

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1913.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O. No. 759, 15th August 1913.

DESPATCHED

Training of Teachers.

Approving the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the — of the elementary grade, and stating that the cost will be met from the special Imperial grant of 23 lakhs.

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Approving the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for the — of the elementary grade, and stating that the cost will be met from the special Imperial grant of 23 lakhs.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

Letter—from the Hon'ble Sir ALFRED GIBBS BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., K.C.I.E.,
Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department (through the Accountant-General).

Dated—the 26th June 1913.

No.—Ref. on C. 3680.

In their order No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912, Government approved the proposal to train an extra batch of students of the lower elementary grade in certain Government training schools for masters and sanctioned the employment of a temporary teacher in each of them for a period of twenty-two months from 1st June 1912. The demand for elementary teachers on account of the large increase in the number of elementary schools under the management of local boards to meet which the above proposal was sanctioned has been increasing and it will, it is expected, become greater year after year. The supply requires consequently to be increased. I have the honour, therefore, to request that you will be so good as to obtain the early sanction of Government for a similar provision being made with effect from or after 1st July next in the Government training schools mentioned in the accompanying statement, for the training of a further additional batch of about 695 lower elementary students and for the admission into the Government Training School, Nellore, of an extra batch of 40 higher elementary students for a course of twenty-two months. Provision for the training of higher elementary students is proposed for the reason that a large number of board school teachers in the Kistna district and a fairly large number employed in the Guntur and Nellore districts are men who have studied in the higher forms of secondary schools, and that the provision now available for the training of these men at Nellore and Rajahmundry is quite disproportionate to the material available.

In the estimates furnished in the accompanying statement I have made provision for each teacher under training on account of grain compensation allowance at the rates sanctioned at present for the various districts and also a lump provision of about 20 per cent. of the total amount of stipends on account of extra stipends for backward classes, in the absence of any correct estimate.

2. In this connection the Inspector of Schools, I Circle, proposes also to open a temporary additional training school of the higher elementary grade at Amalapur. He states that there are already training schools at Rajahmundry and Cocanada and that

Amalapur is a convenient place for the location of a training school as it is centrally situated for the Amalapur, Razole and Ramachandrapur taluks. There is at present no board elementary school at Amalapur to be utilized as a model school, but the Sub-assistant inspector of schools has already proposed the opening of a board elementary school in the locality out of the provincial subsidy sanctioned for the current year. Till that school is sanctioned the inspector proposes to utilize with the consent of the President, Taluk Board, Rajahmundry, the primary department of the Board High School, Amalapur, as the practising school.

This proposal has my strong support.

The cost of the school is estimated to be as follows :—

	Annual cost. RS.
Staff—	
Headmaster—B.A., L.T., on Rs. 60 per mensem	720
Assistant—Secondary Grade Trained Teachers' Certificate, Rs. 40 per mensem	480
Drawingmaster on Rs. 20 per mensem	240
Gymnastic instructor on Rs. 15 per mensem	180
Establishment—	
Peon on Rs. 7 per mensem	84
Total ..	1,704
Contingencies—	
Gardener on Rs. 6 per mensem	72
House-rent, Rs. 16 per mensem	192
Furniture and apparatus	500
Miscellaneous	200
Total ..	964
Supplies and Services—	
Stipends for 40 students (higher elementary) at Rs. 9=360	4,320
Stipends for 40 students (lower elementary) at Rs. 7=280	3,360
Grain compensation allowance for 80 students at Rs. 1 and for the Drawingmaster and gymnastic instructor, 83	996
Total ..	8,676
Total cost for the first year ..	11,344
Total cost for the second year (11,344—500 cost of furniture, etc.) ..	10,844
Total cost for two years ..	22,188
*Staff establishment	1,136
Gardener	48
House rent	128
Furniture	500
Stipends, including grain compensation allowance	5,784
Miscellaneous	130
7,726	

The cost for the eight months of the current year including the initial outlay on furniture, etc., will be Rs. 7,726.*

3. The total cost of the proposals during the current year will be (Rs. 70,990 + 7,726) Rs. 78,716, and the charge will be met from the non-recurring grant of 17 lakhs provided for elementary schools (*vide* G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913).

