

Government of Madras

HOME DEPARTMENT (EDUCATION)

G.O. No. 1494, 26th November 1917

Education of defective children

Regarding the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the provision of additional  
for the —.

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Government of Madras

HOME DEPARTMENT (EDUCATION)

G.O. No. 1494, 26th November 1917

App  
facilities

Education of defective children

Approving the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the provision of additional facilities for the —.

READ—the following papers :—

I

G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917.

ABSTRACT.—Issuing orders on the proposals for the encouragement and improvement of the education of defective children.

II

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. STONE, M.A., F.R.H.S., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction.

To—the Secretary to Government, Home (Education) Department.

Dated—Madras, the 7th September 1917.

No.—R.C. 7236 of 1916.

With reference to G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, issuing orders on the proposals for the encouragement and improvement of the education of defective children, I have the honour to submit herewith copies of correspondence noted below formulating detailed proposals on the subject :—

(1) Letter R.O.C. No. 682-Ty./16, dated 6th June 1917, from the Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle, submitting copy of letter, dated 14th May 1917, from the Correspondent, C.M.S. Schools for the Blind, Palamcottah.

(2) Letter R.C. No. 161, dated 15th February 1917, from the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle, submitting copy of letter No. 5, dated 14th February 1917, from the Correspondent, Deaf and Dumb School, Palamcottah.

(3) Endorsement R.C. No. 161, dated 13th August 1917, of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle, submitting copy of letter, dated 6th August 1917, from the Correspondent, Deaf and Dumb School, Palamcottah.

2. I beg to state that I agree with the recommendations made by the Inspecting officers and therefore request that you will be so good as to obtain the sanction of Government for incurring annually the costs detailed below in the C.M.S. schools for the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb schools at Palamcottah :—

|                                                                                                                                                                                  | Cost.<br>RS. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| <i>I. C.M.S. schools for the blind, Palamcottah.</i>                                                                                                                             |              |
| (1) Travelling allowance to forty poor children joining the school, calculated at the rate of Rs. 4 for each child ... ..                                                        | 160          |
| (2) Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls, calculated at the rate of Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl ... ..          | 3,000        |
| (3) Remuneration for training two male teachers at the rate of Rs. 12 per mensem for each teacher and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem calculated for eleven months ... .. | 352          |
| (4) Stipends for three teachers (two men and one woman) at the rate of Rs. 15 per mensem for each teacher, calculated for eleven months ... ..                                   | 495          |
| Total ... ..                                                                                                                                                                     | 4,007        |



|      | Cost. |
|------|-------|
|      | RS.   |
| 1000 | 1000  |
| 900  | 900   |
| 800  | 800   |
| 700  | 700   |
| 600  | 600   |
| 500  | 500   |
| 400  | 400   |
| 300  | 300   |
| 200  | 200   |
| 100  | 100   |
| 0    | 0     |

|                                                                                                                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| (1) Salary of an English teacher at Rs. 130 per mensem                                                                                               | 1,560 |
| (2) Six scholarships—three at Rs. 20 per mensem and three at Rs. 15 per mensem $3 \times (20 + 15) \times 12$                                        | 1,260 |
| (3) Stipends to three teachers to be trained                                                                                                         | 495   |
| (4) Travelling allowance to forty poor children, calculated at Rs. 4 for each child                                                                  | 160   |
| (5) Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls at the rate of Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl | 3,000 |

|       |     |       |
|-------|-----|-------|
| Total | ... | 6,475 |
|-------|-----|-------|

4. With reference to fixing the rate of stipends for teachers at Rs. 15 per mensem, I would invite your attention to paragraph 5 of the Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle's letter R.O.C. No. 682-Ty./16, dated 6th June 1917.

## ENCLOSURES

(1)

*Letter*—from the Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle.

To—the Director of Public Instruction.

*Dated*—the 6th June 1917.

No.—R.O.C. 682-Ty./16.

With reference to your Proceedings R.O.C. No. 7236 of 1916, dated 20th March 1917, I have the honour to submit the copy of a letter from the Correspondent of the C.M.S. schools for the Blind, Palameottah, and to offer the following remarks therein.

2. In paragraph 4 of the letter, dated 29th September 1916 (enclosure to G.O. No. 201, dated 17th February 1917), Miss Askwith states that her buildings are capable of accommodating double the existing strength of the school. The strength is at present 119 (vide paragraph 2 of the letter herewith submitted). Assuming this to be the normal strength it is possible to make provision for the education of an additional 119, or to adopt a safe estimate, 80. It is hardly reasonable to expect that the school will attract this number at the outset : moreover, the circumstances of an appreciable number of children may be such as to enable them to bear their own travelling allowance, although in this connexion Miss Askwith comments in paragraph 3 of her letter, dated 29th September 1916, on the current prejudice against the education of the blind. I think, it would be sufficient to provide for the payment of travelling allowance to forty children, and I would suggest that guardians who furnish a certificate from the talsildar that their average monthly income does not exceed Rs. 40 be declared eligible for travelling allowance from Provincial funds. Assuming that four journeys will have to be performed in the two vacations of the school year with an average travelling expense of Re. 1, a sum of Rs. 160 may be allotted for the payment of travelling allowance.

3. Your proceeding under reference makes no mention of expenditure, the provision by Government of boarding expenses. Parents unable to afford the expense of travelling will probably be unable to bear the cost of maintenance of their children. Moreover, in paragraph 4 of her letter, dated 29th September 1916, Miss Askwith emphasises that blind children should board in school, and not attend as day-scholars. I therefore venture to discuss the subject. In paragraph 2 of her latest letter Miss Askwith points out that the average monthly cost of boarding is Rs. 560 for 74 boys, and Rs. 300 for 45 girls, which works out at about Rs. 8 per boy, and Rs. 7 per girl. I beg to recommend that provision be made for the boarding charge of twenty boys and twenty girls, and that Rs. 500 per mensem or on annual allotment of Rs. 3,000 (for ten months) be sanctioned on this account.

