Government of Madras.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(EDUCATION)

-82.

G.O. No. 1381, 16th December 1916

INDEX

State technical scholarship

Directing the publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of a notification inviting applications for the — available for award in this Presidency in 1917.

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HOME DEPARTMENT

(EDUCATION)

G.O. No. 1381, 16th December 1916

N.F.

ORIGINAL.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Education)

Order—No. 1381, Home (Education), dated the 16th December 1916.

The following notification will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette:*—

NOTIFICATION.

In order to further the development of indigenous industries, the Government of India have instituted, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, a scheme of technical scholarships to provide natives of India, who are capable of taking advantage of it, with the means of studying the progress which has been made in industries and arts in the most advanced countries of the west. The scheme provides for the award of ten scholarships, and at least one of these will be available annually for each province.

Ordinarily the period for which these scholarships may be held is two years, but in special cases it may be increased to three years or reduced below two years. The value of the scholarships has been fixed at £150 sterling a year, exclusive of fees and travelling expenses, but if in any particular case this amount is found insufficient, the Government will be prepared on good grounds to consider its enhancement. The scholarships are tenable in Great Britain and, with the approval of the Secretary of State, in a foreign country.

2. The scholarships are awarded for the promotion of existing Indian industries and the development of new industries. They are not intended for the study of agriculture or for studying civil engineering, geology, law, medicine, forestry or veterinary science, for which provision already exists in India, but may be awarded for the study of electrical or mechanical engineering. Since the institution of these scholarships, eleven scholarships have been allotted to Madras—one was given in 1906 for the study of the weaving industry, one in 1907 for the study of the leather industry, one in 1908 for the study of textile chemistry as applied to the dyeing, bleaching, finishing and printing of textile fabrics, one in 1909 for the study of the chemistry of soap-making and the use of native oils, one in 1910 for the study of metallurgy, two during 1911, one for the study of weaving and one for the study of textile manufacture, one in 1912 for the study of electrical engineering, one in 1913 for the study of the leather goods industry, one in 1914 for the study of sizing and weaving, and one in 1916 for higher electrical engineering.

3. A State technical scholarship will be awarded in this Presidency during the year 1917 for the study of one of the subjects referred to above. Candidates desirous of prosecuting their study under this scheme should submit their applications to the Director of Public Instruction so as to reach him on or before the 15th March 1917.

Applications will be considered only from persons who have already interested themselves practically in some industry and who are desirous of improving their knowledge of that industry by further training in Europe. Other things being equal, preference will be given to graduates. Applicants should specify in their applications—

(1) their age and educational qualifications,
(2) the industry which they propose to study,
(3) their connection with the industry,
(4) the extent of their practical experience in it, and
(5) the proof, if any, of their mechanical aptitude or industrial bent of mind.

4. The holder of the scholarship will not be bound by any engagement to serve the Government on the completion of his course, nor will the Government be bound to employ him. He must generally depend upon his own exertions to make his living on his return to India and must not ordinarily expect to be taken into Government service. In selecting candidates the Governor in Council will be guided by considerations of capacity, character and practical interest in the subject selected and the assurance that the candidate will continue to devote himself to that industry on his return to India. No age limit is laid down for scholars. The course of study to be followed, as well as the place in which it is to be prosecuted, will be settled by the Secretary of State when a scholar arrives in England. Other conditions under which the scholarships are held are—

(1) that the candidate is a native of India as defined in section 6 of the Government of India Act, 1870, viz., "a person born and domiciled within the dominions of His Majesty in India, of parents habitually resident in India, and not established there for temporary purposes only";

(2) that he has the consent of his family (i.e., of his father or guardian) to proceed to Europe or America;

(3) that his character is good:

(4) that he has sufficient knowledge of the English language; and

(5) that he is physically fit to undergo the course of life and study that he will have to follow.

5. Selected scholars should in the first instance communicate with the Madras Students' Advisory Committee in order that they may obtain advice regarding certificates, etc., and they should, when proceeding to England, take with them the originals of their certificates, testimonials and other important personal documents suggested to them by the Secretary to the Madras Students' Advisory Committee.

6. State scholars are required to proceed to England within a reasonable time from the date of their selection so as to arrive there not later than the middle of September, and to reside there for the period of their scholarship unless compelled to return sooner in consequence of ill-health. The scholarship will be payable from the date on which the scholars report their arrival in England. Selected scholars will be provided with a second-class passage to England and also with a second-class return passage if they carry out the instructions of the Secretary of State and complete the full period of residence or are compelled by sickness to return within that period.

7. The following rules have been issued by the Government of India for the guidance of Indian Government scholars in the United Kingdom:—

(1) All Government scholars are required to avail themselves of the information and advice which the Secretary for Indian Students and the Local Advisers * at University centres are in a position to give them, and to apply to their Local Adviser * for instructions as regards their studies and in any circumstances of difficulty. The Local Advisers * at Oxford, Cambridge, Manchester, Edinburgh and Glasgow have charge of Government scholars studying at those Universities. Scholars studying elsewhere will be under the charge of the Educational Adviser in London. The Adviser is the proper person to bring before the Secretary for Indian Students any matter requiring the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council.

(2) Every scholar should on reaching England at once report himself to the Educational Adviser in London at 21, Cromwell Road, S.W. Accommodation for new arrivals is provided in that house. After seeing the Educational Adviser in London, and consulting with him in regard to his course of study, he should also call on the Secretary for Indian Students at the India Office.