4. In paragraph 4 of G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912, Government have sanctioned the retention of six of the existing lower elementary training schools temporarily for a year only, but I have proposed the training in them of an extra batch of elementary teachers for a longer period than a year on the assumption that it will eventually be found necessary to retain these six schools permanently.

ENCLOSURE.

STATEMENT showing the detailed cost on account of the proposal to train a special batch of students in Government training schools for twenty-two months from July 1913.

Serial number.	Name of school.	Number of students likely to join.	Stipends.		Total cost of stipends for twenty-two months.	Accommodation.	Furniture.	Salary of teacher.		Total cost of the scheme for twenty-two months.	Cost during the current year.		
			Rate.	Gain compensation allowed.				Rate per month.	Cost for twenty-two months.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
1	Government Training School, Vizagapatam	30	Rs. 7	Rs. 1	Rs. 5,280	Rs. 404	Rs. 404	Rs. 880	Rs. 5,564	Rs. 2,544			
2	Do. do. Guntur	40	7	1½	7,480	7,480	100	30	660	8,240	3,060		
3	Do. do. Ongole	40	7	1	7,480	7,480	300	30	660	8,440	3,060		
4	Government Training School (lower elementary), Nellore.	40	7	1	7,040	7,040	..	40	880	7,920	2,880		
5	Government Training School (higher elementary), Nellore.	40	9	1	8,800	8,800	..	60	1,320	10,120	3,680		
6	Government Training School, Bellary	20	7	1	3,520	3,520	200	40	880	4,600	1,800		
7	Do. do. Anantapur	20	7	1	3,520	3,520	260	30	660	4,380	1,720		
8	Do. do. Kurnool	20	7	1	3,520	3,520	200	30	660	4,380	1,720		
9	Do. do. Rayachoti	20	7	1½	3,740	3,740	200	30	660	4,600	1,800		
10	Do. do. Saldapet	30	7	1	5,280	5,280	500	40	880	6,660	2,740		
11	Government Training School for Panchams, Madras.	30	8	1½	6,270	6,270	500	30	660	7,190	3,020		
12	Government Training School for Muhammdana, Madras.	30	9	1½	6,930	6,930	500	40	880	8,310	3,340		
13	Government Training School, Coimbatore	25	7	1½	4,675	4,675	..	..	..	4,675	1,700		
14	Do. do. Salem	25	7	1	4,400	4,400	..	..	..	4,400	1,600		
15	Do. do. Chittoor	25	7	1	4,400	4,400	..	..	..	4,400	1,600		
16	Do. do. Ranipet	25	7	1	4,400	4,400	..	..	..	4,400	1,600		
17	Do. do. Tanjore	30	7	1	5,280	5,280	50	..	..	5,330	1,970		
18	Do. do. Villupuram	20	7	1½	3,740	3,740	(repairs)	40	880	4,620	1,680		
19	Do. do. Cuddalore	20	7	1½	3,740	3,740	220	30	660	4,620	1,680		
20	Do. do. Trichinopoly	25	7	1½	4,675	4,675	100	30	660	5,335	2,440		
21	Do. do. Dindigul	35	7	1½	6,345	6,345	500	40	880	7,225	3,200		
22	Do. do. Tirumelveli	35	7	1	5,160	5,160	500	40	880	7,540	3,050		
23	Do. do. Mangalore	40	7	1½	7,480	7,480	200	40	880	8,560	3,240		
24	Do. do. Calicut	30	7	1½	5,610	5,610	..	40	880	6,490	2,360		
25	Do. do. Badagara	20	7	1½	3,740	3,740	..	30	660	4,400	1,600		
26	Do. do. Madappuram	20	7	1½	3,740	3,740	..	30	660	4,400	1,600		
Total ..		[L.E. 697 H.E. 40]	..	..	1,37,445	1,37,445	4,670	404	760	16,720	59,239	80,994	
		735	Add Rs. 27,489, being extra stipends for special classes of the community calculated at 1/3 of the cost of stipend shown in column 7.								27,489	-9,996	
											1,86,728	70,998	

* Rs. 40 instead of Rs. 30 proposed owing to the difficulty of securing a competent and qualified Muhammadan teacher for the lower rate of pay.

† Extra stipends.

Endorsement No. T.M. 25-6527, dated 8th July 1913.

