

Home (1917) Department.
(Education)

Ordinary SERIES.

G.O. No. 966.

DATED 24-7-1917

INDEXED

[Despatch Abstract.]

Texts.

Recording papers relating to the question of taking steps
for stimulating the private manufacture of — in Southern India.



Received 191 . Registered 30.1 1917.

Abstract.

Tents.

Sanctioning, as a temporary measure, the manufacture of in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, to execute specific orders from Government departments.

HOME (JUDICIAL) DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 183, dated the 26th January 1917.

READ the following papers-

ENCLOSURES.

No.

From the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Forests, Forest Reference No.524/16-2, dated the 29th June 1916.

Endorsement to the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. 1835 C-1, dated the 7th July 1916.

Letter from the Inspector-General of Prisons, No.C.G.757, dated the 30th November 1916.

Letter from the same officer, No.C.G.846, dated the 2nd December 1916.

Endorsement of the Accountant-General, Madras, No.Coi.5/17040, dated the 11th December 1916.

ORDER:

The Government sanction, as a temporary measure, the manufacture of tents in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, to execute specific orders from Government departments and they approve the proposal of the Inspector-General of Prisons to charge a profit of 10 per cent. on the cost of raw materials and labour, as in the case of other jail-made articles. The cost of the tents should however be kept as low as possible by the use of cheaper qualities of accessories as suggested by the Board of Revenue.

2. The question of the permanent resumption of the tent-making industry by the Jail Department will be considered

considered when normal conditions are restored. The Inspector-General of Police will, meanwhile, be requested to report on the results obtained by the substitution of mill tents for jail-made tents.

3. Sanction is accorded to the continuance at Cawnpore of the extra remuneration of Rs. 10 per person mentioned in G.O. No. 3841, Judicial, dated the 19th November 1918, to a hand-loom maker in the Constabulary for supervising tent work.

(Type Name)

[Signature]
Secretary to Government

To the Inspector-General of Prisons.
" Inspector-General of Police.
" Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue.
" Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Forests.
" Assistant-Commissioner.
Copy to the Financial Department.
✓ Home (Education) Department.

Copy of letter Forest Reference No. 524/16-2, dated the 29th June 1916 from the Commissioner of Land Revenue and Forests, Madras.

The Board resolves to address Government on the question of reviving the tent-making industry in the jails of this Presidency.

The industry was discontinued under the orders of Government conveyed in G.O. No. 356, Judicial, dated 12th March 1909, and since the year 1910-1911 the Board has been obtaining the tents required for the Forest Department from two Cawnpore firms - the Elgin Mills Company Limited and the Muir Mills Company Limited. The tents supplied by the Elgin Mills Company were so bad both in material and workmanship that the Board had to transfer the contract within two years to the Muir Mills Company. Although the tents obtained from the company are a slight improvement on the previous supply, all the Conservators of Forests are unanimous in condemning the tents of both the firms as most unsatisfactory both in point of quality and durability. They report that contrary to the anticipations of Government, no economy has resulted, as the life of Cawnpore tents is much less than that of Jail-made tents. Tents which have been in constant use for the past ten years are now, they observe, in a far better condition than those which were supplied by the firms so recently as four years ago and have been subjected to very much less wear and tear. Some of the four year old tents are already leaking badly. The Conservators are of opinion that the extra cost of the Jail tents would be at once recouped by the reduction in freight and by the superior quality of both the cloth and the sailthas supplied. The Board entirely agrees with the Conservators. The Muir Mills Company have already expressed their inability to supply tents for some time to come owing to the very large demand made on them by the Military authorities. It is doubtful whether any supply can be expected from Cawnpore for a very long time and the prices of the rates of the Muir Mills Company

Copy of letter Forest Reference No. 824/LA-2, dated the 23rd June 1916 from the Commissioner of Land Revenue and Forests, Madras.

The Board resolves to address Government on the question of reviving the tent-making industry in the jails of this Presidency.