(3) Every scholar must obey all instructions which he may receive, either through the Secretary for Indian Students or through his Local Adviser *, and must consult his Local Adviser * regularly in regard to his work. No course of study will be sanctioned which does not provide for an adequate practical training. Any course which has received the sanction of the Secretary of State will not be changed without similar sanction.

(4) Every scholar must from time to time, whenever the Local Adviser * requires it, submit a certificate from the proper college or university authority, or from any other authority under whom he is working, showing that his conduct and progress have been satisfactory.

(5) Every scholar must give a written undertaking that he will devote himself exclusively during the tenure of his scholarship, to the study of the subject for which his scholarship was granted, and that he will return to India on its termination, and there continue to devote himself to the industry which he has studied. Any scholar who neglects his studies, or tries to work for any other profession concurrently, will render himself liable to forfeiture of his scholarship.

(6) Every scholar will be required to keep a concise diary, to be submitted at the end of each term to his Local Adviser *, and to be forwarded through the Local Adviser * at the end of each academic year to the Secretary of State for transmission to India.

(7) Scholars will be expected to continue their studies during vacations with the exception of three weeks in each year. Vacation study should, as far as possible, take form of practical work.

(8) Plans for vacation work, accompanied by a complete estimate of any extra expenses for fees or travelling involved, should be sent in to the Local Adviser * six weeks before the end of any academic term. Scholars are not entitled to any subsistence allowance in addition to the scholarship allowance during time spent on vacation work, but a scholar who receives permission to visit the Continent may, if the Secretary of State for India in Council considers that the circumstances render it desirable, be granted a subsistence allowance calculated at such rate as the Secretary of State may decide.

(9) Subject to a due compliance with the above conditions, the scholar's allowance will be paid quarterly in advance by the India Office to the Local Adviser * under whose charge he is. It will begin from the date of the scholar's reporting his arrival in England, and the Local Adviser * will disburse it to the scholar in such instalments as convenience may indicate. Three months after the date of reporting arrival, the amount to the ensuing official quarter day † will be paid to the Local Adviser *, and subsequent payments will be made in advance on or after each official quarter day. The allowance will, except in special cases, be at the rate of 150*l* a year.

(10) Every scholar is required to lodge with the Secretary for Indian Students at the India Office, London, before his arrival in England, the sum of 15*l*. for initial expenses. He will have no claim to payment of any instalment of his scholarship until this deposit has been made.

(11) Charges for University and college fees, premiums for practical training, and the necessary expenses of scholars by second class, or by third class if no second be available, will, if sanctioned, be defrayed by the Secretary of State. Applications for payment of all these charges should be made through the Local Adviser *. But charges for private tuition, unless specially sanctioned, for books, instruments, hotel bills and medical attendance must be paid by the scholar himself.

(12) No claim can be admitted for the payment of any expenditure unless the scholar has obtained previous sanction from the Secretary of State.

* The Secretary to the Delegacy for Oriental Studies at Oxford and the Secretary to the Inter-collegiate Committee at Cambridge are the Local Advisers at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

† Note.—The official quarter days are the 1st of January, the 1st of April, the 1st of July and the 1st of October.

(13) The scholarship is granted in the first instance for two years, unless the Secretary of State in the exercise of his discretion sees reason to terminate it sooner. Every scholar will forfeit his scholarship who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Secretary of State may consider sufficient, fails to comply with the rules here set forth. It may be terminated at any time if a scholar fails in health or conduct. It may also be extended for a third year or longer, if the Secretary of State decides that such an extension is required to complete the scholar's training.

(14) On the expiration of the scholarship a scholar is provided by the India Office with a free second-class passage to India, and he should apply for it without delay through his Local Adviser.* He is not entitled to make his own passage arrangements and to claim an allowance in lieu from the India Office. If a scholarship be forfeited, or if it be resigned before completion of its term, or if the holder of it, on completion of its term, declines to return to India when instructed to do so, the scholar will lose his claim to a free passage back to India.

* The Secretary to the Delegacy for Oriental Studies at Oxford and the Secretary to the Inter-collegiate Committee at Cambridge are the Local Advisers at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

2. The Chamber of Commerce, Madras, the Madras Trades Association, the South Indian Chamber of Commerce and the Officer in charge of the Department of Industries will also be invited to favour Government with information as to whether they can recommend for the scholarship any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might profit by further training in Europe.

3. The Director of Public Instruction will consider the applications received and submit them to Government with such recommendation as he may see fit to make, so as to reach Government not later than the 15th April 1917, furnishing full information as to the qualifications, physique, antecedents and other particulars in respect of each of the applicants.

4. The Superintendent, Government Press, will be requested to publish the notification in three successive issues of the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(True Extract)

P. Rajagopala Achariyar,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Departments of the Secretariat,
" Chamber of Commerce, Madras,
" Madras Trades Association,
" South Indian Chamber of Commerce,
" Superintendent, Government Press.
} paragraphs 1 and 2 only.
Editors' Table (paragraphs 1 and 2 of Order only).

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Education)

No. 1382.

