

Eol (1915) Department.

Ini SERIES.

G.O. No. 468

DATED 3rd May 1915

[Despatch Abstract.]

Legislative Council

Recording notes connected with a resolution on the provision for constructing buildings for Muhamadan girls' schools moved by the Honble Mr. A.T. G.M. Ahmad Tambi Marakkay at the meeting of the ——— held on the 15th March 1915.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

[E. & L.]
103.

Col CN. 819
5-3-15

L. & M. (iv) 9-750-9-14
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Regarding Revised Financial Statement.
Resolutions on matters of General Public Interest.

XXIV.

SUBJECT.—No. V

for the meeting of the Legislative

Council to be held on the 13th March 1915.

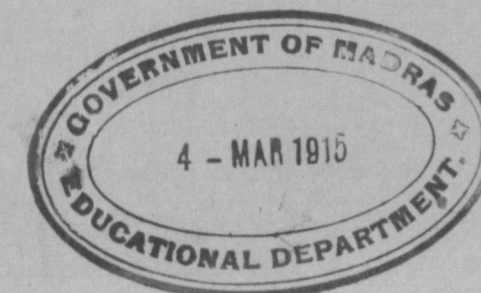
SUBMITTED that two copies of this Resolution may be forwarded to the
Genl, Secy, Ed. P. & H. Department with reference to Nos. (1) and (2) of the
rules regulating Secretariat procedure in dealing with these Resolutions in the
Legislative Council. Orders regarding admission will be communicated in due
course.

C. S. A
4-3-15

Leg U.O. No. 483-1 dated 4-3-15

To

The Educational Department.
with 2 Copies of the Resolⁿ no. V



RESOLUTION REGARDING THE REVISED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Hon'ble Mr. A.K.G. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar.

XXIV This Council recommends that a sum of Rs.20,000/- be provided under the head Contributions under 45 A, Civil Works, for allotting grants to local bodies for the construction of buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools in Negapatam and other places and that the provision of Rs.1,00,000/- under 26 B, SCIENTIFIC ETC. DEPARTMENTS, Miscellaneous Experiments (Detailed Account 26 Bm) be correspondingly reduced to Rs.80,000.

On the 31st March 1914 there were 39

Muhammadan girls' schools under the management of local bodies, 6 in municipalities and 33 in local fund areas. Of these only 2 schools under local boards had buildings of their own on that date.

2. In 1912-13 and 1913-14, the Government have sanctioned large grants to local bodies for the construction of buildings for elementary schools generally and with these funds new buildings are

in

Vide telephonic message ^(K)

Go. no 608 Edl (L)
9.7.12
" 660 Edl (M)
20.7.12
" 771 Edl (N)
19.8.13
" 122 Edl (G)
27.1.14



in course of construction or are about to be constructed. The choice of schools is left to the discretion of the local bodies. It is likely that new buildings may have been constructed for Muhammadan girls' schools also, but no definite information is available in the matter. The allotment made in the current year's budget for subsidies for the construction of new elementary school buildings has been resumed owing to the present financial crisis. No provision has been made for this purpose in the next year's budget.

3. The proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the utilization in the current year on non-recurring objects of the Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 for Muhammadan education, just sanctioned by the Government of India includes provision for a grant of Rs. 9,000 for the construction of a new building for the Muhammadan girls' school at Negapatam. Apparently the Additional Member is particularly interested in this institution.

4. As regards the source from which the Additional Member proposes to meet the provision proposed by him, it is observed that the sum of one lakh referred to is intended for the purchase of

Page 576 of notes
with L.P. no. 26 Edl
8.4.15

L.P. no. 253 Edl
6.3.15
(under issue)

of oil-pressing machinery, the erection of a building to house it and the expenses connected with its working and ~~work~~ for carrying out other experiments. In connection with Resolution No. XXII, to be moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Ramachandra Rao regarding the utilization of a portion of this allotment for demonstrating the manufacture of agricultural manures, it has been pointed out that the provision is inadequate even for the purpose of the industrial experiments and that no diversion thereof will be feasible.