The industry was discontinued under the orders of Government most conveyed in G.O.No.356, Judicial, dated 12th March 1909; and since the year 1910-1911 the Board has been obtaining the tents required for the Forest Department from two Cawnpore firms - the Wigan Mills Company Limited and the Wigan Mills Company Limited. The tents supplied by the Wigan Mills Company were so bad both in material and workmanship that the Board had to terminate the contract within two years to the Wigan Mills Company. Although the tents obtained from the company are a slight improvement on the previous supply, all the Conservators of Forests are unanimous in condemning the tents of both the firms as most unsatisfactory both in point of quality and durability. They report that contrary to the anticipation of Government, no economy has resulted, as the life of Cawnpore tents is much less than that of Jail-made tents. Tents which have been in constant use for the past ten years are now, they observe, in a far better condition than those which were supplied by the firms so recently as four years ago and have been subjected to very much less wear and tear. Some of the four year old tents are already looking badly. The Conservators are of opinion that the extra cost of the Jail tents would be at once recouped by the reduction in freight and by the attention of quality of both the cloth and the accessories supplied.

The Board entirely agrees with the Conservators. The Wigan Mills Company have already expressed their inability to supply tents for some time to come owing to the very large demand made on them by the Military authorities. It is doubtful whether any supply can be expected from Cawnpore for a very long time and the prices of the Wigan Mills Company

for 1915-1916 appended (which are already abnormal are sure to rise further. In the Board's opinion, this is just the time to revert to the old system of supply. An increase of even 10% on Cawnpore prices, as ~~desired~~ desired by the Superintendent of the Jail, Coimbatore in 1908 (paragraph 5 of the report printed at page 15 of G.O.No.356, Judicial, dated the 12th March 1909) may, with advantage, be allowed as under this system there will be a saving of about 10% in freight (paragraph 11 of the same report).

The Separate Revenue Department, which has been consulted, also concurs in the view expressed by Conservators as to the greater durability of the Jail-made tents. It now differs from the opinion which it expressed in 1908 (Vide paragraph 9 of the report printed at page 16 of G.O.No.356, Judicial, dated 12th March 1909) that the average life of a Jail-made tent is less than that of a Cawnpore tent, and points out that "in this Presidency, officers use tents all the year round" while "elsewhere touring is confined to four months in the cold weather and tents used in this way are required to retain heat and not to keep it out." The jail tent which was designed to suit South Indian conditions ought therefore, in its opinion, to cost more than the Cawnpore tent. It accepts the opinion expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. (now Sir John) Twigg, as President of the Tent Committee, that the accessories such as ropes, bamboos, gunny coverings and the like used ~~for~~ Jail tents were often unnecessarily expensive and that the cheaper qualities provided with the Cawnpore tents were quite as serviceable. If the Jail Department consents to revive the tent industry, the Separate Revenue Department would allow 10% more than Wigan Mills prices and draw the attention of the jails to the fact that the expenses can be reduced by using tent accessories of cheaper qualities.

2. In the circumstances, the Board requests that Government may be pleased to consider favourably the desirability of reviving the tent industry in jails.

for 1915-1916 expended) which are already somewhat are sure to rise further. In the Board's opinion, this is just the time to revert to the old system of supply. An increase of even 10% on Campore prices, as ~~was~~ desired by the Superintendent of the Jail, Coimbatore in 1908 (paragraph 8 of the report printed at page 18 of O.O.No.886, Judicial, dated the 18th March 1909) may, with advantage, be allowed as under this system there will be a saving of about 10% in freight (paragraph 11 of the same report). The separate Revenue Department, which has been constituted, also concurs in the view expressed by Conservators as to the greater durability of the Jail-made tents. It now differs from the opinion which it expressed in 1908 (vide paragraph 9 of the report printed at page 18 of O.O.No.886, Judicial, dated 18th March 1909) that the average life of a Jail-made tent is less than that of a Campore tent, and points out that "in this Presidency, officers use tents all the year round" while "elsewhere touring is confined to four months in the cold weather and tents used in this way are required to withstand heat and not to keep it out." The Jail tent which was designed to suit more Indian conditions ought therefore, in its opinion, to cost more than the Campore tent. It accepts the opinion expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. (now Sir John) Twigg, as President of the Tent Committee, that the accessories such as ropes, bampoor, gunny coverings and the like used in Jail tents were often unnecessary, ly expensive and that the cheaper qualities provided with the Campore tents were quite as serviceable. If the Jail Department comments to revive the tent industry, the separate Revenue Department would allow 10% more than the Jail prices and draw the attention of the Jails to the fact that the expenses can be reduced by using tent accessories of cheaper qualities.