Forwarded to the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

2. There is no audit objection to the proposal being sanctioned by Government.

3. Necessary re-appropriation of grants should be sanctioned by Government to meet the expenditure involved from the lump provision of 23 lakhs under "22. Education."

K. L. DATTA,
Accountant-General.

II

Memorandum No. 2135-2, Educational, dated 31st July 1913.

From the detailed estimate of the cost of the temporary higher elementary training school which it is proposed to open at Amalapur, given in paragraph 2 of the Director's letter read above, it is observed that the school is to be maintained for two years; while only a course of twenty-two months is contemplated in the various existing Government training institutions mentioned in paragraph 1 of his letter. The Director of Public Instruction is requested to explain at a very early date why it should be necessary to prescribe a longer course of training in the temporary school proposed at Amalapur.

(By Order.)

C. S. ANANTARAMA AYYAR,
Under Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

III

Letter—from the Hon'ble Sir ALFRED GIBBS BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., K.C.I.E.,
Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Dated—the 18th August 1913.

No.—Ref. on C. 3680.

With reference to Government Memorandum No. 2135-2, Educational, dated 31st July 1913, I have the honour to state that a course of training for a period of twenty-two months will be sufficient also in the case of students admitted into the proposed training school at Amalapur.

Order—No. 759, Educational, dated 15th August 1913.

The Government approve the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction—

(1) to train an extra batch of 695 students of the lower elementary, and forty students of the higher elementary, grade at selected Government training institutions for a period of twenty-two months, and

(2) to open a temporary training school at Amalapur in the Gōdāvari district for a similar period to train eighty students—forty of the higher elementary, and forty of the lower elementary, grade.

They also sanction the employment of the temporary teaching and other establishments shown in paragraph 2 of the Director's first letter read above and in column 10 of the statement submitted therewith.

2. As it will not be possible to begin regular work before the 1st September next, provision for six months, viz., Rs. 60,374, will be sufficient for the current year. This amount will be met from the special Imperial grant of 23 lakhs for education provided in the Civil Budget Estimate for 1913-14.

(True Extract.)

W. FRANÇOIS,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
Accountant-General (through the Financial Department).

Editors' Table.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 759, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 15TH AUGUST 1913.

[SUBJECT — Training of extra batch of teachers for elementary schools.]

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 26th June 1913, No. 3680.

As one of the measures calculated to meet the increasing demand of trained teachers for new elementary schools, sanction was accorded in G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912, for training in each of the Government training schools for masters, except the training school at Rajahmundry, an extra batch of 695 students of the lower elementary grade for a period of 22 months at an aggregate cost of Rs. 1,35,475 spread over three years:—

	RS.
1912-13 (for nine months)	57,800
1913-14 (for one year)	71,700
1914-15 (for one month)	5,975
Total ..	1,35,475

The amount was to be debited to the recurring coronation grant.

2. The demand for trained teachers being still on the increase, the Director of Public Instruction now submits further proposals in this regard, and these are—

(1) to train at some of the selected Government training schools another batch of 695 students of the lower elementary grade for 22 months.

(2) to train at the Government training school, Nellore, 40 students of the higher elementary grade for a similar period, and

(3) to open a temporary training school at Amalapur in the Gōdāvari district for two years to train 80 students, 40 of the higher elementary grade and 40 of the lower elementary grade.

3. The Director of Public Instruction estimates the total cost at Rs. 2,08,916 which will be spread over three years as follows:—

	For training 695 teachers of the lower elementary grade and 40 teachers of the higher elementary grade.	For opening a temporary training school at Amalapur and training there 80 teachers.	Total.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1913-14 (8 months)	70,990	7,720	78,716
1914-15 (one year)	99,204	10,844	1,10,048
1915-16 (2 months)	16,534	For four months.	20,152
Total ..	1,86,728	22,188	2,08,916

The charge, he suggests, may be met from the non-recurring grant of 17 lakhs given by the Government of India for elementary schools—*vide* paragraph 6 of the Director

of Public Instruction's Memorandum, approved in G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913. For the current year a sum of one lakh has been earmarked for the training of teachers. The expenditure of Rs. 78,716 referred to above with the sum of Rs. 22,200 allotted for additional stipendiary grants to aided training schools will make up the lakh.