5. It is therefore for consideration whether the Resolution may be opposed in the present circumstances, though the object for which provision is proposed is a desirable one.

6. It has to be settled as to who should be in charge of this Resolution.

1. How far does the comparative provision by public funds of elementary schools for Muhammadan girls fall short of the similar provision for Hindu girls - figures. please?
2. The Resolution must be opposed if necessary but if appealed to, seeing that the difficulty is ways and means, the mover may perhaps withdraw it without challenging a vote.

P
8.3.15

0
8/31

The Resolution
has. I think, to
be opposed

Amr Salim

0
8/31

H E

Settles in Council that the
Secretary ^{will be in charge} ~~has to~~ of the
Resolution.

[Signature]
9/3/15

The information asked for by H. E. the Governor in
para. 1 of his note on page 3 supra is not available here. The
following telephonic message to the D. I. is for approval.

" Will you please let me have a statement showing
the expenditure from public funds on elementary
schools for Hindu girls and Muhammadan girls
separately, during the last two years. The statement may
show the teaching grants and building ^{or} grants separately.
The information is required very urgently in connection
with a resolution to be moved at the next meeting of the
Legislative Council."

By CA
9.3.15 10/3/15

[Signature]
10/3/15

I have read and a letter
for ~~copy~~ ^{reference}

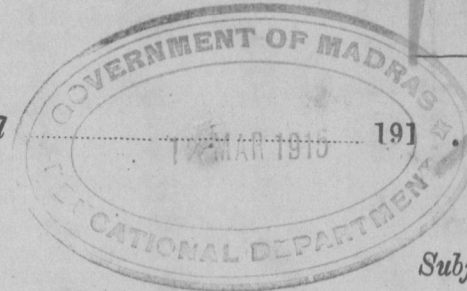
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10/3/15

[Handwritten notes in left margin]
Specs
about
5.30 PM
Post copy sent
Despatched
10/3/15 CA

EDUCATIONAL

DEPARTMENT.

Received



191

Registered

Subject.

Submitting a statement showing the expenditure
Public funds on elementary schools for Hindu, Muhamma
Panchama girls separately for the year 1913-1914.

ENCLOSURES.

No.

Current

No. 1924/15

Spare copies

Station M A D R A S , Dated the 11th MARCH 191

From (Name) The Honourable Mr. H. S. Duncan, M.A.,

(Designation) AG: Director of Public Instruction

To The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

EDUCATIONAL Department.

Sir,

With reference to your telephonic message of yesterday
I have the honour to submit herewith a statement showing the
expenditure from Public Funds on elementary schools for Hindu
Muhammadan and Panchama girls separately for the
and to state that the corresponding figures
no longer available in this office.

I b

Statement showing an expenditure from public funds on elementary schools for girls.

	Expenditure excluding grant on building grant			Remarks.
	Provincial funds	Local funds	Municipal funds	
	R.	R.	R.	R.
1913-1914				
Kindergarten schools	(a) 34,326.9	10,192.6	30,496	475,691
Infant school	(b) 43,458	5,835	2,852	52,145
Panchayat school	(c) 20,035	1460	1868	23,363
				(a) Includes a teaching grant of Rs 14,406 and a furniture grant of Rs 14,329
				(b) Includes a teaching grant of Rs 7375 and a furniture grant of Rs 2381
				(c) Includes a teaching grant of Rs 17018 and a furniture grant of Rs 2332
				(a), (b), (c) These amounts exclude the sums of Rs 7999 Rs 1460, + Rs 560 sanctioned as building grants on behalf of the Kinder, Infant school, Panchayat Elementary school respectively.

For Director of Public Instruction

2

NOTES.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH A RESOLUTION REGARDING THE
REVISED FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

[SUBJECT.—Grants to local bodies for construction of buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools.]