2. In the circumstances, the Board requests that Government may be pleased to consider favourably the desirability of reviving the tent industry in Jails.

Endorsement No.1835 C-1, dated the 7th July 1916, to the fixed rate for each article of cloth, but at present this cannot be done.

Referred to the Inspector-General of Prisons for early remarks.

Memorandum No.1835 C-2, dated the 30th December 1916, to the Inspector-General of Prisons.

From the Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras, No. C.G.757, dated the 30th November 1916.

With reference to endorsement No.1835 C-1, dated 7th July 1916, the Inspector-General of Prisons in Madras, return the letter from the Board of Revenue, dated 24/10/16, dated the 29th June 1916 which was forwarded to the different kinds of tents required by Government Departments, with Endorsement No.1835 C-1, dated the 7th July 1916. owing to the constant rise in the price of all raw materials and the difficulty in procuring dyeing material. Cotton twist which in January 1916 was Rs.3-10-0 per 10 lbs. bundle is now Rs.6-5-10, indigo is now double the usual price and the price of canvas has increased by three times. The schedule of rates submitted by the Board of Revenue, dated the 29th June 1916, is therefore no guide to the present cost of making a tent.

2. The Superintendent of the Central Jail, Coimbatore, reports that he is prepared to start the manufacture of tents from the commencement of next year. The quality of cloth, ropes and gunny &c., will be the same as was used in the manufacture of tents at the Coimbatore Jail before the industry was closed and are superior to that used in the Campore tents. An industry such as the tent industry which has been closed must necessarily take some time to resuscitate, because all the skilled services have been released and it takes time to teach new men.

3. I regret that under present conditions I cannot quote rates for tents and I would suggest that only such tents as are very urgently required should be ordered and the Coimbatore Jail will make them subject to the provisions of rule 938 Jail Manual, the Jail charging 1% on the cost of raw materials and

2. For the present one outsider on Rs.25/- per mensem has

below, when the cost of raw materials falls and prices are comparatively steady, it will be possible for the Jail to quote a fixed rate for each different kind of work, but at present this cannot be done.

Memorandum No. 1835 G-2, dated the 6th December 1916, to the Inspector-General of Prisons.

With reference to his letter No. G. 1757, dated the 30th November 1916, regarding the question of reviving the tent industry in India, the Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to return the letter from the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue, No. 524/16, dated the 29th June 1916, which was forwarded to him with Endorsement No. 1835 G-1, Home (Judicial), dated the 7th July 1916.

From the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. G. 1846, dated the 2nd December 1916.

In G.O. No. 2841, Judicial, dated the 19th November 1916, sanction was accorded to the payment of an extra remuneration of Rs. 10 per annum to one of the Head Wardens attached to the Penitentiary, Madras, for supervising the tent industry at that institution. This allowance was being drawn by Head Warden Rameswar Nadai who unfortunately belonged to the Coimbatore Central Jail but was on the establishment of the tent industry there transferred to the Penitentiary. This industry has now been revived at the Coimbatore Central Jail the Head Warden services have been transferred to that Jail. I have the honour to request that the Government may be pleased to permit the Head Warden to continue to draw the extra remuneration of Rs. 10/- per annum attached to the Coimbatore Central Jail just as he was allowed to do at the Penitentiary, Madras.

