

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1913.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O. No. 23, 6th January 1913.

Stipends.

Recording office-notes on the suggestions made by the Hon'ble Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao to increase the rates of — to caste Hindu and Muhammadan women teachers under training and the subsidies paid for the construction of elementary school buildings.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Office-notes on the suggestions made by the Hon'ble Mr. Ramachandra Rao to increase the rates of stipends to caste Hindu and Muhammadan women teachers under training and the subsidies paid for the construction of elementary school buildings.

Order—No. 23, Educational, dated 6th January 1913.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Financial Department, with copy of notes.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 23, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 6TH JANUARY 1913.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Extract from the Hon'ble Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao's demi-official letter, dated
29th July 1912.

Education.—It seems to me extremely desirable that in order to induce Hindu caste women and Muhammadan women to undergo training as teachers, stipendiary allowances on a liberal scale will have to be granted with a guarantee that they will be employed after training. If Government desire, as I believe they do, that the male teachers in girls' schools should be replaced as far as possible by female teachers, it is not likely under the existing state of things, unless strong inducements are held out, that there will be any supply. I think this subject deserves much fuller consideration and the Director's views may be invited with a view to make some provision in the budget for the next year. I should also like that the Government should consider the desirability of fixing a fairly larger yearly grant than has been possible in the past for elementary school buildings and to allot the same on some well defined principles. I have found specially in regard to girls' schools comparatively small and unimportant places being provided with costly school houses, while the larger towns have been left unprovided. It seems to me that allotments both for school buildings for Government girls' schools as well as contributions to local bodies for the construction of elementary school buildings be considerably raised and the building programme be so settled as to run continuously for a number of years.

I have a few proposals for consideration in regard to the distribution of the grant of 8 lakhs for elementary education; but as the Director of Public Instruction has probably submitted his proposals in regard to this matter, it will be an advantage if his proposals are communicated. I am aware of these proposals so far as they have been sanctioned in the Government Orders published up to date.

Government have been making a grant of one lakh to the University for the last three or four years for the promotion of study and research. This amount was raised to 1.50 last year. I am not quite certain how this annual grant has been utilised and what new schemes of study and research have been set on foot during the last four years. I believe a good portion of this amount has been founded. I have no information as to how this amount has been utilised during the last three or four years, and if any information is available, I should like to have it. If necessary a report may be called for as to how far this grant has been utilised in the past and what schemes they have for the coming year. If it is found that the University has enough of funds in hand for the next year, I would suggest that the amount usually allotted be diverted to secondary schools for equipments and buildings. They seem to be greatly in need of funds for this purpose.

Hostels.—I shall be glad to know how the allotment of .96 for hostels is proposed to be utilised for the current year. The hostel accommodation in the Rajahmundry Government College is very insufficient and I would suggest that an enquiry be made and a suitable grant for the purpose be made during the coming year.

A high school for girls has been under consideration for a long time and it has been stated that Government had decided to start a high school at Vizagapatam. I should like to know how matters now stand and whether Government have finally sanctioned any scheme and, if so, where the high school is to be located. If there are any proposals under consideration, I would strongly urge that the high school should be located at Rajahmundry which is centrally situated for all the Telugu districts. I believe there will be practically no pupils if the High school is located at Vizagapatam.

The suggestion in paragraph 7 regarding Educational matters may, it is submitted, be remitted to Educational for necessary action.

A.S.—21-8-12.

A. HANUMANTA RAO—22-8-12.

C. REILLY—23-8-12.

The notes have been put in type as directed by the Chief Secretary and the file is re-submitted.

A.S.—11-9-12.

A. HANUMANTA RAO—11-9-12

C. REILLY—12-9-12.

Mr. Ramachandra Rao's memorandum contains a number of interesting suggestions. It is a pity it has been delayed so long in Financial. Extracts from it should now be sent at once to the departments concerned for consideration and remarks, viz.—

Revenue department	Paragraphs 1—3 and 10
Judicial	" 4 and 5
Public and Legislative departments ..	Paragraph 6
Educational department	" 7
Public	" 8
Local and Municipal department ..	" 11

We will deal further with paragraph 9 when the Accountant-General replies to the reference in Official Memorandum No. 4564, dated 26th August 1912.