G.O. No. 658, Educational, dated 15th July 1913.

4. Before examining the proposals, attention is invited to paragraph 15 of the letter to the Government of India No. 916, dated 22nd December 1911, in which it has been pointed out that the Government training institutions, even as re-organized, would not be able to meet the demand of educational institutions on that date, and much less of the increased number at the present time due to the additions that should

* Cf. G.O. No. 539, Educational, dated 10th June 1913.

local bodies and the special arrangements

G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912. $\frac{29,100}{2,961} = 9.8$
G.O. No. 602, Educational, dated 5th July 1912.

† Page 92 of Public Instruction Report for 1911-12, Volume I.

5. *First Proposal*—Training extra batch of 695 students of lower elementary grade.—Taking the first proposal it will be seen that arrangements are to be made at 25 various institutions out of a total of 30 [10 higher elementary, 14 lower elementary and six temporary training institutions]. The list excludes the Rajahmundry, Berhampur, Russellkonda, Parvatipuram and Chieacole schools; in other words, the institutions in the Ganjam and Gôdâvari districts are not required to train extra batches of students. Apparently there is no need in the former district, while a § separate arrangement

§ Proposal (3) above.

in the shape of opening a new school has been proposed for the latter district.

6. The statement on page 6 of the current file gives some idea of the details of the arrangements contemplated. It will be seen therefrom that these are almost the same as those proposed last year and approved in G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912, except in the following respects:—

(a) In the arrangements for last year the rate of stipends for students was adopted at a uniform scale of Rs. 7, though rule 118 of the Educational Rules allowed special rates for students from certain classes. The present proposals adopt the increased rates of Rs. 8 and Rs. 9 provided in the rules for students in the Panchama and the Muhammadan training schools. There seems to be no objection to this course.

The estimate also includes a lump provision at one-fifth of the estimate for stipends, on account of "extra stipends for backward classes." (The figure 5 per cent. in paragraph 1 of the Director's statement.) The rules provide for extra stipends only for Muhammadans, Hindu mistresses, Panchamas and teachers in the Agency tracts, but not generally for students from all backward classes recognized by the Educational Department. Under the present proposals, if the rules are to be observed, only Muhammadan and Panchama teachers will be eligible for special rates. It seems doubtful whether

¶ (There are no schools of the Agency tracts and no mistresses are to be trained.)

the number of teachers from these classes alone will constitute a fifth of the total number. The existing proportion of teachers from these classes to the total number is not known, as information as to the number of teachers classified according to race

Page 221 of Public Instruction Report, Vol. II.

2,552 attending secondary and elementary

$$\frac{29,100}{2,961} = 9.8.$$

(Page 224 of Public Instruction Report, Volume II).

estimate in respect of the proposed additional classes, it is doubtful whether a figure

Concluding portion of paragraph 1 of Director of Public Instruction's letter.

It may be adopted: it doesn't matter tuppence if it is wrong.

W. FRANCIS—17-7-13.

(b) The estimate provides for the payment of grain compensation allowance to the stipendiaries. This is apparently the special allowance, the continuance of which to the students of the elementary grade was sanctioned in G.O. No. 1129, Educational, dated 21st December 1912. When the estimates for similar arrangements for last year were submitted, no such allowance was proposed. It is likely that the allowance is since being paid. But as it is now payable, there is no objection to its inclusion in the present proposals.

It is, however, observed that both G.O. No. 513, Educational, dated 10th July 1908, which sanctioned this allowance originally, and G.O. No. 1129, Educational, dated 21st December 1912, which sanctioned its continuance, refer only to a fixed uniform allowance of Rs. 1-8-0 for all teachers eligible to it. The Director now proposes to adopt here the principle applied in the case of the payment of compensation for the servants of Government in civil establishments which is allowed at higher rates only in certain specified districts and at lower rates in other districts. Thus for 14 institutions he suggests a rate of Rs. 1-8-0 for stipendiary students and for others a rate of Rs. 1. The classification of institutions for the higher and lower rates follows the orders in G.O. No. 411, Financial, dated 16th June 1913. Though the special allowance granted to stipendiary students is not strictly regarded as grain compensation allowance, there seems to be no objection to adopt the varying scale proposed by the Director.