The Hon'ble Mr. A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR :—

V. This Council recommends that a sum of Rs. 20,000 be provided under the head Contributions under 45-A. CIVIL WORKS for allotting grants to local bodies for the construction of buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools in Negapatam and other places and that the provision of Rs. 1,00,000 under 26-B. SCIENTIFIC, Etc., DEPARTMENTS, Miscellaneous Experiments (Detailed Account No. 26-Bm.) be correspondingly reduced to Rs. 80,000.

On the 31st March 1914, there were 39 Muhammadan girls' schools under the management of local bodies—6 in municipalities and 33 in local fund areas. Of these only two schools under local boards had buildings of their own on that date.

2. In 1912-13 and 1913-14, the Government have sanctioned large grants to local bodies for the construction of buildings for elementary schools generally and with these funds new buildings are in course of construction or are about to be constructed. The choice of schools is left to the discretion of the local bodies. It is

likely that new buildings may have been constructed for Muhammadan girls' schools also, but no definite information is available in the matter. The allotment made in the current year's budget for subsidies for the construction of new elementary school buildings has been resumed owing to the present financial crisis. No provision has been made for this purpose in the next year's budget.

3. The proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the utilization in the current year on non-recurring objects of the Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 for Muhammadan education just sanctioned by the Government includes provision for a grant of Rs. 9,000 for the construction of a new building for the Muhammadan girls' school at Negapatam. Apparently the Additional Member is particularly interested in this institution.

4. As regards the source from which the Additional Member proposes to meet the provision proposed by him, it is observed that the sum of one lakh referred to is intended for the purchase of oil-pressing machinery, the erection of a building to house it and the expenses connected with its working and for carrying out other experiments. In connection with Resolution No. XXII to be moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Ramachandra Rao regarding the utilization of a portion of this allotment for demonstrating the manufacture of agricultural manures, it has been pointed out that the provision is inadequate even for the purpose of the industrial experiments and that no diversion thereof will be feasible.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR—8-3-15.

2

The resolution has, I think, to be opposed.
P.R.—8-3-15.

Orders solicited.
P.R.—8-3-15.

5. It is therefore for consideration whether the resolution may be opposed in the present circumstances, though the object for which provision is proposed is a desirable one.

6. It has to be settled as to who should be in charge of this resolution.

S. ANANTANARAYANAN—8-3-15.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARI—8-3-15.

1. How far does the comparative provision by public funds of elementary schools for Muhammadan girls fall short of the similar provision for Hindu girls - figures, please?

2. The Resolution must be opposed if necessary but if appealed to, seeing that the difficulty is ways and means, the mover may perhaps withdraw it without challenging a vote.

P(entland)
8-3-15.

Settled in Council that the Secretary will be in charge of the Resolution.

P. Rajagopala Achari,
9--3--15.

The information asked for by His Excellency the Governor in paragraph 1 of his note above is not available here. The following telephonic message to the Director of Public Instruction is for approval:--

"Will you please let me have a statement showing the expenditure from public funds on elementary schools for Hindu girls and Muhammadan girls separately, during the last two years. The statement may show the teaching grants and building etc. grants separately. The information is required very urgently in connection with a resolution to be moved at the next meeting of the Legislative Council."

S.A.

9-3-15.

C.R.

10-3-15.

P. Rajagopala Achari,
10-3-15.

Issue and send a reminder to-morrow afternoon.

P. Rajagopala Achari,
10-3-15.

The Director states that the figures regarding grants for 1912-13 to Hindu and Muhammadan girls' schools are no longer available in his office. The figures for 1913-14 are shown in the statement below:—

	Expenditure from Provincial funds				Total	Expenditure from local funds	Expenditure from municipal funds	Total
	on part. Schols	on furniture grants	on teaching grants	on building grants				
Hindu elementary schols	Rs. 18,487.9	Rs. 14,329	Rs. 1,44,061	Rs. 7,999	Rs. 3,52,68	Rs. 1,01,926	Rs. 30,496	Rs. 4,83,690
Muhammadan do	38,845	238	7,375	1,460	44,918	5,835	2,852	53,605
Branchama do	685	2,332	17,018	560	20,595	1,460	1,868	23,923

From the above it will be seen that the total expenditure in 1913-14 from public funds on Muhammadan elementary schools for girls was only 11.1 per cent. of that on Hindu girls' schools, while the total number of Muhammadan females in the Madras Presidency according to the census of 1911 was 17.2 per cent. of that of Hindu females.