2. For the present one candidate on Rs. 25/- per annum has

been appointed at the Penitentiary to look after the tent work there (under the power vested by G.Os. Nos. 1084, Judicial, dated 18th July 1910 and 843, Judicial, dated 28th May 1912) note to Jail Manual Rule 973 (1).

Endorsement of the Accountant-General, No. 3015/17040, dated the 11th December 1916.

Forwarded.

2. There is no audit objection to the proposal being sanctioned by Government.

From the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. G. 479, dated the 12th December 1916.

With reference to Home (Judicial) Memo No. 1835 G-2, dated the 6th December 1916, I have the honour to return herewith the letter from the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue, No. 524/16-2, dated 29th July 1916 received with Judicial Endorsement No. 1835 G-1, dated the 7th July 1916.

Home (Comm) Dept.

Read

h. m. 183 Home (Judicial), dated 26-1-17.

End: 124-53-1

A copy of h. m. 183 Home (Judicial), dated the 26th January 1917, is communicated to the officers in charge of the Department of Industries & he is requested to ^{consider} and report whether the private manufacture of tents in Southern India could not be stimulated at present.

8th 3-2-17.

11/6/17

Ch H 7-2-17

(Placed below)

(Please see note on p. 3 of notes sketched with the h. m. below.)

Opportunity would not be taken to

Indicate

To The officer in charge of the Dept of Industries (with copy to the)

Recd by 11/6/17

been appointed as the Deputy Secretary to look after the work there (under the power vested by G.O. No. 1084, Judicial, dated 18th July 1916 and 643, Judicial, dated 28th May 1916) note to (1).

Memorandum of the Accountant-General, No. 1015, dated the 15th December 1916.

There is no valid objection to the proposal being sanctioned by Government.

From the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. 1478, dated the 12th December 1916.

With reference to Home (Judicial) Memo No. 183-2-2, dated the 26th December 1916, I have the honor to return herewith the letter from the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue, No. 2416-2, dated 23rd July 1916 received with Judicial Memorandum No. 183-2-1, dated the 26th July 1916.

DEPARTMENT.

CN. 1738 & c

O.F.-29.

Received



Registered

4.4 1917

Subject.

Tents:- Regarding the private manufacture of _____
in Southern India.



ENCLOSURES.

No. 1

Spare copies

G. O. No. 103.

Station Madras, Dated the 2nd April 1917.

From (Name) C.A. Innes, Esq., I.C.S.,

(Designation) Director of Industries,

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
HOME (Education) Department.

Sir,

with reference to Government Endorsement No. 453-1
dated 7th February 1917 on the question of stimulating the
private manufacture of tents in Southern India, I have the
honour to report as follows:-

2. The industry is/practically extinct in Madras and
the men who a few years ago were employed in the manufacture
of tents for civil departments and civilian officers are now
engaged in making Military tents in the Arsenal. Enquiries
however were made, and eventually I got into touch with one
firm (Messrs. O. Arunagiri Chetty and Sons) in the Mount Road
which has decided to take up the manufacture of tents experi-
mentally. The firm is quite new to the business, and more-
over the price of materials is very high. It is prepared

P. S. Supra

SR

however to accept a trial order for the tents (one of each kind) and at the prices mentioned below:-

- | | |
|--|----------|
| (1) Miniature Swiss Cottage tent 10' X 10' no punkah
4 folds of cloth. | Rs. 385. |
| (2) 80 lbs. light field service tent (10' X 8') with
bath room and durrie outerfly 2 folds inner
and bath room 3 folds. | 140. |
| (3) Shooting pal with 2 windows (10' X 10') outer fly
2 folds and inner fly 3 folds. | 195. |
| (4) Servants tent (12' X 12') three folds of cloth
throughout. | 90 |

In the copy of the schedule of rates attached to the
Endorsement under reference, the rates for the above tents supplied
by the Muir Mills Company are as follows:-

- | | |
|--|----------|
| (1) Miniature Swiss Cottage tent (10' X 10') ... | Rs. 308. |
| (2) 80 lbs. light field service tent (10' X 8')... | 108. |
| (3) Shooting pal (10' X 10') ... | 146. |
| (4) Servants tent (12' X 12') ... | 63. |

The Muir Mills however has since raised their prices by 15 per cent,
and moreover it costs about RS. 5/- per maund to deliver their tents
in Madras.