Coimbatore.
Salem.
Chittoor.

Ranipettai.
Tanjore.

(c) Additional teachers have not been proposed for five of the institutions named in the margin. Apparently the existing establishment will be able to attend to the additional batch.

The pay of the additional teachers proposed follows* the grade of the institution to which they are to be attached. The teacher for the higher grade school is to be paid Rs. 40 and for the lower Rs. 30. In the case of the Muhammadan training school, Madras, alone, a deviation is made and a salary of Rs. 40 is proposed, though the institution is of lower elementary grade. It is explained that this proposal is made in view of the difficulty of securing competent and qualified Muhammadan teachers for the lower rate of pay. As a higher rate was adopted in the scheme sanctioned last year also, the proposal in this regard may be accepted.

* Cf. paragraph 2 of Director of Public Instruction's letter on page 2 of G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912.

Statement on page 3 of G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912.

7. *Second proposal—Training of 40 students of the higher elementary grade.*—This is the first occasion in which temporary arrangements are proposed for training higher grade teachers. The necessity for this is explained in paragraph 1 of the Director's letter, and is due to the fact that a fairly large number of students who have studied in the higher forms of secondary schools are available for training in the surrounding districts of Nellore. There seems to be no question as to the desirability of providing facilities for the training of this class. The materials are available and there will certainly be a demand for them. At

Page 10 of G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912.

proposals in this regard are shown against item 5 in the statement on page 6 of current file. These do not call for any remarks except in regard to the pay of the additional teacher proposed. This is fixed at Rs. 60.

Pages 5 and 6 of G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912.

included in the cadre of supervisors of elementary schools. In submitting a scheme

Concluding portion of paragraph 6 (2) of his letter on page 14 of G.O. No. 424, Educational, dated 1st July 1911.

teacher is employed in an institution owing to the increase in its strength, the new hand is usually appointed in the last grade in the scale of the establishment. If this is followed in this case also, a pay of Rs. 50 may perhaps be sufficient. But as the appointment is to be only a temporary one, it may not be possible to secure a qualified teacher on the lower pay. It is for consideration whether in this small matter the Director of Public Instruction's proposal may be accepted.

8. *Third proposal—Opening of a temporary training school at Amalapuram.*—The reasons for opening a separate school for the Gōdāvari district, instead of providing for the training of an additional batch of teachers in the existing institution in that district, have not been definitely stated by the Director. Apparently the only Government training institution in the district, viz., that at Rajahmundry cannot

Page 220 of the subsidiary tables in volume II of Public Instruction Report for 1911-12.

take in any more students. From the statistics relating to training schools for 1911-12 it will appear that the Rajahmundry school had the largest strength of all the institutions, namely 110 in the elementary classes. Last year also Rajahmundry was excluded from the proposals.

Statement on page 3 of G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912.

The total cost of opening a separate institution for the training of 80 students of the higher and lower elementary grades together is not very much higher than

* Totals in column 12 of statement in the Director's letter against items 4 and 5—Rs. 7,920 + 10,120 = 18,040. Including 20 per cent. of stipends for special items, total expenditure = Rs. 18,040 + 1,408 + 1,760 = 21,208.

The need for the provision for training higher elementary teachers in this district and the selection of Amalapuram for the purpose has been sufficiently explained by the Director.

9. From the detailed estimates for this school on page 3 of current file it will be seen that the school is to be continued for two years, while the course of training at the other Government institutions for the extra batch of students is only 22 months.

Cf. paragraph 1 (1) of G.O. No. 519, Educational, dated 8th August 1907.

Under rule 111 of the Educational rules the period of course lasts usually for two years, and the Director has power to

Nellore there is already a higher elementary training school managed by Government. The details of the proposals in this regard are shown against item 5 in the statement on page 6 of current file. These do not call for any remarks except in regard to the pay of the additional teacher proposed. This is fixed at Rs. 60. The post of the third, or last, assistant in the higher elementary training schools of Government as recently reorganized is included in the cadre of supervisors of elementary schools. In submitting a scheme for the reorganization Mr. Stone stated that he would allow these assistants as far as practicable the pay of the first grade, which is Rs. 50. When an additional

teacher is employed in an institution owing to the increase in its strength, the new hand is usually appointed in the last grade in the scale of the establishment. If this is followed in this case also, a pay of Rs. 50 may perhaps be sufficient. But as the appointment is to be only a temporary one, it may not be possible to secure a qualified teacher on the lower pay. It is for consideration whether in this small matter the Director of Public Instruction's proposal may be accepted.

