

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1913.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O. No. 650, 12th July 1913.

Grants.

Communicating to the Director of Public Instruction, with remarks, letter from the Government of India sanctioning a non-recurring grant of 45 lakhs for education.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT
12th July 1913

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

G.O. No. 445, Educational, dated 14th May 1913.

Read—the following paper :—

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. H. SHARP, C.I.E., Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education (Education).
To—the Secretary to Government of Madras, Educational Department.
Dated—Delhi, the 25th March 1913.
No.—507-C.D.

With reference to paragraph 2 of Finance department letter No. 257-F., dated the 2nd March 1913, I am directed to inform you that the Government of India have decided to make a non-recurring grant of Rs. 2,50,00,000 during the current financial year for the improvement of education. This grant is allotted for the objects noted below :—

	Lakhs of rupees.
(a) Universities	46
(b) Colleges and secondary schools (including training institutions) ..	35
(c) Elementary schools	84
(d) Educational hygiene, gymnasia, playgrounds, swimming-baths, gardens, reading-rooms, common-rooms, etc.	25
(e) Manual instruction	7
(f) Girls' schools, technical and special schools	25
(g) European education	28

2. As regards these objects I am briefly to remark as follows :—

Universities.—The grant to the University of Madras is for capital objects connected with the development of University work and is subject to the approval by the Government of India of a scheme for the utilization of the amount.

Colleges and secondary schools (including training institutions).—The Government of India understand that the Government of Madras contemplate considerable expenditure upon their Engineering College. They have no objection to His Excellency the Governor in Council spending a portion of the grant on this object. The remainder of the grant is intended for arts colleges and secondary schools.

Elementary schools.—The grant is intended for the erection and equipment of vernacular (mainly elementary) schools and vernacular institutions.

Educational hygiene, gymnasia, playgrounds, swimming-baths, gardens, reading-rooms, common-rooms, etc.—This grant is intended to make a start in placing education upon a broader basis along the lines indicated in the Resolution No. 301-C.D., dated the 21st February 1913.

Manual instruction.—This is designed to encourage the much-needed introduction of manual training into schools.

Girls' schools, technical and special schools.—These objects are grouped together under a single head in order that local Governments may deal freely with their grants according to the readiness of local programmes.

Should the Government of Madras be desirous of utilizing any portion of this grant on medical education more particularly on the proposed Pathological Institute, I am to say that the Government of India are prepared for the purposes of the grant to regard medical education as technical education.

European education.—This is for the improvement of buildings and equipment in schools for the education of the domiciled community. The attention of the Government of India has recently been drawn to the needs of schools for children of railway employees and they trust it may be found possible to allot some funds for their improvement.

The local Government will be separately addressed regarding the education of Muhammadans, to which the Government of India attach great importance. The Government of India, however, do not desire to delay any existing schemes and they have no doubt that local Governments in distributing grants will make provision for special Muhammadan institutions.

3. The Government of India do not desire to tie down local Governments too rigorously to particular heads provided there is a general conformity to policy, and will consider favourably applications for transfer of sums from one educational head to another subject to this general provision. They also have no objection to a portion of the grant being utilized for the purchase of pictures for the use of schools.

4. With the exception of the 46 lakhs for Universities, the grant has been distributed upon the population and other statistical considerations and the educational requirements of each province as far as they were known. The amount allotted to the Madras Presidency is —

	RS.
Universities	3,00,000
Colleges and secondary schools and training institutions ..	6,00,000
Elementary schools	17,00,000
Educational hygiene, gymnasia, etc.	6,00,000
Manual instruction	1,50,000
Girls' schools, technical and special schools	6,00,000
European education	5,50,000
Total	45,00,000

Order—No. 445, Educational, dated 14th May 1913.

The Syndicate of the Madras University will be informed that the Government of India have sanctioned an additional non-recurring grant of three lakhs for expenditure to be spread over three years upon capital objects connected with the development of University work. As it is a condition of the grant that the prior approval of the Government of India shall be obtained in respect of the method of utilization, it is incumbent on the University to frame a regular scheme of appropriation and the Government trust that this matter will receive early attention. It may be assumed that one lakh will be available in the present year and a similar amount in each of the two succeeding years.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Registrar, University of Madras (order only).