From

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur
P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR Avargal, C.I.E.,
Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Home (Education) Department,

To
(1) Sir FREDERICK NICHOLSON, K.C.I.E.
(2) T. STANES, Esq., COIMBATORE.
(3) G. A. CHAMBERS, Esq.
(4) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. THEAGARAYA CHETTI Garu.
(5) M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. RAMANUJAM CHETTI Garu.
(6) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur T. NUMBERUMAL CHETTI Garu.
(7) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. C. SOMASUNDARAM CHETTIYAR Avargal.
(8) M.R.Ry. V. EKAMBARA MUDALIYAR AVARGAL.
(9) A. J. LEECH, Esq. (TAYLOR & CO.).
(10) R. T. MENZIES, Esq.
(11) J. C. ARMSTRONG, Esq.
(12) C. B. SIMPSON, Esq.
(13) The Hon'ble Mr. G. FRAZER.
(14) HAJEE ISMAL SAIT, Khan Bahadur.
(15) ABDUL KUDDUS BADSHA SAHIB, Khan Bahadur.
(16) F. E. L. WORKE, Esq.
(17) J. W. MADELEY, Esq.
(18) BEARDSELL, Esq.
(19) F. G. WARBROOK, Esq.
(20) K. GORDON, Esq.
(21) E. J. HAWKINS, Esq.

Dated Fort St. George, the 16th December 1916.

Sir,

I am directed to forward a copy of G.O. No. 1381, Home (Education), dated the 16th December 1916, ordering the publication of a notification inviting applications from qualified candidates for the State technical scholarship available for award in this Presidency in 1917 and to request that you will be good enough to favour Government with any recommendation which you may have to make on behalf of any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might in your opinion profit by further training in Europe.

You will observe that Government do not propose to specify beforehand the particular industry in respect of which the scholarship will be given. They are anxious to ensure, so far as possible, that the scholar shall pursue the industry on his return to India and for this reason will give preference to candidates already engaged in the industry of which they desire to improve their knowledge and failing any such to those whose relatives are engaged in such industries.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. Nos. 1381–82, HOME (EDUCATION), DATED THE 16TH DECEMBER 1916.

[SUBJECT.—*State Technical scholarships.*]

Previous papers :

G.O.	585,	*Educational,*	*23rd Aug.*	1911	G.O.	1311, *Educational,*	*30th Nov.* 1915
,,	780	,,	*4th July*	1914	,,	593 ,,	*29th May* 1916
,,	828	,,	*14th* ,,	,,	,,	982 *Home (Edn.),*	*15th Sept.* ,,
,,	900	,,	*30th* ,,	,,	,,	1076–76-*A* ,,	*12th Oct.* ,,
,,	86	,,	*28th Jan.*	1915	,,	1228 ,,	*22nd Nov.* ,,

Please see the notes connected with G.O. No. 86, Educational, dated the 28th January 1915, which gives a history of the scheme of the Government of India State Technical scholarships and the procedure followed by the Local Governments in determining, in the first instance, the subjects for the study of which scholarships is to be awarded in that year. After selecting the subject Government used to publish a notification inviting applications from candidates willing to undergo training in that subject. Last year however no subject was selected but a notification was issued inviting applications from candidates who were willing to take any of the subjects for which the scholarship could be awarded (vide paragraphs 2 and 3 of the notification on page 2 of G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915).

2. At the same time the Chamber of Commerce, the Madras Trades Association, the South Indian Chamber of Commerce, the Director of Industries and a number of private individuals were as in previous years consulted as to whether they could recommend any suitable candidate for the scholarship (vide paragraph 2 of G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915, and letter No. 3944–1 on page 2 of G.O. No. 396, dated the 8th April 1916). Submitted that a notification may be published now in the Gazette and private bodies and gentlemen may be consulted as was done last year. A list of the gentlemen who were consulted last year will be found on page 3 of the notes to G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915. It is submitted that all of them except Sir H. Fraser who is on leave may be consulted this year. The name of Mr. P. N. Muthuswami Nayudu who, it is understood, has died and that of Mr. A. Chatterton who is now on the Industrial Commission, have also been omitted.

3. According to G.O. No. 1228, Home (Education), dated the 22nd November 1916, the Director of Public Instruction will have to submit his nominations for the scholarships on or before the 15th April. It is therefore for consideration whether the 15th March may be fixed as the latest date by which applications for scholarships should reach the Director of Public Instruction.

4. From G.O. No. 982, dated the 15th September 1916, it will be seen that a Delegacy for Oriental Studies will be created at Oxford and an Inter-Collegiate Committee will be appointed by the colleges at Cambridge whose secretaries will take

over the duties hitherto discharged by the Local Advisers for Indian students at Oxford and Cambridge respectively. Accordingly, in embodying in the draft notification the rules for the technical scholarships as laid down by the Government of India on page 9 of G.O. No. 593, Educational, dated the 29th May 1916, a footnote has been added stating that the Secretaries to the Delegacy at Oxford and the Inter-Collegiate Committee, Cambridge, will perform the functions of the Local Adviser in the case of students at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

5. Paragraphs (vi) and (vii) on page 6 of G.O. No. 593, Educational, dated the 29th May 1916, have been newly added to the draft notification.

6. The draft order and the draft letter are for approval.

A.S.—8–12–16.
N.K.—13–12–16.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR—15–12–16.
P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR—16–12–16.

[G.O. Nos. 1381–82, Home (Education), dated the 16th December 1916.]

Scott. II—10 (a)—12-1-15.

State technical ~~Scholarship~~ Scholarship

Home (Edn.) DEPARTMENT

Directing the publication in the Fort St. George Gazette of a notification inviting applications for the — available for award in this Presidency, in 1917.

READ AGAIN G.O. No. ....., dated ..... 191 .

" " " " ....., " ..... 191 .

READ ALSO:—

C. No. ....., From the ....., No. ....., dated ..... 191 .

" " ....., " " ....., " ....., " ..... 191 .

