

Government of Madras.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(EDUCATION)

115-

G.O. No. 115, 27th January 1917

NOTES
PRINTED

INDEXED

Report on public instruction

Recording, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1915-16.

Government of Madras.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(EDUCATION)

G.O. Nos. 115, 116, 27th January 1917

N. P.

ORIGINAL

Report on public instruction

Recording, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1915-16.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT
(Education)

Order—No. 115, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.

Recorded.

2. *Imperial grants.*—The recurring grants already sanctioned by the Government of India received no additions during the year. They were fully utilized with the exception of the grant of Rs. 30,000 for Muhammadan education, of which a sum of only Rs. 10,000 was spent, as the schemes for utilizing the grant had not been completed before the close of the year.

3. *General statistics of progress.*—Including the 46 professional colleges and special schools which, though not under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, are included in his returns under the orders of the Government of India, the number of educational institutions increased by 1,250 or 3.7 per cent and their strength by 72,204 or 4.7 per cent. The figures relating to schools for Indians show accessions of 2.8, 5.4 and 4.4 per cent, respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education, the corresponding figures for the year 1914-15 being 15.05, 6.6 and 5.0 per cent. The considerable fall in the percentage of increase in the number of students receiving collegiate education is reported to be due to the restrictions placed by the Syndicate on the admission of students to the collegiate course.

4. *Total expenditure.*—The total expenditure on education from all sources during the year amounted to Rs. 206.5 lakhs. Deducting 11 lakhs, the amount spent on colleges and schools which are not under the control of the Department of Public Instruction, the expenditure amounted to 195.5 lakhs, as against 193.5 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 78.48 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21.68 lakhs, and fees and other sources about 95.40 lakhs, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 82.64, 21.77 and 89.11 lakhs.

The total "direct" expenditure increased by 5 lakhs, while the "indirect" expenditure decreased by 3 lakhs. The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools from public funds amounted to 54.50 lakhs, or 1.19 lakhs more than in the previous year. Of this increase .07 lakh was allotted to secondary schools and the balance of 1.12 lakhs to elementary schools. There was a fall in the grants-in-aid paid both from provincial and municipal funds, the decrease in the former case amounting to 2.57 lakhs and in the latter to .05 lakh. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was As. 7-11, as against As. 7-6 in the previous year.

5. *University and collegiate education.*—During the year Mr. Gilbert Slater, M.A., D.Sc., was appointed University Professor of Indian Economics. Two lectures on "Ancient Indian Chronology" were delivered by M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai Avargal. The question of regulating the admission to the collegiate course of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates engaged the serious attention of the University and arrangements were made for the selection of candidates eligible for such admission in 1916-17. A list of them was prepared and issued for the guidance of affiliated colleges. A Government second-grade college was sanctioned for the Ceded Districts and located at Anantapur. Sanction was also accorded to the opening of a class for group II-A (Physics) of the B.A. pass course in the Kumbakonam college. There was a further increase in the aggregate number of students in the professional and arts colleges under the control of the Director, the increase in the strength of the Engineering College being marked. In that college an additional Professor in the Indian Educational Service was appointed to give instruction in Higher Electrical Engineering.

6. *Secondary and elementary education.*—There was an increase of seven in the total number of secondary schools, an addition of six being made to the number of complete secondary schools. The total strength of secondary schools rose by 5.8 per cent, the increase in the number reading in the three highest forms alone being 8.3 per cent.

The number of public elementary schools increased by 4.6 per cent, their strength rising from 1,143,995 to 1,201,273, or by about 5 per cent.

Towards the close of the year several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education were discussed at a conference of officials and non-officials and the recommendations of the conference are under consideration.

7. *Special education.*—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 166 and 7,134 to 202 and 9,024, respectively, the increase being due mainly to the inclusion in the figures of the year under review of statistics relating to industrial and medical schools. The Government sanctioned the opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Ellore in the Kistna district. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and mistresses is under consideration.

The number of pupils on the rolls in the School of Arts increased from 252 to 283, but the strength of the School of Commerce at Calicut fell from 202 to 196. It is understood that pupils in several secondary schools take up commercial subjects which are included as optional subjects in the secondary school final course.

8. *Female education.*—There was a further gratifying advance in the education of Indian girls, the number of schools maintained for them increasing by 127 and the total number of girls under instruction by 16,500. During the year the Government gave subsidies to local bodies to be utilized for opening 44 additional girls' schools.

In the Government Women's College, Madras, out of 13 students who appeared for the last Intermediate Examination in Arts, 11 were successful, of whom three were placed in the first class, and in the Women's Christian College, Madras, four passed out of seven. The strength of the Brahman Widows' Hostel, Madras, increased from 31 to 42.

9. *European education.*—The total number of schools for Europeans remained the same as in the previous year, but their strength rose by 245. The orders of the Government of India on the scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community have not yet been received.

10. *Education of Muhammadans.*—The progress under this head noticed in previous years was maintained during the year under review. The number of institutions under public management, mainly intended for Muhammadans, rose from 886 to 906, and their strength from 55,554 to 57,432. The total number of Muhammadan pupils reading in public secondary schools for Indians rose from 6,769 to 6,950.

11. *Panchama education.*—There was a further advance both in the number and strength of the institutions intended for Panchamas. The total number of Panchama scholars under instruction in all classes of public schools increased by 9 per cent.

(True Extract)

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
" Surgeon-General.
" Accountant-General.
" Registrar, University of Madras.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Local and Municipal Department.
Editors' Table.

Endorsement—No. 116, Home (Education), dated 27th January 1917.

Copy to the Government of India, Department of Education.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. Nos. 115-16, HOME (EDUCATION),
DATED THE 27TH JANUARY 1917

[SUBJECT.—*Report on Public Instruction for the year 1915-16.*]

*From the Director of Public Instruction, dated the 26th October 1916,
R.C. No. 8800.*

For the previous year's review please see G.Os. 1468-69, 29th December 1915. A draft review of the administration report of the Educational Department for the year 1915-16 is submitted for approval.

S.K.—3-12-16.

N.K.—28-12-16.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—11-1-17.

Please note my corrections and marginal notes in the draft review. Let me have a revised copy soon.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR—22-1-17.

Revised clean copy of the draft is submitted.

S.K.—23-1-17.

C.R.—23-1-17.

Draft review (prepared as in previous years) is for approval.

P.R.—23-1-17.

P[ENTLAND]—24-1-17.

His Excellency has made a few verbal alterations in pencil. Please ink them and resubmit for my perusal sharp.

P.R.—26-1-17.

The corrections have been inked.

C.R.—26-1-17.

Thanks. Please issue at once.

P.R.—26-1-17.

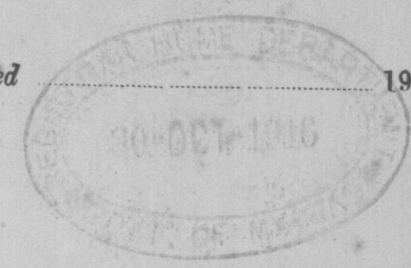
[G.O. Nos. 115-16, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.]

All the Gas quoted
in Oct. 1

CN. 3876 Vol
C.F.-29.

HOME DEPARTMENT.
EDUCATION

Received 191 . Registered 30 10 1916.



Subject.

Submitting seven copies each of Volume I and of Part I of Volume II of the Report on Public Instruction for the official year 1915-16.

ENCLOSURES.
No.
Spare copies

R.C. No. 8800/1916

Station Madras , Dated the 26th October 1916

From (Name) the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Stone, M.A., F.R.H.S., C.I.E.,
(Designation) Director of Public Instruction, MADRAS.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

HOME Department.
EDUCATION

Sir,

I have the honour to submit, herewith, seven copies each of Volume I and of Part I of Volume II of the Report on Public Instruction for the official year 1915-16.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

G. V. Subramanian
for Director of Public Instruction

Y. V.

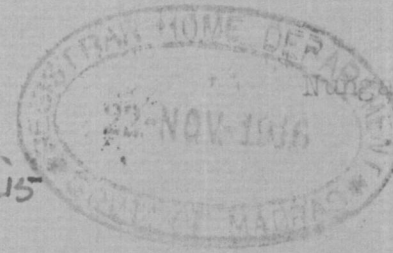


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22.11.16

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THE OLD COLLEGE,

Mungambakam, 21st November
1916.



D. O. No. 215

My dear Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar,

I am sending herewith
a copy of this office letter to the Superintendent
Government Branch Press, Mount Road, R. C. No. 8800
of 16 dated the 21.11.16 instant regarding certain
corrections to be carried out in the Report on
Public Instruction. Will you kindly have the
corrections made also in the copies already des-
patched to Government from this Office?

Yours sincerely,

G. Viswamuni

21.11.16

(Personal asst. to the D.P.)

To

M. R. Ry.,

C. Ramanuja Achariyar Avl., B.A.,

Registrar

3

Home Department (Education)

SK
100

Please quote this in the reply.

Ref. on C. No. 880 of 1916
~~Disposal~~

The Old College,

Dated 21-11-1916

Edl. A-1.

From

THE HON'BLE MR. J. H. Stone, M.A., C.I.E., F.R.H.S.,

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

Madras,

To

The Superintendent,

Government Branch Press,

Mount Road,

M A D R A S.

Enclosures.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will be so good as to arrange for the corrections noted below being carried out in Volumes I and II of the Report on Public Instruction for the year 1915-16, before clean copies are struck off:-

Volume I page 20 General Table 3 Column 4 against "Arts Colleges-
English - for boys" - For "1134" read
"1234"

" *English* "for boys" Column 5 against "Arts Colleges-
For "1232" read "1132"

.. page 22 General Table 3 Column 29 against "Medical Schools"
for "nil" read "177"

Volume II page 66 Supplemental Statistics No. 59 against for "34" in
the last column read "24".

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

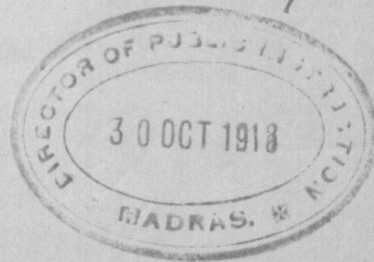
G. S. Srinivasan

for Director of Public Instruction

Me
21.11.16.

Y. V.

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To be stitched with
the original of pp. 115-116
8 27. 1. 17.



Vol I ..

9
REPORT

ON

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

1915-16.

—
VOLUME I
—

MADRAS:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1916.

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
MADRAS, 24TH October 1916.

C. No. 8800 of 1916.

From

THE HON'BLE MR. J. H. STONE, M.A., F.R.H.S., C.I.E.,
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Madras,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS,
HOME DEPARTMENT (EDUCATION),
Fort St. George, Madras.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit my report on the state and progress of education in this Presidency during the year 1915-16.

2. *Events of the year.*—A brief resumé of the chief events of the year is given below, each of them being described at greater length where necessary under the appropriate heads of the report :—

(1) Pending the issue of final orders on the scheme of reorganization of the inspecting agency sanction was renewed for the retention for another year of the 49 temporary ranges referred to in the last report and it was also accorded to the establishment for a year from 1st December 1915 of an additional girls' range in the Southern circle.

(2) The continuance of the peripatetic party attached to the Oriental Manuscripts Library was sanctioned for another year.

(3) The employment of a lecturer in needlework and dress-making in European schools on a salary of Rs. 300 per mensem was sanctioned temporarily for a year with effect from 7th February 1916, the date on which Miss Kenny took charge of the post.

(4) New designs for hostels including students' dining hall with kitchen and store rooms for 20 students and for warden's quarters prepared by the Chief Engineer were issued.

(5) An additional Lecturer on Rs. 200 outside the *cadre* of the Provincial Educational Service was sanctioned for the Kumbakōnam College with effect from 1st July 1915 in view to the provision of instruction in Group II-A (Physics) of the B.A. Pass course in that institution.

(6) Sanction was accorded to the employment tentatively for a maximum period of three years from 1st July 1915 of an additional Professor in the Presidency College, a special temporary post having been created for the purpose in the ninth grade of the Provincial Educational Service to relieve the Principal of a portion of his lecturing work and enable him to devote more time to office work and supervision.

(7) Government approved of the opening at Anantapur under their management of a second-grade college to meet the long-felt want of the Ceded Districts.

(8) Government approved of the Director's proposal to improve the instruction in "Nature Study" in elementary schools and to depute three officers of the department who had specialized in Botany, Zoology and Geology and Elementary

40. N. 917 (D)
7.9.15
40. 1265 (N)
22.11.15
40. 1245 (A)
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12.6.15

Science for special training and lecturing for a period of one year from 1st July 1915, selected teachers from training schools being allowed to attend their lectures for a period of three months from 1st April last.

(9) A contribution of Rs. 1,000 was made by Government towards the cost of publishing the Uriya Dictionary prepared by M.R.Ry. Gopinatha Nando, Senior Uriya Pandit of the Parlākimedi College, in return for fifty copies of the book intended for free distribution by the department.

(10) Government sanctioned the Director's proposal to institute thirty additional scholarships in the School of Arts, at an aggregate monthly cost of Rs. 70, to be awarded at the discretion of the Superintendent of the Institution to deserving students.

(11) Government approved of the Surgeon-General's proposal to entrust the work of supervising the medical inspection of the Madras Corporation Elementary Schools to Lieutenant-Colonel Donovan and requested the Director to report on the question of extending the inspection to other educational institutions.

(12) Sanction was accorded to the payment of a monthly grant of Rs. 230 to the Young Men's Christian Association towards the employment of a Physical Director and Adviser to Government in physical education.

(13) Notice was required to be given to all educational institutions conducted or controlled by hostile missions that all grants to them either from Government or other public funds would cease with effect from 30th September 1915 except those which had been already promised for specific purposes and also that recognition would be withdrawn with effect from 31st March 1916 from all institutions under the management of the Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Schleswig-Holstein Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Hermansburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission, and Basel Mission with the exception of those which had been transferred to Government or Local Board management. Subsequently, however, it was resolved that recognition and aid be continued to the above institutions up to 31st March 1917, since the Missionary Educational Council of South India agreed to undertake their management without any further aid from public funds than what they were eligible for under the ordinary rules, but that building, furniture and other special grants should not be given to them so long as their eventual ownership and management of institutions were in question.

(14) The following were the important changes sanctioned in the Madras Educational Rules, the Grant-in-Aid and other Codes during the year:—

(i) The institution of a special examination for bona fide teachers who have failed in the Matriculation examination with a view to determine their eligibility for admission to a Secondary Training Class.

(ii) The substitution in rule 146 of the Educational Rules of the words "from 1st April of the year" for the words "from the 1st January in the year after that" so as to show the revised date necessitated by an alteration in the date of holding the Preliminary Examination for Teachers' Certificates, from which counts the period of three years for which persons who have qualified themselves for probationary teachers' certificates are regarded as trained certificated teachers for all purposes of the Public Service Notification, the Madras Educational Rules and the Grant-in-Aid Code.

(iii) The addition of a new proviso to rule 53 of the Educational Rules empowering headmasters of secondary schools to charge such fee for the grant of a transfer certificate, at any period of more than one year after a pupil's leaving the school, as may be approved as reasonable by the Inspector. This rule is intended to check inordinate delays in the submission of applications for transfer certificates.

(iv) The addition to rule 111 of the Educational Rules of a provision authorizing Inspectors of Schools and Inspectresses of Girls' Schools to lengthen the period of training in training schools in the case of students who owing to illness or other unavoidable cause of absence during their period of training require an extended course or in the case of students who having failed in the Preliminary Examination for Teachers' Certificates seek re-admission with a view to improve their chances of passing at a second attempt.

(v) Revised rule 53 (iii) of the Grant-in-Aid Code lays down the forms of bills in which grants sanctioned for erection or enlargement of school-houses or buildings or students' hostels including residential quarters for the warden or the other staff attached to the school or for the execution of extensive alterations and repairs to buildings newly purchased for school purposes on the one hand and for purchase of school-houses or buildings or for acquisition of land for school or hostel purposes on the other shall be drawn. The forms in the above two cases have been prescribed in Appendix S and Appendix SS, respectively.

(vi) Rule 54 (i) of the Grant-in-Aid Code has been amended so as to make the grant promised in the case of buildings to be erected depend on the total cost of the work shown in the management's estimate as approved by the Director of Public Instruction and modified by the Public Works Department and in the case of buildings or lands acquired on the Collector's estimate of their value.

(vii) Rule 55 of the Grant-in-Aid Code relating to the claims of Government for a period of forty years in respect of buildings for which grants have been drawn on account of construction, extension, alterations or repairs has been modified so as to include cases of grants sanctioned for acquisition of lands and buildings.

(viii) In rule 60 of the Grant-in-Aid Code the sanctioning power of the Director with regard to furniture and other special grants has been raised from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 2,500 and that of Inspectors from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100, the power of the latter officers being restricted to elementary schools.

(ix) In rule 60-A of the Grant-in-Aid Code the maximum amount of grant sanctionable for village school-houses and for equipment has been raised from Rs. 100 and Rs. 50 to Rs. 250 and Rs. 100, respectively.

In the same rule have been laid down simpler rules of procedure to be followed in dealing with applications for building grants for village schools by Inspectors of Schools who have been permitted to avail themselves of such technical assistance of the local Executive Engineer as may be required.

(x) Alterations consequential on the changes referred to in clauses (viii) and (ix) above have been made in Appendix S and Appendix U.

(xi) All references to the Director of Industries and the schools under his control have been omitted from the Grant-in-Aid Code of the Educational Department.

(xii) No change had been made during the year in the Code of Regulations for European Schools.

(xiii) Rule 95 of the Madras Inspection Code and the note thereunder have been modified under the orders of Government, and the modified rule gives the meaning of the expression "a day on tour" for the purpose of calculating the minimum period of tour prescribed for Sub-Assistant Inspectors and Supervisors of Schools.

3. *General statistics.*—Public institutions rose in number from 29,083 to 30,474 and in strength from 1,417,840 to 1,491,945, the increase representing 4.8 and 5.2 per cent, respectively, against 3.4 and 5.4 per cent in the previous year. The increase in the number of scholars, it will be observed, did not altogether keep pace with that in the number of schools. Private institutions on the other hand fell from 4,750 with a strength of 125,115 to 4,609 with a strength of 123,214, these figures showing a decrease of 3.0 per cent in number and 1.5 per cent in strength on those of the previous year. The increase in the number and strength of public institutions was shared by all classes of schools according to management, even unaided institutions contributing to the advance noticed above among the institutions under private management. Taking the institutions of all classes and grades together, it will be observed that there was an accession of 1,250 to their number and 72,204 to their strength or of 3.7 and 4.7 per cent respectively, against an increase of 3.0 and 5.0 per cent respectively in the previous year.

The proportion of male and female scholars in both public and private institutions taken together to the respective population of school-age also increased from 40.8 and 9.4 to 42.6 and 9.9 per cent respectively, and this numerical progress was shared by all the four main classes of the community including Europeans and Eurasians.

There was again a fall by 14.5 per cent and 30.5 per cent in the number of male and female scholars unprotected from small-pox, the decrease being shared by male pupils in secondary schools for both Europeans and non-Europeans and in elementary schools and by female pupils in European secondary and in elementary schools.

The number of institutions as well as scholars in both municipal and non-municipal areas increased by 5.7 and 8.8 per cent respectively in the one case and by 3.5 and 3.7 per cent respectively in the other. The proportion of institutions and scholars in municipal areas to the total number of institutions and scholars was 8.4 and 19.4 per cent respectively.

The total expenditure on education rose during the year from Rs. 193.5 lakhs to Rs. 206.5 lakhs. The latter includes an expenditure of nearly 11 lakhs relating to professional colleges and special schools (viz., Medical, Forest, Agricultural and Veterinary colleges and Medical and Industrial schools) which are not under the control of this department. Under the recent orders of the Government of India, however, the statistics of these institutions have been incorporated in the report for this year. Deducting this 11 lakhs, for the sake of comparison, the total expenditure on education increased by only Rs. 2 lakhs against Rs. 13 lakhs in the previous year. It will be noticed that the expenditure from fees and other sources, increased by 6 lakhs, while that from public funds decreased by 4 lakhs. To the total expenditure public funds contributed 51 per cent and private funds 49 per cent.

The total direct expenditure on education has risen from Rs. 130 lakhs to Rs. 135 lakhs, and to the increase of 5 lakhs, public funds contributed 1.5 lakhs and private funds 3.5 lakhs. The increase was shared by all classes of institutions for general education. The expenditure on arts colleges increased by about Rs. 1 lakh, that on secondary schools by Rs. 2.5 lakhs and that on elementary schools by over Rs. 2 lakhs. The amount spent by District Boards and Municipalities on their own schools increased by Rs. 1.5 lakhs, while the provincial subsidy to these institutions increased by nearly the same amount.

The total indirect expenditure decreased from Rs. 63 lakhs to Rs. 60 lakhs. The most noticeable variations have been under "buildings" which showed a decrease of over 4 lakhs and under "miscellaneous" which showed an increase of Rs. 1.5 lakhs on account of increased expenditure on hostels or boarding houses.

The budget estimate for the year 1915-16 under "22. Education" was Rs. 77.67 lakhs and the revised estimate was Rs. 76.86 lakhs. The actuals under this head were Rs. 76.97 lakhs, an increase of 11 lakh over the revised estimate which appears under the head "Europe Stores to Government Colleges—General." This item of expenditure, as remarked in the previous report, could not be accurately estimated for on account of the war.

The Imperial grants both recurring and non-recurring, to the extent of Rs. 21 lakhs, which were available during the year may be summarized as follows: The first was the non-recurring assignment of Rs. 3.3 lakhs (a portion of the total grant of Rs. 49 lakhs given by the Government of India in 1912-13) out of which, Rs. 1.78 lakhs was spent during the year. Two recurring assignments, viz., Rs. 80,000 for the improvement of aided secondary schools and Rs. 30,000 for the extension of education among the poorer classes of the domiciled community in the city of Madras were fully spent during the year. Out of the recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 for the improvement of Muhammadan education, only Rs. 10,000 was spent as the schemes having this object in view had not fully matured, and it was impossible to utilize the total amount available during the year. Lastly, there was the recurring assignment of Rs. 16.30 lakhs made up of Rs. 8.25 lakhs sanctioned in 1912-13, Rs. 6.80 lakhs sanctioned in 1913-14 and Rs. 1.25 lakhs sanctioned in 1914-15. Of this nearly Rs. 12 lakhs related to elementary education. The whole of this recurring grant was spent during the year. A large portion of it was placed at the disposal of the District Boards and Municipalities for the improvement of elementary education. The main objects of expenditure were the payment of increased teaching grants to aided elementary schools, increased rate of provincial stipends in training schools, extra capitation allowance and enhanced salaries to the staff of local board and municipal schools.

Excluding the figures relating to the Lawrence Memorial School, Ootacamund, and professional colleges and special schools under the control of other departments, but including the expenditure on educational buildings, provincial receipts and charges aggregated Rs. 3.12 lakhs and Rs. 80.66 lakhs respectively, against Rs. 3.25 lakhs and Rs. 84.80 lakhs of the previous year. The decrease in receipts occurred under "Fees, Arts Colleges" and that in charges under "Schools, Special—Training Schools," "Grants to hostels," and "Government Educational buildings." As regards training schools additional provision was made in the previous year for training extra batches of students in some of the training schools and this provision was not repeated. The expenditure on hostels was over 2 lakhs during 1914-15 against Rs. 36,000 during the year 1915-16.

4. *Controlling agencies*—Mr. H. S. Duncan continued to act for me till the 6th September 1915, when I returned to duty on the expiry of my combined leave. He made a short tour in the Malabar district in June 1915. I made four tours and visited various centres in the Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, South Canara and Malabar districts from October to March and I proceeded also with the sanction of Government accorded in G.O. Mis. No. 1107, Educational, dated 4th October 1915, to Poona, Bombay and Allahabad with the view of studying the systems of grants-in-aid obtaining in Bombay and the United Provinces.

At the beginning of the year M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur A. C. Pranatartihara Ayyar Avargal, i.s.o., Inspector of Schools, IV Circle, who had been connected with the Department for about 36 years and had rendered conspicuously good service in various capacities, retired from the service. Mr. D. A. Hobday, acting Inspector of Schools, III Circle, also retired later in the year after an unblemished service of over 33 years.

Mr. J. H. Melville, the Inspector of European and Training Schools, was employed on special duty for two months from 30th August 1915 in the Chief Secretariat in connection with the preparation of a draft Bill on the lines of the English Children's Act; and on the expiry of that period his services were placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for three months for the elaboration of a suitable scheme for the establishment of a separate Reformatory school and also of an Industrial school in that province for juvenile offenders convicted of crime not sufficiently serious to involve detention in a Reformatory.

The vacancy caused by the retirement of Miss A. Arnold, the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle, in January 1915 has not yet been filled up permanently owing to the difficulty of recruitment during the war.

Final orders on the reorganization of the inspecting agency as a whole have not yet been received; but to relieve the immediate pressure in certain branches of the service, the formation of an additional temporary Girls' Range was sanctioned for the Southern Circle; and proposals for the employment of additional Sub-Assistants for Muhammadan schools and the abolition of the agency of Muhammadan Supervisors were under consideration towards the close of the year.

The inadequacy of the inspecting staff has thrown a considerable burden of work on its members and I am glad to be able to say that with very few exceptions officers of every grade have sustained it with uncomplaining zeal.

5. *University and Collegiate education*.—Among the University Regulations passed during the year may be mentioned the following:—

(1) Government were requested according to a resolution of the Senate to provide adequate hostel accommodation for the students of the Government Colleges in Madras, and the authorities of the other Colleges in Madras were similarly requested to provide hostel accommodation for such of their students as still required it.

Government, while recognizing the importance of extending hostel accommodation to the students of their own and other Colleges, expressed their inability to admit any responsibility to the University for providing such accommodation to the students of the Government Colleges.

(2) Each College affiliated to the University has been required to furnish an annual return to the Registrar showing, of the total number of students in the College, the number living (a) in hostels attached to the College, (b) with relations or guardians, (c) in unattached hostels or hostels approved by the College

authorities, (d) in lodgings approved by the College authorities. It has been resolved to publish annually in the Syndicate's report a tabular statement of the returns received.

(3) With a view to lightening the Intermediate course, especially in the Optional Groups, certain alterations in Regulation No. 183 which related chiefly to the courses in Mathematics, Chemistry, Natural Science and History were adopted by the Senate at its meeting held on 22nd October 1915 and sanctioned by Government with effect from 1918 in their order No. 1344, Educational, dated 8th December 1915.

(4) Certain minor alterations relating to Boards of Studies, the discontinuance of the issue of Matriculation certificates to candidates other than those who pass the Matriculation examination of the University, the exemption from the production of the additional year's attendance certificate after his first failure in the Intermediate examination of a bona fide teacher employed in a Secondary School or College and the revision of the courses of study and the examination in Chemistry under Group (II-A) and (II-B) of the B.A. Degree examination and the courses in languages under Groups (IV) and (V) and for bringing the course of study under Group (VI) Sanskrit and the time-table for the examination into harmony were also sanctioned by Government during the year.

(5) Alterations were also sanctioned in Regulations Nos. 200 (e), 201, 205, 207 and 208 relating to the B.A. (Honours) Degree, and in Regulation No. 210 (1) relating to the M.A. Degree without Honours.

(6) Transitory Regulations providing for the holding of the F.L. and B.L. Degree examinations under the Old Regulations in October 1916 and 1917 in addition to the usual examinations in April have been sanctioned.

(7) Certain alterations relating to the days and hours fixed for the holding of the First, Second and Third M.B. & B.S., or L.M.S., examinations intended mainly to provide that the written examinations should be finished before the practical and oral examinations commenced were sanctioned by Government in January 1916.

(8) (i) With the sanction of Government Mr. Gilbert Slater, M.A., D.Sc., Principal of Ruskin College, Oxford, was, on the nomination of the Syndicate, appointed with effect from 20th December 1915 as University Professor of Indian Economics.

(ii) Detailed reports of the work done during the year by the above University Professor and the University Professors of Comparative Philology and of Indian History and Archaeology will be found appended to the Syndicate's report for the past academical year.

(9) It was resolved by the Syndicate (1) to continue the system of moderation of marks of the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Public Examination held in March 1916 on the principle adopted in 1915-16, (2) to consider as qualified for admission to Colleges those candidates whose final marks so moderated are not less than the Presidency average in the final examination in each of the three subjects of Group A and in any two of the subjects of Group C, (3) to request the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, to permit a committee appointed by it to consider the certificates of candidates who have failed to satisfy the above standard in one subject only, other than English, and (4) to accept the proposals of the Directors of Public Instruction, Trivandrum, Cochin and Hyderabad and the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore with regard to the standard of qualification of the certificate-holders in those States which might be accepted by the Syndicate in the special circumstances of each State.

Accordingly a committee of four gentlemen, two officials and two non-officials, was appointed to scrutinize the Secondary School-Leaving Certificates completed before 1916 received from persons desirous of seeking admission to Colleges, those issued by the Native States only having been transferred to the Educational Authorities of those States for scrutiny, and a preliminary list of all the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate holders who were declared eligible for admission to University courses of study in 1916-17 both by the above committee and by the Educational Authorities of the Native States was printed and issued to all affiliated Colleges in June 1916, and the final list published later in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(10) A proposal to revise Regulation 217 relating to the L.T. Degree examination has been referred to the Board of Studies in Teaching for consideration and report which is being awaited.

(11) The Sir Subrahmanya Ayyar Lectureship of 1916 was offered to M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai Avargal, Registrar of Co-operative Societies, and he delivered two lectures in Madras in March 1916 on (i) the Astronomical basis of Ancient Indian Chronology and (ii) Practical applications of Ancient Indian Chronology.

(12) The B.S.Sc. Degree of the Madras University has been recognized under the sanction of the Government of India as a qualification for Health Officers of the first class.

(13) The report of the committee appointed to revise the Regulations relating to the Oriental Title examination and their further opinion on the proposal to abolish the test in English were referred to the various Boards of Studies to whom the original report of the committee was referred for consideration, and their replies were considered by the Syndicate at its meetings held in February and March 1916 with the result that the whole question has been referred to a Committee consisting of three members of the Syndicate including the convener for report with power to take such action in consulting other persons as they might find desirable. This report is awaited.

The number of first-grade Colleges rose from 11 to 13 in consequence of the opening of B.A. Classes in the Findlay College, Mannārgudi, and of the establishment under the management of the United Free Church Mission of a Women's Christian College which has since been affiliated to the University in Group (III) of the Intermediate courses and in Groups (IV) and (V) of the B.A. Degree courses, while the number of second-grade Colleges fell from 21 to 20, the decrease being due to the raising of the Findlay College, Mannārgudi, to the first grade and the closure of the United Free Church Mission College for Women at Rāyapuram on the one hand and to the raising of the High School, Madanapalle, to the status of a second-grade College.

There were in Arts Colleges on the 31st March last 8,378 students or 219 more than in the previous year, of whom 393 were undergoing the B.A. (Honours) course, 170 in the Presidency College, 113 in the Madras Christian College and 110 in St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly, against 213, 109 and 79, respectively, in the previous year.

Government have sanctioned with effect from 1st July 1915 the opening of a class for Group (II-A) (Physics) of the B.A. Pass course in the Kumbakōnam College and the employment of an additional Lecturer in that subject on a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem outside the cadre of the Provincial Educational Service. The affiliation of the College in the above Group is still under the consideration of the Syndicate.

A summary of the results of the various University examinations held during the year under both the Old and the New Regulations will be found appended to the Syndicate's report for the past academical year, the supplemental statistics relating to them being omitted from Volume II of the Public Instruction Report with reference to G.O. No. 718, Educational, dated 30th June 1916.

The results were poor both in the Intermediate Examination in Arts and in the B.A. (Honours) under the Transitory Regulations, the percentage of passes being 26.3 and 25.7, respectively. The results of the other Degree examinations, both arts and professional, may be considered to have been satisfactory on the whole.

In the Oriental Title examination, 21 passed out of 28 examined, 19 of the successful candidates being Brahmans and the remaining two non-Brahman Hindus.

In the three Professional Colleges under the control of the department, viz., the Law College, the College of Engineering, and the Teachers' College, all of which continued to work efficiently, there were 472, 491 and 111 students, respectively, on the rolls at the close of the year, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 500, 429 and 100.

The three years' course and a revised scale of staff have since the close of the year been introduced in the Law College. In the College of Engineering instruction has begun to be given in Electrical Engineering by Mr. H. B. Mathews, the newly appointed Professor of Electrical Engineering, assisted by Mr. F. N. Mowdawalla, his laboratory assistant.

To meet the requirements, with regard to the supply of trained teachers of the Collegiate Grade, of the Northern Circars and the Ceded Districts which at present cannot be adequately met by the Teachers' College, Saidapet, the Secretary of State has sanctioned the establishment of a Training College at Rajahmundry which it is proposed to open in July 1917.

In the other four Professional Colleges which are not under the control of this department, viz., the Medical, Veterinary, Forest and Agricultural Colleges, there were 280, 75, 61 and 92 students, respectively, on the rolls on the 31st March last. The first institution only has been affiliated to the local University, while the rest prepare their students for the respective departmental examinations.

6. *Secondary education.*—During the year the number of secondary schools increased from 333 to 340 and their strength from 123,140 to 130,353 or by 5.8 per cent. The number of teachers employed in them rose from 5,004 to 5,304 or by 6 per cent. The increase of seven in the number of schools is due to the opening of eight new schools and to the conversion of the Board elementary school at Purushottapur in Ganjam into a secondary school, while the Sannadhi Street school at Madura was merged in the Madura College, and the Basel Mission reduced to elementary the grade of their school at Bantwal. It is interesting to observe that one of the eight new schools is at Karaikudi in the heart of the Chettinad. The increase in the number of complete secondary schools from 159 to 165 is satisfactory especially as there is still a tendency to overcrowding in the higher classes. Moreover, six schools were in course of becoming complete. Five of these contained forms up to and including the fifth and one contained forms up to and including the fourth. The number of pupils reading in the three highest forms increased from 26,818 to 29,059 or by 8.3 per cent as in the previous year. The percentage of male pupils in secondary schools to the male population of the school-going age has increased from 4 to 4.23 per cent.

During the year 5,276 secondary school-leaving certificates were completed, while 3,195 candidates were taking a supplementary course in order to improve their certificates against 5,529 and 2,339, respectively, in the previous year. The changes in the secondary school-leaving certificate scheme for improving the study of languages referred to in last year's report were not brought into effect during the year as the revision of the syllabuses and the arrangements for text-books in vernacular were not completed by the Board during the year. Towards the close of the year the strength of the Board was temporarily raised to 12 by the addition of four members nominated by the University, its number has since been fixed at 10 including the University members. An important change was introduced by the action of the University in publishing a list of secondary school-leaving certificate holders eligible for admission to University courses of study. It was felt necessary to control the admissions instead of leaving them entirely to the Principals of Colleges.