4. As regards the training of teachers, Miss Askwith states in paragraph 3 of her letter her willingness to train two or three men and women teachers annually on condition that she is remunerated at the rate of Rs. 12 per mensem for each male teacher and Rs. 8 for each female teacher. I regard these rates as reasonable and as the period of training to be one year (vide paragraph 3 of Miss Askwith's letter) or more accurately eleven months (the period between midsummer vacations) the annual cost of training a male teacher is Rs. 132 and a female Rs. 68. I recommend that provision be made for the training of two male and one female teacher. The cost of this will be Rs. 352 per annum.

5. The teaching of the blind is manifestly a more laborious process than the teaching of the sighted and I agree with Miss Aelwirth in her preference for teachers of the higher elementary grade who have previously undergone training in the ordinary training school. A teacher with such qualifications receives a monthly stipend of Rs. 10, while taking the course in the ordinary training school, and in consideration of the fact that he will be called upon to receive additional training it is, I submit, but reasonable that he should be paid a monthly stipend of Rs. 15 (as recommended in your letter R.C. No. 7236, dated 2nd November 1916) while undergoing training in the teaching of the blind.

6. Although not relevant to your proceedings under reference I beg to recommend that with a view to popularize the education of the blind, Miss Askwith be asked to compile a pamphlet setting forth the means and the cultural and vocational possibilities of the education of the blind, together with information as to boarding and other charges in her institution. Copies of this might be distributed to parents and guardians through the Educational, Revenue, Medical Departments.

SUB-ENCLOSURE

*Letter*—from Miss A. J. ASKWITH, Correspondent, C.M.S. schools for the Blind, Palamecottah.

To—the Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle.

Dated—the 14th May 1917

With reference to your letter R.O.C. No. 682/Ty. of 1916, dated 30th April 1917, I have the honour to inform you that we pay all travelling expenses for both boys and girls in our schools.

2. Statement—

(1) Present strength of school—

[illegible]

(2) Number of pupils whose travelling expenses are borne by the management of the school with the approximate average monthly income of parents. The management bears the travelling expenses of all the children except one whose father is a doctor getting an average monthly income of Rs. 100. The parents of the other children have no settled income.

(3) Number of pupils whose boarding and lodging charges are borne by the management with the approximate average monthly income of parents :—Boarding and lodging charges are all met by the management except the girl mentioned in column 2 and she pays fees Rs. 5 monthly.

(4) Present average monthly cost of boarding and lodging various classes of pupils, e.g., Hindus and Christians.

[illegible]

3. I can train two or three men and women annually if the Government should pay Rs. 12 for each male teacher, and Rs. 8 for each female teacher monthly. I think one year will be enough to train a male or female to work as a teacher in a blind school.

4. In qualification of teachers, I would prefer the lower secondary grade in teaching the blind and it is also advisable that those men or women should undergo training in a sighted training school before they are trained to teach the blind.

(2)

*Letter*—from the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle.

To—the Director of Public Instruction

*Dated*—the 15th February 1917.

No.—R.C. 161.

In submitting a copy of letter from Miss Swainson appealing for special help towards the forwarding of education among the deaf, I have the honour to recommend that she be allowed to open a training school for special teachers of deaf-mutes. She has a great desire to open such schools in the Malayalam and Telugu country, and also finds a matter of the greatest difficulty to get suitable teachers for the schools already open because she has been able to get only one or two well educated women to undertake so arduous and nerve-racking a piece of work. She considers that if good scholarships are offered for the purpose it would raise the work in the estimation of the public and attract good teachers. Her society gives her no help towards the maintenance of the two schools she now maintains. The Government is of the opinion that inasmuch as there are so many deaf-mutes in India and so far, she has been most successful in her methods, she may be promised

(a) the salary of one English teacher for a training school.

(b) Six scholarships of the value she has mentioned without a promise of contribution on her own part. I have talked the whole matter over with her and fixed the scholarships (1) by reference to what Government gives in its own training schools, (2) by taking into consideration scholarships given by Sarah Tucker and Nazareth and keeping these a little higher, (3) by taking into account food and lodging arrangements that will have to be made especially if people come from distant places.

For the special extension of her work I would recommend

- (1) that the Malayalam school which is now 16 in strength be recognized separately;
- (2) that a grant be paid towards railway fares on behalf of Miss Swainson, one Indian teacher and three pupils to visit different centres beginning with Calicut, each tour to be approved before it is undertaken.

#### SUB-ENCLOSURE

Letter—from the Correspondent, Deaf and Dumb School, Palamecottah.

To—the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle.

Dated—the 14th February 1917.

No.—5.

I have the honour to state that we were asked by Government a few months ago in what way we could extend our work among the deaf and dumb and since that time we have had several applications from teachers wishing to be trained for this special work and already have taken on one, but without more help from Government we feel we cannot do what ought to be done nor what we wish to do.

At present there is no other training school for teachers of the deaf in the Presidency and we should much like to open a training class and be able to offer scholarships to suitable teachers. We should need a specially trained English teacher for the work and I am writing to ask if Government would help us towards this end.

A. The salary of an English trained teacher of the deaf and dumb at Rs. 130 a month.

B. Scholarships for students of from—  
Rs. 20 to Rs. 15 for Upper Secondary.  
Rs. 15 to Rs. 10 for Upper Primary.

If Government will help us with these items we would gladly take in some new students. Until more teachers are trained it is impossible to open fresh schools.

We also ask permission to separate the Malayalam class in which are sixteen children into a separate school.

It is an expensive part of the work as the children come from long distances and at the most only pay their fares one way, and none of them are able to pay fees. The two Malayalam teachers are being trained, hoping afterwards to open a school in their own country. We have tried in vain to get a scholarship for them from the Travancore Government.

We hear of number of children on the West Coast as well as all over the Presidency and if it were not for the expense we should much like to take two or three of our educated children and to give some exhibitions of what can be done for the deaf, and the difference in the life of an educated child.

Unless seen, people will not believe and in many cases will not send their children even after much correspondence.

A display would soon convince them and is the best way of getting children.

In the interest of education of the deaf we should be glad of help to pay some such visits.

Hoping for your kind sympathy and help.