A. G. CARDEW—13-9-12.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The extract from the Hon'ble Mr. Ramachandra Rao's memorandum may in the first instance be sent to the Director of Public Instruction for remarks.

T. KANAKASUNDARAM PILLAI—20-9-12.

Has the Director of Public Instruction information about the grants to the University?

M. S. MASCARENHAS—23-11-12.

The Director has information about the grants made to the University, as all orders sanctioning such grants are communicated to him—please see G.O. No. 272, Educational, dated 10th May 1911, for instance. The Director of Public Instruction however need not note on the question of grants to the University; his remarks are required on the other suggestions of the Additional Member.

2. It may be noted that the statement made by the Additional Member about the University getting a grant of one lakh each year during the last three or four years is not correct. The grants to the University during the last three years did not exceed Rs. 30,000 in any one year.

T.K.—3-10-12.

C. RAMANUJA CHARI—4-10-12.

M. S. MASCARENHAS—5-10-12.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

I have proposed large expenditure during the ensuing three years for buildings for elementary schools of all kinds.

2. I have proposed five lakhs for equipment of secondary schools. As to their buildings the rate of aid has been raised and funds will doubtless be forthcoming for all the demands that arise.

3. The utilization of the grant for hostels is under the consideration of Government. I have proposed further allotments.

4. As to the High school for girls and its location the matter formed the subject of a question at the last Legislative Council meeting.

5. This leaves only the question of stipendiary allowances to women teachers under training. I had better consult the inspectresses if Government decide to take any action. The allowances might be raised if more students were likely to be forthcoming in consequence.

A. G. BOURNE—10-10-12.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The Additional Member makes five suggestions in respect of education and desires to have information on two points. His suggestions are—

(1) that stipendiary allowances on a liberal scale be paid to caste Hindu women and Muhammadan women "to induce them to undergo training as teachers",

(2) that allotments for school buildings for Government girls' schools and contribution to local bodies for construction of elementary school buildings be considerably raised,

(3) that grants be paid to secondary schools for equipment and buildings,

(4) that a grant be made for providing increased accommodation in the hostel attached to the Government College, Rajahmundry, and

(5) that the proposed high school for girls be located at Rajahmundry which is centrally situated for all Telugu districts.

2. (1) *Payment of increased stipendiary allowances to caste Hindu and Muhammadan women.*—Apparently the Additional Member's suggestion refers more to the enhancement of the rates of the stipendiary allowances now available for Hindu and Muhammadan women rather than to the increase in their number. The number of stipends available for Hindu and Muhammadan women is not known; but the rates are Rs. 9 for the elementary teachers, Rs. 12 for secondary and Rs. 20 for collegiate. (*vide* G.O. No. 378, Educational, dated 2nd May 1912). Dr. Bourne presumes that the Additional Member's suggestion is to raise the rates and states that they might be raised, if more students are likely to be forthcoming in consequence. He further notes that if Government decide to take action in the matter he would consult the inspectresses. Prior to May last the minimum rate of stipends for women teachers was only Rs. 7 and this was raised to Rs. 9. It is for consideration whether a further enhancement is called for. It may be observed that the value of scholarships paid to widows for purposes of general education ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 18 *per mensem* inclusive of guardian allowances. In the new school to be opened at Vizagapatam the rate of scholarship for widows sanctioned is Rs. 15. These will probably justify a further enhancement of the rate of stipends. Submitted that the Director of Public Instruction may be asked to consult the inspectresses as proposed by him and submit a report to Government.

Page 1 of notes with G.O. No. 378, Educational, dated 2nd May 1912.

Please compare paragraph 5 on page 3 of notes with G.O. No. 683, Educational, dated 26th July 1912.

3. (2) *Raising of allotments for construction of school buildings.*—The suggestions under this head fall under the following four heads:—

- larger allotments be made for buildings for Government girls' schools,
- larger amounts of grants be made to local bodies for the construction of elementary school buildings,
- the buildings constructed should suit the requirements of the locality, and
- a well defined building programme for a number of years be settled.

No information is available as to the number of Government girls' schools unprovided with buildings. The Director of Public Instruction does not touch this point. It may, however, be observed that proposals in this regard are being from time to time received and sanctioned. The Director of Public Instruction will no doubt bear in mind the needs of his schools.