The total direct expenditure on secondary schools rose from Rs. 33 lakhs to Rs. 35.7 lakhs. To the increase of over Rs. 2½ lakhs, aided schools contributed over Rs. 2 lakhs, and the Board schools about half a lakh. In addition to this, non-recurring grants such as grants for furniture, buildings and hostels to the extent of nearly Rs. 2 lakhs were sanctioned during the year. Out of the recurring Imperial assignment of Rs. 80,000 for the improvement of aided English secondary schools, over Rs. 56,000 was given as extra teaching grant towards the loss of fee income foregone on account of Muhammadans, Uriyas, girls and pupils of the backward classes and castes and about Rs. 24,000 as additional teaching grants to secondary schools. To the total direct expenditure, public funds contributed 12 per cent, fees 73 per cent and other sources 15 per cent, the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 10, 77 and 13, respectively. The average cost of educating each student was Rs. 27-9-11. Each

The correct figures are

13,73+14

pupil paid an average fee of Rs. 20-2-10. In the case of Municipal and Board secondary schools fees met 78 per cent of the total expenditure, Board funds 17 per cent, the balance of 5 per cent being met by Government. As regards aided schools, fees met 73 per cent, provincial funds 8 per cent and managers' funds 19 per cent of the total expenditure.

7. *Elementary education.*—The number of public elementary schools for boys increased from 26,905 to 28,151 or by 4.63 per cent, while the number of pupils in them rose from 1,143,995 to 1,201,273 or by 5.006 per cent which is practically the same as in 1914-15. Though this increase was shared by all the three grades of elementary schools, the rate of increase was decidedly marked among schools having standards above the fourth, being 17.03 per cent in number of schools and 23.75 per cent in strength as against .89 per cent and 2.29 per cent respectively in schools with the fourth and lower standards and 5.17 per cent and 5.24 per cent respectively in schools with standards below the fourth. Of the total increase in the number of schools with standards above the fourth, 58.97 per cent was accounted for by schools under public management. This is no doubt due to the removal of the disability under which capitation allowances could not be earned for pupils in this class of schools. This measure has not so far, however, achieved its main object,—the increase in the proportion of fourth standard schools—there was an increase of only 36 such schools. The percentage of male pupils in public elementary schools to the male population of school age rose from 32.7 to 34.3.

Municipal Councils and Local Boards opened 19 and 108 schools respectively. These schools constitute 10.19 per cent of the net increase in the number of public elementary schools and account for 33.50 per cent of the number of pupils attending them.

The number of teachers employed in public elementary schools also increased by 2,427 as a natural consequence of the increase in the number of schools. Of the total number of teachers employed in public elementary schools, 33 per cent were trained.

During the year 676 buildings were constructed to provide accommodation for public elementary schools as against 571 in 1914-15. Of these, 273 were built for schools under Municipal and Local Board managements, while as many as 229 were for aided schools under non-mission management as against 170 in 1914-15.

The total expenditure on elementary schools for boys rose from Rs. 53.17 lakhs to Rs. 54.99 lakhs, towards which public funds contributed 72 per cent, fees 13 per cent and subscriptions and other sources 15 per cent, the corresponding percentages of the previous year being 73, 13 and 14, respectively. The average cost per pupil was Rs. 4-10-8 against Rs. 4-12-1. Each pupil in a Government school (mostly in Agency tracts) cost Rs. 13-2-10, in a Board school Rs. 6-4-3 and in an aided school Rs. 4-0-1. Fees met 3 per cent of the expenditure in Government schools, 4 per cent in Board schools and 18 per cent in aided schools.

8. *Special education.*—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 166 and 7,134 to 202 and 9,024, the increase being due mainly to the inclusion in the figures for the year under report of statistics relating to industrial and medical schools as required in G.O. No. 453, Educational, dated 26th April 1916. No useful comments regarding the fluctuations in the number of special schools and classes can be attempted in the absence of figures relating to industrial and medical schools for the year 1914-15.

During the year the temporary higher elementary training school that was working at Amalapuram was closed as also the extra higher elementary training class attached to the Government higher elementary training school, Nellore. Owing to the enlargement of the secondary training class at Calicut in view of the increasing demand for trained Malayalam teachers of the secondary grade, the staff of the school was strengthened by the appointment of a temporary assistant on Rs. 60 per mensem and similar assistance has since the close of the year been afforded to the secondary training schools at Mangalore and Rajahmundry. In order to impart separate instruction to the Canarese and Telugu students in the Government higher elementary training school, Bellary, who had been hitherto

4. 720 (W)

4. 364 (G)

taught together, an assistant on Rs. 75 per mensem outside the cadre of Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Schools has been permanently added to the staff since the close of the year. This arrangement will, it is hoped, conduce to the greater efficiency of the teachers trained in the school.

The question of opening a training school to cater for the teachers of the Rāmnād district is still under consideration, and meanwhile the teachers from the Rāmnād district have been admitted partly in the higher elementary training school at Dindigul and partly in the higher elementary training school at Tinnevely. The temporary higher elementary training class attached to the lower elementary training school at Tanjore has also been of help in meeting the wants of the Rāmnād district. The opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Ellore in Kistna has been sanctioned and arrangements are being made to start the school under departmental management, the cost of its upkeep being met from savings in the provincial subsidies paid to the local board partly for the opening of new board schools and the entertainment of additional staffs in others and partly for the upkeep of certain board sessional schools in the district which have since been abolished. The question of increasing the facilities for the training of caste mistresses was duly considered at the Conference of Inspectresses held at my office in December last and a lump provision of Rs. 10,000 has been made for the purpose in the budget estimate for the current year, but further action has been deferred until receipt of complete proposals which have been called for from the Inspectresses. Meanwhile the major portion of this allotment has been utilised for other educational objects of urgent importance.

In the Government Secondary and Training School for Mistresses, Triplicane, the employment of a Kindergarten Mistress on Rs. 150—10—200 was sanctioned during the year in view to the efficient supervision of that department. The staff of the Government Training School for Mistresses, Karantattangudi, was also strengthened during the year by the employment temporarily of three additional teachers and the questions of providing the former school with permanent buildings of its own and of removing the latter into the palace buildings in the Tanjore Fort are still under correspondence.

The two Manual training instructors did their work satisfactorily. The Manual training workshop for the construction of which in the compound of the Teachers' College, Saidapet, detailed plans and estimates were stated to have been called for from the Public Works Department in the last report was completed during the year. At the instance of Miss Lynch, the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, Mr. Porrett, the Manual training instructor, gave a course of lessons in drawing to the students of the Government Secondary Training School for Mistresses, Triplicane, on a few Saturdays during the year, and it is under contemplation to start a drawing class next year in the Teachers' College, under the supervision of the above instructor with a view to give instruction in up-to-date methods of drawing to the drawing masters employed in schools so as to fit them for the duties of their posts, which most of them are at present ill-qualified to hold.

The number of training schools for masters as well as their strength fell from 56 and 3,979 to 55 and 3,526 respectively, the decrease of a single school being due to the abolition during the year of the Hermansburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission Training School, Nayudupet, Nellore.

The number of training schools for mistresses, both European and non-European, remained stationary at 1 and 23 respectively, but while the numbers under training in the single European Training school, viz., the Presentation Convent Training Class, Georgetown, fell from 23 to 20 those in the non-European schools rose from 646 to 745.

Forty-four sessional schools were at work at the close of the year with 846 students, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 46 and 875.

Owing to the present financial stringency no new buildings were constructed during the year for any of the training schools.

The acquisition of a site belonging to the R.C. Mission for the location of the Government Training School, Cuddalore, which is now being held in a building owned by the above mission is under correspondence. The demolition of the

buildings in the Johannes Gardens at Saidapet has been approved by Government and detailed plans and estimates for the construction of a new building in the compound for the location of the Government Higher elementary training school, are under preparation in the Public Works Department. Meanwhile the school is now being held in a rented building and suffers from lack of adequate accommodation. A portion of the Government building occupied by the Government Higher elementary training school, Villupuram, has been condemned as unsafe and has consequently had to be vacated.

Hostels are attached to the training schools for masters and mistresses noted in the margin and are reported to be working satisfactorily. None of them have, however, been provided with buildings of their own.

Russellkonda.
Chicacole.
Guntur.
Ongole.
Nellore.
Rayachoti.
Anantapur.
Madras (Muhammadans).
" (Panchamas).
Saidapet.
Villupuram.
Dindigul.

Coimbatore.
Calicut.
Malappuram.
Mangalore.
Government Training
School for Mistresses,
Triplicane, Madras.
Government Training
School for Mistresses,
Karantattangudi
(Tanjore)

There were at the close of the year four medical schools with a strength of 471 including the school department of the Madras Medical College, the other three schools being located at Vizaga-

patam, Rayapuram (Madras) and Tanjore. All of them are under the control of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

Since the close of the year another medical school for the training of Sub-Assistant Surgeons has been opened at Calicut to meet the wants of the West Coast public.

The School of Arts, Madras, the School of Commerce, Calicut, the Reformatory school, Chingleput, and the Art class, Kumbakonam, continued to work satisfactorily. To increase the usefulness of the last-named institution and to enable the students to earn a better livelihood on the completion of their course, it is proposed to attach a carpentry class to it next year and to this end some tools and appliances costing about Rs. 100 have already been purchased and the equipment will be completed early next year as soon as further funds become available. The permanent housing of the school is also under consideration.

All the four institutions had a larger number on the rolls and showed better attendance than in the previous year.

There were on the 31st March last 5,313 students receiving education of a technical character, of whom 1,627 were pursuing art education, 956 technical education dealing with engineering subjects and telegraphy, 1,546 industrial education and 1,184 commercial education. Nine as against none in the previous year were returned under the head "Agriculture" owing to the inclusion this year of the statistics of the single agricultural school under the supervision of the Director of Industries. The decrease in the number of students receiving commercial education was apparently due to the inclusion of commercial subjects in the list of optional subjects for the secondary school final course and to the privilege of admission to the public service as type-writing clerks allowed to pupils who pass both in Shorthand and Type-writing under the scheme relating to the above course.

There were under the control of the Department of Industries at the close of the year 38 recognized industrial schools with 1,922 pupils, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 36 and 1,876. The bulk of the schools were carpentry and lace schools numbering 16 and 15, respectively, while weaving schools, including the one for blind boys, numbered 3, printing schools 2 and agricultural school one.

Some very fine exhibits were contributed by some of the industrial schools to the People's Park Exhibition held in December and January last under His Excellency the Governor's patronage.

The total number of subject-candidates examined for the three grades of the Government Technical Examinations were 13,883 (including 456 females), of whom 6,072 (including 258 females) were successful. Eighteen diplomas, of which 15 were for commerce and 153 group certificates, among which there was one for electrical engineering and another for sanitary science were issued during the year.

9. *Female education.*—The number of schools intended for non-European girls increased by 127 (of which 111 were public institutions) and their strength by about 8,500, while the total number of girls under instruction on the 31st March last including those in schools not solely intended for them showed an advance of about 16,500 over the figure for the corresponding day of the previous year. The strength of the three colleges for women rose from 65 to 98, of whom 43 were reading in the Government College for Women, Madras. This institution had a successful career during the year and has amply justified the expectations formed of it; the staff has been further strengthened with a view to its being affiliated to the B.A. Pass course; the buildings and equipment have been improved; its continuance for another year from 1st July 1916 has also been sanctioned by Government; and it has since the close of the year been raised to the first grade by the opening of B.A. classes. At the last Intermediate Examination in Arts, the results were excellent, 11 students of the College having come out successful including three in the first class, out of 13 that appeared. The other College for Women in Madras, viz., the Women's Christian College, is of the first grade, having been affiliated to the University in Groups (IV) and (V) of the B.A. Degree courses. The success attained by this College in the Intermediate examination was also gratifying. Out of seven students, four passed. There were besides 36 female students in non-European Colleges for men, of whom 13 were in the Presidency College. The number of girls in non-European public secondary schools rose from 7,281 to 7,837, of whom 14.4 and .2 per cent represented the proportion of Brahman and Muhammadan girls, respectively, in the secondary stage. Elementary schools for girls rose by 95 in number (of which 39 were managed by Local or Municipal Boards) and by about 6,400 or 6 per cent in strength. In all classes of public institutions the total number of girls in the elementary stage of instruction showed an increase of about 15,000 or 6 per cent over the figure for the 31st March 1915. In all the elementary schools for girls 5,147 teachers were employed, of whom about 58 per cent were trained, the percentage being highest (76) in the city of Madras and lowest (36) in the Malabar district. There were 33 boarders in all in the European, Indian Christian and caste Hindu sections of the hostels attached to the Government College for Women and the same number in those attached to the Government Training School for Mistresses, Triplicane. The number of boarders in the Brahman Widows' hostel rose from 31 to 42.

The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools for girls rose from Rs. 12.25 lakhs to Rs. 12.75 lakhs, towards which public funds contributed Rs. 7.99 lakhs or 63 per cent, fees Rs. .83 lakh or 6 per cent, and other sources Rs. 3.93 lakhs or 31 per cent, the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 63, 7 and 30 respectively. Towards the increase of Rs. .50 lakh Government institutions contributed Rs. .10 lakh and Board and aided institutions Rs. .20 lakh each.

10. *European education.*—One school, viz., St. George's Homes, Kodaikanal, was recognized under the Code of Regulations for European Schools. Two schools for special education, viz., St. Joseph's Girls' Industrial School, Bellary, and the School of Dress-making, New Town, Madras, which are under the control of the Director of Industries, have been included in the present report under the orders of the Government of India who desired that the statistics relating to industrial schools should be included in the Report on Public Instruction even though such schools may be under the control of the Director of Industries. Two schools, viz., St. John's Primary School for girls, Vellore, and the School of Music, Madras, were closed during the year, while the Presentation Convent Primary School, Georgetown, Madras, was amalgamated with St. Mark's Orphanage in the same locality. Including the two schools for special education mentioned above, the net result is that the total number of schools intended for Europeans remained the same, viz., 87, while the number receiving instruction rose from 8,080 to 8,325. There has been an increase from 618 to 635 in the number of teachers employed in the schools, and the number holding diplomas and professional certificates has also increased from 427 to 446. It is satisfactory to note that the number holding

no certificates has decreased from 72 to 54. The scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community referred to in the last year's report is still under consideration. Four teachers from this Presidency were undergoing training in the Government Training Class, Sanawar, at the end of the year.

The recurring grants provided from Imperial funds for the education of the domiciled community mentioned in the reports of the last two years continued to be utilized for the several objects indicated therein. The balance out of the non-recurring grant of Rs. 5½ lakhs from Imperial funds referred to in the last year's report was temporarily resumed by Government during the year.

In the European special classes centre, the physical and the manual training classes, and the domestic science classes were at work during the year. The proposal to appoint a peripatetic teacher of music for European schools and for the Presidency Training School for Mistresses was sanctioned by Government as a temporary measure and the teacher appointed joined duty after the close of the year.

The accommodation and equipment in schools continued to improve. The percentage of passes in the European school examinations conducted in 1915 compared with that of the previous year has improved in the case of boys, while it has declined in the case of girls. The failures continued as usual to be mainly in English.

Final orders on the resolutions of the Simla Conference relating to the education of the domiciled community have not yet been received.

The Government of India permitted a European male candidate to whom a special State scholarship tenable in England was awarded in the previous year to avail himself of the scholarship in the year under report. A special Government of India State scholarship tenable in England was awarded during the year to a European female teacher in this Presidency.

The total expenditure in European institutions fell from Rs. 14.45 lakhs to Rs. 13.70 lakhs, a decrease of Rs. .73 lakh. This decrease which appears under "Building grant" is due to the fact that the balance out of the non-recurring Imperial grant of Rs. 5½ lakhs was not available during the year for the reasons stated above. Towards the total expenditure Provincial funds contributed Rs. 5.61 lakhs or 41 per cent, fees Rs. 2.23 lakhs or 16 per cent, and private funds Rs. 5.86 lakhs or 43 per cent, the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 42, 14 and 44 respectively.

11. *Education of Muhammadans.*—The number of institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans rose from 2,535 to 2,719 and their strength from 130,525 to 141,911. Secondary schools which remained the same in number, viz., five, received a substantial accession to their strength, while public elementary schools for boys as well as girls chiefly contributed to the general advance both in number and strength. There was an increase in the total number of institutions managed by Government and Local Boards, which rose from 886 to 906 with a corresponding increase in strength. In Arts Colleges there were 186 Muhammadan students, while the number of Muhammadan pupils in secondary schools for non-Europeans continued to advance from 6,769 on the 31st March 1915 to 6,950 at the close of the past year. The percentage of the total number of Muhammadans in all classes of institutions both public and private to the Muhammadan population of school age rose from 42.4 to 44.5. In the training schools for Muhammadan masters the strength rose from 263 to 305, which in view of the difficulty in satisfactorily staffing Muhammadan schools is a matter for satisfaction. The two special schools shown in the statistics are industrial schools under the control of the Director of Industries. Of the public schools intended for Muhammadans, 167 were elementary schools for girls attended by 10,102 pupils, these figures showing an increase of 5 and 299, respectively, over those of the previous year.

Private institutions also increased both in number and strength. No report on the condition of education in the Laccadives was received by the Collector of Malabar as the islands were not visited during the past year.

Secondary school-leaving certificates were awarded to 184 Muhammadans while 115 others passed through a supplementary course under the scheme for

the award of such certificates. The one Muhammadan who appeared for the Matriculation examination failed; while at the Intermediate Examination in Arts, 24 Muhammadans passed out of 118 that appeared. In the English Language and Science divisions of the B.A. Degree examination under the old regulations 5 and 1 passed out of 8 and 4, respectively, that were examined while for the same examination under the new regulations 26 Muhammadans appeared in Part I and 18 in Part II, of whom 11 and 12, respectively, were successful. All the 3 Muhammadans who appeared for the B.A. (Honours) Degree examination—Preliminary—passed; but the single Muhammadan who appeared for the M.A. Degree examination under the transitory regulations failed. Both the Muhammadan candidates for the L.T. Degree examination were successful. At the First Examination in Law under the old regulations the single Muhammadan candidate failed; while of the 3 Muhammadans that appeared for the same examination under the new regulations, one was successful. There was only one Muhammadan candidate for each of the final L.M. & S. Degree examination and the First Examination in Engineering, but neither of them was successful.

The expenditure on Muhammadan and Mappila schools rose from Rs. 6·87 lakhs to Rs. 7·40 lakhs towards which public funds contributed Rs. 5·37 lakhs or 73 per cent, fees Rs. '77 lakh or 10 per cent and subscriptions and other sources Rs. 1·26 lakhs or 17 per cent. Out of the Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 the amount spent during the year was Rs. 10,000; the allotment could not be utilized in full, as the scheme for the expenditure of the amount was not fully matured within the past year.

Among the objects on which it was proposed to spend the above recurring grant with the approval of Government may be mentioned (1) the opening of Government Muhammadan Incomplete Secondary School at Vellore, (2) the transfer of the Islamiah Incomplete Secondary School at Trichinopoly to departmental management, (3) the establishment of a Government Elementary Training School at Arcot and (4) the appointment of five additional Muhammadan Sub-Assistants, the expenditure relating to their offices being met partly from the Imperial grant and partly from the savings to be effected by the abolition of the 14 posts of Muhammadan Supervisors. Proposals 1 and 3 have been given effect to since the close of the year, proposal No. 2 which has been approved by Government is awaiting the final reply of the present management as to the terms of the transfer and Government have been finally addressed regarding the last proposal.

12. *Education of Panchamas.*—The number and strength of institutions intended for this class of the community further advanced during the year, the former having risen by 530 and the latter by about 15,000; and the increase was confined almost entirely to public elementary schools for boys. It is also noteworthy that of secondary schools there were four with 345 pupils as against two with 282 pupils on the 31st March 1915. As many as 506 schools more than in the previous year received aid from public funds. The total number of Panchama scholars in the different stages of instruction in all classes of public schools also increased from 104,528 to 114,072 or by about 9 per cent.

13. *Education of the aboriginal and hill tribes.*—During the year 10 more schools intended for these tribes were at work in the Agency tracts of the Vizagapatam district, but the number remained stationary in the Ganjam and Gōdāvari districts. In the Presidency as a whole the total number of pupils belonging to the aboriginal classes was 6,257, while in the three agencies alone the number of such pupils was 4,654. The proposals submitted during the past year for the improvement of elementary education in the Agency tracts of the Vizagapatam district, by the opening of a hill school in each Agency taluk and 4 hill training schools, all to be maintained from provincial funds, have been sanctioned by Government since the close of the year.

14. *Education of the blind and of deaf mutes.*—The boys' and girls' schools for the blind at Palamcottah continued to do good work. In the former 6 pupils passed the Elementary and 2 the Intermediate examination in cotton-weaving. From the Deaf and Dumb school under Miss Swainson 3 pupils appeared for the

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

Special Education.

General Education

[illegible]

Note.—The number to the left of the sign + denotes male scholars, that to the right, female scholars.

13703

Note.—The number to the left of the sign + denotes male scholars, that to the right, female scholars.

18. *Miscellaneous remarks.*—The two diagrams on the opposite page show for the year under report the number of pupils in each year of the school or University course on the one side and the numbers under instruction in special or technical

subjects on the other in non-European and European institutions. A comparison of the statistics relating to Arts and Collegiate education for the past two years furnishes evidence of progress during the year under report, there having been 189 male and 30 female students more in the collegiate stage than in the previous year though the increase under both male and female scholars was confined to the B.A. Pass and Intermediate courses. The numbers prosecuting their studies for the Honours courses fell slightly, being 8 fewer (7 males and 1 female) than in the preceding year.

With regard to school education also the year witnessed an increase in the number of male and female pupils under instruction in all classes and forms of secondary schools except in the case of male pupils in the infant class and in all the standards of elementary schools on the non-European side, while there were, as usual, greater fluctuations in the strength of the several standards of European schools though the total numbers under instruction were slightly larger than in the previous year.

Calculated from the figures given in the diagrams the average duration of school life in public elementary schools for boys was 2.17 years as against 2.19 for 1914-15 and 2.22 for 1913-14.

Physical education including the teaching of drill and gymnastics under the Educational Rules, judging from the figures, received increased attention during the year, and there was steady improvement in regard to school accommodation, libraries, hostels and educational associations and reading rooms.

A conference of Inspectresses of Girls' Schools was held in my office under my presidency on the 21st December 1915, at which means for the development and improvement of female education were discussed.

Another conference of a highly representative character consisting of selected officers of the department, correspondents of institutions under private management, Chairmen of Municipal Councils, etc., was opened on the 16th March 1916 at the Museum Theatre, Egmore, by His Excellency the Governor. It resolved itself into four committees, the first of which discussed the question of fees in elementary schools and appropriation of fees, the second capitation allowances and grants, the third concessions to backward classes and the revision of rule 99 of the Madras Educational Rules and the fourth grants to secondary schools.

The resolutions passed by the conference, with the Director of Public Instruction as the President and Mr. R. Littlehailes, who had been placed on special duty from the 3rd February to 25th April 1916, as Secretary, together with my comments thereon, were submitted to Government with my letter Cl. No. 24, dated 1st July 1916.

The Postmaster-General, Madras, considers that the system of utilizing the services of Government and Local Board schoolmasters as branch postmasters continued to give satisfaction. Unlike in previous years, the number of post offices in charge of such teachers decreased by .65 per cent, and, similarly, the percentage of branch offices in charge of schoolmasters of all classes on the total number of extra departmental branch offices showed a decrease, being 35.05 as against 36.12 in the previous year.

Service registers and verified copies of them are reported to have been properly maintained.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

G. V. S. Srinivasan
30. 10. 16

Gm

Director of Public Instruction.

GENERAL TABLES.

(1)—Abstract return of colleges, schools and scholars in the

Total area in square miles.	Area and population.		Institutions and scholars.	Public			
	Number of towns and villages.	Population.		Collegiate education.		School education, general.	
				Arts colleges.	Profes- sional colleges.	Secondary schools. (a)	Primary schools. (b)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
142,330			Institutions { For males 37			369	28,166
			{ For females 3			71	1,619
			Total ...	40	7	440	29,785
	Towns ... 279	Males 20,382,955	Scholars { Males 8,409	1,565	132,518	1,048,380	
	Villages ... 53,835	Females 21,022,449		17	11,340	280,558	
	Total ... 54,114	Total 41,405,404					
		Total ...	8,543	1,582	143,858	1,328,938	

(a) These relate to European High and Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools.
(b) These relate to European Primary and all Elementary schools.

(2)—Abstract return of expenditure on public instruction

1	Total direct expenditure on public instruction.						
	Collegiate education.		School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.
	Arts colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.†	Primary schools.†	Training schools.	All other special schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Institutions { For males ... For females ...	12,59,790 53,124	5,48,964 ...	39,03,009 5,20,325	55,39,394 10,37,528	6,42,663 1,92,215	5,96,310 35,376	1,24,90,730 18,38,568
Total ...	13,12,914	5,48,964	44,23,334	65,76,922	8,34,878	6,31,686	1,43,29,298
2. (a) Percentage of Provincial expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total Provincial expenditure on public instruction.	5'23	6'39	9'90	29'43	9'50	4'82	65'30
(b) Percentage of District Fund expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total District Fund expenditure on public instruction.	0'28	...	2'71	74'86	3'22	...	81'07
(c) Percentage of Municipal expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total Municipal expenditure on public instruction.	3'96	...	2'78	43'78	0'46	0'16	51'14
(d) Percentage of total expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total expenditure on public instruction.	6'36	2'66	21'42	31'85	4'04	3'06	69'39
3. Average annual cost of educating each pupil in—	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Government institutions { Cost to Provincial revenues ... Cost to District and Municipal funds ...	207 1 1 ...	290 14 4 ...	44 8 5 ...	10 10 1 ...	170 1 7 5 8 5	194 5 9 0 3 2	45 2 1 0 6 0
Total cost ...	303 1 0	364 12 2	57 1 5	10 14 8	176 1 0	217 10 11	52 11 5
District Board institutions { Cost to Provincial revenues ... Cost to District funds ...	171 2 7 ...	...	0 2 4 5 3 6	5 15 4	100 12 3	...	0 0 1 6 2 5
Total cost ...	171 15 0	...	23 8 4	6 3 8	100 12 4	...	7 1 10
Municipal institutions { Cost to Provincial revenues ... Cost to Municipal funds ...	85 8 2 ...	...	3 2 9 2 8 7	7 3 5	...	11 13 4	0 8 10 6 15 9
Total cost ...	178 15 3	...	28 13 6	7 6 7	...	11 13 4	12 6 4
Institutions in Native States { Cost to Native State revenues ... Cost to District and Municipal funds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total cost ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided institutions { Cost to Provincial revenues ... Cost to District and Municipal funds ...	14 10 4 ...	...	4 9 8 0 0 4	2 4 2 0 1 3	104 7 6 0 8 6	23 0 6 ...	2 13 9 0 1 2
Total cost ...	119 14 4	...	31 13 7	4 7 3	162 15 2	183 13 0	7 5
Unaided institutions ...	173 10 1	...	23 8 1	2 2 8	...	24 4 10	3 9 10
All institutions { Cost to Provincial revenues ... Cost to District and Municipal funds ...	43 9 8 4 14 11	290 14 4 ...	4 1 0 0 11 11	1 8 10 2 0 6	125 1 7 19 8 0	88 2 9 0 6 0	3 0 11 1 15 8
Total cost ...	152 2 5	364 12 1	31 0 11	5 0 10	160 6 10	168 9 4	9 12 8

* These relate to European High and Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools.
† These relate to European Primary and Non-European Elementary schools.

Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

Institutions.			Private institutions.		Grand total.	Percentage of
School education, special.		Total of public institutions.	Advanced.	Elementary.		
Training schools.	All other special schools.					
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
99	62	28,740	375	4,093	33,208	Institutions to number of towns and villages ... { 61'3'
24	17	1,734	4	137	1,875	
123	79	30,474	379	4,230	35,083	64'
4,344	3,112	1,198,328	11,607	91,909	1,301,844	Male scholars to male population of school-going age ... 42'
793	775	293,617	455	19,243	313,315	Female scholars to female population of school-going age ... 9'
5,137	3,887	1,491,945	12,062	111,152	1,615,159	26'

in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.								
University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total expenditure on public instruction.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
3,26,753	90,545	8,46,917	2,52,890	26,15,268	1,26,392	20,64,405	63,23,170	2,06,52,468
3,26,753	90,545	8,46,917	2,52,890	26,15,268	1,26,392	20,64,405	63,23,170	2,06,52,468
1'25	1'32	12'35	2'70	12'56	1'84	2'68	34'70	100'00
...	...	...	0'03	18'33	...	0'57	18'93	100'00
...	...	...	...	48'47	...	0'39	48'86	100'00
1'58	0'44	4'10	1'22	12'66	0'61	10'00	30'61	100'00

Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

Institutions.										Number of scholars on the 31st March learning			
Under private management.													
Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.				Unaided.						English.		A classical language.	
Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Grand total of institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st March.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24a	24b	25a	25b
21 1 6	6,363 15 118	6,425 16 125	5,913 15 107	2 1 ...	316 40 ...	298 39 ...	277 38 ...	30 3 7	8,280 98 165	7,910 ... 165	36 98 ...	816 ... 165	8 23 ...
28	6,496	6,506	6,034	3	356	337	315	40	8,543	8,075	134	981	36
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	472	472	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	280	266	14	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	491	491	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	111	108	3	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	92	92	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	75	75	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	61	61	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1,582	1,565	17	...	...
141 121	78,457 24,441	77,961 23,702	70,603 21,136	5 10	3,375 1,075	3,463 1,032	3,196 901	183 186	98,570 35,404	90,433 29,334	563 1,126	7,327 1,093	22 2
29	4,333	4,243	3,783	...	...	...	...	35	5,046	297	4,854	12	53
35	4,109	4,030	3,557	...	...	...	...	36	4,238	525	3,293	16	85
326	111,340	109,936	90,079	15	4,450	4,495	4,097	440	143,858	120,592	9,836	8,448	448
1,972 15,382 480 357	160,873 517,180 48,130 18,312	156,231 512,882 46,547 17,528	128,594 427,764 37,092 14,284	50 4,014 19 98	2,682 108,987 1,638 3,792	2,614 101,664 1,572 3,488	2,171 86,928 1,205 2,873	4,847 23,619 762 857	369,885 832,334 81,363 45,366	44,023 5,975 901 38	2,956 618 11,762 258	5,150 24,727 121 569	646 7,769 1,312 2,376
18,191	744,495	733,188	607,734	4,181	117,099	109,338	93,177	29,785	1,328,938	50,937	15,594	30,567	12,090
16 15	963 445	965 433	913 419	...	...	...	...	99 24 1	4,372 765 283	256 ...	163 26	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	471	435	36	...	...
33	1,752	1,504	1,314	2	74	4	4	(9)37	1,913	49	119	...	...
1	9	8	8	...	...	...	...	1	196	151	1	...	...
1	47	48	41	27	561	568	489	1	256	...	...	...	...
66	3,216	2,958	2,805	29	635	572	493	34	759	585	...	...	...
18,611	65,547	852,648	715,542	4,228	122,540	114,742	98,082	30,474	1,491,945	182,722	25,926	39,996	12,574
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	6,723	19	...	6,765	63
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	214	4,454	770	15	4,171	134
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	173	...	30	...	173
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,735	62,204	530	28	1,085	98
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	720	...	...	...	70
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	842	33,471	...	...	22,906	9,212
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	1,435	...	...	615	3,797
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	533	10,701	811	...	185	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	333	4	34	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,609	123,214	2,134	107	35,727	13,547
18,611	65,547	852,648	715,542	4,228	122,054	114,742	98,082	35,093	1,615,159	184,856	26,033	75,723	26,121

(a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms above the third.
(b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
(c) European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and those with standards up to and including the fourth.
(d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
(e) These relate to Industrial Schools under the control of the Director of Industries.
(f) These relate to Technical and Art schools.
(g) Of these 17 schools with 706 pupils were for girls.

(3)—Return of colleges, schools and scholars in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16—continued.

(3)—Return of colleges, schools and scholars on the 31st March 1904.

Classes of institutions—cont.	Number of scholars on the 31st March learning—cont.		Classification of scholars on the 31st March according to race or creed.										Number of girls in boys' schools.	Number of boys in girls' schools.
	A vernacular language.		Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.		Muhammadans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.				
	Boys.	Girls.			Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.								
26a	26b	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36			
Collegiate education.														
Arts Colleges—														
English { For boys ...	4,145	9	42	678	5,603	1,757	186	1	2	11	36			
For girls ...	88	60	19	52	9	18								
Oriental ...					120	45								
Total ...	4,233	68	61	730	5,732	1,820	186	1	2	11	36			
Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training—														
Law ...			1	18	369	81	3							
Medicine ...			9	55	127	81	1			7	14			
Engineering ...			11	36	342	95	7							
Teaching ...			4	7	94	4	2							
Agriculture ...				9	40	33	1							
Veterinary ...				3	40	22	1							
Forestry ...			2	5	29	19	5		1					
Total ...			27	133	1,059	335	20		1	7	17			
School education, general.														
Secondary Schools—														
For boys. { High schools, English (a) ...	91,390	653	1,851	8,520	49,756	38,899	5,470	12	26	36	895			
Middle schools, English (b) ...	32,820	1,067	1,808	2,704	12,685	16,564	1,489	1	24	129	1,429			
Do. Vernacular, English (a) ...	137	4,102	1,504	2,175	570	1,287	6		8	6	318			
High schools, Vernacular (a) ...														
Middle schools, English (b) ...	220	2,552	1,465	1,990	190	541	14		20	9	550			
Do. Vernacular, English (b) ...														
Total ...	124,567	8,414	6,718	15,308	57,211	57,281	6,979	13	78	189	2,324			
Primary Schools—														
For boys. { Upper (c) ...	327,339	47,893	1,039	22,388	38,619	270,357	34,801	22	1	2,658	46,947			
Lower (d) ...	723,839	113,713	136	52,153	46,376	646,343	82,340	8	2	4,986	113,128			
For girls. { Upper (c) ...	3,092	77,813	411	13,100	16,227	47,805	3,649		1	80	3,360			
Lower (d) ...	2,866	42,015		2,429	7,129	28,881	6,913	1		2	2,876			
Total ...	1,057,136	282,034	1,576	90,070	108,351	993,476	127,703	31	4	7,727	160,075			
School education, special.														
Schools for special instruction—														
Training schools for masters ...	4,088	28		859	1,456	1,618	385	19		35	28			
Do. for mistresses ...		602	97	547	11	72	38							
Schools of Arts ...	173	6	25	35	14	189	17	3						
Law schools ...			36	86	177	158	13	1			36			
Medical schools ...														
Engineering and Surveying schools ...	1,159	587	120	999	78	519	197							
Technical and Industrial schools (e) ...	44		2	9	74	73	37		1		1			
Commercial schools ...	9			9										
Agricultural schools ...	256			15	5	206	29							
Reformatory schools ...	174		9	57	465	207	21							
Other schools (f) ...														
Total ...	5,903	1,223	290	2,616	2,280	3,042	737	23	1	35	97			
Total of colleges and schools of public instruction ...	1,191,839	291,739	8,672	108,947	174,633	1,055,954	135,625	68	86	7,960	162,549			
Private institutions.														
1. Advanced, teaching—														
(a) Arabic or Persian { For boys ...	472					6,723					63			
For girls ...	1,503	121		19	3,343	1,082	10				163			
(b) Sanskrit ... { For boys ...		173			168	5								
For girls ...														
(c) Any other Oriental classic ...														
2. Elementary, teaching—														
A vernacular only or mainly—														
For boys ...	57,808	4,982		927	3,609	54,927	2,290				451			
For girls ...	21	699			259	460	1							
3. Elementary, teaching the Quran—														
For boys ...	3,378	853					33,471							
For girls ...	41	955					4,435							
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards—														
For boys ...	9,818	842		132	983	9,339	244				3			
For girls ...	55	278		24	57	202	50							
Total of private institutions ...	73,096	8,003		1,102	8,419	66,015	47,224				454			
Grand total ...	1,264,935	299,742	8,672	110,049	183,052	1,121,969	182,849	68	86	8,414	177,277			

- (a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms above the third.
 (b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
 (c) European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and those with standards up to and including the fourth.
 (d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
 (e) These relate to Industrial Schools, under the control of the Director of Industries.
 (f) These relate to Technical and Art schools.

