

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

} 1912.

Enclosures

Regd.

Spare copies

G.O. No. 88, 3rd February 1912.

Schoolmasters in agency tracts.

Excluding the Ganjam, Golugonda and Palkonda Agencies from the operation of G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911, in regard to the disbursement of pay to — .

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911.

ABSTRACT.—Directing that the pay of the schoolmasters in agency tracts be drawn by Sub-Assistant Inspectors of schools on consolidated bills and remitted to the schools by postal money order.

II

Letter—from J. M. TURING, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Agent to the Governor in Ganjam.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Dated—Camp, Simanbadi, the 24th November 1911.

No.—R.G.B. 82/Agency.

I have the honour to request that the Government may be pleased to reconsider their Order No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911, directing that the pay of the schoolmasters in the agency tracts be drawn by the Sub-Assistant Inspector of schools on consolidated bills and remitted to the schools by postal money order, as it seems impossible to put the system into practice in this agency.

2. In the entire agency there are only three post offices, one at Goomsur Udayagiri, one at Balliguda and the other at Ramagiri Udayagiri, the three taluk head-quarters, and there are 76 Government schools scattered all over an enormous area. The greatest distance of a school from any of the above post office is about 60 miles and the average distance may be said to be about twenty miles. There is no agency at the disposal of the post office by which, after receipt of a money order at the post office, the delivery of money orders to these distant places can be effected and the system is therefore now *absolutely unworkable*. Nor do I think it likely that any such extra post office staff can be introduced solely for this purpose. Moreover even if it were introduced, I am at a loss to understand what advantage the arrangement would have over the present system described below, since the agency employed would be at least as low paid as the present Revenue peons employed.

3. At present there is a peon in each taluk entirely devoted to this work. The pay of the schoolmasters is drawn by the Special Assistant Agent on a consolidated bill, which is cashed by the Deputy Tahsildar of the taluk, who hands the amount over in sums of Rs. 100 or less to the peon for distribution among the schoolmasters. The services of these peons are pensionable, and since the loss incurred owing to the death of the school peon of Ramagiri Udayagiri reported in my letter No. 153, dated 18th March 1911, read in G.O. No. 727, Judicial, dated 28th April 1911, security has been taken from these peons sufficient to guard against any likelihood of further loss. The actual sum lost on this occasion (Rs. 17-8-0) was, however, so trifling that it probably has not weighed with Government in ordering a change of system. No other agency could, I think, be devised which would have more inducement to be honest or be more easily controllable than the school peons hitherto employed.

4. For these reasons, I request that the Government may be pleased to sanction the continuance of the system existing till recently as described above.

5. The Director of Public Instruction did not consult me or the Special Assistant Agent as regards the change of system, which could not, I need scarcely say, have been supported by any one conversant with the local conditions of this agency. I think his proposal must be based on the idea that there is a post office within easy reach of every school.

6. The first result of the change, I am informed, has been that the schoolmasters have not received pay for any month since August though it is now nearly the end of November. For this reason the matter is somewhat urgent and I request that it may engage the early attention of Government.

I would myself revert to the original system temporarily in anticipation of sanction, but for the fact that it is a matter involving account procedure and the bills would probably be rejected by the Accounts Department.

III

Endorsement No. 3019-1, Educational, dated 13th December 1911.

Referred to the Director of Public Instruction for early remarks to be submitted through the Accountant-General.

(By Order.)

M. S. MASCARENHAS,
Under Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

IV

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. A. G. BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department (through the Accountant-General).

Dated—the 22nd December 1911.

No.—Ref. on Cur. 8291.

In returning the letter of the Agent to the Governor in Ganjam regarding the disbursement of the pay of the schoolmasters in the agency tracts referred to me for remarks under your endorsement No. 3019-1, dated 13th December 1911, I have the honour to state that as recommended by the Agent the reversion to the original system of distribution through peons may be sanctioned in Ganjam Agency.

