

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Enclosures

1916.

Spare copies

Regd.

G.O. &c. Nos. 1468, 1469, 29th December 1915.

Report on public instruction.

Recording, with remarks, the — in the Madras Presidency for 1914-15.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—Report on Public Instruction in the Madras Presidency
for the year 1914-15.

Order—No. 1468, Educational, dated 29th Dec.

Recorded.

2. *Imperial grant.*—The Imperial grant for the improvement of Muhammadan education for the year 1914-15 was Rs. 125 lakhs for education and Rs. 16,000 towards the construction of a Muhammadan hostel in the City of Madras. All were fully expended within the year. The final proposals for the utilization of the recurring grant for Muhammadan education not having matured before the close of the year the year's grant was spent on non-recurring items connected with the same object.

3. *General statistics of progress.*—The year was one of general advance, the total number of institutions of all grades and their strength having increased 1984, or 3 per cent and 73,010, or 5 per cent respectively, though the increase in the latter case was not as marked as in the previous year. In schools for Indian there was an accession of 15·05, 6·6 and 5·0 per cent respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education.

4. *Total expenditure.*—The total expenditure for the year, direct and indirect from all sources amounted to 193·5 as against 180 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 82·64 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21·7 lakhs and fees and other sources about 89·11 lakhs. The percentages of aggregate outlay from public and private funds to the total expenditure remained practically the same as in the previous year. Of the total expenditure, the "direct" outlay advanced by nearly eleven lakhs and the "indirect" by about three. Secondary and elementary schools claimed 53·31 lakhs from public funds, or 7·42 lakhs more than in the previous year, and the major portion of this (45·52 lakhs) was allotted to elementary schools. The grants-in-aid from Provincial funds to institutions under private management aggregated 32·06 lakhs, or 25 lakh less than in the previous year; those from district board funds remained almost stationary, while those from municipal funds declined from 73 to 61 lakh. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was As. 7-6 as against As. 7 in the previous year.

A special feature of the expenditure of the year was the disbursement of a sum of 2-36 lakhs from Provincial funds on the acquisition of play-grounds.

5. *University and Collegiate education.*—Events of importance connected with the University were the appointment of a University Professor of Indian History and Archaeology and the delivery of special lectures on "Cities in Evolution", "Drainage Works" and "Investigations in Acoustics" by Professor Geddes, Mr. J. W. Madeley and M.R.Ry. C. Venkataraman, respectively. The University was also engaged with the question of the improvement of the study of vernacular languages during the intermediate course and the investigation of the important question of the regulations for admission to the collegiate course of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates. The latter question is still under examination. In the field of collegiate education the most noteworthy step taken was the opening of a college for women in Madras by the Government. This institution has been

affiliated to the local University as a second-grade college. There was a satisfactory increase in the number on the rolls in the Arts colleges. The strength of the Engineering College showed an appreciable advance, while that of the Law College and the Teachers' College remained almost stationary.

6. *Secondary and Elementary education.*—The number of secondary schools increased by one; and four of the incomplete secondary schools of the previous year developed into complete secondary schools during the year under report. This factor and the general improvement in the attendance at existing secondary schools resulted in an increase of 6·7 per cent in the total number of pupils availing themselves of secondary education. The strength in the three highest forms shared in this general advance to a proportionately greater degree than in the previous year, thus evidencing the growth of a desire on the part of parents to leave students at school long enough to complete the course. Orders were passed during the year on proposals for the improvement of the study of languages other than English under the secondary school-leaving certificate scheme; but effect has not yet been given to them pending the revision of syllabuses and the drawing up of text-books. The Government have, since the close of the year, afforded special financial help to enable local boards and municipal councils to improve the pay of the pandits and other language teachers in the secondary schools and colleges maintained by them, as had already been done in the case of Government institutions.

Education noticed in previous years was maintained. The number of boys and their strength rose from 1,01,000 to 1,02,000 respectively. The attendance at primary and secondary education was 1,01,000 and 1,02,000 respectively. A conference of inspecting officers held by the Director of Public Instruction in June 1914. These are engaging the attention of the department; and some of them will be placed for further discussion before a conference of officials and non-officials which will be summoned shortly.

7. *Special education.*—The transfer of the control of industrial education to the Director of Industries is mainly responsible for the fall in the number of schools for special education from 204 to 166. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and of converting some of the large and important Government girls' schools into training schools for mistresses is engaging the attention of the department. There was a further fall in the attendance at the School of Arts and at the School of Commerce, Calicut, the decline being attributed in the case of the latter institution to the introduction of commercial subjects for the school final course in many secondary schools. With a view to inducing more students to avail themselves of the instruction imparted in the School of Arts, the Government have, since the close of the year, sanctioned the institution of thirty additional scholarships in the school.

The year was notable in that in it were taken the first steps towards imparting correct methods of giving manual training to students, the experts sanctioned for the purpose having arrived and commenced work.

8. *Female education.*—The education of girls exhibited a further satisfactory advance, there having been an accession of 72 to the number of schools intended solely for Indian girls and of about 18,500 to the number of girls under instruction, including those in institutions not specially intended for them. Thirty-one and 38 Brahman widows were under instruction at the close of the year in Madras and Vizagapatam, respectively.

9. *European education.*—The number of institutions intended for Europeans remained stationary, and there was a slight decline in their strength. A scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community in conjunction with the Lawrence Memorial School, Ootacamund, is now under consideration.

10. *Muhammadan education.*—The improvement under this head noticed last year was sustained. The number of institutions for Muhammadans under public management rose from 839 to 886 and their strength from 51,319 to 55,551.

11. *Panchama education*.—This branch of education showed considerable expansion. Local boards alone opened as many as 84 new schools for people of this class. It is specially noteworthy that secondary education has begun to attract the attention of this community, there having been an increase of more than 63 per cent during the year in the total number of Panchama pupils in secondary schools.

12. The year was one of progress in all directions on which the Hon'ble Mr. Stone and his department may justly be congratulated.

(True Extract.)

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Surgeon-General.
" Accountant-General.
" Registrar, Madras University.
" Local and Municipal Department.
Editors' Table.

Endorsement—No. 1469, Educational, dated 29th December 1915.

Copy to the Government of India, Department of Education.

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. Nos. 1468, 1469, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 29TH DECEMBER 1915.

[SUBJECT.—*Public Instruction Report for 1914-15.*]

In submitting the usual bald summary of the report on Public Instruction I venture to ask for orders whether it is really necessary to review this report at all, or at any rate on these lines.

The Director of Public Instruction occupies a special position in relation to the Government. His policy is in a peculiar sense theirs, and his reports present little material for criticism in consequence.

The reports moreover are peculiar. He discusses policy once in five years when his report, with those of the other provinces, is elaborately reviewed by the Government of India. In the intermediate years he sends figures sparsely clothed with words.

If a review is to be written, I think it should take the form of an account in somewhat more popular language of the year's developments, but I doubt the necessity for any review at all.

Another question that suggests itself is whether there is any real necessity for the enormous mass of figures sent up. Last year's report involved over 200 pages of statistics to about sixty pages of print. I am sure that these could be re-arranged and reduced without losing any material information. If desired, I will discuss the matter with Mr. Stone and Mr. Sharp when the latter comes down.

The practice of classifying schools, pupils, etc., as "European" and "non-European" (with no mention of an Indian anywhere) when there are 1,534,677 Indian students to 8,278 so-called "Europeans" seems to be a mistake. I think we might safely substitute "Indian" for "non-European."

C. G. TODHUNTER—21-12-15.

The review may, I think, stand: and as to reducing the statistics—an object with which all must sympathise—I advise discussion first with the Director of Public Instruction. It can then be seen whether and how far Mr. Sharp can usefully be consulted.

P[ENTLAND]—24-12-15.

Issue the review and take up the question of reduction of the statistics on a separate file.

C.G.T.—27-12-15.

[G.O. Nos. 1468, 1469, Educational, dated 29th December 1915.]

Read the following paper:-

Report on public instruction in the Madras Presidency for the
year 1914-15.ORDER:
P.S.

No. 1468 vol of 29/12/15

Recorded.

2. IMPERIAL GRANTS. During the year under review three additional grants were received from the Government of India. There were two recurring grants one of 1.25 lakhs for education generally and one of .30 lakh for the improvement of Muhammadan education, and a non-recurring grant of Rs.16,000 towards the construction of a Muhammadan hostel in the City of Madras. All were fully expended within the year. The final proposals for the utilization of the recurring grant for Muhammadan education not having matured before the close of the year, the year's grant was spent on non-recurring items connected with the same object.

G.O.No.423 Edl., d/17--4-14. (K)

G.O.No.1033 Edl., d/10--9-14. (G)

G.O.No.282 Edl., d/12--3-15. (15)

G.O.No.253 Edl., d/ 6--3-15. (21)

3. GENERAL STATISTICS OF PROGRESS.

The year was one of general advance, the total number of institutions of all grades and their strength having increased by 984, or 3 per cent., and 73,010, or 5 per cent., respectively, though the increase in the latter case was not as marked as in the previous year. In schools for Indians, there was an accession of 15.05, 6.6 and 5.0 per cent., respectively, to the number of students receiving collegiate, secondary and elementary education.

4. TOTAL EXPENDITURE.

--The total expenditure for the year, direct and indirect, from all sources amounted to 193.5 as against 180 lakhs in the previous year. Of this sum Provincial funds contributed 82.64 lakhs, local and municipal funds 21.77 lakhs, 6 ps. as and other sources about previous year.

para.3, page 2 of report (Vol I)

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Please see working on pp. 30 & 31 of Vol II

para.3, page 3 of report.

Please see working on p. 20 of report (Vol I)

para.3, page 3 of report (Vol I)

Statement No.(31) on p.49
of Vol.II.

Statement No.(34) on p.50
of Vol.II.

Statement No.(34) on p.50
of Vol.II.

Total 1935-36 Vol I - Total 1935-36 - p.49 Vol I
193,529.82
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The percentages of aggregate outlay from public and private funds to the total expenditure remained practically the same as in the previous year. Of the total expenditure, the "direct" outlay advanced by nearly 11 lakhs and the "indirect" by about 3. Secondary and elementary schools claimed 53.31 lakhs from public funds, or 7.42 lakhs more than in the previous year, and the major portion of this (45.52) was allotted to elementary schools. The grants-in-aid from Provincial funds to institutions under private management aggregated 32.06 lakhs, or .25 lakh less than in the previous year; those from District Board funds remained almost stationary, while those from Municipal funds declined from .73 to .61 lakh. The average annual cost of education per head of the population was 7 as. 6 ps. as against 7 as. in the previous year.

para. 3- page 4 of report (Vol. I.)

G.O.No. 47 Edl., 3/15-1-15.

(15)

A special feature of the expenditure of the year was the disbursement of a sum of 2.35 lakhs from Provincial funds on the acquisition of play-grounds.

5. UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGIATE

EDUCATION.--Events of importance

connected with the University were

the appointment of a University

Professor of Indian History and

Archaeology and the delivery of

special lectures on "Cities in Evolution", "Drainage Works" and

"Investigations in Acoustics" by

Professor Geddes, Mr. J.W. Madeley and

M.R.Ry. C. Venkataraman, respectively.

The University was also engaged with

the question of the improvement of the

study of vernacular languages during

the intermediate course and the

investigation of the important question

of the regulations for admission to

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para. 5, page 5 of report
(Vol. I)

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Para.5, page 6 of report
(Vol.I)

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the collegiate course of holders of secondary school leaving certificates. The latter question is still under examination. In the field of collegiate education the most noteworthy step taken was the opening of a college for women in Madras by the Government. This institution has been affiliated to the local University as a second grade college. There was a satisfactory increase in the number on the rolls in the Arts colleges. The strength of the Engineering College showed an appreciable advance, while that of the Law College and the Teachers' College remained almost stationary.

6. SECONDARY AND ELEMENTARY

para.6, page 7 of report (Vol.I)

EDUCATION.--The number of secondary schools increased by one; and four of the incomplete secondary schools of the previous year developed into complete secondary schools during the

year

year under report. This factor and the general improvement in the attendance at existing secondary schools resulted in an increase of 6.7 per cent. in the total number of pupils availing themselves of secondary education. The strength in the three highest forms shared in this general advance to a proportionately greater degree than in the previous year, thus evidencing the growth of a desire to ^{on the part of parents} ~~leave~~ ^{retain} students at school long enough to complete the course. Orders were passed during the year on proposals for the improvement of the study of languages other than English under the secondary school leaving certificate scheme; but effect has not yet been given to them pending the revision of syllabuses and the drawing up of text-books. The Government have, since the close of the year, afforded special financial help to enable local boards and municipal councils to improve the pay of the pandits and other language

x from 76.83 per cent.

G.O.No.1076 Edl., d/15-9-14 (V)

para.6, page 7 of report
(Vol.I)

G.O.No.583 Edl., d/31-5-15. (X)

7.

teachers in the secondary schools and colleges maintained by them, as had already been done in the case of Government institutions.

para.7, pages 7 & 8 of report
(Vol.I)

para.6 of G.O.93 Edl.,
d/29-1-15.

The advance in elementary education noticed in previous years was maintained. The number of public elementary schools for boys and their strength rose from 26,005 and 1,088,686 to 26,905 and 1,143,998 respectively.

para.4, page 4 of report
(Vol.I)

Several important questions connected with elementary and secondary education formed the subject of discussion at the informal conference of inspecting officers held by the Director of Public Instruction in June 1914. These are engaging the attention of the department; and some of them will be placed for further discussion before a conference of officials and non-officials which will be summoned shortly.

7. SPECIAL EDUCATION.--The transfer of the control of industrial education to

(I) 30/1/1916

para. 8, page 8 of Report (Vol. I.)

para. 8, page 9 of report
(Vol. I.)

G.O. No. 1014 Edl., d/16-9-15.

8.

the Director of Industries is mainly responsible for the fall in the number of schools for special education from 204 to 166. The question of opening additional training schools for masters and of converting some of the large and important Government girls' schools into training schools for mistresses is engaging the attention of the department. There was a further fall in the attendance at the School of Arts and at the School of Commerce, Calicut, the decline being attributed in the case of the latter institution to the introduction of commercial subjects for the school final course in many secondary schools. With a view to inducing more students to avail themselves of the instruction imparted in the School of Arts, the Government have, since the close of the year, sanctioned the institution of thirty additional scholarships in the school.

The year was notable in that in it were taken the first steps towards imparting correct methods of giving manual training to students, the experts sanctioned for the purpose having arrived and commenced work.

8. FEMALE EDUCATION.--The education of girls exhibited a further satisfactory advance, there having been an accession of 72 to the number of schools intended solely for Indian girls and of about 18,500 to the number of girls under instruction, including those in institutions not specially intended for them. Thirty-four and 38 Brahmin widows were under instruction at the close of the year in Madras and Vizagapatam, respectively.

9. EUROPEAN EDUCATION.--The number of institutions intended for Europeans remained stationary, and there was a slight decline in their strength. A scheme for

the

para.9, page 10 of report
(Vol.I)

10, page 11 of report
(Vol.I)

the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community in conjunction with the Lawrence Memorial School, Ootacamund, is now under consideration.

10. MUHAMMADAN EDUCATION.--The improve-

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para.10 of G.O.93 Eal./29-1-15.

x
ment under this head noticed last year was sustained. The number of institutions for Muhammadans under public management rose from 839 to 886 and their strength from 51,319 to 55,554.

para.11, page 11 of report (Vol.I)

statement No.(111) on page 79 of Vol.II.

11. PANCHAMA EDUCATION.--This branch of

para.13, page 12 of report (Vol.I)

education showed considerable expansion. Local boards alone opened as many as 84 new schools for people of this class. It is specially noteworthy that secondary education has begun to attract the attention of this community, there having been an increase of more than 63 per cent. during the year in the total number of Panchama pupils in secondary schools.

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12. The year was one of progress in
all directions on which the Honourable
Mr. Stone and his department may justly
be congratulated.

21.12.15

*Dir. Sp. Secy
15/1/16*

Director of Public Instruction. ✓
Surgeon-General. ✓
Accountant-General. ✓
Registrar, Madras University. ✓
Police and Municipal Department. ✓
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ENDORSEMENT:-- No. 1469 Vol. 29/12/15

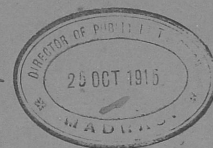
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Copy to the Government of India,

Department of Education.



To be checked
with the original
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Vol I

REPORT



ON

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

1914-15.

VOLUME I.

MADRAS:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1915.

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19

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
MADRAS, 22nd October 1915.

C. No. 8466 of 1915.

From

THE HON'BLE MR. J. H. STONE, M.A., F.R.H.S., C.I.E.,
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Madras,

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
Madras.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit my report on the state and progress of education in this presidency during the year 1914-15.

2. A brief resumé of the chief events of the year is given below, each of them being described at greater length where necessary under the appropriate heads of the report:—

Events of the year.

(1) Pending the issue of final orders on the scheme of reorganization of the inspecting agency sanction has again been accorded by Government to the retention for another year from 1st November 1914 of the 48 temporary officers in the Sub-Assistant's cadre referred to in the last report. Sanction has also been given to the formation temporarily for a year of a new range in Malabar under the charge of a probationary Sub-Assistant Inspector with a view to equalize the work of the ordinary Sub-Assistant Inspectors in that district. The new range under the designation of "Badagara Range" was opened on the 5th December 1914.

(2) A second-grade residential college for women under departmental management was started in Madras in July 1914 as an experimental measure.

(3) Government have sanctioned, with effect from 1st January 1915, the permanent retention of the six temporary lower elementary training schools, viz., those at Chicacole, Ongole, Anantapur, Madras (Panchama), Cuddalore and Badagara, with the revised scale of staff sanctioned for the other lower elementary training schools under the scheme of reorganization introduced in the previous year.

(4) The post of Superintendent of Sanskrit schools has been included in the ninth grade of the Provincial Educational Service, the extra cost being met from the savings effected by a reduction from 6 to 5 of the number of appointments in the first grade of the cadre of Sub-Assistant Inspectors.

(5) The organization of a peripatetic party has been sanctioned for a year in connection with the Oriental Manuscripts Library in view to the search for and acquisition of rare manuscripts in the various languages.

(6) A recurring Imperial grant of Rs. 30,000 has been made towards the expansion of Muhammadan education and proposals for its utilization during 1915-16 were submitted to Government before the end of 1914-15.

(7) The following were the important changes sanctioned in the Madras Educational Rules during the year:—

(i) The selection of subjects for the courses laid down for teachers' certificates of the secondary and elementary grades at the preliminary examination has been left to the Director's decision, and the Inspector of European and Training Schools has been empowered to determine which of the candidates shall be declared to have passed the examinations of the above grades, to notify the results in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and to enter them in the certificates of the

successful candidates in the form of marks, which shall be percentages of the maxima obtainable. This Inspector has also been allowed full discretion in regard to the appearance of a candidate who fails in the preliminary examination at a part or the whole of a subsequent examination without further attendance at a training school.

(ii) Government have sanctioned a permanent enhancement by Rs. 1-8-0 per mensem of the rate of stipends for students of the elementary grade under training in lieu of the temporary special allowance granted in consideration of the high prices of foodstuffs.

(iii) Rule 140 of the Madras Educational Rules has been amended by the addition of a provision empowering the Inspector of European and Training Schools to issue without further training on the specific recommendation of the Circle Inspector to a teacher holding a teachers' certificate of a lower grade who subsequently passes a higher literary examination a teachers' certificate corresponding to the higher literary examination that he has subsequently passed. The award of a teachers' certificate of the collegiate grade is, however, not subject to this rule.

(8) (i) Government have approved the proposal to enhance the limit of powers of Inspectors of Schools to sanction building grants from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250 and also vested the Inspectresses of Girls' Schools with the same powers.

(ii) Inspectors of Schools and Inspectresses of Girls' Schools have also been authorized to sanction grants to elementary schools for boys and girls respectively for furniture, books, etc., up to Rs. 100 within the allotment assigned by the Director for the circle.

(9) (i) No change of importance was made in the Code of Regulations for European Schools during the year except the alteration providing for the signature of the Inspector of European and Training Schools in the bill form for special grants to European schools (Appendix VII to the code).

(ii) The Inspector of European and Training Schools has been empowered to sanction cadet grants and the Primary, Middle and High school scholarships under the Code of Regulations for European Schools, while the European School Examination Board has been empowered to appoint examiners and superintendents for the above examinations.

(iii) The number of final scholarships awardable under the Code of Regulations for European Schools has been increased by two, making four in all, of which three, which are tenable ordinarily for one year only, are to be awarded to students in the third-year class of the B.A. Honours course, and the remaining one to a student reading for the B.L. degree.

3. Public institutions had a further accession of 946 to their number and 12,286 to their strength, the increase representing 3.4 and 5.4 per cent., respectively, against 3.5 and 8.0 per cent., respectively, in the preceding year.

There was an increase under private institutions also, 38 additional schools and 724 additional pupils having been returned showing an advance on the previous year of 0.8 and 0.6 per cent. in number and strength, respectively, the corresponding percentages in the preceding year being 0.6 and 7.0. It will thus be observed that the increase in the number of scholars did not keep pace with that in the number of schools. Taking the institutions of all classes and grades together it will be observed further that there was an accession of 3.0 per cent. to their number and 5.0 per cent. to their strength, against 3.1 and 7.9 per cent., respectively, in the previous year. All classes of institutions except those classed as unaided participated, as last year, in the general improvement noticed above.

The proportion of male and female scholars to the respective population of school-age also increased further from 39.0 and 8.8 to 40.8 and 9.4 per cent., respectively, and the increase was shared by all classes of the community except Europeans who showed a slight decrease. The advance made by Muhammadans in particular both under males and females was noteworthy.

There was a further fall by 12.4 per cent. in the total number of scholars unprotected from small-pox, the decrease being shared by male pupils in all classes of schools and by female pupils in all except the elementary schools.

The number of institutions in municipal areas decreased by 2.8 per cent., while the number of scholars in them rose by 1.7 per cent. In non-municipal areas, however, both the number of institutions and scholars increased, the former by 3.5 and the latter by 5.7 per cent. The proportion of institutions and scholars in municipal areas to the total number of institutions and scholars was 8.2 and 18.7 per cent. respectively.

The total expenditure on education rose during the year from Rs. 180 lakhs to Rs. 193.5 lakhs, an increase of nearly 8 per cent. To the total expenditure, public funds contributed 54 per cent. and private funds 46 per cent., the corresponding percentages of the previous year being 53 and 47 respectively. Compared with the previous year there was an increased expenditure from public funds and fees, while there was a decrease of about rupees half a lakh from private funds. This decrease is however only apparent. The accounts of the Industrial Department were shown under Scientific, etc., Departments prior to January 1911 under Education from 1911 till April 1914 and from this date they have been retransferred to the head "Scientific, etc., Departments;" the Secretary of State having sanctioned the creation of a separate department under the control of the Director of Industries. The figures for 1914-15 exclude the statistics of the Industrial Department. An apparent decrease in expenditure from private funds is thus statistically indicated.

The total direct expenditure on education has risen from nearly Rs. 120 lakhs to over Rs. 130 lakhs. Deducting for the sake of comparison the expenditure of the Industrial Department from the figures of the previous year, it will be seen that the increase was shared by all classes of institutions, viz., colleges, secondary, elementary and special schools. The expenditure in Arts Colleges increased by over a lakh of rupees, that on secondary schools by nearly Rs. 5 lakhs and that on elementary schools by over Rs. 6 lakhs. The total expenditure by District Boards and Municipalities on Board schools increased by more than Rs. 4 lakhs while the Provincial subsidy to these schools increased by little over Rs. 1 lakh. Local Boards spent during the year unspent balances of previous years' grants as indicated in the last report.

The total indirect expenditure rose from Rs. 60 lakhs to Rs. 63 lakhs, an increase of Rs. 3 lakhs against an increase of Rs. 9 lakhs in the previous year. It will be observed that the expenditure under the heads University, Direction and Inspection decreased, while that on buildings, scholarships and miscellaneous showed an increase. The decrease under the three heads is accounted for thus:—

(1) Grants to University decreased from 6 lakhs in 1912-13 to 3 lakhs in 1913-14 and from 3 lakhs to nearly 1 lakh in 1914-15.

(2) The temporary appointment of the Special Deputy Director of Public Instruction who was appointed for two years from July 1912, the cost of which appeared under Direction, ceased to exist from July 1914.

(3) The expenditure on account of the Superintendent of Industrial Education has been excluded from the accounts of the Educational Department from April 1914 as already stated.

The budget estimate for the year 1914-15 under "22. Education" was Rs. 79.42 lakhs and the revised estimate Rs. 79.38 lakhs. Including the accounts relating to the printing at private presses the expenditure was Rs. 78.23 lakhs or Rs. 1.10 lakhs less than the altered grant. The bulk of the decrease was under "Europe stores and Laboratory charges" of Government Colleges, General, and "Grants for furniture, apparatus, etc.," to aided schools. This is due to the fact that on account of the war, the articles indented for from Europe could not be got in time to incur the charges during the year.

The following is the summary of the Imperial grants that were available during the year. The first was the non-recurring Imperial grant of Rs. 16.81 lakhs (the second instalment of the total grant of Rs. 49 lakhs given by the Government of India for expenditure in three years 1913-14 to 1915-16) out of which Rs. 11.69 lakhs were spent during the year. The other non-recurring assignment was Rs. 16,000 towards Muhammadan hostels which was fully spent during the year. Three recurring assignments, viz., Rs. 80,000 for the improvement of aided secondary schools, Rs. 30,000 for the extension of education among the poorer

classes of the domiciled community in the city of Madras and Rs. 30,000 for the improvement of Muhammadan education were fully spent during the year. Lastly, there was the recurring assignment of Rs. 16.30 lakhs which is made up of Rs. 8.25 lakhs sanctioned in 1912-13, Rs. 6.80 lakhs sanctioned in 1913-14 and Rs. 1.25 lakhs sanctioned in 1914-15. Of this, the amount intended for the extension and improvement of elementary and girls' education is approximately Rs. 11 lakhs. Excluding the amount of Rs. 12,000 relating to industrial education, the whole of this recurring grant of Rs. 16.18 lakhs was spent during the year. A large portion of this assignment appears under subsidies to Local Boards and grants-in-aid, the main objects of expenditure being the improvement of existing schools by the payment of increased teaching grants, enhanced rates of capitation grants for girls and pupils belonging to the backward classes, capitation allowances on account of pupils in the four lower standards in all elementary schools under public management irrespective of their grade and by additions to and improvements in the scale of salaries of the staff of Local Board and Municipal schools.

Excluding the figures relating to the Lawrence Memorial School, Ootacamund, but including the expenditure on Government educational buildings, provincial receipts and charges aggregated Rs. 2.25 lakhs and Rs. 84.80 lakhs, respectively, against Rs. 3.14 lakhs and Rs. 82.34 lakhs of the previous year. It will be noticed, however, that the expenditure decreased under the following heads, viz., University, Direction, Inspection and Grants-in-aid and Miscellaneous charges which excluded industrial schools. The decrease under grants-in-aid was only about a quarter of a lakh. Excluding furniture grants there has been a general increase. As regards furniture grants, a special grant of Rs. 4 lakhs was sanctioned in 1913-14 while during the year 1914-15 only '86 lakh was spent on furniture, etc.

Out of 6 lakhs provided for the acquisition of sites for play grounds for educational institutions in the Madras city and in the mufassal, a lakh of rupees was spent during the year for the latter and Rs. 1.36 lakhs for the former. In the Madras city, lands were acquired by Government and lent to institutions under private management for so long as they are utilized for the purposes for which the alienation was made.

4. Controlling Agencies.—Sir Alfred Bourne, who availed himself of six months' leave from 22nd February 1914, having retired at the end of the leave, I was appointed to the office of Director of Public Instruction and Commissioner for Government Examinations permanently with effect from 22nd August 1914. Sir Alfred was connected with the department for the long period of 28 years and he presided over it for more than a decade. The conspicuous ability and zeal with which he discharged the duties of his office were duly recognized by Government and recorded in Gazette Notification No. 115, dated 9th September 1914.

I was in charge of the department almost the whole year towards the close of which unforeseen contingencies compelled me to proceed on six months' combined leave. Mr. H. S. Duncan who was appointed to succeed me took charge of the department on the afternoon of 10th March 1915.

During the year, I made six tours, during one of which I conferred with the Honourable the Resident in Mysore on educational matters affecting Coorg and Bangalore. I visited several places and inspected a large number of schools in about 16 districts.

During the year Rao Bahadur M. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Inspector of Schools, Second Circle, died on the 1st July 1914 after a brief illness. He was unostentatious and gentlemanly in his dealings with his subordinates and was well known as a methodical and conscientious worker during a service of over 37 years in the department.

I presided over a conference of inspecting officers at Ootacamund in June 1914, at which several important educational questions were discussed some of which were dealt with in my letter No. 5536-14, dated 9th March 1915.

My revised proposals for the reorganization of the inspecting agency are still under the consideration of Government and consequently no relief could be given to the inspecting officers most of whom have had to work at high pressure. I am, however, glad to state that the inspecting officers of all grades have striven energetically to maintain the level of efficiency attained in previous years.

5. University and Collegiate education.—Among the University Regulations passed during the year may be mentioned the following:—

(1) In accordance with a resolution passed by the Senate at its meeting held on 30th October 1914 the Syndicate has issued a circular to all affiliated colleges notifying the "rules and directions" to come into force in 1916 in connection with the admission of holders of Secondary school-leaving certificates to University courses of study under Regulation 166 (a) and intimating that, while for the current year they may be regarded as recommendations only, after the year 1915-1916 no student admitted other than in accordance therewith will be eligible for registration as a Matriculate of the University.

Agreeably to this resolution a system of moderation was worked out under the supervision of the Commissioner for Government Examinations and the moderated marks were entered in each Secondary school-leaving certificate issued in May last by the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations. The rules and directions drawn up were, however, found unsatisfactory in practice and require considerable modification before they can be enforced.