Hindu females
2017536) 3673064/17.2

12-3-15

11/4/15 60 12

Extract from the Proceedings of an adjourned Meeting of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament, 24 & 25 Vict., C. 67, 55 & 56 Vict., C. 14, and 9 Edw. 7, C. 4.

The Council re-assembled at the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, at 11 A.M. on Monday, the 15th day of March 1915.

GRANTS TO LOCAL BODIES FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS FOR MUHAMMADAN GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR :—" Your Excellency, the resolution which stands in my name runs thus :

'XXIV. This Council recommends that a sum of Rs. 20,000 be provided under the head Contributions under 45-A. CIVIL WORKS for allotting grants to local bodies for the construction of buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools in Negapatam and other places and that the provision of Rs. 1,00,000 under 26-B. SCIENTIFIC, ETC., DEPARTMENTS, Miscellaneous Experiments (Detailed Account 26Bm.), be correspondingly reduced to Rs. 80,000.'

"During recent years the Government have been very liberal in the matter of grants and subsidies to educational institutions. Year after year new elementary schools have been opened by local boards and municipalities with the aid given by the State. As far as possible the Government have also been urging local bodies to open girls' schools by promising liberal aid and I believe that girls' schools have been growing in numbers; but Muhammadan boys have been slow to appreciate the benefits of education in spite of the various concessions granted by Government to them. It is needless for me to invite the attention of Government to the fact that the condition of the Muhammadan girls in the matter of education is anything but satisfactory. Last year two schools were opened by the Negapatam Municipal Council, one in Negapatam and another in Nagore, both of which have been growing in popularity. Both these schools have been provided with mistresses trained in the Hobart's Government Training School for Muhammadan Mistresses. I am not unmindful of the subsidy that is being given by Government for the maintenance of these schools, but they are accommodated in rented buildings quite unsuited for the purpose and no better building could be had. I know myself what odds the then Chairman of the Municipal Council had to contend against at the time of the opening of the school and its maintenance for a few months in the beginning because the co-operation and help of myself as well as other leading Muhammadan gentlemen of the town were requisitioned to induce the Muhammadan population to get over the prejudice that they had in the matter of sending their girls to the school, for they thought that that school was opened with an ulterior object, i.e., of breaking the gosha system among the Muhammadans. However, since people found that the education was given by gosha Muhammadan mistresses, the fear and alarm that the Muhammadan parents had about their girls were dispelled and the school was rising in attendance and in the present day the schools number nearly 200 on their rolls. The increase in the numbers necessitated the requisitioning of additional teachers which, however, the municipality has not given for want of funds. It is the duty of Government to help such schools when they find that these rare schools are, contrary to expectation, growing in popularity. The giving of a local habitation to the two schools will give permanency to them and will at the same time be appreciated by the large Muhammadan population of the town. Since sending my resolution to Government I have seen a copy of the Government order, communicated to the Negapatam Municipal Council, sanctioning a grant of Rs. 9,000 for providing a Muhammadan girls' school with buildings and Rs. 1,200 as subsidy. The school at Nagore has also to be provided with a building of its own. From the report on public instruction submitted by the Director of Public Instruction to Government, dated 27th October 1914, I find that there are 154 elementary schools for Muhammadan girls and I believe a large number of them do not possess buildings of their own. I have not forgotten the liberal aid of Rs. 30,000 which Government had decided to set apart annually for Muhammadan education; but I should think that the said sum should be largely utilized towards the equipment and improvements of

2 Grants to local bodies for construction of buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools.

(Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar; Mr. Rajagopala Achariyar.)

the existing schools. I should like that a sum of Rs. 20,000 should be set apart annually for providing buildings for Muhammadan girls' schools, leaving the 30,000 for boys' schools and subsidies to Muhammadan boys' and girls' schools.

