

Edd (1916) Department.

mis SERIES.

G.O. No. 233 Edd

DATED 3. 3-16



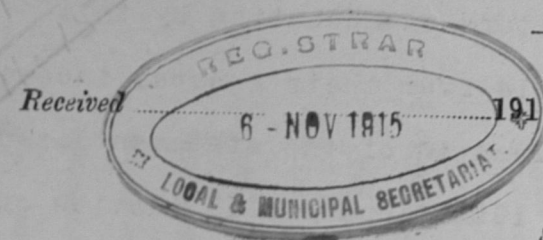
[Despatch Abstract.]

Grant Informing the P.D.B. in newelly that the Govt see no reason to reconsider the decision arrived at in G.O. No 781 Edd dated 17-7-15 declining to comply with the request of the Kailpatti Taluk Board for a — for the maintenance of certain elementary schools.

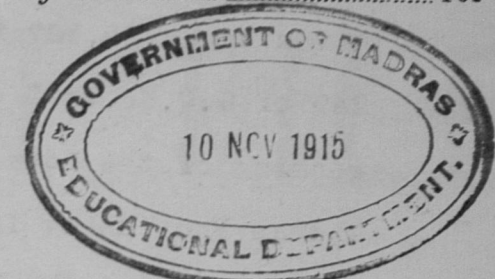
C.No. 3913^{col}

C.F.-28

DEPARTMENT. 11.11.15



C.No. 5-9872
Registered 11.11.15 191



Subject.

Provincialization.

Applying for the sanction of Government for the.....of
certain elementary schools under the Koilpatti Taluk Board.

ENCLOSURES.
No.
Spare copies

Loe 40/15
No. 10/15

Station Tinnevelly, Dated the 19th August 1915. 191

From (Name) F.R.Hemingway Esquire, I.C.S.,

(Designation) President, District Board,

Tinnevelly.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

EDUCATIONAL Department.

Through

Sir, The Director of Public Instruction,
M a d r a s.

With reference to G.O.No.781 Educational.Mis. dated 17th July 1915 stating that the Government see no sufficient reason to comply with the request of the Koilpatti Taluk Board for a grant for the maintenance of certain Elementary schools under its management and drawing my attention to the remarks of the Director of Public Instruction in his endorsement on my predecessor's letter to Government on the subject, I have the honour to submit that the statement of the Director that the Tinnevelly District Board spent during 1913-1914, only 4.9 per cent of their income on education is not correct.

2. The net expenditure on Education by this District Board in 1913-1914 from their general income is given as Rs.25,527 in column 10 of the statement at page 249 of G.O.No.73 L dated 19th January 1915 (Review on the working of the Local Boards and Union Panchayats in the Madras Presidency for the year 1913-1914) while it should be Rs.39,691. In working out the net expenditure on education, the whole of the special grants given by Government in that year for educational purposes including the grant given for the construction of school buildings, (the expenditure wherefrom is included under Civil works - Buildings) has been deducted from the total expenditure instead of deducting only that portion of the grant which was actually spent during the year on the up-keep of the schools though the heading of column 9 of the statement shews clearly that only the actual amount spent from the sanctioned grants should be deducted. Thus the total grant of Rs.43,224 sanctioned for educational purposes in that year has been deducted from the total expenditure on education, while only Rs.29,060/- the sum actually spent from the grant on the upkeep of the schools should have been deducted. Hence the correct net expenditure on education by this District Board in 1913-14 from their general income was Rs.39,691/- and not Rs.25,527/- as shewn in the statement at page 249 of the Review, and the percentage of this expenditure to the income would be 7.6 or in other words the Tinnevely District Board spent during 1913-1914, 7.6 per cent of their in-come and not 4.9 per cent as noted in the statement and pointed out by the Director. This error has unfortunately occurred only in the case of the Tinnevely District Board, seeing that in the case of all other District Boards in the Presidency only the actual expenditure

from the Provincial grant (and not the whole of the grant) has been deducted from the total expenditure on education.