(2) In their order No. 1318, Educational, dated 21st November 1914, Government sanctioned the amendment to Transitory Regulation 416 relating to the continuance of the B.A. degree examination under the old by-laws for the years 1915 and 1916.

(3) Certain alterations in the Law Regulations passed by the Senate with a view to make somewhat less rigid the conditions governing the grant of attendance certificates to law students have been sanctioned by Government, who have further sanctioned since the close of the year the new regulations providing for a three-year course involving the institution of three examinations entitled the "First Examination in Law," the "Second Examination in Law," and the "B.L. Degree examination" in lieu of the two examinations under the existing regulations, and a Transitory Regulation dealing with the continuance of the existing regulations until the introduction of the new courses.

(4) A revised body of regulations for the B.E. degree examination passed by the Senate in November last has been sanctioned by Government with effect from the examinations of 1917.

(5) Certain alterations in Regulations 185 and 187 relating to vernacular languages for the Intermediate Examination in Arts have been sanctioned.

(6) A revision of Regulations 197 and 198 relating to the B.A. degree examination has also been sanctioned by Government, the object of the alterations being (1) to revise and expand the syllabus in physics prescribed for optional Group (II.B.) of the B.A. degree courses, (2) to improve and simplify the courses in Sanskrit for the B.A. degree examination and (3) to improve the syllabus of studies for the B.A. degree examination under Group VI—Arabic and Persian.

(7) Certain amendments to Regulations 203, 209 and 210 relating to the B.A. (Honours) degree examination in Physical and Natural sciences and in Branch VII—English have been sanctioned in G.O. No. 1350, Educational, dated 1st December 1914.

(8) (i) M.R.Ry. S. Krishnaswami Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., has been appointed University Professor of Indian History and Archaeology, and the results of his researches in these subjects will, it is expected, be announced in the form of University lectures for the benefit of students in History studying for the B.A. degree and B.A. (Honours) degree examinations.

(ii) Dr. Mark Collins, the University Professor of Philology, who has been appointed Chairman of the Board of Studies in Sanskrit, etc., and has also been entrusted with the supervision of the University Readers the number of whom has been increased from 4 to 5 including the newly appointed Reader in Telugu, has been lecturing on "Comparative Philology" to students of the Sanskrit Honours course.

(iii) Special University Lectures on "Drainage works" were delivered by Mr. J. W. Madejy, Special Engineer, Madras Corporation, in the College of Engineering in November and December 1914 to qualified persons likely to profit thereby and a course of similar lectures on "Cities in Evolution" was given in the

Presidency College, Madras, from 1st to 6th February 1915 by Professor P. Geddes, the cost being met from the annual recurring Imperial grant of Rs. 65,000.

A lecture on "Investigations in Acoustics" was delivered in the Presidency College in January 1915 by M.R.Ry. C. Venkataraman Avargal, M.A., of the Finance Department in connection with the Sir Subrahmanya Ayyar Lectureship of 1915.

(iv) Arrangements have also been made for courses of special University lectures being delivered during the year 1915-16 on (i) Tropical diseases including Malaria, Kala Azar, etc., (ii) Indian Ethnology and (iii) Architecture, the cost being met from the recurring Imperial grant referred to above.

(v) At the suggestion of the Director of Public Instruction arrangements were made for holding a series of vacation lectures in Laboratory Practice under the auspices of the University for the benefit of Science teachers in Secondary schools, the lectures being delivered at the Teachers' College, Saidapet, the Government College, Rajahmundry, and the S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly, by the respective lecturers in physics.

(9) (i) During the year the Government Madras College for Women and the Madanapalle High School were affiliated to the University in Group III of the Intermediate courses, and further affiliation was granted in Group III of the same courses to the Central College, Bangalore.

The affiliation of the Findlay College, Mannargudi, as a first-grade college in Group V—History and Economics, of the B.A. degree courses has also been sanctioned by Government after a protracted discussion by the Senate.

(ii) During the year the Saivaprakasa Vidya Sala, Chidambaram, and the Raja's Sanskrit Patasala, Parlakimedi, were recognized by the Syndicate as qualified to give instruction under the regulations for the Oriental Title Examination, the former for the title of Vidwan in Tamil and the latter for the title of Vidwan in Sanskrit and Uriya.

The revision of the regulations for the Oriental Title Examination is under the consideration of a committee appointed by the Syndicate for the purpose.

The number of first-grade colleges continued to be 11, while that of second-grade colleges rose from 20 to 21 in consequence of the opening by Government in July 1914 of the Madras College for Women. There was a further accession to the strength of Arts colleges which had on the 31st March last 8,159 students on the rolls or 1,159 more than in the previous year, the increase being shared by all the departments. The post-graduate class disappeared altogether from the scene presumably as the result of the regulation permitting graduates in arts who desire to qualify for the M.A. degree to present themselves for the B.A. (Honours) degree examination in the subjects in which they qualified for the B.A. degree. For the B.A. (Honours) course there were in all 401 students, of whom 213 were in the Presidency College, 109 in the Madras Christian College and 79 in St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly, against 204, 69 and 52 respectively in the preceding year.

A summary of the results of the various University examinations held under both the old and new regulations will be found in the supplemental statistics. The results of the B.A. (Honours) degree examination were on the whole satisfactory, but those of the Intermediate examination were poor, the percentage of success having fallen from 39 to 27.5. The lower percentage was presumably due to indiscriminate admissions and promotions in the Intermediate classes.

In the three professional colleges under the control of the department, viz., the Law College, the College of Engineering and the Teachers' College, Saidapet, all of which maintained their level of usefulness and efficiency during the year, there were 500, 429 and 100 students respectively on the rolls on the 31st March last, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 504, 380 and 102.

The new equipment of the Electrical Engineering laboratory in the College of Engineering has been completed under the direction of Mr. Cartwright, the Professor of Mechanical Engineering, while the appointment of a Professor of Electrical Engineering in the Indian Educational Service and of a laboratory assistant to him on a salary of Rs. 200—40—400 has been sanctioned since the close of the year.

6. *Secondary education.*—During the year the number of secondary schools increased from 332 to 333, the number of pupils reading therein from 115,425 to 123,140, i.e., by 6.7 per cent. and the number of teachers employed from 4,748 to 5,004 or by 5.4 per cent. Two schools were newly opened—Georgetown Secondary school for Muhammadans and Palni Sri Dandapani National Secondary school—two elementary schools became secondary—Tiruppur Local Board school and Rentachintala A.E.L.M. school, the Proddatur Local Board school was amalgamated with the Proddatur National Secondary school, the Chebrole Hindu school containing 44 pupils has become a private institution, while the Adōni Hindu Secondary school which contained 21 pupils has been closed. There were 159 complete secondary schools, as against 155 last year, and in addition 11 schools were in course of becoming complete. Five of these contained forms up to and including the fifth and six contained forms up to and including the fourth. The number of pupils reading in the three highest forms increased from 24,756 to 26,813, i.e., by 8.3 per cent. as compared with a 7 per cent. increase the previous year. The percentage of male pupils attending secondary schools to the male population of school-going age has increased from 3.75 to 4 per cent. Anantapur remains the most backward district from the point of view of secondary education, Madras and Tanjore the most advanced. There is a notable increase in the number of Panchamas and non-Brahman caste Hindus reading in secondary schools. The number of teachers professionally qualified shows a steady increase though the increase is not sufficiently large to prevent a slow decrease in the percentage of professionally qualified teachers employed in secondary schools. The opening of the Teachers' College in the Circars will, it is expected, eventually arrest this percentage decrease of professionally qualified teachers.

During the year Government approved the proposal to improve the study of languages other than English under the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate scheme by (i) making Sanskrit and other classical languages and modern European languages in Group C alternative with vernacular translation and composition under Group A and (ii) stiffening the vernacular course under Group A by setting text-books and insisting on a modicum of grammar. These proposals have not yet been given effect to as the revision of syllabuses under certain subjects and the drawing up of text-books under vernacular are still under the consideration of the School-Leaving Certificate Board. During the year 5,529 secondary school-leaving certificates were completed, while 2,339 candidates were taking a supplementary course in order to improve their certificates, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 4,860 and 2,241 respectively.

The total direct expenditure on secondary schools rose from Rs. 28.7 lakhs to Rs. 33 lakhs. To this increase of Rs. 4.3 lakhs, Board schools contributed about Rs. 1.5 lakhs and schools under private management about Rs. 2.6 lakhs. In addition thereto, non-recurring grants-in-aid to the extent of about Rs. 2½ lakhs were sanctioned to aided schools on account of school buildings, hostels and play grounds. Out of the recurring Imperial assignment of Rs. 80,000 made during the year for the improvement of aided English secondary schools, over Rs. 48,500 was given as extra teaching grant to cover the loss of fee income foregone on account of Muhammadans, Uriyas, girls and pupils of the backward classes and castes and about Rs. 31,500 as additional teaching grants to secondary schools. To the total direct expenditure, public funds contributed 13 per cent., fees 73 per cent. and other sources 14 per cent., the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 10, 77 and 13 respectively. The average cost of educating each student was Rs. 27-3-0. Each pupil paid an average fee of Rs. 19-14-0. In the case of Municipal and Board secondary schools fees met 76 per cent. of the total expenditure, Board funds 21 per cent., the balance of 3 per cent. being met by Government. As regards aided schools, fees met 74 per cent., Government grant 9 per cent. and manager's funds 17 per cent. of the total expenditure.

7. *Elementary education.*—The number of public elementary schools for boys increased from 26,005 to 26,905 or by 3.5 per cent., while the number of pupils in them rose from 1,088,686 to 1,143,995 or by 5.1 per cent. The increase was shared by all the three grades of elementary schools. The number of schools with standards above the fourth increased by 10.6 per cent.; and of this increase

72.7 per cent. was among schools under public management. This latter increase was evidently due to the removal of the restriction that formerly existed of paying capitation allowance only to those elementary schools under public management, which contained the four lower standards only. The percentage of male pupils attending public elementary schools to the male population of school-age rose from 31.1 per cent. to 32.7 per cent.

Municipal Councils and Local Boards opened 32 and 388 new schools respectively during the year, the cost being met mainly out of a portion of the Imperial grant of Rs. 1.25 lakhs. These schools accounted for 37.2 per cent. of the net increase in the number of public elementary schools, and for 5.3 per cent. of the net increase in the number of pupils attending them.

The increase in the number of public elementary schools led to an increase of 1,949 in the number of teachers employed in them. The number of teachers holding professional certificates was 32.6 per cent. of the total number employed. In seven districts every village with a population of over 2,000 was supplied with a school.

During the year 571 buildings were constructed to provide accommodation for public elementary schools. Of these 274 were constructed for schools under the management of Municipal Councils and Local Boards. On the 31st March 1915, 38.3 per cent. of the public elementary schools were held in buildings of their own, 33.6 per cent. in rented buildings and 28.1 per cent. either in chavadies, choultries or in managers' or headmasters' dwellings.

The total expenditure on elementary schools for boys rose from Rs. 48.37 lakhs to Rs. 53.17 lakhs towards which public funds contributed 73 per cent., fees 13 per cent. and other sources 14 per cent., the corresponding percentages of the previous year being 70, 14 and 16 respectively. Out of the increase of nearly Rs. 5 lakhs which was to a large extent met, as usual, from public funds, about Rs. 2 lakhs was spent on Board Schools and more than Rs. 2.5 lakhs as teaching grant to aided elementary schools. This large increase of teaching grant is accounted for thus. Against a total demand of Rs. 14.44 lakhs in 1913-14 only Rs. 13.41 lakhs was paid in that year as teaching grant to aided elementary schools. In view, however, of the desirability of paying in full the teaching grant to elementary schools, the balance, viz., Rs. 1.03 lakhs, was sanctioned during 1914-15. The average cost per pupil was Rs. 4-12-1 against Rs. 4-10-0. Each pupil in a Government School (mostly in Agency Tracts) cost Rs. 13-8-9, in a Board School Rs. 6-3-6 and in an aided school Rs. 4-2-6. Fees met 3 per cent. of the expenditure in Government schools, 5 per cent. in Board schools and 17 per cent. in aided schools.

8. *Special Education.*—The number and strength of schools for special education fell from 204 and 9,068 to 166 and 7,134, respectively, the decrease, which is nominal, being due mainly to the transfer of Industrial schools to the control of the Director of Industries. The institutions classed as technical and intended for non-Europeans were fewer in number by six and contained consequently 296 students less than in the previous year, while the single European Technical school had an accession of 28 students.

During the year the six Government temporary lower elementary training schools for masters, viz., those at Chicacole, Ongole, Anantapur, Madras (Panchama), Cuddalore and Badagara (Malabar) were placed on a permanent footing with the revised scale of staff and establishment sanctioned for schools of the same grade under the scheme of reorganization but without claim to grain compensation allowance. The absence of separate Drill Instructors in this class of training schools having interfered with the work of the staff and indirectly with the efficiency of the schools, separate Instructors on Rs. 10 per mensem each have been sanctioned for all the lower elementary training schools. The existing higher elementary training schools having failed to meet the requirements of some districts, higher elementary sections have been opened as a temporary measure in the lower elementary schools at Berhampur, Madras (Muhammadan) and Tanjore, while an extra batch of higher elementary teachers had to be admitted into the higher elementary training school at Nellore under a special temporary assistant on a salary of Rs. 60 per mensem. The question of opening additional training schools in some of the

districts where training schools already exist and new schools in such districts as Kistna, Ramnad, etc., which, it is reported, have need for such schools is under consideration. The existing facilities for the training of caste mistresses not being considered sufficient to meet the growing demand for qualified women teachers, the conversion of some of the large and important Government Girls' schools into training schools for mistresses is being urged and I intend remitting the question of selecting the seats of such schools and formulating the necessary proposals to the conference of the Inspectresses which it is proposed to summon in December next.

Of the two Manual Training Instructors stated to have been appointed by the Secretary of State in the last report, the senior, viz., Mr. C.R. Porrett has been attached to the Teachers' College, Saidapet, and the junior, viz., Mr. W. Pyfe, has been placed at the disposal of the Inspector of European and Training schools. A class for training Manual Instructors has been working in connection with the Teachers' College, Saidapet, since January 1915 with the sanction of Government accorded in their Order No. 27, Educational, dated 8th January 1915, and ten stipends of Rs. 15 per mensem each have been awarded to the students who are required to undergo the course for two years, and who being either Matriculates or holders of Secondary School-leaving Certificates are also permitted to receive instruction in the secondary training section attached to the college in the methods of teaching the ordinary subjects of the school curriculum with a view to qualify themselves as ordinary secondary teachers.

The construction of a manual training workshop has been administratively approved by Government and the preparation of the necessary detailed plans and estimates for the work by the Public Works Department has been ordered.

The number of training schools for masters rose from 54 to 56 and their strength from 3,780 to 3,979, in consequence of the opening of three temporary training schools at Guntur (Muhammadan), Triplicane (Madras) and Conoor and the closing at the end of the year of the temporary training school at Amalapuram.

The training schools for non-European mistresses increased by one and the numbers under training by 180, the addition to the list having been brought about by the conversion of the C.M.S. Secondary Girls' School, Masulipatam, into a Training school for mistresses. Twenty-three mistresses or 4 more than in the previous year were under training on the 31st March 1915 in the single European Training school, viz., the Presentation Convent Training class, Georgetown. Forty-six sessional schools were at work at the close of the year with 875 students, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 43 and 821.

No progress worth recording has been made with regard to the construction of buildings for training schools. The question of erecting a new building in the Johannes Gardens, Saidapet, in place of the existing buildings which are in a dilapidated condition is still under consideration.

The School of Arts, Madras, the School of Commerce, Calicut, the Reformatory School, Chingleput, and the Art class, Kumbakonam, continued to work on the usual lines. There was a further fall in the strength of the first two institutions, the decrease being but slight in the one case and due in the other case to the introduction of commercial subjects for the school final course in many secondary schools. During the year four students of the School of Commerce qualified themselves for the diploma in commerce and six for group certificates, two in book-keeping and four in shorthand.

The Art class, Kumbakonam, had 48 pupils only on the 31st March last, the attendance being subject to frequent fluctuations in the course of the year. It is noteworthy that six female pupils were in attendance in the class from June to November 1914.

There were on the 31st March last 2,359 students receiving education of a technical character, of whom 463 were pursuing art education, 47 technical education dealing with engineering subjects and telegraphy, 420 industrial education and 1,409 commercial education. None were returned under the head "agriculture". The decrease under industrial education was due to causes already explained.

The total number of subject candidates examined for the three grades of the Government Technical Examinations was 13,867 (including 398 females), of whom 6,430 (including 236 females) were successful. Eight diplomas of which six were for commerce and 134 group certificates, of which three were for letter press printing were issued during the year.

9. *Female Education.*—The number of schools intended for non-European girls increased by 72 (of which 69 were public institutions) and their strength by about 10,000; while the total number of girls under instruction on the 31st March last, including those in schools not solely intended for them, showed an advance of nearly 18,500 over the figure for the corresponding day of the previous year. During the past year a college for women under departmental management was opened in Madras with a staff consisting of a lady Principal and the requisite number of assistant Professors and Language Teachers, most of whom are part-time officers; it has been affiliated to the local University as a second-grade college fitted to impart instruction for the intermediate course in Group III, though arrangements have also been made for instruction in Groups I and II which the students taking Mathematics and Science and Natural Science are receiving at present in the Presidency College and is virtually a residential college with a hostel attached to it. The institution was started at first tentatively for a year and its retention for another year from 1st July 1915 has since been sanctioned. The necessary buildings have been acquired for the college and a hostel, has recently been built. The establishment of this institution resulted in the increase in the number of colleges for women from two to three and in their strength from 28 to 65. There were besides 39 female students in non-European colleges for men, of whom 25 belong to the Presidency College. The number of public secondary schools for girls was 38 as in the previous year, while their strength increased by nearly 6 per cent. There was a further advance of 41 per cent. in the number of Brahman girls receiving secondary education and the number of Muhammadan girls in public secondary schools also rose from 14 to 31. Elementary schools for girls increased by 82 in number (of which 48 were managed by local or municipal boards) and by about 9,600 or 9 per cent. in their strength. In all classes of public institutions the total number of girls in the elementary stage of instruction showed an increase of about 17,300 or 7 per cent. over the figure for the 31st March 1914. Of the total number of teachers employed in non-European public secondary and elementary schools for girls 57 per cent. held professional certificates and only 7 per cent. were entirely unqualified. The hostel for Brahman widows, which is attached to the Government Secondary and Training School for Indian Girls, Triplicane, had 31 boarders on the 31st March last and worked successfully during the year; a hostel for Indian Christians was also opened in connection with this school and it had 12 boarders on the last day of the year. The number of widow scholarships allotted for the Brahman hostel has been increased tentatively from 30 to 34, the excess number having been transferred from the unutilized scholarships available from the hostel attached to Queen Mary's Girls' School, Vizagapatam, in which 38 Brahman widows are studying.

The expenditure on secondary and elementary schools for girls rose from Rs. 10,80,085 to Rs. 12,25,253, towards which public funds contributed Rs. 7,78,523 or 63 per cent., fees Rs. 80,138 or 7 per cent. and other sources Rs. 3,66,592 or 30 per cent., the corresponding percentages for the year 1913-14 being 59.7 and 34 respectively. The total expenditure rose by 1.45 lakhs of which 1.35 lakhs was met from public funds. The increase of nearly Rs. 75,000 in the expenditure on Board schools was mainly due to the opening of additional elementary schools for girls. The teaching grant for aided schools also increased by over Rs. 50,000.

10. *European education.*—Two schools, viz., the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway School, Donakonda and the Home Missionary Society's Children's Home, Coonoor were recognized under the Code of Regulations for European Schools during the year. One school (Holy Trinity Church School, Bellary) was closed, while another (St. Joseph's Girls' Industrial School, Bellary) was transferred to the

Director of Industries. The total number of institutions intended for Europeans remained the same as last year, viz., 87, while the number receiving instruction fell slightly from 8,139 to 8,080. There has been an increase from 613 to 618 in the number of teachers employed in the schools, but the number holding diplomas and professional certificates has decreased from 453 to 427. No great improvement can be expected in the number of qualified teachers until additional facilities are provided for the training of European teachers. A scheme for the establishment of a training college in Southern India for the domiciled community in conjunction with the Lawrence Memorial School, Ootacamund, is now under the consideration of Government. Six teachers from this Presidency were undergoing training in the Government Training Class, Sanawar, at the end of the year.

The recurring grants provided from Imperial funds for the education of the domiciled community mentioned in last year's report continued to be utilized for the several objects indicated therein. Out of the non-recurring grant of Rs. 5½ lakhs from Imperial funds mentioned in the last year's report, a sum of Rs. 1 lakh was allotted for expenditure during the year and it was utilized for the payment of building grants.

The accommodation and equipment in schools continued to improve. The results of the Middle School Examination were much better than those of the previous year. The failures in these examinations continue to be mainly in English.

Final orders on the resolutions of the Simla Conference relating to education of the domiciled community have not yet been received.

The Government of India State Scholarship of £200 per annum tenable in England for European or Anglo-Indian women which was instituted in 1913 and which is open to all the provinces of India was awarded during the year to a teacher in this Presidency.

The total expenditure in European institutions rose from Rs. 12,93,632 to Rs. 14,42,923 towards which provincial funds contributed Rs. 6,01,985 or 42 per cent., fees Rs. 2,00,031 or 14 per cent., and private funds Rs. 6,40,907 or 44 per cent., the corresponding percentages in 1913-14 being 41, 16, and 43 respectively.

11. *Education of Muhammadans.*—The number of institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans rose from 2,439 to 2,535 and their strength from 124,665 to 130,525. Of Secondary schools there was one more in consequence of the opening of a Government Secondary School for Muhammadan boys in Georgetown, while public elementary schools for boys as well as girls contributed to the general advance both in number and strength. There was an increase also in the total number of institutions managed by Government and local boards, which rose from 62 and 777 to 65 and 821, respectively, with a corresponding increase in their strength. The number of Muhammadan scholars in Arts Colleges and in Secondary schools for non-Europeans continued to advance, the figures for the 31st March last being 195 and 6,769 against 167 and 6,529, respectively, at the close of the previous year. The percentage of the total number of Muhammadan scholars in all classes of institutions, both public and private, to the Muhammadan population of school age also rose from 39.6 to 42.4. The proportion of Muhammadan scholars in the high and middle stages of secondary education to the total number of scholars in each of those stages on the 31st March last stood at 4 and 5 per cent. respectively. At Guntur a temporary training school for Muhammadan masters was opened under Government management, which increased the number of training schools for masters of this class of the community from 7 to 8, while their strength rose from 247 to 263. The question of opening one or two additional training schools for the benefit of the Muhammadan teachers in the inland and southern districts is under consideration. The three special schools shown in the statistics of the previous year have since been transferred to the control of the Department of Industries. Of the public schools intended for Muhammadans 162 were elementary schools for girls attended by 9,803 pupils, these figures showing an increase of 8 and 1,349, respectively, over those for the previous year. Private institutions also showed an advance both in number and strength. The Collector of Malabar states that no

report on the condition of education in the Laccadives has been received as the islands were not visited by an officer during the past year.

Secondary school leaving certificates were awarded to 170 Muhammadans, while 81 others passed through a supplementary course under the scheme for the award of such certificates. Of the two Muhammadans who appeared for the Matriculation examination one was successful, while at the Intermediate examination in Arts, 25 Muhammadans passed out of 113 that appeared. In the English Language and Science Divisions of the B.A. Degree examination under the old by-laws 6 and 2 Muhammadans passed out of 15 and 8 that were examined; while in the examination under the new regulations 4 Muhammadans appeared in Part I and 5 in Part II, of whom 2 and 3, respectively, were successful. At the F.L. examination one Muhammadan passed out of 3 that appeared and at the B.L. Degree examination also one passed out of 5 that were examined.

The expenditure on Muhammadan and Mappilla schools aggregated Rs. 6·87 lakhs towards which public funds contributed Rs. 4·89 lakhs or 71 per cent., fees Rs. ·70 lakh or 10 per cent. and subscriptions and other sources Rs. 1·28 lakhs or 19 per cent. The Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 sanctioned for the improvement of Muhammadan education was utilized during the year on objects of a non-recurring character as it was not possible to give effect during the year to the proposals to spend the amount on recurring objects. In addition to this, over Rs. ·76 lakh was spent on account of buildings, hostels and play grounds for Muhammadan schools.

12. *Education of Panchamas*.—There was a further advance in the number of institutions intended for this class of the community as well as in their strength, the former having risen by 128 and the latter by about 4,900, the increase being noticeable chiefly under public elementary schools for boys. As many as 84 schools were opened by local boards, while 182 schools more than in the previous year received aid from public funds. The total number of Panchama scholars in the different stages of instruction in all classes of public schools also increased from 97,196 to 104,528 or by about 8 per cent.

13. *Education of the Aboriginal and Hill tribes.*—In the Agency tracts of the Vizagapatam and Gōdāvari districts there was an increase in the number of schools intended for these tribes, while it remained stationary in the Ganjam district. During the year nine more Government schools were opened in these tracts, while the number of schools under local boards rose by two in each of the three districts. The total number of pupils belonging to the aboriginal classes in the Presidency as a whole increased from 5,786 to 6,992.

Proposals for affording facilities for the education of Savara pupils and for the training under the direct supervision of the Agency Officers of teachers for employment in schools intended for them in Ganjam have, since the close of the year, been sanctioned by Government.

During the year Telugu translations of Savara readers, songs, and dialogues and a Telugu-Savara dictionary prepared by Rao Shihib' G. Ramamurti Pantulu of Parlākīmedi were published at the Government Press, Madras, and copies thereof distributed to the offices and schools in Ganjam and Vizagapatam.

14. *Education of the blind and of deaf mutes.*—The schools at Palamcottah for the blind and deaf mutes continued to show a record of good work done in all the departments. In the blind boys' school six pupils passed the Elementary examination in cotton-weaving and in the deaf and dumb school under Miss Swainson 5 pupils appeared for the Elementary examination in freehand drawing, of whom 3 passed. The deaf and dumb school at Vepery was removed to Mylapore where a building was purchased for it and the school continued to do useful work, though the strength was small. The South Indian blind school in Madras contained 18 pupils, of whom 3 were girls, but the work in the industrial section is reported to have suffered for want of funds. The blind school at Rentachintala was attended by 11 pupils (4 boys and 7 girls).

15. *Education of Native Chiefs and Noblemen.*—The institution maintained at Newington for the education of the minors of the estates under the Court of Wards continued to be the only one in the Presidency specially intended for

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

Special Education.

General Education

[illegible]

Note.—The number to the left of the sign + denotes male scholars, that to the right, female scholars.

Special Education.

Technical and
Industrial,
Higher.

Technical and Industrial, Lower.

Native Chiefs and Noblemen. In this institution ten minors of estates, two sons of zamindars and one of the Nawab of Banganapalle and a minor zamindar were in residence during the year or part of it. Their physical training was as usual well cared for during the year and they were given regular religious and moral instruction by the religious Superintendent and by pandits specially employed for the purpose. Their educational progress and conduct are reported to have been satisfactory.

16. *Private Institutions.*—Private schools showed a slight increase both in number and strength, the increase in both respects having occurred mainly under secondary schools for boys. It is noteworthy that while the total number of private schools increased by '8 per cent. the number of pupils attending them advanced by only '5 per cent. which suggests the ephemeral character of schools of this class.

The library still continues to be under the management of Government, the question of its transfer to the local University having been deferred at the request of the Syndicate until the new University buildings are erected and ready for occupation.

The total number of publications registered during the year was 4,538 which, it is observed, was the highest figure on record since the enforcement of the Act XXV of 1867 and which is evidence of the steady growth in printing and publishing activity in this Presidency. Of the above publications 2,610 were classed as books and 1,928 as periodicals, 1,398 being again works in English and 3,140 in the vernacular. Classified according to the subject matter the largest number came under Religion. Vernacular publications in an easily intelligible modern prose style, being mostly translations or adaptations of English and Sanskrit works, have continued to be put forth in a noticeable manner contributing to the enrichment of the popular literature in the Presidency. A good number of publications relating to the great War in Europe have been registered during the year, and all of them indicate that the people of the Presidency are taking a keen and loyal interest in its progress.

18. *Miscellaneous remarks.*—The two diagrams on the opposite page show for the year under report the number of pupils in each year of the school or University course on the one side and the numbers under instruction in special or technical subjects on the other in non-European and European institutions. A comparison of the statistics for the past two years is favourable to the year under report pointing to a steady numerical progress in respect of both collegiate and school education

in all classes and forms and in all the standards of elementary schools except the seventh on the non-European side, while there have been greater fluctuations in the attendance of European schools.

The Deputy Director of Public Instruction calculates from these tables the average duration of school life in elementary schools for boys as 2.19 years. A similar calculation on last year's figures gives 2.22 years.

There was evidence of increasing interest displayed in the matter of physical education, 1,084 more institutions than in the previous year having made provision for the teaching of gymnastics according to the Educational Rules.

The supplemental statistics appended to the report indicate that the progress made in the previous year in regard to school accommodation, libraries, hostels and educational associations and reading rooms was well maintained during the year.

A conference of Inspectors of schools and Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Muhammadan schools was held at Ootacamund on the 15th June 1914 and three other days under the presidency of the Director with Mr. R. Littlehales, the present Deputy Director as Secretary. Messrs. E. W. Middlemast, and H. S. Duncan were also present at the conference throughout and Messrs. D. T. Chadwick, the Director of Agriculture, and Cecil Wood, the Principal of the Agricultural College, Coimbatore, on one day. The topics of discussion included the following (1) the improvement of Muhammadan education, (2) the duration of school life in public elementary schools, (3) rates of fees in elementary schools and their appropriation by headmasters, (4) capitation allowances, (5) relation of elementary to secondary education, (6) Grants-in-aid to secondary schools, (7) introduction into training schools of nature study, elementary rural science and instruction in agriculture, (8) the re-organization of the inspecting agency, (9) administration of schools under local boards and municipal councils, (10) formation of village educational committees, (11) publication of books for the use of teachers and pupils in elementary schools, (12) Secondary School-Leaving Certificate scheme, (13) sessional schools, and (14) institution of circulating libraries. Some of the recommendations of the conference have already taken a practical shape and the rest are under consideration.

