

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1912.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O. No. 63, 25th January 1912.

Conveyance allowances.

Requesting the Government of India that an addition may be made to Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations, so as to allow the grant of — of Rs. 50 *per mensem* to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, Madras, and Rs. 30 *per mensem* to the Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Madras Girls' Range.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. STONE, M.A., F.R.H.S., Acting Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department (through the Accountant-General).

Dated—the 3rd August 1911.

No.—Ref. on Cur. 4052.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, and the Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Madras Girls' Range, both represent to me that they have got inspection work in Madras which is their head-quarters for about six months in a year, the former having about 31 schools and the latter about 81 schools to inspect in addition to holding conferences, attending meetings of teachers' associations and conducting final examination for teachers' certificates. In consequence they have to incur considerable expense on conveyance while at head-quarters as they cannot draw any travelling allowance under the ordinary rules of the Civil Service Regulations for their journeys within five miles of head-quarters. As I think that this is a real hardship to them, I have the honour to recommend that under article 1074 of the Civil Service Regulations they may be granted conveyance allowances of Rs. 50 and Rs. 30, respectively. It would appear that similar allowances are paid in Bombay and Calcutta in the case of certain officers.

2. The letters received from the officers concerned urging their claim for this concession are herewith submitted.

ENCLOSURES.

(1)

Letter—from Miss C. M. LYNCH, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

To—the Director of Public Instruction.

Dated—Bangalore, the 8th June 1911.

No.—C. 1957.

I have the honour to address you on the subject of sanctioning a conveyance allowance on behalf of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, for the following reasons.

2. Though the salary attached to the post of Inspectress is not supposed to include the cost of keeping up a conveyance, yet her duties require travelling in Madras for half the year. As may be seen from the programme for the current official year, the Inspectress will have to stay in Madras more than six months in the year in connection with the inspection of 31 elementary, secondary, training and European schools, the holding of conferences, attending meetings of teachers' associations, etc., and conducting final examination for teachers' certificates. The inspection of most of the schools included in the programme will involve journeys to and fro of three to seven miles from my office at Nungumbaukam, as may be seen from the accompanying map of Madras wherein the distances between some twelve schools and the Inspectress' office are indicated in red. Under article 1055 of the Civil Service Regulations, an officer not in receipt of a permanent monthly allowance is eligible for travelling allowance for any day on which she travels a distance exceeding five miles. Accordingly, an officer not employed in Madras may enjoy the benefit of the above article which is withheld in the case of an officer in Madras itself, in spite of the fact that in the discharge of duties journeys of more than five miles within municipal limits have to be made.

3. For the inspection of the schools and the performance of other work indicated above at such varying distances, a good horse and carriage, able to withstand the wear and tear of travelling long distances in Madras, is needed. Within the last fifteen years carriage hire in Madras has risen considerably and if a good horse and carriage is to be engaged by the month Rs. 100 will have to be paid. If taken by the day Rs. 5 will be demanded—that is to say, nearly one-third of the salary of the Inspectress will have to be spent on conveyance charges alone for inspection work at head-quarters. It will not be possible for the Inspectress to maintain a carriage of her own as in the case of some officers who have families and are residing in Madras, in view of the fact that she has to be absent on tour for about six months of the year.

4. I may also point out that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 has been granted to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bombay—vide appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations—and that a similar concession is being enjoyed by some other Educational officers stationed at Bombay and Calcutta. Moreover, I am the Junior Inspectress drawing only Rs. 450 *per mensem*, and as this is the first time that the junior Inspectress has been posted to the Presidency town where living and other expenses are much heavier than in the mufassal, the charge for conveyance is felt much more than in the case of previous Inspectresses.

In these circumstances, I request you will be so good as to obtain the sanction of Government for a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 which is the maximum allowance admissible—vide explanation to article 1074 of the Civil Service Regulations contained in pages 164 and 165 of the Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations—so as to enable me to do the inspection and other work in Madras and its suburbs efficiently and without suffering heavy pecuniary loss, as is the case at present. Should there be any difficulty in obtaining Government sanction for the conveyance allowance, I request that the time spent in travelling in and about Madras in connection with the discharge of my official duties be regarded as time spent on tour, so as to enable me to draw the ordinary travelling allowance.

(2)

Letter—from Miss P. F. PARSONS, B.A., L.T., Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Madras Girls' Range.

To—the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Dated—Madras, the 19th August 1907.

No.—2956.

In submitting the following application, I have the honour to request your kind consideration of the facts of the case and your recommendation.

2. I have the honour to request that a monthly carriage allowance of Rs. 30 may be sanctioned for this range for the following reasons :—

(1) The range includes three districts—Madras, Nellore and Chingleput. Of these, Madras is by far the most important and contains the most schools, having 81 out of a total of 151 schools, to be inspected by me. Still no travelling allowance is drawn for Madras which is head-quarters.

(2) The distances in Madras are by no means small, Madras being a district and not merely a town. Ordinarily in Madras I have to do between seven and eight miles a day when inspecting schools. Sometimes I do as much as 13 miles in inspecting a school. The following are some of the distances as measured from the fort and from the office :—

	Miles from fort.	Miles from office.
Mylapur	3½	1
Nungumbaukam	3½	3
Tondiarpet	3½	6½
Kilpauk	3½	4½
Casemode	2½	5½
Washermanpet	3	5½
Kosapet	2½	4½
Perambur	3½	6
Central Station	½	3½
Egmore Station	1½	3½

3. No other assistant has got one district treated as head-quarters and so the schools at head-quarters are not many and the distances to be travelled not great.

4. Other Government officers whose duties necessitate travelling at head-quarters are granted carriage allowance—vide Superintendent, Kindergarten School, Saidapet; Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.

5. I am obliged to keep a carriage for Government work and find this a heavy expense.

II

Endorsement of the Accountant-General, No. G.A. 60--7227, dated 11th August 1911.

Forwarded to Government.

2. Attention is invited to the orders reproduced under article 1074 on pages 196 and 197 of the Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations.

3. Under paragraph 2 of article 1075 of the Regulations, the sanction of the Government of India will be necessary for the grant of the proposed conveyance allowances to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle and Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Madras Girls' Range.

A. NEWMARCH,
Offg. Accountant-General.

To the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

III

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. L. DAVIDSON, I.C.S., Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of ^{Bombay} Bengal, Educational Department.

Dated—Ootacamund, the 26th September 1911.
No.—1968-2.

I am directed to request that, with the permission of ^{His Excellency the Governor} ^{His Highness the Lieutenant-Governor} in Council, you will be pleased to state for the information of the Madras Government the circumstances under which ^{a conveyance allowance is} ^{conveyance allowances are} granted to the ^{Inspectress of Schools,} ^{Educational Inspecting} ^{Bombay and Northern Division} ^{Officers in Calcutta} and to furnish, if there is no objection, any papers bearing on the grant of such ^{allowance} ^{allowances}.

IV

Letter—from L. ROBERTSON, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Educational Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

Dated—Bombay Castle, the 11th October 1911.
No.—2913.

With reference to your letter No. 1968-2, dated the 26th ultimo, I am directed Government Resolution No. 146, dated 25th January 1904, with accompaniment. Letter from the Government of Bombay to the Government of India, No. 1965, dated 31st October 1906, together with the correspondence underlying it. Government Resolution No. 155, dated 22nd January 1907.

to forward herewith copies of the papers specified in the margin which indicate the circumstances under which a permanent carriage allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* is granted to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bombay and Northern Division.