3. Secondly, in working out the current income of Local Boards entered in column 11 of the statement at page 249 of the review, the income from endowments (such as choultries &c) which is not available for general purposes has not been deducted. In their order No.187 L dated 9-2-15, Government directed the submission of a statement with the District Boards' budgets and administration reports, showing the proportion of their net expenditure on education to their total current income available for general purposes and issued certain instructions for its preparation, in view to arrive at a correct net expenditure on education. According to the instructions issued in the above G.O., a statement was prepared in this office for the year 1913-1914 for this District Board and also for the whole Presidency and it is observed that this District Board spent on education in 1913-1914, 13.8 per cent of their income available for general purposes against a Presidency average of 13.7 per cent. In the year 1914-1915 this District Board spent 12.0 per cent of their general income on education. Of the four Taluk Boards in the District, the Koilpatti Taluk Board spent most viz 28.5 per cent.

4. It may be seen from the above that this District Board does not spend on education less than the Presidency average. A reference to the statement on page 159 of G.O No.73 dated 19-1-15 (the General Review on the working of the Local Boards in this Presidency for the year 1913-1914) shews that with the exception of the Nilgris and Koraput

* This was apparently due to the absence of any definite order as to how the expenditure on 20% should be arrived at. I felt there will be no such occasion a definite method has been prescribed in Feb 1915

8.2.15 (U)

4/ *Re 2157/15*
districts this Tinnevelly District Board receives the lowest grant from Provincial funds on account of elementary schools while other districts similar to *the above* receive grants double and even treble that grant.

I have the honour to solicit that, under the above circumstances, the sanction of Government may be accorded for provincializing the 16 schools under the Koilpatti Taluk Board referred to in this office letter R.O.C.40/15 dated 12-3-15.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J.M.D/19/8/15

K. S. M. S.
For President. *198.*

Despatched.

20 AUG 1915

5/ *21/12/15*
N. R. C. No.6906/1915 dated *5th* November 1915

Submitted.

2. Excluding the Nilgiris and Koraput, the Tinnevelly District Board received less last year by way of subsidy than any other District Board. This District Board, however, maintained fewer schools than any other District Board excluding Koraput, the Nilgiris and Ramnad. Tinnevelly is exceptionally well provided for educationally by missionary effort so that there is less need for the grant of provincial subsidies for the opening and maintenance of ~~board~~ schools in this district than there is in other districts more backward or not so well provided with schools by missionary effort.

3. The schools the cost of maintenance of which the District Board requests to be borne by Government do not appear to have been opened from any special subsidy but to be schools in existence before the beginning of the grant of subsidies for the expansion and improvement of Elementary education. It is for the District Board, Tinnevelly, to adjust its grants equitably to the several Taluq Boards in the district so as to permit the Koilpatti Taluq Board to have sufficient funds to continue the schools under Local Board management.

4. I do not therefore recommend this application for favourable consideration.

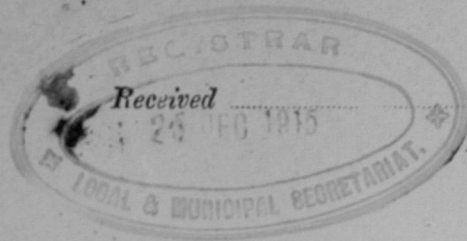
Y. V.
for Director of Public Instruction.

No 6919 L6

915

C.F.—29.

DEPARTMENT.



191

Registered

27/12/15

191

Subject.

Requesting that the sanction of Government may be accorded for provincializing 16 elementary schools under the Koilpatti Taluk Board.

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Spare copies

R.O.C. No. 40/15

Station Tinnevelly, Dated the 14th December 1915.

From (Name) F.R. Hemingway Esquire, I.C.S.,
(Designation) President, District Board,
Tinnevelly.