From the statistics relating to training schools for 1911-12 it will appear that the Rajahmundry school had the largest strength of all the institutions, namely 110 in the elementary classes. Last year also Rajahmundry was excluded from the proposals.

shorten this period. It is under this power that he has proposed that the course of training for the extra batch of teachers at the Government training schools shall be 22 months. It has not been explained why the same course should not be adopted in the case of the separate school at Amalapuram. Probably the facilities that exist at a permanent institution with a larger staff for condensing the course of study within a shorter period will be absent in a new institution with only a headmaster and an assistant and with unsettled material for a model school.

As regards the staff there seems to be no objection to pay the headmaster Rs. 60 and the assistant Rs. 40. The posts of headmaster and the two first assistants of the

Page 5 of G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912.

training section of the permanent higher elementary school are included in the cadre of sub-assistants, the lowest grade of which carries Rs. 75. The salary proposed for the drawing master and the gymnastic instructor, namely Rs. 20 and Rs. 15, respectively, follows that of similar teachers in the training section of the secondary training schools. Please see the proposition statement on page 6 of G.O. No. 512, Educational, dated 4th June 1913.

Ibid.

The pay of similar servants in the higher elementary training schools is much larger, being Rs. 30 per mensem, as they have to attend both to the training and model sections of the institution. A gardener

* (Verified from the list in G.O. No. 131 of 1911 which is now put up in a file now with Financial.) Please compare also estimates on page 15 of G.O. No. 424, dated 1st July 1911.

Paragraph 2 of G.O. No. 505, Educational, dated 4th June 1913.

is also proposed as every training school has a similar servant. The pay of Rs. 6 proposed for him is similar to that recently sanctioned for the Government training school for mistresses at Karuntattāngudi. The other details do not call for any remarks except that no provision has been made for extra stipends for backward classes as proposed in the case of the first two parts of the scheme referred to above. Apparently no additional expenditure on this account is anticipated.

10. On the whole the proposals of the Director seem generally acceptable. It will not be possible to start the training before the 15th of August next, at the earliest. Provision for only 6½ months

† Provision for eight months from 1st July 1913 was proposed by the Director of Public Instruction.

will then be needed. The balance of training for 1½ months † will have to be carried to the third year. If the proposals are approved, the file may be forwarded to the Financial Department for remarks.

11. As regards the question referred to in paragraph 4 of the Director's letter, in respect of the retention of the six temporary elementary schools for a longer period than a year, please see the notes with G.O. No. 319, Educational, dated 17th April 1912, and paragraph 4 of G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912. Under ordinary circumstances, these six schools were to have been abolished with the introduction of the reorganization of the training schools sanctioned by the Secretary of State. But in view of the improvement and extension of elementary education undertaken with the aid of Imperial grants, it was decided to retain them as a temporary measure and for the present for one year, any further extension of the

period being left for determination at the end of that date. The present batch will have their course up to 15th June 1915 if it is commenced on the 15th of August next. The present sanction § for the six training schools will last only up to December 1913. Irrespective of the question whether it will be necessary to retain these schools permanently, there seems to be little doubt that their retention up to the termination of the course of the batch proposed for training will be essential. This assumption, which is the basis of a portion of the Director's

Of the six schools, special training is proposed in the following five, Chicacole school alone being left out:—
Ongole training school.
Amalapur.
Madras Panchama.
Cuddalore.
Badagara.

‡ Calculated for 22 months.

§ G.O. No. 1066, Educational, dated 3rd December 1912.

present proposals, may be accepted for the present. Formal application for the retention will be submitted by the Director in the usual course as soon as the present sanction lapses.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARI—17-7-13.

There is no need to urge the importance of training teachers. The present proposals have been carefully worked out, and follow precedent in detail. The expenditure of money on training has been generally approved already in G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913 * and the funds required are available from the 17 lakhs. The Director of Public Instruction's proposals may be sanctioned as they stand.