The Postmaster-General, Madras, considers that the system of utilizing the services of Government and Local Board schoolmasters as branch postmasters continued to work satisfactorily. The number of post offices in charge of such teachers increased by 2.3 per cent. and the percentage of branch offices in charge of schoolmasters of all classes on the total number of extra departmental branch offices was 36.12 as against 36.45 in the previous year.

The proper maintenance of service registers and verified copies of them continued to receive due attention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

B. K. Srinivasan
 Director of Public Instruction.

GENERAL TABLES.

(1)—Abstract return of colleges, schools and scholars in the

Total area in square miles.	Area and population.		Institutions and scholars.	Public			
	Number of towns and villages.	Population.		Collegiate education.		School education, general.	
				Arts colleges.	Profes- sional colleges.	Secondary schools. (b)	Primary schools. (c)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(a) { 142,830	Towns ... (a) 279 Villages ... (a) 83,835 Total ... (a) 84,114	Males ... (a) 29,382,955 Females ... (a) 21,022,440 Total ... (a) 41,405,404	Institutions { For males ... For females ...	34	3	364	26,917
				3	...	60	1,527
				Total ...	37	3	433
			Scholars { Males ... Females ...	8,180	1,027	125,455	990,685
				10	2	10,630	265,623
				Total ...	8,284	1,029	136,085

(a) Excludes the statistics of the Native State of Sandur.
(b) These relate to European High and Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools.
(c) These relate to European Primary and all Elementary schools.

(2)—Abstract return of expenditure on public instruction

1	Total direct expenditure on public instruction.							
	Collegiate education.		School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.	
	Arts colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.*	Primary schools.*	Training schools.	All other special schools.		
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Institutions ... { For males ... 11,84,048 For females ... 7,105 Total ... 12,31,747	RS. 2,77,820	RS. 3,54,833	RS. 2,00,718	RS. 63,50,086	RS. 6,97,213	RS. 1,36,563	RS. 1,13,13,312	RS. 17,39,404
2. (a) Percentage of Provincial expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total Provincial expenditure on public instruction. ... 4.61	3.10	9.80	39.74	10.45	1.64	60.48		
(b) Percentage of District Fund expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total District Fund expenditure on public instruction. ... 0.22	3.00	73.24	3.17	...	78.63			
(c) Percentage of Municipal expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total Municipal expenditure on public instruction. ... 1.66	7.15	42.06	0.27	6.19	51.83			
(d) Percentage of total expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total expenditure on public instruction. ... 6.31	1.44	31.40	32.81	4.37	0.76	67.38		
3. Average annual cost of educating each pupil in—	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Government institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 156 8 11 Cost to District and Municipal Funds ... 106 14 0 Total cost ... 261 6 4	106 14 0	47 11 10	10 8 10	108 14 2	135 8 3	37 2 0	106 14 0	47 11 10
District Board institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 161 4 10 Cost to District Funds ... 22 6 9 Total cost ... 103 1 7	22 6 9	6 2 8	106 3 7	...	7 0 5		103 1 7	...
Municipal institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 29 10 5 Cost to Municipal Funds ... 121 1 3 Total cost ... 141 7 6	29 10 5	7 3 8	7 8 8	...	23 5 3	7 8 5	141 7 6	...
Institutions in Native States { Cost to Native State Revenues ... 14 7 6 Cost to District and Municipal Funds ... 123 2 0 Total cost ... 103 10 4	14 7 6	4 12 10	2 7 0	104 4 5	23 15 6	3 0 0	14 7 6	...
Aided institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 103 10 4 Cost to District and Municipal Funds ... 103 10 4 Total cost ... 103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4
Unaided institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 103 10 4 Cost to District and Municipal Funds ... 103 10 4 Total cost ... 103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4	103 10 4
All institutions { Cost to Provincial Revenues ... 143 5 0 Cost to District and Municipal Funds ... 143 5 0 Total cost ... 143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0	143 5 0

* These relate to European High and Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools.
† These relate to European Primary and Non-European Elementary schools.

Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

Institutions.			Private institutions.		Grand Total.	Percentage of
School education, special.	Total of public institutions.		Advanced.	Elementary.		
Training schools.	All other special schools.					
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
102	29	27,439	387	4,238	32,084	Institutions to number of towns and villages { 593 32
24	1	1,624	4	121	1,740	
136	40	29,063	391	4,359	33,833	623
4,820	1,546	1,149,713	11,600	94,060	4,346,382	Male scholars to male population of school-going age ... 40.8
703	65	277,137	354	19,092	296,673	Female scholars to female population of school-going age ... 9.4
5,523	1,611	1,417,840	11,953	113,152	1,542,055	8

in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.									Total expenditure on public instruction.
University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
RS. 3,55,002	RS. 96,278	RS. 8,35,573	RS. 1,75,702	RS. 28,60,882	RS. 1,06,007	RS. 18,51,344	RS. 63,11,378	RS. 1,93,52,964	
3,55,002	96,278	8,35,573	1,75,702	28,60,882	1,06,007	18,51,344	63,11,378	1,93,52,964	
1.48	1.44	12.83	1.99	15.04	1.39	50	39.67	100.00	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.84	3.50	4.32	0.91	14.79	0.54	9.72	32.62	100.00	

[illegible]

(a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms higher than the third.
(b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
(c) European primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.
(d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
(e) These relate to Higher class Technical or Art schools.
(f) Of these 1 school with 48 girls and 2 boys was for girls.

Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

[illegible]

32867	1487915
984	7301

(3)—Return of colleges, schools and scholars in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15—continued.

Classes of institutions—cont.	Number of scholars on the 31st March learning—cont.		Classification of scholars on the 31st March according to race or creed.											Number of girls in boys' schools.	Number of boys in girls' schools.			
	A vernacular language.																	
	Boys.	Girls.	European and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.		Mohammedans.	Buddhists.	Paria.	Others.								
29a	29b	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36							
Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training—																		
Arts Colleges—																		
English { For boys ...	4,175	12	54	653	5,590	1,569	195	1	2	...	39	...						
English { For girls ...	...	39	13	38	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Oriental ...	63	...	...	93	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Total ...	4,237	51	67	691	5,600	1,638	195	1	2	...	39	...						
Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training—																		
Law ...	...	...	2	6	301	100	1	...	...	...	...	...						
Medicine ...	...	...	12	28	292	60	6	...	1	...	...	...						
Engineering ...	...	...	1	8	88	3	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Teaching ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Agriculture ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Total ...	...	...	15	42	771	163	7	...	1	...	2	...						
Secondary Schools—																		
For boys. { High schools, English (a).	85,481	669	1,852	8,278	42,179	36,333	5,237	12	36	18	800	...						
For boys. { Middle schools, English (b).	80,502	986	1,822	12,106	14,729	1,524	...	...	...	...	1,329	...						
For boys. { Vernacular schools, English (c).	169	3,770	1,587	2,023	815	1,007	...	...	...	...	...	342						
For girls. { High schools, English (d).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
For girls. { Middle schools, English (e).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
For girls. { Vernacular schools, English (f).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Total ...	116,313	7,918	6,687	14,779	55,333	62,454	6,791	12	88	41	2,129	825						
Primary Schools—																		
For boys. { Upper (g).	314,817	44,853	864	21,545	37,422	256,025	34,761	47	...	3,301	45,134	...						
For boys. { Lower (h).	80,757	106,500	27	50,482	46,220	611,305	77,090	30	...	5,727	105,634	...						
For girls. { Upper (i).	3,081	74,852	548	12,430	15,823	45,461	3,272	5	5	84	...	3,241						
For girls. { Lower (j).	2,414	49,178	...	2,638	6,220	26,727	6,234	1	...	61	...	2,409						
Total ...	1,010,109	206,413	1,430	87,105	106,691	649,018	121,407	73	5	9,183	150,768	5,647						
Schools for special instruction—																		
Training schools for masters ...	4,009	34	...	817	1,733	1,880	384	9	...	29	34	...						
Do. For mistresses ...	...	531	...	496	2	48	33	...	...	...	...	...						
Schools of Arts ...	134	...	17	29	13	174	14	3	...	2	14	...						
Law schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Medical schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Engineering and Surveying schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Technical and Industrial schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Commercial schools ...	...	...	3	13	96	42	45	...	...	...	...	2						
Agricultural schools ...	...	...	...	13	2	305	21	...	...	...	...	...						
Reformatory schools ...	...	...	...	46	493	238	60	6	...	...	...	1	2					
Other schools (e) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Total ...	5,148	565	173	1,414	2,344	9,687	567	18	...	51	51	2						
Total of colleges and schools of public instruction	1,135,906	274,947	8,278	104,121	170,129	990,890	128,967	104	96	9,255	152,989	6,474						
Private institutions.																		
1. Advanced, teaching—																		
(a) Arabic or Persian { For boys ...	506	...	...	...	...	...	6,724	...	...	...	78	...						
(b) Sanskrit { For boys ...	1,425	...	...	13	3,310	1,056	58	...	...	35	182	...						
(c) Any other Oriental { For girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
2. Elementary, teaching—																		
A vernacular only or mainly—																		
For boys ...	61,292	4,680	...	693	5,157	60,208	2,661	...	...	412	4,651	...						
For girls ...	...	917	...	84	987	...	228	...	...	...	...	56						
3. Elementary, teaching the Quran—																		
For boys ...	3,108	1,053	...	...	...	...	31,859	...	...	...	9,762	...						
For girls ...	...	590	...	...	...	...	3,445	...	...	...	...	493						
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards—																		
For boys ...	10,390	768	...	17	1,018	9,747	231	...	...	20	768	...						
For girls ...	...	194	...	...	50	43	20	...	...	...	...	10						
Total of private institutions	76,828	7,921	...	1,077	7,962	70,346	45,349	...	...	467	15,331	665						
Grand total	1,212,734	282,868	8,278	105,195	178,111	1,067,236	174,316	104	96	9,722	168,370	7,039						

(a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms higher than the third.
 (b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
 (c) European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.
 (d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
 (e) These relate to Higher class Technical or Art schools.

3 (a)—Number of scholars on the 31st March 1915, classified according to sex, race or creed.

Classes of institutions.			Hindus.		Mohammadans.	Buddhists.	Paria.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5				
European and Eurasian.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Indian Christians.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Brahmans.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Non-Brahmans.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
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Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
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Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6	7	8	9
Total.			4	5	6			

(a) European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools with forms higher than the third.
 (b) European Middle schools and Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
 (c) European Primary schools, Elementary schools with standards above the fourth and Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.
 (d) Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.
 (e) These relate to Higher class Technical or Art schools.

3 (a)—Number of scholars on the 31st March 1915, classified according to sex, race or creed—continued.

Classes of institutions.	Europeans and Europeans.	Indian Christians.	Hindus.		Mohammedans.	Buddhists.	Parsees.	Others.
			Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Advanced teaching—								
(a) Arabic or Persian for boys	Male ...	...	...	...	6,046	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	78	...	...	...
(b) Arabic or Persian for girls	Male ...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...
(c) Sanskrit for boys	Male ...	13	3,220	990	9	...	...	35
	Female ...	...	87	45	...	...	...	...
(d) Sanskrit for girls	Male ...	...	...	54	3	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(e) Any other Oriental classic	Male ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Elementary teaching—								
A. Vernacular only or mainly—								
For boys	Male ...	...	703	2,671	35,368	2,637	...	331
	Female ...	...	330	486	5,840	64	...	51
For girls	Male ...	...	11	...	40	5	...	...
	Female ...	...	43	387	264	228	...	...
3. Elementary, teaching the Quran only—								
For boys	Male ...	...	...	...	22,007	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	9,703	...	...	...
For girls	Male ...	...	...	...	483	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	...	2,052	...	...	...
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards—								
For boys	Male ...	...	16	635	5,091	214	...	19
	Female ...	...	1	83	656	17	...	1
For girls	Male ...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...
	Female ...	...	...	50	33	26	...	...
Total of private institutions	...	1,077	7,982	70,340	45,249	...	...	407
Grand total	8,278	105,198	178,111	1,007,330	174,216	104	98	9,722

3 (b)—Return of European colleges, schools, and scholars in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914–15.

(4)—Return of expenditure on public instruction

* European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools having forms above the third.
 † European Middle schools, Non-European Secondary schools with no forms higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with forms up to the fourth.
 ‡ European Primary schools, Elementary schools (Non-European) with standards above the fourth and those with standards up to and including the fourth.
 § Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.

(a) Non-departmental, Rs. 357.
 (b) Law College surplus fees, Rs. 45,473.
 (c) Non-departmental, Rs. 394.
 (d) Lawrence Memorial School, Male Branch, Provincial Grant, Rs. 25,656.
 (e) Lawrence Memorial School, Male Branch, Total cost, Rs. 23,656.

(f) Net cost to Municipal schools.
 (g) Lawrence Memorial School, Female Branch, Provincial Grant, Rs. 11,415.
 (h) Non-departmental, Rs. 10.
 (i) Lawrence Memorial School, Female Branch, Total cost, Rs. 11,415.

in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

(j) Non-departmental, Rs. 1,577.
 (k) Non-departmental, Rs. 2,280.
 (l) Non-departmental, Rs. 40.
 (m) Lawrence Memorial School, Technical Branch, Provincial Grant, Rs. 4,620.

(a) Lawrence Memorial School, Technical Branch, Total cost, Rs. 4,629.
(o) Cost of buildings borne by the Public Works Department.
(p) Includes grants for Hostels, Rs. 2,01,442.

(4)—Return of expenditure on public instruction in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15—continued.

Public institutions—cont.														Under private management—cont.														Total expenditure from														Grand Total.	
Unaided.														Unaided.														Unaided.															
Objects of expenditure—cont.														Unaided.														Unaided.															
Unaided.														Unaided.														Unaided.															
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* European High schools and Non-European Secondary schools having forms above the third.
 † European Middle schools, Non-European Secondary schools with no form higher than the third and also Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth.
 ‡ European Primary schools, Elementary schools (Non-European) with standards above the fourth and those with standards up to and including the fourth.

§ Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.

(g) Surplus fees to the University, Rs. 17,705.

(h) Includes Endowment Grant, Rs. 1,460.

(i) Includes expenditure on private schools and hostels.

(j) Includes grants to Ordinances not paid through the department, Rs. 1,320.

(k) Includes Provincial Contribution, Rs. 14,37,881.

(l) Do. do. Rs. 1,54,454.

4 (a)—Return of expenditure on European colleges and schools in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

Objects of expenditure.	Public institutions.															
	Under public management.															
	Managed by Government.								Managed by District or Municipal Boards.							
	Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Poos.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Poos.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	District funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Arts Colleges— For boys English Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary School— For boys Middle school, English For girls Middle school, English Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary School— For boys For girls Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools for special instruction— Do. Industrial school Other schools Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings Furniture and apparatus (special grants only) Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships Scholarships held in Miscellaneous Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total expenditure on European education	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible][illegible]

(b) These relate to European Primary schools and Elementary schools.

(c) The statistics of pupils in standards V to VII of Elementary schools with standards above the IV appear under this head.

(7)—Return showing the distribution of District and Municipal expenditure on Public Instruction in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

Objects of expenditure.	Expenditure of District Boards on Public Instruction.										In institutions managed by					Total District and Municipal expenditure on instruction.
	In institutions managed by District Boards.										Municipal Boards.					
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 1st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Revenues.	Municipal funds.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Government.	Private persons or associations.						
Art Colleges—	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Oriental	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional instruction—	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Law	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Engineering	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Agriculture	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Secondary Schools—	15	6,384	6,436	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For boys { High schools, English	47	8,031	7,662	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For boys { Middle schools, Vernacular	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For girls { High schools, English	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For girls { Middle schools, Vernacular	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Primary Schools—	15	6,384	6,436	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For boys { Upper Primary	47	8,031	7,662	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For boys { Lower Primary	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For girls { Upper Primary	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
For girls { Lower Primary	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Total Primary schools for boys and girls	62	14,613	14,288	12,759	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	13,274	
Schools for special instruction—	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Training schools for mistresses	45	897	857	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	
Schools of Art	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Medical schools	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Engineering and surveying schools	1	41	40	37	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	
Total	45	897	857	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	

GENERAL TABLES.

GENERAL TABLES.

Technical and industrial schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reformatory schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	45	897	857	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804	804
Ballings—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For girls and apprentices (special training only)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Art colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and industrial schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	6,239	399,285	379,163	313,277	700	29,01,837	51,76	4,212	35,76,885	1,077	...	...	...	...	...	39,19,908

[illegible]

(8)—Return showing the attendance and expenditure in hostels and boarding houses in the Madras Presidency for the official year 1914-15.

Class of hostels or boarding houses.	Number of		Number of boarders who are students of					Expenditure from				
	Hostels or boarding houses.	Boarders.	Arts colleges.	Colleges for professional education.	Secondary schools.	Elementary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenues.	District or Municipal funds.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Fees.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<i>For Males.</i>												
1. Managed by Government ...	24	1,359	326	179	109	179	590	Rs. 10,808	Rs. 10,963	Rs. 1,04,994	Rs. 2,06,825	
2. Managed by District or Municipal Boards.	3	202	111	...	61	30	...	...	6,760	936	9,020	16,716
3. Aided by Government or by District or by Municipal Boards.	21	1,647	...	...	1,277	270	...	59,633	728	49,023	62,723	1,72,102
4. Unaided ...	197	9,355	1,436	...	4,325	3,001	483	...	...	2,02,255	2,52,784	5,15,039
Total ...	245	12,393	1,873	179	5,772	3,480	1,082	70,500	7,483	4,00,176	4,29,523	9,10,682
<i>For Females.</i>												
1. Managed by Government ...	7	253	20	2	83	51	67	Rs. 12,432	...	39,683	10,457	63,672
2. Managed by District or Municipal Boards.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Aided by Government or by District or by Municipal Boards.	29	1,385	...	...	913	338	34	60,647	1,074	63,031	39,722	1,06,174
4. Unaided ...	21	5,510	32	...	1,500	5,671	298	...	1,51,082	78,102	2,26,184	
Total ...	127	7,044	62	2	2,505	4,000	399	72,979	1,974	2,64,696	1,25,281	4,64,890
Grand total ...	372	19,441	1,935	181	8,277	7,579	1,481	1,43,479	9,457	6,67,872	5,64,804	13,65,572

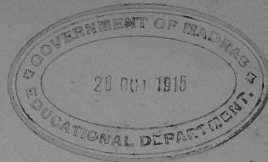
* Lawrence Memorial school (Male branch) Provincial grant.
 † Lawrence Memorial school (Male branch) Miscellaneous receipts, Rs. 90,175.

‡ Lawrence Memorial school (Female branch) Provincial grant.
 § Lawrence Memorial school (Female branch) Miscellaneous receipts, Rs. 36,535.

(9)—Number and qualifications of teachers.

	* In Primary schools.						† In Middle schools.				‡ In High schools.				§ In colleges.				Total.
	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Native States.	Aided.	Unaided.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Government.	Board.	
Teachers of Vernacular.	Trained ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	923	7,491	1,079	...	77,000	443	8	219	27	723	14	96	161	1,892	49	48	2	21,129
	Trained ...	311	6,186	469	...	22,627	4,054	8	121	10	361	15	43	87	1,100	29	37	1	34,773
Teachers of English and Teachers in Languages.	Trained ...	1,256	12,400	1,498	...	30,235	4,497	16	340	37	1,692	32	139	248	3,111	108	...	...	55,902
	Untrained ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1,256	12,400	1,498	...	30,235	4,497	16	340	37	1,692	32	139	248	3,111	108	...	...	55,902
	Possessing a degree.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teachers of European.	Trained ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Untrained ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Possessing a degree.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total of all teachers.	...	1,256	12,400	1,498	...	30,235	4,497	16	340	37	1,692	32	139	248	3,111	108	...	...	55,902

* All Elementary schools in the case of teachers for Indians.
 † Non-European secondary schools with no form higher than the third and Preparatory Secondary schools with classes up to the fourth in the case of schools for Indians.
 ‡ Besides Professional colleges but not other Oriental Colleges.
 § Besides Professional colleges but not other Oriental Colleges.



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PART I.

APPENDICES AND SUPPLEMENTAL
STATISTICS, 1914-15.

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Statement showing the number of schools and scholars (public and private) in municipalities on the 31st March 1915.

Number.	Municipalities.	Population as per census of 1911.		Colleges and Secondary schools.			Elementary schools.			Schools for Europeans, special and private schools.			Total.	
		Males.	Females.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Schools.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	Bethampur	15,331	16,125	3	1,107	24	27	1,277	572	3	103	7	2,577	608
2	Bhamburda	8,243	9,605	1	745	3	16	858	366	2	41	...	1,657	372
3	Padikuneli	8,638	9,732	2	938	...	50	1,558	1,032	2	43	...	2,036	485
4	Vingapattam	21,463	21,425	1	1,180	6	10	2,770	1,661	5	341	45	4,662	1,172
5	Bhimpattam	10,163	10,460	1	807	...	12	807	1,033	2	32	...	1,166	228
6	Vingapattam	17,897	19,653	4	1,787	...	47	2,770	1,329	2	50	...	3,682	1,013
7	Vingapattam	23,029	24,653	6	2,124	19	43	1,827	1,156	10	101	169	4,824	1,343
8	Ocanada	18,302	19,517	2	1,045	2	46	1,827	1,156	7	103	...	2,975	1,805
9	Elilamundry	20,536	21,687	3	2,541	17	34	1,923	1,311	4	39	168	4,311	1,111
10	Elilamundry	20,536	21,687	3	2,541	17	34	1,923	1,311	4	39	168	4,311	1,111
11	Manilpattam	6,577	6,709	4	1,658	64	38	1,622	1,210	17	88	320	3,846	1,704
12	Beavada	9,320	8,875	2	685	...	23	1,192	618	1	14	...	1,705	617
13	Ondur	9,320	8,875	2	685	...	23	1,192	618	1	14	...	1,705	617
14	Temali	8,165	8,065	1	828	...	16	1,666	588	7	182	...	2,551	613
15	Karnool	18,474	18,482	3	845	...	42	1,684	1,118	7	338	151	3,004	830
16	Bhamburda	16,080	15,665	1	398	...	8	1,307	538	7	62	...	2,765	698
17	Bhamburda	4,301	4,156	1	310	...	8	800	548	4	41	...	1,566	118
18	Bhamburda	8,675	9,132	1	624	...	25	1,307	538	3	62	...	1,695	348
19	Adoni	13,180	17,095	4	1,634	...	25	1,307	538	3	62	...	1,695	348
20	Hogge	26,010	25,616	2	701	...	14	1,012	435	1	14	...	1,872	385
21	Cuddalore	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
22	Cuddalore	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
23	Cuddalore	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
24	Madras	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
25	Conjeveram	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
26	Conjeveram	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
27	Vellore	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
28	Gudiyattam	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
29	Gudiyattam	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
30	Tiruvannamalai	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
31	Vaniyambadi	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
32	Tirupattur	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
33	Tirupattur	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
34	Cuddalore	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
35	Chidambaram	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
36	Chidambaram	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
37	Kanjikottam	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
38	Manargudi	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385
39	Negapatam	26,451	27,413	3	1,155	...	15	1,307	538	3	43	...	1,872	385

Statement showing the number of schools and scholars (public and private) in municipalities on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Municipalities.	Population as per census of 1911.		Colleges and Secondary schools.		Elementary schools.		Schools for Europeans, special and private schools.		Total.	
	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Boys.	Schools.	Boys.	Schools.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
40 Mysavran	13,254	13,857	2	1,371	12	...	8	...	121	555
41 Tiruvaher	7,898	8,470	1	683	...	2,339	24	...	69	399
42 Tiruchinopoly	11,883	13,116	1	634	...	79	10	...	213	3,354
43 Karaikal	8,755	8,919	1	635	...	18	...	...	88	424
44 Karaikal	67,061	67,089	9	5,191	...	18	27	...	93	2,820
45 Karaikal	13,750	13,332	...	...	...	5	...	...	141	64
46 Karaikal	8,359	8,812	...	...	...	16	...	...	180	716
47 Karaikal	8,817	9,275	...	...	...	12	...	...	15	305
48 Karaikal	21,246	23,659	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
49 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
50 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
51 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
52 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
53 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
54 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
55 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
56 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
57 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
58 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
59 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
60 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
61 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
62 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
63 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
64 Karaikal	21,331	23,678	4	1,752	...	22	...	...	110	1,234
Grand Total	1,313,218	1,322,032	220	89,601	5,809	1,623	648	20,888	6,671	217,659

APPENDICES.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX B.

Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1915.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength : Training section.		Strength : Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.			Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1914.	Secondary.	On the 31st March 1915.	Elementary.	On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	Final.	In the district.	Elsewhere.
Ganjām ...	Government.									
	Chitacole Training School ...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	27
	Berhampur do. ...	77	...	10	57	45	103	...	46	15
Vizaga- patam.	Russellkonda do. ...	64	...	53	123	141	...	...	40	3
	Government.									
	Vizagapatam Training School ...	143	...	51	98	123	135	...	89	9
Godāvāri.	Parvatipur do. ...	30	...	...	38	2	55	...	17	3
	Aided.									
	Jeypur S.H.E.L. Mission Training School ...	...	...	10	37	...	94	...	...	...
Kistna ...	Unaided.									
	Jeypur S.H.E.L. Mission Training School ...	47	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	...
	Government.									
Guntūr ...	Rajahmundry Secondary Training School ...	53	82	...	...	103	108	47	22	...
	Do. Elementary Training School ...	87	...	71	76	57	83	...	22	50
	Amalapur Training School ...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kurnool ...	Aided.									
	Rajahmundry A.B.L.M. Training School ...	54	...	24	88	67	61	...	10	...
	Unaided.									
Bellary ...	Oceanada Samarakota C.B.M. Training School ...	33	...	27	30	125	114	...	10	...
	Aided.									
	Masulipatam (Bandar) C.M.S. Training School ...	87	...	53	57	95	96	...	27	7
Ananta- pur.	Government.									
	Guntūr Training School ...	120	...	...	93	76	73	...	43	34
	Ongole do. ...	101	...	...	88	75	74	...	32	15
Chaddapah ...	Guntūr Muhammadan Training School ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided.									
	Guntūr A.B.L.M. Training School ...	33	...	34	...	61	64	...	9	7
Bellarly ...	Bāpatla A.B.M. do. ...	52	...	43	65	210	229	...	30	...
	Government.									
	Kurnool Training School ...	92	...	...	82	103	110	...	36	19
Ananta- pur.	Aided.									
	Nandyal S.P.G. Training School ...	19	...	18	18	131	127	...	...	...
	Government.									
Chaddapah ...	Bellarly Training School ...	97	...	47	74	94	68	...	15	...
	Government.									
	Anantapur Training School ...	47	...	...	70	68	65	...	28	3
Chaddapah ...	Aided.									
	Gooty L.M. Training School ...	18	...	15	3	80	50	...	...	...
	Government.									
Chaddapah ...	Rāyachōti Training School ...	96	...	...	78	189	156	...	24	6

APPENDIX B—continued.

Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.		Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.		Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.	Elementary.	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.
Nellore ...	Government.								
	Nellore Training School ...	187	...	77	91	87	76	...	29 7 27 6
	Aided.								
	Nayadupet H.E.L.M. Training School ...	48	...	12	10	89	102	...	23 9 ...
Madras ...	Government.								
	Madras Training School ...	...	...	32	20	...	...	...	...
	Madras Muhammadan Training School ...	104	...	22	69	114	110	...	48 16 8 44
	Madras Panchama Training School ...	97	...	...	81	88	78	...	29 6 14 31
	Aided.								
Chingleput ...	Government.								
	Saidapet Secondary Training School ...	24	30	...	...	120	841	24 9	...
	Saidapet Elementary Training School ...	115	...	39	74	159	156	...	54 26 32 25
	Government.								
North Arcot ...	Ranipettai Training School ...	60	...	...	27	98	110	...	38 2 27 18
	Aided.								
	Ranipettai United Mission Training School ...	40	...	28	31	79	61	...	18 8 6 8
Chittoor ...	Government.								
	Chittoor Training School ...	59	...	...	83	107	...	...	30 20 33 9
	Government.								
South Arcot ...	Cuddalore Training School ...	78	...	...	65	96	98	...	33 3 35 ...
	Villupuram Training School ...	142	...	68	69	153	129	...	44 13 58 9
Tanjore ...	Government.								
	Tanjore Secondary Training School ...	16	22	...	...	76	...	14 11	...
	Tanjore Elementary Training School ...	100	...	43	75	112	...	...	39 18 47 2
	Aided.								
Trichinopoly ...	Government.								
	Trichinopoly Training School ...	93	...	...	75	108	103	...	33 18 43 2
	Aided.								
Madura ...	Government.								
	Dindigul Training School ...	124	...	38	83	87	84	...	26 22 88 9
	Aided.								
Pannamalai A.M. Training School.		38	14	21	15	170	181	10 6	18 13 44 5

APPENDIX B—continued.