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
EDUCATIONAL Department.
THROUGH THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, MADRAS.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter, R.O.C.No.40/15,
dated 19th August 1915, I have the honour to request that
the sanction of Government may be accorded for provincia-
lizing sixteen elementary schools under the Koilpatti Taluk
Board.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

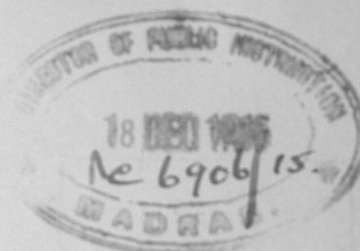
Your most obedient servant,

Unwanathane
For President.

T.A.P./15-12-15.

200 15/12/15

Filed by SD 22-12-15



7
Encl 6919 L b
N. Ref. on Cur. No. 6906/15, dated 23rd December 1915.

Submitted to Government in continuation of my
p. 5 *infra* endorsement N.R.C.No. 6906/15, dated 5th November 1915.

P.V.S. *M*
22-12-15.

[Signature]
for Director of Public Instruction.

OFFICE NOTE.

8

1

SUBJECT. application for a grant of Rs. 7,500 per annum for the maintenance of certain elementary schools under the Kailpath Taluk Board.

From The P. D. B. Tinnevely, no 40, 8/19.8.15

Register No. 3913 Sol

page 5 of 5.

lps no 1475 Sol 22.1.15
23.12.14 25.2.15
+ no. 744 Sol 7.7.15
(p 4)

(Ascertained from L & M)

Submitted that the D.I.D's remarks seem correct ~~and his recommendation accepted~~. It may also be pointed out ~~that~~ that the President's letter deals with the figures for 1913-14 and ~~the~~ does not take in account the recurring grant of Rs 4,675 per annum that is being sanctioned since 1914-15 for the maintenance of certain schools under the Sermadei Taluk Board. This additional subsidy should naturally reduce the percentage of the net expenditure on education in the district which was ~~was~~ in 1913-14 ~~was~~ according to the President's ~~new~~ calculation just equal to the Presidency average. As a matter of fact the percentage in 1914-15 according to the new method of calculation laid down in lps no 187 L, dated the 9th February 1915, was only 12.5 for Tinnevely

against the Presidency average of 16.5.
There seems thus to be no case at all for
additional ~~to~~ grants from Provincial funds.
For orders ^{with the concurrence of Land &} whether the Govt. may accept the
D.P. D's recommendation, that no grant need
be sanctioned. It is for that department to
deal with the remarks of the President regarding
the percentage figures for 1913-14.

[+ The Govt's figures
may be accepted as
correct 1915]

La
26.11.15 CR
26.11.15

Do the statement in para 2 of the
Page 5 C.F. D.P. D's endorsement cancel?

CR
27.11.15

(G)

Submitted yes. Attention is solicited to Col. 2
of Statement XIX on page 247 of fo. no. 73 L, dated the 19th
January 1915, which gives the number of board schools,
and to Cols. 23 to 26 of Statement XXI on page 250 of the same
fo., which contain figures relating to the total numbers
of pupils under education in the local fund area of the District
and the percentage to the population of school-going age.

La
27.11.15

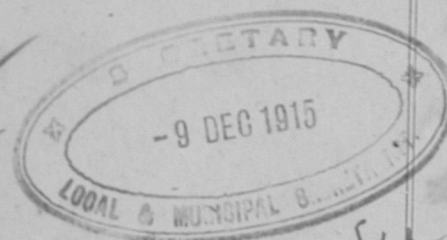
Please see also supplemental
Tables (55) & (56) on pages 65 & 66 of
Vol. II of Public Instruction Report
for 1913-14 - perhaps.