" " ....., " " ....., " ....., " ..... 191 .

ORDER.

P.S.

No. 1381 Home (Edn.), dated the 16.12.1916

The following notification will be published in the Fort St. George Gazette:—

Notification

P.T.O.

NOTES.

Home (Edn.)

Letter 1382 / 16-12-16

Sir,

I am directed to forward ~~herewith~~ a copy of G.O. No. × Home (Edn.), dt. the December 1916, ordering the publication of a notification inviting applications from qualified candidates for the State Technical Scholarship available for award in this Presidency in 1917 and to request that you will be good enough to favour Govt. with any recommendation which you may have to make on behalf of any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might profit by further training in Europe.

You will observe that Govt. do not propose to specify beforehand the particular industry in respect of which the Scholarship will be given. They are anxious to ensure, so far as possible, that the ~~State Technical~~ Scholar shall pursue the industry on his return to India and for this reason will

× to be filled later

in due course

will give preference to candidates already engaged in the industry of which they desire to improve their knowledge and failing any such to those whose relatives are engaged in such industries.

I have etc

15/12/16

C.S. 6/12/16

2

(1) Sir Frederick Nicholson K.C.I.E
(2) J. Staules Esq. Coimbatore ✓
(3) G.A. Chambers Esq. ✓
(4) M.R.Rz. Rao Bahadur P. Thaggaraya Chetti garu ✓
~~(5) M.R.Rz. P. Ramachandra Mayudu garu~~
(6) M.R.Rz. C. Ramanujam Chetti garu ✓
(7) M.R.Rz. Rao Bahadur T. Numberumal Chetti garu ✓
(8) M.R.Rz. Rao Bahadur P.C. Soma Sundaram Chettyar Avargal ✓
(9) M.R.Rz. V. Ekambara Mudaliyar Avargal ✓
(10) A.J. Leech Esq (Jay Jay & Co) ✓
(11) R.T. Menzies Esq ✓
(12) J.C. Armstrong Esq ✓
(13) C.B. Simpson Esq ✓
(14) The Hon'ble Mr G. Frazer ✓
(15) Hajee Ismail Saib. Khan Bahadur ✓
(16) Abdal Kuddus Badsha Sahib, Khan Bahadur ✓
~~(17) A. Chatterton Esq~~
(18) H.E.L. Worke Esq ✓
(19) J.W. Madeley Esq ✓
(20) Beardsell Esq ✓
(21) H.G. Wabrook Esq ✓
(22) K. Gordon Esq ✓
(23) E.J. Hawkins Esq ✓

NOTIFICATION.

In order to further the development of indigenous industries, the Government of India have instituted, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, a scheme of technical scholarships to provide natives of India, who are capable of taking advantage of it, with the means of studying the progress which has been made in industries and arts in the most advanced countries of the west. The scheme provides for the award of ten scholarships, and at least one of these will be available annually for each province.

Ordinarily the period for which these scholarships may be held is two years, but in special cases it may be increased to three years or reduced below two years. The value of the scholarships has been fixed at £150 sterling a year, exclusive of fees and travelling expenses, but if in any particular case this amount is found insufficient, the Government will be prepared on good grounds to consider its enhancement. The scholarships are tenable in Great Britain and, with the approval of the Secretary of State, in a foreign country.

2. The scholarships are awarded for the promotion of existing ~~native~~ Indian industries and the development of new industries. They are not intended for the study of agriculture or for studying civil engineering, law, medicine, forestry or veterinary science, for which provision already exists in India, but may be awarded for the study of electrical or mechanical engineering. Since the institution of these scholarships, ~~ten~~ eleven scholarships have been allotted to Madras—one was given in 1906 for the study of the weaving industry, one in 1907 for the study of the leather industry, one in 1908 for the study of textile chemistry as applied to the dyeing, bleaching, finishing and printing of textile fabrics, one in 1909 for the study of the chemistry of soap-making and the use of native oils, one in 1910 for the study of metallurgy, two during 1911, one for the study of weaving and one for the study of textile manufacture, one in 1912 for the study of electrical engineering, one in 1913 for the study of the leather goods industry, ~~and~~ one in 1914 for the study of sizing and weaving, ~~None was awarded in 1915.~~ and one in 1916 for higher electrical engineering

3. A State technical scholarship will be awarded in this Presidency during the year ~~1916~~ 1917 for the study of one of the subjects referred to above. Candidates desirous of prosecuting their study under this scheme should submit their applications to the Director of Public Instruction so as to reach him on or before the ~~1st February 1916~~ 1st March 1917

Applications will be considered only from persons who have already interested themselves practically in some industry and who are desirous of improving their knowledge of that industry by further training in Europe. Other things being equal, preference will be given to graduates. Applicants should specify in their applications—

(1) their age and educational qualifications,
(2) the industry which they propose to study,
(3) their connection with the industry,
(4) the extent of their practical experience in it, and
(5) the proof, if any, of their mechanical aptitude or industrial bent of mind.

4. The holder of the scholarship will not be bound by any engagement to serve the Government on the completion of his course, nor will the Government be bound to employ him. He must generally depend upon his own exertions to make his living on his return to India and must not ordinarily expect to be taken into Government service. In selecting candidates, the Governor in Council will be guided by considerations of capacity, character and practical interest in the subject selected, and the assurance that the candidate will continue to devote himself to that industry on his return to India. No age limit is laid down for scholars. The course of study to be followed, as well as the place in which it is to be prosecuted, will be settled by the Secretary of State when a scholar arrives in England. Other conditions under which the scholarships are held are—

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(2) that he has the consent of his family (*i.e.*, of his father or guardian) to proceed to Europe or America;

(3) that his character is good;

(4) that he has sufficient knowledge of the English language; and

(5) that he is physically fit to undergo the course of life and study that he will have to follow.