(3)

Letter—from Miss SWAINSON, Correspondent, Deaf and Dumb School, Palamecottah.

To—the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle, Coimbatore.

Dated—the 6th August 1917.

In reply to yours R.C. No. 161 of 1917, I am sorry to say it is quite out of the question at present for me to undertake the proposed tours of displaying the deaf and dumb methods at present. I am in the Oculist's hands and expect to remain here a few weeks longer. Until the end of that time I am quite unable to undertake any further work. We are short handed and our new English trained teacher who is ready and waiting to come out is prevented from so doing by the war. I much fear until her arrival we shall not be able to undertake the tours.

Endorsement of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle, R.C. No. 161, dated the 13th August 1917.

Submitted to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, with reference to Proceedings R.C. No. 7236 of 1916, dated 17th May 1917, and 20th March 1917.

#### Order—No. 1494, Home (Education), dated the 26th November 1917.

The Government approve the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the provision of additional facilities for the education of defective children.

2. The estimate of annual expenditure, as revised by Government, is printed as an annexure to these proceedings. For the purpose of grant of travelling allowances, children of parents whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 30 should be classed as poor and the actual expenses incurred in connexion with the journeys of such children, of their escort when necessary, defrayed from Provincial funds.

3. The amount entered in the estimate should be treated as the maximum up to which grants in aid may be paid to the institutions in pursuance of the proposals herein sanctioned.

(True extract)

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,  
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.  
" Accountant-General.  
" Financial Department.

#### ANNEXURE.

Estimate of annual expenditure of the scheme sanctioned by Government for the provision of additional facilities for the education of defective children.

##### I.—C.M.S. Schools for the Blind, Palamecottah.

|                                                                                                                                                                                    | Cost.<br>RS. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| (1) Travelling allowance to forty poor children joining the school, calculated at the rate of Rs. 6 for each child .. .. .                                                         | 240          |
| (2) Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls calculated at the rate of Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl .. .. .            | 3,000        |
| (3) Remuneration for training two male teachers at the rate of Rs. 12 per mensem for each teacher and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem, calculated for eleven months .. .. . | 352          |
| (4) Stipends for three teachers (two men and one woman) at the rate of Rs. 15 per mensem for each teacher, calculated for eleven months .. .. .                                    | 495          |
| Total .. .. .                                                                                                                                                                      | 4,087        |

##### II.—Deaf and Dumb School, Palamecottah.

|                                                                                                                                                              |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| (1) Salary of an English teacher at Rs. 130 per mensem .. .. .                                                                                               | 1,560  |
| (2) Six scholarships—three at Rs. 20 per mensem and three at Rs. 15 per mensem, $3 \times (20 + 15) \times 12$ .. .. .                                       | 1,260  |
| (3) Travelling allowance to forty poor children calculated at Rs. 6 for each child .. .. .                                                                   | 240    |
| (4) Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls at the rate of Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl .. .. . | 3,000  |
| Total .. .. .                                                                                                                                                | 6,060  |
| Grand total .. .. .                                                                                                                                          | 10,147 |



NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 1494, HOME (EDUCATION),  
DATED 26TH NOVEMBER 1917

[SUBJECT.—*Proposals for the encouragement and improvement of education of defective children.*]

*Previous papers :*

|      |                         |                |
|------|-------------------------|----------------|
| G.O. | 920, Educational,       | 6th Aug. 1914  |
| "    | 199, Public,            | 7th Feb. 1916  |
| "    | 1309, Home (Education), | 7th Dec. "     |
| "    | 201                     | 17th Feb. 1917 |

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

*From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 7th September 1917, No. 7236.*

The several items comprised in the present proposals are examined below.

2. *Charges common to the schools for the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb school—*  
*Travelling allowance to forty poor children joining each of the two schools at the rate of*  
*Rs. 4 (for four journeys) for each child (Rs. 320).—*The Inspector of Schools, Seventh  
Circle, has proposed that travelling allowances should be borne from Provincial funds  
in the case of children whose guardians furnish a certificate from the tahsildar that  
their average monthly income does not exceed Rs. 40. The Director has not offered  
any remarks on this point. The limit of Rs. 40 seems to be high. A monthly income  
of not more than Rs. 30 may perhaps be a reasonable limit, as in the case of patients  
proceeding to the Pasteur Institute for treatment (G.O. No. 199, Public, dated  
7th February 1916). Seeing that at present the management of the Blind school  
has to bear the travelling expenses of all the children except one, it may be assumed  
for the present purposes that the travelling expenses of nearly all the children sent  
by Government will have to be borne by them. The estimate, however, does  
A not provide for the travelling expenses of the man or woman escorting the  
children.

3. *Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls in each school at*  
*Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl (Rs. 6,000).—*The  
rates have been proposed with reference to the actual expenses now incurred in the  
Blind school and may be accepted. It is not however known whether boarding  
charges are now taken into account in assessing the grants for the schools under the  
Grant-in-Aid Code. In any case this charge will have to be incurred in the case of  
the new admissions proposed, as the Superintendent stipulates for it.

4. *Stipends for three teachers (two men and one woman) in each of the schools at*  
*Rs. 15 per mensem for each teacher for eleven months (Rs. 990).—*The necessity for the  
rate of Rs. 15 proposed is explained in paragraph 5 of the Inspector's letter, and may,  
it is submitted, be accepted.

5. *Schools for the Blind—Remuneration for training two male teachers at Rs. 12 per*  
*mensem and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem for eleven months (Rs. 352).—*In his  
letter of November 1916 (paragraph 7, page 4, of G.O. No. 201, dated the 17th  
February 1917) the Director suggested the payment of Rs. 100 for each teacher  
trained in the schools, while he now proposes to fix the remuneration at Rs. 12 per  
mensem for each male teacher and Rs. 8 for each female teacher. According to the  
original proposals, the total charge for training three teachers would come to Rs. 300,  
while the charge is now put down at Rs. 352. The difference is not much and the  
present proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted.