W. FRANCIS—17-7-13.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The total cost involved in the Director of Public Instruction's proposals for the

Paragraph 1 of Director of Public Instruction's letter on pages 1-2 and statement on page 4.

Paragraph 2 of Director of Public Instruction's letter

	Cost LAKHS.
† (1) items (a) and (b)	1.87
(2) item (c)	.22
	2.09

	LAKHS.
1913-14 (8 months' charges)	.79
1914-15 (12 months' charges)	1.10
1915-16 (2 months for items (a) and (b) and 4 months for item (c)).	.20
	2.09

follows :—

2. The Educational Department propose to sanction the Director of Public Instruction's proposals as they stand. The details of the present proposals are examined below :—

3. (a) *Training of 695 students of the lower elementary grade.*—The proposals now submitted by the Director of Public Instruction follow the proposals made last year for training a similar batch of students which were approved ‡ in G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912, except in the following two respects :—

(i) Instead of the uniform rate of Rs. 7 per mensem proposed last year as stipend for all students under training, the Director of Public Instruction now proposes increased rates to backward classes, viz., Rs. 8 per mensem to Panchamas and Rs. 9 per mensem to Muhammadans and Rs. 7 to others.

(ii) The Director of Public Instruction now proposes to grant an allowance equivalent to the grain compensation allowance admissible in the various districts, to all stipendiary students—this proposal was not originally included in last year's scheme, but was sanctioned § later on in the course of the year.

Statement on page 3 of G.O. No. 491, Educational, dated 1st June 1912.

§ G.O. No. 1129, Educational, dated 21st December 1912.

Proposal (i) is an accordance with rule 118 * of the Madras Educational Rules as amended in May 1912; and proposal (ii) is in accordance with the decision of Government in G.O. No. 1129, Educational, dated 21st December 1912; and these may, it is submitted, be accepted.

A. G. CARDEW—28-7-13.

4. (b) *Training of 40 students of the higher elementary grade.*—The proposals in † respect of this item do not call for any remarks except as regards the pay (Rs. 60) proposed for the teacher for these students. It is for orders whether, with reference to the reasons set forth on page 7 ante, the pay may not be fixed at Rs. 50 per mensem.

May be left to Educational who proposed to accept the Director of Public Instruction's figure.

A.G.C.—28-7-13.

5. (c) *Opening of a temporary training school at Amalapuram.*—The scale of expenditure proposed under this head may, it is submitted, be accepted. The Director of Public Instruction has not, however, explained why the training in this institution should be given for 24 months (i.e. two years), while he has proposed a training of 22 months only in the case of the students referred to in paragraph 3 and 4 ante. It is for orders whether the period of training may not be restricted to 22 months in this case also.

I think the Director of Public Instruction should be called on to justify the longer course here proposed.

A.G.C.—28-7-13.

6. Subject to modifications with reference to paragraphs 4 and 5 ante the proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted.

7. *Provision of funds.*—Educational Department propose to take the whole of the expenditure on the present proposals (2.09) lakhs against the 17 lakhs for elementary schools reserved out of the non-recurring grant of 49 ‡ lakhs for education given by the Government of India in 1912-13. This may, it is submitted, be accepted. As regards expenditure in the current year, it appears doubtful whether 8 months' charges (79 lakh) will be incurred in 1913-14, as anticipated by the Director of Public Instruction. Allowing for 6½ months' charges in 1913-14 the charges in the current year will be only 67 lakh and this will, it is submitted, come out of the non-recurring § grant for education provided in the current year's budget under 22. Education.

† Paragraph 6 of Director of Public Instruction's memorandum on page 2 of G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913.

(For expenditure in 1913-14 and in the next two years).

§ 16.20 lakhs. This is included in the lump provision of 23 lakhs made in the budget for 1913-14 under 22. EDUCATION (page 139, Civil Budget Estimate).

A. SAVARINATHAN PILLAI—24-7-13.

C. KELLY—25-7-13.

Accepted subject to the point raised in paragraph 5.

A. G. CARDEW—28-7-13.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Memorandum to Director of Public Instruction sharp, please.

W. FRANCIS—30-7-13.

A draft memorandum is submitted for approval.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARI—30-7-13.

