

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1912.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O. No. 72, 30th January 1912.

Government Training Schools for Mistresses.

Passing orders on the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction for the opening of industrial classes in connection with the existing —.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

G.O. No. 512, Educational, dated 28th July 1911.

ABSTRACT.—Requesting the Director of Public Instruction to submit proposals for the opening of industrial classes for women in connection with the training schools for mistresses.

II

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. A. G. BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Dated—Madras, the 18th December 1911.

No.—Ref. on Cur. 8376/10.

With reference to G.O. No. 512, Educational, dated 28th July 1911, regarding

Northern Circle.

Government Muhammadan training school for Muhammadan mistresses, Guntur.

Central Circle.

Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore.

Hobart Training School for Muhammadan Mistresses, Rayapettah.

Southern Circle.

Government Moyan Training School for Mistresses, Calicut.

Government Training School for Mistresses, Coimbatore.

have been sanctioned by Government, and that the proposal for opening separate industrial schools for women may be considered after some experience has been gained of the working of these classes.

2. The instruction in these industrial classes may at the outset be restricted to the following subjects: Needlework, lace and embroidery work and house management including cookery, and pupils of the third and higher standards in the model school who show a special aptitude for industrial work and all the students in the training section may be required to attend any of the classes for not less than 3 hours per week. These need not be charged any special fees for instruction in industrial work.

I would also suggest that native women of good character, whether widows or not, who have completed either the sixth or the seventh standard course in an elementary or a secondary school be admitted to these classes without payment of fees, whenever accommodation is available. As it is stated that there is a demand for industrial education among women, any special attraction in the shape of money scholarships seems to be unnecessary for the present.

3. The additional staff that would be necessary for working these classes may, for the present, consist of two teachers—the senior on Rs. 30 in the Presidency Training School for Mistresses and Rs. 25 in the other schools and the junior on Rs. 20—and a peon on Rs. 8 *per mensem* in the schools in Madras and on Rs. 6 *per mensem* in each of those in the maffassil. The employment of a clerk has been suggested to

me for each school for the maintenance of the registers and accounts relating to the industrial section, but I think this work may be attended to by these two teachers under the supervision of the headmistress of the training school. A sum of Rs. 25 to Rs. 35 *per mensem* will be required for the purchase of raw materials.

4. The charge on account of these classes will approximately be Rs. 586 *per mensem* as shown below :—

Name of school.	Establishment.	Materials.	Total.
1. Presidency Training School for Mistresses ..	Rs. 30 + 20 + 8 58	Rs. 35	Rs. 93
2. Hobart Training School for Mistresses ..	25 + 20 + 8 53	30	83
3. Calicut Training School for Mistresses ..	25 + 20 + 6 51	35	86
4. Coimbatore Training School for Mistresses ..	25 + 20 + 6 51	35	86
5. Rajahmundry Training School for Mistresses ..	25 + 20 + 6 51	35	86
6. Guntur Training School for Muhammadan women.	25 + 20 + 6 51	25	76
7. Mangalore Training School for Mistresses ..	25 + 20 + 6 51	25	76
	Total ..		586

5. Provision will also have to be made for additional accommodation, but the question may, I think, be considered after the scheme outlined above has been approved by Government.

Order—No. 72, Educational, dated 30th January 1912.

The Government accept generally the proposals submitted by the Director of Public Instruction for the opening of industrial classes for women in connection with the Government training schools for mistresses, but in regard to the establishment proposed they are not satisfied of the necessity for a separate peon and observe that two extra teachers are not required for the industrial class attached to the Hobart Training School for Mistresses, since there is already a teacher of needlework on Rs. 30 *per mensem* in that school. An additional teacher on Rs. 20 *per mensem* should therefore suffice, and it is for consideration whether the pay attached to the existing post might not be reduced to Rs. 25.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
,, Financial Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. No. 72, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 30TH JANUARY 1912.

[SUBJECT.—*Industrial classes for teaching home industries to women.*]

Previous papers :

G.O. No. 726, Educational, dated 21st October 1908.
" " 512, " " 28th July 1911.
" " 679, " " 27th September "

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 18th December 1911, No. 8376.

Please see G.O. No. 512, Educational, dated 28th July 1911. In that order the Government called on the Director of Public Instruction—

(1) to submit proposals for the opening of industrial classes for women in connection with training schools for mistresses, and

(2) to report whether this measure should, in his opinion, precede the consideration of the opening of separate industrial schools for women.

2. The Director of Public Instruction now submits proposals for the opening of industrial classes for women in connection with all the seven Government training schools for mistresses,—existing (5) and to be opened shortly (2). The cost of the proposals is Rs. 586 *per mensem*.