2. With reference to paragraph 5 of the Agent's letter, however, I submit that the Inspector of Schools, First Circle, was asked to consult the Agents but that the Agent in Ganjam did not reply to the Inspector at all, while the Agents in Vizagapatam and Gōdāvari forwarded their proposals only after two reminders.

3. I submit herewith the letter of the Agent to the Governor in Vizagapatam, D. Dis. No. 830, dated 14th November 1911, on the same subject. Although the Agent recommends that the supervisors may be the disbursing agency, I consider that the system of disbursement through peons may be introduced in this agency also.

4. The Agent to the Governor in Gōdāvari approves of the money order system and it may therefore be adopted in that agency and extended to the other agencies as soon as postal facilities are sufficiently great to obviate any delay in disbursement.

ENCLOSURE.

Letter—from F. C. PARSONS, Esq., I.C.S., Agent to the Governor, Vizagapatam.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department (through the Director of Public Instruction, Madras).

Dated—the 14th November 1911.

No.—D. Dis. 830.

With reference to G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911, I have the honour to send herewith, for favour of orders, a petition of the schoolmasters of Golugonda Agency. I beg to point out that as there are no post offices in the Golugonda and Palkonda Agencies, the system of payment of the salaries of the schoolmasters in those agencies by postal money orders sent by sub-assistant inspectors is unsuitable to them. I therefore request that the Government may be pleased to exempt these two agencies from the operation of the Government order referred to above and allow the supervisors to draw the salaries of the schoolmasters in those agencies and pay them to the schoolmasters as before.

Sub-Enclosure.

Petition—from the Schoolmasters of Golugonda Agency, Vizagapatam.
To—the Agent to the Governor, Vizagapatam.
Dated—the 1st November 1911.

After the new rules came into force the Sub-Assistant Inspector of the Jeypore range used to prepare our salary bills and send the salaries. Thereby, even one salary in three months could not reach us. We have therefore petitioned again, being vexed and unable to live in the agency. Thereon orders were issued that the bills should be prepared by the supervisor of the sub-range. Thereupon we used to receive our salaries regularly. Now the supervisor has ceased to prepare the bills, as the Government have ordered that the Sub-Assistant Inspector only should prepare the bills. The trouble which we used to undergo previously has recurred. The place we live in is not an ordinary tract so that we may pull on although we do not get our salaries even once for three months. The place we reside in is agency. No one will give us a debt of even one pie. Articles cannot be obtained in the agency. All the articles are to be got from Narsipatam. When the payments of the salaries were delayed the Supervisor used to get for us articles from the sowcars on his responsibility. Hence we could get on without any inconvenience. Orders may be issued again so that things may go on as before. If, on the contrary, the Sub-Assistant Inspector prepares the bills and sends us the salaries by money orders, we cannot receive even one salary in three months. Although the Sub-Assistant Inspector kindly prepares the bills in the beginning of the month and sends money by money orders, we cannot receive them promptly as there is no postal communication to our agency. We are undergoing many troubles as his orders, etc., are not received by us even once in three months, as the postman is not visiting the villages we reside in, and as our replies are not reaching him. Even the books generally supplied to the schools are not received by us regularly. We have therefore represented these things to your honour so that they may be brought to your honour's consideration.

V

No. T.M. 24/4-16712, dated 16th January 1912.

Forwarded.

2. In the circumstances explained by the Government Agent, Ganjam, there is no objection to Government sanctioning the proposal of the Agent, provided sufficient security is taken from the peons whose duty it will be to distribute the pay of the schoolmasters in the Agency.

A. NEWMARCH,
Offg. Accountant-General.

To the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Order—No. 88, Educational, dated 3rd February 1912.

