive Council, against whose decision, however, the Authority or Board may make an appeal. This arrangement, which is generally in accord with the proposals of the Commission, is intended to retain elasticity in the working of the University.

8. Transitory provisions arrange for students now studying for examinations of the Calcutta University higher than the Intermediate examination, for first appointments and for other matters necessary for bringing the machinery of the University into play.

9. Special provision is made for the Jagannath College, which may retain its connection with the University of Calcutta for three years from the commencement of the Act, unless the Chancellor otherwise directs. This will give time for any negotiation which may be necessary with a view to including this College as a Hall of the University.

SIMLA :

MUHAMMAD SHAFI.

The 4th September, 1919.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ANNEXURE

TO

Bill to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca.

(Statement of Objects and Reasons.)

2811LD-900-10-9-19-GCFS

A and M (Legue) 67
C.F. 16-17-2-14.

OFFICE NOTE.

16

SUBJECT. *The Dacca University Bill*

From the Govt. of India, Legue Dept, No. 248,
dated 20.9.19

Register No. 2114
29.9.19

Draft Orders requesting the
Supt. Govt. Press to publish the Dacca
University Bill in the Fort St. George
Gazette in English ^{is under issue.} ~~has been already~~
~~submitted on a separate communication~~
~~from the Govt. of India, Legue Dept~~
~~relating to the Bill.~~ Translations of
the Bill in the vernacular languages
need not, ^{perhaps} ~~it is desirable~~, be ordered,
following the precedent in the case
of the Hindu University Bill - vide
G.O. No. 14, Routine, Legue dated 9.4.15 and
the notes connected with it. ~~But~~
that The Home (Eon) dept ^{however} ~~may~~ be consulted
on the point ~~requested to say whether the above~~
~~view is correct.~~

2. With refce to para. 2 of the
Current, a copy of the letter from

the Govt. of India may be forwarded to the Home (Con) dept. for necessary action.

hse

17

4.10.19

JSR 1.10.19

1.10.19

Home (Ed) u.p.

Home (Ed)

Subd. that this Process

is not very materially affected by the proposal to establish a university at Dacca. The Patna university Bill was published in English, so also the Hindustan university Bill.

Go. 14 (P) Bill. Subd. therefore the same practice may be followed in respect of the Dacca university Bill also.

2. India ask for observation of this Govt. The Patna university Bill was refd. only to the J.D.D. of Syndicate of the Madras university neither of them gave any remark. India was informed that we had no observations to offer on the Bill.

The Dacca university seems to embody new principles: it is to be a unitary teaching & residential university. We may perhaps refer the Bill to the J.D.D. Madras.

The Dacca university seems to embody new principles: it is to be a unitary teaching & residential university. We may perhaps refer the Bill to the J.D.D. Madras.



Edn 1934 B 6-10-19

Go. 14 (P) Bill. Subd. therefore the same practice may be followed in respect of the Dacca university Bill also.

(P.D. in Madras)

e f

Box 11
7.10.19

These are only
six s/c of the
Bill.

- ① The Honble. the ^{Judges of the High Court} Chief Justice
- ② ~~Mr.~~ Mr. J. H. Allan 18
- ③ The ^{Honble.} Rev. E. M. Marphard
- ④ Sri P. S. Sivaswami Ayyar
- ⑤ Diwan Bahadur P. Thiraganaya Chettiar
- ⑥ Rao Bahadur K. V. Rangaswami Ayyangar

3 As the S. of D. want a reply
para 3 - p. 1, c. f. by 18 Dec: 1919 we may ask those to
be consulted to send in their com-
munications by 10th Nov. A draft
order is subd.

7.10.19

7.10.19

[Signature]
7.10.19

The D.M. & Hyderabad are quite
Enough.

7.10.19

W.S.



With ref. to H.M.'s ^{file} addition
to the Draft, it has been ascertained
from L.M. (leg) that that Dept has
already *[illegible]* to the *[illegible]*

19

Ca
7.1028

[Signature]

191

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131 ©

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Me

A copy of the Bill to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential university at Dacca with ~~the~~ objects ~~and~~ ^{referred} will be referred to the ~~the~~ D.P.G. & the Syndicate of the University of Madras for favour any observations which they may ~~an expression of opinion or~~ wish to make regarding ~~the detailed provisions~~ the provisions of the Bill. ~~the Bill.~~

2 The ~~whole~~.

[poolished in the Fort St George
Soyakto cut ^{in English}]

The statement of their
views should reach Gov! not
later than the ~~next~~ next ~~time~~.

of Judicature at Madras,
 Mr. J. H. Allen, the ^{Honble} Rev. E. M.
 Marphail and Sir P. S. Sivas-
 ayyam are also request-
 ed invited to forward
 their views with their opinion
 on the detailed provisions
 of the Bill.

The replies to this
 paper may be forwarded
 not later than 10th Nov. 1919.

7.10.19. *Q*
 7.10.19

To the D. P. J
 ... Regt, Univ: of Madras
 ... the Honble: the Chief
 Justice of the High Ct. of
 Judicature with Cx
 ... J. H. Allen Esq: *Q*
 ... the Rev. E. M. Marphail
 ... Sir P. S. Sivasayam Esq: *Q*

When given for copying
 When copied
 When examined
 When signed

191

READ AGAIN G.O. No. 191 DATED

No.

ENCLOSURE TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LET GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT WITH LITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DISPATCH
 IN ORIGINAL.

E.S.—
 A = Copy in full.
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 Q = Copy heading only.