ENCLOSURES.

Letter—from E. GILES, Esq., C.I.E., M.A., Director of Public Instruction, Bombay.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—the 7th September 1903.
No.—4851.

With reference to Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 2003 of 7th November 1902, and the appointment of Miss Ashworth as Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and the Northern Division, I have the honour to report that Miss Ashworth has now been entrusted with inspection work in the City of Bombay which will occupy her for a period of two months or more.

2. The expenses of carriage hire in Bombay are very considerable, and I have the honour to recommend that Miss Ashworth may be given carriage allowance at the rate of Rs. 3 *per diem* for each day on which she visits schools in Bombay. The conditions are the same as those granted to Educational Inspectors * when they visit Bombay for school inspections.

* *Vide* Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 161 of 24th January 1884.

3. Budget provision on this account will be made in the budget for 1904-1905, but in the meantime I would recommend that, if Government sanction my proposal, the Accountant-General should be authorised to pass bills for the current year on this account from the saving effected in the establishment of the Poona High School. Two places of Rs. 150 and Rs. 75 have been vacant from 1st April to 31st July 1903.

Letter—from the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
To—the Accountant-General, Bombay.
Dated—the 10th September 1903.
No.—1816.

Forwarded to the Accountant-General for favour of report.

Letter—from J. C. E. BRANSON, Esq., I.C.S., Accountant-General, Bombay.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—the 22nd September 1903.
No.—G.A. 2598.

There is no audit objection.

Letter—from H. O. QUIN, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Education).
Dated—Bombay Castle, the 25th November 1903.
No.—2265.

With reference to the correspondence ending with Home Department letter No. 71, dated the 31st January 1903, I am directed to forward herewith copy of a letter No. 4851, dated the 7th September 1903, from the Director of Public Instruction in this Presidency, in which he recommends that Miss Ashworth, Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and Northern Division, may be paid a conveyance allowance of Rs. 3 *per diem* for each day on which she visits schools in the City of Bombay.

2. Miss Ashworth receives a salary of Rs. 300—40—500 and a house-rent allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem*. The area of Bombay is very large and it has been found necessary to grant fixed carriage allowance to the Deputy Educational Inspectors who inspect primary schools on behalf of Government and of the Joint Schools' Committee in the city. Miss Ashworth must ordinarily spend two or three months in Bombay on inspection, and as her pay is too small to enable her to keep a carriage of her own, His Excellency the Governor in Council thinks that the fairest arrangement is to give her, instead of a fixed carriage allowance, the same allowance as is given to the Educational Inspectors, C.D., N.D. and S.D., when they inspect schools in the city. The allowance is not more than adequate, but it is sufficient to prevent the Inspectress from feeling that the performance of her official duties is an undue tax upon her income. Under article 1081, Civil Service Regulations, this Government has power to sanction carriage allowance to an officer summoned on duty to the Presidency town, but as in this case Miss Ashworth's permanent head-quarters are at Bombay, this article does not apply, and I am to request that the Government of India may, for the reasons given and as a special case, be pleased to sanction the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction.

Educational Department.
No. 146.

BOMBAY CASTLE,
25th January 1904.

Letter from the Government of India, Home Department (Education), No. 730, dated the 16th December 1903.

"In reply to your letter No. 2265, dated the 25th November 1903, I am directed to say that the Government of India sanction the grant to Miss Ashworth, Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and Northern Division, of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 3 *per diem* for each day on which she visits schools in the city of Bombay."

Resolution.—Copies of the letter from the Government of India should be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, the Accountant-General and the Financial Department for information.

J. SLADEN,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.
„ Accountant-General, Bombay.
„ Financial Department.

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. E. GILES, M.A., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Bombay.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—the 2nd August 1906.
No.—3917.

With reference to Government Resolution No. 146 of January 25th, 1904, in which a carriage allowance of Rs. 3 *per diem* is allowed to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bombay, I have the honour to state that from the experience of the last three years it has been found that this allowance is inadequate for the following reasons.

2. The Inspectress spends altogether $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 months in Bombay City and is for 4 months on tour in the Northern division. During the time that she is in Bombay she spends about two months in the annual inspection of schools, which must, for the convenience of the schools, be taken at a fixed period. When this inspection is proceeding Miss Ashworth can draw Rs. 3 a day for the whole month as is allowed to the Inspectors, Central, Southern and Northern Divisions, when they are engaged on this work in Bombay. Thus for this period she draws ordinarily Rs. 90 *per mensem* for carriage allowance which is adequate.

3. But during the rest of her stay in Bombay she is engaged in occasional visits to schools, in conferences with managers, in her routine office work, and in examining for the department the female candidates for the Secondary Teachers' Certificate Examination. These duties are important and necessitate the constant use * of a carriage for which the Inspectress has to pay an average of Rs. 100 *per mensem*. She can, however, recover only Rs. 3 for each day on which she visits a school. Thus if she visits ten schools in a month she only obtains Rs. 30 and has to expend Rs. 100.

4. It is most desirable that in a large city like Bombay where female education is constantly developing an Inspectress like Miss Ashworth, with the highest qualifications and great capacity, should be, as much as possible, in touch with all the managers of girls' schools and should not be hampered in her movements in the city by the consideration of expense. It is also necessary for her to attend her office three or four days in a week.

5. The pay which is given to the Inspectress of Schools is Rs. 300—40—500, and I am of opinion that when I recommended this pay to Government I underestimated the salary that was necessary at least for an Inspectress residing in Bombay which is a very expensive place. Miss Ashworth draws Rs. 50 *per mensem* house-rent it is true, but this is not a large addition to her pay, and I find that, under the present rules, she has during six months of the year to incur a very considerable expenditure on account of carriage hire which cannot be met from the allowances to which she is entitled. Roughly it may be calculated that for two months she draws carriage allowance at Rs. 90 *per mensem* and for six months at Rs. 30 *per mensem*. The result is Rs. 360 against an expenditure of Rs. 800, taking carriage hire at Rs. 100 *per mensem*.

6. During her tour in the Northern Division Miss Ashworth when halting at large centres such as Ahmedabad, Surat, Broach, etc., has necessarily to hire a carriage daily. Her halting allowance is Rs. 4 *per diem* and this cannot nearly cover her daily expenses on tour *plus* cost of carriage hire.

7. On a consideration of all the circumstances of the case and looking to the fact that the pay of the Inspectress is small while her expenses in Bombay must be considerable, I have no hesitation in recommending to Government that she should be granted a permanent carriage allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* to be drawn by her all the year round under articles 1074 and 1076 of the Civil Service Regulations. This would give Rs. 600 *per annum* for all expenses in connection with carriage hire for her official duties and, though the allowance would not probably cover all cost, yet it would be sufficient to prevent any hardship and to protect the Inspectress from the apprehension that the due performance of official duties would probably entail an expenditure on carriage hire incompatible with a slender income.

Letter—from the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
To—the Accountant-General, Bombay.
Dated—the 27th August 1906.
No.—1559.

Forwarded to the Accountant-General for favour of report.

Letter—from F. C. HARRISON, Esq., I.C.S., Accountant-General, Bombay.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—the 6th September 1906.
No.—G.A. 2813.

Forwarded.

2. The sanction of the Government of India will be necessary for the grant of conveyance allowance to Miss Ashworth—*vide* article 277, Civil Account Code, and article 1075 of the Civil Service Regulations.