Training schools for masters on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.		Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.		Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.	Elementary.	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Final.
Tinnevely.	Government.								
	Tinnevely Training School ...	125	...	34	75	75	101	...	45 21 ...
	Aided.								
	Palamcottah C.M.S. Training School ...	58	17	32	27	183	218	12 1	1 10 ...
Coimbatore.	Government.								
	Coimbatore Secondary Training School ...	15	20	...	...	20	32	7 9	...
	Coimbatore Elementary Training School ...	125	...	...	91	68	81	...	33 32 59 4
	Government.								
Salem ...	Salem Training School ...	59	...	...	84	67	69	...	48 21 89 7
	Government.								
Nilgiris ...	Government.								
	Coonor Training School ...	...	...	9	14	...	131	...	...
Malabar ...	Government.								
	Malappuram Mappilla Training School ...	65	...	...	56	123	118	...	20 4 28 ...
	Calicut Secondary Training School ...	11	21	...	...	80	86	8 3	...
	Calicut Elementary Training School ...	150	...	50	87	115	213	...	71 22 70 ...
	Badagara Training School ...	83	...	...	75	80	80	...	37 9 49 ...
	Aided.								
South Canara.	Government.								
	Nettur B.G.M. Training School...	50	...	41	16	115	91	...	12 2 12 ...
	Government.								
	Mangalore Secondary Training School ...	6	5	...	...	...	...	4 4	...
Total ...	Government.								
	Mangalore Elementary Training School ...	83	...	37	91	87	87	...	57 23 60 ...
Total ...		3,780	211	1,031	3,737	5,640	5,910	126	65 1,314 533 1,464 469

APPENDIX C.

Training schools for mistresses on the 31st March 1915.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.		Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.			Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.		Elementary.	In the district.	Elsewhere.
						Preliminary.	Final.			
Godavari.	Non-Europeans.									
	Government.									
	Rajahmundry Training School ...	30	...	6	13	132	130	...	6	...
	Aided.									
Kistna	Rajahmundry A.E.L.M. Training School.	9	...	19	...	146	138	...	4	...
	Aided.									
	Masulipatam O.M.S. Training School.	...	...	6	7	...	113	...	...	...
	Government.									
Guntur	Guntur Training School for Muhammadan Women.	7	...	...	7	94	79	...	...	...
	Aided.									
	Guntur A.E.L.M. Training School.	12	...	24	...	123	154	...	4	...
	Ongole A.B.M. do.	20	...	20	...	71	75	...	10	...
Nellore	Phirangipuram St. Anne's Training School.	6	...	10	2	144	156	...	6	...
	Aided.									
	Nellore A.B.M. Training School.	18	...	42	...	97	100	...	...	...
	Government.									
Madras	Egmore Presidency Training School.	25	15	26	...	240	200	...	12	22
	Royapettah Hobart Muhammadan Training School.	19	...	7	19	168	207	...	...	...
	Triplicane Secondary Training School.	35	7	38	...	304	275	...	6	12
	Aided.									
Chittoor	Royapuram Kasimode U.F.C.M. Training School.	40	12	46	...	190	214	...	13	9
	Aided.									
	Chittoor A.M. Training School ...	14	...	10	...	73	50	...	50	25
	Government.									
Tanjore	Tanjore Karantattangudi Training School.	22	...	43	20	175	170	...	2	...
	Aided.									
	Puttur All Saints' Training School.	11	...	24	...	93	100	...	1	7
	Trichinopoly R.C. Training School.	20	...	9	17	110	134	...	8	6
Madura	Aided.									
	Madura Capron Hall Training School.	17	...	28	...	160	170	...	11	10
									9	2

APPENDIX C—continued.

Training schools for mistresses on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Districts.	Schools.	Strength: Training section.		Strength: Practising section.		Number of students who passed the examination for Teachers' certificates during the year.			Number of students who obtained employment during the year.	
		On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.	Secondary.		Elementary.	In the district.	Elsewhere.
						Preliminary.	Final.			
Tinnevely.	Aided.									
	Palamcottah Sarah Tucker Training School.	35	7	31	...	169	160	6	2	16
	Nazareth St. John's Training School.	24	...	17	5	173	177	...	1	3
	Government.								8	6
Coimbatore.	Coimbatore Training School ...	29	...	16	10	286	299	...	2	...
	Government.								10	21
	Calicut Moyan Training School ...	29	...	12	6	171	192	...	...	...
	Government.								1	...
South Canara.	Mangalore Training School ...	12	...	5	15	95	97	...	...	8
	Aided.								2	7
	Mangalore St. Anne's Training School.	32	9	35	4	332	303	7	2	3
	Total ...	466	50	471	125	3,544	3,694	13	4	57
Madras	EUROPEANS.									
	Aided.									
	Georgetown Presentation Convent Training Class.	19	...	15*	8†	171	148	2*	...	3†
	Total ...	19	...	15	8	171	148	2	...	3
Grand Total		485	50	485	133	3,717	3,842	15	4	60

* Middle.

† Primary.

APPENDIX D.

Technical or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1915.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1914.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1915.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering.		Sani- science.	Agriculture.	Commerce.				
			Building and construction.	Building drawing and estimating.	Hydraulics and irrigation works.	Maritime and road making.	Boring and leveling.	Measurement.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Bridge work.	Machine-drawing.	Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Physical science, electricity and magnetism.	Hygiene.	Agriculture.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.	Short-hand.	Type-writing.
A.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES.																					
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS.																					
(1) Schools teaching subjects coming under two or more of the groups of the Technical examination scheme.																					
GOVERNMENT.																					
(a) Madras School of Arts	250	252	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Chingleput Reformatory School	251	251	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
UNAIDED.																					
Madras Native College Technical School	68	74	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore Royal Technical Institute	88	35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore National Technical Institute	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Srivilliputhur Technical Institute	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput Technical Institute	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore West Main Street Typewriting Institute	27	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Srivilliputhur Gode Technical Institute	12	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	704	659	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

APPENDICES.

APPENDICES.

(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one of the groups of the Technical examination scheme.

(a) Schools of Arts (Music).

AIDED.

Madras School of Music 22 50

UNAIDED.

Manipalnam Native Music Class for boys ... 30 10

(b) Schools of Arts (Drawing).

GOVERNMENT.

Kumbakonam Art Class 53 48

MUTUAL BOARD.

Gentur Municipal Drawing Class 36 131

Vizagapatam Municipal Drawing Class 8 5

Bimlipatnam Municipal Drawing Class 13 9

Anakapalle Municipal Drawing Class 10 10

(c) Schools of Electrical Engineering.

UNAIDED.

Madras Telegraph School 12 12

Madras Mosambi Telegraphic Institute 1 ..

(d) Schools of Commerce.

GOVERNMENT.

(e) Calicut School of Commerce 217 202

AIDED.

Madras Young Men's Christian Association Class 43 47

(2) Teachers also Metal work to 14. Lacework work to 53 and Engraving to 87 students.

(2) Teachers also Metal work to 10. Sewing to 11. Bag to 15. Bag to 22. Masonry to 35. Gardening to 35 students.

(2) Teachers also vernacular commercial subjects to 53 students.

APPENDIX D—continued.

Technical or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Name of institution.		Drawing.						Jeweller's work.		Printing, book-binding, etc.		Wood work and metal work.		Textile industrial work.						Tailoring and making.		Glass and pottery.		Approximate value of work turned out in the year.		Amount actually realised during the year from the sale-proceeds of school manufactures.		Number of trained students who obtained employment during the year.		
		Free-hand outline drawing.	Design.	Geometrical drawing.	Painting.	Modelling.	Wood-engraving.	Jeweller's work.	Silversmith's work.	Compositor's work.	Proof-reader's work.	Press work.	Book-binding.	Steecytyping.	Cabinet-making.	Blacksmith's work.	Boat making.	Cotton-weaving.	Carpet-weaving.	Lace-making.	White embroidery.	Yarn-making.	Hand-knitting.	Embroidery.	Tailoring.	Polity and porcelain manufacture.	Turned out in the year.	During the year from the sale-proceeds of school manufactures.	Number of trained students who obtained employment during the year.	
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
20	27	28	29	30</																										

(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme.

(a) *Schools of Arts (Music).*

AIDED.

Madras School of Music	...	...	50
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UNAIDED.

Muslinipatam Native Music class for boys ...	10
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(b) *Schools of Arts (Drawing).*

GOVERNMENT.

Kumbukōnam Art Class	...	...	...
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MUNICIPAL BOARD.

Guntur Municipal Drawing Class	...	...
Vizianagram Municipal Drawing Class	...	...

Vizagapatam Municipal Drawing Class	...	...
Bimlipatam Municipal Drawing Class	...	...

Annakapalle Municipal Drawing Class ...

(c) *Schools of Electrical Engineering.*

UNDAID.

Madras Telegraph School	...	...	...
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Madura Moenatchi Telegraphic Insurance ...

(d) *Schools of Commerce.*

GOVERNMENT.

Calicut School of Commerce ...	...
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AIDED.

Madras Young Men's Christian Association ...

Claudio

Technical or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1915—continued.

APPENDICES.

APPENDICES.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1914.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1915.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering and		Sani- tary science.	Agriculture.	Commerce.						
			Building construction.	Building drawing.	Hydraulics and Irrigation works.	Earthwork and road-making.	Surveying and leveling.	Mensuration.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Wood-turning.	Bridge work.	Machine-drawing.	Filter's work.			Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Physical science, electricity and magnetism.	Hygiene.	Book-keeping.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.
A—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES—cont.																							
HIGHER CLASS TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS—cont.																							
(2) Schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme—cont.																							
(4) Schools of Commerce—cont.																							
UNCLASSIFIED.																							
Madras A.M. Technical Class	23	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	2	5
Narasapur Hinda Type-writing Institute...	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	11
Vinayagam Sitarana Vilsa Technical Institute ...	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..
Madras Shorthand Writers' Association	34	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	18
Chinnaiyappottam Singh's Institute of Commerce...	147	114	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	23	4	2	18	46
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras Type-writing Institute	64	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	29
Nagapattinam Type-writing and Shorthand Institute	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapattinam Commercial Union Type-writing Institute	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	2	13
Memorandum Royal Technical Institute	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11
Tanjore National Technical Institute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapattinam Royal Technical Institute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapattinam Gymkhana Institute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapattinam Vellipalayam Kanaga Type-writing Institute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Manasarudi Type-writing Institute	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Manasarudi Tirupakkadal Street Technical Institute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kumbakonam Dabir Street Commercial school	26	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	8	..	..	17
Kumbakonam Kamaschi Jodier's Street Shorthand and Type-writing Institute	13	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	10	..
Kumbakonam Sri Chakrapani Commercial Institute	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	1
Tanjore Commercial Institute	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore Yest Type-writing Institution	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore T.V.K. Technical Institute	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruvallur Yest Type-writing Institute	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mayavaram Victoria Technical Institute	9	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mayavaram Ayyar's Commercial	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichopoly Central School of Commerce	35	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichopoly Metropolitan School of Commerce	22	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	8	1	4	..	..
Karur Pannappi Commercial Institute	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura Meenatchi Type-writing Institute...	16	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura Dibash Khader's Commercial School	101	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad Kanaga Type-writing Institution	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad Type-writing Institution	..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chinnalore Shorthand Studio	21	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem Royal Type-writing Institute	..	34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,177	932	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	244	166	52	41	297	..

[illegible]

APPENDIX D—continued.

Technical or art schools and classes on the 31st March 1915—continued.

Name of institution.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1914.	Number on rolls on the 31st March 1915.	Civil engineering.										Mechanical engineering.		Physical science, electricity and magnetism, practical telegraphy.	Sanitary science.	Agriculture.	Commerce.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
			Building and construction.	Building, drawing and estimating.	Hydraulics and irrigation works.	Railway and road-making.	Surveying and leveling.	Measurement.	Practical plane and solid geometry.	Carpentry.	Wood-turning.	Bridge work.	Machinist-drawing.	Plumber's work.				Electrical engineering and practical telegraphy.	Book-keeping.	Commercial correspondence.	Banking.	Commercial geography.	Shorthand.	Typewriting.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
A.—TECHNICAL OR ART SCHOOLS OR CLASSES—cont.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														

APPENDICES.

APPENDICES.

Salem.																							
GOVERNMENT.																							
Tiruchengode Girls' School, weaving section.	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
The Nilgiris.																							
GOVERNMENT.																							
Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum, Male Branch.	23	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum, Female Branch (i).	10	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras.																							
USAIDEN.																							
Drawing Class attached to the E.G.M. High School, Chittoor.	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Canara.																							
USAIDEN.																							
Drawing class attached to the E.G.M. High School, Mangalore.	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.	681	285	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Technical or Art Schools and Classes.	2,590	1,897	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) Teachers Gymnastics to 7 students.

(b) Teachers also Needlework to 13, and Cooking to 13 students.

[illegible]

APPENDIX E.

Expenditure on Educational property during 1914-15.

(Excluding petty construction and repairs, but including extensive repairs.)

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.
Gadag.	Government.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Gadag-cont.	Government-cont.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	Government Girls' School, Chattrapur	138	...	...		Government Girls' School, Narasapur	90	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Berhampore.	954	...	...		Government Training School, Rajahmundry.	9,027	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Tekkali.	703	...	...		Government total	17,718	3,861	49
Vizagapatnam.	Government Training School, Chicacole.	105	...	...	Vizagapatnam-cont.	Aided.			
	Government total	1,900	...	...		Sri Raja's High School, Tum.	...	...	1,200
	Aided.					Elementary Schools	800	...	...
	Kalikota College, Berhampore.	...	...	4,000		Aided total	800	...	1,200
Guntur.	Aided total	...	...	4,000	Guntur-cont.	Government.			
	Total for the district	1,900	...	4,000		Government Girls' School, Gudivada.	1,136	...	...
	Government.					Government total	1,136	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Kasinikota.	472	...	...		Aided.			
Guntur.	Government Girls' School, Palaconda.	6	...	...	Guntur-cont.	Noble College, Masulipatam	...	...	750
	Government Girls' School, Anakapalle.	1,357	...	...		Taylor High School, Narasapur.	493	...	750
	Government Training School, Vizagapatnam.	427	...	...		Elementary School	493	...	1,500
	Office of the Assistant Inspector of Schools.	267	...	...		Aided total	493	...	1,500
Guntur.	Office of the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools.	228	...	...	Guntur-cont.	Government.			
	Government total	2,757	...	...		Government Girls' School, Vettapalem.	913	...	...
	Aided.					Government Girls' School, Cherala.	704	...	...
	Mrs. A.V.N. College	2,883	54,500	...		Government Girls' School, Ongole.	107	...	...
Guntur.	Maharaja's College, Vizagapatnam.	4,860	...	...	Guntur-cont.	Government total	1,724	...	...
	C.B.M. Girls' School	125	...	...		Aided.			
	Catholic Mission Girls' School, St. Aloysius High School, Vizagapatnam.	1,500	...	...		Taluk High School, Tenali	...	...	4,500
	Aided total	15,234	54,500	...		Town High School, Guntur	6,000	...	...
Guntur.	Total for the district	17,981	54,500	...	Guntur-cont.	Memorial Girls' School, Guntur.	3,151	...	...
	Government.					Aided total	9,751	...	4,500
	Government Arts College, Rajahmundry.	4,485	3,861	...		Total for the district	11,475	...	4,500
	Government Secondary School, Bhadrachalam.	2,248	...	49		Government.			
Guntur.	Government Girls' School, Intespet.	1,267	...	...	Guntur-cont.	Municipal High School, Kurnool (Government Building).	577	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Jaganakipur.	91	...	...		Government total	577	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Venkatapuram.	318	...	...					
	Government Girls' School, Annalapuram.	204	...	...					
Guntur.	Government Girls' School, Peddapur.	— 12	...	...	Guntur-cont.				

APPENDIX E—continued.

Expenditure on Educational property during 1914-15—cont.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.
Kurnool.	Aided.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Kurnool-cont.	Aided.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	S.P.G. High School, Nandyal	500	...	...		National High School, Proddatur.	...	...	450
	Coles Memorial High School, Kurnool.	...	7,900	2,000		Aided total	...	...	450
	Municipal High School, Kurnool.	...	5,013	...		Total for the district	13,511	...	450
Kurnool.	Aided total	500	12,013	2,000	Kurnool-cont.	Government.			
	Total for the district	1,077	12,013	2,000		Govt. Girls' School, Venkatagiri	803	...	...
	Government.					Do. Malapet	650	...	...
	Government Training School, Bellary.	180	...	...		Do. Gudur	1,307	...	...
Bellary.	Government Girls' School, Bellary.	715	...	...	Bellary-cont.	Do. Nellore	254	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Hoapet.	179	...	...		Govt. Training School, Nellore, Office of the Asst. Inspector of Schools.	504	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Adoni.	19	...	...		Government total	4,081	...	...
	Office of the Muhammadan Sub-Assistant Inspector, Bellary.	430	...	...		Aided.			
Bellary.	Office of the Sub-Assistant Inspector, Bellary.	— 95	...	...	Bellary-cont.	V. R. High School, Nellore	...	...	3,000
	Office of the Sub-Assst. Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bellary.	634	...	...		R.V.M. High School, Venkatagiri.	...	...	750
	Government total	2,062	...	...		A.M. School, Nellore	...	...	12,700
	Aided.					Aided total	...	12,700	3,750
Bellary.	St. Philomena's High School, Bellary.	1,259	...	...	Bellary-cont.	Government.			
	St. Joseph's European High School, Bellary.	7,000	...	...		Presidency College, Madras	11,886	...	...
	Aided total	8,259	...	...		College of Engineering	92,250	...	...
	Total for the district	10,321	...	...		College for Women	60,479	...	...
Anantapur.	Government.				Anantapur-cont.	Law College	2,129	...	...
	Municipal High School, Anantapur (Govt. Building).	25,075	...	...		Madrasa-3-Azam	1,819	...	...
	Govt. Girls' School, Panakonda.	21	...	...		Presidency Training School for Mistresses.	1,310	...	...
	Office of the Assistant Inspector of Schools.	11	...	...		Hubert Training School for Muhammadan Mistresses.	4,089	...	...
Anantapur.	Govt. Hindu Girls' School, Hindupur.	6,870	...	...	Anantapur-cont.	Muhammadan Training School, Panchama Training School	271	4,528	...
	Govt. Muhammadan Girls' School, Hindupur.	3,988	...	...		School of Arts	3,079	...	...
	Government total	35,975	...	...		Muhammadan Elementary Boys' Schools.	2,398	...	...
	Aided.					Office of the Director of Public Instruction.	12,883	...	...
Anantapur.	London Mission High School, Gooty.	...	...	200	Anantapur-cont.	Office of the Supt. of Sanakrit Schools.	10	...	...
	Aided total	...	...	200		Office of the Inspector of European and Training Schools.	4,650	...	...
	Total for the district	35,975	...	200		Office of the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle.	479	...	...
	Government.					Office of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.	1,227	...	...
Cuddapah.	Govt. Training School, Royachod.	7,803	...	...	Cuddapah-cont.	Muthialpet and St. Gabriel's High Schools.	...	...	* 19,597
	Govt. Girls' School, Rayadrug.	1,657	...	...		St. William European High School.	...	...	* 2,145
	Municipal High School, Cuddapah (Govt. building).	4,051	...	...		Harris High School	...	...	* 4,861
	Government total	13,511	...	...		St. Mark's Orphanage (Govt. building).	494	...	...
Cuddapah.	Aided.				Cuddapah-cont.	Site for Muthialpet High School.	2,575	...	...
	Govt. Training School, Royachod.	7,803	...	...		Site for Pachappa's High School.	...	...	* 1,09,438
	Govt. Girls' School, Rayadrug.	1,657	...	...		Government total	2,01,724	55,007	* 1,36,341
	Aided total	9,460	...	...					
Cuddapah.	Total for the district	22,971	...	...	Cuddapah-cont.				
	Government.								
	Govt. Training School, Royachod.	7,803	...	...					
	Govt. Girls' School, Rayadrug.	1,657	...	...					

APPENDIX E—cont.

Expenditure on Educational property during 1914-15—cont.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
Madras—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	North Arcot—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
	St. Joseph's School for Indian Girls, San Thomé.	...	11,250	...		Voorhees College, Vellore ...	17,500	38,625	615
	St. Ebas Girls' High School, Royapet.	325	1,627	...		Madurai Islamiah, Vaniyambadi.	...	...	5,000
	U.F.C.M. Boarding and Training, Royapuram.	...	19,384	...		Village School, Gudinalur ...	100	...	...
	Wesley College ...	...	4,283	...		Do. Palanathur ...	100	...	...
	Muhammadian Educational Association of South India.	...	32,700	...		<i>Aided total</i> ...	17,700	38,625	5,615
	Madras Christian College ...	11,212	...	...		<i>Total for the district</i> ...	24,193	38,625	5,615
	Kalies High School, Triplicane.	9,818	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Muthalpet High School ...	2,350	...	...		Nil.			
	Civil Orphan Asylum ...	46,910	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
Chingleput.	Wesleyan Mission Girls' School, Royapet.	189	...	...	Chittoor.	A.A.M. Hindu Girls' School, Vayalpad.	2,450	...	...
	St. Thome Orphanage ...	230	...	...		Baava Rajas' High School, Punganur.	...	...	500
	C.E.Z.M. Elementary Girls' School, Napier's Park.	385	...	...		Sri Mahant's High School, Tirupati.	...	...	500
	Presentation Convent, Vepery.	6,554	...	...		<i>Aided total</i> ...	2,450	...	1,000
	Cathedral Poor School ...	915	...	...		<i>Total for the district</i> ...	2,450	...	1,000
	St. Bede's High School, San Thomé.	7,900	...	...		<i>Government.</i>			
	Deaf and Dumb School, Mylapore.	20,000	...	...		Government Girls' School, Kalakuriichi.	3,818	...	...
	Bishop Corries High School ...	794	...	...		Government Girls' School, Villupuram.	51	...	...
	<i>Aided total</i> ...	1,07,582	69,244	...		Government Girls' School, Vridhachalam.	5,619	...	...
	<i>Total for the district</i> ...	3,09,306	1,24,257	1,30,341		Government Girls' School, Tirupapuliyur.	1,484	...	...
North Arcot.	<i>Government.</i>				South Arcot.	Government Training School, Villupuram.	1,001	...	...
	Teachers' College, Saidapet ...	19,715	...	...		Office of the Assistant Inspector of Schools.	732	...	...
	Government Training School, Saidapet.	21,472	...	...		<i>Government total</i> ...	12,795	...	...
	Reformatory School ...	8,723	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	<i>Government total</i> ...	49,910	...	...		Hindu Elementary School, Alampundi.	537	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					Pathinayarakal Mandapam Elementary School, Chidambaram.	100	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission Girls' School, Sembiam.	3,403	...	...		A.A.M. School, Tindivanam ...	...	...	650
	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput.	298	...	...		<i>Aided total</i> ...	637	...	650
	St. Patrick's Orphanage, Adyar.	17,250	...	...		<i>Total for the district</i> ...	13,432	...	650
	U.F.C.M. School, Guduvancheri.	406	...	...	Tanjore.	<i>Government.</i>			
North Arcot.	St. Joseph's School, Perambur.	5,000	...	...		Kumbakonam College ...	5,472	10,010	20
	<i>Aided total</i> ...	26,357	...	...		Government Training School, Tanjore.	281	...	...
	<i>Total for the district</i> ...	70,267	...	...		Sub-Assistant Inspector's office, Kumbakonam.	6	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					Government Girls' School, Tanjore.	239	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Kalahasti.	4,976	...	...		Government Girls' School, Tanjore.	407	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Vellore.	9	...	...		Government Girls' School, Pattukottai.	16	...	...
	Government Training School, Ranipet.	43	...	...		Government Girls' School, Karanthattangudi.	595	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Wallajapet.	580	...	...		Board High School, Tiruvälur (Government building).	13,344	...	...
	Local Fund Aini School ...	1,002	...	...		Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Tanjore.	896	...	...
	<i>Government total</i> ...	6,590	...	...		<i>Government total</i> ...	20,256	10,010	20

APPENDIX E—cont.

Expenditure on Educational property during 1914-15—cont.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostel buildings and lands therefor.	On account of play-grounds.
Tanjore—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	Ramanathapuram.	<i>Government.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
	G.L.M. Secondary School, Tanjore.	4,750	...	...		Nil	...	...	...
	Banadurai Secondary School, Kumbakonam.	250	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Findlay College, Mannargudi ...	...	...	1,050		Elementary School, Tirupati ...	300	...	...
	Wesleyan Mission High School, Negapatam.	...	...	2,000		S.P.G. High School, Ramanad.	2,415	...	...
	Nadar's Secondary School, Poraiyur.	...	...	1,300		Kahatri Vidyasala, Virudupatti.	...	...	2,000
	Central High School, Tiruvadi.	...	...	450		C.M.S. High School, Srivilliputtur.	...	...	2,250
	Schmankk Madaliyar's High School, Shiyali.	...	...	2,532		<i>Aided total</i> ...	2,715	...	4,250
	Elementary School, Ethakkudi.	100	...	...		<i>Total for the district</i> ...	2,715	...	4,250
	<i>Aided total</i> ...	5,100	...	7,332	Trichinopoly.	<i>Government.</i>			
Trichinopoly.	<i>Total for the district</i> ...	25,356	10,010	7,252		Government Training School, Tinnevely.	559	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					<i>Government total</i> ...	559	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Karur.	38	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	Government Girls' School, Namakkal.	193	...	...		C.M.S. Elementary School, Vallam.	436	...	...
	Government Training School, Trichinopoly.	501	...	...		C.M.S. Elementary School, Manakani.	350	...	...
	Sub-Assistant Inspector's office.	109	...	...		C.M.S. Elementary School, Mudthanendal.	445	...	...
	<i>Government total</i> ...	841	...	...		C.M.S. Elementary School, Sathankulam.	455	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					C.M.S. Elementary School, Konkanthampari.	442	...	...
	All Saints' Training schools for Mistresses, Trichinopoly.	1,597	...	...		St. John's Girls' High School, Nannareth.	7,073	...	...
	Zaminidars' High School, Kattuputhur.	...	...	1,000	Tinnevely.	C.M.S. Girls' Boarding, Palamcottah.	147	...	...
Madurai.	National High School, Trichinopoly.	...	...	1,500		Hindu High School, Ambasandram.	1,650	...	...
	The High School, Srirangam ...	...	...	3,334		High School, Gopalsamudram.	102	...	1,000
	<i>Aided total</i> ...	1,597	...	5,834		Sarah Tucker College, Palamcottah.	...	...	1,800
	<i>Total for the district</i> ...	2,438	...	5,834		Holy Cross European Girls' School.	3,567	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					C.M.S. College, Tinnevely ...	2,384	...	6,000
	Government Girls' School, Madurai.	9,732	...	...		C.M.S. High School, Nagnanapuram.	...	...	675
	Government Girls' School, Dindigul.	15,703	...	...		High School, Pattamadai ...	...	...	200
	Government Training School, Dindigul.	16	...	...		<i>Aided total</i> ...	17,551	...	9,375
	Office of the Inspector of Schools.	65	...	...		<i>Total for the district</i> ...	18,110	...	9,375
	<i>Government total</i> ...	25,516	...	...	Coimbatore.	<i>Government.</i>			
Madurai.	<i>Aided.</i>					Government Training School for Mistresses, Coimbatore.	311	...	...
	A.M. Training School, Pasmalai.	1,750	...	...		Government Training School for Masters.	45	...	...
	A.M. College, Madurai ...	192	...	...		Sub-Assistant Inspector's office, Office of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle.	1,068	...	...
	Victoria Memorial High School, Periyakulam.	...	...	500		Government Girls' School, Kollegal.	355	...	...
	St. Mary's High School, Madurai.	...	...	940		<i>Government total</i> ...	2,332	...	...
	Soverashra High School ...	...	...	6,400					
	A.M. High School, Pasmalai.	...	...	1,250					
	<i>Aided total</i> ...	1,942	...	9,080					
	<i>Total for the district</i> ...	27,458	...	9,080					

APPENDIX E—cont.

Expenditure on Educational property during 1914-15—cont.

District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostels and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.	District.	Name of institution.	On account of school buildings and lands therefor.	On account of hostels and lands therefor.	On account of playgrounds.
Coimbatore—cont.	<i>Aided.</i>				Malabar.	<i>Government.</i>			
	L.M. Elementary School, Palanisampatti.	159	...	...		Government Training School, Malapuram.	32	757	...
	L.M. Elementary School, Velator.	62	...	...		Government Training School, Calicut.	569	3,023	...
	L.M. Elementary School, Malayappalam.	300	...	...		Government Girls' School, Cannanore.	14,999	...	...
	St. Antony's Girls' School ...	1,057	...	...		Government Girls' School, Palghat.	2	...	...
	L.M. Fort Girls' School, Erode.	1,172	...	...		Government Girls' School, Lakshminarayanasapuram.	47	...	...
	St. Michael's High School, Coimbatore.	4,600	14,380	...		Victoria College, Palghat ...	...	2,821	...
	St. Joseph's Convent ...	10,738	...	4,000		Sub-Assistant Inspector's office.	30	...	...
	L.M. High School ...	4,934	...	...		School of Commerce, Calicut.	35	...	...
	Stance High School, Coimbatore.	11,114	...	...		<i>Government total ...</i>	15,714	6,401	...
Salem.	D.J. High School, Gobichettipalayam.	450	...	...	Malabar.	<i>Aided.</i>			
	<i>Aided total ...</i>	34,876	14,360	4,000		Mapilla Elementary School, Kottaparamba.	25	...	...
	<i>Total for the district ...</i>	37,008	14,360	4,000		Calicut St. Joseph's European School.	4,810	...	...
	<i>Government.</i>					Sacred Heart High School ...	...	1,416	...
	Government Girls' School, Salem.	1,222	...	...		St. Joseph's Middle School, Tellicherry.	3,432	...	...
	Government Girls' School, Krishnagiri.	589	...	...		High School, Ottapalam ...	...	1,500	...
	Government Girls' School, Dharapuram.	16	...	...		St. Mary's Convent, Cochin ...	7,000	...	...
	Government Training School, Salem.	97	...	...		Baja's High School, Kollengode.	...	1,239	...
	<i>Government total ...</i>	1,904	...	...		<i>Aided total ...</i>	15,267	...	4,155
	<i>Total for the district ...</i>	1,904	...	...		<i>Total for the district ...</i>	30,981	6,401	4,155
Nilgiris.	<i>Government.</i>				South Canara.	<i>Government.</i>			
	Breek's Memorial School, Ootacamund.	5,078	...	...		Government College, Mangalore.	12,720	...	...
	Secondary School, Ootacamund.	1,618	...	...		Government Training School, Mangalore.	548	...	...
	<i>Government total ...</i>	6,696	...	...		Elementary School, Kasargode.	1,212	...	...
	<i>Aided.</i>					<i>Government total ...</i>	14,480	...	...
	St. Stephens Collegiate, Ootacamund.	2,475	...	...		<i>Aided.</i>			
	B.G.M. Elementary School, Toneri.	340	...	...		Basel Mission Christian High School, Udipi.	6,000	...	...
	St. Gabriel's European Girls' School.	600	...	...		St. John's Higher Elementary School, Jeppu, Mangalore.	1,100	...	...
	St. Antony's Secondary School, Coonoor.	2,500	...	...		<i>Aided total ...</i>	7,100	...	...
	<i>Aided total ...</i>	5,915	...	...		<i>Total for the district ...</i>	21,680	...	...
Nilgiris.	<i>Total for the district ...</i>	12,611	...	...		<i>Government total for the Presidency.</i>	4,40,768	75,279	1,36,410
						<i>Aided total for the Presidency.</i>	3,51,116	2,01,442	68,801
						<i>Grand total for the Presidency.</i>	7,21,874	3,76,721	2,05,211

(a) Note.—These lands while remaining the property of Government are lent to institutions under private management for so long as they are utilized for the purposes for which the alienation was made.