CR
28.11.15

7.12.15

Soluto 3913-1

- 8/12/15



C no 6650K
9-12-15

See

In the circumstances mentioned by the Educational Secretary who as former President of the District Board knows well about the needs of the district, it is ^{for orders whether} ~~submitted that~~ this Dept may support the suggestion to give a grant from Provincial funds for the maintenance of the elementary schools referred to by the President. In para 3 of his ^(p. 5 cp) ~~letter~~ the D.P. I says that "the schools the cost of maintenance of which the D. Bd request to be borne by Govt do not appear to have been opened from any special subsidy" ^{this state} does not appear to be ^{wholly} correct as the President in para 2 (b) of his letter of 12-3-15 on ~~subject~~ ^{dated} 12-3-15 (H. D) stated "In 1906-07 and 1907-08 while the Koilpatti and Sankaranayagi-
markoyil Taluks were under the Interior and Trimmally St. Bd, nine schools were opened in the present Koilpatti St. Bd area with the aid of the Provincial subsidy then sanctioned, in the belief that it would be a continuing one, but

as Govt did not continue the grant their maintenance devolved on the Local Board.

As observed by Mr. Francis in his note of 17-12-14^(1378/1475 Ld. 23-12-14 F.Y.) "if it is true that the schools were opened from Prov. funds there was a promise that they should also be maintained from that source."

For orders. The amount required Rs 7500- per annum.
27-12-15 *Enclined (v)*

Is then any precedent for trusting a local body in this way?

Sey

Wm

①

Please see 26 1475 Etl dated 28.12.14 in which under similar circumstances the Sermadevi Taluk Board was allowed to take credit for Rs 4000 in the revised estimate for 1914-15 and Rs 4675 in the budget estimate for 1915-16 for the maintenance of the certain ~~board~~ elementary schools opened from Prov. funds. These amounts were formally sanctioned in 26 221 Etl dated 25.2.15 and 774 Etl dated 7.7.15. In this connection attention is solicited to the remarks of the Hon'ble

Sir

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④

⑤

⑥

See H. A. Stuart on page 9 of the notes to
26 11.13 E of dated 26. 11. 13

2. In his recent letter, the P. of the
Tinnevely D. Board requests early
orders.

82 134
57/16 5-1-16

The District Board, even after due allowance
for Mr. Benerjee's contributions, is not spending
an exceptional amount on education. On the
other hand, the expenditure of the Taluk Board
concerned (Koilpatti) is very high (over 28
lacs and).

Financial (100)

Financial dept.
In G.O. No. 781 Educl. dated 17-7-15
the Govt. accepted the proposal
of the D. P. J. that there was
no necessity to sanction a
Provincial subsidy of Rs. 7,500
per annum to the Koilpatti
Taluk Board towards the
cost of maintaining 16 Board
Elementary schools which were
till then maintained from

11

p. b. c. f

Page 3 C7

244. 40. 6650-17
5-6-1-16

CURRENT NO.
699
FINANCIAL
Rt 6-1-16

ASSISTANT SECRETARY
6-JAN-1916
GOVT. OF MADRAS

(of para 4 on
page 2 of G.O.
78198C
17-7-15)

Y

eeoo
FINANCIAL
11-1-16

5

6

the funds of the Taluk boards. In his current letter dated 19-8-15 on pages 1-4 of C.F., the President, District Board, Tinnevely, has asked for a reconsideration of this decision. The D.P. J. in his endorsement dated 5-11-15 ^(page 5 C.F.) does not recommend the application for favourable consideration.

2. The Educational and L. & M. ^(H. 3 and 6 ante) depts, however, consider that the subsidy of Rs. 7,500 per annum may be sanctioned, following the precedent in the case of the Tanjore District Board - Vide G.O.

Flag II No. 1113 Educl. dated 26-11-13 -

[Please see page 3 (para. 4) of G.O. and Financial H.M.'s note dated 25-11-13 on page 9 of notes ibid].

Submitted that the proposal may be accepted as a special case.

3. Funds:- For the expenditure in the current year, the D.P. J. may, it is sub^d, ~~be asked~~ be asked to meet the amount by reappropriation within the ^{sanctioned} grant under the head 22-Education. ~~If~~

0000

FINANCIAL

10.11.13

The D.P.9. reports that he is unable to meet the charge by reappropriation, an allotment may be sanctioned from the reserve with Financial.

5.36 lakhs.

For 1916-17, it is submitted that it is not necessary to make any increase in the budget figure of 80.87 lakhs under 22-Education. The D.P.9. may be asked to submit a reappropriation statement in the beginning of 1916-17.

page 120
CB9.