6. *Deaf and Dumb school*.—Salary of an English teacher at Rs. 130 per mensem to be employed in the school for training teachers (Rs. 1,560).—In lieu of the remuneration at a fixed rate for each teacher trained proposed in the case of the schools for the Blind, an English teacher is proposed to be newly employed in the Deaf and Dumb school for the training of teachers therein. The procedure is analogous to that recently adopted for the training of secondary grade teachers in aided institutions in connexion with the utilization of the Imperial recurring grant of 4 lakhs, where it has been decided to pay as grant the salary of the headmaster to be newly employed and certain allowances to the other teachers in the aided institution who assist in the work of the training section. The proposal to employ an English teacher for training in the Deaf and Dumb school may perhaps therefore be accepted. The salary suggested (Rs. 130) does not seem high for an English teacher.

7. *Payment of six scholarships*.—three at Rs. 20 per mensem and three at Rs. 15 per mensem for twelve months in the Deaf and Dumb school (Rs. 1,260).—The object of this item is not clear. It is not apparently intended for the children as their travelling allowances and boarding charges have been separately provided for. The scholarships are not also required in the case of teachers under training as they are to be paid stipends at Rs. 15 each per mensem. From Miss Swainson's letter of the 14th February 1917 it is observed that she recommended the offer of scholarships to suitable teachers. Apparently by scholarships she means stipends for which special provision has already been made. If this view is correct, there is no necessity for the scholarships. The remarks of the Director of Public Instruction may be invited u.o.

8. The total annual cost according to the Director's proposals comes to Rs. 10,482. Before, however, deciding to incur any expenditure on the scheme it appears desirable to have accurate information as to the present management of the institutions, the sources of their income and the basis and amount of the Provincial grants now being paid to them both by the Department of Public Instruction and the Department of Industries. When these particulars are received, the question as to whether further grants in aid may not be sanctioned on the principles now followed in aiding the schools, in order to enable the managers to admit more pupils, instead of creating what is practically a separate section entirely financed by the Government, may be considered. For orders therefore whether the Director of Public Instruction may be requested u.o. to furnish the information referred to above and also to offer his remarks on the suggestions made in the note.

S.A.—23-9-17.

N.K.—23-9-17.

The Director of Public Instruction may be requested to offer his further remarks on the portions marked **A**, **B** and **C** in paragraphs 2, 7 and 8 above respectively. He may also be requested to state whether, in case direct Government scholarships and stipends and boarding seats are created, sufficient precaution will be taken to protect the religious susceptibilities of the boarders (as is proposed in the case of children of fallen soldiers).

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—24-9-17.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—25-9-17.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

No. 166, dated 17th October 1917.

**A**. Travelling allowance will certainly have to include that of escort when necessary. Probably it would not always be so. The question is whether Rs. 4 is too low an average having in mind the possibility of fares having to be paid for. Rupees 6 would perhaps be a safer average.

**2. B**. Rupees 495 for stipends in the Deaf and Dumb school, Palamcottah, was included by mistake from analogy with the Blind school. It may therefore be omitted. The scholarships of Rs. 20 and Rs. 15 are intended for training teachers.

**3. C**. The assumption is that they are already taking as many children as they can with their present funds and that any addition will have to be paid for by boarding grants. These will only be paid on account of children actually taken in addition to present strength on the analogy of such grants in European schools. The sums mentioned are of course the maximum that will be wanted. The schools are now aided under chapter VI on the best estimate I am able to form of their needs. The best principle for additional aid is that of boarding grants. There is no need for Government to do more than provide the money. Under chapter VI I shall merely use the idea of boarding grant as a convenient way of deciding what grants are necessary in the circumstances of the case.

4. I don't see that anything can be done about religion more than is done about children attending other mission institutions. Parents who take advantage of these are presumably willing to take any religious grist involved. It is not conceivable that the mission would be willing to treat children on whose account they get boarding grants differently from the rest. It is probable that some parents will refuse to send their defective children to a mission school. I don't see how the difficulty can be completely met except by Government establishing schools of their own. Of course I can consult the correspondents of the schools.

J. H. STONE—17-10-17.

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

**A** on page 1 ante.—The Director states that the travelling allowance will certainly have to include that of escort when necessary. He thinks that Rs. 4 originally proposed by him is too low an average having in mind the possibility of fares having to be paid for escorts and that Rs. 6 would be a safer average. Rupees 6 for four journeys does not seem high. It is for orders whether it may be accepted.

R.R.—29-10-17.

The estimated cost will then have to be raised to Rs. 480.

**2. B** on page 2 ante.—The Director remarks that the provision of stipends for teachers to be trained in the Deaf and Dumb school is a mistake and may be omitted and that the provision for scholarships should be retained. He has not explained why scholarships at the rates of Rs. 20 and Rs. 15 should be granted for training teachers in this school, while stipend at the rate of Rs. 15 per mensem for each teacher has been proposed for the Blind school. Apparently the rate for the Deaf and Dumb school is made higher in order to attract good teachers to undertake so arduous and nerve-racking a piece of work (please see the letter from the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle). It is not also clear why six scholarships have been proposed for the Deaf and Dumb school, while stipends for only three teachers in the Blind school are proposed. The Director apparently thinks that six teachers will be available for training in the Deaf and Dumb school. It is for consideration whether his proposals may be accepted.

R.R.—29-10-17.

**3. C** on page 2 ante.—The Director assures that the grants now proposed will be paid only on account of children taken in addition to the present strength on the analogy of such grants in European schools. He also points out that the schools are now aided under chapter VI of the Grant-in-Aid Code on the best estimate he is able to form of their needs, that the system of boarding grant is the best and that he will merely use the idea of boarding grant as a convenient way of deciding what grants are necessary in the circumstances of the case. The Director's opinion may be secured in.

4. As regards religious instruction, he states that nothing more than is done about children in mission schools could be done in the schools in question and that the difficulty in the matter cannot be completely met except by establishing Government schools. He adds that he can consult the correspondents of the schools.

Not necessary.

R.R.—29-10-17.

Perhaps he may be asked to do so before final orders are issued on the case.



5. Submitted that the file may now be sent to Financial for remarks.

S.A.—22-10-17.

N.K.—23-10-17.