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

(1)—General statistics of institutions and scholars.

Classes of institutions.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Institutions.	Scholars on the 31st March.	Institutions.	Scholars on the 31st March.
<i>Public institutions.</i>				
University education—				
Arts colleges for Non-Europeans ... { for men ...	29	6,972	29	8,004
... { for women ...	2	28	3	65
Oriental colleges ... { for men ...	5	94	5	125
... { for women ...	...	...	...	...
Arts colleges for Europeans ... { for men ...	...	...	...	...
... { for women ...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges ... { for men ...	3	988	3	1,029
... { for women ...	...	...	...	...
School education, general—				
Non-Europeans—				
Secondary schools { for boys ...	382	115,425	383	122,140
... { for girls ...	38	5,947	38	6,288
Elementary schools { for boys ...	(a) 26,005	(a) 1,088,888	26,805	1,143,995
... { for girls ...	(b) 1,435	(b) 110,851	1,516	119,978
Europeans—				
High schools ... { for boys ...	12	1,630	12	1,738
... { for girls ...	13	1,540	14	1,541
Middle schools { for boys ...	20	2,100	19	1,881
... { for girls ...	18	1,515	17	1,307
Primary schools { for boys ...	13	792	12	811
... { for girls ...	8	420	11	539
School education, special—				
... { for masters (Non-Europeans) ...	97	4,601	102	4,854
... { for mistresses (Non-Europeans) ...	22	466	23	646
Training schools { for mistresses (Europeans) ...	1	10	1	23
Technical or Art schools for Non-Europeans { for boys ...	45	1,867	39	1,561
... { for girls ...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Europeans ... { for boys ...	1	22	1	50
... { for girls ...	...	...	...	...
Industrial schools for Non-Europeans ... { for boys ...	23	1,429	...	...
... { for girls ...	14	573	...	...
Do. for Europeans ... { for boys ...	...	...	...	...
... { for girls ...	1	101	...	...
<i>Total, public institutions ...</i>	(c) 28,137	(c) 1,345,554	29,083	1,417,840
<i>Private institutions.</i>				
Advanced schools teaching—				
Arabic or Persian { for boys ...	118	6,021	143	6,724
... { for girls ...	...	...	...	...
Sanskrit { for boys ...	294	4,643	225	4,408
... { for girls ...	3	154	2	67
Elementary schools teaching—				
A vernacular only { for boys ...	2,909	63,865	2,985	66,461
... { for girls ...	25	736	23	973
The Quran { for boys ...	784	31,293	804	31,859
... { for girls ...	92	3,301	93	3,445
Other schools not conforming to depart- { for boys ...	645	14,336	518	11,033
mental standards ... { for girls ...	2	42	6	119
<i>Total, private institutions ...</i>	4,712	124,301	4,750	125,115
<i>Grand total ...</i>	(c) 32,849	(c) 1,469,945	33,833	1,542,955

(a) Includes 4 schools with 155 scholars in the Native State of Sandar.

(b) Do. 1 school with 74 scholars in the Native State of Sandar.

(c) Do. 5 schools with 229 scholars in the Native State of Sandar.

Districts.	Area in square miles (consus of 1911).	Population (consus of 1911).	1913-14.		1914-15.		Increase.		Decrease.	
			Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.		
Gauhati ..	8,350	2,221,592	1,868	67,907	1,882	70,028	14	2,121	...	...
Vishnupattam ..	17,251	3,159,821	1,855	67,856	1,937	70,051	62	2,195	...	...
Godvadi ..	6,221	1,052,659	1,822	68,349	1,841	71,025	19	2,076	...	...
Kitau ..	5,907	1,597,635	2,375	92,817	2,360	94,476	...	1,069	...	15
Karnul ..	5,795	1,697,651	1,990	77,719	2,118	83,320	128	4,601	...	...
Guntur ..	7,580	935,169	1,967	72,583	1,919	82,062	52	3,079	...	...
Bellary ..	5,714	969,486	973	29,546	882	30,778	...	1,232	...	...
Anandapur ..	6,718	933,223	782	23,233	839	25,857	57	2,654	...	...
Outdappah ..	5,892	893,598	1,054	29,965	1,121	32,552	67	2,587	...	...
Nidiro ..	7,973	1,328,162	1,264	40,907	1,305	43,079	41	2,472	...	...
Nalco ..	27	518,660	468	53,420	453	51,683	...	...	...	15
Chingdeput ..	3,072	1,400,068	1,546	55,530	1,603	58,445	57	2,915	...	17,97
North Arcot ..	4,920	1,660,900	1,174	58,270	1,266	64,492	92	6,222	...	...
Onkoot ..	5,676	1,238,742	684	26,033	807	32,198	123	4,105	...	...
South Arcot ..	4,298	2,362,666	1,750	72,942	1,776	75,877	17	3,835	...	...
Tanjore ..	3,727	2,362,689	2,177	98,818	2,296	105,876	69	7,558	...	...
Tidnapally ..	4,916	1,992,832	1,099	65,549	1,147	68,329	33	2,677	...	...
Ramnad ..	4,834	1,698,433	1,246	57,655	1,287	60,374	41	3,008	...	...
Tirunelveli ..	4,353	1,790,419	1,388	91,133	1,441	92,703	8	1,550	...	...
Coimbatore ..	7,165	2,116,664	1,348	59,387	1,400	61,597	62	4,610	...	...
Salem ..	6,300	1,796,380	877	37,456	914	39,046	37	1,790	...	...
Madurai ..	1,009	118,418	116	7,644	104	7,185	...	...	...	12
Malabar ..	5,795	3,020,931	2,003	100,212	2,157	108,103	154	7,891	...	...
South Canara ..	4,021	1,195,227	672	45,062	676	45,748	4	698	...	...
Total ..	142,330	41,405,434	(c) 32,844	(d) 1,465,716	33,853	1,522,955	1,122	75,492	...	133
			(e) 142,330	(f) 41,405,434						2,183

(a) Excludes 161 square miles being the area of the Native State of Sandūr.

(a) Excludes 161 square miles being the area of the area of the Native State of Sandar.
(b) Do. 13,526 being the population of the Native State of Sandar.

(c) Do. 5 schools in the Native State of Sandur.

Do. 229 scholars in the Native State of Sandar.

33—Institutions and scholars according to standards and stages of instruction.

[illegible]

(3)—Institutions and scholars according to standards and stages of instruction—continued.

Districts.	Scholar—public and private.														Total.						
	Collegiate.				Schools for boys.				Schools for girls.				Training schools for masters.			Technical schools for students.					
	Arts colleges.		Professional colleges.		Non-European.		European.		Non-European.		European.		Non-European.			Non-European.		European.			
	Non-European.	European.	Oriental colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary.	Elementary.	High.	Middle.	Primary.	Secondary.	Elementary.	High.	Middle.	Primary.		Non-European.	European.	Technical.	Industrial.	Technical.	Industrial.
Glasgow	155	...	...	...	4,319	61,566	175	...	...	...	3,857	104	...	...	211	...	...	...	...	...	
Vijayanagar	414	...	29	...	5,429	68,228	175	...	...	...	138	5,105	...	...	211	...	...	...	...	...	
Kanara	568	...	...	...	7,005	26,727	...	...	...	...	138	5,105	...	...	211	...	...	...	...	...	
Kanara	187	...	11	...	4,672	70,546	...	...	...	...	62	6,488	...	...	179	...	...	...	...	...	
Kanara	...	...	...	...	1,240	26,575	...	...	...	...	...	1,719	...	...	128	...	...	...	...	...	
Bellary	...	...	...	...	1,283	30,740	126	...	...	...	...	1,719	...	...	128	...	...	...	...	...	
Amalapur	...	...	...	...	1,023	30,200	...	...	...	...	...	2,043	...	...	110	...	...	...	...	...	
Cuddalore	...	...	...	...	2,454	37,333	...	...	...	...	...	2,877	...	...	126	...	...	...	...	...	
Belur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
North Arcot	...	...	...	...	4,319	61,566	175	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	2,558	...	19	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	
Changanur	...	...	...	...	12,121	18,653	587	...	...	...	...	3,857	...	...	237	...</					

(c) Includes 229 scholars in the Native State of Sandur.

(4)—Number and strength of institutions classified according to managing agencies.

Managing Agencies.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.
<i>Under public management.</i>				
Government	447	42,472	457	43,914
Board { Municipal	502	47,234	536	52,783
Local	6,189	350,149	6,589	390,305
Native States (Sandur)	5	229	...	...
<i>Under private management.</i>				
Aided from public funds	16,651	777,437	17,653	810,273
Unaided	4,343	122,033	3,898	111,665
Indigenous and private	4,712	124,391	4,750	125,115
Total	32,840	1,469,945	33,833	1,542,055

13,996 12,464
 6,255
 11,974 9
 11,441 11
 13,120 51
 13,120 51
 6,505 9 00 (5-0)

13,996 12,464
 6,255
 11,974 9
 11,441 11
 13,120 51
 13,120 51
 6,505 9 00 (5-0)

13,996 12,464
 6,255
 11,974 9
 11,441 11
 13,120 51
 13,120 51
 6,505 9 00 (5-0)

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 11,441 11
 13,120 51
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 6,505 9 00 (5-0)

13,996 12,464
 6,255
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 11,441 11
 13,120 51
 13,120 51
 6,505 9 00 (5-0)

(6)—Education in relation to population of school-age.

Districts.	Population of school-age (census of 1911).	Scholars (public and private).						Percentage of scholars to population of school-age.					
		1913-14.		1914-15.				1913-14.		1914-15.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Angul	165,707	333,164	170,487	503,651	67,007	33,853	100,860	38,7	19,4	58,1	24,1	12,0	36,1
Bahadurpur	131,850	277,623	140,487	418,110	71,183	36,503	107,686	41,6	20,2	61,8	28,1	13,6	41,7
Balaspur	146,844	296,630	150,888	447,518	69,799	35,739	105,538	47,6	24,1	71,7	33,6	15,8	49,4
Bhatpur	128,500	254,030	128,133	382,163	68,082	34,082	102,164	45,2	22,6	67,8	30,9	14,5	45,4
Bolpur	73,531	147,061	73,531	220,592	4,894	2,447	7,341	6,6	3,3	9,9	4,8	2,4	7,2
Boudh	74,134	148,268	74,134	222,402	10,793	5,396	16,189	14,3	7,2	21,5	10,7	5,3	16,0
Boudh	68,109	136,218	68,109	204,327	10,793	5,396	16,189	14,3	7,2	21,5	10,7	5,3	16,0
Boudh	39,970	79,940	39,970	119,880	1,625	812	2,437	4,1	2,0	6,1	3,0	1,5	4,5
Boudh	106,846	213,692	106,846	420,538	21,001	10,500	31,501	19,6	9,8	29,4	14,8	7,4	22,2
Boudh	148,611	297,222	148,611	595,833	40,637	20,318	60,955	49,7	24,8	74,5	34,9	17,4	52,3
Boudh	175,921	351,842	175,921	703,763	63,472	31,736	95,208	53,7	26,8	80,5	40,3	20,1	60,4
Boudh	168,462	336,924	168,462	675,386	77,332	38,666	115,998	69,7	34,8	104,5	52,3	26,1	78,4
Boudh	131,660	263,320	131,660	526,980	55,607	27,803	83,410	41,9	20,9	62,8	31,4	15,7	47,1
Boudh	117,928	235,856	117,928	353,784	48,907	24,453	73,360	36,5	18,2	54,7	27,1	13,5	40,6
Boudh	129,845	259,690	129,845	519,535	72,517	36,258	108,775	55,6	27,8	83,4	41,9	20,9	62,8
Boudh	131,543	263,086	131,543	526,629	55,607	27,803	83,410	41,9	20,9	62,8	31,4	15,7	47,1
Boudh	9,527	19,054	9,527	28,578	5,763	2,881	8,644	5,7	2,9	8,6	4,3	2,1	6,4
Boudh	222,798	445,596	222,798	891,194	88,832	44,416	133,248	62,4	31,2	93,6	46,8	23,4	70,2
Boudh	86,713	173,426	86,713	260,149	11,015	5,507	16,522	11,6	5,8	17,4	8,7	4,3	13,0
Boudh	3,057,443	6,114,886	3,057,443	12,229,739	1,467,716	733,858	2,201,574	39,0	19,5	58,5	29,5	14,7	44,2
Total	3,057,443	6,114,886	3,057,443	12,229,739	1,467,716	733,858	2,201,574	39,0	19,5	58,5	29,5	14,7	44,2

(a) Excludes 1,007 male population of school age in the Native State of Sandur.

(b) Excludes 1,022 female population of school age in the Native State of Sandur.

(c) Do.

(d) Do.

(e) Do.

(f) Do.

(g) Do.

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(am) Do.

(6)—Distribution of scholars according to classes of the community.

Classes of the community.	1913-14.				1914-15.			
	Public.		Private.		Public.		Private.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Europeans and Eurasians	4,285	4,193	...	...	4,125	4,153	...	...
Indian Christians	65,988	37,804	708	207	66,569	37,612	803	274
Muhammadians	99,046	20,281	31,280	12,852	105,376	23,591	32,097	13,152
Hindus	908,233	196,935	73,762	5,853	955,922	211,067	72,334	5,988
Buddhists	47	12	37	...	78	26	...	...
Parsis	46	53	...	...	48	48	...	...
Aborigines	5,440	267	66	4	6,162	387	41	2
Others	2,804	161	100	12	2,463	213	394	30
Total	1,085,848	259,706	105,963	18,428	1,140,713	277,127	108,669	19,446

* Includes 152 male scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

† Includes 77 female scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

(7)—Scholars according to classes of the community.

Classes of the community.	Population of school-age (1911).		Scholars.				Percentage.			
	Boys.	Girls.	1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.		1914-15.	
			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Europeans and Eurasians	3,268	2,867	4,285	4,193	4,125	4,153	131.1	146.2	126.2	144.9
Indian Christians	84,757	87,798	66,646	38,011	67,312	37,886	78.6	43.2	79.4	43.2
Muhammadians	202,668	208,390	130,336	32,633	137,473	30,743	64.2	15.6	67.8	17.6
Hindus	2,716,341	2,804,649	981,995	202,788	1,028,266	217,085	36.1	7.2	37.9	7.7
Buddhists	64	40	84	12	78	26	131.3	30.0	121.9	65.0
Parsis	37	36	48	53	48	48	124.3	147.2	129.7	133.3
Aborigines	48,140	47,629	5,515	271	6,203	389	11.5	0.6	12.9	0.8
Others	2,168	1,955	2,904	173	2,887	243	133.9	8.8	133.2	12.4
Total	3,057,443	3,153,367	1,191,811	278,184	1,246,332	296,573	39.0	8.8	40.8	9.4

(a) Excludes 1,007 male population of school age in the Native State of Sandur.

(b) Excludes 1,022 female population of school age in the Native State of Sandur.

(c) Includes 152 male scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

(d) Includes 77 female scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

(e) Includes 77 female scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

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(cm) Includes 77 female scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

Classes of institutions.	Total of scholars.	Classification of scholars according to the classes of the								
		Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Parsees.	Muhammadans.	Hindus.			Paria.	
						Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.	Buddhists.		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.										
University.										
Non-Europeans—										
Arts colleges for men	8,055	42	634	...	195	5,587	1,594	1	2	
Arts colleges for women	39	12	19	...	...	3	6	...	...	
Arts colleges for men	65	13	38	...	...	7	7	...	...	
Arts colleges for women	125	...	...	...	...	83	32	...	...	
Oriental colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Europeans—										
Arts colleges for men	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Arts colleges for women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Professional colleges	1,027	14	41	...	7	771	198	...	1	
	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
School Education, General.										
Non-Europeans—										
Secondary schools for boys	121,894	215	10,471	819	6,735	53,969	49,623	12	11	
Secondary schools for girls	1,246	2	380	64	3	402	415	...	...	
Elementary schools for boys	283	5	124	...	5	28	91	...	...	
Elementary schools for girls	993,628	82	3,382	26	25	880	1,530	...	7	
Elementary schools for boys	150,367	15	18,938	85,373	97,210	62,546	686,718	47	...	
Elementary schools for girls	5,449	10	1,215	316	670	414	2,810	20	...	
	114,514	11	13,951	2,554	8,925	21,394	67,301	6	4	
Europeans—										
High schools for boys	1,499	1,438	23	...	8	2	17	...	13	
High schools for girls	239	224	11	...	...	2	...	...	2	
Middle schools for boys	223	207	6	...	5	9	...	...	3	
Middle schools for girls	1,408	1,324	32	...	...	19	22	...	10	
Primary schools for boys	1,237	1,175	24	3	5	2	18	...	10	
Primary schools for girls	644	622	11	...	...	1	...	...	10	
Primary schools for boys	339	304	9	...	2	7	...	...	8	
Primary schools for girls	1,058	991	27	...	2	12	12	...	14	
Primary schools for boys	410	394	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Primary schools for girls	401	379	16	...	1	3	2	...	...	
Primary schools for girls	198	195	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	341	329	...	...	1	1	6	...	1	
School Education, Special.										
Training schools for masters	4,820	...	790	178	384	1,734	1,696	9	...	
Training schools for mistresses	84	...	27	3	...	1	3	...	...	
Non-Europeans—										
Training schools for men	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Training schools for women	646	67	496	1	33	2	47	...	...	
Europeans—										
Training schools for men	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Training schools for women	23	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Non-Europeans—										
Other special schools (including industrial schools)	Boys ... 1,544	24	98	34	150	607	622	9	...	
	Girls ... 17	12	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Europeans—										
Other special schools (including industrial schools)	Boys ... 2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	Girls ... 48	46	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	
Total of public institutions.	Male scholars. 1,140,713	4,125	66,509	86,723	165,876	125,769	743,480	78	48	
	Females scholars. 277,127	4,125	37,512	17,805	23,591	44,890	148,932	26	48	
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.										
Advanced schools teaching—										
Arabic or Persian ...	Boys. 6,652	...	...	...	6,652	...	...	...	...	
	Girls. 108	...	...	...	108	...	...	...	...	
Sanskrit ...	Boys. 4,276	...	13	...	9	3,229	990	...	...	
	Girls. 189	...	...	...	...	141	48	...	...	

to wealth and (3) according to the occupation of parents or guardians.

[illegible]

(8)—Distribution of scholars (1) according to the classes of the community, (2) according

Classes of institutions.	Total of scholars.	Classification of scholars according to the classes of the							
		and Europeans Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Panchamas.	Muhammadians.	Hindus.		Buddhists.	Parsees.
						Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.		
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS—cont.									
Elementary schools teaching— A vernacular only or mainly.	Boys. 61,866 Girls. 5,558	...	774	2,623	2,632	2,671	52,585	...	...
The Quran	Boys. 22,590 Girls. 12,714	...	...	...	22,590 12,714	...	...	...	...
Other schools not con- forming to depart- mental standards.	Boys. 10,285 Girls. 867	...	16 1	229 42	214 43	935 133	8,872 647	...	...
Total of private institutions.	Male scholars. 105,669 Female scholars 19,446	...	803 274	3,052 456	32,067 13,162	6,835 1,147	63,447 4,385	...	...
Total	Male scholars ... Female scholars 296,573	4,125 4,163	67,312 37,886	89,775 18,261	137,473 30,743	132,604 45,607	806,877 153,917	78 26	48 48
Grand total, 1914-15	1,542,955	8,278	105,198	108,038	174,216	178,111	959,194	104	98
Grand total, 1913-14	1,469,945	8,478	104,867	100,153	162,969	176,966	907,864	86	99

1542955
8278
1534677

to wealth and (3) according to the occupation of parents or guardians—continued

community.	Scholars according to wealth.				Scholars according to the occupation of parents or guardians.								
	Aborigines.	Others.	Richer classes.	Middle classes.	Poorer classes.	Officials.	Petty Officials.	Traders.	Landholders.	Artisans.	Coolies.	Mendicants.	Others.
22	359	242	11,528	60,096	273	1,648	7,362	82,268	4,555	15,296	344	118	
1	80	81	1,526	3,961	37	240	614	2,520	394	1,702	25	36	
...	...	471	5,105	16,924	12	255	8,008	6,033	1,227	6,257	543	255	
...	...	215	3,187	9,312	-6	188	4,562	3,690	709	3,233	216	120	
19	1	56	2,474	7,755	47	475	1,444	5,319	436	2,481	34	49	
1	...	3	331	533	43	101	121	363	27	192	21	...	
41	394	1,261	21,496	82,912	394	2,535	19,087	48,172	6,546	26,507	1,731	697	
2	80	300	5,147	18,999	98	557	6,839	6,752	1,132	5,148	262	159	
6,203	2,867	12,682	282,283	951,417	43,753	70,278	154,494	534,697	101,141	315,148	16,578	10,293	
889	243	4,316	74,414	217,843	17,321	28,407	43,754	103,103	22,024	72,679	4,021	3,764	
6,592	3,180	16,998	356,697	1,169,260	61,074	98,985	198,248	637,800	123,765	388,127	21,199	14,067	
5,786	3,077	16,744	343,220	1,109,981	59,948	95,879	185,678	619,037	115,962	359,824	18,677	15,940	

(9)—Percentages of male scholars of the different sections of the population at each stage of instruction to the total number of scholars at the respective stages.

		Europeans and Eurasians.	Indian Christians.	Panobamas.	Muhammads.	Brahmans.	Non-Brahman Caste Hindus.	Others.
Arts colleges	Non-Europeans ...	1	8		2	69	20	...
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools.	Non-Europeans...	...	9	...	6	44	41	...
	Europeans ...	14	2	...	1	1	1	1
Elementary schools	...	...	5	9	10	6	69	1
European primary schools	...	97	3	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges and special schools	...	...	13	3	7	42	34	1

(10)—The number at each stage of instruction in public institutions out of every thousand male scholars belonging to the five main sections of the population.

	Arts colleges for Non-Europeans.	Arts colleges for Europeans.	Secondary schools for Non-Europeans.	Secondary schools for Europeans.	Elementary schools.	European Primary schools.	Professional colleges and special schools.
Europeans and Eurasians	10	...	53	757	27	143	10
Indian Christians	10	...	169	1	816	...	14
Muhammads	2	...	64	...	929	...	5
Brahmans	45	...	429	...	501	...	26
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	2	...	61	...	934	...	3

(11)—Scholars according to the occupation of parents or guardians.

	1913-14.	1914-15.
Officials	58,948	61,074
Petty officials	95,879	98,685
Traders	185,678	198,248
Landholders	619,037	637,800
Artisans	115,962	123,766
Coolies	359,824	388,127
Mendicants	18,677	21,199
Others	15,940	14,057
Total	1,469,945	1,542,955

* Includes 229 scholars under instruction in the Native State of Sandur.

(12)—Scholars according to the languages studied.

Languages.	1913-14.				1914-15.			
	Public institutions.		Private institutions.		Public institutions.		Private institutions.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
(i) English	156,048	22,279	1,586	59	166,238	23,973	1,929	112
Total	156,048	22,279	1,586	59	166,238	23,973	1,929	112
(ii) Classical languages—								
French	99	265	...	...	154	290	...	...
Latin	597	81	...	...	629	88	...	...
Greek	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arabic	25,589	9,880	24,014	11,031	26,608	9,718	27,876	12,070
Persian	219	23	278	60	233	42	132	...
Sanskrit	6,682	1,552	5,568	399	8,140	228	5,326	605
Total	33,186	11,801	29,860	11,490	35,764	10,366	33,334	12,575
(iii) Vernacular languages—								
Tamil	488,079	97,413	49,635	2,584	514,851	104,499	47,795	2,281
Telugu	372,505	100,715	17,004	2,100	388,795	104,396	18,091	2,648
Malayalam	104,433	32,255	6,243	1,347	107,978	33,791	5,308	1,387
Canarese	47,878	9,504	354	114	48,053	9,648	709	122
Hindustani	28,869	12,400	5,173	1,570	33,555	15,727	3,803	1,461
Uriya	41,105	3,483	1,428	76	42,507	3,852	1,376	57
Tulu	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	...
Marathi	5	2	53	16	67	34	46	25
Konkani	101	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,083,668	255,788	79,950	7,882	1,135,806	274,947	76,828	7,921

(13)—Number of scholars unprotected from small-pox.

Institutions.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Collegiate, Non-Europeans	...	...	...	...
Do. Europeans	...	...	...	...
Oriental colleges	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools, Non-Europeans	120	22	149	7
Do. Europeans	5	6	1	5
Elementary schools	4,080	1,337	3,356	1,372
European primary schools	...	1	1	...
Special schools, Non-Europeans	15	...	...	...
Total	4,220	1,366	3,507	1,384

(14)—Number of aided and unaided institutions under mission and non-mission agencies.

Classes of institutions.	Aided				Unaided			
	Mission.		Non-mission.		Mission.		Non-mission.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Arts colleges for men (for Non-Europeans) ...	12	3,982	8	2,056	...	...	2	319
Arts colleges for men (for Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arts colleges for women (for Non-Europeans) ...	2	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arts colleges for women (for Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oriental Colleges ...	...	...	4	84	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys ...	97	40,286	137	54,481	2	517	7	3,247
Secondary schools for girls ...	33	5,127	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools for boys ...	4,169	154,706	12,289	487,007	477	11,820	3,276	89,775
Elementary schools for girls ...	513	42,615	273	19,787	36	1,731	67	3,393
High schools for boys ...	6	842	5	619	...	...	...	...
High schools for girls ...	11	1,253	2	250	...	...	...	...
Middle schools for boys ...	10	1,335	9	543	...	...	...	...
Middle schools for girls ...	10	1,283	1	114	...	...	...	...
European primary schools for boys ...	6	604	6	207	...	...	...	...
European primary schools for girls ...	8	389	3	150	...	...	...	...
Training schools for masters ...	16	804	...	...	1	67	...	...
Training schools for mistresses ...	14	834	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other special schools for Non-Europeans ...	1	23	...	...	1	10	29	699
Do. do. for Europeans ...	1	47	1	50	...	...	...	...
Total, 1914-15 ...	4,915	253,835	12,738	505,438	517	14,135	3,881	97,430
Total, 1913-14 ...	4,686	247,383	11,965	529,954	693	18,402	3,650	103,831

(15)—Relative Extent of Education in Municipal and Non-Municipal areas during 1914-15.

Classes of institutions.	Municipalities.		Non-municipal areas.	
	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.
Arts colleges for men (for Non-Europeans) ...	29	8,094	...	...
Do. do. (for Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...
Do. for women (for Non-Europeans) ...	3	65	...	...
Do. do. (for Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...
Professional Colleges ...	2	629	2	66
Secondary schools for Non-Europeans for boys ...	237	82,673	403	52,303
Secondary schools for Non-Europeans for girls ...	84	5,632	8	903
High schools for Europeans for boys ...	12	1,738	...	...
High schools for Europeans for girls ...	11	1,167	3	474
Middle schools for Europeans for boys ...	8	903	11	858
Middle schools for Europeans for girls ...	13	1,094	4	303
Elementary schools for boys ...	1,884	132,171	29,269	1,120,483
Elementary schools for girls ...	440	47,533	1,197	76,923
European primary schools for boys ...	10	751	2	60
European primary schools for girls ...	8	403	3	136
Training schools for masters (for Non-Europeans) ...	50	2,965	62	1,889
Do. do. (for Europeans) ...	19	501	4	145
Other special schools for Non-Europeans ...	1	23	...	...
Do. do. (for Europeans) ...	86	1,516	3	45
Total, 1914-15 ...	2,791	288,147	31,042	1,284,808
Total, 1913-14 ...	2,871	283,184	29,978	1,186,716

(16)—General statistics of receipts and charges.

	1913-14.				1914-15.			
	Provin- cial funds.	Local funds.	Muni- cipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.	Provin- cial funds.	Local funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University education.	3,27,083	6,282	...	6,10,434	1,51,691	11,09,024	3,07,915	59,469
Arts colleges	...	...	...	1,07,603	2,153	2,29,443	1,91,043	21,383
Professional colleges	6,92,111	...	...	23,34,032	7,12,049	30,57,783	6,83,029	59,469
School education, general.	17,45,000	...	...	7,30,405	10,68,217	27,74,709	20,84,416	21,383
Secondary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
School education, special.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total direct expenditure	35,84,798	10,72,348	...	37,99,052	22,63,047	1,19,69,853	39,55,664	22,63,047
Total indirect expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	65,20,926	23,82,046	...	46,69,195	83,69,769	1,79,68,743	66,26,871	29,19,695

(d) Excludes subsidy to Local and Municipal funds.
 (e) Includes Rs. 14,37,881 subsidy from Provincial funds.
 (f) Includes Rs. 1,54,854 subsidy from Provincial funds.