5. ~~(i)~~ Selected scholars should communicate with the ~~local~~ Advisory Committee ~~for Burma, the local branch of the Burma Society~~ in order that they may obtain advice regarding certificates, etc., and they should, when proceeding to England, take with them the originals of their certificates, testimonials and other important personal documents suggested to them by the ~~local~~ Secretary to the Advisory Committee.

6. ~~(xii)~~ State scholars are required to proceed to England within a reasonable time from the date of their selection so as to arrive there not later than the middle of September, and to reside there for the period of their scholarship unless compelled to return sooner in consequence of ill-health. The scholarship will be payable from the date on which the scholars report their arrival in England. Selected scholars will be provided with a second-class passage to England and also with a second-class return passage if they carry out the instructions of the Secretary of State and complete the full period of residence or are compelled by sickness to return within that period.

7. The following rules have been issued by the Govt. of India for the guidance of Indian ~~Students~~ Govt ~~Scholars~~ Scholars in the ~~England~~ United Kingdom: —

~~Rules for Government of India (Technical) Scholars in the United Kingdom.~~

1. All Government scholars are required to avail themselves of the information and advice which the Secretary for Indian Students and the † Local Advisers at University centres are in a position to give them, and to apply to their † Local Adviser for instructions as regards their studies and in any circumstances of difficulty. The † Local Advisers at Oxford, Cambridge, Manchester, Edinburgh and Glasgow have charge of Government scholars studying at those Universities. Scholars studying elsewhere will be under the charge of the Educational Adviser in London. The Adviser is the proper person to bring before the Secretary for Indian Students any matter requiring the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council.

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11. Charges for University and College fees, premiums for practical training, and the necessary expenses of scholars by second class, or by third class if no second be available, will, if sanctioned, be defrayed by the Secretary of State. Applications for payment of all these charges should be made through the † Local Adviser. But charges for private tuition, unless specially sanctioned, for books, instruments, hotel bills and medical attendance, must be paid by the scholar himself.

12. No claim can be admitted for the payment of any expenditure unless the scholar has obtained previous sanction from the Secretary of State.

13. The scholarship is granted in the first instance for two years, unless the Secretary of State in the exercise of his discretion sees reason to terminate it sooner. Every scholar will forfeit his scholarship who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Secretary of State may consider sufficient, fails to comply with the rules here set forth. It may be terminated at any time if a scholar fails in health or conduct. It may also be extended for a third year or longer, if the Secretary of State decides that such an extension is required to complete the scholar's training.

14. On the expiration of the scholarship a scholar is provided by the India Office with a free second class passage to India, and he should apply for it without delay through his † Local Adviser. He is not entitled to make his own passage arrangements and to claim an allowance in lieu from the India Office. If a scholarship be forfeited, or if it be resigned before completion of its term, or if the holder of it, on completion of its term, declines to return to India when instructed to do so, the scholar will lose his claim to a free passage back to India.

* Note - The official Quarter Days are the 1st of Jan^{y}, the 1st of April, the 1st of July and the 1st of October.

† The Secretary to the Delegacy for Oriental Studies at Oxford and the Secretary to the Inter-Collegiate Committee at Cambridge [illegible] the functions of the Local Advisers at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

2. The Chamber of Commerce, Madras, the Madras Trades Association, the South Indian Chamber of Commerce, and the ~~Director~~ of Industries will also be invited to favour Government with information as to whether they can recommend for the scholarship any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might profit by further training in Europe.

Officer in charge of the Dept.

3. The Director of Public Instruction will consider the applications received and submit them to Government with such recommendation as he may see fit to make, so as to reach Government not later than ~~1st March~~ 1917, furnishing full information as to the qualifications, physique, antecedents and other particulars in respect of each of the applicants.

15th April

4. The Superintendent, Government Press, will be requested to publish the notification in three successive issues of the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

8/12/16

15/12/16

16/12/16

To
The S.P.I. ✓
.. D.I. Officer in charge of the Dept. of Industries ✓
.. Dept. of the Secretariat ✓
(Edl Section)
.. Chamber of Commerce, Madras ✓
.. Madras Trades Association ✓
.. South Indian Chamber of Commerce ✓
.. S.G.P. ✓ — Gazetted 19th December 1916 - Notn no 168 Suppl 874-75 of Part I B of 19.12.16.
.. E.T. (paras 1 & 2 of G only)

Paras 1 & 2 only

ATO

Government of Madras.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(EDUCATION)

G.O. No. 1381, 16th December 1916

State technical scholarship

Directing the publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of a notification inviting applications for the — available for award in this Presidency in 1917.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Education)

Order—No. 1381, Home (Education), dated the 16th December 1916.

The following notification will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette:*—

NOTIFICATION.

In order to further the development of indigenous industries, the Government of India have instituted, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, a scheme of technical scholarships to provide natives of India, who are capable of taking advantage of it, with the means of studying the progress which has been made in industries and arts in the most advanced countries of the west. The scheme provides for the award of ten scholarships, and at least one of these will be available annually for each province.