We may accept the Director of Public Instruction's estimates and proposals as modified by his subsequent u.o. note.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—25-10-17.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—29-10-17.

#### FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Attention is solicited to Financial Department notes on pages 3-4 of Notes to G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, where this department has agreed to expenditure from Provincial funds on the improvement of education of defective children. The extra cost of the proposals in this regard according to the detailed proposals now made by the Director of Public Instruction and accepted by Home Department is as shown below:—

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Extra<br>cost<br>per annum. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (i) Travelling allowance to eighty children—forty children in the Blind school and forty children in the Deaf and Dumb school—at Rs. 6 each.                                                                                                                                             | RS.<br>480                  |
| (ii) Boarding charges for the above eighty children at Rs. 8 each for forty boys and at Rs. 7 each for forty girls for ten months.                                                                                                                                                       | 6,000                       |
| (iii) Remuneration to school authorities for training teachers—two male teachers at Rs. 12 each per mensem and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem for eleven months in the Blind school; and the employment of an English teacher on Rs. 130 per mensem in the Deaf and Dumb school. | 1,912                       |
| (iv) Stipends for teachers—three teachers at Rs. 15 each per mensem for eleven months in the Blind school and six teachers at 3 (20) and 3 (15) for twelve months in Deaf and Dumb school.                                                                                               | 1,755                       |
| Total ...                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 10,147                      |

The above amount is only the maximum expenditure and will be given to the C.M.S. schools at Palamcottah as grant-in-aid.

2. Item (i)—*Travelling allowance*—Paragraph 2 of the Inspector's letter, paragraph 2 of Home Department note on page 1 ante, paragraph 1 of the Director of Public Instruction's note on page 2 ante, and paragraph 1 of Home Department note on page 3 ante. The estimate of Rs. 480 per annum calls for no remarks and may, it is submitted, be accepted. It is presumed that only actual travelling expenses of the children and their escorts will be granted. The limit of the monthly income of Rs. 40 for the guardians of children who are to be granted travelling allowances for their journeys to and from the schools may also be accepted.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Of course, this is only an estimate. I am inclined to place it at Rs. 30 as suggested on page 1 of the notes.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Take Rs. 30 on the Pasteur Institute analogy.

L.D.—9-11-17.

3. Item (ii)—*Boarding charges*—Paragraph 3 of the Inspector's letter and paragraph 3 of Home Department note on page 1 ante.—The estimate is based on the actual expenditure now being incurred by the C.M.S. schools authorities on account of similar children. In the circumstances stated by the Inspector, the proposal to grant grants-in-aid towards boarding charges may be accepted. If so, the estimate calls for no remarks.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

4. Item (iii)—*Remuneration to school authorities for training teachers*—Paragraph 4 of the Inspector's letter, paragraph 3 of Miss Askwith's letter, the Inspector's letter, and paragraphs 5 and 6 of Home Department note on pages 1-2 ante.—In paragraph 7 of his letter on page 4 of G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, the Director of Public Instruction suggested the payment of about Rs. 100 for each teacher trained in the schools. In regard to this rate, the Assistant Secretary noted as follows:—

I venture to think that before arriving at any figure it would be preferable to ascertain from Miss Askwith and Miss Swainson what the cost of training a teacher would be. So far as the blind go, Miss Askwith says much special training is not needed.

The then Chief Secretary (Mr. Bedford) held that the Director of Public Instruction should justify the figure when submitting detailed proposals. According to the present proposals, the remuneration in the case of the Blind school is Rs. 352 for three teachers or Rs. 117½ for each teacher on an average. It may also be remarked that Miss Askwith, instead of pointing out what the cost of training the teachers will come to, demands the rates as a condition for training the teachers. As regards the Deaf and Dumb school, however, the cost comes to Rs. 1,560 for six teachers or Rs. 260 for each teacher. Here the cost is on account of the employment of an additional 'English' teacher on Rs. 130 per mensem. Orders are solicited whether the remuneration demanded and the consequent estimate may be accepted. The 'English' teacher, if appointed, will not be a Government servant.

I suppose this is what it costs.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Yes: I think Miss Askwith would act fairly by Government.

L.D.—9-11-17.

I think so.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

5. Item (iv)—*Stipends for teachers*—Paragraph 5 of the Inspector's letter, letter from the Inspector, paragraphs 4 and 7 of Home Department note on pages 1 and 2 ante, paragraph 2 of the Director of Public Instruction's note on pages 2-3 ante and paragraph 2 of Home Department note on page 3 ante. When, in his preliminary proposals, the Director of Public Instruction mentioned a rate of Rs. 15 as stipends for teachers, the Assistant Secretary noted that the rate was high and that Rs. 10 would be more suitable—vide paragraph 7 of letter on page 4 of G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, and the Assistant Secretary's marginal note on page 3 of notes thereto. The Director of Public Instruction even now recommends a rate of Rs. 15 for the teachers undergoing training in the Blind school as the training is a manifestly laborious process. Further he recommends even higher rates in the case of the Deaf and Dumb school for the reasons set out in the Inspector's letter. For orders whether the new rates will be accepted.

It is observed in this connexion that the Director of Public Instruction has provided for stipends only for eleven months in the case of the Blind school, while he has provided for twelve months' stipends for the other school. The period of training in both the cases seems to be one year and there seems to be no reason why twelve months' stipends should be paid in the case of the Deaf and Dumb school. Whatever rates of stipends may be fixed Home Department may, it is submitted, be requested to alter the estimate so as to provide only for eleven months' stipends in the Deaf and Dumb school.

The system might be different.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

case of the Deaf and Dumb school. I think we may accept.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

6. *Distribution of grants to the institutions*—Paragraph 8 of Home (Education) note on page 2 ante, paragraph 3 of the Director of Public Instruction's note on pages 2-3 ante and paragraph 3 of Home Department note on page 3 ante.—The proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

7

L. E. K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

year, the Director of Public Instruction will have to be asked to forward a reappropriation statement to meet such extra

charge--cf. paragraph 5 of Financial note on page 4 of Notes to G O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917.

T.R.N.N.—7-11-17.