(17)—Statement showing percentages of expenditure under each head to total expenditure on public schools.

Heads of expenditure.	1913-14.						
	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Percentage to total expenditure.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges	3,27,933	6,282	...	6,16,348	1,51,831	11,02,424	6.29
Professional colleges	1,67,398	...	...	59,852	2,153	2,29,443	1.31
Schools, general	23,66,711	18,97,125	3,40,286	30,39,588	17,80,286	94,24,066	53.74
Schools, special	7,70,627	80,575	3,610	20,215	3,29,367	12,04,900	6.87
General or indirect charges	29,36,128	4,09,698	2,10,068	6,70,473	13,38,634	55,74,031	31.79
Total ...	65,68,997	23,93,690	5,63,010	44,08,618	36,02,281	1,75,34,534	100.00
Percentage to total expenditure ...	37.46	13.65	3.21	25.13	20.55	100.00	...
Heads of expenditure.	1914-15.						
	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Percentage to total expenditure.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges	3,07,815	6,452	13,314	7,37,138	1,57,028	12,21,747	6.47
Professional colleges	2,07,115	...	...	68,738	1,967	2,77,820	1.47
Schools, general	27,10,838	21,96,333	4,23,569	32,05,120	19,13,473	1,05,09,193	55.68
Schools, special	8,08,169	92,541	3,913	19,448	1,10,785	10,32,856	5.47
General or indirect charges	26,39,577	6,23,979	4,09,698	7,86,161	13,75,818	58,35,081	30.91
Total ...	60,71,344	29,19,605	8,50,522	48,76,805	35,58,571	1,88,76,847	100.00
Percentage to total expenditure ...	35.34	15.47	4.61	25.83	18.85	100.00	...

(18)—Abstract of direct expenditure from public funds in public institutions.

Institutions.	1913-14.			1914-15.		
	Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.	Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Government	14,18,870	1,938	2,877	15,91,413	1,577	2,680
Board	35,510	19,80,406	2,67,800	18,057	22,92,992	3,77,083
Aided	21,30,418	1,638	73,235	24,21,997	1,057	61,163
Total ...	35,84,798	19,83,982	3,43,912	40,31,467	22,95,626	4,40,826

(19)—Provincial charges and receipts.

Charges and receipts.	1913-14.	1914-15.
	RS.	RS.
University	3,04,500	98,460
Direction	1,18,001	8,378
Inspection	8,62,256	8,35,573
Government colleges and schools	8,04,950	8,53,627
{ General	8,73,865	9,04,090
{ Special	1,03,056	1,21,675
Scholarships in colleges and schools	17,444	11,017
Grants-in-aid to	32,31,497	32,06,682
{ schools under private management	2,22,571	1,72,911
{ schools under municipal management	18,49,384	14,38,581
{ schools under local boards	7,071	6,720
Registration of books	7,470	7,734
Purchase and collection of oriental manuscripts	48,532	19,805
Refunds and miscellaneous charges	2,83,342	6,52,447
Government educational buildings	...	...
Total charges ...	82,34,442	84,79,970
Receipts.		
Fees in colleges and schools (general and special) credited to Government	2,74,291	2,93,334
Income on endowments credited to Government	2,564	2,564
Departmental examination fees	10,701	12,988
Contributions from municipal funds	800	300
Miscellaneous receipts	25,718	17,398
Total receipts ...	3,13,574	3,25,684
Net expenditure ...	79,20,868	81,54,286

(20)—General statistics of receipts and charges of Municipal boards.

	Number of institutions.	Number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March.	Provincial funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees and other sources.	Total.
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Colleges	8	409	...	19,314	11,051	54,965
Secondary schools	22	8,645	18,057	60,781	1,59,832	2,68,720
Elementary schools	507	43,674	...	3,01,655	9,004	3,10,659
Technical schools (drawing classes)	4	55	...	1,283	...	1,283
Buildings	...	...	...	4,09,536	...	4,09,536
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stipends and scholarships	...	...	...	2,690	...	2,690
Teaching grants to aided	202	20,167	...	47,945	...	47,945
{ for boys	56	5,887	...	13,218	...	13,218
{ for girls	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	18,057	8,50,522	2,39,937	11,08,516

(21)—General statistics of receipts and charges of Local boards.

	Number of institutions.	Number of pupils on rolls on the 31st March.	Provincial funds.	District funds.	Fees and other sources.	Total.
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Arts colleges (oriental)	1	41	...	6,462	32	6,494
Secondary schools	62	14,613	...	57,420	2,65,157	3,23,677
Elementary schools	6,431	3,74,783	...	2,138,192	1,06,031	22,44,223
Sessional schools	45	887	...	90,928	108	91,036
Sanskrit schools	5	204	...	2,042	...	2,042
Buildings	...	...	...	6,11,845	...	6,11,845
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)	...	...	700	...	...	700
Stipends and scholarships	...	...	...	2,104	...	2,104
Contribution to aided schools	...	...	...	3,882	...	3,882
Teaching grants to aided	2	172	...	6,760	9,020	16,780
Expenditure on Hostels	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	700	29,19,005	3,80,348	33,00,658

(22)—Distribution of direct expenditure among the different classes of institutions.

Classes of institutions.	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From subscriptions, endowments and other sources.	Total.
<i>Government.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Colleges	General 216,805	...	...	1,29,212	1,853	3,47,430
	Professional 2,07,115	...	...	68,738	1,967	2,77,820
	for boys 53,985	...	...	30,502	1,279	86,166
	for girls 23,658	...	...	...	...	23,658
Secondary schools	Non-Europeans 49,200	...	...	5,007	35	54,242
	Europeans 11,415	...	...	...	...	11,415
Elementary schools	for boys 1,26,423	...	...	3,912	13	1,30,348
	for girls 2,30,032	...	...	5,235	541	2,35,808
Training schools	Non-Europeans 5,60,245	1,577	2,250	80	600	5,71,482
	Europeans 91,470	...	300	4,775	12,956	1,09,501
Other special schools	Europeans 14,807	...	...	...	...	14,807
Total ...	Non-Europeans ... 15,41,535	1,577	2,580	2,47,861	19,244	18,12,797
	Europeans 46,878	...	...	...	...	46,878
<i>Board.</i>						
Colleges, general	...	6,452	13,314	40,929	154	60,849
Secondary schools	for boys 18,057	57,420	60,781	4,51,044	3,995	5,91,297
	for girls 19,62,218	2,75,114	1,10,763	3,299	23,54,364	...
Elementary schools	for boys 1,75,974	23,541	514	489	2,00,518	...
	for girls 90,928	...	50	58	91,036	...
Training schools	...	...	1,283	...	...	1,283
Other special schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	18,057	22,92,992	3,77,083	6,03,250	7,995	32,99,347
<i>Aided.</i>						
Colleges, general	Non-Europeans 91,450	...	...	5,45,235	1,41,503	7,78,288
	Europeans 2,26,226	1,000	...	18,74,291	4,37,638	25,89,155
Secondary schools	for boys 1,21,657	...	...	47,798	1,55,997	3,25,862
	for girls 70,470	...	...	35,074	87,388	1,92,912
Elementary and primary schools	Non-Europeans 14,61,913	21	47,945	4,49,533	6,76,617	26,36,089
	Europeans 8,708	...	...	2,984	20,717	33,407
Training schools	Non-Europeans 2,16,688	...	13,218	31,143	2,59,078	5,19,536
	Europeans 6,684	...	...	2,012	13,108	21,834
Other special schools	Non-Europeans 1,20,623	36	...	365	86,343	2,07,367
	Europeans 9,304	...	...	645	2,913	12,662
	Non-Europeans 500	...	...	1,200	37	1,557
	Europeans 2,720	...	...	2,177	317	5,214
Total ...	Non-Europeans ... 21,87,070	1,057	61,163	29,36,900	16,88,674	68,74,864
	Europeans 2,34,927	...	...	97,584	3,11,145	6,43,656
<i>Unaided.</i>						
Colleges, general	Non-Europeans 21,762	...	...	13,418	...	35,180
	Do. 63,371	...	...	25,851	...	89,222
Secondary schools	Non-Europeans 1,08,964	...	...	87,514	...	1,96,478
	Europeans 3,166	...	...	19,081	...	22,247
Elementary and primary schools	Non-Europeans 2,434	...	...	...	...	2,434
	Europeans 5,107	...	...	...	...	5,107
Training schools	Non-Europeans 2,07,669	...	...	1,53,405	...	3,61,074
Other special schools	Europeans 15,513	...	...	...	...	15,513

(23)—Distribution of expenditure from provincial, local and municipal funds on secondary, elementary and primary schools for the past two years.

Expenditure from	Schools.	1913-14.	1914-15.
		RS.	RS.
Provincial funds.	Secondary boys Non-Europeans	2,93,863	2,98,268
	Europeans	1,40,690	1,45,313
	Secondary girls Non-Europeans	1,08,718	1,10,670
	Europeans	99,895	99,271
	Elementary and primary boys Non-Europeans	13,09,545	15,88,386
	Europeans	12,949	9,706
	Elementary and primary girls Non-Europeans	3,89,833	4,46,120
	Europeans	8,243	6,684
Total ...		23,66,711	27,10,868
Local funds	Secondary boys Non-Europeans	3,343	58,420
	Elementary boys Do.	17,84,561	19,62,239
	Do. girls Do.	1,09,221	1,75,974
Total ...		18,97,125	21,96,633
Municipal funds.	Secondary boys Non-Europeans	...	60,791
	Elementary boys Do.	3,05,080	3,26,059
	Do. girls Do.	35,216	36,759
Total ...		3,40,296	4,23,599

(24)—Proportion of expenditure under the various heads of education met from public and private funds.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Public funds.	Private funds.	Public funds.	Private funds.
Collegiate education	37.66	62.34	35.66	64.34
Secondary education	17.78	82.22	18.73	81.27
Elementary and primary education	68.82	31.18	71.68	28.32
Special education	70.98	29.02	87.39	12.61
Indirect expenditure	59.04	40.96	53.21	46.79
Total expenditure ...	52.92	47.08	53.93	46.05

(25)—Average cost of education in public institutions for general education for boys.

Institutions.	Cost per pupil on the average number on the rolls.		
	Government.	Board.	Aided.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Arts colleges	1913-14 { Non-Europeans ... 276 11 6	102 14 8	126 2 2
	1914-15 { Non-Europeans ... 243 14 3	124 7 0	122 7 2
Secondary schools for boys	1913-14 { Non-Europeans ... 59 14 6	20 10 4	26 1 4
	1914-15 { Non-Europeans ... 63 3 6	25 15 0	27 1 4
Elementary and primary schools for boys.	1913-14 { Non-Europeans ... 11 2 3	6 5 2	8 15 4
	1914-15 { Non-Europeans ... 13 8 9	6 3 6	4 2 7

(26)—School fees.

Year.	Institutions managed by Government.		Institutions managed by municipal and local boards.		Institutions managed by Native States.		Institutions under private management, including private schools.		Total.	
	Average number on the rolls.	School fees.	Average number on the rolls.	School fees.	Average number on the rolls.	School fees.	Average number on the rolls.	School fees.	Average number on the rolls.	School fees.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1910-11 ...	33,515	2,24,770	231,847	4,92,475	347	607	861,451	25,48,324	1,127,100	33,60,272
1911-12 ...	34,647	2,32,719	262,237	4,76,056	280	509	860,719	26,23,210	1,187,892	33,32,404
1912-13 ...	38,169	2,61,537	355,052	5,39,917	263	68	881,118	28,32,453	1,274,592	36,33,975
1913-14 ...	41,368	2,74,291	387,289	6,89,314	205	230	938,288	31,34,887	1,367,150	39,98,732
1914-15 ...	42,864	2,93,334	429,246	6,68,250	...	...	979,992	34,56,258	1,452,102	43,52,842

(27)—School fees.

(21)—School fees.										
Classes of institutions.	GOVERNMENT.			BOARD.			NATIVE STATES.			
	Average number on the rolls.	Fees.	Average fee per head.	1913-14.		Fees.	Average number on the rolls.		Fees.	Average fee per head.
				1913-14.	1914-15.		1913-14.	1914-15.		
Arts colleges	1,277	1,283	94.73	95.49	59,411	60,429	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges	1,100	1,061	107.96	108.59	47,258	47,704	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for Non-Europeans ...	1,110	1,063	97.49	97.65	19,41	19,78	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for Europeans ...	279	25,289	91.43	91.49	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for Non-Europeans ...	9,212	9,021	3.79	3.84	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for Europeans ...	27,559	27,700	4.25	4.26	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special schools	4,256	4,453	1.28	1.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	40,937	42,144	6.79	6.91	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	41,368	42,864	6.63	6.78	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided.										
Unaided and private.										
Total.										
Classes of institutions—cont.	Aided.			Unaided and private.			Total.			
	Average number on the rolls.	Fees.	Average fee per head.	1913-14.		Fees.	Average number on the rolls.		Fees.	Average fee per head.
				1913-14.	1914-15.		1913-14.	1914-15.		
Arts colleges	5,379	4,9,391	87.42	87.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges	87,104	65,755	107.91	108.66	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for Non-Europeans ...	2,752	2,859	10.73	10.73	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for Europeans ...	57,419	6,019	10.71	10.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for Non-Europeans ...	57,419	6,019	10.71	10.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for Europeans ...	2,149	1,911	9.33	9.33	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special schools	1,219	1,219	10.71	10.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	74,912	80,222	10.71	10.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	75,351	74,011	10.71	10.71	...	...	...	...	...	...

(28)—School fees in public institutions for boys for general education.

		Government.		Board.		Aided.	
		1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Arts colleges.	Non-Europeans ...	1,20,971	1,29,212	34,911	40,920	4,39,023	5,44,257
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys.	Non-Europeans ...	26,369	30,902	4,16,298	4,51,044	17,08,328	18,74,291
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	53,412	47,708
Elementary and primary schools for boys.	Non-Europeans ...	3,791	3,912	1,37,737	1,10,768	4,24,988	4,40,593
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	3,084	2,984
Total ...	Non-Europeans ...	1,51,131	1,64,026	5,88,946	6,02,736	25,72,339	28,18,141
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	56,446	50,692
Grand total ...		1,51,131	1,64,026	5,88,946	6,02,736	25,72,339	28,18,833

(29)—Proportion of fee income to total direct expenditure.

		1913-14.			1914-15.		
		Total cost.	Fees.	Percentage of fees to cost.	Total cost.	Fees.	Percentage of fees to cost.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Arts colleges.	Non-Europeans ...	1,02,424	6,16,434	55.92	12,21,747	7,37,138	60.33
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges.	Non-Europeans ...	2,29,443	1,07,963	47.54	2,77,820	1,14,211	41.36
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys.	Non-Europeans ...	30,71,122	22,18,951	72.25	35,19,186	24,38,691	69.01
	Europeans ...	3,28,240	53,412	16.27	3,49,018	47,708	13.67
Secondary schools for girls.	Non-Europeans ...	2,30,730	34,935	15.14	2,48,878	40,568	16.30
	Europeans ...	2,60,067	35,446	13.63	2,56,562	42,228	16.46
Elementary and primary schools for boys.	Non-Europeans ...	50,96,329	8,64,874	16.96	55,78,187	8,74,167	15.67
	Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elementary and primary schools for girls.	Non-Europeans ...	33,564	3,034	9.04	33,407	2,984	8.93
	Europeans ...	8,61,965	42,171	4.80	9,88,274	48,557	4.43
Special schools.	Non-Europeans ...	15,850	1,488	9.40	21,834	2,042	9.35
	Europeans ...	11,80,615	17,695	1.50	10,00,143	16,826	1.68
	Europeans ...	23,968	2,520	10.61	32,713	2,022	6.02
Total ...	Non-Europeans ...	1,17,78,228	30,02,822	33.15	1,28,34,235	42,55,258	33.16
	Europeans ...	6,61,196	95,900	14.60	6,98,534	97,584	14.07
Grand total ...		1,24,39,424	30,98,722	32.16	1,35,32,769	43,52,842	32.18

(30)—Scholarships.

		1913-14.			1914-15.		
		Public funds.	Private funds.	Total.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Arts colleges ...		17,509	25,435	42,944	20,807	19,293	40,100
Professional colleges ...		6,669	3,413	10,082	6,567	2,709	9,276
Secondary schools ...		66,328	14,325	80,653	77,431	19,640	97,071
Elementary and primary schools		20,661	175	20,836	23,485	229	23,714
Special schools ...		10,775	276	11,051	4,868	678	5,546
Total ...		1,20,942	43,624	1,64,566	1,33,348	42,459	1,75,807

(31)—Grants-in-aid to institutions under private management.

Year.	Grants from Provincial funds.	Grants from Local funds.	Grants from Municipal funds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
1905-06	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1906-07	7,63,434	4,86,497	1,48,927	13,98,858
1907-08	6,70,261	7,09,339	1,72,803	15,53,003
1908-09	6,94,215	8,11,430	1,53,576	16,60,211
1909-10	6,54,858	8,02,075	1,68,889	16,65,822
1910-11	16,08,400	28,387	1,17,376	17,52,163
1911-12	17,40,849	11,841	1,13,285	18,65,975
1912-13	20,44,109	1,000	91,237	21,36,346
1913-14	25,46,473	1,825	81,675	26,29,473
1914-15	32,31,497	1,044	78,201	33,05,742
	32,00,682	1,021	61,163	32,68,866

* Includes the portion of Provincial contribution which was used in paying grants.

(32)—Grants-in-aid from provincial funds.

Grants from Provincial funds.		1913-14	1914-15.
(i) Grants to institutions under private management.		Rs.	Rs.
Teaching and fixed grants	Non-Europeans ...	18,24,700	21,15,943
	Europeans ...	2,31,798	2,20,591
Stipendiary grants	Non-Europeans ...	63,367	80,955
	Europeans ...	3,859	6,804
Building grants	Non-Europeans ...	1,65,856	2,06,888
	Europeans ...	47,805	1,43,029
Furniture, library, apparatus and other special grants.	Non-Europeans ...	4,53,939	86,765
	Europeans ...	44,125	19,832
Boarding grants—Europeans		1,10,858	1,20,060
Cadet grants—Europeans		3,990	4,332
Subsidy to aided training schools		10,654	—208
Endowment grant		500	1,460
Grants for hostels		271,956	2,01,442
Total	Non-Europeans ...	27,89,472	26,92,235
	Europeans ...	4,42,025	5,14,447
Total in one line		32,31,497	32,06,682
(ii) Grants to Local Boards.			
Net cost of secondary schools		3,814	...
Contribution to District Boards		13,07,994	14,37,881
Furniture grant		37,576	700
Total		13,49,884	14,38,581
(iii) Grants to Municipalities.			
Net cost of secondary schools		31,696	15,057
Contribution to municipalities		1,62,669	1,54,854
Grants for hostels		...	...
Furniture grant		28,806	...
Total		2,22,671	1,72,911
Grand total		48,03,552	48,18,174

(33)—Stipendiary grants from provincial funds.

Stipendiary grants in	1913-14.	1914-15.
	Rs.	Rs.
Training schools for masters	41,911	51,781
Do. for mistresses	24,315	29,174
Total ..	66,226	80,955

(34)—Grants-in-aid from district and municipal funds.

Grants-in-aid.	1913-14.	1914-15.
	Rs.	Rs.
(i) From District funds.		
Teaching grants to Elementary schools	1,044	1,021
Grants to technical schools (contribution)	1,044	1,021
Total ..	1,044	1,021
(ii) From Municipal funds.		
Teaching grants to elementary schools	73,201	61,163
Total ..	73,201	61,163

(35)—Distribution of provincial grants-in-aid by districts.

Districts.	Percentage, 1913-14.	Percentage, 1914-15.
Ganjam	3.23	3.44
Vizagapatam	4.42	5.77
Godavari	3.66	8.51
Kistna	5.60	5.32
Guntur	4.42	4.88
Kurnool	3.31	2.87
Bellary	2.34	2.48
Anantapur	2.10	1.98
Guddapah	1.33	1.96
Nellore	2.80	3.16
Madras	12.36	11.43
Chingleput	3.61	3.65
North Arcot	3.16	2.48
Chittoor	2.01	3.73
South Arcot	3.14	3.31
Tanjore	5.27	6.11
Tychinopoly	4.13	3.99
Madura	4.34	3.02
Ramanad	1.85	2.30
Tinnevely	6.02	5.38
Cotnamore	3.18	4.32
Salen	2.13	2.28
Nilgiris	1.64	1.50
Malabar	9.00	8.71
South Canara	3.71	3.12
Sanawar	0.02	0.02
Mysore	0.02	0.05
Total ..	100.00	100.00

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGIATE EDUCATION.

(36)—Summary of the results of the University examinations.

Examinations.	1913-14.			1914-15.		
	Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.	Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.
<i>Arts.</i>						
Master of Arts	111	58	52.2	199	87	43.7
New Regu- lations. { Preliminary—	114	104	91.2	120	104	86.7
{ Bachelor of Arts (Honours) Course	..	..	..	82	76*	22.7
{ English language division.	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ Final Examination	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ Bachelor of Arts Pass Course { Part I	410	279	68.0	502	372	62.3
{ Part II	394	275	69.4	579	289	49.9
Old Regu- lations. { English language divi- sion.	877	324	36.9	629	308	48.8
{ Second language divi- sion.	259	230	88.8	59	45	76.3
Intermediate Examination	629	309	49.1	625	230	36.8
{ Science division	2,969	1,159	39.0	3,749	1,030	27.5
<i>Law.</i>						
Master of Laws	14	1	7.1	11	1	9.0
Bachelor of Laws	467	210	45.0	454	192	42.3
First Examination in Law	550	229	41.6	562	289	47.9
<i>Engineering.</i>						
Bachelor of Engineering... { Civil	19	8	42.1	13	5	31.3
{ Mechanical	5	2	40.0	2	1	50.0
First Examination in Engineering	22	10	31.8	35	11	31.4
<i>Teaching.</i>						
Licentiate in Teaching (New Regulations)	131	123	93.9	143	131	91.6
Do. Practical (Old Regulations)	5	4	80.0	..	..	..
Total ..	6,988	3,325	..	7,857	3,151	..

* Excludes 3 candidates who have qualified for B.A. Pass Degree.

(37)—Results of the B.A. Degree examination (Old Regulations).

Subjects.	1913-14.			1914-15.		
	Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.	Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.
English language division	677	324	26.9	629	308	48.8
Second language division	259	230	88.8	59	45	76.3
{ Mathematics	117	62	52.8	89	13	20.2
{ Physics	132	51	38.6	97	28	28.8
Chemistry	19	2	10.5	19	10	52.6
Botany	8	2	25.0	1	..	..
Animal Physiology	1	1	100.0	16	7	43.7
Zoology	9	6	66.6	5	..	..
Geology	8	4	50.0	5	2	40.0
Mental and Moral Science	91	58	63.7	108	48	44.4
History	249	123	49.2	285	117	41.1

(38) Results of the B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination.

Subjects.		1914-15.		
		Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.
Part I.	Preliminary English Language	120	104	86.7
	(i) Mathematics	15	13	86.9
	(ii-a) Physical Science	7	5	71.4
	(ii-b) Physical Science	1	1	100.0
	(iii) Natural science	2	2	100.0
	(iii-a) Botany	3	3	100.0
	(iii-b) Zoology	...	...	...
	(iii-c) Geology	...	...	...
	(iii-d) Physiology	...	...	...
Part II.	(iv) Mental and Moral science	28	28	100.0
	(v) History and Economics	...	...	...
	(vi) Two languages other than English	20	18	90.0
	(vii) English Language and Literature	5	5	100.0
	(viii) Sanskrit Language and Literature	...	...	...
	(ix) Arabic Language and Literature	...	...	...

(39).—Results of the B.A. Degree Examination (New Regulations).

Subjects.		1913-14.			1914-15.		
		Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.	Examined.	Passed.	Percentage passed.
Part I.—English Language and Literature ...		410	279	68.0	592	372	62.8
(i) Mathematics		42	26	61.9	70	41	58.6
(ii-a) Physical Science		48	39	81.2	75	40	53.3
(ii-b) Physical Science		13	8	61.5	23	8	34.8
(iii) Natural Science		18	16	88.8	26	15	57.7
(iv) Logic Psychology and Ethics		49	39	79.5	68	58	85.3
(v) History and Economics		214	135	63.0	308	119	38.6
(vi) Two languages		12	12	100.0	9	8	88.9

(40)—Number and strength of Arts Colleges.

Number of Colleges.		—		31st March 1914.	31st March 1915.
11	First Grade.	{	Post-Graduate	49	...
			B.A. Honours course.	86	127 (a)
			Second "	122	120 (b)
			First "	117	154 (c)
21	Second Grade.	{	B.A. Pass course	897	793
			Fourth "	552	789
			Second "	1,681	1,771
			Intermediate course	1,593	1,654
32		{	Second "	1,013	1,200
			First "	1,810	1,491
Total ...				7,000	8,159
Number Matriculated ..				26	17

SECONDARY EDUCATION—BOYS.

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(43)—Number and strength of public secondary schools for boys.

	Number of schools.	Strength.										Total.
		Sixth form.	Fifth form.	Fourth form.	Third form.	Second form.	First form.	Fourth class.	Third class.	Second class.	First class.	
1913-14	332	7,839	7,511	9,406	11,952	18,800	16,487	17,682	13,885	7,454	5,067	115,425
					66,995				48,430			(a)
1914-15	333	8,567	8,042	10,209	12,837	14,579	17,958	18,809	14,971	7,558	5,185	123,140
					72,192				50,948			

(a) Of these, 1,240 were girls.

(44)—Number of public secondary schools for boys according to management.

Managing agencies.	Number of schools on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
Government schools	5	6
Board schools	22	22
Aided schools	62	62
Unaided schools	231	(a) 234
	12	(b) 9
Total	332	333

(a) Of these, 97 were under mission management.

(b) Of these, 2 were under mission management.

(45)—Number and strength of public secondary schools for boys according to districts.

Districts.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Strength.	Schools.	Strength.
Ganjām	11	3,916	11	4,126
Vizagapatam	16	4,369	16	5,275
Godāvari	19	6,390	18	7,032
Kistna	18	7,072	18	7,449
Guntūr	13	3,896	13	4,408
Karnool	3	1,050	3	1,228
Bellary	7	1,378	6	1,251
Anantapur	4	707	4	814
Cuddapah	5	813	4	996
Nellore	8	2,149	8	2,424
Madras	20	11,555	21	11,809
Chingleput	14	4,230	14	4,354
North Arcot	9	2,906	9	3,182
Chittoor	9	1,945	9	2,110
South Arcot	13	3,460	13	3,897
Tanjore	32	13,190	32	13,816
Trichinopoly	12	7,084	12	7,372
Madura	12	6,074	13	6,525
Rāmnād	12	3,863	12	4,063
Tinnevely	26	7,334	26	7,354
Coimbatore	13	4,845	14	5,107
Salem	4	1,397	4	1,940
Nilgiris	2	375	2	410
Malabar	37	10,224	37	10,853
South Canara	14	4,543	14	5,149
Total	332	115,425	333	123,140

(46)—Male pupils in public secondary schools.

Districts.	Male population of school-going age (census of 1911).	Male pupils in public secondary schools on the 31st March		Percentage of male pupils to male population of school-going age.	
		1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganjām	158,060	3,893	4,098	2.48	2.62
Vizagapatam	234,150	4,922	5,205	2.10	2.22
Godāvari	131,708	6,328	6,667	5.20	5.72
Kistna	149,220	7,030	7,407	4.71	4.96
Guntūr	128,482	3,895	4,332	3.03	3.41
Karnool	70,707	1,059	1,227	1.50	1.74
Bellary	78,488	1,373	1,350	1.55	1.70
Anantapur	74,092	707	814	0.95	1.10
Cuddapah	68,104	800	982	1.17	1.44
Nellore	92,752	1,033	2,304	2.10	2.31
Madras	38,850	11,639	11,010	29.83	42.10
Chingleput	105,619	4,190	4,337	3.97	4.10
North Arcot	145,432	2,892	3,173	1.99	2.18
Chittoor	94,385	1,945	2,111	2.09	2.24
South Arcot	175,851	3,400	3,488	1.97	1.98
Tanjore	168,359	13,040	13,725	7.75	8.15
Trichinopoly	153,341	7,068	7,358	4.61	4.80
Madura	141,881	6,068	6,508	4.27	4.59
Rāmnād	117,919	3,833	4,034	3.25	3.42
Tinnevely	129,811	7,314	7,335	5.64	6.04
Coimbatore	159,572	4,597	5,049	3.22	3.22
Salem	131,499	1,088	1,994	1.28	1.47
Nilgiris	373	410	415	4.45	4.75
Malabar	232,885	9,902	10,556	4.45	4.75
South Canara	86,675	4,530	5,093	5.23	5.88
Total	(a) 3,054,175	114,598	122,147	3.75	4.00

(a) Excludes 1,007 male population of school-going age in the Native State of Sandur.

(47)—Distribution of male pupils in public secondary schools according to the classes of the community to which they belonged.

Classes of the community.	Male pupils on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
Europeans and Eurasians	241	220
Indian Christians	10,090	10,595
Panchamas	500	819
Muhammadians	5,513	6,740
Brahmans	51,288	53,597
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	45,871	49,717
Buddhists	4	13
Parsis	13	11
Aborigines	24	4
Others	54	32
Total	114,598	122,147

(48)—Qualifications of teachers in public secondary schools for boys.

Classification of teachers.	On the 31st March 1914.		On the 31st March 1915.	
	Number of teachers.	Percentage.	Number of teachers.	Percentage.
Teachers holding—				
Non-Indian Diplomas	48	1.0	41	0.8
Professional certificates	2,983	83.0	3,104	62.0
General education certificates only	1,418	30.0	1,560	31.8
No certificate	289	6.0	299	5.9
Total ...	4,748	100.0	5,004	100.0

Note.—There were on the 31st March 1915, 342 drawing masters and 368 drill and gymnastic instructors and of the latter, 335 were trained men. There were also on the 31st March 1915, 80 Commercial and 6 Agricultural instructors.