Order—No. 650, Educational, dated 12th July 1913.

The letter from the Government of India No. 507-C.D., dated 25th March 1913, will be communicated to the Director of Public Instruction for guidance.

2. Out of the grant of six lakhs for colleges, secondary schools and training institutions, three lakhs will be reserved for the new Engineering College, and out of the second six lakhs for girls' schools, technical and special schools, two lakhs and a half will be reserved for the proposed Pathological Institute. No portion of the amount intended for the latter object will be needed during the current year.

3. Out of the total grant of 16.20 lakhs available for 1913-14, proposals for the expenditure of about ₹ 1.76 lakhs have

	LAKHS.	
* States and books for poor and backward classes	0.75	already been received from the Director of Public Instruction, excluding the two lakhs set apart for the Engineering
Stipendiary grants	0.22	College and the University in the memorandum printed with G.O. No. 264,
Training of extra batch of teachers.	0.79	Educational, dated 27th March 1913.
Total	1.76	The Director is requested to expedite his proposals for the utilization of the balance of 12.44 lakhs.

(True Extract.)

W. FRANCIS,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
" Public Department.
" Public Works Department.
" Financial Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 650, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 12TH JULY 1913.

[SUBJECT.—Non-recurring Imperial grant of 45 lakhs for education.]

From the Government of India, Department of Education, dated 25th March 1913,
No. 507-C.D.

Submitted that a copy of the three letters from the Government of India may be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction in advance for information.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—31-3-13.

C. S. ANANTARAMA AYYAR—31-3-13.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

I append a few preliminary notes.

A. G. BOURNE—9-4-13.

1. *Universities*—Rs. 3,00,000.—It is suggested that Government should inform the University that an additional non-recurring grant of three lakhs, the expenditure of which may be spread over the next three years, will be provided for an approved scheme.

2. *Colleges, Secondary Schools and Training Institutions*—Rs. 6,00,000.—A considerable portion of this grant may be made available for expenditure on the College of Engineering. The Engineering College scheme should be expedited. Any balance out of this allotment may be utilized for Arts colleges and secondary schools as suggested by the Government of India.

3. *Educational Hygiene, Gymnasiums, etc.*—Rs. 6,00,000.—The question will be further considered after the report of the Committee referred to in paragraph 10 of my Memorandum, dated 23rd March 1913 read in G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913, is received.

4. *Manual Instruction*—Rs. 1,50,000.—Proposals will be submitted after the arrival from England of the expert referred to in paragraph 17 of my Memorandum, dated 23rd March 1913.

5. *Girls' Schools, Technical and Special Schools*—Rs. 6,00,000.—It may be ascertained from the Medical Department whether any portion of this grant will be claimed or given for the Pathological Institute.

6. *European Education*—Rs. 5,50,000.—The Inspector of European Schools will be asked to submit schemes for the improvement of buildings and equipment in schools for the education of the domiciled community. A hostel for Doveton has been suggested. Perhaps Bishop Corrie's also may require one.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The Director's notes above relate only to the non-recurring grant (exclusive of hostel grant). From these it will be seen that before the Director of Public Instruction is formally asked to submit proposals for utilizing the grants, the questions have to be determined (i) how much of the six lakhs for colleges and secondary schools should be devoted to the new Engineering College buildings and (ii) whether any and if so what portion of the grant of six lakhs for girls' schools, technical and special schools should be earmarked for medical education (Pathological institute).

2. As regards the first, the Director in his memorandum on the policy to be pursued in the utilization of the grant for the *current* year has proposed that a grant of one lakh may be set apart for the Engineering College. As the Director recommends that "a considerable portion" of the grant may be made available for the Engineering College, a similar grant of one lakh each for the other two years also over which the grant will be spread may perhaps be allotted for the work. This, if approved, will take away for the Engineering College three out of the six lakhs. No idea is given of the amount that may profitably be spent on Arts colleges and secondary schools. This might have helped in fixing the allotment for the Engineering College. For the present the Director's recommendation for the current year may be taken as the basis and he may be asked to regard the remaining three lakhs as available for arts colleges and secondary schools.

3. As regards the portion to be reserved for medical education, please see G.O. No. 532, Public, dated 3rd May 1912. The cost of the Pathological Institute was estimated at 2-50 lakhs. The Public Department may be asked to state how much of the grant is needed for this.