C. S. ANANTARAM AYYAR—30-7-13.

[Memorandum No. 2135-2, Educational, dated 31st July 1913.]

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 13th August 1913, No. 3680.

The Director of Public Instruction states that a course of training for 22 months will be sufficient also in the case of students admitted into the training school at Amalapuram.

Approved.

W. FRANCIS—15 8 13.

A draft order is submitted for approval. As it will not be possible to start the training before 1st September needed for the current year. The total will then stand as follows :—

B. GOPALA ACHARI—15-8-13.

C. RAMANUJA ACHARI—15-8-13.

[G.O. No. 759, Educational, dated 15th August 1913.]

Educational Department.

C.No.2135 Ed1., from the D.P.I., No.3680, dated 26-6-1913.

C.No.2494 Ed1., do. No.3680, dated 13-8-13.

ORDER :- No 759 Col dated 15.8.63
P.S.

The Government approve the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction (1) ~~for~~^{to} ~~the~~ training ~~in~~ an extra batch of 695 students of the lower elementary, -- ~~and~~^{and} ~~in~~ forty students of the higher elementary, graduate ~~and~~ selected Government training institutions for a period of twenty-two months, and

(2) ~~and~~^{to} opening a temporary training school at Amalapur in the Godavari district for a similar period to train eighty students — forty of the higher elementary, ~~and~~ and forty of the lower elementary grade.

They also sanction the employment of the temporary teaching and other establishments shown in paragraph 2 of the Director's first letter read above and in column 10 of the statement submitted therewith.

2. As it will not be possible to --
~~continue regular work~~
~~from 1st September~~ before the 1st September
 next, provision for ~~only~~ six months, viz.,
 Rs. 60,374 will be sufficient for the current
 year. This amount will be met from the
 special Imperial grant of 25 lakhs for edu-
 cation provided in the Civil Budget Estimate
 for 1913-14.

To the D.P.I.

,, the A.G. thro' the Finl. Deptt

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ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Current No., dated 19
G.O., No. 757, dated 15.8.1973.

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b) Notes. 10

Docket... Training of Teachers - Sp -
moving the papers of the 28.8.73 to the
of the elementary grade, and having that
the cap. will be made from the special
Impressat. form of 23.8.73.

(c) Number of copies required when struck off (not including
copies for volumes and editors' table which are retained
in the Press). Complete correspondence and orders. Notes

FOR RECORD.*			
Madras Records	...	30	20
Ooty Records	...	10	10
For filing with original	...	...	1
Total	...	41	...

FOR ISSUE.†

Letter only.	Complete G.O.	(b) Special issue copies of G.O.		Notes.
		No.	Papers.	

Signature copies.....	2			
India Office.....				
Govt. of India..... Dept.				
Revenue Department.....				
Public Works Department.....				
Educational Department.....				
Dept.....	4			
Dept.....				
Dept.....				

Spare copies	The C. M. C.....			
	The Collector of.....			
	The P. D. B.....			
	The Accountant-General.....	4		
	The Director of Public Instruction.....	5		
	The Surgeon-General.....			
	The Sanitary Commissioner.....			
	Do. Engineer.....			
	Do. Board.....			
	The President, Corporation of Madras			
	The.....			
	The.....			
	The.....			
	The.....			
	The.....			
	Total	11		

* Copies distributed on..... (Press Clerk.)
† Copies distributed on..... (Despatcher.)

* To be initialed and dated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

- (a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.
- (b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.
- (c) For rules regarding printing of notes, see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public dated 30th November 1900.
- (d) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencee concerned.
- (e) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.
- (f) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

- (a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Registrar with a remark to that effect.
- (b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.
- (c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.
- (d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.
- (e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, but only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

TO PRESS, MADRAS,
OUTY.

A

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C

Please send proof in triplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.

Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.

As the matter is clear manuscript and has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.

Type may be released after usual interval.
at once.

Type may be released after usual interval.

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Clerk.

Clerk

Supdt.

Supdt.

Supdt.

(b) Three copies of proof of all notes should be sent for approval, except when instructions are given to the contrary.

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Call for revised proof received on.....	
Revised proof furnished on.....	
Corrected proof received for striking on.....	
Final copies supplied on.....	3/12/12 L.B.

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