As regards contributions to local bodies for the construction of elementary school buildings, this is being granted *systematically* only from 1911. In that year a sum of Rs. 1,25,000 was paid to local boards; and during the current year a sum of 2.10 lakhs has been paid to district boards and Rs. 80,500 to municipalities. Referring to this suggestion, the Director states that he has proposed large expenditure during the ensuing three years for buildings for elementary schools of all kinds. No proposals have yet been received from him and he has made none in connection with the budget for 1913-14. Probably the

Director refers to his proposals in connection with the three years' programme called for by the Government of India, wherein he said that on the construction of school-houses he could spend any amount up to 260 lakhs. But this is only an estimate mainly depending on an Imperial bounty. It may be mentioned that in connection with the schemes submitted by him for the utilization of any surpluses, he has proposed a sum of 4.60 lakhs for buildings in local areas, and further proposals amounting to 3.31 lakhs for the same purpose are now pending with Government. The question of allotments for this purpose chiefly depends on the funds available. The Director of Public Instruction, as observed already, is ready to spend large amounts. The settlement of a definite programme is impossible unless Financial undertake to provide specific allotments for a number of years.

As regards the selection of places for buildings and the nature of the structure to be adopted, the Government have left the matter entirely to the discretion of the local bodies.

4. (3) *Grants to secondary schools for equipment and buildings.*—With reference to this, Dr. Bourne notes that he has proposed 5 lakhs for equipment of secondary schools and that as to their buildings, the rate of aid has been raised and funds will doubtless be forthcoming for all the demands that arise. The proposal to spend 5 lakhs on equipment for secondary schools, referred to by the Director of Public Instruction, forms one of the educational schemes not involving recurring outlay which has been prepared at the request of the Financial Department. It cannot be definitely stated whether funds will be eventually provided for this purpose at all. If, however, it is considered necessary to make definite grants for equipments during 1913-14, Financial

* This item has been noted for consideration along with the demands of other departments in the provisional distribution of unallotted for 1913-14.

V.G.K.—10-12-12.

The Director of Public Instruction's statement that the rate of aid has been raised refers apparently to the revision of the grant-in-aid, which now allows a half instead of a third grant for buildings. But it is observed that no extra provision for this purpose has been proposed by him in the budget. Nor is any suggested in connection with the proposals for the utilization of surpluses. He seems however to be confident of meeting all demands. The question need not be pursued further.

The diversion of the allotment for University in the current year's budget to other purposes has been definitely negated by the Financial Department. Similar objections will hold good in respect of future allotments for this specific purpose.

5. (4) *Provision of increased accommodation in the Rajahmundry College hostel.*—The Additional Member states that accommodation in this hostel is very insufficient. No information on this point is available in the office, and none has been furnished by the Director of Public Instruction on the point in his note. Rajahmundry hostel did not also find a place in the schemes amounting to 5.23 lakhs in cost, submitted by the Director of Public Instruction for the utilization of the Imperial grants for hostels. Paragraph 17 of the college report for 1911-12, dated 18th June 1912, while stating that the strength of the hostel rose from 20 to 30 during the year, expresses the hope that it

Page 6 of G.O. No. 600, Educational, dated 5th July 1912.

† (The date of the Additional Member's letter, page 1 above.)

6. (5) *Location of the new girls' secondary school at Rajahmundry.*—The Government have already approved the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction to station the new girls' secondary school at Vizagapatam—vide G.O. No. 683,

Educational, dated 26th July 1912. The advantages of the location of the school at

Paragraph 5 of Director of Public Instruction's letter on page 3 of G.O. No. 683, Educational, dated 26th July 1912.

interests of Ganjam district will also be served. This is only an experimental school.

Please compare G.O. No. 904, Educational, dated 10th October 1912.

7. The two points on which the Additional Member desires to have information are—

(1) how the grants paid to the University have been utilized during the last three or four years, and

(2) how the allotment of '96 for hostels is proposed to be utilized during the current year.