In the circumstances stated, the Ganjam, Golugonda and Palkonda Agencies will be excluded from the operation of G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
 " Agent to the Governor in Ganjam.
 " " " in Vizagapatam.
 " Government Agent, Godavari.
 " Accountant-General.
 " Judicial Department.
 " Financial Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 88, EDUCATIONAL,
 DATED 3RD FEBRUARY 1912.

[SUBJECT.—*Disbursement of the pay of the schoolmasters in the Agency tracts.*]

*From the Agent to the Governor, Ganjam dated 24th November 1911,
 No. R.G.B. 82.*

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 22nd December 1911, No. 8291.

Please see G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911, and the notes therewith. In that order, the Government sanctioned the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction that the pay of the schoolmasters in the Agency tracts should be drawn by the sub-assistant inspectors of schools on consolidated bills and remitted to the schools by postal money order.

2. The Agent to the Governor in Ganjam states that in the entire agency there are only three post offices, while there are 76 Government schools scattered over an enormous area, that the distances between the various schools and the post offices are great, and that the post offices have no agency whereby the delivery of money orders to these distant places can be effected. Therefore the system of remitting pay in these tracts by money order, the Agent says, is *absolutely unworkable*. Similarly the Agent to the Governor in Vizagapatam points out that there are no post offices in the Golugonda and Palkonda agencies and that the system of payment of the salaries of schoolmasters by post is unsuited to these agencies. Both the Agents accordingly request that these agencies may be exempted from the operation of G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911, and that the systems which have been in force until recently may be allowed to continue.

3. The Director of Public Instruction agrees to the reversion to the old system of payment through peons in the Ganjam agency. In the Golugonda and Palkonda agencies where the salaries of schoolmasters were distributed hitherto by supervisors of elementary schools, the Director of Public Instruction recommends that the system of distribution through peons may be introduced. This recommendation may, it is submitted, be accepted, subject to the condition mentioned by the Accountant-General that sufficient security is taken from the peons employed for distributing pay. Perhaps this may involve the appointment of additional peons, but the Director is opposed to the pay being distributed by supervisors—*vide* paragraph, 1 of his letter on page 3 of G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911.

T.K.—20-1-12.

4. There is another matter mentioned in the letter of the Agent to the Governor, Ganjam, namely, that the pay of the schoolmasters should be drawn by the Special Assistant Agent instead of by the sub-assistant inspector as ordered in G.O. No. 636, Educational, dated 9th September 1911. The Director of Public Instruction does not refer to this point in his letter: but the Agent's proposal to revert to the old system may be approved.

5. The draft is submitted for approval and may be sent to Judicial for acceptance.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—20-1-12.

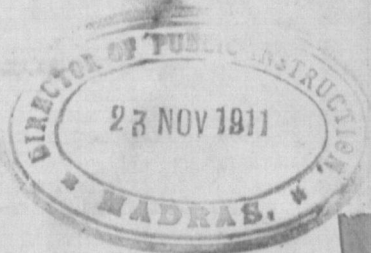
Assistant Inspector of the Jaypore Range used to prepare our salary bills and send the salaries. Thereby, even one salary in three months could not reach us. We have therefore petitioned again, being vexed and unable to live in the agency. Thereon orders were issued that the bills should be prepared by the Supervisor of the Sub-Range. Thereupon we used to receive our salaries regularly. Now the Supervisor has ceased to prepare the bills, as the Government have ordered that the Sub Assistant Inspector only should prepare the bills. The trouble which we used to undergo previously has recurred. The place we live in is not an ordinary tract so that we may pull on although we do not get our salaries even once for three months. The place we reside in is agency. No one will give us a debt of even one pie. Articles cannot be obtained in the agency. All the articles are to be got from Narsipatam. When the payments of the salaries were delayed the Supervisor used to get for us articles

from the Sowcars on his responsibility. Hence we could get on without any inconvenience. Orders may be issued again so that things may go on as before. If on the contrary, the sub Assistant Inspector prepares the bills and sends us the salaries by money orders, we cannot receive even one salary in three months. Although the sub Assistant Inspector kindly prepares the bills in the beginning of the month and sends money by money orders we cannot receive them promptly as there is no postal communication to our agency. We are undergoing many troubles as his orders etc. are not received by us even once in three months, as the postman is not visiting the villages we reside in, and as our replies are not reaching him. Even the books generally supplied to the schools are not received by us regularly. We have therefore represented these things to your Honor so that they may be brought to your Honor's consideration.