3. Since Government are desirous of stimulating the private
manufacture of tents in the Presidency, I suggest that the Board of
Revenue in the Forest and Salt and Abkari Department should be
asked whether they require any tents of the descriptions mentioned
by the firm, and if so whether they could place a trial order for
one tent of each kind from the firm. The firm does not stand by the
prices quoted above and is willing to accept payment at the rate
paid for Muir Mills Tents F.O.R. Madras.

4. A sample of the cloth which the firm proposes to use is submitted
herewith, It will of course be bleached before use.

5. If the Board does not require tents of the precise description
offered by the firm, perhaps it could let me know what tents it requires
this year and I will get quotations from the firm.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Chhimes

Director of Industries.

Home (Est.) Dept.
CN 1738. From the office in ch. of the
Dept. of Industries 12/10/22. 4/17

End! 1738-1 27/12/22
Referred to the
Board of Revenue Land Revenue
Sep. Revenue
for remarks.

11/17/24/7

11/17/24/7

The Bd of Rev.
(Land Rev. Insts.)
Bd of Rev (Sep. Rev.)
with copy of current.
(Send the cloth to L.R.)

DEPARTMENT.

CURRENT No.

191

Registered

191

Subject.

T E N T S :-

Reporting to Government on the question of stimulating the private manufacture of ----- in Southern India.

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Spare copies

R. No. 1319 Salt/17.

Station Chapank., Dated the 8th May 1917. 191

House (Equal) to

COR
14.5.17Rev
14.5.17Sep Rev. L. O 1574-1
15.5.17

Resolution

Reference

Replying to Government Endorsement no. 1738-1, dated the 19th April 1917, the Board begs to report that it is not requiring any tents in the immediate future nor does it use any corresponding to the precise description of those offered by Messrs. Arunagiri Chetti and Sons.

At the same time it would submit that it seems hardly worth while for Government departments to support a speculative venture on a small scale in tent making by a liquor seller who would have to purchase his materials.

It

Home (22) and
at p. 20 in office in 1917. 827191

Board of Revenue
for Revenue

(Hand and and)
(Hand and and)
with copy of
(Hand and and)

It would be a different matter if, one of the big mills could take the business in hand, though it is hardly likely that they will be able to do so until after the war.

(True Extract)

St. Huma
SECRETARY.

To

The Secretary to Government, Home (Education) Department.

Thro'

The Chief Secretary to Government, Financial (Separate Revenue) Department.

M.R. 9/5.

CR. 10/5/17. 15/8/17
Inc. 10/5/17

REVENUE

DEPARTMENT.

C.F.-80.

CURRENT No.

Received



191

Registered

127 1917

Subject.

Tents.

Submitting to Government report on the question of stimulating the private manufacture of-----in Southern India.

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Forest No. 207 Miscellaneous,

Spare copies

Station Madras, Dated the 9th July 1917

From

H. R. Pate, Esq., I.C.S.,
Secretary.

Land Revenue, Forests

The Board of Revenue, Revenue Settlement, etc.

Separate Revenue.

Resolution
Reference.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. E. Couchman, I.C.S.,
Commissioner of Land Revenue & Forests

With reference to Government endorsement, No.

1738-1 Home (Education), dated 19th April 1917 inviting the Board's remarks on a letter from the Director of Industries on the question of stimulating the private manufacture of tents in Southern India, the Board submits that the proposal to give Messrs. C. Arunagiri Chetty and Sons a trial in the

matter

NOTES.

matter of the supply of tents will not be a business proposition.