3 (a)—Number of scholars on the 31st March 1916, classified according to sex, race or creed.

Classes of institutions.				Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.		Muhammadans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
1				2	3	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	6	7	8	9
Collegiate education.											
Arts Colleges—											
English	{ For boys	Male	36	661	5,599	1,749	186	1	1	11	
		Female	6	17	4	8					
	{ For girls	Male	19	52	9	18					
		Female			120	45					
Oriental		Female									
Colleges for professional training—											
Law	{ Male	1	18	369	81	3					
	{ Female										
Medicine	{ Male	5	46	127	81	1					
	{ Female	4	9								
Engineering	{ Male	11	36	342	95	7					
	{ Female										
Teaching	{ Male	2	6	94	4	2					
	{ Female	2	1								
Agriculture	{ Male		9	40	33	1					
	{ Female										
Veterinary	{ Male		3	49	22	1					
	{ Female										
Forestry	{ Male	2	5	29	19	5			1		
	{ Female										
Total				88	863	6,791	2,155	206	1	3	15
School education, general.											
Secondary schools—											
For boys	{ (a) High schools, English.	Male	1,622	8,334	43,488	38,688	5,470	12	5	36	
		Female	229	186	268	211					
	{ (b) Middle schools do.	Male	1,182	2,451	12,517	16,239	1,489	1	10	86	
		Female	626	253	178	315			14	43	
Do. Vernacular.	{ Male										
		Female									
	{ (a) High schools, English.	Male	171	67	9	71					
		Female	1,423	2,108	561	1,216	6		8	6	
For girls	{ Do. Vernacular.	Male									
		Female									
	{ (b) Middle schools.	Male	358	94	35	53	3		6	1	
		English Female	1,107	1,905	155	488	11		14	8	
Do. Vernacular.	{ Male										
	{ Female										
Primary schools—											
For boys	{ (c) Upper...	Male	582	17,975	29,816	239,060	32,890	16	1	2,559	
		Female	457	4,413	8,773	31,297	1,902	6		99	
	{ (d) Lower...	Male	86	36,688	33,897	575,224	68,691	7	2	4,611	
		Female	40	15,465	12,479	71,119	13,640	1		375	
For girls	{ (c) Upper...	Male	183	1,008	271	1,731	165			2	
		Female	228	12,092	15,966	46,104	3,484		1	78	
	{ (d) Lower...	Male		333	150	1,768	625				
		Female		2,096	6,979	27,113	6,288	1		3	
Total				8,294	105,468	165,562	1,050,757	134,682	44	82	7,907
Schools for special instruction—											
Training schools for masters	{ Male		836	1,456	1,613	385	19		35		
	{ Female		23		5						
Training schools for mistresses	{ Male		547	11	72	38					
	{ Female	97	26	14	188	17	3				
School of Arts	{ Male	3									
	{ Female	22	9		1						
Law schools	{ Male										
	{ Female										
Medical schools	{ Male	23	67	177	154	13	1				
	{ Female	13	19		4						
Engineering and Surveying schools.	{ Male										
	{ Female										
Technical and Industrial schools (e).	{ Male	2	463	78	467	197					
	{ Female	118	534								
Commercial schools	{ Male	3	8	74	52						
	{ Female		1		73	37		1			
Agricultural schools	{ Male		9								
	{ Female										
Maternal schools	{ Male	1	15	5	206	29					
	{ Female										
Other schools	{ Male	9	57	465	207	21					
	{ Female										
Total				290	2,616	2,280	3,042	737	23	1	35
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction.				8,672	108,947	174,633	1,055,954	135,625	68	86	7,960

- (a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms above the third.
 (b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
 (c) European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.
 (d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
 (e) Relates to Industrial schools under the control of the Director of Industries.
 (f) Relates to Technical schools.

3 (a)—Number of scholars on the 31st March 1916, classified according to sex, race or creed—continued.

Classes of institutions.	European and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.		Muhamma- dans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
			Brahmans.	Non- Brahmans.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Advanced teaching—								
(a) Arabic or Persian for boys { Male ...	...	...	...	...	6,669	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	...	...	63	...	...	...
(b) Arabic or Persian for girls { Male ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Sanskrit for boys ... { Male ...	...	19	3,246	1,016	10	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	97	66	...	...	...	...
(d) Sanskrit for girls ... { Male ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	168	5	...	...	...	...
(e) Any other Oriental classic. { Male ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Elementary teaching—								
A Vernacular only or mainly—								
For boys ... { Male ...	...	644	3,217	51,644	2,181	...	...	447
Female ...	...	283	392	3,283	109	...	...	4
For girls ... { Male ...	...	...	4	17	...	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	255	443	1	...	...	...
3. Elementary teaching the Quran only—								
For boys ... { Male ...	...	...	...	...	23,884	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	...	...	9,587	...	...	...
For girls ... { Male ...	...	...	...	...	615	...	...	...
Female ...	...	...	...	...	3,820	...	...	...
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards—								
For boys ... { Male ...	...	99	924	8,608	223	...	...	3
Female ...	...	33	59	731	21	...	...	...
For girls ... { Male ...	...	...	...	35	20	...	...	...
Female ...	...	24	57	167	30	...	...	...
Total of private institutions ...	...	1,102	8,419	66,015	47,224	...	...	454
Grand total ...	8,672	110,049	183,052	1,121,969	182,349	68	86	8,414

3 (b)—Return of European colleges, schools and scholars in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

3 (b)—*Return of European colleges, schools and scholars*

Classes of institutions.		Under public management.												Under private			
		Managed by Government.				Managed by District or Municipal Boards.				Managed by Native States.				Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.			
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Collegiate education.	Arts Colleges—																
	English { For boys ...																
	For girls ...																
	Total ...																
School education, general.	Secondary schools—																
	For boys { High schools, English ...	1	277	278	200									11	1,406	1,431	1,287
	Middle schools } English ...													17	1,878	1,763	1,555
	For girls { High schools, English ...	1	145	142	133									13	1,479	1,472	1,314
	Middle schools } English ...													18	1,574	1,576	1,369
	Total ...	2	422	420	393									59	6,397	6,242	5,525
	Primary schools—																
	For boys ...													15	946	914	785
	For girls ...													8	411	391	339
	Total ...													23	1,357	1,305	1,124
School education, special.	Schools for special instruction—																
	Training schools for mistresses ...													1	20	23	22
	Other schools (a) ...													2	129	110	94
	Total ...													3	149	133	116
Total of public institutions ...		2	422	420	393									85	7,903	7,680	6,765
Private institutions ...																	
Total of private institutions ...																	
Grand total ...		2	422	420	393									85	7,903	7	

(a) ~~Relates to Industrial Schools under the control of the Director of Industries~~

in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

institutions.				Grand total of institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st March.	Number of scholars on the 31st March learning			Classification of scholars on the 31st March according to race or creed.					Number of girls in boys' schools.	Number of boys in girls' schools.
management.						English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.		
Unaided.															
Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.												
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	12	1,743	1,743	344	1,026	1,645	39	32	13	14	238	...
...	...	...	...	17	1,878	1,878	...	933	1,784	38	14	11	31	653	...
...	...	...	...	14	1,624	1,624	254	528	1,534	39	39	...	12	...	183
...	...	...	...	18	1,574	1,574	101	580	1,445	36	65	5	23	...	403
...	...	...	...	61	6,819	6,819	699	3,067	6,408	152	150	29	80	891	586
...	...	...	...	15	946	946	...	199	916	27	3	...	...	469	...
...	...	...	...	8	411	411	...	12	396	7	7	...	1	...	185
...	...	...	...	23	1,357	1,357	...	211	1,312	34	10	...	1	469	185
...	...	...	...	1	20	20	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	(b) 2	129	119	...	10	118	11	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	3	149	139	...	10	138	11	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	87	8,325	8,315	699	3,288	7,858	197	160	29	81	1,360	771
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	87	8,325	8,315	699	3,288	7,858	197	160	29	81	1,360	771

(b) These two schools were for girls.

(4)—Return of expenditure on public instruction

		Public										
		Under public										
		Managed by Government.							Managed by District or			
Objects of expenditure.		Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Collegiate education.	<i>Arts Colleges—</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	English { For boys	2,41,128	...	...	1,18,128	...	(a) 2,889	3,62,145	...	...	34,205	37,143
	English { For girls	23,299	...	...	1,727	...	...	25,026	...	...	...	...
	Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,387	...	38
	<i>Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law	...	...	...	(b) 41,025	...	41	41,066	...	...	...	...
	Medicine	67,714	...	...	32,127	...	217	1,00,058	...	...	...	...
	Engineering	94,703	...	...	35,205	...	949	1,30,857	...	...	...	...
	Teaching	68,697	...	...	160	...	786	69,643	...	...	...	...
	Agriculture	81,792	...	...	480	...	173	82,445	...	...	...	...
School education, general.	Veterinary	21,599	...	...	...	...	...	21,599	...	...	...	...
	Forest	1,03,296	...	...	...	...	...	1,03,296	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	7,02,228	...	...	2,28,852	...	5,055	9,36,135	...	8,387	34,205	37,181
	<i>Secondary Schools—</i>	(c) 71,199	...	...	30,663	...	(d) 1,518	(e) 1,03,380	(f) 32,226	31,247	23,012	3,52,738
	For boys { Highschools, English* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Middle { English † ...	9,490	...	...	2,022	...	5	11,517	...	48,848	990	1,38,264
	{ schools, { Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ High { English* ...	(g) 58,777	...	...	5,904	...	(h) 75	(i) 64,756	...	...	...	...
	For girls { schools, { Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Middle { English † ...	3,278	...	...	95	...	...	3,373	...	...	...	...
School education, special.	{ schools, { Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1,42,744	...	...	38,584	...	1,598	1,83,026	32,226	80,095	24,002	4,91,002
	<i>Primary Schools—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For boys { Upper Primary † ...	1,10,472	...	...	3,958	...	...	1,14,430	...	10,17,645	1,65,735	1,07,539
	{ Lower Primary § ...	13,327	...	...	20	...	...	13,347	...	10,58,024	1,29,208	1,148
	Total Primary boys ...	1,23,799	...	...	3,978	...	...	1,27,777	...	20,75,669	2,94,943	1,08,687
	For girls { Upper Primary † ...	2,24,022	...	...	5,238	...	(j) 577	2,29,837	...	48,081	15,242	648
	{ Lower Primary § ...	13,201	...	...	28	...	...	13,229	...	1,44,417	11,555	67
	Total Primary girls ...	2,37,223	...	...	5,266	...	577	2,43,066	...	1,92,408	26,797	715
	Total Primary Schools for boys and girls ...	3,61,022	...	...	9,244	...	577	3,70,843	...	22,68,167	3,21,740	1,09,402
Buildings	<i>Schools for special instruction—</i>	(k)	(l) 3,834	(m) 673	...	...	...	...	...	84,280	60	...
	Training schools for masters ...	4,04,632	12,576	...	40	...	371	4,22,126	...	...	...	...
	Do. for mistresses ...	1,00,336	...	...	120	...	149	1,00,605	...	...	...	...
	Schools of Arts ...	58,726	...	...	179	...	4,837	63,742	...	...	...	...
	Law schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical schools ...	1,67,169	...	...	4,079	...	6,068	1,77,316	...	...	...	...
	Engineering and Surveying schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical and Industrial schools † ...	16,800	...	...	...	...	10,187	27,047	...	...	...	...
	Commercial schools ...	6,003	...	...	4,402	...	...	10,495	...	...	...	...
	Agricultural schools ...	19,496	...	...	...	...	4,941	24,437	...	...	...	...
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)	Reformatory schools ...	(n) 26,204	...	300	248	...	...	(o) 26,752	...	...	1,124	...
	Other schools ‡ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	7,99,426	12,576	4,134	9,158	673	26,553	8,62,520	...	54,280	1,184	...
	(p)	5,63,269	...	...	...	1,963	...	5,65,232	...	5,55,380	4,10,010	...
	Total ...	5,63,269	...	...	...	1,963	...	5,65,232	...	5,55,380	4,10,010	...
	University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Scholarships held in	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Arts colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical college	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Professional colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Secondary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Primary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Medical schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Technical schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total expenditure on public instruction	...	28,68,689	12,576	4,134	2,85,938	2,636	33,783	29,07,756	32,226	29,06,309	8,00,141	6,87,388

* European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools having forms above the third.
† European Middle schools, Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
‡ European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and those with standards up to and including the fourth.
§ Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
|| These relate to Industrial schools under the control of the Director of Industries.
¶ These relate to Technical and Art schools.

(a) Non-departmental, Rs. 1,108.
(b) Law College surplus fees, Rs. 32,754.
(c) Lawrence Memorial School, Male branch, Provincial grant, Rs. 25,519.
(d) Non-departmental, Rs. 14.
(e) Lawrence Memorial School, Male Branch, total cost, Rs. 25,519.
(f) Net cost to Municipal and Local Board schools.
(g) Lawrence Memorial School, Female branch, Provincial grant, Rs. 11,370.
(h) Non-departmental, Rs. 74.

in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

[illegible]

(i) Lawrence Memorial School, Female branch, total cost, Rs. 11,270.
(j) Non-departmental, Rs. 18.
(k) Non-departmental.
(l) Non-departmental.
(m) Non-departmental.

(n) Lawrence Memorial School, Technical branch, Provincial grant, Rs. 4,512.
 (o) Lawrence Memorial School, Technical branch, total cost, Rs. 4,512.
 (p) Cost of buildings borne by the Public Works Department.
 (q) Includes grants for hostels, Rs. 35,953.

4 (a) (a) — *Return of expenditure on European colleges and schools in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.*

[illegible]

rol of other departments.

68,555,142	30,30,095
+ 17,25,976	+ 8,64,384
<u>85,81,118</u>	<u>38,94,479</u>
	- 17,25,976
	<u>21,68,503</u>

4 (a)—Return of expenditure on European colleges and schools in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16—continued.

Public institutions—continued.																	
Under private management.																	
Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.																	
Objects of expenditure—cont.	Unaided.						Total expenditure from					Grand total.					
	Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.		Private.	Public.			
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Arts Colleges—</i>																	
English { For boys	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
English { For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Secondary Schools—</i>																	
English { High schools, English	76,736	...	...	37,872	7,117	54,088	1,76,413	...	...	...	...	1,09,255	...	...	37,872	61,595	9,01,982
English { Middle schools, English	44,127	...	...	10,581	12,339	74,000	1,32,239	...	...	...	...	44,127	...	...	10,581	1,32,239	1,32,239
English { High schools, English	58,755	...	...	32,782	12,509	47,479	1,51,625	...	...	...	...	32,782	...	...	32,782	59,688	1,62,765
English { Middle schools, English	35,290	...	...	10,880	5,512	52,145	1,03,797	...	...	...	...	35,290	...	...	10,880	57,657	1,03,797
Total	2,14,878	...	...	92,115	25,069	2,38,912	5,63,974	...	...	...	...	2,51,967	...	...	92,115	2,56,981	6,00,763
<i>Primary Schools—</i>																	
English { For boys	13,648	...	...	6,216	1,967	18,464	40,855	...	...	...	...	13,648	...	...	6,216	20,421	40,355
English { For girls	5,960	...	...	1,920	538	7,344	15,493	...	...	...	...	5,960	...	...	1,920	7,583	15,468
Total	19,608	...	...	8,136	2,506	25,798	55,778	...	...	...	...	19,608	...	...	8,136	28,004	55,778
<i>Schools for special instruction—</i>																	
Training schools for masters	2,720	...	...	...	...	...	2,720	...	...	...	...	2,720	...	...	...	3,581	2,720
Training schools for mistresses	8,981	...	...	...	...	...	12,857	...	...	...	...	8,981	...	...	...	1,300	12,857
Industrial schools*	1,300	...	...	...	...	...	4,834	...	...	...	...	1,300	...	...	...	3,442	4,834
Other schools	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	7,023	27,579
Total	15,001	...	...	387	...	7,023	22,411	...	...	...	...	40,580	...	...	387	7,023	47,960
<i>Buildings</i>	68,000	...	...	...	14,390	44,238	1,26,628	...	...	...	...	68,000	...	...	...	58,628	1,36,698
<i>Furniture and apparatus (special grants only).</i>	20,176	...	...	...	14,390	44,238	20,176	...	...	...	...	20,176	...	...	...	...	20,176
Total	88,176	...	...	...	14,390	44,238	1,46,804	...	...	...	...	88,176	...	...	...	58,628	1,46,804
<i>Scholarships held in</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,528	...	...	...	...	1,528
Professional colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	635	...	...	...	...	635
Secondary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,898	...	...	...	908	6,746
Elementary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,474	...	...	...	...	3,474
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,46,386	...	...	1,21,965	2,34,016	5,05,964
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,59,761	...	...	1,21,965	2,34,016	5,18,267
Total expenditure on European education	3,37,693	...	...	1,00,638	44,695	3,05,971	7,88,967	...	...	...	...	5,50,822	...	...	1,627	5,85,560	13,69,062

* These are under the control of the Director of Industries.

GENERAL TABLES

GENERAL TABLES

of the stages of instruction of pupils in public schools for general education in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

Classes of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March.	High stage.			Middle stage.			Upper Primary stage.			Lower Primary stage.						Total.				
			Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the Matriculation examination.			(c) Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Upper Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage.			Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Lower Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Upper Primary stage.			Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the Lower Primary stage.										
			1			2			3			4										
			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.					
Secondary Schools—	(a) For boys	Government	English Vernacular	7	1,767	560	565	1,125	574	...	374	158	4	162	405	0	414	45	7	52	1,767	
		District Board	English Vernacular	62	15,471	1,774	1	1,776	36	6,311	2,865	31	2,896	4,193	154	4,347	135	7	142	229	15,471	
		Municipal	English Vernacular	23	9,388	2,264	2,264	7	8,318	1,536	4	1,940	1,605	37	1,732	29	5	34	53	9,388		
		Native States	English Vernacular	262	102,808	23,647	39	23,686	317	37,201	14,942	203	15,146	24,875	1,232	26,107	655	104	739	1,895	102,808	
		Aided	English Vernacular	15	4,450	365	13	1,008	28	1,904	555	7	562	884	72	956	18	2	20	4,328	4,450	
	Unaided	English Vernacular	369	133,974	29,240	58	29,298	388	49,898	20,056	249	20,305	32,032	1,504	33,536	882	125	1,007	2,324	133,974		
	Total	English Vernacular	7	1,412	89	89	219	219	168	168	38	846	38	846	884	1	81	82	1,403	1,442		
	(a) For girls	Government	English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		District Board	English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Municipal	English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Native States		English Vernacular	64	8,442	567	567	1,924	1,952	40	955	688	3,872	4,560	73	205	308	829	7,613	8,442			
Aided		English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Primary Schools—	(b) For boys	Government	English Vernacular	71	9,884	656	656	2,143	3,171	1,123	1,163	726	4,718	5,444	74	376	450	868	9,016	9,884		
		District Board	English Vernacular	440	143,858	29,240	714	29,954	49,443	2,631	51,979	20,066	1,372	21,468	32,778	6,222	39,000	956	501	1,457	182,518	143,858
		Municipal	English Vernacular	187	10,056	201	205	9	2,068	16,922	681	11	17,553	235,704	3,459	33,225	6,204	1,146	7,350	9,380	10,056	
		Native States	English Vernacular	483	42,881	159	159	1,983	63	2,046	29,867	39,326	60,438	815,378	106,456	32,568	583,725	91,328	678,053	42,881	42,881	
		Unaided	English Vernacular	17,354	678,053	3,736	3,736	132	3,588	18,354	1,155	19,509	455,140	84,786	21,514	4,837	111,669	160,373	111,669	678,053	678,053	
	Total	English Vernacular	28,166	1,202,219	6,298	167	6,465	98,519	1,869	40,388	805,004	102,967	907,971	129,323	55,972	247,395	1,042,144	160,475	1,202,219	1,202,219		
	(b) For girls	Government	English Vernacular	194	24,980	845	845	26	26	329	1,320	359	16,293	16,633	42	6,112	6,154	401	24,379	24,980		
		District Board	English Vernacular	482	26,522	26	26	41	41	98	323	295	18,771	19,066	103	7,004	7,107	400	26,122	26,522		
		Municipal	English Vernacular	39	3,345	39	39	1,815	1,815	246	3,506	3,752	8,819	45,730	49,549	893	10,394	11,287	55	3,200	3,345	
		Native States	English Vernacular	897	66,442	106	106	226	226	158	168	158	3,125	3,351	157	1,658	1,815	...	61,442	66,442		
Unaided		English Vernacular	117	5,430	30	30	2,833	2,872	248	5,412	5,660	4,752	80,285	91,037	1,197	25,953	27,100	6,236	120,453	126,719		
Total	English Vernacular	1,619	126,719	3,337	3,337	3,000	9,537	38,767	7,281	40,048	800,750	189,252	999,008	194,476	81,625	274,545	1,045,350	280,558	1,325,908			
Total, Primary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Grand Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

(a) These relate to European High and Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools.

(b) These relate to European Primary schools and Elementary schools.

(c) The statistics of pupils in standards V to VII of Elementary schools with standards above the IV appear under this head.

5 (a) — *Return of the stages of instruction of pupils in public European schools for general education in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.*

Classes of Institutions.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March.	High stage.			Middle stage.			Upper Primary stage.			Lower Primary stage.					Total.				
			Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the Matriculation examination.			Comprising all pupils who have passed the Upper Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage.			Comprising all pupils who have passed the Lower Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Upper Primary stage.			Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the Lower Primary stage.									
			1			2			3			4									
			Boys.			Girls.			Total.			Boys.			Girls.			Total.			
			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.		Total.			
Secondary Schools—	For boys (Government Aided	1	277	16	91	176	91	38	131	191	1	72	196	277	...	377					
		28	3,344	25	646	584	694	270	1,211	1,761	94	5	196	2,453	...	3,344					
		Total ...	29	3,621	25	737	78	312	420	1,342	1,882	95	72	167	2,730	...	3,621				
	For girls (Government Aided	1	145	7	20	45	47	26	...	62	...	5	5	...	145	...	145				
		31	3,053	132	20	584	694	270	478	1,302	1,840	...	64	139	584	2,467	3,053				
Primary Schools—	For boys--Aided	32	3,198	159	20	629	649	24	478	1,402	64	139	265	588	...	3,198					
		61	6,819	164	757	805	1,562	366	1,820	3,784	159	211	370	3,316	...	6,819					
		Total ...	93	9,397	164	777	805	67	377	365	742	73	64	137	477	...	9,397				
	For girls--Aided	8	411	...	...	...	...	15	18	33	132	175	307	185	...	411					
		23	1,357	...	...	...	...	42	58	100	509	540	1,049	662	...	1,357					
Grand total	84	8,176	164	757	805	1,562	825	2,329	4,833	2,504	270	308	378	3,978	...	8,176					

6) — *Return showing the results of prescribed examinations in the Madras Presidency during the official year 1915-16.*

[illegible]

GENERAL TABLES

[illegible][illegible]

[illegible]

(8)—Return showing the attendance and expenditure in hostels and boarding houses in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1915-16.

Class of hostels or boarding houses.	Number of		Number of boarders who are students of					Expenditure from				
	Hostels or boarding-houses.	Boarders.	Arts colleges.	Colleges for professional training.	Secondary schools.	Elementary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenues.	District or Municipal funds.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Fees.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<i>For Males.</i>												
1. Managed by Government ...	25	1,387	355	265	115	171	481	Rs. 12,676	Rs. 216	Rs. 90,345	Rs. 1,19,505	2,22,742
2. Managed by District or Municipal Boards.	6	348	133	...	132	83	...	...	12,256	2,381	14,205	28,842
3. Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.	24	1,453	...	...	431	936	* 86	64,361	3,405	51,225	80,520	1,90,601
4. Unaided ...	216	10,589	1,443	2	5,148	3,202	794	...	...	3,02,530	2,92,882	5,95,412
Total ...	271	13,777	1,931	267	5,826	4,392	1,361	77,037	15,987	4,46,481	5,07,112	10,46,597
<i>For Females.</i>												
1. Managed by Government ...	10	315	31	2	65	125	92	† 19,454	...	§ 34,512	15,302	60,268
2. Managed by District or Municipal Boards.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.	20	1,344	...	...	405	746	103	57,524	2,100	68,937	41,435	1,60,996
Unaided ...	102	5,626	38	...	1,641	3,440	507	...	...	1,53,994	86,334	2,40,628
Total ...	141	7,285	69	2	2,201	4,311	702	76,978	2,100	2,57,443	1,43,371	(a) 4,79,892
Grand total ...	412	21,062	2,000	269	8,027	8,703	2,063	1,54,015	18,067	7,03,924	6,50,483	15,26,489

* Lawrence Memorial school (Male branch), Provincial grant, Rs. 8,991. † Lawrence Memorial school (Male branch), Miscellaneous receipts, Rs. 89,293.
 ‡ Lawrence Memorial school (Female branch), Provincial grant, Rs. 12,768.
 § Lawrence Memorial school (Female branch), Miscellaneous receipts, Rs. 34,512.
 (a) Includes Rs. 30,075 relating to schools under the control of other departments.

(9)—Number and qualification of teachers.

	* In Primary schools.						† In Middle schools.			‡ In High schools.			§ In Colleges.					Total.
	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Native States.	Aided.	Unaided.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	
Teachers of Vernacular.	Trained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anglo-Vernacular Teachers of Technical and Classical Languages.	Trained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
.....	Trained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total of all teachers.	Trained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* All Elementary schools in the case of schools for Indians. † the third and Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth in the case of schools for Indians.
 ‡ Non-European Secondary schools with the third in the case of schools for Indians.
 § Excludes Professional colleges but includes Oriental colleges.



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N-125-116 of 27.1.17.

Vol II

REPORT

ON

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

1915-16.

VOLUME II.

MADRAS:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS,
1916.

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Home (Education) Department.

Subject.

Report on Public Instruction in the
Madras Presidency for the year
1915-16.

ORDER
Press.

N^o 115-8 27-1-17

Recorded.

2. Imperial grants.—The recur-

ring grants already sanctioned by the
Government of India ^{received} ~~to which~~ no addi-
tions ~~were received~~ during the year.

They were fully utilized ^{with the} ~~except~~ the grant
of Rs. 30,000 ^{of} for Muhammadan education, ~~out of the~~
sum of Rs. 30,000 given for the latter.

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of which a sum of only Rs. 10,000 was spent, as
the schemes for utilising the grant
^{been completed} had not ~~fully matured~~ before the close
of the year.

3. General statistics of progress.

Including the ⁴⁶ professional colleges
and special schools, ~~numbering in all~~

which, though not under the

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control of the Director of Public Instruction, are included in his returns under the orders of the Government of India, the ~~number~~ number of educational institutions increased by 1,250 or 3.7 per cent. and their strength by 72,204 or 4.7 per cent. ~~taking~~ The figures relating to schools for Indians ~~there~~ *show* accessions of 2.8, 5.4 and 4.4 per cent. respectively to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education, ~~the~~ the corresponding figures for the year 1914-15 being 15.05, 6.6 and 5.0 per cent. The considerable fall in the percentage of increase in the number of students receiving collegiate education is ~~mainly~~ *reported to be* due to the ~~wholesome~~ restriction placed by the Syndicate on the ~~indiscriminate~~ admission of students to the collegiate course. ~~the~~

4. Total expenditure.—The total

G.O.No.453 Edl... dated the 26th April 1916. (A)

Page 8 of the Report, Vol.I

Diagrams facing page 14 of Vol.I of the Report and page 12 of Vol.I of the Report for 1914-15.

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Para.8, page 4 of Report, Vol.I.

Page 30 of the Report, Vol.I and page 17 of the Report, Vol.II.

Page 4 of the Report, Vol.I

Statement No.20, page 25 of the Report, Vol.II

sources during the year amounted to Rs.206.5 lakhs. Deducting 11 lakhs, ~~the~~ the amount spent on colleges and schools which are not under the control of the Department of Public Instruction, the expenditure amounted to 195.5 lakhs, as against 193.5 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 78.48 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21.68 lakhs, and fees and other sources about 95.40 lakhs, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 82.64, 21.77 and 89.11 lakhs.

The total "direct" expenditure increased by 5 lakhs, while the "indirect" expenditure decreased by three lakhs. The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools from public funds ~~aggregated~~ *amounted to* 54.50 lakhs, or 1.19 lakhs more than in the previous year. ~~while 0.07 lakh of~~ *07 lakh was allotted* this increase ~~pertained~~ to secondary

was allotted to elementary schools.

~~Most of the amounts paid from local funds, which were comparatively small.~~

There was a fall in the grants in aid

paid both from Provincial and

Municipal funds, the decrease in the

former case amounting to 2.57 lakhs

and ~~that~~ in the latter to .05 lakh.

The average annual cost of education

per head of the population was As.7-11 ps.

as against As.7-6 in the previous year.

5. University and Collegiate

education.—During the year Mr. Gilbert

Slater, M.A., D.Sc., was appointed ~~as~~

University Professor of Indian

Economics. Two lectures on "Ancient

Indian Chronology" were delivered by

M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L.D. Swamikannu

Pillai Avargal. The question of

regulating the admission to the

collegiate course of holders of

secondary school-leaving certificates

engaged the serious attention of the

Statement No. 26, page 28
of the Report, Vol. II.

Page 6 of the Report, Vol. I

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Page 1 of the Report.

Diagrams facing page 14
of the Report and page 12
of the Report for 1914-15.

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Page 8 -do-

Page 8 -do-

made for the selection of candidates

eligible for such admission in 1916-17.

A list of them was ~~made~~ *made*

prepared and issued for the guidance

of affiliated colleges. A Government

second grade college was sanctioned

for the Ceded districts and ~~placed~~ *located* at

Anantapur. Sanction was also

accorded to the opening of a class for

group II-A (Physics) of the B.A. pass

course in the Kumbakonam college.

There was a further increase in the

aggregate number of students in the

professional and arts colleges under

the control of the Director, the

increase in the strength of the

Engineering College being marked. In

that college ~~an~~ *an additional* Professor ~~in~~ in the

Indian Educational Service ~~was~~ was

appointed to give instruction in

Higher Electrical Engineering.

6. Secondary and Elementary

education.—There was an increase of

an addition of six being made to schools, the number of complete.

secondary schools, ~~rising by six~~. The total strength of secondary schools rose by 5.8 per cent., the increase in the number reading in the three highest forms alone being 8.3 per cent.

The number of public elementary schools increased by 4.6 per cent., their strength rising from 1,143,995 to 1,201,273, or by about 5 per cent.

Towards the close of the year several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education were discussed at a conference of officials and non-officials and the recommendations of the Conference are ~~was~~ under consideration.

7. Special education.—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 166 and 7,134 to 202 and 9,024 respectively, the increase being due mainly to the

Para. 6, page 8 of the Report, Vol. I.

Para. 7, page 9 of the Report, Vol. I.

Para. 7, page 7 of the Report for 1914-15, Vol. I.

Page 16 of the Report, Vol. I.

Para. 8, page 9 of the Report, Vol. I.

under review of statistics relating to industrial and medical schools. The Government sanctioned the opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Ellore in the Kistna district. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and mistresses is under consideration.

The number of pupils on the rolls in the School of Arts increased from 252 to 283, but ~~there was a~~

~~fall from 202 to 196, in~~ the strength of the School of Commerce ~~fell from 202 to 196.~~ It is understood at Calicut ~~that~~ that

pupils in several secondary schools take up commercial subjects which are included as optional subjects in the secondary school final course.

8. Female education.—There was a further gratifying advance in the education of Indian girls, the number of schools maintained for them

Page 10 of the Report, Vol. I.

Page 20 of the Report, Vol. I and page 18 of the Report for 1914-15, Vol. I.

Page 11 of the Report for 1915-16, Vol. I.

Para. 9, page 12 of the Report, Vol. I.

of girls under instruction by 16,500.

During the year the Government ^{gave} subsidies to ^{to be utilised for} ~~aided~~ local bodies ~~towards the open-~~
ing ~~of~~ 44 additional girls' schools.

In the Government Women's College, Madras, out of 13 students ^{who} ~~that~~

appeared for the last Intermediate

Examination in Arts, 11 ^{were} ~~came out~~ ^{of whom} ~~were placed~~ successful, ~~with three~~ in the first

class, and in the Women's Christian

College, Madras, four passed out of

seven, ~~that appeared for the examination~~

The strength ^{of} ~~in~~ the Brahman Widows'

hostel, Madras, increased from 31 to

42.

9. European education.—The total number of schools for Europeans remained the same as in the previous year, but their strength rose by 245. The orders of the Government of India on the scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community have not yet

G.O.No.1353-Edl., dated the 8th December 1915. P1

Page 12 of the Report, Vol.I.

Para.10, page 12 of the Report, Vol.I.