(vi)

Letter—from H. O. QUIN, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Educational Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Education).
Dated—Bombay Castle, the 31st October 1906.
No.—1965.

With reference to the correspondence ending with the Home Department letter * No. 730, dated the 16th December 1903, sanctioning the grant to Miss M. Ashworth, Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and Northern Division, of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 3 *per diem* for each day on which she visits schools in the City of Bombay, I am directed to state that from the experience of the last three years it has been found that the allowance is inadequate for the following reasons.

2. Miss Ashworth spends about eight months in Bombay City and is for four months on tour in the Northern Division. During the time she is in Bombay she spends about two months in the actual inspection of schools, which must, for the convenience of the schools, be taken within a fixed period. When the inspection is proceeding, Miss Ashworth can, under the orders contained in the Home Department letter quoted above, draw Rs. 3 a day or Rs. 90 *per month* for carriage allowance. But during the rest of her stay in Bombay she is engaged in occasional visits to schools, in conference with School Managers, in her routine office work and in examining for the department the female candidates for the Secondary Teachers' Certificate Examination. These duties are important and necessitate the constant use of a carriage for which she has to pay on an average Rs. 100 *per mensem*. Roughly calculated the Inspectress draws a carriage allowance of Rs. 90 *per mensem* for two months and Rs. 30 *per mensem* for the remaining six months that she remains in Bombay, or in all Rs. 360, while her carriage expenses for the performance of her official duties amount to about Rs. 800. During her tour in the Northern Division Miss Ashworth, when halting at large centres such as Ahmedabad, Surat, Broach, etc., has necessarily to hire a carriage daily. Her daily allowance is Rs. 4 *per diem*, and this cannot cover her daily expenses on tour when the cost of carriage hire is added to them.

3. In the opinion of His Excellency the Governor in Council it is most desirable that in a large city like Bombay, where female education is constantly developing, an Inspectress like Miss Ashworth, with the highest qualifications and great capacity, should be as much as possible in touch with all the Managers of Girls' Schools and should not be hampered in her movements by the consideration of expense. On a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, and looking to the fact that the pay of the Inspectress is small, while her expenses in Bombay must be considerable, His Excellency the Governor in Council supports the proposal made by the Director of Public Instruction that a permanent carriage allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* to be drawn all the year round should be granted to the Inspectress under article 1074 of the Civil Service Regulations, in lieu of the allowance sanctioned in the Home Department letter above referred to. This would give the Inspectress Rs. 600 *per annum* for all expenses in connection with carriage hire for her official duties, and though the allowance would not probably cover all cost, yet it would be sufficient to prevent any hardship and would protect the Inspectress from the apprehension that the due performance of official duties would entail an expenditure on carriage hire incompatible with a limited income. I am accordingly to request, under article 277 of the Civil Account Code, that the Government of India may be moved to accord the requisite sanction to the above proposal and to make the necessary addition in the list of officers entitled to permanent carriage allowance given in Appendix 26 to the Civil Service Regulations.

Educational Department.
No. 155.

BOMBAY CASTLE,
22nd January 1907.

Letter from the Government of India, Home department (Education) No. 960, dated the 29th December 1906.

"In reply to your letter No. 1965, dated the 31st October 1906, I am directed to convey the sanction of the Government of India to the grant to Miss Ashworth, Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and Northern Division, of a permanent carriage allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem in lieu of the conveyance allowance which was sanctioned in the Home department letter No. 730,* dated the 16th December 1903.

* Vide Government Resolution No. 146, dated the 25th January 1904.

Memorandum.—The sanction of the Government of India should be communicated to the Director of Public Instruction, the Accountant-General and the Financial Department.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction, } with copies of the letter No. 1965,
" Accountant-General, Bombay, } dated the 31st October 1906,
" Financial Department, } and of the correspondence underlying it.

V

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. L. DAVIDSON, I.C.S., Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Educational Department.

Dated—the 20th November 1911.

No.—1968-3.

I am directed to invite your attention to my letter No. 1968-2, dated 26th September 1911, on the subject of the grant of conveyance allowances to the Educational Inspecting officers in Calcutta and to state that the Government of Madras would be much obliged by an early reply.

VI

Letter—from J. G. CUMMING, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department (Educational Branch).

To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

Dated—Calcutta, the 29th November 1911.

No.—4533.

With reference to your letter No. 1968-2, dated the 26th September 1911, I am directed to forward copies of the papers noted in the margin showing the circumstances in which conveyance allowances have been granted to certain educational officers stationed at Calcutta.

1. Letter to the Government of India No. 1515, dated 14th July 1886.
2. Letter from Government of India No. 2288, dated 31st July 1886.
3. Letter to Government of India No. F. 2-A/68, dated 12th September 1889.
4. Letter from Government of India No. 464, dated 15th October 1889.
5. Letter to Government of India No. 5411, dated 4th December 1890.
6. Letter from Government of India No. 894, dated 20th December 1890.
7. Letter to Government of India No. 2659, dated 2nd August 1904.
8. Letter to Government of India No. 2950, dated 16th August 1904.
9. Letter from Government of India No. 792, dated 13th September 1904.
10. Letter from Government of India No. 17, dated 7th January 1905.
11. Letter to Government of India No. 573, dated 19th May 1905.
12. Letter from Government of India No. 432, dated 29th June 1905.
13. Letter to Government of India No. 1320, dated 1st March 1909.
14. Letter from Government of India No. 323, dated 23rd April 1909.
15. Letter to Government of India No. 435-T.G., dated 11th May 1909.
16. Letter from Government of India No. 484, dated 4th June 1909.

ENCLOSURES.

Letter—from R. H. WILSON, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Dated—Calcutta, the 14th July 1886.

No.—1515.

I am directed to submit, for the favourable consideration and orders of the Government of India, the accompanying copy of an endorsement from the Director of Public Instruction No. 3697, dated 18th ultimo, and of its annexure, regarding a proposal to grant to the Sub-

Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, a fixed monthly travelling allowance at Rs. 20 with effect from the 21st April 1886. The circumstances of Calcutta are peculiar, as numerous short journeys have to be made in which expenditure is unavoidable, while the distance travelled is generally not sufficient to earn travelling allowance under the general rule. The Lieutenant-Governor therefore begs to recommend that the proposal may meet with the approval of the Governor-General in Council.

Letter—from J. F. FINLAY, Esq., Officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India.

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

Dated—Simla, the 31st July 1886.

No.—2288.

In reply to your letter No. 1515, dated the 14th July 1886, I am directed to say that, under the circumstances stated, the Government of India sanctions the grant of a permanent conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 a month to the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st April last. The necessary addition will be made to schedule E of the Civil Travelling Allowance Code.

Letter—from H. J. S. COTTON, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department (Finance).

To—the Secretary to the Government of India (Department of Finance and Commerce).

Dated—Calcutta, the 12th September 1889.

No.—F. 2-A/68.

With reference to the letter from the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce No. 1078, dated the 19th May 1884, declining to sanction the proposal of this Government to increase the fixed travelling allowance of the Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 45, I am directed to submit herewith a copy of a letter from the Director of Public Instruction No. 3742, dated the 15th July 1889, containing a renewed application for the increase.