65k.
12.1.16.

P.T.O.

Financial must object to the reconsideration of G.O.No. 781 Edl., d/17-7-15. It has been laid down in G.O.No. 1448 L., d/7-10-15 that the maintenance of the buildings of schools constructed with the help of Provincial grants must be provided for by local bodies and the same principle, it seems to me, applies to the payment of working expenses. The ^{existence} ~~existence~~ of a precedent ^{has been} ~~might be~~ made use of to push further claims and, if we again concede that Provincial funds are liable for the maintenance of elementary schools opened by local bodies whether with or without the aid of Govt. subsidies, there is no end to the demands which may be made upon the ~~revenues~~ revenues of the State. I can find no justification for this demand in the present case. The L. & M. Secretary observes that the Dist. Board is not spending an exceptional amount on education ^{though} ~~nor is~~ the Taluk Board spending a great deal, and the D.P.I. very justly observes that it is for the Dist. Board to adjust its ^{grants} ~~amount~~ equitably to the several Taluk Boards and to so apply ^{them} ~~it~~ as to permit the Koilpatti Taluk Board to spend sufficiently for the maintenance of local board schools. The Director adds that Tinnevely is exceptionally well-provided for educationally. There is, I suppose, no objection to the President of

Page 6 ante

Page 5 CF.

the Dist. Board distributing the grant which he gets from Provincial funds in aid of local administration in such a way as to set aside money ^{for} ~~to~~ the support of these schools but what we must, I think, object to is the proposal that the Govt. should accept in perpetuum a definite liability to maintain these particular schools. ^{This proposal} ~~is~~ is opposed to principle ^{and} ~~and~~ there is no foreseeing what liability we may not be letting ourselves in for by accepting proposals of this sort piece-meal. If the matter is to be pressed, H.M. (Finl.) should see the papers.

MS
18/1

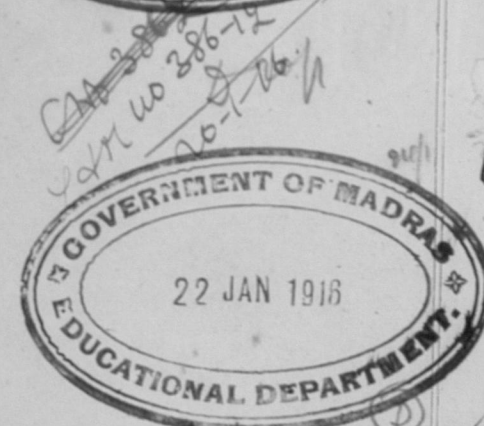
Dr. Srinivas

Education (100)

Speaking for L.M., I am willing to accept any decision arrived at by the Department

Educational Department

File No 89-1
19-1-16.



para 2 (b) on page 1 of 7 p. 781/10
177/15

Submitted for orders

2. One of the main arguments put forward ~~by the~~ in favour of the request of the Kilpattur Taluk Board is that nine of the schools were opened with the aid of the Provincial subsidy sanctioned in 1906-07 and 1907-08 in the belief that it would be a continuing one but that the Govt. did not continue the grant. It is no doubt true

dlc
19/1

fo. 738 Edl. (2)
14.11.06
fo. 566 Edl. (2)
29.8.07

that ~~enough~~ grants of Rs 3274 and Rs 7,309 were made in 1906-7 and 1907-8, respectively for the maintenance of the new rural schools opened in the district during those years. But there was no definite promise that these grants would be continued permanently. Further, a substantial relief was given to the D. Board by the Govt: undertaking to pay from Boob funds the cost of the staff of Supervisors of Elementary Schools and the grants-in-aid to aided schools - vide fo.

(C) No. 1547 d. of 18th Nov. 1908. The Board's funds thus set free should be devoted to the maintenance of the schools before opened. In these circumstances and in view of the objections of the Fin. Dept. (vide C's note on pages 9 & 10 ante), it is for consideration whether the President of the Junevilly D. Board may be informed that the Govt: see no reason to reconsider their orders in fo. No. 781 Edl. of 17.7.15.