(49)—Qualifications of teachers in public secondary schools for boys classified according to the grades of certificates.

Grades of certificates.	On the 31st March 1914.		On the 31st March 1915.	
	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.
Collegiate	784	397	810	404
Secondary	1,355	809	1,448	940
Elementary	884	212	840	216
Total ...	2,983	1,418	3,104	1,560

(50)—Expenditure in secondary schools for boys according to management.

Institutions.	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government	1,363	53,985	...	...	30,902	1,279	86,166
Board	22,788	18,057	57,420	60,781	4,51,044	3,995	5,91,297
Aided	93,755	2,26,226	1,000	...	18,74,261	4,37,688	25,39,155
Unaided	3,753	...	...	...	63,371	25,851	89,222
Total ...	121,669	2,98,268	58,420	60,781	24,19,608	4,68,763	33,05,840

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION—BOYS.

NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(51)—Public elementary schools for boys.

Classes of institutions.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number of schools.	Strength.	Number of schools.	Strength.
Elementary schools with standards above the fourth	207	31,851	229	35,799
Do. do. up to and including the fourth	3,944	801,660	4,028	817,355
Do. do. below the fourth	21,854	755,675	22,648	790,841
Total ...	26,005	1,088,686	28,905	(a) 1,143,995
Percentage of strength to male population of school-going age.	...	85.6	...	87.4

(a) Of these, 150,337 were girls.

(52)—Public elementary schools for boys.

Classes of institutions.	Number of schools.	Number of institutions			
		Having buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, choolies, etc.	Held in manager's or head-master's dwellings.
Elementary schools with standards above the fourth	229	181	46	2	...
Do. do. up to and including the fourth	4,028	2,310	1,407	178	133
Do. do. below the fourth	22,648	7,825	7,589	4,578	2,356
Total, 1914-15 ...	28,905	10,316	9,043	5,058	2,489
Total, 1913-14 ...	26,005	10,348	8,369	4,791	2,507

(53)—Public elementary schools for boys according to management.

Managing agencies.	Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.		Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.		Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.	
	1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Under public management.						
Government	4	556	7	1,133	117	7,288
Municipal Board	6	923	8	1,358	150	17,680
Local Board	79	12,817	90	14,784	1,806	138,164
Native States	1	103	...	...	...	...
Under private management.						
Aided	112	16,649 (e)	120	18,136	1,806	134,842
Unaided	5	300 (f)	4	395	65	3,908
Total ...	207	31,851	229	35,799	3,944	301,660

(a) Of these, 82 schools with 11,759 pupils were under mission management.

(b) Of these, 3 schools with 366 pupils were under mission management.

(c) Of these, 583 schools with 49,034 pupils were under mission management.

(d) Of these, 10 schools with 668 pupils were under mission management.

(e) Of these, 3,504 schools with 29,373 pupils were under mission management.

(f) Of these, 464 schools with 10,786 pupils were under mission management.

(54)—Details of Government elementary schools for boys.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Reformatory school, Chingleput	1	251	1	251
Practising sections of training schools for masters	30	3,054	30	3,113
Hill schools, Ganjam agency	94	4,001	98	4,029
Do. Vizagapatnam agency	12	314	12	310
Do. Godavari agency	30	1,118	35	1,324
Muhammadian elementary schools, Madras	12	834	12	898
Total	179	9,632	188	9,925

(55)—Public elementary night schools for boys according to management.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Government schools	17	600	18	560
Board do.	259	6,426	315	7,921
Unaided do.	149	3,344	132	2,532
Total	425	10,370	465	11,313

(56)—Male pupils in public elementary schools.

Districts.	Male population of school-going age (census of 1911).	Male pupils in public elementary schools on the 31st March		Percentage of male pupils to male population of school-age.	
		1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
		1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
Nilgiris	9,143	4,590	4,129	50.2	45.2
Tinnevely	129,811	55,512	57,755	43.5	44.5
Malabar	222,385	91,723	96,229	41.2	43.3
Madras	38,850	16,748	16,729	43.1	43.1
Guntur	128,482	51,271	52,281	39.9	40.7
Cuddapah	68,104	24,004	26,131	35.1	38.4
Kistna	149,220	54,400	54,199	36.5	36.3
Ganjam	156,690	54,459	55,019	34.8	35.8
Kurnool	70,707	23,282	25,234	32.9	35.7
Chingleput	105,619	34,698	37,598	32.9	35.6
Godavari	121,768	41,231	42,956	33.9	35.3
Tanjore	168,359	53,777	58,314	31.9	34.1
South Canara	86,575	29,949	29,117	34.6	33.6
Bellary	73,488	23,819	24,515	32.4	32.9
South Arcot	175,851	53,496	57,677	30.4	32.8
Ramanad	117,319	34,974	37,770	29.7	31.6
Nellore	99,752	27,789	30,110	27.8	30.2
North Arcot	145,432	39,887	43,784	27.4	30.1
Trichinopoly	153,341	42,245	43,802	27.6	28.6
Madras	141,831	37,156	40,136	26.2	28.3
Coimbatore	156,572	38,277	42,602	25.1	27.2
Anantapur	74,062	17,452	18,870	23.6	25.5
Chittoor	94,385	19,217	22,306	20.4	23.7
Salem	131,469	26,517	27,851	21.8	22.7
Vizagapatnam	234,150	50,401	51,285	21.5	21.9
Total	8,064,175	951,464	999,077	31.1	32.7

(a) Excludes 1,007 male population of school going age in the Native State of Sanur.

(57)—Extension of elementary education.

Districts.	Number of villages or groups of hamlets in close proximity having a population of more than 2,000.						Number of villages or groups of hamlets in close proximity provided with one or more schools.						Number of villages with a population of more than 2,000, which are unprovided with a school.					
	Less than 200.		200 to 500.		500 to 1,000.		Less than 200.		200 to 500.		500 to 1,000.		Less than 200.		200 to 500.		500 to 1,000.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tinnevely	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kurnool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatnam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ramanad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittoor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	7,584	7,009	8,235	17,478	6,065	4,332	2,051	479	80	57	25	3	212	...	...	...	...	...

(58)—Statement showing particulars of aided elementary schools for boys managed by teacher managers.

Districts.	Number of aided schools managed by teacher managers.	Number of trained teachers in such schools.	Number of such schools which received grant on account of efficiency of work.	Number of such schools which received diminished grant for bad work.	Number of villages in the district with a population of more than 1,000 that are not provided with an elementary board, or aided school.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganjām	1,086	181	106	471	14
Vizagapatam	827	153	226	415	140
Godāvari	269	40	40	83	48
Kistna	654	46	1	155	56
Guntur	840	177	88	265	21
Kurnool	320	31	21	224	44
Bellary	305	17	10	221	23
Anantapur	306	30	29	214	77
Cuddapah	432	40	65	169	18
Nellore	484	103	15	190	101
Madras	68	75	16	3	...
Chingleput	304	50	57	61	54
North Arcot	345	62	31	171	201
Chittoor	132	27	23	72	111
South Arcot	761	119	154	242	130
Tanjore	432	114	117	115	184
Trichinopoly	504	87	83	145	186
Madura	186	67	88	80	187
Rānānād	214	46	28	123	139
Tinnevely	350	127	33	162	85
Coimbatore	420	78	68	135	70
Salem	281	34	68	67	188
Nilgiris	...	...	...	7	...
Malabar	708	478	303	151	292
South Canara	158	105	16	79	144
Total ...	10,745	2,288	1,644	4,003	2,520

(59)—Qualifications of teachers in public elementary schools for boys.

Teachers holding—	Number of teachers on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
	1914.	1915.
Non-Indian diplomas	2	3
Professional certificates	14,326	14,750
General education certificates	23,152	24,797
No certificate	5,787	5,960
Total ...	43,267	45,216

(60)—Qualifications of teachers in public elementary schools for boys classified according to the grades of certificates.

	1913-14		1914-15.	
	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.
Collegiate	16	5	10	4
Secondary	171	175	167	208
Elementary	14,130	25,972	14,579	24,585
Total ...	14,326	23,152	14,756	24,797

(61)—Number of elementary schools for boys during the year 1914-15.

Managing agency.	Number of elementary schools at the beginning of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1914.	Number closed during the year.	Number newly opened during the year.	Number of secondary schools converted into elementary schools during the year.	Total number of elementary schools at the end of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1915.	Number of elementary school buildings constructed during the year and intended to provide accommodation for			
						Existing school.	Board schools at places where aided but no aided schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where aided elementary schools but no aided or board school formerly existed.	Board schools at places where any schools of any description, whether aided or not, formerly existed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Government	179	1	10	...	188	...	...	...	...
Municipal Board	444	2	32	...	474	36	...	...	...
Local Board	5,727	83	388	...	6,032	228	2	...	8
Aided	15,445	1,906	2,919	...	16,458	...	...	...	4
Unaided	4,209	3,405	2,652	...	3,753	...	...	...	...
Total ...	(a) 20,001	5,397	6,801	...	20,005	264	3	...	7

(a) Excludes four schools in the Native State of Sandur.

(62)—Part-time and night schools for boys.

Districts.	Number of part-time and night schools on the 31st March 1915.	Part-time schools.				Number taught by				Night schools.			
		Under public management.	Aided.		Unaided.	Total of part time schools.	Teachers who are also teachers of full time schools.	Teachers who are not also teachers of full time schools.	Teachers of night schools.	Others.	Number of schools taught by day school teachers.	Others.	Total-night schools.
			Mission.	Non-mission.									
Ganjām	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	18	20
Vizagapatam	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	16	17
Godāvari	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	43	51
Kistna	35	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	29
Guntur	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	19	20
Kurnool	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	8
Bellary	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12	14
Anantapur	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	13	14
Cuddapah	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	10
Madras	15	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	26	38
Chingleput	89	3	22	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	64
North Arcot	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	13	15
Chittoor	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Arcot	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	4
Tanjore	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	11
Trichinopoly	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rānād	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tinnevely	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coimbatore	38	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	8	26
Salem	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	27	38
Nilgiris	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	1
Malabar	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	471	7	85	2	...	44	3	...	41	73	354	427	

(63) Statement showing the number of elementary school (buildings boys') schools constructed during the year 1914-15.

Districts.		Number of elementary school buildings for boys' schools constructed by							
		Public agencies			Private agencies.				Total.
		Government	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.		Unaided.		
					Mission.	Non-mission.	Mission.	Non-mission.	
Ganjām	...	...	...	7	...	33	...	...	40
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	28
Gedavari	...	...	3	2	13	1	2	...	21
Kistna	...	...	...	2	14	10	21	3	54
Guntur	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5
Kurnool	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	7
Bellary	...	...	...	4	9	...	...	...	13
Anantapur	...	...	...	2	15	...	1	...	18
Canadaph	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	...	18
Nellore	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	15
Madras	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5
Chingleput	...	...	...	2	13	2	4	3	24
North Arcot	...	...	...	1	6	3	2	1	12
Chittoor	...	...	...	10	2	1	...	...	13
South Arcot	...	...	...	4	12	8	11	1	33
Tanjore	...	...	...	1	3	...	11	...	17
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	1	5	1	10	1	24
Madure	...	...	...	9	3	7	3	5	27
Rāmād	...	...	2	4	...	7	...	...	13
Timaveley	...	...	...	2	4	3	...	1	10
Colanabatore	...	...	...	20	2	...	4	...	26
Salem	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	8
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8
Malabar	...	...	...	6	13	1	32	...	52
South Canara	...	...	...	5	26	4	4	...	77
Total	...	3	40	234	42	170	16	66	571

(64)—*Expenditure in elementary schools for boys according to management.*

Institutions.	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government Board	9,621	1,26,423			3,412	18	1,30,243
Government	378,560		19,62,213	2,78,114	1,71,763	3,283	23,54,964
Aided	633,751	14,61,913	21	47,945	4,46,593	6,73,617	23,38,080
Unaided	85,742				1,08,964	87,514	1,96,478
Total	1,117,674	15,88,336	19,62,239	3,26,059	5,73,232	7,67,413	53,17,279

SPECIAL EDUCATION.

(65)—Statement showing the number of students studying each subject of the technical, art, industrial and commercial group on the 31st March.

		1914.	1915.	
<i>Art education—</i>				
Drawing		1,049		372
Design		12		8
Printing		127		25
Modeling		10		5
Geometrical Drawing		12	1,210	40
Wood Engraving				13
<i>Technical education—</i>				
Civil Engineering		27		6
Mechanical Engineering		154		...
Electrical Engineering and Telegraphy		98	270	41
<i>Industrial education—</i>				
Wood Engraving		...		
Jewellers' Work		23		22
Printing, Book-binding, etc.		251		...
Wood Work		747		47
Metal Work		...		...
{ Cotton-weaving		89		26
{ Carpet-weaving		180		86
{ Lace-making		47		7
Textiles		517		98
{ White Embroidery		...		...
{ Tape-making		...		...
{ Hand-knitting		...		...
{ Embroidery		164		104
Tailoring and Dress-making		129		80
Agriculture		13	2,140	420
<i>Commercial education—</i>				
Book-keeping		258		267
Commercial Correspondence		245		166
Banking		127		63
Commercial Geography		52		42
Shorthand		381		382
Type-writing		688	1,651	549
		...	5,280	2,333

NOTE.—The large decrease in the number against each of the subjects under (Art, Technical and Industrial education is due to the transfer of Industrial schools to the control of the Director of Industries.

(66)—*Number and strength of schools for special education.*

Classes of institutions.				1913-14.		1914-15.	
				Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.
(A) Training schools—							
(i) Training schools for masters	...	...	...	54	3,780	56	3,975
(ii) Training schools for mistresses	...	...	...	23	466	23	645
(iii) Seasonal schools	...	...	...	1	19	1	23
(B) Technical, industrial or art schools—				43	831	46	875
(i) Higher-class technical, industrial or art schools, teaching subjects coming under two or more groups of the Technical examination scheme	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	9	704	7	659
(ii) Higher-class technical, industrial or art schools, teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical examination scheme.	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	11	888	...	...
(iii) Lower-class technical, industrial or art schools, teaching standards A to D according to the curriculum laid down in the Madras Educational Rules	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	1	101	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	86	1,155	32	935
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	1	22	1	60
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	14	695	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	12	409	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
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	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical.	{ Non-European. Europeans	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial.</						

(67)—Strength of training schools for masters arranged according to the classes of the community to which they belonged.

Classes.	1914.	1915.
Europeans and Eurasians	611	743
Indian Christians	173	121
Panchamas	303	292
Muhammadans	1,349	1,517
Brahmans	1,323	1,273
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	9	9
Buddhists	...	...
Parsis	6	23
Aborigines	1	1
Others	...	...
Total ...	3,780	3,979

(68)—Strength of training schools for masters distributed according to districts.

Districts.	Scholars.	
	1914.	1915.
Ganjām	168	165
Vizagapatam	220	220
Godāvari	307	348
Kistna	87	110
Guntūr	309	359
Kuraoōl	111	118
Bellary	97	121
Anantapur	65	88
Caddāpah	90	78
Nellore	215	190
Madras	232	250
Chingleput	139	143
North Arcot	100	86
Chittoor	59	83
South Arcot	220	190
Tanjore	145	163
Trichinopoly	107	164
Madura	160	171
Bamādā	...	...
Tinnevely	231	232
Coimbatore	140	111
Salēm	59	84
Nilgiris	...	23
Malabar	369	346
South Canara	89	133
Total ...	3,780	3,979

(69)—Qualifications of teachers in training schools for masters.

	1914.	1915.
Teachers holding—		
Non-Indian diplomas	1	...
Professional certificates	184	184
General education certificates	14	14
No certificate	1	4
Total ...	200	202

(70)—Qualifications of teachers in training schools for masters classified according to the grade of certificate.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.
Collegiate	53	1	59	2
Secondary	109	10	102	11
Elementary	22	3	23	1
Total ...	184	14	184	14

(71)—Strength of training schools for mistresses arranged according to the classes of the community to which they belonged.

Classes.	1914.		1915.	
	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.
Europeans and Eurasians	43	19	67	23
Indian Christians	339	...	496	...
Panchamas	1	...	1	...
Muhammadans	25	...	33	...
Brahmans	19	...	2	...
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	38	...	47	...
Buddhists	...	...	...	...
Parsis	...	...	...	...
Aborigines	...	...	...	...
Others	...	...	...	...
Total ...	466	19	646	23

(72)—Strength of training schools for mistresses arranged according to districts.

Districts.	Scholars.			
	1914.		1915.	
	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.
Godāvari	39	...	38	...
Kistna	...	...	13	...
Guntūr	45	...	43	...
Nellore	18	...	42	...
Madras	119	19	168	23
Chittoor	14	...	10	...
Tanjore	22	...	63	...
Trichinopoly	31	...	50	...
Madura	17	...	28	...
Tinnevely	59	...	60	...
Coimbatore	29	...	25	...
Malabar	28	...	18	...
South Canara	44	...	68	...
Total ...	466	19	646	23

(73)—Qualifications of teachers in training schools for mistresses.

	1914.		1915.	
	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.
Teachers holding—				
Non-Indian diplomas	10	1	8	1
Professional certificates	65	3	92	1
General education certificates	4	...	6	1
No certificate	4	...	5	...
Total ...	83	4	111	3

(74)—Qualifications of teachers in training schools for mistresses classified according to the grade of certificate.

	1914.				1915.			
	Professional certificates.		General education certificates.		Professional certificates.		General education certificates.	
	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.
Collegiate	11	...	2	...	20	...	...	1
Secondary	1	3	...	...	53	1	4	...
Elementary	17	...	...	...	19	2	...	...
Total ...	65	3	4	...	92	1	6	1

(75)—Sessional schools at work during 1914-15.

Districts.	Number of sessional schools at work during the year.	Number of teachers admitted.	Number who completed the course.
Ganjām	10	137	122
Vizagapatam	2	25	25
Gōdvārī	...	75	75
Kistna	6	142	137
Guntūr	4	86	83
Kurnool	5	65	60
Bellary	6	81	81
Anantapur	4	69	50
Cuddapah	4	83	88
Nellore	8	173	117
Madras	...	...	...
Chingleput	6	84	74
North Arcot	2	54	47
Chittoor	2	39	39
South Arcot	2	190	187
Tanjore	6	105	71
Trichinopoly	4	73	73
Madurai	2	42	42
Ramanad	4	82	75
Tinnevely	12	60	...
Coimbatore	5	100	69
Salem	5	105	70
Nilgiris	...	...	...
Malabar	3	61	58
South Canara	1	26	26
Total, 1914-15 ...	104	1,948	1,619
Total, 1913-14 ...	88	1,770	1,461

(76)—Number and strength of higher class technical, industrial or art schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical Examination scheme.

	1913-14.				1914-15.			
	Non-Europeans.		Europeans.		Non-Europeans.		Europeans.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
<i>Technical schools.</i>								
Schools of arts (music)	1	30	1	22	1	10	1	50
Schools of arts (drawing)	6	157	...	...	5	103	...	...
Schools of electrical engineering	2	13	...	...	1	12	...	...
Schools of commerce	27	953	...	...	25	777	...	...
<i>Industrial schools.</i>								
Schools of civil and mechanical engineering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of wood work	3	138	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of agriculture	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of printing	2	242	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of tailoring and dress-making	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of textile industries	8	304	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	50	1,843	1	22	32	902	1	50

(77)—Number of pupils in technical, industrial or art schools arranged according to the community to which they belonged.

	1914.				1915.			
	Technical.		Industrial.		Technical.		Industrial.	
	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.	Non-Europeans.	Europeans.
Europeans and Eurasians	25	20	18	86	30	47	...	...
Indian Christians	120	...	1,092	15	101	...	...	...
Panchamas	29	...	50	...	34	...	...	...
Muhammadians	101	...	291	...	150	...	...	...
Brahmans	828	...	84	...	807	...	...	...
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	749	2	496	...	622	3	...	...
Buddhists	2	...	...	...	9	...	...	...
Parsis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aborigines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others	3	...	3	...	2	...	...	...
Total ...	1,857	22	2,002	101	1,561	50	...	...

(75)—Qualifications of teachers in technical, industrial or art schools.

	Higher class schools teaching subjects coming under two or more groups of the Technical Examination scheme.				Higher class schools teaching subjects coming under only one group of the Technical Examination scheme.			
	Technical.		Industrial.		Technical.		Industrial.	
	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.
Teachers educated in Europe	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
Teachers graduated in science	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the advanced Technical examinations	18	...	...	...	18	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the intermediate Technical examinations	17	...	...	...	28	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the elementary Technical examinations	4	...	...	...	9	...	...	...
Teachers holding no certificate	8	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
Total, 1914-15 ..	48	...	...	...	62	1	...	...
Total, 1913-14 ...	52	...	69	4	75	1	44	...

	Lower class schools.				Total.			
	Technical.		Industrial.		Technical.		Industrial.	
	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.	Non-Euro-peans.	Euro-peans.
Teachers educated in Europe	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
Teachers graduated in science	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the advanced Technical examinations	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the intermediate Technical examinations	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...
Teachers who have passed the elementary Technical examinations	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...
Teachers holding no certificate	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...
Total, 1914-15 ...	...	...	...	...	110	1	...	...
Total, 1913-14 ...	...	...	29	...	127	1	132	4

(79)—Expenditure in training schools for masters according to management.

Institutions.	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From Local Funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government	3,040	4,73,783	1,577	2,280	...	575	4,78,215
Board	857	...	90,928	50	...	58	91,036
Aided	816	75,371	36	...	155	48,866	1,25,528
Unaided	59	...	...	...	...	2,434	2,434
Total ...	4,772	5,50,154	92,541	2,330	155	52,033	6,97,213

(80)—Expenditure in training schools for mistresses according to management.

Institutions.	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.	From Fees.	From other sources.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government	317	93,162	...	...	80	25	93,267
Aided	412	53,556	...	...	655	40,320	94,531
Total ...	729	1,46,718	...	...	735	40,345	1,87,798

(81)—Expenditure in technical, industrial or art schools.

	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From Local funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1913-14	3,657	1,36,240	...	1,005	18,333	2,70,806	4,27,384
1914-15*	1,578	1,09,297	...	1,583	18,553	18,407	1,47,845

* Excludes the expenditure in Industrial schools.

FEMALE EDUCATION—NON-EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

(82).--General condition of female education in Non-European schools on the 31st March.

Year.	Number of Non-European schools for girls.		Number of pupils reading in Non-European schools for girls.	
	Public.	Private.	Public.	Private.
1913-14	1,511	132	117,865	4,533
1914-15	(a) 1,580	125	126,902	4,630

(a) Of these, 210 were maintained by Government, 33 by Municipal Board, 399 by Local Board, 835 were aided and 103 were unaided schools.

Note.—(i) Including girls reading in Non-European boys' schools and excluding boys reading in Non-European girls' schools there were on the 31st March 1915, 292,411 girls under instruction in both public (Non-European) and private schools.

(ii) The number of girls reading in Non-European boys' schools alone was 167,086 on the 31st March 1915

(83)—*Female scholars in Non-European schools (public and private) under instruction.*

District.	Female population of school-age (cents of 1911).	Female scholars in Non-European schools on the 31st March.		Percentage of scholars to population of school age.	
		1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
Ganjām	176,475	7,199	7,694	4.1	4.4
Vizagapatam	244,086	11,226	11,738	4.6	4.8
Gondwari	126,035	17,715	18,518	14.1	14.7
Kistna	150,368	26,070	27,783	17.3	18.4
Guntūr	126,117	19,037	21,555	15.6	16.9
Karnool	69,661	4,854	5,635	8.0	8.1
Bellary	71,729	3,595	3,836	4.9	5.5
Anantapur	70,311	3,458	4,046	4.9	5.8
Oddupah	65,987	4,738	4,759	6.8	7.2
Nellore	99,357	8,588	9,572	9.0	9.6
Madras	36,770	13,220	12,765	36.0	34.7
Chingleput	104,863	8,904	8,947	8.5	8.5
North Arcot	145,558	9,117	10,638	6.1	7.2
Chittoor	91,383	4,131	5,376	5.2	5.9
South Arcot	178,410	9,606	10,949	5.4	6.1
Tanjore	185,878	17,269	18,537	9.3	10.0
Trichinopoly	162,585	9,434	10,267	5.8	6.3
Madurai	147,920	7,036	7,815	4.8	5.0
Ramanik	130,884	6,443	7,071	4.9	5.4
Tinnevely	138,723	19,068	19,095	13.8	13.8
Coimbatore	160,728	8,620	9,609	5.5	6.2
Salem	139,410	5,781	6,948	4.3	4.9
Nilgiris	7,585	1,377	1,870	17.3	17.7
Malabar	225,940	37,437	40,538	16.3	17.9
South Canara	92,534	8,962	9,188	9.7	9.9
Total	(a) 3,150,501	373,880	392,411	8.7	9.3

(a) Excludes 1,022 female population of school going age in the Native State of Sandur.

(84)—*Number and strength of arts colleges for Non-European women.*

	1913-14.	1914-15.
Palamcottah Sarah Tucker College	14	19
Rāyapuram U.F.C.M. College	14	13
The Madras College for Women	...	33
Total ...	28	65

Note.—There were besides 39 female students studying in the Non-European colleges intended for men—25 in the Presidency College, 3 each in the Trichinopoly S.P.G., Tellichery Brethren and Calicut Basel German Mission Colleges, 2 in the Guntur A.E.L.M. College and 1 each in the Trichinopoly St. Joseph's, Salem Municipal and Cochin P.R. Colleges.

(85)—*Number and strength of Non-European public secondary schools for girls.*

Year.	Number schools.	Number of pupils.											
		Sixth form.	Fifth form.	Fourth form.	Third form.	Second form.	First form.	Fourth class.	Third class.	Second class.	First class.	Infant class.	Total.
1918-14	38	123	142	206	344	421	592	708	727	764	666	1,254	5,947
1914-15	38	143	169	189	351	450	613	730	796	728	773	1,359	6,288

(86)—*Number and strength of Non-European public secondary schools for girls according to management.*

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Government	5	905	5	1,161
Aided	33	5,042	(a) 33	5,127
Unaided	...	...	...	...
Total	38	5,947	38	6,288

(a) All these were under mission management

(87)—*Distribution of scholars in Non-European public secondary schools for girls according to the classes of community to which they belonged.*

	Scholars on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
Europeans and Eurasians	83	87
Indian Christians	3,792	3,806
Panchamas	27	26
Muhammedans	14	31
Brahmins	942	938
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	1,425	1,421
Buddhists	...	...
Parsees	8	7
Aborigines	1	1
Others	13	1
Total	5,947	6,288

(88)—Number of girls in Non-European public secondary schools on the 31st March 1915.

Districts.	Girls.	Districts.	Girls.
Ganjām	28	Tanjore	101
Visagapatam	206	Trichinopoly	685
Godavari	65	Madura	137
Kistna	41	Ramanad	39
Guntur	86	Tinnevely	849
Kurnool	1	Coimbatore	414
Bellary	1	Salem	6
Cuddapah	14	Nilgiris	108
Nellore	180	Malabar	1,183
Madras	1,848	South Canara	955
Chingleput	37		
North Arcot	162	Total, 1914-15	7,281
Chittoor	106		
South Arcot	9	Total, 1913-14	6,774

(89)—Non-European public secondary schools for girls classified according to accommodation.

	Number of institutions.	Number of institutions			
		Having buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, choultrys, temples or other public places.	Held in managers' or head-masters' dwellings.
Government	5	2	3	...	...
Aided	(a) 32	31	...	...	1
Total, 1914-15	(a) 37	33	3	...	1
Total, 1913-14	(a) 37	35	2	...	...

(a) Excludes one Home Education class.

(90)—Public elementary schools for girls.

Managing agencies.	Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth.				Elementary schools with standards below the fourth.			
	1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government	97	15,443	99	16,183	74	7,092	74	6,999	25	1,470	22	1,459
Municipal Board	4	747	4	677	4	565	8	774	19	1,141	21	1,498
Local Board	2	353	3	484	3	3,379	58	4,952	315	15,823	338	19,521
Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	139	17,846	(a) 141	18,988	310	26,669	(c) 316	26,977	325	15,714	(e) 329	16,437
Unaided	4	352	(b) 3	802	16	1,885	(d) 16	1,400	67	2,522	(f) 85	3,422
Total	239	34,547	250	36,554	445	39,134	471	41,102	751	36,670	708	42,277

(a) Of these, 114 schools with 14,379 pupils were under mission management.

(b) All these were under mission management.

(c) Of these 297 schools with 21,480 pupils were under mission management.

(d) do. 9 do. 699 do. do.

(e) do. 142 do. 6,756 do. do.

(f) do. 24 do. 780 do. do.

(91)—Number of elementary schools for girls.

Managing agencies.	Number of elementary schools at the beginning of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1914.	Number closed during the year.	Number newly opened during the year.	Number of secondary schools converted into elementary schools during the year.	Total number of elementary schools at the end of the year, viz., on the 31st March 1914.	Number of elementary school buildings constructed during the year and intended to provide accommodation for				
						Existing schools.	Board schools at places where aided elementary schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where unaided elementary schools formerly existed.	Board schools at places where no aided elementary schools formerly existed.	Board schools of any description, whether aided or unaided, or added or formerly existed.
Government	196	1	...	...	195	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal Board	28	...	...	...	38	5	...	...	...	...
Local Board	356	...	4	...	369	17	...	...	...	...
Aided	767	44	62	1	786	...	...	...	...	...
Unaided	87	58	74	...	103	...	...	...	...	...
Total	(a) 1,434	104	185	1	1,616	22	...	...	...	...

(a) Excludes one school in the Native State of Sandur.

(92)—Distribution of pupils in Non-European public elementary schools for girls according to race or creed.

Classes of community.	Number of scholars on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
Europeans and Eurasians	8	21
Indian Christians	14,814	15,166
Panchamas	2,438	2,670
Muhammadians	8,933	9,595
Brahmans	21,885	22,348
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	63,340	70,111
Buddhists	2	6
Parsis	2	4
Aborigines	...	53
Others	28	89
Total	110,351	119,963

(93)—Public elementary schools for girls classified according to accommodation.