2. The former application was based solely on the ground that the number of schools under the inspection of the Deputy Inspector had increased. In paragraph 3 of the letter of the Government of India, it was pointed out that though the number of schools might have increased, yet the area within which the Deputy Inspector had to make his journeys on inspection duty remained the same and for that reason the proposed increase was refused. The Director of Public Instruction now represents that owing to the amalgamation of the suburbs of Calcutta with the town under the provisions of the new Calcutta Municipal Act (Act II B.C. of 1888) the area under the inspection of the Deputy Inspector has been increased from 8 to about 30 square miles and that 100 additional schools have been placed under the charge of the Deputy Inspectors.

3. I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Director of Public Instruction that there are valid grounds for submitting the present application. The allowance of Rs. 45 per mensem proposed by the Director of Public Instruction is however somewhat in excess of the scale of conveyance allowances prescribed in the Resolution of the Finance and Commerce Department No. 1705, dated the 30th March 1888, and in accordance with that scale, this being a case in which the keeping of one horse appears to be necessary, the Lieutenant-Governor would recommend that the permanent allowance of the Deputy Inspector of Schools may be fixed at Rs. 35 per mensem.

4. The existing permanent allowance of Rs. 25 is shown in Appendix 24 (Entry 85) of the Civil Service Regulations, as a permanent monthly travelling allowance. But as the allowance is drawn for travelling done in Calcutta only, it may be more properly described as a conveyance allowance. I am therefore to suggest that the proposed allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem, if sanctioned, may be entered as a conveyance allowance in Appendix 26 to the Civil Service Regulations, the necessary correction being made in entry 85 of Appendix 24.

Letter—from J. P. HEWETT, Esq., Under Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Education).

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

Dated—Simla, the 15th October 1889.

No.—464.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter * No. F-2-A/68 2, dated the 12th ultimo, and enclosure, and in reply to say that under the circumstances represented, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the proposal made by His Honour the

* Addressed to the Department of Finance and Commerce.

Lieutenant-Governor that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem should be granted to the Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, instead of the fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 25 a month hitherto drawn by him.

Letter—from H. J. S. COTTON, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 4th December 1890.
No.—5411.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 235, dated the 28th July 1890, enquiring with reference to the proposed increase to the permanent conveyance allowance of the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 a month, whether the present allowance does or does not cover his actual conveyance charges; and pointing out that if such is not the case, he is entitled under article 1157 of the Civil Service Regulations to supplement his conveyance allowance by travelling allowance for journeys beyond 5 miles from head-quarters.

2. In reply, I am directed to submit for the information of the Government of India, the accompanying copy of a letter from the Director of Public Instruction with enclosure from the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, from which it will be seen that if the Sub-Inspector discharges his duties properly the present allowance is insufficient to meet his actual conveyance expenses. I am further to point out that as no part of the town is beyond 5 miles from head-quarters, although its aggregate area has been increased, the Sub-Inspector is in no case entitled to supplement his permanent conveyance allowance by travelling allowance under article 1157 of the Regulations.

Letter—from J. P. HEWITT, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, Education.
To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 20th December 1890.
No.—394.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No. 5411, dated the 4th instant, I am directed to say that the Governor-General in Council sanctions the increase of the permanent conveyance allowance granted to the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 per mensem.

Letter—from H. LEMESURIER, Esq., I.C.S., C.I.E., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 2nd August 1904.
No.—2659, Education.

With reference to the correspondence resting with Home Department letter No. 275, dated the 28th March 1904, I am directed to submit the following report for the favourable consideration and orders of the Government of India.

2. In the letter of this Government, No. 3415, dated the 16th December 1903, it was proposed that Babu Kali Prasanna Bhattacharjya, Professor of Sanskrit in the Presidency College, Calcutta, should be appointed, as a tentative measure for one year, Superintendent of the Eden Hindu Hostel, in addition to his own duties, and granted the allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem sanctioned for the Superintendentship, with effect from the 1st June 1903. It was stated that at the end of that period the Director of Public Instruction would be asked to submit a report as to the success or failure of the arrangement proposed; and that the question of its continuance could then be further considered. A further proposal, which was made in the same letter, was that one of the European professors in the Presidency College should be required to visit and inspect the hostel several times a week, and that in consideration of this work, Government should sanction the grant to him of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem.

3. In reply, the Government of India, in their letter referred to above, stated that, in the circumstances represented, they sanctioned the former proposals, but did not consider that sufficient grounds have been put forward for the latter. They remarked that it appeared to them that if cause could be shown for specially remunerating the officer who undertakes to inspect the hostel, such remuneration should take the form of a special inspecting allowance rather than that of a conveyance allowance in favour of which no adequate reasons had been given. They would, accordingly, be prepared, it was stated, to consider a proposal for the grant of a small inspection allowance, if, on further examination, the Lieutenant-Governor was of opinion that a case was made out. In conclusion, they observed that, in their opinion, it would be necessary to insist on regular inspections of the hostel at stated intervals and the submission of a report or diary containing the results.

4. In accordance with the promise made in Mr. Earle's letter cited above that a further report would be submitted when Babu Kali Prasanna Bhattacharjya had held the post of Superintendent for one year, the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, was called upon to submit a report in June 1904, showing how the arrangement sanctioned by the Government of India had worked. The Director has now reported that Babu Kali Prasanna Bhattacharjya has proved a fairly strong man for the post, and that under his supervision the hostel has worked as satisfactorily as might be expected in the absence of direct European supervision or more frequent inspections by a European officer. Mr. Pedler, accordingly, recommends that the present arrangement under which Babu Kali Prasanna Bhattacharjya has been appointed Superintendent of the Hostel, may be continued for a further period of one year, with effect from the 1st June 1904. The Lieutenant-Governor accepts this recommendation; and I am, accordingly, to request that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction it.

5. I am further to report that the proposal that one of the European Professors in the Presidency College should be entrusted with the duty of inspecting the hostel has been further examined by the Principal of the Presidency College, Calcutta, and the Director in the light of the remarks of the Government of India. As the majority of the boarders in the Eden Hindu Hostel belong to the Presidency College, the Principal of that College is of opinion that a European professor attached to it would be able to exercise great authority over the boarders, and to give the Superintendent material assistance with his advice in any matters affecting the hostel. It is necessary to give Babu Kali Prasanna Bhattacharjya support and advice, and to help him by more supervision and inspection than the Principal can himself find time for. The Principal, therefore, recommends that a Professor of the College should be directed to hold regular inspections; and as this work would be outside the regular duties of such an officer and it would be necessary for him to devote to it a considerable portion of his time out of college hours, he proposes that he should be allowed an inspection allowance of Rs. 50 a month. The Director of Public Instruction is in complete agreement with the Principal that it is very desirable that a European Professor should frequently visit the hostel, and is of opinion that he should be required to make at least three visits of inspection every week. He is, at the same time, of opinion that as the work will be new and, therefore, distasteful, to the officer selected and would also entail expense in the shape of conveyance charges, the Professor in question should be granted an inspection allowance as proposed by the Government of India. Mr. Pedler does not consider it necessary that the allowance should exceed Rs. 30 a month, and, accordingly, recommends that an allowance of that amount should be sanctioned. Sir Andrew Fraser concurs in these views; and I am accordingly to request that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction the grant of an inspection allowance of Rs. 30 a month to one of the European Professors of the Presidency College, Calcutta, for his work in connection with the inspection of the Eden Hindu Hostel, Calcutta.

Endorsement—by the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 7th January 1905.
No.—17.

Copy, with copy of the despatch to which it is a reply, forwarded to the Government of Bengal, for information, in continuation of the Home Department letter No. 795, dated the 14th September 1904.