⁸
28/1/16
H.C.

I think that the Pt. of the D. Board may be informed ~~accordingly~~ according. Also see the Chief Secy's letter pgs 9 & 10

Boob No. 10
1.2.16

Before this is done - please see Mr. Francis' note upon page 13 of G.O. No. 1475 dated 23.12.1914. and have it examined? what ground is there for his suggestion?

P
F. 2.16.



In their recent resolution on the Educational Policy the Government of India have laid down that expansion of elementary education should be secured by means of board schools- para. 11 (iii), page 5 of G.O. No. 394 Edl, dated the 1st May 1913. In accordance with this principle the Local Government have been subsidising local bodies towards the opening of new schools. As these bodies would not have opened the schools but for the Provincial subsidies, they naturally expect that the subsidies will be recurring and paid year after year. The Government have practically admitted this claim for subvention from Provincial funds

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20.8.15

C

253852
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135380
5.12.15

NOTES.

towards the annual maintenance of these newly opened schools, vide G.O.No.660 Edl, dated the 20th July 1912, No.1113 Edl, dated the 26th November 1913, No.1027 Edl, dated the 31st August 1914 and No.744 Edl, dated the 7th July 1915.

Mr.Francis' note on page 13 of G.O.No.1475 Edl, dated the 23rd December 1914, was apparently based on the principle recognised in the payment of these maintenance grants.

In the present case, however, the claim for maintenance grant is not admitted, not so much upon the ground of general principle, but in view of the fact that the Tinnevelly District Board has, since the opening of the new schools under reference in 1906-07 and 1907-08 been given a substantial relief by the provincialisation of the supervisor's staff and the system of payment of teaching grants direct from Provincial funds to aided institutions.

Moreover, since 1914-15 a grant of Rs.4,675 per annum is being sanctioned towards the maintenance of certain elementary schools under the Sermadevi Taluk Board and this additional

- (B) (Col. 11) - page 2
- (11) (Col. 2) - page 13
- (F) (Col. 3) - page 6
- (6) (Col. 5) - page 6
- (Y)

Handwritten signature and date 11/2/16

please see page 11 supra

* For 1914-15, however, only Rs.4,000 was paid for 1475 Edl 23/12/14



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Handwritten notes and calculations:
 1113 Edl
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 744 Edl
 4675
 1475 Edl

Handwritten notes and calculations:
 1113 Edl
 1027 Edl
 744 Edl
 4675
 1475 Edl

relief has reduced the expenditure on education from the Board's funds. The percentage net expenditure on education ~~was~~ from the Board's own funds in 1914-15 was ~~was~~ only 12.5 for Tinnevely against the Presidency average of 16.5.

12/2/16.

Does the District Board arrive at the calculation A.A.?

14/2/16

The above percentages are the figures worked out by L.H. and adopted in their General Local Fund Report for 1914-15. The figure calculated by the President of the District Board is only 11.9, according to the revised statement now submitted by him. The latter figure may be adopted. The net expenditure on education will then be much less than the general average (16.5 per cent).

16/2/16

Col. 12. Stat. 821 - 6.2509
8.1496
1.2.16

14

For 1914-15, the net expenditure on education was 11.9 per cent.

For 1914-15, the net expenditure on education was 11.9 per cent.

The above percentages are the figures worked out by L.H. and adopted in their General Local Fund Report for 1914-15. The figure calculated by the President of the District Board is only 11.9, according to the revised statement now submitted by him. The latter figure may be adopted. The net expenditure on education will then be much less than the general average (16.5 per cent).

16/2/16

His Excellency.

Please see His Excellency's note at the top of page 12 ante. The Koilpatti Taluk Board has asked for ^{sa} Government subsidy of Rs.7,500 per annum as a permanent measure on account of sixteen elementary schools of theirs, ^{one} ~~one~~ of the grounds of the claim being that nine of the aforesaid sixteen schools had been opened by the late Tuticorin and Tinnevelly Taluk Boards (in the area now covered by the Koilpatti Taluk Board) out of a Government subsidy. So far as seven of the elementary schools are concerned, therefore, this particular ^{claim} is not admissible.