8. (b) *University grants.*—The Additional Member's statement that the Government have been making a grant of 1 lakh to the University for the last three or four years for the promotion of study and research is not correct. The allotment under "22. Education—University during the last four years has been as follows:—

	RS.
1909-10	17,000
1910-11	50,500
1911-12	75,500
1912-13	1,50,500

This, however, does not mean that the whole of the provision above shown was paid in each year to the University. Grants were paid from these allotments both to the University direct and to arts colleges; and the larger share of the allotments went to the latter. The amount of grants paid to the University alone during the period has been as follows:—

	RS.
G.O. No. 164, Educational, dated 28th March 1910. 1909-10	15,000
G.O. No. 584, Educational, dated 13th October 1910. 1910-11	15,000
G.O. No. 272, Educational, dated 10th May 1911. 1911-12	20,000
G.O. No. 861, Educational, dated 27th September 1912. 1912-13	20,000 (excluding Rs. 6,000 paid for the preparation of the Tamil lexicon).

All these grants were paid to meet the charges connected with the inspection of colleges and the travelling expenses of Fellows. No portion of these grants has been funded. The Additional Member may be informed accordingly.

9. *Utilization of the grant of '96 for hostels during the current year.*—The grant referred to is the allotment for hostels included in the recurring Imperial grant of 8 lakhs. Orders generally approving the proposals for the utilization of this amount and other Imperial grants for the same purpose during the current year have now been passed—vide G.O. No. 1004, Educational, dated 14th November 1912. This order is to be placed on Editors' table; the Additional Member may therefore be referred to it.

T.K.—18-11-12.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—28-11-12.

It seems somewhat absurd in December formally to reply to a demi-official of last July and before doing so I should like to know in what circumstances that demi-official was written, whether it has been acknowledged and, if so, in what terms. There may or may not have been some intimation that the Educational Department would answer the enquiries with which it was concerned. The other

day the Honourable Member, Financial, noted, I believe, that suggestive letters, such as this, should be examined and considered in connection with the budget, but should not be separately answered.

Will *Financial* kindly furnish information as at **B** so as to throw light on the question whether Educational should answer the Additional Member's queries or not?

L. DAVIDSON—29-11-12.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A copy of notes containing the information required by the Educational Department is submitted and it may be furnished to that department.

V. GOPALAKRISHNAN—3-12-12.

Furnish it.

C. REILLY—3-12-12.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Financial have already acknowledged the demi-official and it has been decided that no separate reply should go to the Additional Member.

2. Orders are solicited as to whether any reference should go to the Director of Public Instruction in respect of **A** in paragraph 2 on page 3 *supra*.

3. The file may be forwarded to the Financial Department.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—5-12-12.

If Financial do not object, a memorandum may go to the Director of Public Instruction asking him to *consider* the need for a further enhancement of the stipends payable to women teachers.

The papers may then be printed and recorded a copy being communicated to Financial.

L. DAVIDSON—6-12-12.

To the Financial Department u.o.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Submitted that the proposal of the Educational Department may be accepted.

V. GOPALAKRISHNAN—10-12-12.

Honourable Member—

C. REILLY—11-12-12.

A. G. CARDEW—12-12-12.

Yes. I should like to see a complete copy of Mr. Ramachandra Rao's letter.

H. A. S[TUART]—15-12-12.

Please have a complete copy submitted to the Honourable Member.

A.G.C.—16-12-12.

A complete copy of the Hon'ble Mr. Ramachandra Rao's letter is being submitted to Honourable Member.

The present case may be returned to the Educational Department.

V. GOPALAKRISHNAN—16-12-12.

C. REILLY—17-12-12.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A draft memorandum to the Director of Public Instruction regarding the enhancement of the stipendiary allowance to women teachers under training and a draft order recording the papers are submitted for approval.

T.K.—3-1-13.

C. RAMANUJACHARI—3-1-13.

L. DAVIDSON—6-1-13.

[Memorandum No. 2532-4, dated 6th January 1913.]

[G.O. No. 23, Educational, dated 6th January 1913.]

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Current No. 2532, dated 1912

G.O., No. 23, dated 1913.

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b)
Notes

Docket. Stipends. Recording office notes on the suggestions made by the Hon. Mr. Rangachandra Rao to increase the rates of pay to caste Hindus and Muhammadan women teachers under training and the subsidies for the construction of elementary school buildings.

Number (c) of copies required when struck off (not including copies for volumes and editors' table which are retained in the Press).

Complete Correspondence and orders.

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7/9
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