As regards the question of opening separate industrial schools for women, the Director states that it may be considered after some experience has been gained of the working of the classes to be opened. The Director's proposals may be sanctioned. A draft is submitted for approval. If approved, it may be sent to the Financial Department for acceptance. The Financial Department may be requested to provide for the expenditure in the budget for 1912-13.

T.K.—22-12-11.

Reference is solicited to G.O. No. 726, Educational, dated 21st October 1908, in regard to the Hobart Training school. In his letter No. 3803, dated 15th September 1908, read in this Government Order, the Director of Public Instruction requested sanction for the appointment of a needlework teacher on Rs. 30 *per mensem* tentatively for two years from 1st March 1909 for teaching needlework to the pupils of the practising school. This was accordingly sanctioned. This period

of two years has expired: but this needlework teacher has been continued in the proposition statement for the re-organization of the school recently sanctioned—please see page 7 of the letter to India No. 477, dated 15th July 1911. It is not clear whether the two teachers on Rs. 25 and Rs. 20 now proposed by the Director of Public Instruction for this school are in addition to the already existing needlework assistant on Rs. 30 and, if so, why three teachers are necessary for this school when only two are proposed for each of the other schools.

2. The date from which the above proposals have to take effect has not been stated in the Director of Public Instruction's letter nor is information given as to how funds are to be provided.

3. The Director of Public Instruction may, it is submitted, be asked un-officially to report on the above points.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—23-12-11.

* Dr. Bourne does not remember the justification, but tells me he invariably scrutinizes these requests for peons with rigour and does not let them through unless satisfied that they are reasonable.

L. DAVIDSON—3-1-12.

I doubt the need for a peon.*

2. As to the Hobart Training school, the scale had better be one on Rs. 30 and one on Rs. 20, so as to retain the present needlework teacher. If the cost of living in Madras is the reason for proposing Rs. 30 in lieu of Rs. 25 for the senior teacher at the Presidency Training school for mistress, the higher rate is as necessary at the Hobart Training school.

3. The total monthly cost of establishment so reduced would come to Rs. 586 —

Rs. 25 † — 16 ‡ — 30 ‡ = Rs. 515, to which must be added Rs. 25 or Rs. 30 for materials. The annual outlay would range from Rs. 6,480 to Rs. 6,540 and to this may be added something in the future for accommodation.

† One teacher at Hobart school.

‡ Peons on Rs. 8 and 6.

540 × 12 = 6,480.

545 × 12 = 6,540.

4. Educationally the proposals are sound, I think.

L. DAVIDSON—3-1-12.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

As a result of an interpellation in the local Legislative Council, the Government asked the Director of Public Instruction in 1910 to report on the suggestion of the Hon'ble Mr. Raghava Rao Pantulu that industrial schools for grown-up girls and native women might be opened one at least for each circle. The Director of Public Instruction, after consulting Mr. Chatterton and the Inspectresses of schools, reported that for the present industrial classes might be opened (as an experimental measure) in connection with the training schools § for mistresses; and he was thereupon asked to submit proposals for opening such classes—vide Honourable Member's note, dated 24th July 1911, on page 6 of notes to G.O. No. 512 || Educational, dated 28th July 1911, and Government Order *ibid*.

Page 2 of G.O. No. 512, Educational, dated 28th July 1911.

Memorandum on page 2 *ibid*.

Director of Public Instruction's letters on pages 3 and 4 of Government Order *ibid*.

§ As recently sanctioned by Government of India there are now seven training schools.

|| The draft order did not come to Financial before issue, nor was a copy of Government Order communicated to Financial.

2. The Director of Public Instruction now submits proposals for the opening of industrial classes as above referred to. The recurring charge involved is as shown below:—

Institutions.		According to Director of Public Instruction's proposals.			According to Educational Department proposals.	
		Cost of materials.	Total cost per mensem.		Cost of Materials	Total cost per mensem.
			RS.			RS.
Presidency Training school.	1 (30), 1 (20), 1 (8)	35	93	1 (30), 1 (20)	35	85
Hobart " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (8)	30	83	1 (20)	30	50
Calicut " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (8)	35	86	1 (25), 1 (20)	35	80
Coimbatore " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (6)	35	86	1 (25), 1 (20)	35	80
Rajahmundry " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (6)	35	86	1 (25), 1 (20)	35	80
Guntur " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (6)	25	76	1 (25), 1 (20)	25	70
Mangalore " "	1 (25), 1 (20), 1 (6)	25	76	1 (25), 1 (20)	25	70
	Total cost per mensem.	..	586	Total cost per mensem.	..	515*
	" per annum	..	7,032	" per annum	..	6,180
			[besides other small contingent charges including accommodation.]			

* The sum of Rs. 515 per mensem includes the cost of materials and a further addition of Rs. 25 or Rs. 30 for materials for all the schools together made by the Educational Department is not understood.

For the scales of pay of mistresses in the training schools, please see proposition statement on pages 3—9 of G.O. No. 679, Educational, dated 27th September 1911.