Letter—from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.
To—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council.
Dated—London, the 2nd December 1904.
No.—166.

I have considered in Council the letter of your Excellency's Government in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 373 of the 13th October 1904, in which you request my sanction to the grant of an allowance of 30 a month to a Professor of the Presidency College, Calcutta, who is to be entrusted with the work of visiting the Eden Hindu Hostel three times a week and of advising and directing the Superintendent of that Institution.

2. I sanction the proposal of your Excellency's Government.

Letter—from the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.
To—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.
Dated—Simla, the 13th October 1904.
No.—373.

We have the honour to forward, for your consideration, a copy of the correspondence noted in the accompanying list regarding certain proposals made by the Government of Bengal for the supervision and inspection of the Eden Hindu Hostel which is attached to the Presidency College, Calcutta.

2. Under existing arrangements, a member of the Provincial Educational Service has as a temporary measure been appointed Superintendent of the Hostel in addition to his ordinary duties, and he receives an allowance of Rs. 100 a month for the additional work. We have sanctioned the continuance of this arrangement for another year, with effect from the 1st June 1904. The Bengal Government also recommends that one of the Professors of the Presidency College should be required to visit the hostel three times a week, in order to see that it is properly kept and managed, and also to advise and direct the Superintendent in matters affecting the hostel. For this work which is considered outside the regular duties of the Professor, it is proposed that he should be granted an inspection allowance of Rs. 30 a month, which will be treated as a local allowance.

3. We agree with the Local Government that it is very desirable that the Eden Hindu Hostel should be regularly inspected by a European educational officer. We therefore support the present proposal, and request your sanction to the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 a month to the Professor of the Presidency College, Calcutta, who may be entrusted with the work.

Letter—from H. LEMESURIER, Esq., C.I.E., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 16th August 1904.
No.—2950.

With reference to the correspondence resting with Mr. Marris' endorsement No. 156, dated the 29th February 1904, I am directed to report that Miss Brock, who was selected by the Secretary of State for the post of Inspectress of Schools in Bengal, joined her appointment on the 15th February 1904, and that Mrs. Moorat, who had been officiating as Inspectress of Schools was, in fulfilment of the promise referred to in paragraph 5 of this Government's letter No. 3578, dated the 23rd December 1903, appointed, with effect from that date, to the post of Assistant Inspectress of Schools, which was sanctioned in the letter of the Government of India, Home Department, No. 769, dated the 3rd September 1902.

2. Under article 1075 and entry 90, Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations, the Inspectress of Schools stationed at Calcutta is entitled to draw a fixed conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month for journeys in Calcutta and its suburbs. This allowance, which was drawn by Mrs. Moorat so long as she was officiating in the appointment, will now be drawn by Miss Brock who has been stationed at Calcutta and who will be engaged in the duty of inspecting girls' schools in the metropolis. Miss Brock is, however, a new arrival in this country; and the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, is of opinion that for at least a year and-a-half she can scarcely be expected to know Bengali sufficiently well to be able to inspect independently the schools for native girls in Calcutta and its suburbs. He recommends, therefore, that Mrs. Moorat should also be stationed at Calcutta for the present in order that she may inspect these institutions, and that she should be permitted to draw a consolidated conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month.

3. The proposal commends itself to the Lieutenant-Governor, and I am accordingly to request that the Government of India may be pleased to sanction the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month to the Assistant Inspectress of Schools as a temporary measure for a year and-a-half, with effect from the 15th February 1904, the date on which Mrs. Moorat was appointed to the post.

Letter—from R. NATHAN, Esq., C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
Dated—Simla, the 13th September 1904.
No.—792.

In reply to your letter No. 2950, dated the 16th August 1904, I am directed to say that the Government of India sanction the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month to Mrs. Moorat, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, for eighteen months, with effect from the 15th February 1904.

Letter—from H. W. C. CARNDUFF, Esq., C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Darjeeling, the 19th May 1905.
No.—573-T.—G.

I am directed to state that, on the recommendation of a Committee appointed by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to enquire into the condition of students' hostels and messes in Calcutta and to make suggestions for their improvement, this Government has decided to introduce, and to assume financial responsibility for, a scheme whereby a certain number of

houses shall be hired and used as messes for the various colleges in the city. In order to secure the efficient supervision of these messes, the Committee recommended that an appointment on Rs. 200 a month, in class VII of the Provincial Educational Service, should be created for an officer to be appointed Inspector of hostels and students' messes, and this recommendation has been accepted by the Lieutenant-Governor. In connection, however, with the appointment, the creation of which has been sanctioned accordingly, it has been suggested by the Director of Public Instruction that, as the Inspector will have to be continually on the move from place to place in Calcutta, a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month should be granted to him. The Lieutenant-Governor considers that the suggestion is a reasonable one, and I am to recommend that the Government of India may be moved to sanction it, with effect from the date on which the appointment will be actually made.

Letter—from J. B. BRUNYATE, Esq., Officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General (Education) Department.
Dated—Simla, the 29th June 1905.
No.—432.

In reply to your letter No. 573-T.—G., dated the 19th May 1905, I am directed to convey the sanction of the Government of India to the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem to the Inspector of hostels and students' messes in Calcutta, with effect from the date upon which that officer assumes charge of his duties.

Letter—from J. G. CUMMING, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
Dated—Calcutta, the 1st March 1909.
No.—1320.

I am directed to refer to paragraph 2 of this Government letter No. 2403, dated the 9th April 1908, in which it was reported that, pending the establishment of a Training College for English Teachers in Calcutta, a training class for such teachers was being opened in connection with the Hare and Hindu schools. A similar class has since been opened in connection with the Patna Collegiate School, and Mr. Thickett has been placed in charge of it.

2. One of the proposals of the Conference referred to in paragraph 2 of the letter dated 9th April 1908, was that the Principal of the Calcutta Training Class should supervise the work of the Vernacular Training School. The Director of Public Instruction recommends that this proposal be approved, and that the Vernacular Training Schools at Calcutta and Patna be placed under the immediate supervision of the Principals of the Training Classes for English Teachers. The Lieutenant-Governor has accepted these recommendations. The Vernacular Training School at Calcutta is situated at a distance of one and a half miles from the Training Class for English Teachers and as the Principal of that class will have to make eight visits each month to the Training School, His Honour is of opinion that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month should be granted to him to cover his expenses. I am to recommend that the sanction of the Government of India may be accorded to this proposal. No such allowance is required in the case of the Principal of the Patna Training Class, as the Vernacular Training School at that place is in the same building as the Training College.

Letter—from G. B. H. FELL, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.
To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.
Dated—Simla, the 23rd April 1909.
No.—333.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1320, dated the 1st March 1909, in which it is proposed that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month should be granted to the Principal of the Calcutta Training Class for English Teachers to cover the expenses of the journeys which he is required to undertake in connection with the supervision of the local vernacular training school.

2. In reply, I am to say that in opinion of the Government of India an allowance of Rs. 30 for eight journeys of one and a half miles and back seems to be excessive. They do not, however, desire to press their view, and are willing to sanction the rate of allowance proposed if His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor considers that it cannot reasonably be reduced.

Letter—from J. G. CUMMING, Esq., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

Dated—Darjeeling, the 11th May 1909.

No.—435-T.—G.