L. E. KERSHAW—8-11-17

L. DAVIDSON—9-11-17

## HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

A draft order is submitted for approval.

2. With reference to paragraph 7 of the Financial Department note above, the Director may be asked to state whether it is proposed to incur any expenditure during the current official year and, if so, to forward a reappropriation statement through the Accountant-General. He may also be asked to state what provision should be made in the budget for 1918-19 on account of the scheme now sanctioned. A separate u.o. note is also submitted.

NK-22-11-17

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—24-11-17

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—26-11-17.

[G.O. No. 1494 Home (Education), dated 26th November 1917.]

Sectt. II—10 (b)—12-1-15

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT

Education of Defective Children  
approving the proposals of the D.D. for the provision of  
additional facilities for the \_\_\_\_\_

READ AGAIN G.O. No. 201 Home (Ed) dated 17th February 1917 1917

" " Abstract - Issuing orders as the proposals for the encouragement and improvement of the education of defective children. 1919

READ ALSO:-

READ ALSO:-

C. No. 2838 A. From the D.P.I. R.C. No. 7236 dated 7-9-1917. 19

191

## ORDER

No. 1494, dated 26. 11. 191

P.S.

The Govt. approve the <sup>proposal of</sup> ~~the~~ the D.P.I. for the provision of additional facilities for the education of defective children.

2. The estimate of annual expenditure, as revised by Govt., is printed as an annexure to these proceedings. For the purpose of grant of travelling allowances, ~~the~~ children of parents whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 30/- should be classed as poor and the actual expenses incurred in connection with their journeys of such children defrayed from Provincial funds.

3. The amount entered in the estimate should be treated as the maximum



up to which grants-in-aid may be paid  
to the institutions in pursuance  
of the proposals herein sanctioned.

Q  
24.11.17

26/11/17

To the D.P.F.

Financial dept.

For it  
26.11.17

For approval

14.12.17

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 1494, HOME (EDUCATION),  
DATED 26TH NOVEMBER 1917

[SUBJECT.—Proposals for the encouragement and improvement of education of  
defective children.]

Previous papers :

|                           |                |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| G.O. 920, Educational,    | 6th Aug. 1914  |
| " 199, Public,            | 7th Feb. 1916  |
| " 1309, Home (Education), | 7th Dec. "     |
| " 201                     | 17th Feb. 1917 |

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 7th September 1917, No. 7236.

The several items comprised in the present proposals are examined below.

2. Charges common to the schools for the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb school—  
Travelling allowance to forty poor children joining each of the two schools at the rate of  
Rs. 4 (for four journeys) for each child (Rs. 320).—The Inspector of Schools, Seventh  
Circle, has proposed that travelling allowances should be borne from Provincial funds  
in the case of children whose guardians furnish a certificate from the tahsildar that  
their average monthly income does not exceed Rs. 40. The Director has not offered  
any remarks on this point. The limit of Rs. 40 seems to be high. A monthly income  
of not more than Rs. 30 may perhaps be a reasonable limit, as in the case of patients  
proceeding to the Pasteur Institute for treatment (G.O. No. 199, Public, dated  
7th February 1916). Seeing that at present the management of the Blind school  
has to bear the travelling expenses of all the children except one, it may be assumed  
for the present purposes that the travelling expenses of nearly all the children sent  
by Government will have to be borne by them. The estimate, however, does  
not provide for the travelling expenses of the man or woman escorting the  
children.

3. Boarding charges for ten months for twenty boys and twenty girls in each school at  
Rs. 8 per mensem for each boy and Rs. 7 per mensem for each girl (Rs. 6,000).—The  
rates have been proposed with reference to the actual expenses now incurred in the  
Blind school and may be accepted. It is not however known whether boarding  
charges are now taken into account in assessing the grants for the schools under the  
Grant-in-Aid Code. In any case this charge will have to be incurred in the case of  
the new admissions proposed, as the Superintendent stipulates.

4. Stipends for three teachers (two men and one woman) in each of the schools at  
Rs. 15 per mensem for each teacher for eleven months (Rs. 990).—The necessity for the  
rate of Rs. 15 proposed is explained in paragraph 5 of the Inspector's letter on page 5,  
current file and may, it is submitted, be accepted.

5. Schools for the Blind—Remuneration for training two male teachers at Rs. 12 per  
mensem and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem for eleven months (Rs. 352).—In his  
letter of November 1916 (paragraph 7, page 4, of G.O. No. 201, dated the 17th  
February 1917) the Director suggested the payment of Rs. 100 for each teacher  
trained in the schools, while he now proposes to fix the remuneration at Rs. 12 per  
mensem for each male teacher and Rs. 8 for each female teacher. According to the  
original proposals, the total charge for training three teachers would come to Rs. 300,  
while the charge is now put down at Rs. 352. The difference is not much and the  
present proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted.



6. *Deaf and Dumb school—Salary of an English teacher at Rs. 130 per mensem to be employed in the school for training teachers (Rs. 1,560).—*In lieu of the remuneration at a fixed rate for each teacher trained proposed in the case of the schools for the Blind, an English teacher is proposed to be newly employed in the Deaf and Dumb school for the training of teachers therein. The procedure is analogous to that recently adopted for the training of secondary grade teachers in aided institutions in connexion with the utilization of the Imperial recurring grant of 4 lakhs, where it has been decided to pay as grant the salary of the headmaster to be newly employed and certain allowances to the other teachers in the aided institution who assist in the work of the training section. The proposal to employ an English teacher for training in the Deaf and Dumb school may perhaps therefore be accepted. The salary suggested (Rs. 130) does not seem high for an English teacher.

7. *Payment of six scholarships—three at Rs. 20 per mensem and three at Rs. 15 per mensem for twelve months in the Deaf and Dumb school (Rs. 1,260).—*The object of this item is not clear. It is not apparently intended for the children as their travelling allowances and boarding charges have been separately provided for. The scholarships are not also required in the case of teachers under training as they are to be paid stipends at Rs. 15 each per mensem. From Miss Swainson's letter of the 14th February 1917 it is observed that she recommended the offer of scholarships to suitable teachers. Apparently by scholarships she means stipends for which special provision has already been made. If this view is correct, there is no necessity for the scholarships. The remarks of the Director of Public Instruction may be invited u.o.