The rates of pay proposed do not seem to call for any remarks except in regard to the Hobart training school.

Hobart training school.—In the recent re-organisation of the training schools sanctioned by the Government of India a needlework assistant on Rs. 30 has been sanctioned for the Hobart Training school. The Director of Public Instruction does not refer to this post apparently through oversight but simply proposes to add two appointments, one on Rs. 25 and one on Rs. 20. The Educational Department propose to leave untouched the existing post on Rs. 30 for the reason at K on page 2 *ante*, and to sanction an additional teacher on Rs. 20 only. It is for consideration whether in view of the fact that the Director of Public Instruction himself asks only for one on Rs. 25, and one on Rs. 20, this department may not ask that one on Rs. 25 should be substituted for the existing one on Rs. 30. With reference to K on page 2 *ante*, it is submitted that it has not been recognised that living in Madras is more costly than in several mufassal towns.

Page 5 of Government Order *ibid*.
Paragraphs 3 to 5 on page 41 of notes to G.O. No. 505, Financial, dated 19th November 1909.

Honourable Member's views in Financial.

C. REILLY.

4. Necessary re-appropriation of funds has to be made before the charge during the current year is incurred. As regards next year, submitted that the Accountant-General may be asked to enter an additional lump provision of Rs. 6,180 in the second edition of the budget estimate for 1912-13 under the head "22-F. EDUCATION—GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS—SPECIAL." A draft un-official note to the Accountant-General is submitted for approval.

5. The proposals may, it is submitted, be accepted subject to the remarks in paragraph 3 *ante*.

C.P.K.—16-1-12.

S.D.S.—17-1-12.

C. REILLY—18-1-12.

Will Educational Department please consider the remarks about the appointment on Rs. 30 in the Hobart school? We will leave the decision to them.

H. A. STUART—19-1-12.

To the Educational Department.

No. 72, EDUCATIONAL, 30TH JANUARY 1912.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The needlework teacher in the Hobart Training school for mistresses was appointed in 1908 and her pay has been Rs. 30 from the beginning. As it would be very hard on her to reduce the pay now, it may be left untouched. A revised draft is submitted for approval. If approved, it may be sent to Financial for acceptance.

T.K.—25-1-12.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—25-1-12.

I have modified the draft. The case may go to Honourable Member. The Director of Public Instruction only wants approval of the outlines of his scheme now and will presumably send a proposition statement and proposals for re-appropriation, if necessary, later on.

I still think the Hobart teacher had better get Rs. 30, but it is a small point.

L. DAVIDSON—26-1-12.

It is only a suggestion. Draft approved.

M. H[AMMICK]—29-1-12.

[G.O. No. 72, Educational, dated 30th January 1912.]

Again G.O. No. 512 Ed1, dated 28-7-1911

C.No. 3151 of 1911, dated 18-12-11, from the D.P.I. R.C. No. 8376.

Educational Department.

O R D E R : -
Press.

The Govt. accept generally the proposals submitted by the D.P.I. for the opening of industrial classes for women in connection with the Govt Training schools for ~~m~~istresses but in regard to the establishment proposed ^{are not satisfied of the necessity for} they ~~do not consider that a se-~~ ^{and observe} ~~parate peon is necessary for these~~ ^{extra} ~~classes or that two additional -~~ ^{not} teachers are ^{not} required for the industrial class attached to the Hobart Training school for ~~Mis-~~ ^{since} tresses, ~~as~~ there is already a teacher of needlework on Rs.30 per mensem in ^{that} ~~the~~ school, ~~the ap-~~ ~~pointment of~~ ^{An} additional teacher on Rs.20 per mensem should, ~~therefore~~ ~~Govt. consider, be sufficient. With~~ these modifications the establishments proposed by the D.P.I. are sanctioned.

2. This sanction has been registered as No. ~~of~~ 1912-13..
3. ~~of~~ ^{will} funds ~~be~~ provided before any expenditure is ~~incurred under this order.~~ ⁱⁿ

To the D.P.I.
,, Finl. Dept.

Office, and it is for consideration whether the pay attached to the existing post might not be reduced to Rs.25.

J
26-1-12

Scanned 13/2/12
31-1-12
The requisite
13/2/12

78
25-1-12

5 1 i 6p
in the budget estimate
for next year.

Re
25.1.12.

To the D.P.
" Fin Dept

ORDINARY.

PRESS SLIP.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

Current No., dated 190

G.O., No. 72, dated 30-1- 1902.

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b)
Notes (b¹)

*Docket for Training Schools for
Misses. Passing orders on the
proposal of the D. S. for the opening
of industrial classes in
connection with the existing.*

Number (c) of copies required when struck off (not including
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Notes

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(b¹) For rules regarding printing of notes, see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public, dated 30th November 1900.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

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