With reference to Mr. Fell's letter No. 333, dated the 23rd April 1909, I am directed to say that, on a reconsideration of the case, the Lieutenant-Governor is prepared to recommend that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 a month be granted to the Principal of the Training Class for English Teachers at Calcutta to enable him to supervise the working of the local vernacular training school.

Letter—from G. B. H. FELL, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

Dated—Simla, the 4th June 1909.

No.—484.

In reply to your letter No. 435-T —G., dated the 11th May 1909, I am directed to say that the Government of India are pleased to sanction the grant of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 *per mensem* to the Principal of the Training Class for English Teachers at Calcutta to enable him to supervise the working of the local vernacular training school.

Order—No. 63, Educational, dated 25th January 1912.

The Government of India will be addressed.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 64.

From

THE HON'BLE MR. L. DAVIDSON, I.C.S.,

Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Educational Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Dated Fort St. George, the 25th January 1912.

SIR,

In the circumstances set out in the following paragraph I am directed to solicit the sanction of the Government of India for an addition to Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations providing for the grant of conveyance allowances of Rs. 50 *per mensem* to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, Madras, and Rs. 30 *per mensem* to the Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Madras Girls' Range.

2. The head-quarters of both these officials is the city of Madras, but their ranges include mufassal districts in which they are required to tour for some six months in the year. This consideration naturally prevents them from maintaining any permanent conveyance in Madras and they are thus compelled to hire casually for the purpose of performing inspection work at their head-quarters. The number of girls' schools requiring inspection in Madras is large and the distances are such that it is frequently necessary for the inspectress or her assistant to travel more than five miles before she can commence her day's work, but no travelling allowance is admissible under article 1055 of the Civil Service Regulations, since all schools within municipal limits are technically at head-quarters. Apart from mere school inspection, it is also necessary for these officials to hold conferences with the managers of schools, to attend meetings of teachers' associations and to conduct examinations for Teachers' certificates in various parts of the city. They have therefore frequent occasions to hire conveyances. The expense involved is considerable and has advanced of late years owing to the tendency of the rates of casual hire to increase. The result is that to be stationed at Madras involves the inspectress or the assistant inspectress in pecuniary loss which she would not have to incur if posted to a mufassal range.

To remedy this hardship it is proposed to attach conveyance allowances of Rs. 50 and Rs. 30, respectively, to the Madras appointments. The scale has been fixed with reference to the rates of hire prevailing locally and the respective status of the two officials concerned. A reference to Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations shows that allowances of the same character are granted to educational officers in Bombay and Calcutta and it is understood that they originated on grounds similar to those urged in this letter.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

L. DAVIDSON,

Ag. Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O. Nos. 63-64, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 25TH JANUARY 1912.

[SUBJECT.—*Conveyance allowances to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, and the Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Madras Girls' range.*]

Previous papers:

G.O. No. 1047, Revenue,	dated 12th October	1892.
" " 379, Educational	" 1st July	1902.
" " 75 "	" 29th January	1904.
" " 27 "	" 17th "	1910.

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 3rd August 1911, No. 4052.

The Director of Public Instruction recommends that the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, may be granted a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* and the Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Madras Girls' range, a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 *per mensem*.

2. The recommendation is made on the ground that both these officers have got inspection work in Madras for about six months in the year, that this inspection work involves journeys from their offices of 3 to 7 miles and that as all these journeys are performed within their head-quarters, viz., Madras, which is a district and not merely a town, they are not eligible for any travelling allowance other than a monthly allowance under article 1055 of the Civil Service Regulations. The Inspectress has 31 schools to inspect in Madras and the Assistant Inspectress 81 schools, in addition to other work, such as, holding conferences (articles 16 and 18 of the Grant-in-Aid Code) and conducting the final examination for teachers' certificates (rule 150 of the Madras Educational Rules).

3. As stated by the Director of Public Instruction, the Inspectress of Schools, Bombay and Northern division, is in receipt of a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 *per mensem* (*vide* entry No. 87 in appendix

Page 59 of the appendices. No. 26 to the Civil Service Regulations), the Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Calcutta, get a conveyance allowance of Rs. 35; Inspectors of Schools stationed at Calcutta, Inspector and the Assistant Inspector of European Schools stationed in Calcutta for journeys in Calcutta and suburbs; and Sub-Inspectors of Schools, Calcutta, get an allowance of Rs. 30 each (*vide* Nos. 89 and 90 in appendix No. 26 to the Civil Service Regulations). It may also be noted that the Tahsildar of Madras gets a conveyance allowance of Rs. 40 *per mensem* for inspection work in Madras. Of these, the case of the Inspector and the Assistant Inspector of European Schools in Calcutta seems to be similar to

Number 2 in Appendix No. 26, page 55 of the Appendices, and paragraph 23 of G.O. No. 1047, Revenue, dated 12th October 1892.

that of the Inspectress and Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools in Madras, for they get the allowance specially in consideration of their journeys "in Calcutta and its suburbs." No information is, however, available as to whether these officers are always stationed in Calcutta and have no inspection work outside Calcutta or whether they get the conveyance allowance throughout the year or only for the portion of the year during which they are obliged to remain in Calcutta. Information on these

points seems to be desirable in order to decide whether the allowance in the present case should be given for the whole of the year or only for the period of six months during which the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress are obliged to remain in Madras. The Director of Public Instruction may be requested to find out and report the circumstances under which a conveyance allowance is granted to the inspecting officers in Bombay and Calcutta.

T.K.—31-8-11.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, has charge of eight districts, namely, Nellore, Madras, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Salem, Tanjore and Bangalore, and is required to be on tour for six months in the year—*vide* paragraph 1 on page 17 of the Inspection Code. The Assistant Inspectress, Madras Girls' range, has charge of three districts, namely, Nellore, Madras and Chingleput, but there is nothing in the Inspection Code as to show for what part of the

Vide G.O. No. 75, Educational, dated 29th January 1904, also page 207 of the same list.

month she should be on tour. The Assistant Inspector, Presidency division, is required to be on tour for 160 days in the year and this limit is apparently observed in the case of the Assistant Inspectress also.

2. There is great force in the arguments put forward by Miss Lynch in her letter. No information has, however, been furnished as to whether the conditions of service of the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress, Madras, bear any similarity to those of the Educational Inspecting officers in Bombay and Calcutta to whom conveyance allowance is now granted. It must further be noted that if any concession is granted to the Inspectress and her Assistant, the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, and the Inspector of European and Training Schools, who are stationed in Madras and are subject to the same rules in regard to touring as the Inspectress will probably come up with similar claims. The Director of Public Instruction may be asked to find out and report the circumstances under which conveyance allowances are sanctioned to Educational Inspecting officers in Bombay and Calcutta.

A draft is submitted for approval.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—1-9-11.

Surely Government ought to make this enquiry itself, if the information is deemed essential.

Financial u.o. for remarks.

L. DAVIDSON—2-9-11.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The sanction of the Government of India is necessary for the grant of conveyance allowances proposed to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, and Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Madras Girls' range.

2. A claim for conveyance allowance can be recognized by Government only when an officers' duties involve an extraordinary amount of moving about within a limited area. This rule is not without exceptions, for, in many cases, the salaries of officers have been fixed with special reference to the expenditure involved in the performance of their duties, and in such cases no further claim for a conveyance allowance can be admitted. Such cases are those in which the pay of the appointment has been fixed at a specific amount peculiar to itself, and is not determined by the rate fixed for a group of appointments to some of which only the special duties are attached.

Paragraph 231 and paragraph 235 (i) and (ii) of manual appointments and allowances, pages 71-74, 4th edition.