4. On the determination of these points the Government of India's letter may be formally communicated to the Director of Public Instruction for guidance. It is not likely that the proposals for the *current* year will be largely affected by the Government of India's letter. The general lines of policy for this year have already been laid down in G.O. No. 264, Educational, dated 27th March 1913. Though the allocation laid down in the Government Order does not correspond to that suggested by India, the amounts for subsequent two years may be adjusted in such a way as to bring the *total* amounts for the three years for each object to accord with the distribution made by India.

5. In the meanwhile a copy may be communicated to the University with reference to the grant of three lakhs sanctioned for it. A draft order is submitted for approval.

6. After its issue, the file may be sent to *Public* with reference to paragraph 3 above, copy being sent simultaneously to Financial and Public Works Department with reference to paragraph 2.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—19-4-13.

Paragraph 5.—There is no need to send a copy of the whole letter to the Syndicate which is concerned only with a small portion of it. The draft Government Order should be complete in itself.

2. Public and Financial must be asked what they want for the Pathological Institute and Public Works Department and Financial must similarly be consulted about the sum to be earmarked for the Engineering College.

A Print and circulate to the Public, Public Works and Financial Departments.

L. DAVIDSON—22-4-13.

A revised draft order is submitted for approval. After its issue, the file will be printed up and circulated to the departments specified.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—23-4-13.

Should Government ask the Syndicate or the Senate?

L. DAVIDSON—24-4-13.

Submitted that it seems better to ask the Syndicate to consult the Senate in this matter. Originally in G.O. No. 271, Educational, dated 25th March 1912, the proposals were called for from the *Syndicate* in respect of the Imperial grants sanctioned last year. When the proposals submitted by the Syndicate were under consideration, the Hon'ble Mr. Sivaswami Aiyar suggested that the views of the Senate on the utilization of the grant might be secured. This was agreed to and in paragraph 10 of Memorandum No. 1314-3, Educational, dated 2nd September 1912, the Syndicate was requested to place the matter before that body. The words "in consultation with the senate" may be added to the draft.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—25-4-13.

I do not think such an addition would solve the difficulty. I have revised the draft in consultation with the Director of Public Instruction. Please have it type-written and sent to Financial for acceptance of this final sentence proposing to distribute the three lakhs evenly over the triennium. The Director is anxious for a definite pronouncement as to the method of distribution in order that he may know upon what sum he may count for other objects in the current year.

L. DAVIDSON—26-4-13.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The draft may, it is submitted, be accepted in Financial.

V. GOPALAKRISHNA Aiyar—1-5-13.

C. REILLY—1-5-13.

A. G. CARDEW—2-5-13.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Submitted for orders whether the draft may now issue.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—12-5-13.

Yes.

L. DAVIDSON—13-5-13.

[Issued as G.O. No. 445, Educational, dated 14th May 1913.]

Please see the Secretary's instruction at A on page 2 *ante*. The papers have been printed, the file may now be circulated to Public, Public Works and Financial Departments.

B. GOPALACHARI—7-6-13.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—8-6-13.

Yes.

C. S. ANANTARAMA Aiyar—9-6-13.

Public
Public Works
Financial } Departments.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

The Educational Department enquire what amount of grant will be required for the projected Pathological Institute out of the six lakhs saved by the Government of India for "Girls' schools, technical and special schools." The Government of India state that if this Government are desirous of utilising any portion of this grant for medical education, especially for the Pathological Institute, they are prepared to regard medical education as technical education.

No. 650, EDUCATIONAL, 12TH JULY 1913.

2. Attention is solicited to the notes on pages 4-6 of notes in the linked file where it was pointed out that no estimate of the requirements of the Pathological Institute can be prepared so long as the question of removing the General Hospital G.O. No. 586, Public, dated 10th May 1913. remains unsettled. Accordingly the needs of the Pathological Institute were not considered in the distribution of the 1.5 lakh grant for medical relief referred to in another file. It will probably take some time before the proposal can be proceeded with and in any case it will not be possible to utilise any portion of the present grant of six lakhs in the near future. There is no information as to whether the grant should be utilised in the current year or whether it may be spread over a number of years. Attention is invited to paragraph 2 of the Financial Department note on page 6 of notes to G.O. No. 221, Public, dated 14th February 1913, where it was stated that the Government of India would have no objection to the expenditure from the grant being spread over a number of years. If this is so, it is for orders whether a sum of 2½ lakhs may be set apart for the Pathological Institute. This amount represents the total approximate cost of the institute. The Government of India seem specially anxious about this object.