1. (sd) Tanna Adeyya, schoolmaster, Jerilli
2. (sd) Kantimahanti Narayanamurti, School Teacher, Koyyuru.
3. (sd) Kanapaka Suryanarayana, school master, Chintapalle.
4. (sd) Mutyala Nookala, school master, Saravada.
5. (sd) D. Jagannaikulu, — do — Kondasanta
6. (sd) Prahlada Naiko, schoolmaster, Peddavalasa
7. (sd) Dasumantarao Venkata Suryanarayana, school headmaster, Gudem.
8. (sd) cf. Ateyaya, school headmaster, Lammavuzgi.

(True Translation)

For Agent to the Governor
20.11.11



[0. 5]

12,000-28-12

READ

Again go. no 636 ETC, 9.9.11
Also Cuo 3019/11
" " 171/12

DEPARTMENT.

ORDER No 88, dated 3. 2. 1902.

P.L.

In the circumstances stated, the Ganjam, Golapada & Balakonda Agencies will be excluded from the operation of G.O. no 636 ETC, 9.9.11

Rs.

31.1.12

1/2

Best 1/11 above

Sepindupur 8/3/12

8/2/12

To the D.P.?
a. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
b. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
c. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
d. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
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v. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
w. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
x. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
y. Agent to the Govt. of Madras
z. Agent to the Govt. of Madras

in print

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Current No., dated 190 ..

G.O., No. 88, dated 3-2-1902.

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b)
Notes.....

Docket. *Scholarship in a paper*

Excluding the paper, the paper is to be printed in the special issue-copies of the paper. The number of copies required when struck off (not including copies for volumes and editors' table which are retained in the Press).

Number (c) of copies required when struck off (not including copies for volumes and editors' table which are retained in the Press).

Complete Correspondence and orders.

Notes

FOR RECORD.*

Madras Records 80
Ooty Records 3
For filing with original 1

Total ... 34

FOR ISSUE.†

Signature copies.....
India Office.....
Govt. of India.....Dept.....
Public Department.....
Judicial Department.....
Financial Department.....
Revenue Department.....
Public Works Department.....
Local and Municipal Department.....
Dept.....

Spare copies.
The Director of Public Instruction.....
The Comr. for Govt. Examinations.....
The Superintendent, Govt. Museum.....
The Surgeon-General.....
The Accountant-General.....
The Collector of.....
The P. D. B.....
The.....
The.....
The.....
The.....
The.....
The.....
The.....
Total ... 133

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b¹) For rules regarding printing of notes, see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public, dated 30th November 1900.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Deputy Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Deputy Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, but only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

* Copies distributed on..... (Press Clerk.)

† Copies distributed on..... (Despatcher.)

* To be initialed and dated.

A

Please send proof in triplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.

B

Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.

Type may be released after usual interval at once.

C

As the matter is clear manuscript and has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.

Type may be released after usual interval.

Clerk.

Clerk.

Clerk.

Supdt.

Supdt.

Supdt.

(b) Three copies of proof of all notes should be sent for approval, except when instructions are given to the contrary.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

TO BE FILLED IN BY THE PRESS.

Diary.	Initials of Press official.
Received in Press on.....	15/2/12
First proof furnished on.....	17/2/12
Call for revised proof received on.....	
Revised proof furnished on.....	
Corrected proof received for striking on.....	29/2/12
Final copies supplied on.....	7.3.12

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" " " Issue.....			
For Volumes.....			
For E. T.....			
Total ...			