3. There are three appointments of Inspectresses of Schools in this Presidency, all of them borne on the cadre of the Indian Educational Service, but carrying special rates of pay—

Rupees 500—20—600.

" 450—10—500.

" 400—10—450.

Likewise there are three appointments of Assistant Inspectresses of Girls' Schools carrying special rates of pay—

one on Rs. 250 *per mensem*, and
two on Rs. 200 *per mensem* each.

These appointments are not borne on the Provincial Educational Service, but when they were created it was the intention * of

* Educational Secretary's note, dated 20th June 1902, and the Director's remarks, dated 21st June 1902, on page 1-2 of notes to G.O. No. 379, Educational, dated 1st July 1902.

Government to treat them as gazetted appointments in the two lowest grades of the Provincial service. The fact that special rates of pay are attached to these

appointments seems to indicate that the salaries have been fixed with reference to the expenditure involved in the performance of their duties, and in accordance with the ruling referred to in paragraph 2 *ante* no conveyance allowance will be admissible to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, and the Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Madras Girls' range.

4. The touring which these two officers do within 5 miles of Madras is a part of their ordinary duties and is no new circumstance for entertaining now a

Paragraph 1 page 17, Inspection Code.
Cf. paragraph 2 of Educational Department note, on page 2 *ante*.

claim for conveyance allowance. The Inspector of European and Training

Schools, and the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, have likewise to do similar touring, but get no conveyance allowance. If the present claim is entertained, Government cannot very well refuse similar concession, in the case of the other two officers mentioned above, if they should make a representation to Government in the matter and they are sure to advance similar claims.

5. Miss C. M. Lynch, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, states that she is the junior Inspectress drawing only Rs. 450 *per mensem* and as this is the first time that a junior Inspectress has been posted to the Presidency town, where living and other expenses are much heavier than in the mufassal, the charge for conveyance is felt much more than in the case of the previous Inspectresses. The main ground for the application is that her income being insufficient in Madras, it should somehow be augmented.

Paragraph 14 of Home Department letter No. 754, dated 26th August 1909, on page 6 of G.O. No. 27, Educational, dated 17th January 1910.

† [Rs. 400—20—500 *per mensem* on first appointment and thereafter the service is approved Rs. 500—25—750 *per mensem* is proposed for ladies in the Indian Educational Service.]

6. Proposals for the re-organization of the Indian Educational Service are now before the Government of India. If and when these proposals are sanctioned, there may be a material increase † in the emoluments of the Inspectress of Girls' Schools.

7. There is, however, no objection to the proposed reference being made to other Governments to find out the circumstances under which conveyance allowance has been sanctioned to Educational Inspecting officers in Bombay and Calcutta.

T.C.N.—12-9-11.

T. HARI RAO—12-9-11.

C. REILLY—15-9-11.

H. A. STUART—17-9-11.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A draft reference to the Governments of Bombay and Bengal is submitted for approval.

T.K.—23-9-11.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—23-9-11.

L. DAVIDSON—24-9-11.

[Letter No. 1968-2, dated 26th September 1911.]

From the Government of Bombay, dated 11th October 1911, No. 2913.

The reply from the Government of Bengal to letter No. 1968-2, dated 26th September 1911, may be awaited.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—23-10-11.

M. S. MASCARENHAS—30-10-11.

The Government of Bengal may be requested to expedite their reply to letter No. 1968-2, dated 26th September 1911. A draft is submitted for approval.

S.K.—17-11-11.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—17-11-11.

L. DAVIDSON—18-11-11.

From the Government of Bengal, dated 29th November 1911, No. 4533.

The replies of the Government of Bombay and Bengal have come in.

2. In Bombay, the Inspectress, Bombay and Northern division, seems to be the only officer drawing conveyance allowance, but in Bengal, there are several officers, the Inspectress stationed in Calcutta being one of them, receiving an allowance of Rs. 30 for journeys in Calcutta and its suburbs.

3. Appendix 26, Civil Service Regulations, mentions the following officers:—

	RS.
Bombay—	
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Bombay and Northern division	50
Calcutta—	
Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta	35
Inspectors stationed at Calcutta	30
Inspector and Assistant Inspector of European Schools stationed in Calcutta for journeys in Calcutta and its suburbs	30
Sub-Inspectors of Schools, Calcutta	30
Assistant Inspector, Presidency Division, Bengal	30

4. The only officers who correspond to the Inspectress, Madras, are the Inspectress in Bombay and Northern division, and the Inspectress in Calcutta. The former officer was first granted a conveyance allowance of Rs. 3 per diem for each day, she visited schools in Bombay. But on a representation that she had to stay in Bombay eight months and that her conveyance allowance calculated at the above rate did not cover even one half of what she had actually to spend on carriage hire, the Government of India raised the allowance to Rs. 50 per mensem to be drawn all the year round.

5. The case of the Inspectress, Madras, is exactly similar. Miss Lynch states that as she has to be away half the year, she is not able to keep a conveyance of her own and that a good horse and carriage engaged by the month costs her about Rs. 100 per mensem. But as she is reported to stay in Madras only six months, a conveyance allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem will perhaps meet the case, and this is the maximum allowed in Calcutta though the Inspectress stationed in Calcutta receives only Rs. 30.

6. The case of the Assistant Inspectress, Madras, is also on all fours with that of the Inspectress, and if a conveyance allowance is given to the latter, it cannot well be refused to the former. In her case, it may perhaps be Rs. 20 or Rs. 25.

7. It is for consideration, however, whether, with reference to paragraph 6 of the Financial note on page 3 *ante*, the question may lie over until orders are received regarding the reorganization of the Indian Educational Service which includes the improvement of the pay of the Inspectresses. The conveyance allowance to the Assistant Inspectress will still have to be considered, however.

8. That the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, and the Inspector of European and Training Schools, Madras, will come forward with the similar claims need not, it is submitted, deter Government from considering the cases of the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress if it is decided to consider them now. As female inspecting officers, they deserve special treatment.

9. Financial may see again before the file goes to Honourable Member.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—12-12-11.

I see no point in awaiting the orders on the reorganization of the Indian Educational Service. If the higher scale of pay proposed for the Inspectress is approved, that will be on grounds distinct from those which form the basis of the present claim. Nor would it be fair to hang up the claim of the Assistant Inspectress which cannot in any way be affected by the future of the Indian Educational Service.

2. An officer, who is stationed in Madras and merely has to attend one and the same office, stands on a very different footing from one who is required to inspect places scattered all over the extensive municipal limits and is at the same time absent from Madras for periods of such length that it would be unreasonable to hire a permanent conveyance. The former may be able to find a house near his office and can in any case make economical permanent arrangements. The latter cannot escape the necessity for journeys of considerable length and must hire casually. The case for a conveyance allowance is therefore much stronger than if put forward by a stationary officer at the Presidency town and based as is commonly the case, on the ground of the higher cost of living. There is no doubt that both these ladies suffer heavily in pocket by being posted to the Presidency circle and it is unfair that these conditions should continue. Nor would I prolong the hardship by postponing a decision until the case of other possible claimants is investigated.