G.O.No.496 Edl., dated the 8th May 1916. 18.

10. Education of Muhammadans.

The progress under this head noticed in previous years was maintained during the year under review. The number of institutions under public management, ^{mainly} ~~chiefly~~ intended for Muhammadans, rose from 886 to 906, and their strength from 55,554 to 57,432. The total number of Muhammadan pupils reading in public secondary schools for Indians rose from 6,769 to 6,950.

11. Panchama education.—There

was a further advance both in the number and strength of the institutions intended for Panchamas. The total number of Panchama scholars ^{under} ~~in~~ the different stages of instruction in all classes of public schools increased by 9 per cent.

12. The activities of the

~~Education Department were marked by~~

Para.11, page 13 of the Report, Vol.I.

Page 69 of the Report, Vol.II.

Para.12, page 14 of the Report, Vol.I.

Para.12, page 14 of the Report for 1915-16, Vol.I.

general progress during the year

under review

N.K.
28-12-16. C.R.
11-1-17.

23/1/17

- Copy to the D.P.I., Madras.*
- " Surgeon General. ✓
 - " Accountant General. ✓
 - " Registrar, University of
 - " Officer in charge of the Department of Industri
 - " Local & Munl. Department

EDITORS' TABLE.

ENDORSEMENT:

No 1168 27.1.17.

Copy to the Government of India,

Department of Education.

N.K.
28-12-16. C.R.
11-1-17.

PART I.

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS, 1915-16.

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

(1)—Institutions and scholars by districts.

Districts.	Area in square miles (census of 1911).	Population (census of 1911).	1914-15.		1915-16.		Increase.		Decrease.	
			Institu- tions.	Scholars.	Institu- tions.	Scholars.	Institu- tions.	Scholars.	Institu- tions.	Scholars.
Ganjām ...	8,380	2,221,292	1,882	70,028	1,867	70,538	...	510	...	...
Vizagapatam ...	17,221	3,189,821	1,637	70,051	1,719	71,955	82	1,904	15	...
Godavari ...	6,221	1,652,859	1,341	71,025	1,386	74,298	55	3,273	...	...
Kistna ...	5,907	1,997,555	2,300	94,476	2,410	97,063	50	2,587	...	...
Guntur ...	5,735	1,697,551	2,118	82,320	2,202	84,512	84	2,192	...	...
Kurnool ...	7,580	985,199	1,019	32,662	1,087	34,793	68	2,131	...	...
Bellary ...	5,714	969,436	882	80,778	893	32,821	11	1,543	...	...
Anantapur ...	6,718	963,223	839	25,857	956	29,392	117	1,691	...	...
Cuddapah ...	5,892	893,998	1,121	32,552	1,178	34,543	57	1,821	...	...
Nellore ...	7,973	1,328,152	1,305	43,079	1,399	44,900	94	3,869	...	...
Madras ...	27	518,060	453	51,623	421	55,492	...	3,140	32	...
Chingleput ...	3,072	1,406,008	1,603	58,445	1,599	61,585	84	5,747	4	...
North Arcot ...	4,920	1,960,960	1,266	64,492	1,350	70,239	...	2,000	...	...
Chittoor ...	5,676	1,238,742	807	32,198	864	34,188	57	7,253	...	...
South Arcot ...	4,208	2,362,566	1,776	75,877	1,923	83,180	147	4,071	...	...
Tanjore ...	3,727	2,362,689	2,236	105,876	2,268	109,947	32	1,389	...	...
Trichinopoly ...	4,335	2,107,029	1,562	68,226	1,556	69,625	...	1,855	6	...
Madura ...	4,916	1,932,832	1,147	60,374	1,134	62,229	...	3,451	13	...
Rāmnād ...	4,834	1,658,453	1,287	58,661	1,364	62,112	77	4,901	...	...
Tinnevely ...	4,353	1,790,619	1,941	92,703	2,025	97,604	84	1,398	...	...
Coimbatore ...	7,196	2,116,564	1,400	61,597	1,449	62,995	49	...	...	...
Salem ...	6,800	1,766,680	914	39,046	974	38,792	60	71	...	254
Nilgiris ...	1,009	118,618	104	7,158	107	7,229	3	10,654	...	...
Malabar ...	5,795	3,020,691	2,157	168,103	2,259	178,757	102	1,162	...	...
South Canara ...	4,021	1,195,227	676	45,748	683	46,910	7	...	...	...
Total ...	142,330	41,405,404	33,833	1,542,955	35,083	1,615,159	1,320	72,458	70	254

(2)—Education in relation to population of school-age.

Districts.	Population of school-age (census of 1911).				Scholars (public and private).				Percentage of scholars to population of school-age.			
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Males.		Females.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	156,707	176,487	333,194	62,334	7,894	70,028	62,752	7,786	70,538	39.8	4.4	21.0
Ganjām	234,274	244,199	478,473	58,174	11,877	70,051	59,927	12,028	71,955	24.8	4.9	14.6
Vizagapatam	121,830	126,099	247,929	52,390	18,635	71,025	54,997	19,301	74,298	43.0	14.8	28.6
Godavari	146,244	150,386	296,630	66,708	27,768	94,476	68,867	28,196	97,063	44.7	18.5	31.5
Kistna	128,500	126,133	254,633	61,065	21,255	82,320	62,137	22,385	84,512	47.5	16.9	32.3
Guntūr	70,714	69,566	140,280	27,057	5,605	32,662	28,392	6,401	34,793	38.2	8.1	23.8
Kurnool	79,026	71,789	145,415	26,700	4,078	30,778	27,802	4,519	32,321	36.3	5.7	21.2
Bellary	74,134	70,349	144,483	21,788	4,089	25,857	24,654	4,738	29,392	29.4	5.8	17.8
Anantapur	68,109	65,991	134,100	27,793	4,759	32,552	29,331	5,212	34,543	40.8	7.2	24.3
Cuddapah	99,796	99,427	199,223	33,453	9,626	43,079	34,911	9,389	44,900	38.5	9.7	21.6
Nellore	39,970	37,829	77,799	37,274	14,349	51,623	40,333	15,169	56,432	93.3	37.9	66.4
Madras	105,846	105,055	210,901	49,301	9,144	58,445	51,867	9,718	61,585	46.6	8.7	27.7
Chingleput	145,511	148,633	294,144	53,759	10,733	64,492	58,644	11,595	70,239	36.9	7.2	21.9
North Arcot	94,407	91,404	185,811	26,806	5,392	32,198	28,508	5,690	34,198	28.4	5.3	17.3
Chittoor	175,921	178,464	354,385	65,467	10,410	75,877	71,845	11,255	83,130	37.2	5.8	21.4
South Arcot	168,462	185,941	354,403	87,281	18,595	105,876	90,878	18,999	109,947	51.8	10.0	29.9
Tanjore	153,430	162,624	316,054	57,774	10,452	68,228	58,880	10,795	69,635	37.7	6.4	20.8
Trichinopoly	141,946	147,979	289,925	52,919	7,455	60,374	54,652	7,577	62,229	37.3	5.0	20.8
Madura	117,928	130,840	248,768	51,590	7,071	58,661	53,983	8,139	62,112	43.7	5.4	23.6
Rāmnaḍ	129,845	138,748	268,593	73,578	19,125	92,703	77,664	19,940	97,604	56.7	13.8	34.5
Tinnevely	156,684	160,820	317,484	51,502	10,095	61,597	52,413	10,552	62,995	32.9	6.3	19.4
Coimbatore	131,543	133,459	265,002	32,939	6,107	39,046	32,725	6,067	38,792	25.0	4.6	14.7
Salem	9,527	8,266	17,793	5,310	1,848	7,158	5,225	2,004	7,259	55.7	22.3	40.2
Nilgiris	222,796	230,308	453,104	126,878	41,235	168,103	132,878	45,879	178,757	56.9	17.9	37.1
Malabar	86,713	92,571	179,284	36,562	9,186	45,748	37,539	9,871	46,910	42.2	9.9	25.5
South Canara												
Total	3,057,443	3,153,367	6,210,810	1,246,382	296,573	1,542,955	1,301,844	313,315	1,615,159	40.8	9.4	24.8

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS

(3)—Scholars according to classes of the community.

Classes of the community.	Population of school-age (Census of 1911).		Scholars.				Percentage.			
	Boys.	Girls.	1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.	
			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Europeans and Eurasians	...	...	3,268	2,867	4,125	4,153	4,281	4,391	126.2	144.9
Indian Christians	...	...	84,757	87,798	67,312	37,886	69,977	40,072	79.4	43.2
Muhammadans	...	...	202,668	208,393	137,473	36,743	143,840	39,009	67.8	17.6
Hindus	...	...	2,716,341	2,804,649	1,028,256	217,085	1,075,842	229,179	37.9	7.7
Buddhists	...	...	64	40	78	26	60	8	121.9	65.0
Parsis	...	...	37	36	48	48	47	39	129.7	133.3
Aborigines	...	...	48,140	47,629	6,203	389	5,842	415	12.9	0.8
Others	...	...	2,168	1,955	2,887	243	1,955	202	133.2	12.4
Total	3,057,443	3,153,367	1,246,382	296,573	1,301,844	313,315	40.8	9.4	42.6	9.9

(4)—Distribution of scholars (1) according to the classes of the community, (2) according

Classes of institutions.	Total of scholars.	Classification of scholars according to the classes of the							
		Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Panchamas.	Muhammadans.	Hindus.		Buddhists.	Parsis.
						Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.									
University.									
Non-Europeans—									
Arts colleges for men.	{ Men ... 8,244 Women. 36	36 6	661 17	...	186	5,599 4	1,749 8	1 ...	1 1
Arts colleges for women.	{ Men ... Women. 98	...	52	...	...	9 120	18 45	...	...
Oriental colleges	{ Men ... 165 Women. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Europeans—									
Arts colleges for men.	{ Men ... Women. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arts colleges for women.	{ Men ... Women. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges.	{ Men ... 1,565 Women. 17	21 6	123 10	...	20	1,059 ...	335 ...	...	1 ...
School Education, General.									
Non-Europeans—									
Secondary schools for boys.	{ Boys ... 128,920 Girls ... 1,433	229 1	10,726 421	634 1	6,935 ...	55,997 443	54,258 525	13 ...	12 ...
Secondary schools for girls.	{ Boys ... 282 Girls ... 6,404	2 78	147 3,952	3 56	2 13	22 686	105 1,612	...	5 3
Elementary schools for boys.	{ Boys ... 1,041,667 Girls ... 159,606	202 47	54,652 19,862	93,546 16,800	101,590 15,551	63,743 21,252	720,738 85,613	23 7	...
Elementary schools for girls.	{ Boys ... 6,051 Girls ... 120,257	4 11	1,387 14,185	367 2,436	790 9,772	421 22,985	3,130 70,836	...	...
Europeans—									
High schools for boys.	{ Boys ... 1,505 Girls ... 238	1,417 228	32 7	...	13	6 2	24 ...	...	13 1
High schools for girls.	{ Boys ... 183 Girls ... 1,441	171 1,363	2 37	...	...	6 11	4 18	...	...
Middle schools for boys.	{ Boys ... 1,225 Girls ... 653	1,158 626	27 11	...	11	2 1	11 ...	...	10 14
Middle schools for girls.	{ Boys ... 403 Girls ... 1,171	356 1,089	12 24	...	1 4	16 19	12 18	...	6 11
Primary schools for boys.	{ Boys ... 477 Girls ... 469	466 450	11 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary schools for girls.	{ Boys ... 185 Girls ... 226	179 217	4 3	...	...	...	3 5	...	...
School Education, Special.									
Training schools for masters.	{ Men ... 4,344 Women. 28	...	836 23	161 1	385 ...	1,456 ...	1,452 4	19 ...	...
Non-Europeans—									
Training schools for mistresses.	{ Men ... Women. 745	...	547	...	38	11	72	...	...
Europeans—									
Training schools for mistresses.	{ Men ... Women. 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Europeans—									
Other special schools (including Industrial schools).	{ Boys ... 3,112 Girls ... 646	40 35	645 554	66 1	314 ...	813 ...	1,229 56	4 ...	1 ...
Europeans—									
Other special schools (including Industrial schools).	{ Boys ... Girls ... 129	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of public institutions.	{ Male scholars. 1,198,328 Female scholars. 293,617	4,281 4,391	69,215 39,732	94,777 19,295	110,247 25,378	129,260 45,373	783,094 158,788	60 8	47 39
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.									
Advanced schools teaching—									
Arabic or Persian	{ Boys. 6,660 Girls. 63	...	...	...	6,660 63	...	...	...	...
Sanskrit	{ Boys. 4,291 Girls. 336	...	19	1	10	3,246 265	1,015 71	...	...

to wealth and (3) according to the occupation of parents or guardians.

community.		Scholars according to wealth.			Scholars according to the occupation of parents or guardians.								
Aborigines.	Others.	Higher classes.	Middle classes.	Poorer classes.	Officials.	Petty officials.	Traders.	Landholders.	Artisans.	Coolies.	Mendicants.	Others.	
...	11	351	7,083	810	2,552	1,073	626	3,632	14	2	19	326	
...	...	6	28	2	24	4	3	3	...	...	2	...	
...	...	13	82	3	34	18	3	6	1	...	...	...	
...	...	2	59	104	...	5	10	110	...	...	13	36	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	6	65	1,294	53	676	22	107	514	...	...	3	90	
...	1	...	16	1	7	...	1	...	...	...	...	9	
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...	6	65	1,294	53	676	22	107	514	...	...	3	90	
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...	...	...	...	...</									

(4)—Distribution of scholars (1) according to the classes of the community, (2) according

Classes of institutions.	Total of scholars.	Classification of scholars according to the classes of the							
		Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Panchamas.	Muhammadians.	Hindus.		Buddhists.	Parsis.
						Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.		
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS—cont.									
Elementary schools teaching—									
A vernacular only or	Boys. 58,154	...	644	2,173	2,181	3,221	49,488	..	...
mainly.	Girls. 4,770	...	283	281	110	647	3,445	...	...
The Quran ...	Boys. 24,499	...	...	...	24,499	...	...	...	...
...	Girls. 13,407	...	...	...	13,407	...	...	...	...
Other schools not con-	Boys. 9,912	...	99	308	243	924	8,335	...	...
forming to depart-	Girls. 1,122	...	57	46	51	116	852	...	...
mental standards.									
Total of private { Male scholars.	103,516	...	762	2,482	33,583	7,391	58,838	...	...
institutions. { Female scholars	19,698	...	340	327	13,631	1,628	4,368	...	...
Total { Male scholars ...	1,301,844	4,281	69,977	97,259	143,840	136,651	841,932	60	47
{ Female scholars.	313,315	4,391	40,072	19,622	39,009	46,401	163,156	8	39
Grand total, 1915-16 ...	1,615,159	8,672	110,049	116,881	182,849	183,052	1,005,088	68	86
Grand total, 1914-15 ...	1,542,955	8,278	105,198	108,036	174,216	178,111	959,194	104	96

NOTE.—The difference of 153 in the distribution of scholars according to wealth and also in the distribution having been furnished on behalf of the Forest and Agricultural Colleges, Coimbatore, this year.

to wealth and (3) according to the occupation of parents or guardians—continued.

community.		Scholars according to wealth.				Scholars according to the occupation of parents or guardians.						
Aborigines.	Others.	Higher classes.	Middle classes.	Poorer classes.	Officials.	Petty Officials.	Traders.	Landholders.	Artisans.	Coolies.	Mendicants.	Others.
54	393	194	10,744	47,216	87	986	5,624	30,612	3,825	16,568	261	191
4	...	30	937	3,803	38	210	444	2,064	469	1,501	29	15
...	...	659	5,397	18,443	14	316	9,269	6,176	1,620	6,521	334	249
...	...	358	3,330	9,719	5	60	5,483	3,651	828	3,081	147	152
3	...	75	2,500	7,328	44	252	1,197	5,194	656	2,348	146	75
...	...	18	257	847	82	80	195	294	45	405	2	19
57	393	1,291	20,991	81,234	195	1,811	18,298	46,560	6,426	27,834	1,481	911
4	...	420	4,702	14,576	167	384	6,199	6,215	1,349	4,998	178	208
5,842	1,955	13,699	293,991	994,001	45,417	72,458	158,406	555,090	104,409	337,759	15,855	12,297
415	202	4,766	78,567	229,992	17,455	28,877	45,732	107,278	24,084	81,135	4,464	4,290
6,257	2,157	18,455	372,553	1,223,993	62,872	101,335	204,138	662,368	128,493	418,894	20,319	16,587
6,592	3,130	16,998	356,697	1,169,260	61,074	98,685	198,248	637,800	123,765	388,127	21,199	14,057

of scholars according to the occupation of parents or guardians is due to the particulars relating to these columns not

(5)—Percentages of male scholars of the different sections of the population at each stage of instruction to the total number of scholars at the respective stages.

	Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Panchamas.	Muhamadans.	Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.	Others.
Arts colleges { Non-Europeans ...	...	8	...	2	68	22	...
{ Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools { Non-Europeans ...	...	8	...	6	44	42	...
{ Europeans ...	94	2	...	1	1	1	1
Elementary schools ...	...	5	9	10	6	69	1
European primary schools ...	98	2	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges and special schools ...	1	18	2	8	37	33	1

(6)—The number at each stage of instruction in public institutions out of every thousand male scholars belonging to the five main sections of the population.

	Arts colleges for Non-Europeans.	Arts colleges for Europeans.	Secondary schools for Non-Europeans.	Secondary schools for Europeans.	Elementary schools.	European Primary schools.	Professional colleges and special schools.
Europeans and Eurasians ...	8	...	54	725	48	151	14
Indian Christians ...	10	...	157	1	809	...	23
Muhamadans ...	2	...	63	...	929	...	6
Brahmans ...	44	...	433	...	497	...	26
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus ...	2	...	63	...	931	...	4

(7)—Scholars according to the languages studied.

Languages.	1914-15.				1915-16.			
	Public institutions.		Private institutions.		Public institutions.		Private institutions.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
(i) English ...	166,238	23,973	1,929	112	182,722	25,926	2,134	107
Total ...	166,238	23,973	1,929	112	182,722	25,926	2,134	107
(ii) Classical languages—								
French ...	154	290	...	...	139	298	...	...
Latin ...	629	88	...	...	594	83	...	...
Greek ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arabic ...	26,608	9,718	27,876	12,070	29,497	11,447	30,138	13,077
Persian ...	233	42	132	...	268	...	193	...
Sanskrit ...	8,140	228	5,326	505	9,498	746	5,396	470
Total ...	35,764	10,366	33,334	12,575	39,996	12,574	35,727	13,547
(iii) Vernacular languages—								
Tamil ...	514,851	104,499	47,795	2,231	544,052	109,881	45,630	1,870
Telugu ...	388,795	104,396	18,091	2,648	407,510	111,991	16,435	2,705
Malayalam ...	107,978	36,791	5,308	1,887	114,228	39,087	5,231	1,431
Canarese ...	48,053	9,648	709	122	49,357	10,967	745	85
Hindustani ...	33,555	15,727	3,603	1,451	33,393	15,894	4,072	1,858
Uriya ...	42,507	3,852	1,276	57	48,297	3,939	955	30
Tulu ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Marathi ...	67	34	46	25	2	...	28	24
Konkani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,185,806	274,947	76,828	7,921	1,191,839	291,739	73,096	8,003

(8)—Number of scholars unprotected from small-pox.

Institutions.	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Collegiate, Non-Europeans ...	...	...	...	...
Do. Europeans ...	...	...	...	...
Oriental colleges ...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools, Non-Europeans ...	149	7	76	23
Do. Europeans ...	1	5	...	4
Elementary schools ...	3,356	1,372	2,920	931
European primary schools ...	1	...	1	2
Special schools, Non-Europeans ...	...	...	2	1
Total ...	3,507	1,384	2,999	961

(9)—Number of aided and unaided institutions under mission and non-mission agencies.

Classes of institutions.	Aided				Unaided			
	Mission.		Non-mission.		Mission.		Non-mission.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Arts colleges for men (for Non-Europeans)	12	4,120	9	2,243	...	...	2	316
Arts colleges for men (for Europeans)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arts colleges for women (for Non-Europeans)	1	15	...	...	1	40	...	...
Arts colleges for women (for Europeans)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oriental Colleges ...	...	...	6	118	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys ...	97	41,401	137	58,153	3	530	12	3,920
for Non-Europeans for girls ...	33	5,389	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools for boys ...	4,341	160,811	12,998	516,296	454	11,097	3,610	100,572
for Non-Europeans for girls ...	523	43,879	306	22,152	28	1,304	89	4,126
High schools for boys ...	6	864	5	602	...	...	...	...
Europeans for girls ...	11	1,230	2	249	...	...	...	...
Middle schools for boys ...	10	1,387	7	491	...	...	...	...
Europeans for girls ...	17	1,469	1	105	...	...	...	...
European primary for boys ...	6	640	9	306	...	...	...	...
schools for girls ...	5	239	3	172	...	...	...	...
Training schools for masters (Non-Europeans)	16	963	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training schools for Non-Europeans	14	425	...	...	...	...	...	...
for mistresses. Europeans	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other special schools for Non-Europeans.	27	1,023	6	656	3	88	26	547
Do. do. for Europeans	1	104	1	25	...	...	...	...
Total, 1915-16 ...	5,121	263,679	13,490	601,568	489	13,059	3,739	109,481
Total, 1914-15 ...	4,915	253,835	12,788	565,438	517	14,135	3,381	97,430

(10)—Relative extent of education in municipal and non-municipal areas during 1915-16.

Classes of institutions.	Municipalities.		Non-municipal areas.	
	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.
Arts colleges for men (for Non-Europeans)	29	8,196	1	84
Do. do. (for Europeans)	...	...	...	...
Do. for women (for Non-Europeans)	3	98	...	...
Do. do. (for Europeans)	...	...	...	...
Oriental Colleges ...	5	94	2	71
Professional Colleges ...	6	1,471	1	111
Secondary schools for Non-Europeans { for boys ...	276	93,306	439	48,883
{ for girls ...	36	8,061	7	851
High schools for Europeans ... { for boys ...	12	1,743	...	...
{ for girls ...	11	1,321	3	303
Middle schools for Europeans ... { for boys ...	8	998	9	880
{ for girls ...	15	1,388	3	188
Elementary schools ... { for boys ...	1,937	140,483	30,307	1,166,507
{ for girls ...	469	50,384	1,279	81,359
European primary schools ... { for boys ...	10	817	5	129
{ for girls ...	5	289	3	122
Training schools { for masters (for Non-Europeans)	50	2,786	49	1,586
{ for mistresses Do. ...	19	667	4	78
Do. do. (for Europeans)	1	20	...	...
Other special schools (for Non-Europeans)	57	3,220	20	538
Do. do. (for Europeans)	2	129	...	...
Total 1915-16 ...	2,951	313,471	32,132	1,301,688
Total, 1914-15 ...	2,791	288,147	31,042	1,254,808

(11).—Statement showing the number of schools and scholars (public and private) in municipalities on the 31st March 1916.

Number.	Municipalities.	Population as per census of 1911.			Colleges and Secondary schools.			Elementary schools.			Schools for Europeans, special and private schools.			Total.	
		Males.	Females.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.
1	Berhampur	15,331	16,125	3	1,176	32	27	1,347	515	3	108	33	2,631	547	
2	Chitacole	8,246	9,606	1	805	2	18	936	420	2	62	21	1,803	432	
3	Parlakimedi	8,638	9,732	3	977	...	16	945	478	1	34	20	1,956	478	
4	Vizagapatam	21,465	21,948	5	2,049	172	40	2,165	1,044	7	410	52	4,624	1,266	
5	Bimlipatam	4,348	4,966	1	138	5	10	501	181	1	1	12	651	186	
6	Anakpalle	10,165	10,460	1	342	1	14	888	...	3	45	18	1,225	249	
7	Vizianagaram	17,897	19,653	3	1,642	...	41	2,097	955	2	111	46	3,850	955	
8	Cocanada	28,629	27,481	3	1,864	32	49	2,696	1,276	6	119	58	4,679	1,415	
9	Rajahmundry	23,761	24,656	7	2,494	57	54	2,871	1,324	16	560	77	5,425	1,551	
10	Peddapuram	7,419	8,017	1	668	8	12	392	312	1	21	14	1,081	320	
11	Ellore	18,302	19,517	2	1,169	...	38	1,751	1,224	3	93	43	3,003	1,229	
12	Masulipatam	20,536	21,587	3	2,495	17	47	1,626	1,227	14	573	64	4,634	1,392	
13	Bezavada	17,026	15,841	2	1,539	10	36	1,225	791	3	29	41	2,793	940	
14	Guntur	20,826	19,703	4	2,266	78	43	1,774	1,560	9	254	56	4,294	1,672	
15	Ongole	6,577	6,709	2	573	...	22	1,060	606	2	65	23	1,698	493	
16	Tenali	9,320	8,875	2	778	5	21	859	588	6	84	29	1,639	352	
17	Narasaraopet	4,423	4,320	1	197	...	8	264	88	2	30	11	491	228	
18	Kurnool	12,766	13,274	2	960	1	21	1,453	552	5	92	16	2,535	569	
19	Nandyal	8,165	8,065	1	348	...	19	842	350	5	111	25	1,301	350	
20	Bellary	18,474	16,482	3	893	...	43	1,463	866	7	261	53	2,617	1,107	
21	Adoni	16,080	15,565	1	194	...	17	1,227	309	4	85	22	1,606	309	
22	Hospet	8,408	8,529	1	122	...	8	344	120	...	...	9	466	120	
23	Anantapur	8,401	4,156	1	352	...	13	686	366	2	44	16	1,082	366	
24	Guddapah	8,675	9,132	1	591	20	27	1,200	345	3	10	29	1,801	365	
25	Proddattur	7,988	7,768	1	257	...	18	572	217	1	12	20	841	217	
26	Nellore	16,180	17,068	4	1,694	88	37	1,393	1,195	7	344	48	3,841	1,314	
27	Madras	266,465	282,195	42	16,628	2,015	272	18,478	11,082	107	5,227	421	40,333	15,159	
28	Chingleput	6,010	5,616	2	748	10	16	834	448	3	275	21	1,957	514	
29	Conjeevaram	26,451	27,413	4	1,720	6	33	1,988	1,038	20	430	6	3,838	1,101	
30	Vellore	23,831	25,915	3	1,358	...	33	2,407	1,064	20	802	56	4,667	1,285	
31	Gudiyattam	11,386	12,004	...	...	...	15	958	196	6	224	21	1,182	196	
32	Walajanager	4,772	5,190	1	387	...	8	475	292	4	120	13	932	292	
33	Trivanamalai	10,621	10,623	2	520	13	16	1,194	464	7	128	25	1,842	508	
34	Vaniyambadi	9,205	11,201	1	410	...	18	1,231	478	6	305	25	1,946	443	
35	Tirupattur	5,136	5,834	2	276	...	13	809	433	6	280	20	1,365	433	
36	Tirupattur	8,239	8,462	2	572	...	7	456	246	8	276	17	1,334	263	
37	Cuddalore	28,012	28,562	5	1,765	3	42	2,212	1,300	8	208	55	4,185	1,353	
38	Chidambaram	10,279	11,048	3	684	...	19	1,124	573	9	165	31	1,873	582	
39	Tanjore	28,777	31,564	6	2,864	136	43	2,349	1,459	20	720	69	5,733	1,763	

40	Kumbakonam	33,320	5	2,657	9	50	1,393	7	257	...	62	5,693	1,402
41	Mannargudi	10,555	3	1,566	8	19	438	3	15	...	25	2,523	446
42	Negapatam	29,895	2	1,680	11	31	1,319	21	934	301	54	4,261	1,631
43	Mayavaram	13,264	2	1,464	22	30	804	8	129	10	29	3,002	886
44	Tiruvallur	7,938	1	828	...	16	959	12	257	70	29	2,044	332
45	Trichinopoly	61,952	12	6,221	780	78	4,512	23	807	517	113	11,540	3,509
46	Srirangam	13,116	1	659	...	16	788	4	138	...	24	1,585	440
47	Karur ...	8,919	1	644	...	15	870	4	669	17	20	1,595	686
48	Madura	67,031	8	5,849	157	61	4,092	34	742	206	103	10,183	2,530
49	Kodakānal	1,256	...	...	...	4	143	1	30	19	5	173	60
50	Dindigul	12,720	2	595	...	16	1,566	692	249	44	29	2,400	736
51	Palni	6,399	1	101	...	11	687	213	...	...	12	788	213
52	Periyakulam	8,817	1	526	...	18	795	199	57	84	18	1,808	283
53	Sivilliputtur	14,735	2	969	12	21	1,026	502	75	35	27	2,070	514
54	Virudupatti	10,645	1	848	2	16	758	406	216	443	70	1,822	473
55	Tinnevely	21,246	4	1,811	5	48	2,041	902	191	191	20	4,288	1,098
56	Palamcottah	21,231	6	1,615	305	26	1,173	949	1,343	414	32	4,131	1,659
57	Tuticorin	20,320	4	1,481	...	22	1,269	1,104	288	71	68	3,018	1,175
58	Coimbatore	23,399	8	1,914	366	51	3,263	1,546	323	155	67	5,600	2,087
59	Erode	8,402	2	974	4	20	1,278	646	14	101	24	2,267	751
60	Dharpuram	8,612	6	454	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	454	6
61	Salem	29,232	3	1,277	6	63	3,298	1,003	75	30	69	4,650	1,639
62	Ootacamund	8,874	2	203	100	17	989	558	471	321	28	1,663	979
63	Coonoor	5,182	1	210	...	9	500	388	221	232	17	631	620
64	Calicut	37,737	8	2,476	382	42	2,315	1,376	1,354	315	72	7,175	2,073
65	Cochin	9,259	1	795	...	12	894	452	74	188	15	1,763	620
66	Palghat	22,543	8	2,195	52	33	1,985	1,140	162	135	47	4,342	1,327
67	Tellicherry	14,275	5	1,346	290	27	1,561	1,104	984	303	48	3,891	1,697
68	Cannanore	14,241	3	634	192	25	1,509	629	1,051	581	60	3,194	1,402
69	Mangalore	25,129	14	3,515	989	28	2,227	1,126	108	70	46	5,850	2,185
Grand total		1,352,370	243	99,170	6,357	2,054	114,578	61,352	23,630	8,384	2,951	237,378	76,093

(12)—General statistics of receipts and charges.

1914-15.			1915-16.									
Heads of expenditure.	Provin- cial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.	Provin- cial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
DIRECT EXPENDITURE.												
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.												
Arts colleges	Government	...	...	1,29,212	1,853	3,47,430	...	...	...	1,19,855	2,889	3,87,171
	Municipal Board	...	...	40,897	154	54,965	...	...	34,205	37,143	234	71,582
	Local Board	...	6,452	32	...	6,484	...	8,387	...	38	...	8,425
	Aided	...	...	5,45,285	1,41,603	7,78,288	...	...	...	5,74,638	1,16,426	7,87,223
	Unaided	...	...	21,762	13,418	35,180	...	...	...	27,463	31,050	58,513
Total Arts Colleges												
Professional Colleges	Government	...	...	7,37,188	1,57,028	12,21,747	...	8,387	34,205	7,59,137	1,50,599	13,12,914
	Local Board	...	...	1,14,211	1,967	2,77,820	...	...	...	1,41,751	2,166	5,48,964
Total University Education												
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.												
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.												
Boys.												
Non-European	Government	...	...	30,902	1,279	86,166	...	...	...	32,685	1,523	88,378
	Municipal Board	...	...	1,88,844	1,038	2,68,720	...	...	24,002	2,17,066	1,936	2,72,992
	Local Board	...	...	2,62,200	2,957	3,22,577	...	80,065	...	2,73,916	4,569	3,60,888
	Aided	...	...	18,74,291	4,37,538	25,89,155	...	2,500	...	20,02,438	5,19,206	27,40,575
	Unaided	...	...	63,371	25,851	89,222	...	...	...	74,321	31,334	1,05,655
Total Non-European Secondary Schools												
Europeans	Government	...	...	24,19,608	4,68,763	33,05,840	...	82,595	24,002	26,07,446	5,48,598	35,09,438
	Local Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	...	37,220	74,850	1,86,127	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	10,488	81,147	1,39,235	...	...	...	10,581	77,581	1,82,239
Total European Secondary Schools												
Total Secondary Schools—Boys												
Non-European	Government	...	...	40,081	87,403	2,47,154	...	1,20,401	...	42,461	90,871	2,53,733
	Local Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Non-European Secondary—Girls												
Europeans	Government	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Local Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total European Secondary—Girls												
Total, European Secondary—Girls												
Total, Secondary Schools—Girls												
Total Secondary Schools												
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.												
Boys.												
Non-European	Government	...	...	3,912	13	1,30,348	...	1,23,799	...	3,978	288	1,27,777
	Municipal Board	...	...	8,465	183	2,86,762	...	...	29,943	8,149	288	3,03,390
	Local Board	...	...	1,02,298	3,086	20,67,602	...	20,75,669	...	1,00,338	2,765	21,78,972
	Aided	...	...	4,49,593	6,76,617	26,36,089	...	14,27,800	43,652	4,74,186	7,30,612	26,76,152
	Unaided	...	...	1,08,964	87,514	1,96,478	...	...	...	1,20,884	41,884	2,12,818
Total Non-European, Boys												
Europeans	Government	...	...	6,73,232	7,67,413	53,17,279	...	15,51,599	3,38,495	7,07,785	8,25,559	54,99,109
	Local Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total European, Boys												
Total, Elementary, Boys												
Non-European	Government	...	...	5,235	541	2,35,808	...	2,37,223	...	5,266	577	2,43,065
	Municipal Board	...	...	154	202	23,897	...	...	26,737	183	223	27,208
	Local Board	...	...	360	287	1,76,621	...	1,92,498	...	532	399	1,93,429
	Aided	...	...	31,142	2,59,078	5,19,523	...	2,09,138	13,106	34,437	2,77,694	5,34,375
	Unaided	...	...	346	21,901	22,247	...	...	...	820	23,142	23,962
Total Non-European—Girls												
Europeans	Government	...	...	37,237	2,89,009	9,78,099	...	4,46,361	39,903	41,238	3,02,095	10,22,035
	Local Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Board	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total European Primary Schools—Aided												
Total, Elementary Girls												
Total, Elementary schools												
Total, School Education—General												

20.17
22.68
3.78
46.63

(12)—General statistics of receipts and charges—continued.