Proceeding to consider the claim so far as the nine schools are concerned, I quite see the point of Mr. Francis' note that, where schools are started with the help of a Government ^{subsidy} ~~subsidy~~, there is the implied understanding that such ^{aid} ~~aid~~ would be continued. In the present case, however, the ^{grant} ~~grant~~ to the Tinnevelly District Board has not been growing less. In 1906-07, when the nine schools were started, the ^{grant} ~~grant~~ to the Tinnevelly District Board was Rs.58,458. In

(D)
para 4 page 2 of G.O. no 781 Vol
17.7.15

para 2 (b) - page 18 of do

(Y)
x
page 12 of G.O. no 1475 Vol
23.12.14

(T)
Col 7 - page 6 of Stat. with G.O. no 3131
27.2.08

967 121 1000 1000 1000 1000
21.7.15

para 1 - 1000 1000 1000 1000
21.7.15

2815 1000 1000 1000 1000
20.5.15

the above percentages are the figures which
out of 1000 and adopted in their figures
there being report for 1914-15. The figures
calculated by the President of the
District Board is only 11.9, and
the revised statement was submitted
by him. The latter figure may be
accepted. The net expenditure on
education will then be much less than
the figure of 16.5 per cent.

3,521
12/11/11

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23011 of this Hall p. 23011 - etc. also
papers

23011 of this Hall p. 23011 - etc. also
papers

23011 of this Hall p. 23011 - etc. also
papers

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23011 of this Hall p. 23011 - etc. also
papers

Col. 24 - page 8 of Staff with f.o. 11682
22909

please see page 2 of notes with f.o. 15476
R. 11-08

Teaching grants paid in 1908-09 Rs. 81,027
Cost of Supervisors staff do 6,618
Total Rs. 87,645
Col 4 - p. 18 of Staff with f.o. 11682
22909

	Rs.
1911-12	6,493
1912-13	13,279
1913-14	29,424
1914-15	40,356
1915-16	43,425

23011 of this Hall p. 23011 - etc. also
papers

1907-08 & 1908-09 the ~~subvention~~ ^{subsidy} amounted to Rs. 68,491 and 84,975 respectively. In 1908-09 the Government provincialised the staff of supervisors of primary schools and also paid all teaching grants direct from Provincial funds and they thereby took upon themselves an expenditure of Rs. 87,645. The ~~subvention~~ ^{subsidy} had therefore to be completely withdrawn from Tinnevely. In 1909-10 and 1910-11 no subsidy was thus paid to this District Board. In subsequent years grants were made for new schools and other new items of educational expenditure. These later grants are ~~marginally~~ increasing gradually as will ~~can~~ be seen from the marginally noted figures. It is obvious that the Government have really not withdrawn any help from the District Board which it was getting prior to 1909-10. What was done in 1908-09 was to take off the shoulders of the Tinnevely District Board an expenditure of Rs. 87,645 and at the same time to stop a ~~subvention~~ ^{subsidy} of Rs. 84,975. [I ~~must~~ ^{fear} that irrelevant matter has been introduced raising side-issues, such as, how of this Subsidy. The ~~marginally~~ ^{subsidy} Koilpatti stands compared to other Taluk Boards in the district., the exact percentage of district

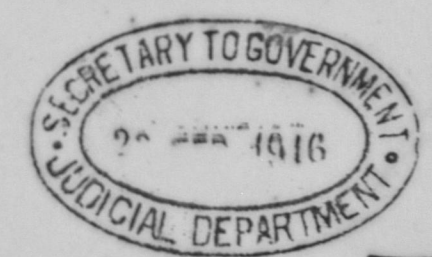
expenditure on education as compared with the
 Presidency average, etc. I do not think that these
 issues need trouble us.] The fact remains that the
 volume of help given to Tinnevely did not undergo
 any real reduction after 1908-09 and in view to
 the present financial position it is, I think,
 necessary that the Tinnevely District Board should
 be told clearly that it can expect nothing more
 from Provincial funds.