"In making this proposal I do not dislocate the budget by asking Government to reduce any necessary item and I have taken care to point out a source which will least embarrass or inconvenience Government in adjusting its budget. I hope therefore that this Council will unanimously support me in this request."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I have already explained in answer to the Honourable the Zamindar of Polavaram that no portion of the one lakh under 26Bm. Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments will be available. As I have already stated, that money is earmarked. We have already started a number of experiments, and it is feared that the allotment will be barely sufficient to carry us through. In regard to the question which the Honourable Member has raised about grants to local bodies for the construction of school buildings for Muhammadan girls, it is true that it has not been found possible to make an allotment during 1915-16; but I would point out that this is not a disability peculiar to Muhammadan girls' schools. No allotment has been made either for Hindu or Muhammadan schools—either for boys' schools or girls' schools; and that is due to our financial situation. The Honourable Member admits that the Government have been liberal in this matter during the current year. During the current year, as the Financial Statement will show, we have subsidized local bodies to the extent of 4.24 lakhs for the completion of school buildings already begun, and the repair of existing buildings. We thought that that was a more urgent need than the construction of new buildings. When once the financial stringency passes off, it may be possible to resume the policy of subsidising local bodies for the construction of new buildings. So far as Negapatam is concerned, the Honourable Member himself has referred to the circumstance that we have treated that place with exceptional consideration, for it was only a few days ago we gave them Rs. 9,000 for the construction of a new building for a Muhammadan girls' school at that place. Practically this is the only new school which has been subsidised in the current year. That would convince the Honourable Member that, while we are anxious to do what we can with regard to the education of Muhammadan girls, it is not possible to do anything more."

The Hon'ble Mr. A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR:—"With reference to the remarks just made, I understand from the Honourable Member that there is some saving of a few thousands under 'Miscellaneous.' I hope that at least a sum of Rs. 3,000 may be given to us making a total of Rs. 12,000 for the schools, so that we might build two schools, each school costing Rs. 6,000. That is not a very large sum; but we must cut our coat according to the cloth available. If, however, Rs. 3,000 is given, we will build two schools, one at Negapatam and the other at Nagore. I request that the Government will be pleased to consider the matter favourably, and give us a grant of Rs. 3,000 more."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"If he applies to the Director of Public Instruction, it may be possible to meet the Honourable Member's wishes. These applications come to us through the Director of Public Instruction. I am sure that, if he puts his case to the Director of Public Instruction, it may be possible to meet his wishes."

The Hon'ble Mr. A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR:—"With the assurance given by the Honourable Member, I beg to withdraw the resolution."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the resolution was withdrawn.

W. FRANCIS,
Secretary to Government, Legislative Dept.

An extract from the proceedings of the Legislative Council relating to the resolution has been added to the file. It is submitted that the papers may be recorded, a copy of the proceedings being ~~communicated~~ forwarded to the D.P.D. with reference to the point marked A on page 5 supra, a draft order is placed below.

28.4.15 29.4.15
30/4/15

13

READ AGAIN G.O. No., dated 191

” ” ” ” ” 191

READ ALSO:—

C. No.

819

Subject notes connected with the resolution moved by the Hon. Mr. A. T. R. M. Ahamed Tambi Marakkayar, at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 15th March 1915 suggesting provision for the construction of buildings for Muhammadan Philo'sophy. No. _____, dated _____ 191

” ” ” ” ” ” ” ” 191

9 " " " " " " " 191

ORDER.
misc

No. 400, dated 3. 5. 1918

Recorded

28.4.15

6

78.4.15

to the D.P.I. (~~32~~ 16)
with an extract from the Council
proceedings

mo
3/5

LinkenB

When given for copying
When copied
When examined
When signed

191

HEAD AGAIN G.O. No.
191

DATED

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH BITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—

- A = Copy in full.
- B = Not to be copied.
- P = Copy abstract only.
- Q = Copy heading only.