The cloth which they propose to use is much inferior to that of the Muir Mills, their rates as quoted are already higher than those of the Muir Mills and, if they are to supply cloth of the same quality as that of the Muir Mills, they demand 35 % increase over their quotations.

(True Extract)

Conlan
Secretary.

To

The Secretary to Government, (Home) (Education) Department.

V.R.D./9-7-17

97-17

Home (Judicial) Department.

Revival of the tent-making industry in jails.

From the Board of Revenue, L.R.No.524/16-2, dated the 29th June 1916.

To the I.G. of Prisons, No.1835 C-1, dated the 7th July 1916.

From the do. do. No.C.G.757, dated the 30th November 1916.

To do. do. No.1835 C-2, dated the 6th December 1916.

From do. do. No.C.G.846, dated the 2nd December 1916.

Endorsement by the A.G., No.Coi, 5-1704, dated the 11th December 1916.

From the I.G. of Prisons, No.G.479, dated the 12th December 1916.

U.S.

The tent-making industry in the Madras Jails was discontinued in 1909 and tents are now made only in the Penitentiary to execute specific orders from the Ordnance department. A perusal of the correspondence in G.O.No.356 Judl, dated the 12th March 1909 will show that the industry was given up because the price and quality of the jail-made tents were reported to compare unfavourably with those of the Cawnpore mill tents. It was also complained that the amount charged for labour was heavy.

2. Mr. (now Sir John) Twigg reported at the time, that an advance of 8 per cent on the Cawnpore prices be ordinarily allowed for jail-made tents if the industry was to be continued and that cheaper accessions could be used for making the tents. The Government ordered the discontinuance of the industry as the jail labour was not materially affected by it and as it did not satisfy the consuming departments e.g. the separate Revenue and the Police Departments.

3. Subsequent experience has however made the separate

NOTES.

Page 2

Separate Revenue Department change its opinion and both that Department and the Forest Department now consider that the extra cost of jail-made tents will be re-^{couped}~~couped~~ by the reduction in freight and the superior quality of the tents. In the present abnormal conditions, the Board finds it difficult to get tents at all from Cawnpore, and in the ~~circumstances~~^{circumstances}, it proposes that the tent-making industry be revived in the jails and suggests that cheaper accessories be used as recommended by Mr. (now Sir John) Twigg in 1908. The separate Revenue Department is prepared to allow 10 per cent more than the Cawnpore prices.

4. The I.G. of Prisons is prepared to revive ~~the~~ the industry and has in fact commenced operations in the Coimbatore Jail, but says that he cannot furnish definite quotations in the present abnormal conditions of the market. He proposes^s to use the same quality of materials as were used before the industry was stopped and to charge 10 per cent. on the cost of raw materials and labour as provided for in rule 988 of the Jail Manual.

5. Submitted that, in the circumstances reported by the Board, the Government may agree to specific orders for tents being executed by the Jail Department on the terms proposed by the I.G. of Prisons. He may however be asked to use cheaper ~~accessories~~ as suggested by the Board of Revenue. The question of the permanent revival of the industry may, it is submitted, be considered ~~later~~ ^{while} later and, in the meantime, the I.G. of Police who also reported against the jail-made tents in 1908 may be asked to report the results of the substitution of mill tents for jail-made tents.

Yes.
P.R.
15-1-17.

Yesx E.A.H.
13-1-17
P.R.
15-1-17

NOTES.

Page 3

6. The I.G. of Prisons has already taken steps to commence operations in the Coimbatore Jail and has transferred thereto the head warder who was in charge of the work in the Penitentiary. He asks for sanction to continue to this man at Coimbatore the extra allowance of Rs.10 per mensem sanctioned in G.O.

23 2341 dated the 19th November 1913. Submitted that this may be sanctioned.