1914-15.														1915-16.													
		Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.			Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.												
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.												
SCHOOL EDUCATION—SPECIAL.																											
TRAINING SCHOOLS.																											
Masters.																											
Non-Europeans	Government	4,73,783	1,577	2,280	...	675	4,78,215	4,04,632	12,576	3,834	40	1,044	4,22,126														
	Local	75,491	86	50	...	58	91,036	87,147	84,280	60	...	3	84,343														
	Aided	...	...	...	155	48,966	1,24,648	87,147	656	84	1,285	44,302	1,33,474														
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	2,434	2,434	...	...	...	...	...	...														
	Total	5,49,274	92,541	2,330	155	52,033	6,06,333	4,91,779	97,512	3,978	1,325	45,349	6,39,943														
Europeans	Aided	880	...	...	...	...	880	2,720	...	...	...	45,349	2,720														
Total, Training Masters		5,50,154	92,541	2,330	155	52,033	6,07,213	4,94,499	97,512	3,978	1,325	45,349	6,42,663														
Mistresses.																											
Non-Europeans	Government	93,162	...	...	80	25	93,267	1,00,336	...	...	120	149	1,00,605														
	Local	45,132	...	...	210	37,877	82,719	47,199	...	...	328	31,226	78,753														
	Aided	...	...	...	290	37,402	1,75,986	1,47,535	...	...	448	31,375	1,79,358														
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
	Total	1,38,294	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Europeans	Aided	8,424	...	...	445	2,943	11,812	8,981	...	...	295	3,581	12,857														
Total, Training Mistresses		1,46,718	...	...	735	40,345	1,87,798	1,56,516	...	...	743	34,956	1,92,215														
Total, Training Schools		6,96,872	92,541	2,330	890	92,378	8,85,011	6,51,015	97,512	3,978	2,068	80,305	8,84,878														
OTHER SPECIAL SCHOOLS.																											
Non-Europeans	Government	91,470	...	310	4,775	12,956	1,09,501	2,68,879	...	300	8,998	26,033	3,04,210														
	Municipal	...	...	1,283	...	...	1,283	...	...	1,124	...	...	1,124														
	Local	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
	Aided	300	...	...	1,200	27	1,527	32,625	...	...	3,331	2,43,980	2,79,91														
	Un-aided	...	...	...	10,406	5,107	15,513	...	...	...	8,612	5,411	14,023														
Total		91,770	...	1,583	16,381	18,090	1,27,824	3,01,504	...	1,424	20,841	2,75,404	5,99,273														

Europeans	{ Government ... Aided	14,807	...	...	2,177	...	317	14,807	25,579	...	...	92	...	3,442	25,579
		2,720	...	...	...	...	...	5,214	3,300	...	...	...	...	...	6,834
		17,527	...	...	2,177	...	317	20,021	28,879	...	...	92	...	3,442	32,413
		1,09,297	...	1,583	18,558	18,407	1,47,845	3,30,383	...	...	1,424	21,033	2,78,846	6,31,686	
		8,06,169	92,541	3,913	19,448	1,10,785	10,32,853	9,81,398	97,512	...	5,402	23,101	3,59,151	14,66,564	
Total, School Education—Special		39,85,994	22,95,626	4,40,826	41,35,917	21,83,253	1,30,41,616	44,43,524	(a)	24,56,663	(b)	(c)	25,68,334	(d)	1,43,29,298
Total, Direct Expenditure															
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE.															
University	{ Direction and Inspection ... Scholarships ... Building and Special grants ... Miscellaneous	98,460	...	...	2,19,269	37,873	3,55,602	85,480	...	...	2,02,918	38,355	3,26,753		
		9,31,851	...	...	...	...	9,31,851	9,37,462	...	...	...	...	9,37,462		
		1,32,692	401	60	...	42,459	1,75,702	1,85,325	729	...	...	66,836	2,52,890		
		13,09,903	6,11,845	4,09,636	...	6,35,595	29,66,979	9,87,254	5,55,880	4,19,010	...	7,80,016	27,41,660		
		1,66,971	11,643	...	7,80,997	9,21,633	18,81,244	1,83,343	17,323	3,867	8,76,754	9,83,618	20,64,405		
Total Indirect Expenditure		26,39,877	6,23,979	4,09,696	10,00,266	16,37,560	63,11,378	23,78,864	(e)	5,73,432	(f)	(g)	18,68,825	(h)	63,23,170
Grand Total		66,25,871	29,19,605	8,50,522	51,36,183	38,20,813	1,93,52,994	68,22,388	30,30,095	8,64,381	54,02,842	44,82,759	2,06,52,468		
(a) Includes non-departmental Rs. 4,97,807															
(b) Do. do. 45,261															
(c) Do. do. 2,58,294															
(d) Do. do. 8,01,362															

(13)—Statement showing percentages of expenditure under each head to total expenditure on public schools.

Heads of expenditure.	1914-15.						
	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Percentage to total expenditure.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges	3,07,815	6,452	13,314	7,37,138	1,57,028	12,21,747	6.47
Professional colleges	2,07,115	...	...	68,738	1,967	2,77,820	1.47
Schools, general	27,10,368	21,96,633	4,23,599	32,65,120	19,13,473	1,05,09,193	55.68
Schools, special	8,06,169	82,541	3,913	19,448	1,10,785	10,32,856	5.47
General or indirect charges	26,39,877	6,23,979	4,09,896	7,86,161	13,75,318	58,35,031	30.91
Total ...	66,71,344	29,19,605	8,50,522	48,76,605	35,58,571	1,88,76,647	100.00
Percentage to total expenditure ...	35.34	15.47	4.51	25.83	18.85	100.00	..
Heads of expenditure.	1915-16.						
	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Percentage to total expenditure.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges	3,60,586	8,387	34,205	7,59,137	1,50,599	13,12,914	6.51
Professional colleges	4,37,801	...	...	1,08,997	2,166	5,48,964	2.72
Schools, general	26,96,493	23,50,764	4,02,400	34,99,181	20,52,018	1,10,00,856	54.57
Schools, special	9,81,398	97,512	5,402	23,101	3,59,151	14,66,564	7.28
General or indirect charges	23,78,864	5,73,432	4,22,377	8,65,818	15,90,816	58,31,307	28.92
Total ...	68,55,142	30,30,095	8,64,384	52,56,234	41,54,750	2,01,60,605	100.00
Percentage to total expenditure ...	34.00	15.03	4.29	26.07	20.61	100.00	...

(14)—Abstract of direct expenditure from public funds in public institutions.

Institutions.	1914-15.			1915-16.		
	Pro-vincial.	Local.	Municipal.	Pro-vincial.	Local.	Municipal.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Government	15,91,413	1,577	2,580	19,72,666	12,576	4,184
Board	18,057	22,92,992	3,77,083	32,226	24,40,929	3,81,131
Aided	24,21,997	1,057	61,163	24,83,632	3,158	56,742
Total ...	40,31,467	22,95,626	4,40,826	44,43,524	24,56,663	4,42,007

(15)—Provincial charges and receipts.

Charges and receipts.		1914-15.	1915-16.
Charges.		RS.	RS.
University	...	98,460	85,480
Direction	...	96,278	90,545
Inspection	...	8,35,573	8,46,917
Government colleges and schools ...	{ General	8,53,627	9,03,037
	{ Special	9,64,690	(a) 13,79,889
Scholarships in colleges and schools	{ General	1,21,675	1,28,938
	{ Special	11,017	(b) 56,387
Grants-in-aid to { schools under private management ...	...	32,06,682	(c) 29,93,192
	{ schools under municipal management ...	1,72,911	1,81,457
	{ schools under local boards ...	14,38,581	15,76,745
Registration of books	...	6,720	6,032
Purchase and collection of oriental manuscripts ...	...	7,794	16,027
Refunds and miscellaneous charges	...	13,605	23,111
Government educational buildings	...	6,52,447	(d) 5,63,269
Total charges ...	...	84,79,970	(e) 88,51,026
Receipts.			
Fees in colleges and schools (general and special) credited to Government	...	2,93,334	(f) 3,18,692
Income on endowments credited to Government	...	2,564	3,117
Departmental examination fees	...	12,088	12,416
Contribution from municipal funds	...	300	300
Miscellaneous receipts	...	17,398	(g) 31,137
Total receipts ...	...	3,25,684	(h) 3,65,662
Net expenditure ...	...	81,54,286	84,85,364
(a) Includes non-departmental Rs.	5,11,761	(f) Includes non-departmental Rs.	36,686
(b) Do. do.	41,585	(g) Do. do.	16,645
(c) Do. do.	43,580		
(d) Do. do.	1,88,343	(h) Do. do.	53,331
(e) Do. do.	7,85,269		

(16)—General statistics of receipts and charges of municipal boards.

	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on 31st March 1916.	Provincial funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees and other sources.	Total.
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Colleges	3	375	...	34,205	37,377	71,582
Secondary schools	23	9,388	29,998	24,002	2,18,992	2,72,992
Elementary schools	522	46,266	...	3,21,740	8,853	3,30,593
Technical schools (drawing classes)	5	96	...	1,124	...	1,124
Buildings	...	...	...	4,19,010	...	4,19,010
Stipends and scholarships	...	...	...	4,278	...	4,278
Teaching grants to aided [for boys	...	...	...	43,552	...	43,552
elementary schools. [for girls	...	...	...	13,106	...	13,106
Expenditure on Hostels	...	...	...	3,367	...	3,367
Total ...	...	...	29,998	8,64,384	2,65,222	11,59,604

(17)—General statistics of receipts and charges of local boards.

	Number of Schools.	Number of scholars on 31st March 1916.	Provincial funds.	District funds.	Fees and other sources.	Total.
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges (oriental)	1	47	...	8,387	38	8,425
Secondary schools	62	15,471	2,228	80,095	2,78,515	3,60,838
Elementary schools	6,510	3,86,082	...	22,68,167	1,04,234	28,72,401
Sessional schools	42	830	...	84,280	63	84,343
Sanskrit schools	5	112	...	2,479	14	2,493
Buildings	...	...	...	5,55,380	7,904	5,63,284
Stipends and scholarships	...	...	...	13,961	...	13,961
Contribution to aided schools	...	...	...	6,830	...	6,830
Expenditure on Hostels	...	...	...	10,516	...	10,516
Total ...	...	...	2,228	30,30,095	3,90,768	34,23,091

(18)—Distribution of direct expenditure among the different classes of institutions.

Classes of institutions.	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions, endowments and other sources.	Total.
<i>Government.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Colleges	2,64,427	...	...	1,19,855	2,889	3,87,171
General ...	4,37,801	...	...	1,08,997	2,166	5,48,964
Professional ...	55,170	...	...	32,685	1,523	89,378
for boys ...	25,519	...	...	...	...	25,519
for girls ...	50,785	...	...	5,999	75	56,859
Non-Europeans ...	11,270	...	...	...	...	11,270
Europeans ...	1,23,799	...	...	3,978	...	1,27,777
for boys ...	2,37,223	...	...	5,266	577	2,43,066
for girls ...	5,04,368	12,576	3,834	160	1,193	5,22,731
Do. ...	2,68,879	...	300	8,998	26,033	3,04,210
Non-Europeans ...	25,579	...	...	...	...	25,579
Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	19,43,052	12,576	4,134	2,85,938	34,456	22,80,156
Non-Europeans ...	62,368	...	...	...	...	62,368
Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Board.</i>						
Colleges, general	...	8,387	34,205	37,161	234	80,007
for boys ...	32,226	80,095	24,002	4,91,002	6,505	6,33,830
for girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary	...	20,75,669	2,94,943	1,08,687	3,063	24,82,362
for boys ...	...	1,92,498	26,797	715	622	2,20,632
for girls ...	...	84,280	60	...	3	84,343
Training schools	...	...	1,124	...	...	1,124
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	32,226	24,40,929	3,81,131	6,37,585	10,427	35,02,298
<i>Aided.</i>						
Colleges, general	96,159	...	...	5,74,638	1,16,426	7,87,223
Non-Europeans ...	2,19,431	2,500	...	20,09,438	5,09,206	27,40,575
Europeans ...	1,20,863	...	...	43,453	1,39,336	3,08,652
Secondary	69,616	...	...	36,462	90,796	1,96,874
for boys ...	94,015	...	...	43,662	1,17,645	2,55,322
for girls ...	14,27,800	2	43,552	4,74,186	7,30,612	26,76,152
Non-Europeans ...	13,648	...	...	6,216	20,421	40,285
Europeans ...	2,09,138	...	13,106	34,437	2,77,694	5,34,375
for boys ...	5,990	...	...	1,920	7,583	15,493
for girls ...	1,34,346	656	84	1,613	75,528	2,12,227
Training schools	11,701	...	...	295	3,581	15,577
Non-Europeans ...	3,331	...	...	2,43,960	2,79,916	3,04,210
Europeans ...	3,300	...	...	92	3,442	6,834
Total ...	21,89,115	3,158	56,742	31,34,105	20,44,222	74,27,342
Non-Europeans ...	2,49,517	...	...	1,00,638	2,92,008	6,42,163
Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Unaided.</i>						
Colleges, general	...	...	...	27,463	31,050	58,513
Non-Europeans ...	...	...	...	74,321	31,334	1,05,655
Do. ...	...	...	...	1,20,934	91,884	2,12,818
Secondary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
for boys ...	...	...	...	820	23,142	23,962
for girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary	...	...	...	...	...	...
for boys ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
for girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training schools	...	...	...	8,612	5,411	14,023
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Non-Europeans	...	...	...	2,32,150	1,82,821	4,14,971

(19)—Expenditure on Educational property during 1915-16.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
<i>Ganjam.</i>	<i>Government.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	<i>Kistna-cont.</i>	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
	Government Girls' School, Berhampore.	423	...	...		C.B.M. Sharkey Memorial School.	2,300	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Tekkali.	1,457	...	...		Aided total ...	2,300	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Chatrapur.	1,351	...	...		Total for the district ...	2,333	...	...
	Educational offices in the district.	78	...	...					
	Government total ...	3,304	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Total for the district ...	3,304	...	...		Government Girls' School, Ongole.	1,067	...	...
<i>Vizagapatam.</i>	<i>Government.</i>				<i>Guntur.</i>	Government Girls' School, Tenali.	634	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Anakapalle.	157	...	...		Government Girls' School, Vinukonda.	177	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Kassimkota.	-10	...	...		Government Training School, Ongole.	809	...	...
	Educational offices in the district.	556	...	...		Government total ...	2,687	...	...
	Government total ...	703	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Aided.					George Coronation Secondary School, Tirumella.	3,500	...	...
	C.B.M. High School, Vizagapatam.	7,585	...	...		Town High School, Guntur.	1,870	...	...
	Aided total ...	7,585	...	...		Elementary School ...	830	...	...
	Total for the district ...	8,288	...	...		Aided total ...	6,200	...	...
<i>Godavari.</i>	<i>Government.</i>				<i>Kurnool.</i>	Total for the district ...	8,887	...	...
	Government Arts College, Rajahmundry.	1,940	144	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Government Secondary School, Bhadrachalam.	1,695	...	...		Municipal High School, Kurnool.	8	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Amalapur.	47	...	...		Government Girls' School, Nandyal.	12	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Venkatapuram.	-95	...	...		Government Girls' School, Kurnool.	4	...	...
	Government Training School, Rajahmundry.	7,186	...	...		Government Girls' School, Pattikonda.	4	...	...
	Government total ...	10,773	144	...		Government Training School, Kurnool.	42	...	...
	Aided.					Government total ...	70	...	...
	A.E.L.M. School, Pedddapur ...	732	...	...		Total for the district ...	70	...	...
	Elementary School, Ramachandrapur.	500	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Aided total ...	1,232	...	...	<i>Bellary.</i>	Municipal High School, Bellary.	1,299	...	...
	Total for the district ...	12,005	144	...		Government Girls' School, Hospet.	120	...	...
<i>Kistna.</i>	<i>Government.</i>					Government Girls' School, Cowl Pazar.	1,175	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Gudivada.	33	...	...		Government Girls' School, Rayadurg.	1,053	...	...
	Government total ...	33	...	...		Government Training School, Bellary.	-5	...	...
						Government total ...	3,642	...	...

(19)—Expenditure on Educational property during 1915-16—continued.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
Bellary—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	Madras.	<i>Government.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
	St. Joseph's High School, Bellary.	1,120	...	...		Presidency College, Madras	9,972	...	...
	Aided total ...	1,120	...	...		Women's College, Madras	77,013	...	...
Cuddapah.	Total for the district ...	4,762	...	...	Chingleput.	Law College	1,311	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					College of Engineering	4,411	...	...
	Municipal High School, Cuddapah.	9,410	...	...		Government Madrasa-i-azam, Madras.	...	...	...
Anantapur.	Govt. Training School, Royachoti.	9,230	...	...	Chingleput.	Muthialpet and St. Gabriel's High Schools.	2,506	...	3,989
	Flag staffs to Educational buildings.	26	...	...		Muthialpet High School	2,575	...	...
	Government total ...	18,666	...	...		St. Mark's Orphanage	266	...	...
Nellore.	<i>Aided.</i>				Chingleput.	Harris High School	...	...	6
	Elementary School, Anantharajapet.	620	...	...		Government Muhammadan Elementary Schools.	361	...	...
	Aided total ...	620	...	...		Bhavasakib's Elementary School	71	...	...
Nellore.	Total for the district ...	19,286	...	...	Chingleput.	Government Muhammadan Training School, Madras.	92	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					Presidency Training School for Mistresses Egmore.	3,349	...	...
	Municipal High School, Anantapur.	15,578	...	...		Government Hobart School for Mistresses.	887	...	...
Nellore.	Government Hindu Girls' School, Hindupur.	398	...	...	Chingleput.	School of Arts	4,790	...	...
	Government (Muhammadan) Girls' School, Hindupur.	2,081	...	...		Educational offices in the district.	9,471	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Anantapur.	293	...	...	Chingleput.	Government total ...	1,11,475	...	3,995
Nellore.	Government Girls' School, Penukonda.	146	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Government Training School, Anantapur.	110	...	...		Wesley College	...	3,311	...
	Educational offices in the district.	25	...	...		E.L.M. Secondary School, Purasawakam.	874	...	...
Nellore.	Government total ...	18,611	...	...	Chingleput.	Harris High School	4,350	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					S.L.A. Girls' School	13,545	5,000	...
	Government Girls' School, Gudur.	8	...	...		U.F.C.M. Boarding and Training School, Royapuram.	3,200	11,241	...
Nellore.	Government Girls' School, Nellore (Hindu.)	12	...	...	Chingleput.	Muthialpet High School	2,575	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Nellore (Muhammadan.)	170	...	...		Elementary Schools	...	2,315	...
	Educational offices in the district.	142	...	...		Doveton College	241	...	...
Nellore.	Government total ...	332	...	...	Chingleput.	St. Mary's High School	1,087	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					Presentation Convent Middle School, Vepery.	18,320	...	...
	V. R. High School, Nellore	6,000	...	...		Bishop Corries High School	134	...	...
Nellore.	R.V.M. High School, Nellore.	...	853	...	Chingleput.	St. Thome Orphanage	2,815	...	...
	Aided total ...	6,000	853	...		Doveton Girls' High School	519	...	...
	Total for the district ...	6,382	853	...		St. William's School, Royapet.	1,534	...	...
Nellore.	<i>Government.</i>				Chingleput.	Aided total ...	49,194	21,867	...
	College of Engineering (new buildings.)	1,03,467	...	...		Total for the district ...	1,60,669	21,867	3,995
	Teachers' College, Saidapet	14,329	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
Nellore.	Government Training School, Saidapet.	18	...	...	Chingleput.	College of Engineering (new buildings.)	1,03,467	...	...
	Reformatory School, Chingleput.	2,673	...	...		Teachers' College, Saidapet	14,329	...	...
	Educational offices in the district.	379	...	...		Government Training School, Saidapet.	18	...	...
Nellore.	Government total ...	1,20,866	...	...		Reformatory School, Chingleput.	2,673	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					Educational offices in the district.	379	...	...
	V. R. High School, Nellore	6,000	...	...		Government total ...	1,20,866	...	...
Nellore.	R.V.M. High School, Nellore.	...	853	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Aided total ...	6,000	853	...		College of Engineering (new buildings.)	1,03,467	...	...
	Total for the district ...	6,382	853	...		Teachers' College, Saidapet	14,329	...	...

(19)—Expenditure on Educational property during 1915-16—continued.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
Chingleput—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	South Arcot—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
	U.F.C.M. High School, Conjeevaram.	8,430	...	...		Elementary Schools	4,790	...	...
	Hindu High School, Maduran-takam.	9,100	...	...		Aided total ...	4,790	...	...
Chingleput—cont.	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput.	...	12,137	...	South Arcot—cont.	Total for the district ...	14,285	...	...
	Elementary School	60	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	St. Joseph's School, Perambur.	2,600	...	...		Government College, Kumbakonam.	2,815	2,000	...
Chingleput—cont.	St. Patrick's Orphanage, Adyar.	18,124	...	...	South Arcot—cont.	Board High School, Tiruvalur.	16,476	...	...
	Aided total ...	38,314	12,137	...		Government Girls' School, Mayavaram.	2,510	...	...
	Total for the district ...	1,59,180	12,137	...		Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam.	65	...	...
Chittoor.	<i>Government.</i>				Tanjore.	Government Girls' School, Pattukkottai.	357	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Kalahasti.	2,593	...	...		Government Girls' School, Karanthattangudi.	235	...	...
	Government total ...	2,593	...	...		Government Training School, Tanjore.	11	...	...
Chittoor.	<i>Aided.</i>				Tanjore.	Educational Offices in the district.	272	...	...
	A.A.M. Hindu Girls' School, Madanapalle.	6,335	...	...		Government total ...	29,741	2,000	...
	Aided total ...	6,335	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
Chittoor.	Total for the district ...	8,928	...	...	Tanjore.	Findlay College, Mannargudi	1,575	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					High School, Tirukattupalli	15,097	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Vellore.	288	...	...		Aided total ...	16,672	...	...
Chittoor.	Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai.	183	...	...	Tanjore.	Total for the district ...	46,413	2,000	...
	Local Fund School, Arni	103	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Government Training School, Ranipet.	64	...	...		Educational Offices in the district.	97	...	...
North Arcot.	Government total ...	638	...	...	Trichinopoly.	Government total ...	97	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					<i>Aided.</i>			
	Danish Mission School, Tiruvannamalai.	2,700	...	...		S.P.G. School, Trichinopoly	7,876	...	...
North Arcot.	Elementary Schools	3,070	...	...	Trichinopoly.	Do. Woraiyur	1,093	...	...
	Aided total ...	5,770	...	...		R.C. Fort School, Trichinopoly.	9,157	...	...
	Total for the district ...	6,408	...	...		St. John's Vestry School, Trichinopoly.	777	...	...
North Arcot.	<i>Government.</i>				Trichinopoly.	Aided total ...	18,903	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Vridhachalam.	6,831	...	...		Total for the district ...	19,000	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Villupuram.	1,186	...	...	Madura.	<i>Government.</i>			
North Arcot.	Government Girls' School, Kallakurichi.	18	...	...		Government Girls' School, Madura.	27,052	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Tirukoilur.	759	...	...		Government Girls' School, Dindigul.	243	...	...
	Government Training School, Villupuram.	437	...	...	Madura.	Educational Offices in the district.	14,660	...	...
North Arcot.	Educational offices in the district.	103	...	...		Government total ...	12,149	...	...
	Flags for the Educational buildings.	161	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Government total ...	9,495	...	...		A.M. College, Madura	25,000	778	...
North Arcot.	<i>Government.</i>				Madura.	Elementary Schools	565	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Vridhachalam.	6,831	...	...		Aided total ...	25,565	778	...
	Government Girls' School, Villupuram.	1,186	...	...		Total for the district ...	13,416	778	...

(19)—Expenditure on Educational property during 1915-16—continued.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
Rāmān.	Government.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Nilgiris.	Government.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	Nil	...	...	...		Municipal Secondary School, Ootacamund.	1,728	...	...
	Aided.	...	...	...		Breek's Memorial School, Ootacamund.	5	7,000	...
	Raja's School, Sivaganga	6,100	...	...		Government total ...	1,733	7,000	...
Tinnevely.	Elementary School ...	100	...	...	Malabar.	Aided.	...	...	...
	Aided total ...	6,200	...	...		Nazareth Convent School, Ootacamund.	1,200	...	...
	Total for the district ...	6,200	...	...		St. Joseph's Boarding School, Coonoor.	2,275	...	...
	Government.	...	...	...		Aided total ...	3,475	...	...
Tinnevely.	Government Training School, Tinnevely.	480	...	...	Malabar.	Total for the district ...	5,208	7,000	...
	Government total ...	480	...	...		Government.	...	...	...
	Aided.	...	...	...		Victoria College, Palghat	...	2,841	...
	Hindu High School, Amba-samudram.	2,315	...	...		Government Girls' School, Cannanore.	18,012	...	...
Coimbatore.	Coronation Secondary School, Srivaikuntam.	300	...	...	South Canara.	Government Girls' School, Talakad.	3,088	...	...
	Hindu incomplete Secondary School, Alwarthirunagari.	3,000	...	...		Government Girls' School, Vatakantara.	2,565	...	...
	George Secondary School, Kalladatruchi.	10,869	...	...		Government Girls' School, Puttur.	47	...	...
	Elementary Schools ...	852	...	...		Government Training School, Calicut.	730	98	...
Salem.	Aided total ...	17,336	...	...	South Canara.	Government Training School, Malapuram.	— 21	781	...
	Total for the district ...	17,816	...	...		School of Commerce, Calicut...	— 1	...	...
	Government.	...	...	...		Government total ...	24,420	3,720	...
	Educational Offices in the District.	363	...	...		Aided.	...	...	...
Coimbatore.	Flags for Educational buildings.	78	...	...	South Canara.	St. Joseph's Girls' School, Calicut.	8,240	...	...
	Government total ...	441	...	...		St. Michael's School, Cannanore.	219	...	...
	Aided.	...	...	...		Aided total ...	8,459	...	...
	St. Michael's High School, Coimbatore.	4,150	...	...		Total for the district ...	32,879	3,720	...
Salem.	St. Joseph's Convent Girls' School, Coimbatore.	8,795	...	...	South Canara.	Government College, Mangalore	7,800	...	...
	Aided total ...	12,945	...	...		Board Elementary School, Kasaragode.	471	...	...
	Total for the district ...	13,386	...	...		Government Training School, Mangalore.	71	...	...
	Government.	...	...	...		Educational offices in the district.	161	...	...
Salem.	Board Secondary School, Krishnagiri.	167	...	...	South Canara.	Flags for Educational buildings.	118	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Salem.	132	...	...		Government total ...	8,621	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Dharmapuri.	357	...	...		Aided.	...	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Attur.	99	...	...		Ganapathy Secondary School, Mangalore.	10,304	...	...
Salem.	Flags for Educational buildings.	40	...	...	South Canara.	Canara High School, Mangalore.	4,218	...	...
	Government total ...	795	...	...		St. Aloysius College, Mangalore.	...	312	...
	Aided.	...	...	...		Aided total ...	14,522	318	...
	London Mission High School, Salem.	3,900	...	...		Total for the district ...	23,143	318	...
Salem.	Aided total ...	3,900	...	...	South Canara.	Government total for the Presidency.	3,58,067	12,864	3,995
	Total for the district ...	4,695	...	...		Aided total for the Presidency.	2,57,437	35,953	...
						Grand total for the Presidency.	6,15,504	48,817	3,995
						Institutions under the control of other departments.	1,92,546	...	...
Salem.					South Canara.	Total ...	8,08,050	48,817	3,995

(20)—Distribution of expenditure from provincial, local and municipal funds on secondary, elementary and primary schools for the past two years.

Expenditure from	Schools.	1914-15.	1915-16.
		RS.	RS.
Provincial funds.	Secondary boys ...	Non-Europeans ... 2,98,268	3,06,827
		Europeans ... 1,45,313	1,46,382
	Secondary girls ...	Non-Europeans ... 1,19,670	1,20,401
		Europeans ... 96,271	1,05,285
	Elementary and primary boys ...	Non-Europeans ... 15,88,336	15,51,599
		Europeans ... 9,706	13,648
Local funds.	Elementary and primary girls ...	Non-Europeans ... 4,46,120	4,46,361
		Europeans ... 6,684	5,990
	Total ...	27,10,368	26,96,493
	Secondary boys ...	Non-Europeans ... 58,420	82,595
	Elementary boys ...	Do. ... 19,62,289	20,75,671
	Do. girls ...	Do. ... 1,75,974	1,92,498
Municipal funds.	Total ...	21,96,633	23,50,764
	Secondary boys ...	Non-Europeans ... 60,781	24,002
	Elementary boys ...	Do. ... 3,26,059	3,38,495
	Do. girls ...	Do. ... 36,759	39,803
	Total ...	4,23,599	4,02,400

(21)—Proportion of expenditure under the various heads of education met from public and private funds.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Public funds.	Private funds.	Public funds.	Private funds.
Collegiate education ...	35.66	64.34	45.16	54.84
Secondary education ...	18.73	81.27	17.76	82.24
Elementary and primary education ...	71.68	28.32	70.92	29.08
Special education ...	87.39	12.61	73.94	26.06
Indirect expenditure ...	53.21	46.79	53.36	46.64
Total expenditure ...	53.95	46.05	52.05	47.95

(22)—Average cost of education in public institutions for general education for boys.

Institutions.	Cost per pupil on the average number on the rolls.					
	Government.		Board.		Aided.	
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
Arts colleges ...	1914-15	Non-Europeans ... 243 14 3	124 7 0	122 7 2		
	1915-16	Non-Europeans ... 293 7 7	178 3 0	119 9 10		
Secondary schools for boys ...	1914-15	Non-Europeans ... 63 3 6	25 15 0	27 1 4		
	1915-16	Non-Europeans ... 60 9 6	25 8 10	27 13 4		
Elementary and primary schools for boys.	1914-15	Non-Europeans ... 13 8 9	6 3 6	4 2 7		
	1915-16	Non-Europeans ... 13 2 10	6 4 3	4 0 1		

Classes of institutions.	Government.						Board.						Native States.					
	Average number on the rolls.		Fees.		Average fee per head.		Average number on the rolls.		Fees.		Average fee per head.		Average number on the rolls.		Fees.		Average fee per head.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
Arts colleges ... { Non-Europeans ... {	1,382	1,277	Rs. 1,29,212	Rs. 1,19,855	Rs. 93.85	Rs. 93.85	489	449	Rs. 40,929	Rs. 37,181	Rs. 82.80	Rs. 82.80	...	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges ... {	1,052	1,506	1,14,211	1,41,751	108.56	94.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys ... {	1,383	1,475	30,902	32,685	22.67	22.15	25,798	24,805	4,61,044	4,91,002	18.78	19.79	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for girls ... {	1,113	1,311	6,007	5,989	4.49	4.57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for boys ... {	1,134	9,687	3,912	3,978	3.40	4.11	375,600	386,312	1,10,763	1,06,687	2.29	2.27	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for girls ... {	28,700	24,266	6,285	5,286	2.22	2.21	26,487	28,986	514	715	1.01	1.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special schools ... {	4,153	4,457	4,855	9,158	1.16	2.05	912	832	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ... {	42,444	43,988	2,93,334	3,18,692	6.91	7.24	429,246	451,484	6,09,250	6,37,585	1.40	1.41	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total ... {	42,804	44,435	2,93,334	3,18,692	6.84	7.17	429,246	451,484	6,09,250	6,37,585	1.40	1.41	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.																		
Unaided and private.																		
Aided.																		
Classes of institutions.																		
Total.																		
Arts colleges ... { Non-Europeans ... {	6,321	6,566	Rs. 5,45,235	Rs. 5,74,638	Rs. 86.25	Rs. 87.51	333	337	Rs. 21,762	Rs. 27,463	Rs. 81.43	Rs. 81.43	8,629	8,629	Rs. 7,37,138	Rs. 7,59,137	Rs. 86.46	Rs. 87.96
Professional colleges ... {	83,755	98,469	18,74,291	20,06,438	22.40	20.40	9,872	10,412	72,454	84,407	8.10	8.10	1,505	1,505	1,14,211	1,41,751	108.56	94.18
Secondary schools for boys ... {	3,232	3,194	35,074	36,462	10.86	11.76	130	203	487	24	3.74	3.74	3,472	3,472	47,708	48,453	13.56	13.96
Secondary schools for girls ... {	2,830	688,199	4,49,533	4,74,188	14.92	14.32	153,169	156,782	3,09,869	3,20,404	2.02	2.04	6,739	6,739	40,558	42,483	13.56	13.96
Elementary and primary schools for boys ... {	60,379	63,684	2,954	2,954	0.48	0.46	7,840	8,203	6,763	5,094	0.86	0.86	1,290,914	1,290,914	8,74,157	9,07,555	6.92	6.80
Elementary and primary schools for girls ... {	1,301	2,825	31,113	34,920	2.39	2.69	713	477	10,406	8,612	14.59	14.59	8,791	8,791	16,826	22,714	2.37	2.58
Special schools ... {	71	133	2,622	3,387	3.66	2.90	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	160	2,622	3,387	36.92	24.2
Total ... {	809,325	844,968	29,33,900	31,34,105	3.66	3.70	172,057	176,514	4,21,774	4,46,004	2.45	2.52	1,516,854	1,516,854	42,55,258	45,36,386	2.95	2.99
Grand total ... {	7,410	7,680	57,584	1,00,638	13.16	13.70	172,057	176,514	4,21,774	4,46,004	2.45	2.52	8,127	8,127	97,584	1,00,638	12.46	12.58
Total.																		

(24)—Proportion of fee income to total direct expenditure.

	1914-15.			1915-16.		
	Total cost.	Fees.	Percentage of fees to cost.	Total cost.	Fees.	Percentage of fees to cost.
Arts colleges ... { Non-Europeans ... {	Rs. 12,21,747	Rs. 7,37,138	60.33	Rs. 13,12,914	Rs. 7,59,137	57.58
Professional colleges ... {	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys ... {	35,19,186	24,28,691	69.01	38,03,762	26,17,532	68.81
Secondary schools for girls ... {	3,49,018	47,708	13.67	3,34,171	48,453	14.50
Elementary and primary schools for boys ... {	2,48,878	40,568	16.30	2,56,334	42,485	16.57
Elementary and primary schools for girls ... {	2,56,562	42,228	16.46	2,66,592	43,662	16.37
Special schools ... {	55,78,187	8,74,167	15.67	57,50,764	9,07,255	15.77
Total ... {	1,28,34,235	42,55,258	33.16	1,41,27,443	45,36,386	32.11
Grand total ... {	6,98,534	97,584	14.07	7,04,531	1,00,638	14.28
Grand total ... {	1,35,27,769	48,52,842	32.18	1,48,31,974	46,37,024	31.26

(25)—Scholarships.