Ordinarily the period for which these scholarships may be held is two years, but in special cases it may be increased to three years or reduced below two years. The value of the scholarships has been fixed at £150 sterling a year, exclusive of fees and travelling expenses, but if in any particular case this amount is found insufficient, the Government will be prepared on good grounds to consider its enhancement. The scholarships are tenable in Great Britain and, with the approval of the Secretary of State, in a foreign country.

2. The scholarships are awarded for the promotion of existing Indian industries and the development of new industries. They are not intended for the study of agriculture or for studying civil engineering, geology, law, medicine, forestry or veterinary science, for which provision already exists in India, but may be awarded for the study of electrical or mechanical engineering. Since the institution of these scholarships, eleven scholarships have been allotted to Madras—one was given in 1906 for the study of the weaving industry, one in 1907 for the study of the leather industry, one in 1908 for the study of textile chemistry as applied to the dyeing, bleaching, finishing and printing of textile fabrics, one in 1909 for the study of the chemistry of soap-making and the use of native oils, one in 1910 for the study of metallurgy, two during 1911, one for the study of weaving and one for the study of textile manufacture, one in 1912 for the study of electrical engineering, one in 1913 for the study of the leather goods industry, one in 1914 for the study of sizing and weaving and one in 1916 for higher electrical engineering.

3. A State technical scholarship will be awarded in this Presidency during the year 1917 for the study of one of the subjects referred to above. Candidates desirous of prosecuting their study under this scheme should submit their applications to the Director of Public Instruction so as to reach him on or before the 15th March 1917.

Applications will be considered only from persons who have already interested themselves practically in some industry and who are desirous of improving their knowledge of that industry by farther training in Europe. Other things being equal, preference will be given to graduates. Applicants should specify in their applications—

(1) their age and educational qualifications,
(2) the industry which they propose to study,
(3) their connection with the industry,
(4) the extent of their practical experience in it, and
(5) the proof, if any, of their mechanical aptitude or industrial bent of mind.

4. The holder of the scholarship will not be bound by any engagement to serve the Government on the completion of his course, nor will the Government be bound to employ him. He must generally depend upon his own exertions to make his living on his return to India and must not ordinarily expect to be taken into Government service. In selecting candidates the Governor in Council will be guided by considerations of capacity, character and practical interest in the subject selected and the assurance that the candidate will continue to devote himself to that industry on his return to India. No age limit is laid down for scholars. The course of study to be followed, as well as the place in which it is to be prosecuted, will be settled by the Secretary of State when a scholar arrives in England. Other conditions under which the scholarships are held are—

(1) that the candidate is a native of India as defined in section 6 of the Government of India Act, 1870, viz., "a person born and domiciled within the dominions of His Majesty in India, of parents habitually resident in India, and not established there for temporary purposes only";

(2) that he has the consent of his family (i.e., of his father or guardian) to proceed to Europe or America;

(3) that his character is good;

(4) that he has sufficient knowledge of the English language; and

(5) that he is physically fit to undergo the course of life and study that he will have to follow.

5. Selected scholars should in the first instance communicate with the Madras Students' Advisory Committee in order that they may obtain advice regarding certificates, etc., and they should, when proceeding to England, take with them the originals of their certificates, testimonials and other important personal documents suggested to them by the Secretary to the Madras Students' Advisory Committee.

6. State scholars are required to proceed to England within a reasonable time from the date of their selection so as to arrive there not later than the middle of September, and to reside there for the period of their scholarship unless compelled to return sooner in consequence of ill-health. The scholarship will be payable from the date on which the scholars report their arrival in England. Selected scholars will be provided with a second-class passage to England and also with a second-class return passage if they carry out the instructions of the Secretary of State and complete the full period of residence or are compelled by sickness to return within that period.

7. The following rules have been issued by the Government of India for the guidance of Indian Government scholars in the United Kingdom:—

(1) All Government scholars are required to avail themselves of the information and advice which the Secretary for Indian Students and the Local Advisers * at University centres are in a position to give them, and to apply to their Local Adviser * for instructions as regards their studies and in any circumstances of difficulty. The Local Advisers * at Oxford, Cambridge, Manchester, Edinburgh and Glasgow have charge of Government scholars studying at those Universities. Scholars studying elsewhere will be under the charge of the Educational Adviser in London. The Adviser is the proper person to bring before the Secretary for Indian Students any matter requiring the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council.

(2) Every scholar should on reaching England at once report himself to the Educational Adviser in London at 21, Cromwell Road, S.W. Accommodation for new arrivals is provided in that house. After seeing the Educational Adviser in London, and consulting with him in regard to his course of study, he should also call on the Secretary for Indian Students at the India Office.

(3) Every scholar must obey all instructions which he may receive, either through the Secretary for Indian Students or through his Local Adviser *, and must consult his Local Adviser * regularly in regard to his work. No course of study will be sanctioned which does not provide for an adequate practical training. Any course which has received the sanction of the Secretary of State will not be changed without similar sanction.

(4) Every scholar must from time to time, whenever the Local Adviser * requires it, submit a certificate from the proper college or university authority, or from any other authority under whom he is working, showing that his conduct and progress have been satisfactory.

(5) Every scholar must give a written undertaking that he will devote himself exclusively, during the tenure of his scholarship, to the study of the subject for which his scholarship was granted, and that he will return to India on its termination, and there continue to devote himself to the industry which he has studied. Any scholar who neglects his studies, or tries to work for any other profession concurrently, will render himself liable to forfeiture of his scholarship.

(6) Every scholar will be required to keep a concise diary, to be submitted at the end of each term to his Local Adviser *, and to be forwarded through the Local Adviser * at the end of each academic year to the Secretary of State for transmission to India.