Managing agencies.	Number of institutions.	Number of institutions			
		Having buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, choultrys, temples or other public places.	Held in Managers' or Head-masters' dwellings.
Government	195	70	125	...	...
Municipal Board	33	3	30	...	...
Local Board	339	40	349	10	...
Native States	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	(a) 785	500	224	21	40
Unaided	103	50	34	12	7
Total, 1914-15	(a) 1,515	683	762	43	47
Total, 1913-14	1,435	648	711	37	36

(a) Excludes one Home Education class.

(94)—Girls in public elementary schools according to districts.

Districts.	Girls of school-age (census of 1911).	Number of girls on the 31st March in public elementary schools.		Percentage of girls to population of school-age.	
		1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
Madras	36,770	10,769	10,546	29.3	28.7
Kistna	150,368	24,880	26,503	16.5	17.6
Guntur	126,117	19,148	20,121	15.2	16.0
Nalgonda	7,355	1,240	1,255	15.7	15.8
Nilgiris	229,040	30,540	33,963	13.3	14.8
Malabar	126,035	17,267	18,150	13.7	14.4
Godavari	188,723	16,532	16,697	11.9	12.0
Tinnevely	99,387	8,584	8,271	8.7	9.5
Nellore	92,534	7,580	7,556	8.2	8.3
South Canara	104,863	8,434	8,534	8.0	8.1
Chingleput	185,878	14,030	15,121	7.5	8.1
Tanjore	69,501	4,573	5,541	6.6	8.0
Kurnool	65,687	4,088	4,892	6.2	7.1
Cuddapah	148,558	8,133	8,958	5.6	6.0
North Arcot	178,410	9,270	10,137	5.2	5.7
South Arcot	70,311	3,849	3,860	4.9	5.7
Anantapur	91,833	4,462	5,143	4.9	5.6
Chittoor	150,726	7,793	8,884	4.8	5.5
Coimbatore	* 71,720	3,568	3,913	4.9	5.6
Bellary	152,535	8,247	8,861	5.1	5.5
Trichinopoly	244,026	11,080	11,507	4.5	4.7
Vinayakavaram	133,418	5,628	5,933	4.2	4.4
Salem	147,620	6,088	6,519	4.1	4.4
Madura	176,475	7,138	7,608	4.0	4.3
Ganjam	130,834	4,389	5,387	3.8	4.1
Ramanad					
Total ...	* 8,150,501	247,573	264,881	7.9	8.4

* Excludes 1,022 female population of school-going age in the Native State of Sander.

(95)—Girls in public elementary schools classified according to the classes of the community to which they belonged.

Classes of community.	On the 31st March 1914.	On the 31st March 1915.
Europeans and Eurasians	83	23
Indian Christians	32,813	32,889
Panchamas	15,866	17,711
Muhammadians	20,239	23,525
Brahmins	42,087	43,027
Non-Brahman Caste Hindus	136,089	147,081
Buddhists	12	26
Parsis	2	4
Aborigines	253	386
Others	139	206
Total ...	247,573	264,881

(96)—Female pupils in public Non-European secondary and elementary schools in the different classes or forms or standards on the 31st March.

Classes.	1914.	1915.
<i>Non-European secondary schools.</i>		
Sixth form	129	151
Fifth form	148	168
Fourth form	219	198
Third form	374	388
Second form	456	501
First form	674	704
Fourth class	819	871
Third class	887	932
Second class	918	876
First class	771	903
Infant class	1,379	1,545
Total ...	6,774	7,321
<i>Non-European elementary schools.</i>		
Seventh standard	435	423
Sixth standard	666	757
Fifth standard	1,519	1,592
Fourth standard	6,446	6,518
Third standard	17,162	18,846
Second standard	29,243	30,834
First standard	47,374	49,987
Infant standard	144,729	155,944
Total ...	247,573	264,881
Grand total ...	254,347	272,162

(97)—Home education classes under zenana agencies.

Names of institutions.	Sixth form.	Fifth form.	Fourth form.	Third form.	Second form.	First form.	Fourth class.	Third class.	Second class.	First class.	Infant class.	Total.
<i>Secondary Schools.</i>												
Madras United Free Church Mission Home Education class				1		3	4	9	5	5	2	29

(98)—Qualifications of teachers in public secondary and elementary schools for girls for Non-Europeans

	Number of teachers on the 31st March 1914.	Number of teachers on the 31st March 1915.
Teachers holding—		
Non-Indian diplomas	76	72
Professional certificates	2,337	2,568
General education certificates	1,569	1,836
No certificate	349	580
Total ...	4,331	5,256

(99)—Qualifications of teachers in public secondary and elementary schools for girls for Non-Europeans classified according to the grades of certificates.

Grades of certificates.	1914.		1915.	
	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.	Professional certificates.	General education certificates.
Collegiate	39	21	41	23
Secondary	262	80	290	104
Elementary	2,636	1,468	2,662	1,678
Total ...	2,937	1,569	2,993	1,805

(100)—Statement showing particulars of aided elementary schools for girls managed by teacher managers.

Districts.	Number of aided schools managed by teacher managers.	Number of trained teachers in such schools.	Number of such schools which received extra grant on account of efficiency of work.	Number of such schools which received diminished grant for bad work.	Number of villages in the districts with a population of more than 1,000 that are not provided with one elementary board or aided school.
Ganjām ...	18	5	...	5	138
Vinayapatnam ...	8	2	...	...	...
Gondwari ...	17	5	...	...	49
Kistna ...	20	1	1	2	...
Guntur ...	3	...	...	...	...
Kurnool ...	5	...	1	...	...
Bellary ...	2	1	...	...	60
Nellore ...	...	...	...	...	379
Madras ...	3	6	3	...	24
Chingleput ...	3	2	...	...	114
North Arcot ...	5	2	2	...	184
Tanjore ...	3	1	...	...	...
Trichinopoly ...	1	1	...	...	628
Madura ...	3	2	1	...	874
Ramanid ...	1	1	...	...	91
Tinnevely ...	8	1	...	6	...
Coimbatore ...	4	4	4	...	636
Balam ...	2	...	...	1	33
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	432
Malabar ...	61	41	19	8	...
Total ...	165	79	33	23	2,962

(101)—Statement showing the number of elementary school buildings girls' (schools.) constructed during the year 1914-15.

District.	Under public management.			Under private management.				Total.
	Government.	Municipal Board.	Local Board.	Aided.		Unaided.		
				Mission.	Non-Mission.	Mission.	Non-Mission.	
Ganjām	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	
Bellary	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	
Anantapur	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	
Nellore	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	
Madras	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	
North Arcot	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	
Chittoor	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	
South Arcot	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Tinnevely	...	2	3	...	...	...	5	
Coimbatore	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	
Malabar	...	2	1	1	6	...	10	
South Canara	...	...	6	1	...	...	7	
Total	1	5	17	6	6	...	45	

(102)—Expenditure in girls' schools according to management.

Institutions.	Average number on the rolls.	From Provincial funds.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total.
Government ...	24,873	Rs. 2,79,282	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 10,242	Rs. 578	Rs. 2,90,050
Board ...	...	26,487	1,76,974	28,541	514	489	2,00,518
Aided ...	65,397	2,86,558	...	13,218	65,213	3,46,446	7,12,438
Unaided ...	4,784	...	...	...	3,166	19,381	22,247
Total ...	121,491	5,65,700	1,76,974	36,769	80,138	3,66,592	12,25,253

EUROPEAN EDUCATION.

(103)—Institutions wholly or chiefly intended for Europeans.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Secondary schools for boys	12	1,630	12	1,738
Do. for girls	20	2,100	19	1,881
Primary schools for boys	13	1,540	14	1,641
Do. for girls	18	1,515	17	1,837
Training school for mistresses	13	792	12	811
Special schools for boys	8	420	11	539
Do. for girls	1	19	1	23
Total ...	87	8,139	87	8,080

(104)—Institutions chiefly intended for Europeans according to management.

Classes of institutions.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Government ...	2	430	2	415
Aided ...	85	7,709	(a) 85	7,865
Total ...	87	8,139	87	8,080

(a) Of these 85 schools with 5,732 pupils were under mission management.

[Note.—The figure 62 in the last year's report is a mistake for "59,"]

(105)—Railway schools.

	Number on rolls on the 31st March	
	1914.	1915.
Boys' schools—		
Raichur ...	28	24
Guntakal ...	40	35
Bitragunta ...	66	77
Perambur ...	80	83
Arkonam ...	58	60
Pakala ...	30	31
Podanur ...	82	108
Saramangalam ...	38	46
Jalarpet ...	73	79
(a) Rajahmundry ...	45	65
(a) Gooty ...	35	45
(a) Katpadi ...	19	15
(a) Tanjore ...	44	45
Total of boys' schools ...	627	703
Girls' schools—		
Negapattam ...	65	57
(a) Madura ...	68	74
Vilupuram ...	106	114
(a) Donakonda ...	...	19
Total of girls' schools ...	239	264

(a) Primary schools.

(106)—European scholars in public schools in the different stages of instruction.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men (Non-Europeans) ...	34	18	42	13
Do. do. (Europeans) ...	...	...	...	13
Do. for women (Non-Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...
Do. do. (Europeans) ...	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges ...	18	14	1	1
Secondary schools for boys for Non-Europeans ...	237	1	215	2
Do. for girls do. ...	4	79	5	82
Elementary schools for boys do. ...	205	56	103	15
Do. for girls do. ...	1	7	10	11
High schools for boys for Europeans ...	1,396	178	1,436	224
Do. for girls do. ...	201	1,232	207	1,324
Middle schools for boys do. ...	1,289	725	1,175	622
Do. for girls do. ...	313	1,117	304	921
Primary schools for boys do. ...	385	364	394	379
Do. for girls do. ...	166	243	195	329
Training schools for masters ...	...	...	...	...
Do. for mistresses { Non-Europeans ...	...	43	...	...
{ Europeans ...	...	19	...	23
Other special schools { Non-Europeans ...	81	10	24	12
{ Europeans ...	5	101	1	46
Total ...	4,285	4,193	4,125	4,153

(107)—Qualifications of teachers employed in European schools for general education.

	Number of teachers	
	1913-14.	1914-15.
Teachers holding—		
Non-Indian diplomas ...	66	59
Professional certificates ...	387	383
General education certificates ...	110	119
No certificate ...	50	72
Total ...	613	618

(108)—Expenditure in European schools.

Expenditure from	Expenditure in		Percentage to total expenditure.	
	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.
Provincial funds ...	Rs. 5,35,860	Rs. 6,01,985	41.89	41.72
Fees ...	2,04,047	2,00,031	15.77	13.86
Other sources ...	5,54,316	6,40,907	42.34	44.42
Total ...	12,93,623	14,42,923	100.00	100.00

MUHAMMADAN EDUCATION.

(109)—Institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Public secondary schools ...	4	909	5	1,085
Public elementary schools ...	1,392	81,280	1,435	86,493
Public special schools ...	12	609	10	296
Private schools ...	1,031	41,867	1,085	42,676
Total ...	2,439	124,665	2,635	130,625

(110)—Institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Public institutions—				
Secondary schools { for boys ...	4	909	5	1,085
{ for girls ...	...	...	...	...
Elementary schools { for boys ...	1,398	72,826	1,279	76,005
{ for girls ...	154	8,454	163	9,803
Training schools { for masters ...	7	247	8	263
{ for mistresses ...	2	26	2	33
Other special schools { for boys ...	3	398	...	...
{ for girls ...	...	...	...	...
Total of public institutions ...	1,408	82,798	1,450	87,849
Private institutions—				
Advanced schools { for boys ...	118	6,021	143	6,724
teaching Arabic or Persian { for girls ...	...	...	1	36
Elementary schools { for boys ...	817	32,499	840	32,408
teaching Quran { for girls ...	96	3,947	101	3,508
Total of private institutions ...	1,031	41,867	1,085	42,676
Grand Total ...	2,439	124,665	2,635	130,625

(111)—Institutions chiefly intended for Muhammadans classified according to management.

Classes of institutions.	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government ...	62	4,703	65	4,912
Board ...	777	46,616	821	50,642
Aided ...	487	28,222	463	27,483
Unaided ...	82	3,257	101	4,612
Total ...	1,408	82,798	1,450	87,849

(112)—Distribution of Muhammadan pupils (public and private) in all schools by districts.

Districts.	Muhammadan population of school-age (census of 1911).			Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1915.			Percentage of scholars on the 31st March 1915 to population of school-age (census of 1911).		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Ganjām ...	422	401	823	489	142	631	115.8	35.4	76.7
Tanjore ...	8,558	11,098	19,656	11,258	3,219	14,477	131.6	29.0	78.7
Vinayapatam ...	1,748	1,853	3,601	1,754	751	2,485	100.3	39.9	69.4
Godavari ...	2,008	2,048	4,054	1,568	789	2,347	92.6	38.5	65.3
North Arcot ...	8,480	9,206	17,686	8,227	2,551	10,778	97.0	27.7	60.9
Salem ...	3,833	3,181	6,514	2,898	973	3,969	89.9	30.6	60.9
Trichinopoly ...	4,732	5,181	9,913	4,529	1,297	5,706	95.7	24.1	58.6
Coimbatore ...	3,269	3,198	6,465	3,012	595	3,607	92.1	18.6	55.8
Tinnevely ...	7,028	5,793	12,821	6,916	1,595	8,511	88.4	18.1	53.8
Madras ...	4,647	4,228	8,875	3,804	677	4,481	84.0	16.0	51.6
Chingleput ...	2,448	2,293	4,741	2,045	365	2,430	83.5	19.8	51.3
Kistna ...	5,856	5,254	10,610	3,791	1,590	5,381	70.7	30.3	50.7
South Arcot ...	5,038	5,010	10,048	3,873	1,199	5,072	76.9	23.9	50.5
Bāmad ...	7,505	10,528	18,033	7,044	1,773	8,817	88.9	16.8	48.9
Nilgiris ...	560	322	882	333	36	419	59.5	20.7	47.5
Madras ...	5,574	5,910	11,484	4,307	887	5,234	76.9	14.1	45.6
Chittoor ...	4,625	4,252	8,877	2,799	731	3,530	60.5	17.2	39.8
Anantapur ...	6,171	5,836	12,007	3,659	880	4,539	59.3	16.8	38.6
Guntur ...	8,029	8,602	17,691	5,273	1,450	6,723	59.1	16.7	35.3
Cuddapah ...	7,609	7,258	14,867	4,870	1,171	5,541	57.4	16.1	37.3
Kurnool ...	9,241	8,875	18,116	5,151	1,259	6,410	56.0	13.9	35.4
Malabar ...	71,423	71,617	143,040	37,714	10,822	48,536	52.8	15.1	33.9
Nellur ...	6,239	6,031	12,270	3,631	465	3,976	56.4	7.5	32.4
Bellary ...	7,216	6,836	14,052	3,478	645	4,123	48.2	9.4	29.3
South Canara ...	10,512	10,583	21,105	5,076	851	5,927	48.3	8.0	28.1
Total, 1914-15 ...	(a) 202,669	(a) 208,392	411,061	137,473	38,743	174,216	67.8	17.6	42.4
Total, 1913-14 ...	202,861	208,584	411,445	130,336	32,683	162,969	64.3	15.6	39.6

(c) Excludes the Muhammadan male and female population of school-going age in the Native State of Sandur.

(113)—Institutions intended for Mappillas.

Year.	Boys' schools.		Girls' schools.		
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.	
1913-14 ... { Public	381	26,784	18	1,116	
{ Private	377	17,074	...	...	
1914-15 ... { Public	(a) 408	29,072	(b) 22	1,558	
{ Private	366	16,837	...	...	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.	
(a) { Government	1	118	{ Government	8	582
{ Board	157	12,553	{ Board	3	112
{ Aided	223	14,350	{ Aided	10	770
{ Unaided	27	2,011	{ Unaided	1	94
Total	408	29,072	Total	22	1,558

(114)—Muhammadan scholars in public schools in the different classes of institutions.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men for Non-Europeans ...	167	...	195	...
Professional colleges ...	7	...	7	...
Secondary schools for boys for Non-Europeans ...	6,510	5	6,785	3
Do. girls do. ...	3	11	5	28
Elementary schools for boys do. ...	91,086	13,407	97,210	14,600
High schools for boys for Europeans ...	501	7,882	670	8,925
Do. girls do. ...	1	...	8	...
Middle schools for boys do. ...	5	...	5	...
Do. girls do. ...	6	...	5	...
Primary schools for boys for Europeans ...	2	...	2	2
Do. girls do. ...	2	...	...	1
Training schools for masters ...	411	...	384	...
Do. mistresses ...	...	26	...	33
Other special schools ...	392	...	150	...
Total ...	99,046	20,281	105,376	23,591

(115)—Statement showing the proportion of Muhammadan scholars on the 31st March 1915, to the total number of scholars in each of the Secondary stages of school education (vide G.O. No. 976, Ed. Mis., dated 7th September 1915).

Secondary schools.	(a) High stage.	(b) Middle stage.
4	4	5

(a) Represents the proportion of Muhammadan scholars in the fourth, fifth and sixth forms of Non-European Secondary schools for boys and girls and in the eighth and ninth standards of European High Schools for boys and girls.

(b) Represents the proportion of Muhammadan scholars in the first, second and third forms of Non-European Secondary schools for boys and girls and in the fifth, sixth and seventh standards of European High and Middle Schools for boys and girls.

(116)—Expenditure in Muhammadan schools.

	Public funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1913-14 ...	4,63,517	61,104	1,55,708	6,80,324
1914-15 ...	4,88,467	70,309	1,28,067	6,86,843

PANCHAMA EDUCATION.

(117)—*Institutions chiefly intended for Panohamas.*

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength.
Public secondary schools	3	281	2	282
Public elementary schools	4,580	128,974	4,681	132,858
Public special schools	9	268	6	182
Private schools	115	2,201	146	3,248
Total ...	4,707	131,722	4,835	135,610

(118)—*Institutions chiefly intended for Panohamas.*

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Secondary schools for boys	...	...	...	...
Do. girls	8	281	2	282
Elementary schools for boys	4,409	124,329	4,599	128,233
Do. girls	81	4,645	82	4,665
Training schools for masters	3	176	2	107
Do. mistresses	4	47	4	75
Other special schools	2	43	...	...
Total, Public Institutions ...	4,592	129,521	4,689	133,362
Total, Private Institutions ...	115	2,201	146	3,248
Grand total ...	4,707	131,722	4,835	136,610

(119)—*Institutions chiefly intended for Panohamas arranged according to managements*

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government	13	618	12	613
Board	577	21,555	561	24,640
Aided	3,162	87,714	3,344	91,536
Unaided	840	19,334	672	16,678
Total ...	4,592	129,521	4,689	133,362

(120)—*Panohama scholars in public schools in the different stages of instruction.*

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Arts colleges for men	...	...	...	...
Professional colleges	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools for boys	499	1	819	64
Do. girls Non-Europeans	1	26	...	26
Elementary schools for boys	80,162	13,720	85,373	15,457
Do. girls Non-Europeans	282	2,146	816	2,254
Middle schools for boys for Europeans	...	...	3	...
Training schools for masters	268	3	178	3
Do. mistresses	...	1	...	1
Other special schools	79	...	34	...
Total ...	81,299	15,897	86,723	17,805

(121)—*Expenditure in Panohama schools.*

	Public funds.	Fees	Other sources.	Total.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1913-14	3,99,635	18,920	3,36,248	7,54,803
1914-15	4,40,626	17,827	3,16,970	7,75,423

EDUCATION OF THE ABORIGINAL AND HILL TRIBES.

(122)—Number and strength of schools for general education in the Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari Agencies.

	Ganjam.				Vizagapatam.				Godavari.			
	1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.		1914-15.		1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government	94	4,001	98	4,029	12	314	12	310	80	1,118	35	1,324
Board	3	75	6	114	3	60	5	116	5	108	7	141
Aided	46	1,175	41	995	18	311	19	417	...	...	...	...
Unaided	18	468	17	417	...	...	5	112	...	...	...	...
Private (indigenous)	1	16	1	20	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	162	5,735	162	5,575	34	702	41	954	35	1,226	42	1,465

(a) Of these, 2,664 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

(b) Of these, 509 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

(c) Of these, 433 belonged to the aboriginal tribes.

Note.—The total number of pupils belonging to the aboriginal tribes under instruction in all classes of schools in the three agencies was 4,721 against 4,461 on the 31st March 1914.

(123)—Number of scholars (public and private) belonging to the aboriginal classes.

Years.	Boys.	Girls.
1913-14 ...	5,515	271
1914-15 ...	6,303	389

(124)—Expenditure in schools for the aborigines and hill tribes.

—	From Provincial funds.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.	From fees.	From other sources.	Total.
1913-14	Rs. 47,431	Rs. 2,200	Rs. 481	Rs. 157	Rs. 50,219	
1914-15	54,341	3,171	682	193	58,387	

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.

(125)—Number and strength of indigenous and other private institutions on the 31st March 1914.

Districts.	Schools.						Pupils.					
	Secondary schools for boys.			Second schools for girls.			Elementary schools for boys.			Elementary schools for girls.		
	Arabic or Persian.	Sanskrit.	Other schools.	Arabic.	Sanskrit.	Other schools.	Arabic.	Sanskrit.	Other schools.	Arabic.	Sanskrit.	Other schools.
Ganjam ...	...	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari ...	...	...	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnool ...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amalapur ...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore ...	...	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingapat ...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Arcot ...	...	...	295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittoor ...	...	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore ...	...	...	453	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tiruchopoly ...	...	...	278	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madura ...	...	...	233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tirunelveli ...	...	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coimbatore ...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salem ...	...	...	538	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar ...	...	...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Canara ...	...	...	4,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 1913-14 ...	11,836	6,031	11,204	187	173	108,659	11,836	6,031	11,204	187	173	108,659
Total 1914-15 ...	11,836	6,031	11,204	187	173	108,659	11,836	6,031	11,204	187	173	108,659

MISCELLANEOUS REMARKS.

(126)—Number of scholars in each form or class or standard.

	1913-14.		1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Non-Europeans—				
Secondary schools—				
Sixth form	7,833	129	8,559	151
Fifth do.	7,505	148	8,033	168
Fourth do.	9,393	219	10,197	198
Third do.	11,922	374	12,806	332
Second do.	13,705	455	14,523	501
First do.	16,405	674	17,867	704
Fourth class	17,571	819	18,668	871
Third do.	13,725	867	14,755	982
Second do.	7,830	618	7,410	876
First do.	4,392	771	5,055	903
Infant do.	4,217	1,379	4,239	1,545
Total, Secondary schools (Non-Europeans)	114,598	6,774	122,147	7,281
Elementary schools—				
Seventh standard	720	435	700	423
Sixth do.	1,207	606	1,394	757
Fifth do.	2,985	1,519	3,305	1,592
Fourth do.	35,485	6,445	36,447	6,518
Third do.	128,105	17,162	135,118	18,846
Second do.	161,111	29,243	167,837	30,834
First do.	211,832	47,374	220,796	49,967
Infant do.	411,029	144,729	433,510	155,944
Total, Elementary schools (Non-Europeans)	951,464	247,573	999,077	264,881
Europeans—				
Ninth standard	97	80	95	89
Eighth do.	93	87	98	90
Seventh do.	324	104	240	209
Sixth do.	275	249	267	236
Fifth do.	334	386	306	314
Fourth do.	385	404	359	419
Third do.	421	430	425	453
Second do.	482	512	479	535
First do.	497	548	464	508
Infant standard	400	462	494	455
Upper	721	776	689	758
Lower				
Total of European schools	3,229	4,068	3,915	4,991

(127)—Number of scholars (public and private) in the different stages of instruction.

Stages of instruction.	1914-15.	
	Boys.	Girls.
Non-Europeans—		
Collegiate arts	8,055	104
Oriental colleges	125	...
Secondary schools	122,147	7,281
Elementary schools	999,077	264,881
Professional collegiate	1,027	2
Higher technical and industrial stage	1,544	17
Lower technical and industrial stage	...	...
Training schools	4,820	830
Private do.	105,609	19,446
Total of Non-European schools	1,242,464	292,411
Europeans—		
Collegiate arts	...	...
Secondary schools	338	179
Professional collegiate	613	759
Training schools for mistresses	2,910	3,153
Higher technical and industrial stage	...	23
Lower technical and industrial stage	2	48
Total of European schools	3,915	4,162
Grand Total	1,246,382	296,573

(128)—Physical education.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Number of institutions in which gymnastics is taught as per Educational Rules.	Number of institutions teaching native gymnastics.	Number of institutions in which gymnastics is not taught.
Arts colleges	32	29	...	3
Oriental colleges	5	1	...	4
Professional colleges	3	2	...	1
Non-European secondary schools for boys	333	332	...	1
Non-European secondary schools for girls	38	35	...	3
European secondary schools for boys	31	31	...	...
European secondary schools for girls	31	31	...	...
Elementary schools for boys	26,905	19,153	5,429	2,333
Elementary schools for girls	1,516	1,278	115	123
European primary schools for boys	12	11	...	1
European primary schools for girls	11	11	...	...
Training schools	125	119	4	2
Other special schools	1	1	...	...
	39	4	...	35
	1	...	...	1
Total, 1914-15	29,083	21,038	5,548	2,497
Total, 1913-14	28,137	19,954	5,755	2,428

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS.

(129)—School accommodation.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Number of institutions			
		Held in buildings of their own.	Held in rented buildings.	Held in chavadies, temples, etc.	Held in managers' or headmasters' dwellings.
Arts colleges	32	31	1	...	...
Oriental colleges	5	5	...	...	...
Professional colleges	3	3	...	...	...
Non-European Secondary schools for	333	272	58	3	...
{ boys	(a) 37	33	3	...	1
{ girls	31	28	3	...	...
European Secondary schools for	31	30	1	...	...
{ boys	24,805	10,316	9,042	5,058	2,489
{ girls	(a) 1,515	663	762	43	47
Elementary schools for	12	10	2	...	...
{ boys	11	10	1	...	...
{ girls	125	70	55	...	...
European Primary schools for	1	1	...	...	...
{ Non-Europeans	39	14	25	...	...
{ Europeans	1	...	1	...	...
Other special schools for	...	...	...	...	...
Total, 1914-15	(b) 29,081	11,486	9,954	5,104	2,587
Total, 1913-14	28,136	11,540	9,217	4,833	2,546

(a) Excludes one home educational class.

(b) Excludes two home educational classes.

(130) Libraries.

Public institutions.	Total number of institutions.	Total number of institutions having libraries.	Number of volumes.
Arts colleges	32	32	170,059
Oriental colleges	5	5	3,327
Professional colleges	3	3	16,885
Non-European Secondary schools for	333	331	450,316
{ boys	38	37	27,383
{ girls	31	31	19,686
European Secondary schools for	31	30	23,484
{ boys	26,805	3,521	126,163
{ girls	1,516	417	59,725
Elementary schools for	12	11	2,264
{ boys	11	9	1,489
{ girls	125	169	62,012
European Primary schools for	1	1	360
{ Non-Europeans	39	24	7,206
{ Europeans	1	1	30
Other special schools for	...	...	...
Total, 1914-15	29,083	4,562	871,089
Total, 1913-14	28,137	3,592	861,333

(131)—Hostels or boarding houses.

Hostels intended for	Number of hostels for		Total.
	Boys.	Girls.	
Europeans and Eurasians	21	30	51
Indian Christians	104	89	193
Hindus	105	3	108
Muhammadans	8	1	9
Panchamas	7	4	11
Total, 1914-15	245	127	372
Total, 1913-14	243	125	368

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS.

(132)—Number of male and female boarders according to classes of community.

Classes	Boys.		Girls.	
	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.
Europeans and Eurasians	1,827	1,794	1,352	1,343
Indian Christians	6,301	5,847	4,797	5,215
Panchamas	251	249	285	348
Muhammadans	283	333	2	37
Brahmans	2,498	2,938	28	2
Non-Brahmans	1,057	1,215	75	90
Aberigines	3	7	2	3
Others	7	10	22	10
Total	12,227	12,893	6,563	7,048

(133)—Statement showing details of Government scholarships awarded in 1914-15.

Grade of scholarships.	Number allotted.	Number awarded.	Males.				Females.			
			Uryas.	Backward classes.	Muhammadans.	General classes.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Indian Christians.	Eurasians.
Collegiate Scholarships (general)	38	40	2	1	4	29	1	...	3	1
Do. (in Women's College, Madras).	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. (for widows in the Women's College).	5	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Scholarships in Secondary schools for boys	204	204	2	15	30	157	...	...	...	...
Do. do. for girls	18	18	...	...	...	...	5	...	13	...
Do. do. for girls (special).	60	18	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
Do. in Higher Elementary schools for boys	24	24	1	4	2	17	...	...	4	...
Do. do. for girls	24	24	...	...	...	...	17	3	4	...
Do. do. for girls (special).	245	167	...	...	...	...	127	8	83	...
Do. for Hindu and Muhammadan widows.	63	74	...	...	...	...	48	26	...	...
Do. for Carnatic Stipendiaries	40	27	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Mappillas in the Calicut School of Commerce.	20	20	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
Do. in Lower Elementary schools for Mappillas.	230	220	...	...	220	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Savaras in Elementary schools.	25	32	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Khondas	25	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Koyas	...	519	...	519	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. in Sanskrit schools	72	72	...	...	...	68	4	...	...	...
Do. do. colleges	32	32	...	...	...	32	...	...	...	...
Do. in the Brahmin Widows Hostel, Triplicane.	30	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...
Do. in the Queen Mary High School, Vengalpetam.	50	46	...	...	...	...	46	...	...	...
Do. in fourth standards of Elementary and Secondary schools for girls (special).	390	144	...	...	...	...	112	20	12	...

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT
LEGISLATIVE

No., dated..... 190

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