8. The total annual cost according to the Director's proposals comes to Rs. 10,482. Before however deciding to incur any expenditure on the scheme it appears desirable to have accurate information as to the present management of the institutions, the sources of their income and the basis and amount of the Provincial grants now being paid to them both by the Department of Public Instruction and the Department of Industries. When these particulars are received, the question as to whether further grants in aid may not be sanctioned on the principles now followed in aiding the schools, in order to enable the managers to admit more pupils, instead of creating what is practically a separate section entirely financed by the Government, may be considered. For orders therefore whether the Director of Public Instruction may be requested u.o. to furnish the information referred to above and also to offer his remarks on the suggestions made in the note.

S.A.—23-9-17.

N.K.—23-9-17

The Director of Public Instruction may be requested to offer his further remarks on the portions marked A, B and C in paragraphs 2, 7 and 8 above respectively. He may also be requested to state whether, in case direct Government scholarships and stipends and boarding seats are created, sufficient precaution will be taken to protect the religious susceptibilities of the boarders (as is proposed in the case of children of fallen soldiers).

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—24-9-17.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—25-9-17.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

No. 166, dated 17th October 1917.

A. Travelling allowance will certainly have to include that of escort when necessary. Probably it would not always be so. The question is whether Rs. 4 is too low an average having in mind the possibility of fares having to be paid for. Rupees 6 would perhaps be a safer average.



2. B. Rupees 495 for stipends in the Deaf and Dumb school, Palamecottah, was included by mistake from analogy with the Blind school. It may therefore be omitted. The scholarships of Rs. 20 and Rs. 15 are intended for training teachers.

3. C. The assumption is that they are already taking as many children as they can with their present funds and that any addition will have to be paid for by boarding grants. These will only be paid on account of children actually taken in addition to present strength on the analogy of such grants in European schools. The sums mentioned are of course the maximum that will be wanted. The schools are now aided under chapter VI on the best estimate I am able to form of their needs. The best principle for additional aid is that of boarding grants. There is not need for Government to do more than provide the money. Under chapter VI I shall merely use the idea of boarding grant as a convenient way of deciding what grants are necessary in the circumstances of the case.

4. I don't see that anything can be done about religion more than is done about children attending other mission institutions. Parents who take advantage of these are presumably willing to take any religious ~~part~~ involved. It is not conceivable that the mission would be willing to treat children on whose account they get boarding grants differently from the rest. It is probable that some parents will refuse to send their defective children to a mission school. I don't see how the difficulty can be completely met except by Government establishing schools of their own. Of course I can consult the correspondents of the schools

J. H. STONE—17-10-17.

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

A on page 1 ante.—The Director states that the travelling allowance will certainly have to include that of escort when necessary. He thinks that Rs. 4 originally proposed by him is too low an average having in mind the possibility of fares having to be paid for escorts and that Rs. 6 would be a safer average. Rupees 6 for four journeys does not seem high. It is for orders whether it may be accepted.

R.R.—29-10-17. The estimated cost will then have to be raised to Rs. 480.

2. B on page 2 ante.—The Director remarks that the provision of stipends for teachers to be trained in the Deaf and Dumb school is a mistake and may be omitted and that the provision for scholarships should be retained. He has not explained why scholarships at the rates of Rs. 20 and Rs. 15 should be granted for training teachers in this school, while stipend at the rate of Rs. 15 per month for each teacher has been proposed for the Blind school. Apparently the rate for the Deaf and Dumb school is made higher in order to attract good teachers to undertake so arduous and nerve-racking a piece of work (please see the letter from the Inspector ~~on page 7 of current file~~). It is not also clear why six scholarships have been proposed for the Deaf and Dumb school, while stipends for only three teachers in the Blind school are proposed. The Director apparently thinks that six teachers will

be available for training in the Deaf and Dumb school. It is for consideration whether his proposals may be accepted.

3. C on page 4 ante.—The Director assures that the grants now proposed will be paid only on account of children taken in addition to the present strength on the analogy of such grants in European schools. He also points out that the schools are now aided under chapter VI of the Grant-in-Aid Code on the best estimate he is able to form of their needs, that the system of boarding grant is the best and that he will merely use the idea of boarding grant as a convenient way of deciding what grants are necessary in the circumstances of the case. The Director's opinion may be concurred in.

of Grants' Schools,  
Southern Canada

4 NOTES TO G.O. No. 1494, HOME (EDUCATION), 28TH NOVEMBER 1917

4. As regards religious instruction, he states that nothing more than is done about children in mission schools could be done in the schools in question and that the difficulty in the matter cannot be completely met except by establishing Government schools. He adds that he can consult the correspondents of the schools.

Not necessary.

R.R.—29-10-17.

Perhaps he may be asked to do so before final orders are issued on the case.

5. Submitted that the file may now be sent to Financial for remarks.

S.A.—22-10-17.

N.K.—23-10-17.

We may accept the Director of Public Instruction's estimates and proposals as modified by his subsequent u.o. note.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR.—25-10-17.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO.—29-10-17.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Attention is solicited to Financial Department notes on pages 3-4 of Notes to G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, where this department has agreed to expenditure from Provincial funds on the improvement of education of defective children. The extra cost of the proposals in this regard according to the detailed proposals now made by the Director of Public Instruction and accepted by Home Department is as shown below:—

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Extra<br>cost<br>per annum. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (i) Travelling allowance to eighty children—forty children in the Blind school and forty children in the Deaf and Dumb school—at Rs. 6 each.                                                                                                                                             | RS.<br>480                  |
| (ii) Boarding charges for the above eighty children at Rs. 8 each for forty boys and at Rs. 7 each for forty girls for ten months.                                                                                                                                                       | 6,000                       |
| (iii) Remuneration to school authorities for training teachers—two male teachers at Rs. 12 each per mensem and one female teacher at Rs. 8 per mensem for eleven months in the Blind school; and the employment of an English teacher on Rs. 130 per mensem in the Deaf and Dumb school. | 1,912                       |
| (iv) Stipends for teachers—three teachers at Rs. 15 each per mensem for eleven months in the Blind school and six teachers at 3 (20) and 8 (15) for twelve months in Deaf and Dumb school.                                                                                               | 1,755                       |
| Total ...                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 10,147                      |

The above amount is only the maximum expenditure and will be given to the C.M.S. schools at Palamcottah as grant-in-aid.