(7) Scholars will be expected to continue their studies during vacations with the exception of three weeks in each year. Vacation study should, as far as possible, take form of practical work.

(8) Plans for vacation work, accompanied by a complete estimate of any extra expenses for fees or travelling involved, should be sent in to the Local Adviser * six weeks before the end of any academic term. Scholars are not entitled to any subsistence allowance in addition to the scholarship allowance during time spent on vacation work, but a scholar who receives permission to visit the Continent may, if the Secretary of State for India in Council considers that the circumstances render it desirable, be granted a subsistence allowance calculated at such rate as the Secretary of State may decide.

(9) Subject to a due compliance with the above conditions, the scholar's allowance will be paid quarterly in advance by the India Office to the † Local Adviser under whose charge he is. It will begin from the date of the scholar's reporting his arrival in England, and the Local Adviser * will disburse it to the scholar in such instalments as convenience may indicate. Three months after the date of reporting arrival, the amount to the ensuing official quarter day† will be paid to the Local Adviser *, and subsequent payments will be made in advance on or after each official quarter day. The allowance will, except in special cases, be at the rate of 150*l* a year.

(10) Every scholar is required to lodge with the Secretary for Indian Students at the India Office, London, before his arrival in England, the sum of 15*l*. for initial expenses. He will have no claim to payment of any instalment of his scholarship until this deposit has been made.

(11) Charges for University and college fees, premiums for practical training, and the necessary expenses of scholars by second class, or by third class if no second be available, will, if sanctioned, be defrayed by the Secretary of State. Applications for payment of all these charges should be made through the Local Adviser *. But charges for private tuition, unless specially sanctioned, for books, instruments, hotel bills and medical attendance must be paid by the scholar himself.

(12) No claim can be admitted for the payment of any expenditure unless the scholar has obtained previous sanction from the Secretary of State.

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* The Secretary to the Delegacy for Oriental Studies at Oxford and the Secretary to the Inter-collegiate Committee at Cambridge are the Local Advisers at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

† Note.—The official quarter days are the 1st of January, the 1st of April, the 1st of July and the 1st of October.

(13) The scholarship is granted in the first instance for two years, unless the Secretary of State in the exercise of his discretion sees reason to terminate it sooner. Every scholar will forfeit his scholarship who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Secretary of State may consider sufficient, fails to comply with the rules here set forth. It may be terminated at any time if a scholar fails in health or conduct. It may also be extended for a third year or longer, if the Secretary of State decides that such an extension is required to complete the scholar's training.

(14) On the expiration of the scholarship a scholar is provided by the India Office with a free second-class passage to India, and he should apply for it without delay through his † Local Adviser. He is not entitled to make his own passage arrangements and to claim an allowance in lieu from the India Office. If a scholarship be forfeited, or if it be resigned before completion of its term, or if the holder of it, on completion of its term, declines to return to India when instructed to do so, the scholar will lose his claim to a free passage back to India.

* The Secretary to the Delegacy for Oriental Studies at Oxford and the Secretary to the Inter-collegiate Committee at Cambridge are the Local Advisers at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

2. The Chamber of Commerce, Madras, the Madras Trades Association, the South Indian Chamber of Commerce and the Officer in charge of the Department of Industries will also be invited to favour Government with information as to whether they can recommend for the scholarship any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might profit by further training in Europe.

3. The Director of Public Instruction will consider the applications received and submit them to Government with such recommendation as he may see fit to make, so as to reach Government not later than the 15th April 1917, furnishing full information as to the qualifications, physique, antecedents and other particulars in respect of each of the applicants.

4. The Superintendent, Government Press, will be requested to publish the notification in three successive issues of the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(True Extract)

P. Rajagopala Achariyar,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Officer in charge of the Department of Industries.
" Departments of the Secretariat,
" Chamber of Commerce, Madras,
" Madras Trades Association,
" South Indian Chamber of Commerce,
" Superintendent, Government Press.
} paragraphs 1 and 2 only.
Editors' Table (paragraphs 1 and 2 of Order only).

Forwarded to the

(By Order)

Registrar.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

HOME (Education) DEPARTMENT

No. 1382.

From

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur
P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR Avargal, C.I.E.,
Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Home (Education) Department,

To
(1) Sir FREDERICK NICHOLSON, K.C.I.E.
(2) T. STANES, Esq., COIMBATORE.
(3) G. A. CHAMBERS, Esq.
(4) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. THAGARAYA CHETTI Garu.
(5) M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. RAMANUJAM CHETTI Garu.
(6) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur T. NUMBERUMAL CHETTI Garu.
(7) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. C. SOMASUNDARAM CHETTIYAR Avargal.
(8) M.R.Ry. V. EKAMBARA MUDALIYAR Avargal.
(9) A. J. LEECH, Esq. (TAYLOR & CO.).
(10) R. T. MENZIES, Esq.
(11) J. C. ARMSTRONG, Esq.
(12) C. B. SIMPSON, Esq.
(13) The Hon'ble Mr. G. FRAZER.
(14) HAJEE ISMAL SAIT, Khan Bahadur.
(15) ABDUL KUDDUS BADSHA SAHIB, Khan Bahadur.
(16) F. E. L. WORKE, Esq.
(17) J. W. MADELEY, Esq.
(18) BEARDSELL, Esq.
(19) F. G. WARBROOK, Esq.
(20) K. GORDON, Esq.
(21) E. J. HAWKINS, Esq.