Vide G.O. No. 221, Public, 14th February 1913.

(*vide* paragraph 2 of their letter in G.O. No. 221, Public, dated 14th February 1913, and their present letter on page 2, current file) and it seems better to be ready provided with funds while sanctioning the establishment of the Institute.

P. R. RAMANADHA AIYAR—12-6-13.

Chief Secretary (through Financial)—

I suppose that in any case we shall need to build a Pathological Institute, but I do not see how the money can be definitely appropriated at present.

A. J. CURGENVEN—13-6-13.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

The Government of India have sanctioned a non-recurring special grant of * 49 lakhs for expenditure on education—
 * Paragraph 2 of Government of India (Financial Department) letter No. 257, F., dated 2nd March 1913, on pages 3 and 4 of G.O. No. 194, Financial, dated 11th March 1913.

	Amount of grant Lakhs.
(1) Grants to colleges and secondary schools (including training institutions) and expenditure on the <i>Engineering College, Madras.</i>	6.00
(2) Expenditure on girls' schools, technical and special schools and the <i>proposed Pathological Institute, Madras.</i>	6.00

Paragraph 2 of Mr. Davidson's note, dated 22nd April 1913, on page 2 *ante*.

2. The question raised by Educational is, how much should be reserved for the two items—(1) Engineering College and (2) Pathological Institute.

Paragraph 12 on page 3 of letter No. 527 W., dated 5th March 1913.

Paragraph 13 on page 4 of letter *ibid*.

+ *Of* paragraph 1 of Honourable Member's note, dated 30th June 1912, on page 22 of notes to G.O. Nos. 526-7 W., dated 5th March 1913, where he held that if the Government of India gave 3 lakhs, we would be lucky and paragraph 2 of Educational Department note on page 2 *ante*.

3. *Engineering College*.—The estimated cost is 15.30 lakhs and the Government of India have been asked to give us an assignment from surplus Imperial funds towards the expenditure on this institution. It seems, it is submitted, unlikely that the Government of India, will sanction an assignment. Perhaps a grant of + 3 lakhs may, for the present, be reserved for expenditure on this purpose.

4. *Pathological Institute*.—The total estimate is 2½ lakhs. Submitted that the full estimated cost may be reserved.

V. GOPALAKRISHNA AIYAR—20-6-13.

For orders,

C. REILLY—20-6-13

Honourable Member—

I think a sum of 2½ lakhs should be reserved for the Pathological buildings, though the money would not be needed this year.

2. The proposal to reserve three lakhs for the College of Engineering may also be approved.

3. Educational can then deal with the rest of Government of India grant.

A. G. CARDEW—29-6-13.

H. A. S[UART]—1-7-13.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

This file has come back to Educational without having been forwarded to Public Works Department as originally marked. A draft order is submitted which may issue with the concurrence of Public Works Department.

B. GOPALACHARI—4-7-13.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—8-7-13:

Issue. Need not go to the Public Works Department.

W. FRANCIS—12-7-13.

[G.O. No. 650, Educational, dated 12th July 1913.]

* Slabs, books, for past backward Classes	0.76
Stipendary grant	0.22
Training of school batch of teachers	0.79
	<u>1.76</u>

16.20
3.76
12.44

Noted in CO
15/7/13

Accepted
14.7.13

To
The D.P.O.
The Superintendent
P.S.D.
F.D.

No. portion of the amount intended for the latter object will be needed during the ~~of~~ current year.

3 Out of the total grant of 16.20 lakhs available for 1913-14, proposals for the expenditure of about 1.76 lakhs have already been received from the D.P.O., excluding the ~~amounts~~ two lakhs set apart for the Engineering College and the University in the memorandum printed with G.O. No. 264.

6 Ed, dated 27th March 1913. The Director is requested to expedite his proposals for the utilization of the balance of 12.44 lakhs.

CA
10.7.13

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