7. Draft order submitted for approval. It may be sent to the Financial Department for acceptance.

M.V.V.
10-1-17.

Secy.

The recommendation to discontinue ^{purchase} from northern India Mills may be accepted; but would not this be a favourable opportunity to consider whether the private manufacture of tents in Southern India could not be stimulated? Perhaps the Industries Department might be consulted in Edl. section at the same time as the reply to the reference to the I.G. of Police is awaited.

E.A.H.
13-1-17.

Finl. n.o. Draft for acceptance.

Judl.
1835 C-3
16-1-17

P.R.
15-1-17.

Financial Department

For the A.S.

The draft order may be accepted.

L.E.K.
18-1-17.

C.S.

L.D.
19-1-17.

H.M. Finl. should see.

A.G.C.
20-1-17.

Yes.
P.R.
15-1-17

NOTES.

Page 4

Home (Judl) Dept.

U.S.

For orders as to circulation to H.M.(Judl).

M.V.V.
22-1-17.

S.

E.A.H.
23-1-17.

H.M.

Draft for approval.

P.R.
24-1-17.

H.F.W.G.
25-1-17.

Issue.

P.R.
26-1-17.

[Ep. M 183 just, of the 26. 1. 17.]

sent to the Officer in charge of the Dept of
Industries M 453-1 of the 7-2-17

87

Home (S.D.) Sept 17

CM 1738. From the officer in charge
of the Dept. of Agr. 1918 2.4.17

p. 97 cf.

The Commissioner's letter may, it is thought,
be referred to the Board for
remarks. A draft endorsement
is submitted.

85
10/4/17.

ELH
12.4.17

[End. M. 1738-18 19.4.17]

CM 2052A. From the Board of Rev. Sep. Rev.
R. M. 1319 8.5.17.

p. 12 of cf.

The reply from the Board in the
Land Revenue Dept. may be awaited

PK
16/7/17
115
17/5/17

ELH
18.5.17

CM 2428A. From the Board of Rev. & R. & S. Secy.
M. 207 of Reg. 7.1917.

The Board (in the Forest & Separated
Revenue Dept.) does not recom-
mend the proposal to give Messrs
b. Arumagiri Chetti & Sons a trial
in the manufacture of tents.

pages 12+14 of cf.

page 9+10 of cf.

para 2, p. 9 q.c.

It is therefore for orders whether any further action should be taken in this matter. Mr. James states that the industry is now practically extinct in Madras & the men who a few years ago were employed in the business are now engaged in making military tents in the arsenal. Submit

8K

13.7.17

that the papers may be recorded after personal by Mr. James.

13.7.17

It seems that if tents are to be made still in this Pres? they will have to be made in jail.

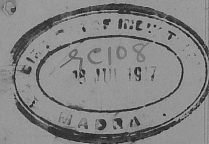
14.7.17

Mr. James had better see (401

16/7/17

200 17354-2

16.7.17



Mr. James

24254. I have 1 book like copies of this Board's letter for record in my office.

The Board's letter
Hunn 4th (20) 18/2/17



Home (201) Sept.

The papers may be recorded,
copies of the Board's letters being
communicated to the officers
in charge of the Dept. of Education.
A draft order is submitted
for approval.

8K

20/7/17

[Signature]

[Signature] 20/7/17

copies of the Board's letters
for the use of the officers

[Signature]

9
Tents

Recording papers relating to the question
of taking steps for stimulating the
private manufacture of — in South India

READ AGAIN G.O. No. 1834 ⁽⁹⁵⁵⁾ dated 26 1 1917

READ ALSO:—

READ ALSO:-
I C. No. 1738 From the Officer-in-charge, 108, dated 2. 4. 1917.

11 2052A. Bd of Rev. (RR) R 1319alt 8. 82 191

III " " 2428A. " " L.R.^{SN} 27, 9. 7. 1917

ORDER

Или:

No. 966, dated 24. 7. 1917

Recorded

8A

2017/17

22/11/20

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