	1914-15.			1915-16.		
	Public funds.	Private funds.	Total.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Total.
Arts colleges ...	Rs. 20,897	Rs. 19,293	Rs. 40,190	Rs. 23,543	Rs. 27,258	Rs. 50,801
Professional colleges ...	6,567	2,709	9,276	23,687	14,336	38,023
Secondary schools ...	77,431	19,640	97,071	83,480	12,789	96,269
Elementary and primary schools ...	23,485	239	23,724	22,464	384	22,848
Special schools ...	4,863	578	5,441	32,880	12,069	44,949
Total ...	1,33,243	42,459	1,75,702	1,86,054	66,836	2,52,890*

* Includes Rs. 64,789 scholarships paid in Medical, Industrial and other schools not under the control of this department.

(26)—Grants-in-aid to institutions under private management.

Year.	Grants from Provincial funds.	Grants from Local funds.	Grants from Municipal funds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1906-07	6,70,261	* 7,09,939	* 1,72,803	15,53,003
1907-08	6,94,215	* 8,11,420	* 1,54,576	16,60,211
1908-09	6,24,858	* 8,62,075	* 1,68,389	16,55,322
1909-10	16,06,400	28,387	1,17,376	17,52,163
1910-11	17,40,549	11,841	1,13,285	18,65,675
1911-12	20,44,109	1,000	91,237	21,36,346
1912-13	25,46,473	1,325	81,675	26,29,473
1913-14	32,31,497	1,044	73,201	33,05,742
1914-15	32,06,682	1,021	61,163	32,68,866
1915-16	29,49,612	2,502	56,658	30,08,772

* Includes the portion of Provincial contribution which was used in paying grants.

(27)—Grants-in-aid from Provincial funds

Grants from Provincial funds.	1914-15.	1915-16.
(i) Grants to institutions under private management.	RS.	RS.
Teaching and fixed grants ... { Non-Europeans ...	21,15,943	20,82,839
... { Europeans ...	2,20,591	2,32,580
Stipendiary grants ... { Non-Europeans ...	80,955	84,737
... { Europeans ...	6,804	9,201
Building grants ... { Non-Europeans ...	2,06,888	1,89,437
... { Europeans ...	1,43,029	68,000
Furniture, library, apparatus and other special grants. { Non-Europeans ...	85,765	1,00,112
... { Europeans ...	19,632	19,982
Boarding grants—Europeans ...	1,20,059	1,21,885
Cadet grants—Europeans ...	4,332	4,436
Subsidy to aided training schools ...	—208	...
Endowment grant ...	1,450	500
Grants for hostels ...	2,01,442	35,953
Total ... { Non-Europeans ...	26,92,235	24,93,578
... { Europeans ...	5,14,447	4,56,034
Total in one line ...	32,06,682	29,49,612
(ii) Grants to Local Boards.		
Net cost of secondary schools ...	...	2,228
Contribution to District Boards ...	14,37,881	15,45,418
Furniture grant ...	700	...
Total ...	14,38,581	15,47,646
(iii) Grants to Municipalities.		
Net cost of secondary schools ...	18,057	29,998
Contribution to municipalities ...	1,54,854	1,46,959
Total ...	1,72,911	1,76,957
Grand total ...	48,18,174	46,74,215

(28)—Stipendiary grants from Provincial funds.

Stipendiary grants in	1914-15.	1915-16.
	RS.	RS.
Training schools for masters ...	51,781	54,500
Do. for mistresses ...	29,174	30,237
Total ...	80,955	84,737

(29)—Grants-in-aid from district and municipal funds.

Grants-in-aid.	1914-15.	1915-16.
	RS.	RS.
(i) From District funds.		
Teaching grants to Elementary schools ...	...	...
Other grants ...	1,021	2,502
Total ...	1,021	2,502
(ii) From Municipal funds.		
Teaching grants to Elementary schools ...	61,163	56,658
Total ...	61,163	56,658

(30)—Distribution of Provincial grants-in-aid by districts.

Districts.	Percentage, 1914-15.	Percentage, 1915-16.
Ganjām ...	3.44	3.68
Vizagapatam ...	5.77	4.74
Godāveri ...	3.51	3.75
Kistna ...	5.32	5.51
Guntūr ...	4.88	4.81
Kurnool ...	2.87	2.63
Bellary ...	2.48	2.56
Anantapur ...	1.98	2.37
Cuddapah ...	1.96	1.99
Nellore ...	3.16	3.20
Madras ...	11.48	9.81
Chingleput ...	3.85	4.56
North Arcot ...	2.46	3.36
Chittoor ...	3.73	2.49
South Arcot ...	3.31	3.69
Tanjore ...	5.11	4.83
Trichinopoly ...	3.99	4.59
Madura ...	3.02	3.73
Rāmnād ...	2.30	2.32
Tinnevely ...	5.38	5.45
Coimbatore ...	4.32	3.47
Salem ...	2.28	2.53
Nilgiris ...	1.50	1.62
Malabar ...	8.71	9.02
South Canara ...	3.12	3.20
Sanawar ...	0.02	0.04
Mysore ...	0.05	0.05
Total ...	100.00	100.00

SECONDARY EDUCATION—BOYS.

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(31)—Number and strength of public secondary schools for boys.

	Number of schools.	Strength.											Total.
		Sixth form.	Fifth form.	Fourth form.	Third form.	Second form.	First form.	Fourth class.	Third class.	Second class.	First class.	Infant class.	
1-14-15 ...	333	8,567	8,042	10,209	12,837	14,579	17,958	18,809	14,971	7,558	5,185	4,425	123,140
		72,192						50,948					
1915-16 ...	340	9,472	8,708	10,879	13,754	15,940	19,201	19,885	15,015	7,874	5,508	4,317	130,353
		77,954						52,899					(a)

(a) Of these, 1,433 were girls.

(32)—Number and strength of Non-European secondary schools for boys on the 31st March 1916 according to the degree of completeness.

	Number of schools.						Number of scholars.					
	Government.	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Government.	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.
Schools having forms up to the 6th	4	17	14	126	4	165	1,219	8,249	6,719	75,352	3,347	94,886
Do. 5th	...	...	1	3	1	5	...	...	274	1,221	28	1,523
Do. 4th	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	418	...	418
Do. 3rd	2	6	46	96	5	155	271	1,139	8,271	21,405	783	31,869
Do. 2nd	...	...	...	3	4	7	...	...	...	544	251	795
Do. 1st	...	...	1	1	1	3	...	...	207	237	41	485
Schools having classes up to and below the IV	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	377	...	377
Total	6	23	62	234	15	340	1,490	9,388	15,471	99,554	4,450	130,353

(33)—Statement showing the proportion of pupils in Non-European Secondary Schools for boys who come from outside the towns in which Secondary Schools are situated to the total number on rolls.

Districts.	Number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Number of pupils who come from outside the towns in which Secondary Schools are situated.	Proportion of pupils in column 3 to those in column 2.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ganjām ...	4,550	1,169	4:1
Vizagapatam ...	5,272	1,396	4:1
Godāvari ...	8,015	2,062	4:1
Kistna ...	7,855	2,072	4:1
Guntūr ...	4,969	1,165	4:1
Kurnool ...	1,309	486	3:1
Bellary ...	1,446	281	5:1
Anantapur ...	841	486	2:1
Cuddapah ...	1,119	370	3:1
Nellore ...	2,628	763	3:1
Madras ...	12,796	1,063	12:1
Chingleput ...	4,823	315	15:1
North Arcot ...	3,266	1,135	3:1
Chittoor ...	2,369	552	4:1
South Arcot ...	3,690	745	5:1
Tanjore ...	14,350	2,540	6:1
Trichinopoly ...	7,493	1,982	4:1
Madura ...	6,859	1,285	6:1
Rāmnād ...	4,356	470	9:1
Tinnevely ...	8,207	2,054	4:1
Coimbatore ...	5,284	889	6:1
Salem ...	1,650	461	4:1
Nilgiris ...	414	52	8:1
Malabar ...	11,532	2,542	5:1
South Canara ...	5,260	1,263	4:1
Total ...	130,353	27,597	5:1

(34)—Male pupils in public secondary schools.

Districts.	Male population of school-going age (census of 1911).	Male pupils in public secondary schools on the 31st March		Percentage of male pupils to male population of school-going age.	
		1915.	1916.	1915.	1916.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganjām ...	156,690	4,098	4,510	2.62	2.88
Vizagapatam ...	234,150	5,205	5,247	2.22	2.24
Godāvari ...	121,768	6,967	7,906	5.72	6.49
Kistna ...	149,220	7,407	7,817	4.96	5.24
Guntūr ...	128,482	4,382	4,922	3.41	3.83
Kurnool ...	70,707	1,227	1,308	1.74	1.85
Bellary ...	73,488	1,250	1,446	1.70	1.97
Anantapur ...	74,092	814	841	1.10	1.14
Cuddapah ...	68,104	982	1,097	1.44	1.61
Nellore ...	99,752	2,304	2,515	2.31	2.52
Madras ...	38,850	11,910	12,803	30.66	32.95
Chingleput ...	105,619	4,327	4,746	4.10	4.49
North Arcot ...	145,432	3,173	3,253	2.18	2.24
Chittoor ...	94,885	2,111	2,372	2.24	2.51
South Arcot ...	175,851	3,488	3,683	1.98	2.09
Tanjore ...	168,359	13,725	14,238	8.15	8.46
Trichinopoly ...	153,341	7,358	7,479	4.80	4.88
Madura ...	141,881	6,508	6,822	4.59	4.81
Rāmnād ...	117,919	4,034	4,327	3.42	3.67
Tinnevely ...	129,811	7,835	8,187	6.04	6.31
Coimbatore ...	156,572	5,049	5,205	3.22	3.32
Salem ...	131,499	1,934	1,644	1.47	1.25
Nilgiris ...	9,143	410	413	4.48	4.52
Malabar ...	222,385	10,556	11,201	4.75	5.04
South Canara ...	86,675	5,093	5,220	5.88	6.02
Total ...	3,054,175	122,147	129,202	4.00	4.23

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION—BOYS.

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(35)—Public elementary schools for boys according to management.

Managing agencies.	Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.			
	1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
<i>Under public management.</i>												
Government ...	7	1,138	4	693	124	7,117	131	7,906	57	1,370	52	1,457
Municipal Board ...	8	1,356	9	1,530	157	19,447	165	20,596	309	19,982	309	20,755
Local Board ...	90	14,784	115	20,789	1,869	150,962	1,901	154,816	4,073	184,081	4,062	183,955
<i>Under private management.</i>												
Aided ...	120	18,136 (a)	132	20,683	1,831	137,171 (c)	1,825	139,244	14,507	486,556 (e)	15,332	517,180
Unaided ...	4	385 (b)	8	609	47	2,658 (d)	42	2,073	3,702	98,552 (f)	4,014	108,987
Total ...	229	35,799	269	44,304	4,028	317,355	4,064	324,635	22,648	790,841	23,819	832,334

- (a) Of these, 83 schools with 12,078 pupils were under mission management.
 (b) Of these, 3 schools with 313 pupils were under mission management.
 (c) Of these, 606 schools with 45,246 pupils were under mission management.
 (d) Of these, 5 schools with 269 pupils were under mission management.
 (e) Of these, 3,652 schools with 103,487 pupils were under mission management.
 (f) Of these, 446 schools with 10,515 pupils were under mission management.

(36)—Details of Government elementary schools for boys.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Reformatory school, Chingleput ...	1	251	1	256
Practising sections of training schools for masters ...	30	3,113	30	3,271
Hill schools, Ganjam agency ...	98	4,029	98	3,977
Do. Vizagapatam agency ...	12	310	12	291
Do. Godavari agency ...	35	1,324	34	1,315
Muhammadan elementary schools, Madras ...	12	898	12	946
Total ...	188	9,925	187	10,066

(37)—Public elementary night schools for boys according to management.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Government schools ...	18	560	20	604
Board do. ...	315	7,921	341	8,580
Aided do. ...	132	2,832	209	4,631
Unaided do. ...				
Total ...	465	11,313	570	13,815

(38)—Male pupils in public elementary schools.

Districts.	Male population of school-going age (census of 1911).	Male pupils in public elementary schools on the 31st March		Percentage of male pupils to male population of school-age.	
		1915.	1916.	1915.	1916.
Madras ...	38,850	16,729	18,478	43.1	47.6
Tinnevely ...	129,811	57,755	60,402	44.5	46.5
Malabar ...	222,385	96,229	101,071	43.3	45.4
Nilgiris ...	9,143	4,129	4,112	45.2	45.0
Guntur ...	128,482	52,281	52,741	40.7	41.0
Cuddapah ...	68,104	26,161	27,915	38.4	40.9
Kistna ...	149,220	54,199	57,163	36.3	38.3
Chingleput ...	105,619	37,566	39,670	35.6	37.6
Kurnool ...	70,707	25,234	26,489	35.7	37.5
Godavari ...	121,768	42,956	44,578	35.3	36.6
Tanjore ...	168,359	58,334	61,694	34.1	36.6
South Arcot ...	175,851	57,677	63,569	32.8	36.1
Ganjām ...	156,690	56,019	56,290	35.8	35.9
South Canara ...	86,675	29,117	30,323	33.6	35.0
Bellary ...	73,488	24,515	25,360	32.9	34.5
North Arcot ...	145,432	43,784	48,002	30.1	33.0
Rāmnād ...	117,919	37,290	38,868	31.6	33.0
Nellore ...	99,752	30,140	30,927	30.2	31.0
Madura ...	141,881	40,136	42,566	28.3	30.0
Anantapur ...	74,062	18,870	22,015	25.5	29.7
Trichinopoly ...	153,341	43,802	45,426	28.6	29.6
Coimbatore ...	156,572	42,602	43,132	27.2	27.5
Chittoor ...	94,385	22,366	23,775	23.7	25.2
Salem ...	131,499	29,851	30,082	22.7	22.9
Vizagapatam ...	234,150	51,285	53,070	21.9	22.7
Total ...	3,054,175	999,077	1,047,718	32.7	34.3

(39)—Extension of elementary education.

Districts.	Number of villages or groups of hamlets in close proximity having a population of										Number of villages or groups of hamlets in close proximity provided with one or more public or private schools, the population of each village being					Percentage of column 2. of column 6 to column 3.	Percentage of column 3. of column 7 to column 4.	Percentage of column 4. of column 8 to column 5.	Number of villages with a population of more than 2,000, which are unprovided with schools.
	Less than 200.					Less than 200.					Percentage of column 6 to column 3.	Percentage of column 7 to column 4.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.						
	2,000 to 1,000.	1,000 to 500.	500 to 200.	Less than 200.	5	6	7	8	9	10				11	12				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14						
Tinnevely	237	233	156	81	230	163	59	17	97	70	38	21	...						
Guntur	407	239	289	123	396	208	110	17	97	77	38	14	...						
Cuddapah	216	324	295	142	203	202	118	34	96	62	40	24	...						
Anantapur	237	254	238	137	226	143	68	8	95	56	29	6	...						
Chingleput	178	417	455	418	167	324	217	78	94	78	48	19	...						
Ganjām	429	568	1,100	2,205	393	359	248	101	92	63	23	5	...						
Coimbatore	358	373	332	144	318	211	106	22	89	57	42	15	...						
Kurnool	265	327	288	200	228	202	90	10	86	62	31	5	...						
Kistna	565	467	436	169	500	338	181	23	86	72	42	14	...						
South Arcot	462	448	197	123	382	268	62	18	83	60	31	13	...						
Godavari	221	203	202	794	181	101	52	18	82	50	26	2	...						
Tanjore	428	386	244	428	350	212	49	5	82	55	20	1	...						
Trichinopoly	533	264	164	103	422	131	40	28	79	60	24	26	...						
Nilgiris	19	10	7	4	15	6	2	...	79	60	28	...	...						
Ramanād	291	313	325	525	229	152	48	12	79	49	15	2	...						
Bellary	262	265	174	47	203	174	68	1	77	66	39	2	...						
Vinçapattam	503	532	1,390	9,921	381	334	185	36	76	63	13	...	...						
Chittoor	226	276	393	568	189	139	83	29	75	50	21	5	...						
Salem	370	272	457	590	266	96	46	17	72	35	10	3	...						
Nellore	365	387	411	300	259	228	103	10	71	59	25	3	...						
Madura	237	212	158	135	163	125	54	19	69	59	35	15	...						
North Arcot	416	552	398	320	265	219	64	1	64	40	16	...	...						
South Canara	339	257	62	2	211	71	8	...	62	28	13	...	...						
Total	7,584	7,609	8,235	17,478	6,162	4,406	2,121	502	81	58	26	3	...						

(40)—Statement showing particulars of aided elementary schools for boys managed by teacher managers.

Districts.	Number of aided schools managed by teacher managers.	Number of trained teachers in such schools.	Number of such schools which received extra grant on account of efficiency of work.	Number of such schools which received diminished grant for bad work.	Number of villages in the district with a population of more than 1,000 that are not provided with an elementary board, or aided school.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganjām ...	1,080	185	89	591	12
Vizagapatam ...	877	123	191	465	85
Godavari ...	324	38	60	102	52
Kistna ...	617	57	25	146	44
Guntur ...	904	183	14	183	18
Kurnool ...	314	34	11	183	55
Bellary ...	456	26	10	261	41
Anantapur ...	359	51	34	125	76
Cuddapah ...	456	36	35	343	16
Nellore ...	549	90	98	136	92
Madras ...	51	50	15	3	...
Chingleput ...	442	82	51	96	56
North Arcot ...	388	74	7	199	191
Chittoor ...	249	43	35	143	96
South Arcot ...	760	107	136	258	112
Tanjore ...	517	110	134	123	171
Trichinopoly ...	514	102	99	181	215
Madura ...	219	73	34	85	176
Rāmānāthapuram ...	317	50	9	241	121
Tinnevely ...	381	114	43	185	81
Coimbatore ...	456	77	51	150	77
Salem ...	351	33	...	260	183
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	6
Malabar ...	756	498	353	236	269
South Canara ...	151	92	10	68	150
Total ...	11,535	2,333	1,543	4,673	2,432

(41)—Number of elementary schools for boys during the year 1915-16.

Managing agency.	Number of elementary schools at the beginning of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1915.	Number closed during the year.	Number newly opened during the year.	Number of secondary schools converted into elementary schools during the year.	Total number of elementary schools at the end of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1916.	Number of elementary school buildings constructed during the year and intended to provide accommodation for			
						Existing schools.	Board schools at places where aided elementary schools but no board schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where unaided elementary schools but no aided or board schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where no elementary schools of any description, whether board, aided or unaided, formerly existed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Government ...	188	1	...	...	187	...	...	...	...
Municipal Board ...	474	10	19	...	483	54	...	...	...
Local Board ...	6,032	62	108	...	6,078	201	3	...	4
Aided ...	16,458	1,803	2,684	...	17,339	...	...	...	...
Unaided ...	3,753	2,770	3,081	...	4,064	...	...	...	...
Total ...	26,905	4,646	5,892	...	28,151	255	6	4	8

(42)—Part-time and night schools for boys.

Districts.	Number of part-time and night schools on the 31st March 1916.	Under public management.	Part-time schools.					Number taught by					Night schools.		
			Aided.		Unaided.		Total of part time schools.	Teachers who are also teachers of full time schools.	Teachers who are also teachers of other part-time schools.	Teachers of night schools.	Others.	Number of schools taught by day school teachers.	Others.	Total night schools.	
			Mission.	Non-mission.	Mission.	Non-mission.									
Ganjām ...	17	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	4	11	15	
Vizagapatam ...	28	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	...	...	2	3	22	25	
Godāvari ...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	52	65	
Kistna ...	37	1	...	2	...	1	4	...	...	...	4	4	29	33	
Guntūr ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	9	
Kurnool ...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	27	28	
Bellary ...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	
Anantapur ...	30	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	2	...	...	28	28	
Cuddapah ...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	19	21	
Nellore ...	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	70	73	
Madras ...	22	...	1	2	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	8	11	19	
Chingleput ...	98	3	30	...	1	...	34	3	...	...	31	25	39	64	
North Arcot ...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	22	30	
Chittoor ...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	15	17	
South Arcot ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	
Tanjore ...	12	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	6	2	4	6	
Trichinopoly ...	19	...	6	...	2	...	8	...	1	...	7	2	9	11	
Madura ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
Rāmnād ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	
Tinnevelly ...	6	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	4	5	
Coimbatore ...	37	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	11	24	35	
Salem ...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	42	44	
Nilgiris ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
Malabar ...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	
South Canara ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
Total ...	635	6	43	6	3	7	65	4	1	3	57	98	472	570	

(43)—Statement showing the number of elementary school buildings (boys' schools) constructed during the year 1915-16.

Districts.	Number of elementary school buildings for boys' schools constructed by									Total.
	Public agencies.			Private agencies.						
	Government.	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.		Unaided.				
				Mission.	Non-mission.	Mission.	Non-mission.			
Ganjām	...	2	13	...	34	...	6	55		
Vizagapatam	1	3	1	2	38	4	15	73		
Godāvari	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	9		
Kistna	...	1	15	4	10	1	1	32		
Guntūr	...	3	4	3	6	2	1	19		
Kurnool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Bellary	...	5	13	...	...	...	...	18		
Anantapur	...	...	22	...	...	1	...	23		
Cuddapah	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	5		
Nellore	...	...	7	...	3	...	...	10		
Madras	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	9		
Chingleput	...	...	14	1	5	...	5	25		
North Arcot	...	4	12	2	1	...	1	20		
Chittoor	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	9		
South Arcot	...	3	12	6	29	2	18	70		
Tanjore	...	6	5	1	10	...	1	23		
Trichinopoly	...	1	7	...	3	...	...	11		
Madura	...	3	11	...	6	1	3	24		
Rāmnād	...	...	9	1	11	...	3	24		
Tinnevelly	...	...	1	12	10	2	2	27		
Coimbatore	...	2	9	11	1	1	...	24		
Salem	...	2	4	...	6	1	4	17		
Nilgiris	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2		
Malabar	...	12	10	...	43	...	36	101		
South Canara	...	...	16	1	13	...	16	46		
Total	2	61	212	45	229	15	112	676		

(44)—Statement showing the number of teachers, the percentage of trained teachers to the total number in each district, the number of pupils per trained teacher and the number of pupils per teacher in Elementary schools for boys on the 31st March 1916.

Districts.	Elementary schools for boys.					
	Number of teachers.		Percentage of trained teachers to the total number in each District.	Total number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1916.	Number of pupils per trained teacher.	Number of pupils per teacher.
	Trained.	Total.				
Ganjām	719	2,962	24	60,602	84	20
Vizagapatam	684	2,583	26	59,582	87	23
Godāvari	723	2,119	34	56,259	77	26
Kistna	1,037	2,991	34	75,924	73	25
Guntūr	738	2,587	28	67,232	91	25
Kurnool	515	1,321	38	30,983	60	23
Bellary	185	1,154	16	27,075	146	23
Anantapur	369	1,056	34	24,430	66	23
Cuddapah	359	1,467	24	31,721	88	21
Nellore	479	1,613	29	37,517	78	23
Madras	382	796	47	20,703	54	26
Chingleput	638	1,837	34	44,489	69	24
North Arcot	696	1,753	39	51,826	74	23
Chittoor	425	1,071	39	27,321	64	25
South Arcot	703	2,571	27	68,490	97	26
Tanjore	883	2,705	32	62,988	78	25
Trichinopoly	668	1,898	35	49,246	73	25
Madura	653	1,606	42	44,584	65	27
Rāmnād	400	1,617	24	41,623	104	25
Tinnevelly	1,125	2,642	42	68,323	60	25
Coimbatore	554	1,854	29	47,851	86	25
Salem	465	1,311	35	32,240	69	24
Nilgiris	125	185	67	4,513	36	24
Malabar	1,563	4,604	33	123,958	79	26
South Canara	644	1,340	48	35,788	55	26
Total	15,762	47,643	33	1,201,273	76	25

SPECIAL EDUCATION.

(45)—Statement showing the number of students studying each subject of the technical, art, industrial and commercial group on the 31st March

	1915.	1916.
<i>Art education—</i>		
Drawing	372	1,362
Technical Drawing		127
Design	8	11
Printing	25	22
Modelling	5	3
Geometrical Drawing	10	12
Wood Engraving	43	90
	463	
<i>Technical education—</i>		
Civil Engineering	6	683
Mechanical Engineering		221
Electrical Engineering and Telegraphy	41	52
	47	
<i>Industrial education—</i>		
Wood Engraving		23
Jewellers' Work	22	214
Printing, Book-binding, etc.		50
Wood Work	47	70
Metal Work	26	12
Rattan Work		194
{ Cotton-weaving	86	48
{ Carpet-weaving	7	402
{ Lace-making	93	
Textiles ... { White Embroidery		
{ Tape-making		
{ Hand-knitting		
{ Embroidery	104	363
Tailoring and Dress-making	30	161
Agriculture		9
	420	
<i>Commercial education—</i>		
Book-keeping	267	246
Commercial Correspondence	166	156
Banking	53	77
Commercial Geography	42	25
Shorthand	332	285
Type-writing	549	395
	1,409	1,184
	2,339	5,313

NOTE.—The large increase in the number against each of the Industrial subjects is due to the inclusion of the statistics relating to Industrial schools under the orders of the Government of India.

(46)—*Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1916.*

Districts.	Schools.	Strength : Training section.				Strength: Practis- ing section.		Number of students who passed the exami- nation for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.		
		On the 31st March 1916.	On the 31st March 1916.			On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Element- ary.		In the district.	Elsewhere.	
			Secondary.	Element- ary.				Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.			
				Higher.	Lower.									Total.
Ganjām ...	<i>Government.</i>													
	Berhampur Training School.	67	...	12	58	70	108	104	...	...	31	9	1	...
	Chicacole do.	46	...	...	52	52	49	58	...	...	19	8	12	7
	Russellkonda do.	52	...	...	55	55	141	187	...	...	23	11	28	...
	Total ...	165	...	12	165	177	293	299	...	...	73	28	41	7
Vizaga- patam.	<i>Government.</i>													
	Vizagapatam Training School ...	149	...	63	59	122	125	106	...	...	54	19	78	4
	Parvatipur do. ...	33	...	...	56	56	56	76	...	...	9	4	9	...
	<i>Local Board.</i>													
	Jeypur Training School ...	...	...	10	35	45	...	92	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Jeypur S.H.E.L. Mission Training School ...	47	...	...	...	...	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	229	...	73	150	223	275	274	...	...	63	23	87	4	
Godāvāri.	<i>Government.</i>													
	Rajahmundry Secondary Training School.	82	64	...	...	64	108	352	69	18	...	...	...	...
	Do. Elementary Training School.	147	...	58	79	137	83	122	...	...	64	38	41	33
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Rajahmundry A.E.L.M. Training School ...	62	...	42	75	117	61	75	...	...	27	...	17	35
	<i>Unaided.</i>													
	Oocanada Samaralakota C.B.M. Training School ..	57	...	15	31	46	114	123	...	...	22	11	25	4
Total ...	348	64	115	185	364	366	672	69	18	113	49	83	72	
Kistna ...	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Masulipatam (Bandar) C.M.S. Training School	110	...	56	52	108	96	95	...	...	24	9	47	...
Guntūr ...	<i>Government.</i>													
	Guntūr Training School ...	93	...	...	69	69	72	60	...	...	36	26	28	23
	Ongole do.	88	...	...	65	65	74	82	...	...	48	15	87	2
	Guntūr Muhammadan Training School ...	30	...	...	58	58	66	59	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Guntūr A.E.L.M. Training School.	34	...	31	...	31	64	70	...	...	8	1	13	1
	Bāpatā A.B.M. do.	108	...	42	63	105	229	131	...	...	34	1	36	15
Total ...	353	...	73	255	328	505	402	...	...	126	43	164	41	
Kurnool...	<i>Government.</i>													
	Kurnool Training School ...	82	...	...	28	28	110	110	...	...	40	15	52	1
	<i>Aided.</i>													
Nandyal School ...	36	...	18	27	45	127	150	...	...	12	...	20	...	
Total ...	118	...	18	55	73	237	260	...	...	52	15	72	1	

(46)—Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength : Training section.				Strength: Practis- ing section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.		
		On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.			On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Element- ary.		In the district.	Elsewhere.	
			Secondary.	Element- ary.				Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.			
				Higher.	Lower.									Total.
Bellary ...	<i>Government.</i> Bellary Training School ...	121	...	55	87	122	63	89	...	...	23	...	49	14
Ananta- pur.	<i>Government.</i> Anantapur Training School.	70	...	...	27	27	65	92	...	...	13	10	39	5
	<i>Aided.</i> Gooty L.M. Training School.	18	...	17	...	17	50	79	...	...	10	...	...	...
	Total ...	88	...	17	27	44	115	171	...	...	23	10	39	5
	<i>Government.</i> Rāyachōti Training School.	78	...	...	27	27	156	197	...	...	21	5	45	8
Cuddapah ...	<i>Government.</i> Nellore Training School ...	168	...	62	62	124	76	120	...	...	53	18	52	19
	<i>Aided.</i> Nayudupet H.E.L.M. Training School ...	22	...	...	...	...	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	190	...	62	62	124	178	120	...	...	53	18	52	19
	<i>Government.</i> Madras Training School ...	52	...	31	19	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras ...	Madras Muhammadan Training School ...	91	...	31	56	87	110	115	...	...	35	14	5	79
	Madras Panchama Training School ...	81	...	...	59	59	78	114	...	...	26	3	11	37
	<i>Aided.</i> Madras Olcott Panchama Free School Teachers' Training Class ...	28	...	15	14	29	228	227	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	250	...	77	148	225	416	456	...	...	61	17	16	116
Chingle- put.	<i>Government.</i> Saidapet Secondary Training School ...	30	41	...	...	41	341	406	26	9	...	...	4	31
	Saidapet Elementary Training School ...	113	...	50	47	97	156	161	...	...	46	14	49	21
	Total ...	143	41	50	47	138	497	567	26	9	46	14	53	52
	<i>Government.</i> Ranipettai Training School. <i>Aided.</i> Ranipettai United Mission Training School ...	27	...	...	58	58	110	133	...	...	43	35	47	8
North Arcot.	Total ...	86	...	32	97	129	171	210	...	...	58	54	58	22
	<i>Government.</i> Chittoor Training School ...	83	...	...	28	28	107	115	...	...	42	49	44	11

(46)—Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.				Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.			
		On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.			On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Elementary.		In the district.	Elsewhere.		
			Secondary.	Elementary.				Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.				
				Higher.	Lower.									Total.	
South Arcot.	Government.														
	Cuddalore Training School.	65	...	...	27	27	98	86	...	...	20	20	39	...	
	Villupuram Training School.	125	...	52	54	106	129	125	...	...	47	6	36	32	
	Total	190	...	52	31	133	227	211	...	...	67	26	75	32	
Tanjore	Government.														
	Tanjore Secondary Training School	22	33	...	...	33	186	182	{	19	5	...	...	...	...
	Tanjore Elementary Training School	118	...	42	59	101									
	Aided.														
	Tranquebar E.L.M. Training School	23	...	9	15	24	69	79	...	...	4	9	5	6	
	Total	163	33	51	74	158	255	261	19	5	29	22	5	6	
Trichinopoly.	Government.														
	Trichinopoly Training School	75	...	...	55	55	103	83	...	...	35	6	47	2	
	Aided.														
	Trichinopoly R.C. Boarding and Training School	89	...	20	70	90	109	101	...	...	30	12	14	30	
	Total	164	...	20	125	145	212	184	...	...	65	18	61	32	
Madura	Government.														
	Dindigul Training School	121	...	42	55	97	84	71	...	...	52	16	61	13	
	Aided.														
	Pasumalai A.M. Training School	50	24	22	19	65	181	166	9	9	27	19	36	14	
	Total	171	24	64	74	162	265	237	9	9	79	35	97	27	
Tinnevely.	Government.														
	Tinnevely Training School.	109	...	48	50	98	101	96	...	...	40	10	...	...	
	Aided.														
	Palamcottah C.M.S. Training School	76	22	31	22	75	218	278	17	1	28	28	57	...	
	Nazareth S.P.G. Training School	47	...	8	31	39	169	172	...	...	11	...	8	...	
	Total	232	22	87	103	212	488	546	17	1	79	38	65	...	
Coimbatore.	Government.														
	Coimbatore Secondary Training School	20	29	...	...	29	32	...	21	4	...	...	12	8	
	Coimbatore Elementary Training School	91	...	...	66	66	81	92	...	...	36	24	61	...	
	Total	111	29	...	66	95	113	92	21	4	36	24	73	8	
Salem	Government.														
	Salem Training School	84	...	...	53	53	69	...	...	...	39	...	53	4	

(46)—Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1916—continued

Districts.	Schools.	Strength : Training section.					Strength: Practis- ing. section.		Number of students who passed the exami- nation for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.	On the 31st March 1916.			On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Element- ary		In the district.	Elsewhere.
				Higher.	Lower.	Total.			Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.		
Nilgiris ...	<i>Government.</i>													
	Coonoor Training School ...	23		9	15	24	131	138	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>													
	Malappuram Mappilla Training School ...	56	...	...	60	60	118	112	...	...	18	...	26	...
	Calicut Secondary Training School ...	21	32	...	...	32	86	95	20	6	...	...	20	...
Malabar ...	Calicut Elementary Training School ...	137	...	53	63	116	213	113	...	...	63	29	76	...
	Badagara Training School ...	75	...	...	62	62	80	75	..	...	41	22	49	...
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Nettur B.G.M. Training School ...	57	...	33	23	56	91	89	...	...	14	21	34	...
	Total ...	343	32	86	208	326	588	484	20	6	136	72	205	...
South Canara.	<i>Government.</i>													
	Mangalore Secondary Training School ...	5	11	...	...	11	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Mangalore Elementary Training School ...	128	...	44	53	97	87	110	...	...	41	...	...	...
	Total ...	133	11	44	53	108	87	110	5	...	41	...	...	...
	Grand total ...	3,979	256	1,053	2,217	3,526	5,910	6,190	186	52	1,349	569	1,484	481

(47)—Training schools for mistresses on the 31st March 1916.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.				Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.			
		On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.	On the 31st March 1916.		On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Elementary.		In the district.	Elsewhere.		
				Higher.	Lower.			Total.	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.			Final.	
Godavari.	NON-EUROPEANS.														
	Government.														
	Rajahmundry Training School	19	...	9	6	15	130	132	...	...	7	...	6	11	
	Aided.														
	Rajahmundry A.E.L.M. Training School	19	...	19	...	19	138	145	...	...	5	2	8	...	
	Total ...	38	...	28	6	34	268	277	...	...	12	2	14	11	
Kistna	Aided.														
	Masulipatam C.M.S. Training School	13	...	17	10	27	113	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Government.														
	Guntur	Guntur Training School for Muhammadan Women ...	7	...	...	6	6	79	81	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Aided.													
Guntur A.E.L.M. Training School		24	...	17	...	17	154	192	...	...	6	2	4	6	
Ongole A.B.M. Training School		20	...	17	...	17	75	89	...	...	19	6	12	9	
Phitangipuram St. Anne's Training School		12	...	12	...	12	156	153	...	...	3	7	1	4	
	Total ...	63	...	46	6	52	464	515	...	...	28	15	17	19	
Nellore	Aided.														
	Nellore A.B.M. Training School	42	...	36	...	36	100	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Government.														
	Madras	Egmore Presidency Training School	41	30	26	...	56	200	175	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Royapettah Hobart Muhammadan Training School ...	26	...	10	19	29	207	217	...	...	...	...	...	...
Triplicane Secondary Training School		43	13	31	12	56	275	258	...	...	...	...	15	14	
Aided.															
Royapuram Kassimode U.F. C.M. Training School ...		58	7	21	23	51	214	254	...	...	...	...	20	15	
	Total ...	168	50	88	54	192	896	904	...	...	...	...	35	29	
Chittoor	Aided.														
	Chittoor A.M. Training School	10	...	18	...	18	50	61	...	...	...	...	53	35	
	Government.														
	Tanjore	Tanjore Karantattangudi Training School	63	...	51	25	76	170	192	...	...	...	...	21	1

(47)—Training schools for mistresses on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.				Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.				Number of students who obtained employment during the year.		
		On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.			On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1916.	Secondary.		Elementary.		In the district.	Elsewhere.	
			Secondary.	Elementary.				Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.			
				Higher.	Lower.									Total.
Trichinopoly.	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Puttur All Saints' Training School	24	..	12	11	23	100	100	...	...	10	4	5	5
	Trichinopoly R.C. Training School	26	...	15	15	30	134	104	...	...	11	8	2	3
	Total ...	50	..	27	26	53	234	204	...	...	21	12	7	8
Madura	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Madura Capron Hall Training School	28	5	54	...	59	170	226	...	...	16	16	5	77
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Tinnevely.													
Tinnevely.	Palamcottah Sarah Tucker Training School	38	15	29	..	44	160	175	15	3	18	6	13	9
	Nazareth St. John's Training School	22	...	15	10	25	177	196	...	...	18	2	20	4
	Total ...	60	15	44	10	69	337	371	15	3	36	8	33	13
	<i>Government.</i>													
Coimbatore.	Coimbatore Training School.	25	...	25	4	29	299	317	...	...	13	7	16	9
Malabar	<i>Government.</i>													
	Calicut Moyan Training School	18	...	21	9	30	193	232	...	...	24	8	24	...
	<i>Government.</i>													
	South Canara.													
South Canara.	Mangalore Training School ..	20	...	4	19	23	97	129	...	...	6	...	11	...
	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Mangalore St. Anne's Training School	48	18	25	4	47	303	316	9	2	17	...	9	17
	Total ...	68	18	29	23	70	400	445	9	2	23	...	20	17
	Total, Training Schools for Mistresses. (Non-Europeans.)	646	88	484	173	745	3,694	3,959	24	5	173	68	245	219
	<i>EUROPEANS.</i>													
Madras	<i>Aided.</i>													
	Georgetown Presentation Convent Training Class.	23	...	6*	14†	20	148	131	14*	...	6†	...	14	...
	Total ...	23	...	6	14	20	148	131	14	...	6	...	14	...
	Grand total ...	669	88	490	187	765	3,842	4,090	38	5	179	68	259	219

* Middle.