2. Item (i)—Travelling allowance—Paragraph 2 of the Inspector's letter on page 1, current file, paragraph 2 of Home Department note on page 1 ante, paragraph 1 of the

Director of Public Instruction's note on page 1 ante, and paragraph 1 of Home Department note on page 3 ante. The estimate of Rs. 480 per annum calls for remarks and may, it is submitted, be accepted. It is presumed that only actual travelling expenses of the children and their escorts will be granted. The limit of the monthly income of Rs. 40 for the guardians of children who are to be granted travelling allowances for their journeys to and from the schools may also be accepted.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Of course, this is only an estimate.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

I am inclined to place it at Rs. 30 as suggested on page 1 of the notes.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Take Rs. 30 on the Pasteur Institute analogy.

L. D.—9-11-17.

3. Item (ii)—Boarding charges—Paragraph 3 of the Inspector's letter on pages 4-5,



current file, and paragraph 3 of Home Department note on page 1 ante.—The estimate is based on the actual expenditure now being incurred by the C.M.S. schools authorities on account of similar children. In the circumstances stated by the Inspector, the proposal to grant grants-in-aid towards boarding charges may be accepted.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

ed. If so, the estimate calls for no remarks.

4. Item (iii).—*Remuneration to school authorities for training teachers*—Paragraph 4 of the Inspector's letter on page 5, current file, paragraph 3 of Miss Askwith's letter on page 6, current file, the Inspector's letter on page 7, current file and paragraphs 5 and 6 of Home Department note on pages 1-2 ante.—In paragraph 7 of his letter on page 4 of G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, the Director of Public Instruction suggested the payment of about Rs. 100 for each teacher trained in the schools. In regard to this rate, the Assistant Secretary noted as follows:—

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The then Chief Secretary (Mr. Bedford) held that the Director of Public Instruction should justify the figure when submitting detailed proposals. According to the present proposals, the remuneration in the case of the Blind school is Rs. 352 for three teachers or Rs. 117½ for each teacher on an average. It may also be remarked that Miss Askwith, instead of pointing out what the cost of training the teachers will come to, demands the rates as a condition for training the teachers. As regards the Deaf and Dumb school, however, the cost comes to Rs. 1,560 for six teachers or Rs. 260 for each teacher. Here the cost is on account of the employment of an additional 'English' teacher on Rs. 130 per mensem. Orders are solicited whether the remuneration demanded and the consequent estimate may be accepted. The 'English' teacher, if appointed, will not be a Government servant.

I suppose this is what it costs.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

Yes: I think Miss Askwith would act fairly by Government.

L.D.—9-11-17.

of an additional 'English' teacher on Rs.

I think so.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

5. Item (iv).—*Stipends for teachers*.—Paragraph 5 of the Inspector's letter on page 5, current file, letter from the Inspector on page 7, current file, paragraphs 4 and 7 of Home Department note on pages 1 and 2 ante, paragraph 2 of the Director of Public Instruction's note on page 3 ante and paragraph 2 of Home Department note on page 3 ante. When, in his preliminary proposals, the Director of Public Instruction mentioned a rate of Rs. 15 as stipends for teachers, the Assistant Secretary noted that the rate was high and that Rs. 10 would be more suitable—vide paragraph 7 of letter on page 4 of G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917, and the Assistant Secretary's marginal note on page 3 of notes thereto. The Director of Public Instruction even now recommends a rate of Rs. 15 for the teachers undergoing training in the Blind school as the training is a manifestly laborious process. Further he recommends even higher rates in the case of the Deaf and Dumb school for the reasons set out in the Inspector's letter on page 7, current file. For orders whether the new rates will be accepted.

It is observed in this connexion that the Director of Public Instruction has provided for stipends only for eleven months in the case of the Blind school, while he has provided for twelve months' stipends for the other school. The period of training in both the cases seems to be one year and there seems to be no reason why twelve months' stipends should be paid in the case of the Deaf and Dumb school. Whatever rates of stipends may be fixed Home Department, may, it is submitted, be requested to alter the estimate so as to provide only for eleven months' stipends in the Deaf and Dumb school.

The system might be different.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

I think we may accept.

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

6 NOTES to G.O. No. 1494, HOME (EDUCATION), 26TH NOVEMBER 1917

6. *Distribution of grants to the institutions*—Paragraph 8 of Home (Education) note on page 2 ante, paragraph 3 of the Director of Public Instruction's note on

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

page 3 ante and paragraph 3 of Home Department note on page 3 ante.—The proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted.

7. *Provision of funds*.—If any extra expenditure is to be incurred in the current

L.E.K.—8-11-17.

L.D.—9-11-17.

year, the Director of Public Instruction will have to be asked to forward a reappropriation statement to meet such extra

charge—cf. paragraph 5 of Financial note on page 4 of Notes to G.O. No. 201, Home (Education), dated 17th February 1917.

T.R.N.N.—7-11-17.

L. E. KERSHAW—8-11-17.

L. DAVIDSON—9-11-17.

HOME (EDUCATION) DEPARTMENT.

A draft order is submitted for approval.

2. With reference to paragraph 7 of the Financial Department note above, the Director may be asked to state whether it is proposed to incur any expenditure during the current official year and, if so, to forward a reappropriation statement through the Accountant-General. He may also be asked to state what provision should be made in the budget for 1918-19 on account of the scheme now sanctioned. A separate u.o. note is also submitted.

N.K.—22-11-17.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—24-11-17.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO—26-11-17.

[G.O. No. 1494, Home (Education), dated 26th November 1917.]



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(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b) For rules regarding printing of notes, see rule 815 of the office Manual.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

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