Book No. 9
 22.2.16

22/2/16

Only one further point seems to remain:
 has Tinnevely been treated differently from
 other districts in respect of these subsidies?
 Were they withdrawn impartially?

P
 22.2.



Submitted that there was no difference in the
 treatment accorded to Tinnevely and other
 district boards in the matter of the withdrawal
 of this subsidy. The ^{cost of the} ~~management~~ staff of
 Supervisors and the amount of teaching grants
 paid directly from Govt. funds were impartially
 deducted

17

17/2/16

22.2.16

22/2/16

Only one further point seems to remain:
 has Tinnevely been treated differently from
 other districts in respect of these subsidies?
 Were they withdrawn impartially?

P
 22.2.

Submitted that there was no difference in the
 treatment accorded to Tinnevely and other
 district boards in the matter of the withdrawal
 of this subsidy. The ^{cost of the} ~~management~~ staff of
 Supervisors and the amount of teaching grants
 paid directly from Govt. funds were impartially
 deducted

deducted from the subsidies previously paid to all district boards - Cf: statement on page 2 of notes with G.O. no. 1547d, of 18.11.1908 and G.O. no. 136 Edl, of 18th March 1910.

28/2/16.

JVE

Revenue has taken exactly like other district boards. The cost of the staff of Supervisors and the amount of travelling fees were deducted from the Provincial Subsidies in all cases. May I then order as proposed you at page 11 ante?

Br
25/2/16.

Yr.
P.
25.2.

Submitted that there was no difference in the treatment accorded to Tinnervally and other district boards in the matter of the cost of the staff of Supervisors and the amount of travelling fees paid directly from the Provincial Subsidies.

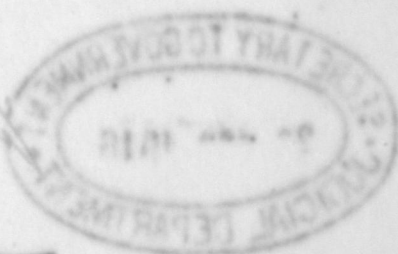
Br
28/2/16.

Page No. 18
25.2.16.

deducted from the subsidies previously paid to all district boards - Cf: statement on page 2 of notes with G.O. no. 1547d, of 18.11.1908 and G.O. no. 136 Edl, of 18th March 1910.

34

Revenue has taken exactly like other district boards. The cost of the staff of Supervisors and the amount of travelling fees were deducted from the Provincial Subsidies in all cases. May I then order as proposed you at page 11 ante?



Submitted that there was no difference in the treatment accorded to Tinnervally and other district boards in the matter of the cost of the staff of Supervisors and the amount of travelling fees paid directly from the Provincial Subsidies.

A draft order is submitted for approval.

28.2.16
29/2/16

29.2.16

Emergency has
been made like other
district boards. The Com
of the Staff of the
and the various plans
for the future.

The P. D. S. Tinsley will be
informed that the
in the future.

28.2.16
29/2/16

To the P. D. S. Tinsley
Lt. Col. (Lt. Col.)

READ AGAIN G.O. No. 181, dated 1877

” ” ” ” ” ”

C. No. 3913, From the P. D. B. Tinnaveil, No. 40, dated 19.8.1915.

Snob of the D.P. I 6906 S. 11. 1915.

" " " " P. DB Timewell, " 40, " 14.12. 1915.

No. 2332, dated 5-5-1910.

wise.

the G.O. no. 787 Edl., dated the 17th
July 1915.

$$\begin{array}{r} 28.216 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 28216 \end{array}$$

To The P. O. B. Tinnavally, ^{Madras} (D. 16)

Then given for copying

Then copied

Then examined

Then signed

191

AD-AGAIN G.O. No.
191

DATED

CORRECTION No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. O. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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IN ORIGINAL.

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