† Primary.

(48)—Technical, Industrial or Art schools and classes on the 31st March 1916.

(48)—Technical, Industrial or Art schools and classes on the 31st March 1916.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering.		Physical science, electricity and magnetism.	Sanitary science.	Agriculture.	Commerce.						
			Building materials and construction.	Building drawing and estimating.	Hydraulics and irrigation works.	Earthwork and road-making.	Surveying and leveling.	Mensuration.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Wood-turning.	Bridge work.	Machine-drawing.	Fitter's work.				Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Book-keeping.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.	Shorthand.	Type-writing.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
B.—MEDICAL SCHOOLS.																								
GOVERNMENT.																								
Vizagapatam Medical School	..	91	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras Medical College (School Department)	..	49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rayapuram Medical School	..	218	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore Medical School	..	113	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	471	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES.																								
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS.																								
(1) Schools teaching subjects coming under two or more of the groups of the Technical examination scheme.																								
GOVERNMENT.																								
Madras School of Arts (a)	..	252	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput Reformatory School (b)	..	251	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
UNAIDED.																								
Tanjore Royal Technical Institute	..	35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	30
Tanjore West Main Street Type-writing Institute	..	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	20
Mannargudi C.L.V. Technical Institute	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7

(1) Schools teaching subjects coming under two or more of the groups of the Technical examination scheme.

GOVERNMENT.

Madras School of Arts (a)
Chingleput Reformatory School (b)

UNAIDED.

Tanjore Royal Technical Institute
Tanjore West Main Street Type-writing Institute
Mannargudi C.L.V. Technical Institute

Trichinopoly Central School	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras Native College	...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Srivilliputhur Goda Temple Institute	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	706	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme.																						
(a) Schools of Arts (Music).																						
UNAIDED.																						
Madras School of Music	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
UNAIDED.																						
Masulipatam Native Music Class for boys	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Schools of Arts (Drawing).																						
GOVERNMENT.																						
Kumbakonam Art Class (c)	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MUNICIPAL BOARD.																						
Gontur Municipal Drawing Class	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizianagaram Municipal Drawing Class	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam Municipal Drawing Class	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bimlipatam Municipal Drawing Class	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anakapalle Municipal Drawing Class	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Schools of Electrical Engineering.																						
UNAIDED.																						
Madras Telegraph School	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(d) Schools of Commerce.																						
GOVERNMENT.																						
Calicut School of Commerce (d)	...	202	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) Teaches also Metal work to 9 students.

(b) Teaches also Metal work to 11, Band to 13, Bugle to 28, Masonry to 16, Gardening to 42 and Sawing to 10 students.

(c) Teaches also Scenic Art or Curtain Painting to 4 students.

(d) Teaches also Native system of Book-keeping, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Practice and Commercial Knowledge to 44 students.

Name of institution.	Drawing.						Jewel- ler's work.		Printing, book- binding, etc.				Wood work and metal work.			Leather work.	Textile industries.						Tailoring and dress- making.	Glass and pottery.	Approximate value of work turned out in the indus- trial branches.	Amount actually realized during the year from the sale-proceeds of school manufactures.	Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
	Free-hand outline drawing.	Design.	Geometrical drawing.	Painting.	Modelling.	Wood-engraving.	Jeweller's work.	Silversmith's work.	Compositor's work.	Proof-reader's work.	Press work.	Book-binding.	Stereotyping.	Cabinet-making.	Blacksmith's work.		Boot and shoe- making.	Cotton-weaving.	Carpet-weaving.	Lace-making.	White embroidery.	Tape-making.						Hand-knitting.
B.—MEDICAL SCHOOLS.																												
GOVERNMENT.																												
Vizagapatam Medical School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras Medical College (School Depart- ment)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rayapuram Medical School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore Medical School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
C.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES.																												
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS.																												
(1) Schools teaching subjects coming under two or more of the groups of the Technical examination scheme.																												
GOVERNMENT.																												
Madras School of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput Reformatory School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
UNAIDED.																												
Tanjore Royal Technical Institute	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore West Main Street Type-writing Institute.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mannargudi C.L.V. Technical Institute	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Trichinopoly Central School of Commerce...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</
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(48) Technical, Industrial or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering.		Physical science, electricity and magnetism.	Hygiene.	Agriculture.	Commerce.							
			Building materials and construction.	Building drawing and estimating.	Irrigation works.	Earthwork and road making.	Surveying and leveling.	Mensuration.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Wood-turning.	Bridge work.	Machine-drawing.	Fitter's work.				Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.	Shorthand.	Type-writing.		
	2	3																	20	21	22	23	24	25	
C.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES—cont.																									
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS—cont.																									
(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme—cont.																									
(d) Schools of Commerce—cont.																									
AIDED.																									
Madras Young Men's Christian Association Class	47	47																	18	11	3			25	23
UNAIDED.																			2	1				3	8
Madura A.M. Technical Class	10	14																							
Narasapur Hindu Type-writing Institution.	16																								
Madras Shorthand Writers' Association	30	21																						21	
Chintadripet Singh's Institute of Commerce	114	76																	14	14	2		10	36	
Madras Type-writing Institute	38	18																					2	16	
Madras School of Commerce and Economics.		26																	11	11	9	4	16		
Mannargudi Royal Technical Institute	13																								
Tanjore National Technical Institute	11	15																						3	15

Negapatam Type-writing Institute	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</
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D.—LOWER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS.

UNAIDED.

Masulipatam Native Music class for boys	10																								
Bapatla Leper School	16																								
Total	26																								

(48)—Technical, Industrial or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Name of institution.	Drawing.						Jewel- ler's work.		Printing, book- binding, etc.				Wood work and metal work.		Leather work.	Textile industries.						Tailoring and dress- making.		Glass and pottery.	Approximate value of work turned out in the indus- trial branches.	Amount actually realized during the year from the sale-proceeds of school manufactures.	Number of students who obtained employment during the year.			
	Free-hand drawing.	Design.	Geometrical drawing.	Painting.	Modelling.	Wood-engraving.	Jeweller's work.	Silversmith's work.	Compositor's work.	Proof reader's work.	Press work.	Book-binding.	Stereotyping.	Cabinet-making.	Blacksmith's work.	Rattan work.	Boot and shoe- making.	Cotton-weaving.	Carpet-weaving.	Lace-making.	White embroidery.	Tape-making.	Hand-knitting.	Embroidery.	Tailoring.	Dress-making.	Pottery and porce- lain manufacture.	Approximate value of work turned out in the indus- trial branches.	Amount actually realized during the year from the sale-proceeds of school manufactures.	Number of students who obtained employment during the year.
C.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES—cont.																														
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS—cont.																														
(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme—cont.																														
(d) Schools of Commerce—cont.																														
AIDED.																														
Madras Young Men's Christian Association Class																														
UNAIDED.																														
Madura A.M. Technical Class																														
Narasapur Hindu Type-writing Institution.																														
Madras Shorthand Writers' Association																														
Chintadripet Singh's Institute of Com- merce																														
Madras Type-writing Institute																														
Madras School of Commerce and Economics.																														
Mannāgudi Royal Technical Institute																														
Tanjore National Technical Inst.																														

Negapatam Type-writing Institute	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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(48)—Technical, industrial or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1916—continued.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1915.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering.		Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Physical science, electricity and magnetism.	Sanitary science.	Agriculture.	Commerce.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
			Building materials and construction.	Building drawing and estimating.	Hydraulics and irrigation works.	Earthwork and road-making.	Surveying and leveling.	Mensuration.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Wood-turning.	Bridge work.	Machine-drawing.	Fitter's work.					Book-keeping.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.	Shorthand.	Type-writing.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
E.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—cont.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
(1) Schools teaching subjects coming under two or more groups of the Technical examination scheme—cont.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
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Vellore Anjuman-i-Isha-Athul Hasnath	57																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							

(b) Schools of printing.

GOVERNMENT.																							
Tiruchengodu Government Girls' School (Weaving classes)	31																						
AIDED.																							
Palamcottah Church Mission Society Blind Boys' Industrial School	26																						
(c) Schools of Needle crafts.																							
AIDED.																							
Chingleput U.F.C.M. Lace School	56																						
Ranipet Arcot American Mission	38																						
Women's Industrial House	14																						
Kempetown Church of Sweden Mission Girls' Industrial School	33																						
Idayangudi S.P.G. Lace School	28																						
Kudankulam do.	17																						
Karur Wesleyan Mission Lace School	19																						
Nazareth St. John's Art Industrial School for Girls	19																						
Total	451																						

F.—LOWER CLASS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

AIDED.																							
Nayadupet O.E.L.M. Industrial School	12																						
St. Aloysius Industrial School, Vizagapatam	9																						
Melrosapuram U.F.C.M. Agricultural School.	9																						
Keelur Danish Mission Girls' Industrial School	38																						
Madura St. Joseph's Convent Girls' Industrial School	35																						
O.E.L.M. Lace-making Class, Gundur	47																						
Erode London Mission Girls' Industrial School	43																						
Chombala Basel Mission Girls' Industrial School	31																						
Velcheri American Advent Mission Industrial School	57																						
Total	281																						
Total of Industrial Schools	1,922	19											(b) 35	186									
Grand total of Technical, Art and Industrial Schools and Classes	1,897	19											(b) 35	186	52				156	77	25	285	395

(a) Teaches also Metal work to one student.

(b) Relates to the number studying other branches of Mechanical Engineering.

(49)—Sessional schools at work during 1915-16.

Districts.	Number of sessional schools at work during the year.	Number of teachers admitted.	Number who completed the course.
Ganjām ...	7	96	96
Vizagapatam ...	2	37	36
Godāvari ...	3	88	65
Kistna ...	4	97	91
Guntūr ...	5	100	97
Kurnool ...	5	71	71
Bellary ...	6	74	74
Anantapur ...	4	79	59
Cuddapah ...	6	124	104
Nellore ...	5	88	74
Madras ...	...	...	...
Chingleput ...	5	85	81
North Arcot ...	1	52	16
Chittoor ...	2	88	38
South Arcot ...	8	123	162
Tanjore ...	6	102	68
Trichinopoly ...	4	72	72
Madura ...	2	44	44
Rāmnād ...	4	76	72
Tinnevely ...	2	59	59
Coimbatore ...	5	99	97
Salem ...	6	92	69
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...
Malabar ...	3	62	62
South Canara ...	...	...	...
Total, 1915-16 ...	95	1,828	1,607
Total, 1914-15 ...	104	1,948	1,619

FEMALE EDUCATION.

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(50)—Number and strength of Non-European Girls' schools (both public and private) on the 31st March.

	1915.		1916.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
<i>Public Institutions.</i>				
Government ...	210	26,047	211	26,671
Municipal Board ...	33	2,889	39	3,345
Local Board ...	399	24,957	432	26,522
Aided ...	835	67,945	891	72,376
Unaided ...	103	5,124	118	5,500
Total, Public Institutions ...	1,580	126,962	1,691	1,34,414
Private Institutions ...	125	4,630	141	5,661
Total, Private Institutions ...	125	4,630	141	5,661
Grand Total ...	1,705	131,592	1,832	140,075

NOTE.—(i) Including girls reading in Non-European boys' schools and excluding boys reading in Non-European girls' schools, there were on the 31st March 1916, 308,968 girls under instruction in both public (Non-European) and private schools.

(ii) The number of girls reading in Non-European boys' schools alone was 175,917 on the 31st March 1916.

(51)—Female scholars in Non-European schools (public and private) under instruction and girls in public elementary schools.

Districts.	Female population of school-going age (census of 1911).	Female scholars in Non-European schools. (Public and Private) on the 31st March.		Girls in Public elementary schools on the 31st March.		Percentage of female scholars in Non-European schools (Public and Private) to female population of school-going age.		Percentage of girls in Public elementary schools to female population of school-going age.	
		1915.	1916.	1915.	1916.	1915.	1916.	1915.	1916.
Ganjām ...	176,475	7,694	7,786	7,608	7,680	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4
Vizagapatam ...	244,086	11,736	11,883	11,507	11,702	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.8
Godāvari ...	126,035	18,518	19,176	18,150	18,727	14.7	15.2	14.4	14.9
Kistna ...	150,368	27,733	28,146	26,503	27,382	18.4	18.7	17.6	18.2
Guntūr ...	126,117	21,255	22,385	20,121	21,016	16.9	17.7	16.0	16.7
Kurnool ...	69,561	5,605	6,401	5,541	6,312	8.1	9.2	8.0	9.1
Bellary ...	71,729	3,936	4,292	3,913	4,276	5.5	6.0	5.5	6.0
Anantapur ...	70,311	4,046	4,689	3,980	4,617	5.8	6.7	5.7	6.6
Cuddapah ...	65,987	4,759	5,212	4,692	5,048	7.2	7.9	7.1	7.6
Nellore ...	99,387	9,572	9,927	9,271	9,528	9.6	10.0	9.5	9.6
Madras ...	36,770	12,766	13,593	10,546	11,052	34.7	37.0	28.7	30.1
Chingleput ...	104,863	8,947	9,508	8,534	9,060	8.5	9.1	8.1	8.6
North Arcot ...	148,558	10,638	11,504	8,958	9,474	7.2	7.7	6.0	6.4
Chittoor ...	91,383	5,376	5,677	5,143	5,461	5.9	6.2	5.6	6.0
South Arcot ...	178,410	10,343	11,225	10,137	10,893	5.8	6.3	5.7	6.1
Tanjore ...	185,878	18,537	19,907	15,121	15,402	10.0	10.2	8.1	8.3
Trichinopoly ...	162,535	10,267	10,589	8,861	8,985	6.3	6.5	5.5	5.5
Madura ...	147,920	7,415	7,510	6,519	6,759	5.0	5.1	4.4	4.6
Rāmnād ...	130,834	7,071	8,129	5,387	6,120	5.4	6.2	4.1	4.7
Tinnevely ...	138,723	19,085	19,892	16,897	17,446	13.8	14.3	12.0	12.6
Coimbatore ...	160,726	9,909	10,402	8,894	9,339	6.2	6.5	5.5	5.8
Salem ...	133,416	6,048	6,018	5,933	5,918	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4
Nilgiris ...	7,955	1,376	1,443	1,256	1,343	17.3	18.1	15.8	16.9
Malabar ...	229,940	40,593	45,298	33,963	38,331	17.7	19.7	14.8	16.7
South Canara ...	92,534	9,186	9,371	7,656	7,992	9.9	10.1	8.3	8.6
Total ...	3,150,501	292,411	308,968	264,881	279,863	9.3	9.8	8.4	8.9

(52)—Number and strength of Arts Colleges for Non-European women.

	1914-15.	1915-16.
Palamcottah Sarah Tucker College	19	15
Rāyapuram U.F.C.M. College	13	...
The Madras College for Women	33	43
Madras Christian College for Women	...	40
Total	65	98

NOTE.—There were besides 36 female students studying in Non-European colleges intended for men—13 in the Presidency College, 7 in the Trichinopoly St. Joseph's College, 3 each in the Trichinopoly S.P.G. and Mangalore Colleges, 4 in the Tellicherry Brennen College, 1 each in the Calicut Basel Mission, Vizagapatam Mrs. A. V. Narasinga Rao's, Madanapalli Theosophical and Cocanada Pithapuram Rajah's Colleges and 2 in the Calicut Zamorin's College.

(53)—Number of girls in Non-European public secondary schools on the 31st March 1916.

Districts.	Girls.	Districts.	Girls.
Ganjām	40	Trichinopoly	724
Vizagapatam	180	Madura	164
Godāvari	109	Rāmnād	29
Kistna	38	Tinnevely	843
Guntūr	123	Coimbatore	437
Kurnool	1	Salem	6
Cuddapah	22	Nilgiris	100
Nellore	185	Malabar	1,251
Madras	1,905	South Canara	1,085
Chingleput	77		
North Arcot	185	Total, 1915-16	7,887
Chittoor	113	Total, 1914-15	7,281
South Arcot	7		
Tanjore	213		

(54)—Public elementary schools for girls.

Managing agencies.	Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.			
	1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government	99	16,133	100	16,414	74	6,999	74	7,137	22	1,459	20	1,429
Municipal Board	4	677	4	712	8	774	10	979	21	1,438	25	1,654
Local Board	3	484	3	384	58	4,952	72	5,969	338	19,521	357	20,169
Aided	141	18,988	(a) 142	19,563	316	26,977	(c) 330	28,156	329	16,437	(e) 357	18,312
Unaided	3	302	(b) 4	352	15	1,400	(d) 15	1,286	85	3,422	(f) 98	3,792
Total	250	36,584	253	37,425	471	41,102	501	43,527	795	42,277	857	45,356

(a) Of these, 112 schools with 14,612 pupils were under mission management.

(b) All these were under mission management.

(c) Of these, 266 schools with 22,420 pupils were under mission management.

(d) Do. 9 do. 521 do. do.

(e) Do. 145 do. 6,847 do. do.

(f) Do. 15 do. 431 do. do.

(55)—Number of elementary schools for girls.

Managing agencies.	Number of elementary schools at the beginning of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1915.	Number closed during the year.	Number newly opened during the year.	Number of secondary schools converted into elementary schools during the year.	Total number of elementary schools at the end of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1916.	Number of elementary school buildings constructed during the year and intended to provide accommodation for				
						Existing board schools.	Board schools at places where aided elementary schools but no board schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where unaided elementary schools but no board schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where no elementary schools of any description whether board, or aided or unaided schools formerly existed.	
Government	195	2	1	...	194	2	...	...	...	...
Municipal Board	33	1	7	...	39	5	...	...	...	...
Local Board	399	3	36	...	432	16	...	...	...	...
Aided	786	34	75	2	829	...	...	...	...	...
Unaided	103	47	61	...	117	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,516	87	180	2	1,611	23	...	...	...	...

(56)—Home education classes under zenana agencies.

Names of institutions.	Sixth form.	Fifth form.	Fourth form.	Third form.	Second form.	First form.	Fourth class.	Third class.	Second class.	First class.	Infant class.	Total.
Secondary schools.												
Madras United Free Church Mission Home Education classes	...	...	...	...	1	3	4	6	10	6	...	30

(57)—Statement showing particulars of aided elementary schools for girls managed by teacher managers.

Districts.	Number of aided schools managed by teacher managers.	Number of trained teachers in such schools.	Number of such schools which received extra grant on account of efficiency of work.	Number of such schools which received diminished grant for bad work.	Number of villages in the district with a population of more than 1,000 that are not provided with one elementary board or aided school.
Ganjām	15	5	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	6	...	...	2	...
Godāvari	23	4	11	9	...
Kistna	10	2	5	7	...
Guntūr	3	2	...	...	51
Bellary	2	...	...	...	...
Madras	3	7	3	...	119
Chingleput	3	...	...	1	...
North Arcot	4	2	...	...	24
Chittoor	1	...	...	...	131
South Arcot	1	1	1	...	...
Tanjore	2	1	1	...	...
Trichinopoly	5	2	1	...	128
Madura	3	2	2	1	...
Rāmnād	2	...	...	1	525
Tinnevely	7	2	...	2	463
Coimbatore	2	...	1	...	154
Salem	3	...	1	...	...
Nilgiris	...	...	1	1	554
Malabar	80	37	19	...	33
Total	184	67	44	36	327

(58)—Statement showing the number of elementary school buildings (girls' schools) constructed during the year 1915-16.

Districts.	Under public management.			Under private management.				Total.
	Government.	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.		Unaided.		
				Mission.	Non-Mission.	Mission.	Non-Mission.	
Vizagapatam	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Kistna	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Bellary	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Cuddapah	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	5
Madras	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
South Arcot	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Tanjore	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Trichinopoly	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
Madura	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Tinnevely	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	4
Coimbatore	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Salem	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Malabar	...	2	3	...	6	...	14	25
South Canara	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	3
Total	2	5	18	3	6	...	14	48

(59) Statement showing the number of teachers, the percentage of trained teachers to the total number in each district, the number of pupils per trained teacher and the number of pupils per teacher in Elementary Schools for girls on the 31st March 1916.

Districts.	Elementary Schools for Girls.					
	Number of Teachers.		Percentage of trained teachers to the total number in each district.	Total number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March 1916.	Number of pupils per trained teacher.	Number of pupils per teacher.
	Trained.	Total.				
Ganjām ...	62	142	44	3,368	54	23
Vizagapatam ...	130	208	62	5,190	39	24
Godavari ...	129	260	50	7,046	54	27
Kistna ...	146	315	46	8,621	59	27
Guntur ...	146	253	58	6,525	44	25
Kurnool ...	35	68	51	1,818	51	26
Bellary ...	50	107	47	2,561	51	23
Anantapur ...	41	80	51	2,202	53	27
Cuddapah ...	23	52	44	1,242	54	23
Nellore ...	70	109	64	2,938	41	26
Madras ...	300	393	76	8,827	29	22
Chingleput ...	100	180	55	4,241	42	23
North Arcot ...	150	204	73	5,650	37	27
Chittoor ...	62	93	67	1,915	30	20
South Arcot ...	162	218	74	5,972	36	27
Tanjore ...	206	327	63	8,108	39	24
Trichinopoly ...	132	194	68	5,165	39	26
Madura ...	140	200	70	4,741	33	23
Rāmnād ...	90	127	66	3,865	37	24
Tinnevely ...	276	479	58	9,520	34	19
Coimbatore ...	117	175	67	4,620	39	25
Salem ...	75	131	57	3,760	50	28
Nilgiris ...	26	37	70	942	36	25
Malabar ...	248	689	36	15,444	62	22
South Canara ...	51	96	53	2,527	49	26
Total ...	2,987	5,147	58	126,308	42	24

EUROPEAN EDUCATION.

(60)—Institutions chiefly intended for Europeans.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Secondary schools for boys	12	1,738	12	1,743
Do. for girls	19	1,881	17	1,878
High schools	14	1,641	14	1,624
Middle schools	17	1,397	18	1,574
Primary schools for boys	12	811	15	946
Do. for girls	11	539	8	411
Training school for mistresses	1	23	1	20
Special schools for boys	...	...	...	...
Do. for girls	1	50	2	129
Total ...	87	8,080	87	8,325

(a) Of these, two schools with 422 pupils were under Government management, and 85 schools with 7,903 pupils were aided; and of the latter 57 schools with 5,953 pupils were under mission management.

(61)—Railway schools.

	Number on rolls on the 31st March	
	1915.	1916.
Boys' schools—		
Raichur ...	24	23
Guntakal ...	35	41
Bitragunta ...	77	97
Perambūr ...	82	79
Arkōnam ...	60	66
Jalarpet ...	79	74
Pōdanūr ...	109	111
Rajahmundry (a) ...	55	52
Gooty (a) ...	45	46
Katpadi (a) ...	15	17
Pākala (a) ...	31	22
Tanjore (a) ...	45	50
Sūramangalam (a) ...	46	28
Total of boys' schools ...	703	706
Girls' schools—		
Villupuram ...	114	105
Donakonda (a) ...	19	19
Negapatam (a) ...	57	64
Madura (a) ...	74	89
Total of girls' schools ...	264	277

(a) Primary schools.

(62)—European scholars in public schools in the different stages of instruction.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men (Non-Europeans) ...	42	12	36	6
Do. for women (Non-Europeans) ...	...	13	...	19
Professional colleges ...	14	1	21	6
Secondary schools for boys for Non-Europeans ...	215	2	229	1
Do. for girls do. ...	5	82	2	78
Elementary schools for boys do. ...	103	15	202	47
Do. for girls do. ...	10	11	4	11
High schools for boys for Europeans ...	1,436	224	1,417	228
Do. for girls do. ...	207	1,324	171	1,363
Middle schools for boys do. ...	1,175	622	1,158	626
Do. for girls do. ...	304	991	356	1,089
Primary schools for boys do. ...	394	379	466	450
Do. for girls do. ...	195	329	179	217
Training schools for masters ...	...	...	...	...
Do. for mistresses { Non-Europeans ...	...	67	...	77
Do. { Europeans ...	...	23	...	20
Other special schools { Non-Europeans ...	24	12	40	35
Do. { Europeans ...	1	46	...	118
Total ...	4,125	4,153	4,281	4,391

(63)—Qualifications of teachers employed in European schools for general education.

	Number of teachers	
	1915.	1916.
Teachers holding—		
Non-Indian diplomas ...	59	69
Professional certificates ...	...	...
{ High ...	17	28
{ Middle ...	187	204
{ Primary ...	164	145
General education certificates ...	...	...
{ High ...	21	22
{ Middle ...	60	67
{ Primary ...	38	46
No certificate ...	72	54
Total ...	618	635

(64)—Expenditure in European schools.

Expenditure from	Expenditure in		Percentage to total expenditure.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
	RS.	RS.		
Public funds ...	6,01,985	5,61,449	41.72	41.00
Fees ...	2,00,081	2,22,593	13.86	16.25
Other sources ...	6,40,907	5,85,560	44.42	42.75
Total ...	14,42,923	13,69,602	100.00	100.00

MUHAMMADAN EDUCATION.

(65)—Institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans.

Classes of institutions.	Public Institutions.										Private Institutions.		Grand Total.			
	Govern-ment.		Municipal Board.		Local Board.		Aided.		Unaided.		Total of Public Institutions.		Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.				
<i>Public Institutions.</i>																
Secondary schools for boys ...	2	369	...	...	...	...	3	844	...	...	5	1,213	...	...	5	1,213
Do. girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools for boys ...	15	1,191	119	9,107	666	40,134	490	28,887	112	4,986	1,402	84,305	...	...	1,402	84,305
Do. girls ...	42	3,412	13	746	38	2,133	65	3,480	9	331	167	10,102	...	...	167	10,102
Training schools for masters...	3	205	...	...	6	100	...	...	...	...	9	305	...	...	9	305
Do. mistresses...	2	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	35	...	...	2	35
Other special schools for boys.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	187	...	...	2	187	...	...	2	187
Do. girls.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Public Institutions.	64	5,212	132	9,853	710	42,367	560	33,398	121	5,317	1,587	96,147	...	...	1,587	96,147
<i>Private Institutions.</i>																
Advanced schools teaching Arabic or Persian for boys.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	6,723	144	6,723
Advanced schools teaching Arabic or Persian for girls.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools teaching Quran for boys.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	872	34,556	872	34,556
Elementary schools teaching Quran for girls.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116	4,485	116	4,485
Total of Private Institutions.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,132	45,764	1,132	45,764
Grand total ...	64	5,212	132	9,853	710	42,367	560	33,398	121	5,317	1,587	96,147	1,132	45,764	2,719	141,911

(66)—Distribution of Muhammadan pupils (public and private) in all schools by districts.

Districts.	Muhammadan population of school-going age (census of 1911).			Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1916.			Percentage of Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1916 to the Muhammadan population of school-going age (census of 1911).		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Ganjām ...	422	401	823	462	144	606	109.5	35.9	73.6
Vizagapatam ...	1,748	1,833	3,581	1,756	619	2,375	100.5	33.8	66.3
Godāvari ...	2,006	2,048	4,054	1,915	824	2,739	95.5	40.2	67.6
Kistna ...	5,356	5,254	10,610	3,897	1,715	5,612	72.8	32.6	52.9
Guntūr ...	8,929	8,662	17,591	5,322	1,528	6,850	59.6	17.6	38.9
Kurnool ...	9,241	8,875	18,116	5,443	1,328	6,771	58.9	14.9	37.4
Bellary ...	7,216	6,836	14,052	3,652	729	4,381	50.6	10.7	31.2
Anantapur ...	6,171	5,836	12,007	4,180	1,122	5,302	67.7	19.2	44.2
Cuddapah ...	7,609	7,258	14,867	4,852	1,332	6,184	63.8	18.4	41.6
Nellore ...	6,239	6,031	12,270	3,718	493	4,211	59.6	8.2	34.3
Madras ...	4,647	4,228	8,875	4,057	690	4,747	87.3	16.3	53.5
Chingleput ...	2,448	2,293	4,741	2,119	448	2,567	86.6	19.5	54.1
North Arcot ...	8,480	9,206	17,686	8,946	2,900	11,846	105.5	31.5	67.0
Chittoor ...	4,625	4,252	8,877	2,856	802	3,658	61.8	18.9	41.2
South Arcot ...	5,038	5,010	10,048	4,245	1,260	5,505	84.3	25.1	54.8
Tanjore ...	8,558	11,098	19,656	11,649	3,293	14,942	136.1	29.7	76.0
Trichinopoly ...	4,732	5,131	9,863	4,382	1,324	5,706	92.6	25.8	57.9
Madura ...	5,574	5,910	11,484	4,504	591	5,095	80.8	10.0	44.4
Rāmnād ...	7,505	10,528	18,033	7,262	2,066	9,328	96.8	19.6	51.7
Tinnevely ...	7,028	8,793	15,821	7,786	1,704	9,490	110.8	19.4	60.0
Coimbatore ...	3,269	3,196	6,465	2,875	753	3,628	87.9	23.6	56.1
Salem ...	3,333	3,181	6,514	2,986	858	3,844	89.6	26.9	59.0
Nilgiris ...	560	322	882	394	126	520	70.4	39.1	59.0
Malabar ...	71,423	71,617	143,040	89,948	11,760	51,708	55.9	16.4	36.1
South Canara ...	10,512	10,593	21,105	4,634	600	5,234	44.1	5.7	24.8
Total, 1915-16 ...	202,669	208,392	411,061	143,840	39,009	182,849	70.9	18.7	44.5
Total, 1914-15 ...	202,669	208,392	411,061	137,473	36,743	174,216	67.8	17.6	42.4

(67)—Institutions intended for Mappillas.

	1914-15.				1915-16.			
	Boys' schools.		Girls' schools.		Boys' schools.		Girls' schools.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Public Institutions.								
Government ...	1	118	8	582	1	112	8	722
Municipal Board ...	24	1,982	...	...	25	2,066	...	...
Local Board ...	133	10,611	3	112	155	11,924	4	166
Aided ...	223	14,350	10	770	247	16,366	11	874
Unaided ...	27	2,011	1	94	28	1,901	1	57
Total of Public institutions ...	408	29,072	22	1,558	456	32,369	24	1,819
Private institutions ...	366	16,837	...	...	405	18,302	...	...
Grant total ...	774	45,909	22	1,558	861	50,671	24	1,819

(68)—Muhammadan scholars in public schools in the different classes of institutions.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men for Non-Europeans ...	195	...	186	...
Professional colleges ...	7	...	20	...
Secondary schools for boys for Non-Europeans ...	6,735	3	6,935	...
Do. girls do. ...	5	26	2	13
Elementary schools for boys do. ...	97,210	14,600	101,590	15,551
Do. girls do. ...	670	8,925	790	9,772
High schools for boys for Europeans ...	8	...	13	...
Do. girls do. ...	5	...	...	...
Middle schools for boys do. ...	5	...	11	...
Do. girls do. ...	2	...	1	4
Primary schools for boys for Europeans ...	...	1	...	...
Do. girls do. ...	...	1	...	...
Training schools for Masters ...	334	...	385	...
Do. Mistresses ...	...	33	...	38
Other special schools ...	150	...	314	...
Total ...	105,376	23,591	110,247	25,378

(69)—Statement showing the percentage of Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1916, to the total number of scholars in each of the Secondary stages of school education (vide G.O. Mis. No. 976, Educational, dated 7th September 1915).