Dated Fort St. George, the 16th December 1916.

Sir,

I am directed to forward a copy of G.O. No. 1381, Home (Education), dated the 16th December 1916, ordering the publication of a notification inviting applications from qualified candidates for the State technical scholarship available for award in this Presidency in 1917 and to request that you will be good enough to favour Government with any recommendation which you may have to make on behalf of any young man of promise who has given proof of mechanical aptitude or an industrial turn of mind and who might in your opinion profit by further training in Europe.

You will observe that Government do not propose to specify beforehand the particular industry in respect of which the scholarship will be given. They are anxious to ensure, so far as possible, that the scholar shall pursue the industry on his return to India and for this reason will give preference to candidates already engaged in the industry of which they desire to improve their knowledge and failing any such to those whose relatives are engaged in such industries.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. Nos. 1381-82, HOME (EDUCATION), DATED 16TH DECEMBER 1916.

[SUBJECT.—*State Technical scholarships.*]

Previous papers :

G.O. 585,	*Educational,*	*23rd Aug.*	1911	G.O.	1311, *Educational,*	*30th Nov.*	1915
,, 780	,,	*4th July*	1914	,,	593 ,,	*29th May*	1916
,, 828	,,	*14th* ,,	,,	,,	982 *Home (Edn.),*	*15th Sept.*	,,
,, 900	,,	*30th* ,,	,,	,,	1076-76-*A* ,,	*12th Oct.*	,,
,, 86	,,	*28th Jan.*	1915	,,	1228 ,,	*22nd Nov.*	,,

Please see the notes connected with G.O. No. 86, Educational, dated the 28th January 1915, which gives a history of the scheme of the Government of India State Technical scholarships and the procedure followed by the Local Governments in determining, in the first instance, the subjects for the study of which scholarships is to be awarded in that year. After selecting the subject Government used to publish a notification inviting applications from candidates willing to undergo training in that subject. Last year however no subject was selected but a notification was issued inviting applications from candidates who were willing to take any of the subjects for which the scholarship could be awarded (vide paragraphs 2 and 3 of the notification on page 2 of G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915).

2. At the same time the Chamber of Commerce, the Madras Trades Association, the South Indian Chamber of Commerce, the Director of Industries and a number of private individuals were as in previous years consulted as to whether they could recommend any suitable candidate for the scholarship (vide paragraph 2 of G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915, and letter No. 3944-1 on page 2 of G.O. No. 396, dated the 8th April 1916). Submitted that a notification may be published now in the Gazette and private bodies and gentlemen may be consulted as was done last year. A list of the gentlemen who were consulted last year will be found on page 3 of the notes to G.O. No. 1163, Educational, dated the 25th October 1915. It is submitted that all of them except Sir H. Fraser who is on leave may be consulted this year. The name of Mr. P. N. Muthuswami Nayudu who, it is understood, has died and that of Mr. A. Chatterton who is now on the Industrial Commission, have also been omitted.

3. According to G.O. No. 1228, Home (Education), dated the 22nd November 1916, the Director of Public Instruction will have to submit his nominations for the scholarships on or before the 15th April. It is therefore for consideration whether the 15th March may be fixed as the latest date by which applications for scholarships should reach the Director of Public Instruction.

4. From G.O. No. 982, dated the 15th September 1916, it will be seen that a Delegacy for Oriental Studies will be created at Oxford and an Inter-Collegiate Committee will be appointed by the colleges at Cambridge whose secretaries will take over the duties hitherto discharged by the Local Advisers for Indian students at Oxford and Cambridge respectively. Accordingly, in embodying in the draft notification the rules for the technical scholarships as laid down by the Government of India on page 9 of G.O. No. 593, Educational, dated the 29th May 1916, a footnote has been added stating that the Secretaries to the Delegacy at Oxford and the Inter-Collegiate Committee, Cambridge, will perform the functions of the Local Adviser in the case of students at Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

5. Paragraphs (vi) and (vii) on page 6 of G.O. No. 593, Educational, dated the 29th May 1916, have been newly added to the draft notification ~~at A on page 2 of the draft.~~

6. The draft order and the draft letter are for approval.

A.S.—8-12-16.
N.K.—13-12-16.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARYA—15-12-16.
P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR—16-12-16.

[G.O. Nos. 1381-82, Home (Education), dated 16th December 1916.]

PRESS SLIP.

~~ORDINARY.~~ ~~PREFERENCE.~~ Very URGENT (a).

The notification should issue with 3 clear days' notice

Sectt. II—38—2-15. GOVERNMENT PRESS 15 DEC 1916 MADRAS. .....DEPARTMENT.

Current No. ....., dated.....191 .

G.O. No. 1381-82, dated the 16. 12. 1916.

Number of MS. pages sent (b) Correspondence.....6..... (b1) Notes.....3.....

Brief subject..... State Technical Scholarships

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b1) For rules regarding printing of notes, see rule 315 of the office Manual.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for *one* week, and larger papers for *two* weeks only. *The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.*

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

[P.T O

TO PRESS, MADRAS OOTY.

A

Please send proof in duplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.

..... *Referencer.*
Clerk.

..... *Supdt.*

B

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..... *Referencer.*
Clerk.

..... *Supdt.*

C

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Type may be released after usual interval.

16/12/46

..... *Referencer.*
Clerk.

..... *Supdt*

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Press

As the notification will have to issue in the next week's Gazette. Please send the original with the Gazette proof before Monday evening

16/12/46

TO BE FILLED IN BY THE PRESS.

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