3. As to the rates, I do not think Rs. 50 and Rs. 30 excessive. The Inspectress must travel in a respectable conveyance.

L. DAVIDSON—13-12-11.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Attention is invited to the Financial Department notes on page 3 *ante*. It is who explained by Educational—

(1) that the basis of the claim of the Inspectress of Schools for a conveyance allowance is different from that for the higher scale of pay proposed for the appointment under the scheme for the reorganization of the Indian Educational Service;

(2) that the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress suffer heavily in pocket by being posted to the Presidency division and that a case has been made out for local allowances for them; and

(3) that the rates proposed, viz., Rs. 50 for the Inspectress and Rs. 30 for the Assistant Inspectress, are not excessive.

2. It is submitted that, in deciding the question, it has to be borne in mind—

(i) That hardship is stated to be caused to the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress only for the period * of their stay in Madras.

* [Six months in the case of the inspectress; no period fixed for Assistant Inspectress.]

(ii) That it does not appear to be recognised that an officer entitled to it should be reimbursed the full cost of keeping a conveyance. The allowance is intended as a help to prevent hardship.

Paragraph 4 (iii) under article 1074 (Exception) on page 197 of the Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations.

(iii) That Rs. 50 is the *maximum* allowance which the Government of India consider to be reasonable.

3. The Educational Department seems to propose that the allowance proposed by them, viz., Rs. 50 for the Inspectress and Rs. 30 for the Assistant Inspectress, should be granted throughout the year. It is submitted that, having regard to the remarks in paragraph 2 *ante*, the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 for the Inspectress and Rs. 20 or perhaps Rs. 25 for the Assistant Inspectress would be an ample concession. The pinch of keeping a conveyance would be felt more by the latter than the former. [It may be noted that the grant of special allowances for "occasional conveyance

Paragraph 4 under article 1074 (Exception) of the Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations.

in and about a large town" to officers on salaries of over Rs. 300 *per mensem* does not appear to be recognised by the Government of India.]

P.G.S.S.

K. P. ANANTAN—4-1-12.

Please see the list of allowances paid to officers in the city of Madras. Rupees 30 for Inspectresses and Rs. 20 for Assistant Inspectresses seem ample.

C. REILLY—5-1-12.

I think we may agree to Rs. 50 and Rs. 30. The cost of keeping a conveyance has increased considerably in recent years.

H. A. STUART—6-1-12.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The file has not been seen by Honourable Member.

2. Orders are solicited as to whether the conveyance allowances are to be granted throughout the year or only for the period during which the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress are obliged to remain in Madras.

Throughout the year of course.

L. DAVIDSON—12-1-12.

T.K.—10-1-12.

3. The Inspectress, Bombay and Northern division, gets the conveyance allowance all the year round, and the same may be allowed in the case of the Inspectress and the Assistant Inspectress, Madras.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—10-1-12.

The case may go to Honourable Member with a draft order sanctioning the allowance.

L. DAVIDSON—12-1-12.

A draft letter to India is submitted for approval. The sanction of the Government of India is necessary.

T.K.—18-1-12.

R. SUNDARAM AIYAR—18-1-12.

I have dictated a shorter draft which may be submitted to Honourable Member for approval.

L. DAVIDSON—20-1-12.

I approve.

M. H[AMMICK]—24-1-12.

[G.O. Nos. 63-64, Educational, dated 25th January 1912.]

Educational Department.

Letter.

To P.S.

The Secretary to the Govt., of India,

Department of Education.

Sir,

In the circumstances set out in the following paragraph I am directed to solicit the sanction of the Government of India for an addition to Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations providing for the grant of conveyance allowances of Rs. 50 *per mensem* to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, -- Central Circle, Madras, and Rs. 30 *per mensem* to the Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Madras Girls' range.

3. The headquarters of both these officials is the city of Madras, but their ranges include mufassal districts in which they are required to tour for some six months in the year. This consideration naturally prevents them from maintaining any permanent conveyance in Madras and they are thus compelled to hire casually for the purpose of performing inspection work at their headquarters. The number of girls' schools requiring inspection in Madras is large and the distances are such that it is frequently necessary for the inspectress or her assistant to travel more than five miles before she can commence her day's work, but no travelling

63 14 38 4

travelling allowance is admissible under article 1055 of the Civil Service Regulations, since all schools within municipal limits are technically at W headquarters. Apart from mere school inspection, it is also necessary for these officials to hold conferences with the managers of schools, to attend meetings of teachers' associations and to conduct examinations for Teachers' Certificates in various parts of the city. They have therefore frequent occasions to hire conveyances. The expense involved is considerable and has advanced of late years owing to the tendency of the rates of -- casual hire to increase. The result is that to be stationed at Madras involves the Inspectress or the Assistant Inspectress in pecuniary loss which she would not have to incur if posted to a mufassal range. To remedy this hardship it is proposed to attach conveyance allowances of Rs.50 and Rs.50 respectively to the Madras appointments. The scale has been fixed with -- reference to the rates of hire prevailing locally and the respective status of the two officials concerned. A reference to Appendix 26 of the Civil Service Regulations shows that allowances of the same character are granted to educational officers in Bombay and Calcutta and it is understood that they originated on grounds similar to those urged in this letter.

I have etc.

Ld.
20.7.12

ORDINARY.

PRESS SLIP.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Current No., dated 1.190

G.O., No. 6344 dated 25 / 1902

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b)
(b1)
Notes.....

Conveyance allowances
Requesting the Govt. to order that
an addition may be made to the
of Rs. 50 per month
to the Inspectors of girls' schools
circle has been added Rs 30 per month

Number (c) of copies required when struck off (not including
copies for printers' table which are retained
in the Press)
Complete Correspondence and orders. Notes

FOR RECORD.
Madras Records ... 30 15
Ooty Records ... 3 3
For filing with original ... 1 1
Total ... 34 19

FOR ISSUE.†

	Letter only.	Complete G.O.	Special issue copies of G.O. (b)		Notes.
			No.	Papers.	
Signature copies.....					
India Office.....					
Govt. of India.....Dept.	45				
Public Department.....					
Judicial Department.....					
Financial Department.....					
Revenue Department.....					
Public Works Department.....					
Local and Municipal Department.....					
.....Dept.					
Total ...					
Spare copies.	The Director of Public Instruction.....				
	The Comr. for Govt. Examinations.....				
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	The Surgeon-General.....				
	The Accountant-General.....				
	The Collector of.....				
	The P. D. B.....				
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	The.....				
	The.....				
	The.....				
	Total ...				

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b1) For rules regarding printing of notes, see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public, dated 30th November 1900.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Deputy Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Deputy Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, but only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

* Copies distributed on.....*(Press Clerk.)

† Copies distributed on.....*(Despatcher.)

TO PRESS, MADRAS.
OOTY.

A

B

C

Please send proof in triplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.

Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.

As the matter is clear manuscript and has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.

Type may be released after usual interval
at once.

Type may be released after usual interval.

Olerk.

Olerk.

Olerk.

Supdt.

Supdt.

Supdt.

(b). Three copies of proof of all notes should be sent for approval, except when instructions are given to the contrary.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Press kindly send 40 spare copies of the letter to the Gov of India No 848 25-1-12 only. No proof the letter need be sent.

SAR
31/1/12

TO BE FILLED IN BY THE PRESS.

Diary.	Initials of Press official.
Received in Press on.....	1-2-12 <i>St</i>
First proof furnished on.....	13/2/12 <i>St</i>
Call for revised proof received on.....	
Revised proof furnished on.....	
Corrected proof received for striking on.....	14/3/12 <i>St</i>
Final copies supplied on.....	22/2/12 <i>St</i>

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Supplied to Secretariat for Record.....			
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