Secondary schools.	(a)	(b)
	High stage.	Middle stage.
4	4	4

(a) Represents the percentage of Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1916 in the fourth, fifth and sixth forms of Non-European Secondary schools for boys and girls and in the eighth and ninth standards of European High Schools for boys and girls.

(b) Represents the percentage of Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1916 in the first, second and third forms of Non-European Secondary schools for boys and girls and in the fifth, sixth and seventh standards of European High and Middle Schools for boys and girls.

(70)—Expenditure in Muhammadan schools.

Expenditure from	Expenditure in		Percentage to total expenditure.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
	RS.	RS.		
Public funds ...	4,88,467	5,37,230	71.12	72.63
Fees ...	70,809	76,978	10.24	10.41
Other sources ...	1,28,067	1,25,441	18.64	16.96
Total ...	6,86,843	7,39,649	100.00	100.00

PANCHAMA EDUCATION.

(71)—Institutions chiefly intended for Panchamas.

Classes of Institutions.	Public Institutions.										Private Institution.		Grand Total.			
	Government		Municipal Board.		Local Board.		Aided.		Unaided.		Total of Public Institutions.		Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.				
<i>Public Institutions.</i>																
Secondary schools for boys ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	345	...	...	4	345	...	...	4	345
Elementary schools for boys.	11	431	79	4,649	572	19,952	3,766	101,835	713	16,277	5,141	143,144	...	...	5,141	143,144
Do. girls ...	2	171	...	...	6	212	74	4,464	8	488	90	5,285	...	...	90	5,285
Training schools for masters...	1	59	...	...	...	...	1	29	...	...	2	88	...	...	2	88
Do. mistresses.	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	92	...	...	5	92	...	...	5	92
Other special schools for boys.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, Public Institutions ...	14	661	79	4,649	578	20,164	3,850	106,765	721	16,715	5,242	148,954	...	...	5,242	148,954
<i>Private Institutions.</i>																
Advanced schools for boys ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools for boys...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	2,610	121	2,610
Do. girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	28	2	28
Total, Private Institutions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	123	2,638	123	2,638
Grand total ...	14	661	79	4,649	578	20,164	3,850	106,765	721	16,715	5,242	148,954	123	2,638	5,365	151,592

(72)—Panchama scholars in public schools in the different stages of instruction.

	1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men ...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges ...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys } Non-Europeans ...	819	64	634	1
Do. girls } Non-Europeans ...	...	26	3	56
Elementary schools for boys } Non-Europeans ...	85,373	15,457	93,546	16,800
Do. girls } Non-Europeans ...	316	2,254	367	2,436
Middle schools for boys for Europeans ...	3	...	...	...
Training schools for masters ...	178	3	161	1
Do. mistresses ...	...	1	...	...
Other special schools ...	34	...	66	1
Total ...	86,723	17,805	94,777	18,295

(73)—Expenditure in Panchama schools.

Expenditure from	Expenditure in		Percentage to total expenditure.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
	RS.	RS.		
Public funds ...	4,40,626	4,45,227	56.84	54.02
Fees ...	17,827	21,333	2.29	2.59
Other sources ...	3,16,970	3,57,626	40.87	43.39
Total ...	7,75,423	8,24,186	100.00	100.00

EDUCATION OF THE ABORIGINAL AND HILL TRIBES.

(74)—Number and strength of schools for general education in the Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari Agencies.

	Ganjam.				Vizagapatam.				Godavari.			
	1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.		1914-15.		1915-16.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government ...	98	4,029	98	3,977	12	310	12	291	35	1,324	34	1,815
Board ...	5	114	5	125	5	115	5	91	7	141	8	188
Aided ...	41	995	43	1,096	19	417	19	363	...	...	...	...
Unaided ...	17	417	16	353	5	112	15	256	...	...	...	...
Private (indigenous) ...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	162	5,575	162	(a) 5,551	41	954	51	(b) 1,001	42	1,465	42	(c) 1,508

(a) Of these, 2,467 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

(b) Of these, 771 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

(c) Of these, 494 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

NOTE.—The total number of pupils belonging to the aboriginal tribes under instruction in all classes of schools in the three agencies was 4,654 against 4,721 on the 31st March 1915.

(75)—Expenditure in Schools for Aboriginal and Hill tribes.

Expenditure from.	Expenditure in		Percentage to total expenditure.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
Public Funds...	57,512	59,935	98.50	97.60
Fees ...	682	881	1.17	1.43
Other sources ...	193	593	0.33	0.97
Total ...	58,387	61,442	100.00	100.00

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.

(76)—Number and strength of indigenous and other private institutions on the 31st March 1916.

Districts.	Schools.										Pupils.									
	Secondary schools for boys.			Second-ary schools for girls.			Elementary schools for boys.				Elementary schools for girls.				Total.					
	Arabic or Persian.	Sanskrit.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.	Other schools.	Sanskrit.	Arabic.
Ganjam ...	144	214	17	3	...	75	17	...	2	...	...	104	...	...	160	...	...	11	...	...
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	174	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari ...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	84	...	...	89	...	...	...	...	...
Kistna ...	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	159	...	...	91	...	...	...	...	...
Guntur ...	...	...	...	...	...	89	...	...	...	...	...	205	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	28	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anantapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore ...	...	...	...	...	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...
Madras ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	...	...	59	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	358	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...
North Arcot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...
Chittoor ...	...	...	...	...	...	56	...	...	...	...	...	222	...	...	181	...	...	...	...	...
South Arcot ...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	641	...	...	556	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore ...	...	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	228	...	...	214	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	212	...	...	122	...	...	...	...	...
Madurai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	440	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...
Ramanad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	356	...	...	347	...	...	...	...	...
Tinnevely ...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	169	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...
Coimbatore ...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salem ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	57	...	...	...	...	...
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	545	...	...	1,122	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	...	...	291	...	...	...	...	...
South Canara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,723	...	...	4,454	...	...	...	...	...
Total, 1915-16 ...	143	225	19	2	1	499	5	93	18	5	137	4,609	6,724	4,408	694	57	38	44	1,103	31,859
Total, 1914-15 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

(77)—Number of scholars (public and private) in the different stages of instruction.

Stages of instruction.	1915-16.	
	Boys.	Girls.
Non-Europeans—		
Collegiate arts	8,244	134
Oriental colleges	165	...
Professional collegiate	1,565	17
Secondary schools	129,202	7,837
Elementary schools	1,047,718	279,863
Higher technical and industrial stage	1,514	129
Lower technical and industrial stage	1,163	481
Medical schools	435	36
Training schools	4,344	773
Private do.	103,516	19,698
Total of Non-European schools	1,297,866	308,968
Europeans—		
Secondary schools { High Department	214	164
{ Middle do.	757	805
{ Primary do.	3,007	3,229
Training schools for mistresses	...	20
Higher technical and industrial stage	...	70
Lower technical and industrial stage	...	59
Total of European schools	3,978	4,347
Grand total	1,301,844	313,315

(78)—Physical education.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Number of institutions in which gymnastics is taught as per Educational Rules.	Number of institutions teaching native gymnastics.	Number of institutions in which gymnastics is not taught.
Arts colleges	33	29	...	4
Oriental colleges	7	1	...	6
Professional colleges	7	6	...	1
Non-European secondary schools for { boys	340	331	7	2
{ girls	39	36	1	2
European secondary schools for { boys	29	29	...	...
{ girls	32	31	...	1
Elementary schools for { boys	28,151	20,874	5,312	1,965
{ girls	1,611	1,335	170	106
European primary schools for { boys	15	14	...	1
{ girls	8	8	...	...
Training schools { Non-Europeans.	122	110	3	9
{ Europeans	1	1	...	...
Other special schools { Non-Europeans.	77	16	1	60
{ Europeans	2	...	...	2
Total, 1915-16	30,474	22,821	5,494	2,159
Total, 1914-15	29,083	21,038	5,548	2,497

(79)—School accommodation.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Number of institutions.			
		Held in buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, temples, etc.	Held in managers' or headmasters' dwellings.
Non-European Institutions.					
Arts Colleges—					
Government	5	5	...	...	...
Municipal Board	3	3	...	...	...
Aided	23	22	1	...	...
Unaided	2	2	...	...	...
Total, Arts Colleges ...	33	32	1	...	...
Oriental Colleges—					
Local Board	1	1	...	...	...
Aided	6	5	1	...	...
Total, Oriental Colleges ...	7	6	1	...	...
Professional Colleges—					
Government	7	7	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys—					
Government	6	5	1	...	...
Municipal Board	23	20	3	...	...
Local Board	62	59	3	...	...
Aided	234	194	37	2	1
Unaided... ..	15	5	7	2	1
Total, Secondary schools for boys ...	340	283	51	4	2
Secondary schools for girls—					
Government	6	2	4	...	...
Aided	33	32	1	...	...
Total, Secondary schools for girls ...	39	34	5	...	...
Elementary schools for boys—					
Government	187	158	28	1	...
Municipal Board	483	214	265	4	...
Local Board	6,078	2,395	3,283	386	14
Aided	17,339	7,394	4,193	3,560	2,192
Unaided	4,064	944	1,285	1,272	563
Total, Elementary schools for boys ...	28,151	11,105	9,054	5,223	2,769
Elementary schools for girls—					
Government	194	75	119	...	...
Municipal Board	39	8	31	...	...
Local Board	432	46	372	14	...
Aided	829	564	214	20	31
Unaided	117	57	44	10	6
Total, Elementary schools for girls ...	1,611	750	780	44	37
Training schools for masters—					
Government	41	29	12	...	...
Local Board	42	3	39	...	...
Aided	16	14	2	...	...
Total, Training schools for masters ...	99	46	53	...	...
Training schools for mistresses—					
Government	9	5	4	...	...
Aided	14	13	1	...	...
Total, Training schools for mistresses ...	23	18	5	...	...
Other special schools—					
Government	10	9	1	...	...
Municipal Board	5	4	1	...	...
Local Board	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	33	32	1	...	...
Unaided... ..	29	9	20	...	...
Total, Other special schools ...	77	54	23	...	...
Total, Non-European institutions ...	30,387	12,335	9,973	5,271	2,808

(79)—School accommodation—continued.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Number of institutions			
		Held in buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, temples, etc.	Held in managers' or headmasters' dwellings.
<i>European Institutions.</i>					
High schools for boys—					
Government	1	1	...	...	...
Aided	11	11	...	...	...
Total, High schools for boys ...	12	12	...	...	...
High schools for girls—					
Government	1	1	...	...	...
Aided	13	12	1	...	...
Total, High schools for girls ...	14	13	1	...	...
Middle schools for boys Aided	17	14	3	...	...
Middle schools for girls „	18	18	...	...	...
Primary schools for boys „	15	13	2	...	...
Primary schools for girls „	8	8	...	...	...
Training schools for mistresses Aided	1	1	...	...	...
Other special schools „	2	1	1	...	...
Total, European schools ...	87	80	7	...	...
Grand Total, 1915-16 ...	30,474	12,415	9,980	5,271	2,808
Grand Total, 1914-15 ...	29,081	11,486	9,954	5,104	2,537

(80) Libraries.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Total number of institutions having libraries.	Number of volumes.
Arts colleges	33	33	177,200
Oriental colleges	7	7	6,389
Professional colleges	7	7	24,909
Non-European Secondary schools for { boys ...	340	336	506,464
girls ...	39	38	30,576
European Secondary schools for { boys ...	29	29	20,258
girls ...	32	31	24,242
Elementary schools for ... { boys ...	28,151	4,636	165,971
girls ...	1,611	492	70,543
European Primary schools for ... { boys ...	15	14	3,079
girls ...	8	7	1,038
Training schools for { Non-Europeans...}	122	106	61,938
{ Europeans ...	1	1	500
Other special schools for... { Non-Europeans...}	77	34	14,878
{ Europeans ...	2	...	...
Total, 1915-16 ...	30,474	5,771	1,107,985
Total, 1914-15 ...	29,083	4,562	971,039

(81)—Hostels or boarding houses.

Hostels intended for	Number of hostels for		Total.
	Boys.	Girls.	
Europeans and Eurasians	23	30	53
Indian Christians	120	100	220
Hindus	114	5	119
Muhammadans	9	1	10
Panchamas	5	5	10
Total, 1915-16 ...	271	141	412 *
Total, 1914-15 ...	245	127	372

* Includes hostels attached to Industrial and other Schools not under the control of the Educational Department.

(82)—Number of male and female boarders according to classes of community.

Classes.	Boys.		Girls.	
	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.
Europeans and Eurasians	1,794	1,695	1,343	1,402
Indian Christians	5,847	6,998	5,215	5,401
Panchamas	249	269	348	287
Muhammadans	333	443	37	8
Brahmans	2,938	3,000	2	49
Non-Brahmans	1,215	1,259	90	107
Aborigines	7	10	3	1
Others	10	103	10	30
Total ...	12,393	13,777	7,048	7,285

(83) Statement showing details of Government scholarships awarded in 1915-16.

Particulars of scholarships.	Number allotted.	Number awarded.	Males.				Females.			
			Uriyas.	Backward classes.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Indian Christians.	Eurasians.
In Colleges (general)	42	45	2	1	9	29	...	...	4	...
In the Women's College, Madras ...	10	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1
For widows in the Women's College, Madras.	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
In Secondary schools for boys (general). Do.	212	211	4	24	27	156	...	...	...	...
Stipendiaries).	40	30	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
In Secondary school for girls (general). Do. do. (special).	18	18	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
Do. do. (in the Queen Mary High School, Vizagapatam, for widows), Do. do. (ordinary).	42	42	...	...	...	...	42	...	...	...
In the Brahman Widows Hostel, Triplicane.	10	8	...	...	...	...	5	...	3	...
To Hindu and Muhammadan widows ...	38	38	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...
In fourth standards of Elementary and Secondary schools for girls (special).	63	44	...	...	...	...	30	14	...	...
In Higher Elementary schools for boys (general). Do. for girls (general).	330	91	...	...	...	...	77	5	9	...
Do. for girls (special).	24	21	...	5	2	14	...	...	...	...
In Elementary schools for boys (Mappillas) Do. (Savaras). Do. (Khonds). Do. (Koyas, etc.).	24	24	...	...	...	...	23	...	1	...
In Elementary schools for girls (Mappillas)	245	202	...	...	...	...	167	16	19	...
In Sanskrit colleges	220	220	...	...	220	...	...	...	...	...
Do. schools	25	31	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
In Special schools (Mappillas in the Calicut School of Commerce).	25	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	436	...	436	...	...	...	...	...	...
	50	46	...	...	...	...	...	46	...	...
	32	32	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	...
	72	72	...	...	...	...	72	...	...	...
	20	20	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...

(84)—Qualifications of teachers in public schools for general education for Non-Europeans.

Heads of Institutions.	Number of teachers on the 31st March 1915 holding								
	Non-Indian diplomas.	Professional certificates.			General education certificates.			No certificates.	Total.
		Collegiate.	Second-ary.	Element-ary.	Collegiate.	Second-ary.	Element-ary.		
Arts Colleges for men ...	66	144	4	...	125	9	2	36	386
Do. women ...	4	7	4	1	3	...	3	1	23
Secondary Schools for boys ...	41	810	1,448	846	404	940	216	299	5,004
Do. girls ...	28	40	121	137	22	42	32	10	432
Elementary Schools for boys ...	3	10	167	14,579	4	208	24,585	5,660	45,216
Do. girls ...	44	1	189	2,525	1	62	1,646	370	4,818
Training Schools for masters ...	...	59	102	23	2	11	1	4	202
Do. mistresses.	8	20	53	19	...	4	2	5	111
Total ...	194	1,091	2,068	18,130	561	1,276	26,487	6,385	56,192

Heads of Institutions.	Number of teachers on the 31st March 1916 holding								Total.
	Non-Indian diplomas.	Professional certificates.			General education certificates.			No certificates.	
		Collegiate.	Second-ary.	Element-ary.	Collegiate.	Second-ary.	Element-ary.		
Arts Colleges for men ...	62	165	4	...	141	10	2	33	417
Do. women ...	10	3	2	...	7	...	...	5	27
Secondary Schools for boys ...	47	879	1,548	912	429	1,012	195	282	5,304
Do. girls ...	34	36	131	135	26	40	30	13	439
Elementary Schools for boys ...	2	9	195	15,556	6	275	25,507	5,693	47,643
Do. girls ...	18	...	188	2,761	1	56	1,738	385	5,147
Training Schools for masters ...	3	65	115	29	...	6	4	11	233
Do. mistresses.	7	17	49	8	1	1	4	3	90
Total ...	183	1,174	2,232	19,401	605	1,400	27,880	6,425	59,300

(85)—Educational associations and reading-rooms.

District.	Teachers' associations.			Reading-rooms and literary societies.					
	Number.	Members.		Registered.			Not registered.		
		Males.	Females.	Number.	Males.	Females.	Number.	Males.	Females.
Ganjām ...	29	1,617	...	2	471	...	28	2,470	74
Vizagapatam ...	90	2,534	...	4	180	...	30	1,808	40
Godāvari ...	45	2,384	16	6	2,883	30	38	3,409	35
Kistna ...	83	3,000	25	3	418	20	51	4,375	108
Guntur ...	56	4,759	379	4	424	...	22	2,885	47
Kurnool ...	33	1,158	18	12	465	...	2	192	...
Bellary ...	52	1,157	14	2	96	...	8	1,473	617
Anantapur ...	31	884	5	...	...	...	10	252	18
Cuddapah ...	21	1,107	...	...	...	...	10	591	...
Nellore ...	68	1,430	101	3	362	1	28	1,722	8
Madras ...	4	290	...	3	15,077	...	20	2,089	267
Chingleput ...	32	1,663	22	2	214	3	15	5,040	2
North Arcot ...	47	1,411	8	1	100	...	39	4,452	5
Chittoor ...	37	984	20	...	...	...	31	1,934	...
South Arcot ...	49	2,204	...	2	55	6	19	834	...
Tanjore ...	36	2,430	3	8	652	11	44	4,238	50
Trichinopoly ...	52	1,848	2	1	58	...	26	2,549	6
Madura ...	50	1,858	10	4	14,088	7	22	1,460	137
Rāmnād ...	49	1,305	1	1	24	...	27	4,620	50
Tinnevely ...	76	2,195	38	1	2,536	...	44	3,572	344
Coimbatore ...	61	1,615	5	3	198	...	27	1,317	...
Salem ...	48	1,093	...	...	...	...	17	900	4
Nilgiris ...	7	166	...	2	414	...	...	...	...
Malabar ...	51	3,487	22	2	263	...	28	2,838	182
South Canara ...	19	869	2	...	...	...	27	3,483	156
Total, 1915-16 ...	1,126	43,198	691	66	38,983	78	613	58,503	2,150
Total, 1914-15 ...	1,058	38,625	613	50	31,296	65	547	54,507	1,049

In approval
SK
1.2.16

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT
(Education)

Order—No. 115, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.

Recorded.

2. *Imperial grants.*—The recurring grants already sanctioned by the Government of India received no additions during the year. They were fully utilized with the exception of the grant of Rs. 30,000 for Muhammadan education, of which a sum of only Rs. 10,000 was spent, as the schemes for utilizing the grant had not been completed before the close of the year.

3. *General statistics of progress.*—Including the 46 professional colleges and special schools which, though not under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, are included in his returns under the orders of the Government of India, the number of educational institutions increased by 1,250 or 3·7 per cent and their strength by 72,204 or 4·7 per cent. The figures relating to schools for Indians show accessions of 2·8, 5·4 and 4·4 per cent, respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education, the corresponding figures for the year 1914-15 being 15·05, 6·6 and 5·0 per cent. The considerable fall in the percentage of increase in the number of students receiving collegiate education is reported to be due to the restrictions placed by the Syndicate on the admission of students to the collegiate course.

4. *Total expenditure.*—The total expenditure on education from all sources during the year amounted to Rs. 206·5 lakhs. Deducting 11 lakhs, the amount spent on colleges and schools which are not under the control of the Department of Public Instruction, the expenditure amounted to 195·5 lakhs, as against 193·5 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 78·48 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21·68 lakhs, and fees and other sources about 95·40 lakhs, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 82·64, 21·77 and 89·11 lakhs.

The total "direct" expenditure increased by 5 lakhs, while the "indirect" expenditure decreased by 3 lakhs. The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools from public funds amounted to 54·50 lakhs, or 1·19 lakhs more than in the previous year. Of this increase ·07 lakh was allotted to secondary schools and the balance of 1·12 lakhs to elementary schools. There was a fall in the grants-in-aid paid both from provincial and municipal funds, the decrease in the former case amounting to 2·57 lakhs and in the latter to ·05 lakh. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was As. 7-11, as against As. 7-6 in the previous year.

5. *University and collegiate education.*—During the year Mr. Gilbert Slater, M.A., D.Sc., was appointed University Professor of Indian Economics. Two lectures on "Ancient Indian Chronology" were delivered by M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai Avargal. The question of regulating the admission to the collegiate course of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates engaged the serious attention of the University and arrangements were made for the selection of candidates eligible for such admission in 1916-17. A list of them was prepared and issued for the guidance of affiliated colleges. A Government second-grade college was sanctioned for the Ceded Districts and located at Anantapur. Sanction was also accorded to the opening of a class for group II-A (Physics) of the B.A. pass course in the Kumbakonam college. There was a further increase in the aggregate number of students in the professional and arts colleges under the control of the Director, the increase in the strength of the Engineering College being marked. In that college an additional Professor in the Indian Educational Service was appointed to give instruction in Higher Electrical Engineering.

6. *Secondary and elementary education.*—There was an increase of seven in the total number of secondary schools, an addition of six being made to the number of complete secondary schools. The total strength of secondary schools rose by 5.8 per cent, the increase in the number reading in the three highest forms alone being 8.3 per cent.

The number of public elementary schools increased by 4.6 per cent, their strength rising from 1,143,995 to 1,201,273, or by about 5 per cent.

Towards the close of the year several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education were discussed at a conference of officials and non-officials and the recommendations of the conference are under consideration.

7. *Special education.*—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 166 and 7,134 to 202 and 9,024, respectively, the increase being due mainly to the inclusion in the figures of the year under review of statistics relating to industrial and medical schools. The Government sanctioned the opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Ellore in the Kistna district. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and mistresses is under consideration.

The number of pupils on the rolls in the School of Arts increased from 252 to 283, but the strength of the School of Commerce at Calicut fell from 202 to 196. It is understood that pupils in several secondary schools take up commercial subjects which are included as optional subjects in the secondary school final course.

8. *Female education.*—There was a further gratifying advance in the education of Indian girls, the number of schools maintained for them increasing by 127 and the total number of girls under instruction by 18,500. During the year the Government gave subsidies to local bodies to be utilized for opening 44 additional girls' schools.

In the Government Women's College, Madras, out of 13 students who appeared for the last Intermediate Examination in Arts, 11 were successful, of whom three were placed in the first class, and in the Women's Christian College, Madras, four passed out of seven. The strength of the Brahman Widows' Hostel, Madras, increased from 31 to 42.

9. *European education.*—The total number of schools for Europeans remained the same as in the previous year, but their strength rose by 245. The orders of the Government of India on the scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community have not yet been received.

10. *Education of Muhammadans.*—The progress under this head noticed in previous years was maintained during the year under review. The number of institutions under public management, mainly intended for Muhammadans, rose from 886 to 906, and their strength from 55,554 to 57,432. The total number of Muhammadan pupils reading in public secondary schools for Indians rose from 6,769 to 6,950.

11. *Panchama education.*—There was a further advance both in the number and strength of the institutions intended for Panchamas. The total number of Panchama scholars under instruction in all classes of public schools increased by 9 per cent.

(True Extract)

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

Surgeon-General.
" Accountant-General.
" Registrar, University of Madras.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Local and Municipal Department.
Editors' Table.

G.O. No. 115, 27th January 1917

Report on public instruction

Recording, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1915-16.

1. Secondary and elementary education.—There was no increase of seven in the total number of secondary schools, an addition of six being made to the number of complete secondary schools. The total strength of secondary schools rose by 8.3 per cent, the increase in the number of the three highest forms alone being 8.3 per cent.

2. The number of public elementary schools increased by 4.6 per cent, their strength rising from 1,143,935 to 1,201,373, or by about 5 per cent.

3. Towards the close of the year several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education were discussed at a conference of officials and non-officials and the recommendations of the conference are under consideration.

4. Special education.—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 186 and 7,181 to 202 and 9,021, respectively, the increase being due mainly to the inclusion in the figures of the year under review of institutions relating to industrial and medical schools. The Government sanctioned the opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Elore in the Kistnari district. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and mistresses is under consideration.

5. The number of pupils on the rolls in the School of Arts increased from 323 to 328, but the strength of the School of Commerce at Calicut fell from 102 to 100. It is understood that pupils in several secondary schools take up commercial subjects which are included as optional subjects in the secondary school final course.

6. Female education.—There was a further gratifying advance in the education of Indian girls, the number of schools maintained for them increasing by 127 and the total number of girls under instruction by 45,500. During the year the Government gave subsidies to local bodies to be utilized for opening 44 additional girls' schools.

7. In the Government Women's College, Madras, out of 13 students who appeared for the last Intermediate Examination in Arts, 11 were successful, of whom three were placed in the first class, and in the Women's Christian College, Madras, four passed out of seven. The strength of the Madras Women's Hostel, Madras, increased from 31 to 43.

8. Technical education.—The total number of schools for technical education remained the same as in the previous year, but their strength rose by 143. The orders of the Government of India on the scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domestic community have not yet been received.

9. Education of Mohammedans.—The progress under this head, noticed in previous years was maintained during the year under review. The number of institutions under public management, mainly intended for Mohammedans, rose from 338 to 306, and their strength from 53,554 to 57,432. The total number of Mohammedan pupils reading in public secondary schools for Indians rose from 8,769 to 8,950.

10. Paschama education.—There was a further advancement in the number and strength of the institutions intended for Paschamas. The total number of Paschama scholars under instruction in all classes of public schools increased by 9 per cent.

(The Director)

W. P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARYA, Secy.

To the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
" Secretary to Government.
" Accountant-General.
" Inspector, University of Madras.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Local and Municipal Government.
" Chief, Table.

Report on Public Instruction
Recorded, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1915-16
G.O. No. 115, 27th January 1917

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT
(Education)

Order—No. 115, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.
Recorded.

2. Imperial grants.—The recurring grants already sanctioned by the Government of India received no additions during the year. They were fully utilized with the exception of the grant of Rs. 30,000 for Muhammadan education, of which a sum of only Rs. 10,000 was spent, as the schemes for utilizing the grant had not been completed before the close of the year.

3. General statistics of progress.—Including the 46 professional colleges and special schools which, though not under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, are included in his returns under the orders of the Government of India, the number of educational institutions increased by 1,250 or 3.7 per cent and their strength by 72,204 or 4.7 per cent. The figures relating to schools for Indians show accessions of 2.8, 5.4 and 4.4 per cent, respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education, the corresponding figures for the year 1914-15 being 15.05, 6.6 and 5.0 per cent. The considerable fall in the percentage of increase in the number of students receiving collegiate education is reported to be due to the restrictions placed by the Syndicate on the admission of students to the collegiate course.

4. Total expenditure.—The total expenditure on education from all sources during the year amounted to Rs. 206.5 lakhs. Deducting 11 lakhs, the amount spent on colleges and schools which are not under the control of the Department of Public Instruction, the expenditure amounted to 195.5 lakhs, as against 193.5 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 78.48 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21.68 lakhs, and fees and other sources about 95.40 lakhs, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 82.64, 21.77 and 89.11 lakhs.

The total "direct" expenditure increased by 5 lakhs, while the "indirect" expenditure decreased by 3 lakhs. The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools from public funds amounted to 54.50 lakhs, or 1.19 lakhs more than in the previous year. Of this increase .07 lakh was allotted to secondary schools and the balance of 1.12 lakhs to elementary schools. There was a fall in the grants-in-aid paid both from provincial and municipal funds, the decrease in the former case amounting to 2.57 lakhs and in the latter to .05 lakh. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was As. 7-11, as against As. 7-6 in the previous year.

5. University and collegiate education.—During the year Mr. Gilbert Slater, M.A., D.Sc., was appointed University Professor of Indian Economics. Two lectures on "Ancient Indian Chronology" were delivered by M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai Avargal. The question of regulating the admission to the collegiate course of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates engaged the serious attention of the University and arrangements were made for the selection of candidates eligible for such admission in 1916-17. A list of them was prepared and issued for the guidance of affiliated colleges. A Government second-grade college was sanctioned for the Ceded Districts and located at Anantapur. Sanction was also accorded to the opening of a class for group II-A (Physics) of the B.A. pass course in the Kumbakonam college. There was a further increase in the aggregate number of students in the professional and arts colleges under the control of the Director, the increase in the strength of the Engineering College being marked. In that college an additional Professor in the Indian Educational Service was appointed to give instruction in Higher Electrical Engineering.

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6. *Secondary and elementary education.*—There was an increase of seven in the total number of secondary schools, an addition of six being made to the number of complete secondary schools. The total strength of secondary schools rose by 5.8 per cent, the increase in the number reading in the three highest forms alone being 8.3 per cent.

The number of public elementary schools increased by 4.6 per cent, their strength rising from 1,143,995 to 1,201,273, or by about 5 per cent.

Towards the close of the year several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education were discussed at a conference of officials and non-officials and the recommendations of the conference are under consideration.

7. *Special education.*—The number and strength of schools for special education rose from 166 and 7,134 to 202 and 9,024, respectively, the increase being due mainly to the inclusion in the figures of the year under review of statistics relating to industrial and medical schools. The Government sanctioned the opening of a temporary higher elementary training school at Ellore in the Kistna district. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and mistresses is under consideration.

The number of pupils on the rolls in the School of Arts increased from 252 to 283, but the strength of the School of Commerce at Calicut fell from 202 to 196. It is understood that pupils in several secondary schools take up commercial subjects which are included as optional subjects in the secondary school final course.

8. *Female education.*—There was a further gratifying advance in the education of Indian girls, the number of schools maintained for them increasing by 127 and the total number of girls under instruction by 16,500. During the year the Government gave subsidies to local bodies to be utilized for opening 44 additional girls' schools.

In the Government Women's College, Madras, out of 13 students who appeared for the last Intermediate Examination in Arts, 11 were successful, of whom three were placed in the first class, and in the Women's Christian College, Madras, four passed out of seven. The strength of the Brahman Widows' Hostel, Madras, increased from 31 to 42.

9. *European education.*—The total number of schools for Europeans remained the same as in the previous year, but their strength rose by 245. The orders of the Government of India on the scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community have not yet been received.

10. *Education of Muhammadans.*—The progress under this head noticed in previous years was maintained during the year under review. The number of institutions under public management, mainly intended for Muhammadans, rose from 886 to 906, and their strength from 55,554 to 57,432. The total number of Muhammadan pupils reading in public secondary schools for Indians rose from 6,769 to 6,950.

11. *Panchama education.*—There was a further advance both in the number and strength of the institutions intended for Panchamas. The total number of Panchama scholars under instruction in all classes of public schools increased by 9 per cent.

(True Extract)

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
" Surgeon-General.
" Accountant-General.
" Registrar, University of Madras.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Local and Municipal Department.
Editors' Table.

Endorsement—No. 116, Home (Education), dated 27th January 1917.
Copy to the Government of India, Department of Education.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

G.O. Nos. 115-16, 27th January 1917

Report on public instruction

Recording, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1915-16.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT
(Education)

Order—No. 115, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.

Recorded.
3. *Inspection of schools.*—The remaining grants already sanctioned by the Government of India received no additions during the year. They were fully utilized with the exception of the grant of Rs. 20,000 for Muhammadan education of which a sum of only Rs. 10,000 was spent, as the schemes for utilizing the grant had not been completed before the close of the year.

4. *General statistics of progress.*—Including the 16 professional colleges and special schools which, though not under the control of the Government of India, are included in its returns under the orders of the Government of India, the number of educational institutions increased by 1,250 or 3.7 per cent and their strength by 23,801 or 4.7 per cent. The figures relating to schools for Indians show an increase of 2.8 per cent and 4.4 per cent respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate secondary and elementary education, the corresponding figures for the year 1914-15 being 15,05,606 and 6.4 per cent. The considerable fall in the percentage of increase in the number of students receiving collegiate education is reported to be due to the restrictions placed by the Syndicate on the admission of students to the collegiate courses.

5. *Total expenditure.*—The total expenditure on education from all sources during the year amounted to Rs. 208.5 lakhs. Deducting 11 lakhs, the amount spent on colleges and schools which are not under the control of the Government of India, the expenditure amounted to Rs. 197.5 lakhs, as against Rs. 193.5 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum provincial funds contributed Rs. 48 lakhs, local and managed funds Rs. 31.68 lakhs, and Government funds Rs. 118.42 lakhs. The corresponding figures for the previous year being Rs. 82.84, 21.77 and Rs. 111 lakhs.

The total direct expenditure increased by 8 lakhs. The expenditure on secondary and elementary education decreased by 8 lakhs. The expenditure on public instruction increased by 34.56 lakhs or 14.9 per cent more than in the previous year. Of this increase 10 lakhs were allotted to secondary schools and the balance of 24.56 lakhs to elementary schools. There was a fall in the grants-in-aid paid both from provincial and managed funds, the decrease in the former case amounting to Rs. 27 lakhs and in the latter to Rs. 10 lakhs. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was Rs. 7-11, as against Rs. 7-6 in the previous year.

6. *University and college education.*—During the year Mr. Gilbert Barker, M.A., was appointed University Professor of Indian Economics. Two lectures on "Ancient Indian Chronology" were delivered by Mr. R. V. Dharma Bhadran. The question of regulating the admission to the J. B. Swamikalai College, Madras, was discussed. The question of regulating the admission to the college course of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates engaged the serious attention of the University and arrangements were made for the selection of candidates eligible for such admission in 1916-17. A list of them was prepared and issued for the guidance of affiliated colleges. A Government second-grade college was sanctioned for the Cochin District and located at Ananthapur. Section was also accorded to the opening of a class for group H-A (Physics) of the B.A. pass course in the Kannadagam College. There was a further increase in the aggregate number of students in the professional and arts colleges under the control of the Director, the increase in the strength of the Bangalore College being marked. In that college an additional Professor in the Indian Educational Service was appointed to give instruction in Higher Electrical Engineering.

[G.O. Nos. 115-16, Home (Education), dated the 27th January 1917.]



 WITH G.O. Nos. 115-16, HOME (E)

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Home (a)

DEPARTMENT.

27

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