

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1911.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 749, 27th October 1911.

Quinquennial report on education.

Communicating to the Director of Public Instruction letter from the Government of India
on the subject of the preparation of the —.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers:—

I

G.O. No. 481, Educational, dated 17th July 1911.

ABSTRACT.—Communicating to the Director of Public Instruction letter from the Government of India on the subject of the preparation of the quinquennial report on education.

II

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. H. SHARP, Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education (Education).

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Educational Department.

Dated—Simla, the 27th September 1911.

No.—1378.

I am directed to reply to your letter No. 2490, dated the 14th August 1911, on the subject of the two new tables prescribed for the next quinquennial report.

2. With reference to paragraphs 1 and 2 of your letter, I am to say that the instructions issued by the Government of Bombay regarding the classification of primary schools as lower and upper fully carry out the wishes of the Government of India. The arrangement of classes in primary schools differs in different provinces and all that is desired is to distinguish from schools of a higher grade those which may be termed elementary and which consist in all of four standards including the infant class or classes.

3. The classification of schools and standards adopted for the purposes of the new general table IX (classification by ages) is suitable. The number of standards shown in the specimen form are not intended to be adhered to where a province has a larger or smaller number of classes in each type of institution.

4. As regards the question raised in paragraph 4 of your letter, I am to say that the new table IX is intended to indicate very generally the age of pupils in ordinary institutions and their classes. It is not intended to be exhaustive and it is unnecessary to include private institutions. Nor, unless this can be done in any case without substantially altering or adding to the form, is it necessary to include the pupils of special institutions such as training colleges, schools of art, industrial and technical schools and reformatories. To include such special institutions would render the table cumbrous and add but little to the information which it is proposed to obtain. The alternative heading ("colleges affiliated to the University") which is suggested in your letter does not however appear entirely suitable, since training colleges are in certain provinces affiliated to the local University. The Government of India consider, however, that it will suffice if, in the proposed table IX, the columns now headed "College" read "Arts Colleges affiliated to Universities*" and a footnote be added "excluding Training Colleges."

5. As regards the final paragraph of your letter, I am to say that in the new table X (number and classifications of teachers) B.Sc.'s or holders of equivalent or higher degrees should be classed with B.A.'s, and the Government of India accept the side heading ("possessed of a University degree") suggested by the Government of Bombay.

No. 1379.

Copy, with a copy of the letter to which it is a reply and enclosure, forwarded to

the Government of
Madras
Bengal
the United Provinces
the Punjab
Birma
Eastern Bengal and Assam
the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces
the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, in the North-West Frontier Province.

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for information and guidance, in continuation of this Department letter No.

* To all Provinces except Central Provinces.
† Only to Central Provinces.

dated the 20th June 1911.
18th August

(By Order.)

H. SHARP,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

To the Government of Madras.

ENCLOSURE.

Letter—from L. ROBERTSON, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Educational Department.

To—the Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education.

Dated—Bombay Castle, the 14th August 1911.

No.—2490.

In paragraph 8 of your letter No. 877, dated 26th June 1911, the Government of India expressed the desire that throughout the annual reports on public instruction and tables appended thereto a distinction should be made between lower and upper primary schools, and two new tables were prescribed for incorporation in the next quinquennial report, in the second of which relating to classification of pupils by ages, standards I—IV are shown as primary and V—VII as middle. As there are no middle vernacular schools in this Presidency, and the classification of primary schools is not that referred to by the Government of India, the Governor in Council has considered it necessary to issue the following instructions for carrying out, so far as may be, the wishes of the Government of India and for filling in the table referred to.

2. In this Presidency there are seven primary (vernacular) standards in addition to the infant class, and schools are classified according to the length of the course they teach. Thus primary schools which consist of the infant class and standards I—III are called rural schools, and those in which all the standards are taught are designated full primary schools. The Director of Public Instruction has been informed that the rural schools should be regarded as corresponding to the lower primary schools and the full primary schools as corresponding to the upper primary schools. The seven vernacular standards will continue to be regarded, as hitherto, as primary standards and in any table where figures regarding primary schools are given a note will be added explaining the classification adopted in this Presidency.

3. With reference to the table of classification by ages, orders will be issued that it should be filled up by giving the number of pupils in each standard according to the class of institutions attended, namely I—primary schools (rural or lower primary and upper primary), II—secondary schools (middle and high stage), and III—colleges. The table will then be in the accompanying form.

4. A question arises whether it is intended that the classification by ages should be exhaustive, and, if so, where the private institutions (advanced or elementary) which are not the same as primary schools, and special institutions such as training colleges, school of art, industrial and technical schools and reformatories, should be shown in the table. Additional columns will apparently be necessary for this purpose. But if, on the other hand, it is not intended that the classification should be exhaustive, the fact must be explained in the heading or in a foot note. In any case it will be desirable to define the head "colleges" as "colleges affiliated to the University", as otherwise they may include vernacular training colleges and the secondary training college, which are not affiliated institutions and which may be shown in a separate column if so desired. I am to request the early orders of the Government of India on these points.

5. With regard to the table regarding the number and qualifications of teachers, I am to state that there are several teachers who possess a University degree which is not B.A., e.g., B.Sc., L.C.E.E., L.M. & S. and L.A.g. Unless these are also included, the two totals in the table will not agree. To meet this it is necessary that the entry "B.A.'s" in the first column of the table should be altered to "possessed of a University degree" and the Director of Public Instruction has been instructed accordingly.

Classification by ages.

[illegible]

Order—No. 749, Educational, dated 27th October 1911.

Communicated to the Director of Public Instruction for information and guidance in continuation of G.O. No. 481, Educational, dated 17th July 1911.

(True Extract.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction,

READ AGAIN G.O., No. 481 Edl, dated 17-7-1911

[illegible]

READ ALSO:—

C. No. 2551, From the Govt of I., No. 1379, dated 27-9-1911

[illegible]

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ORDER

P. S.

No. 749, dated 27. 10. 1911

Communicated to the D.P.I.
for information and guidance
in continuation of G.O. no.
481 Bdl dated 17th July 1911.

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ORDINARY.

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EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Current No. 190
G.O., No. 749 dated 1 NOV 1911
MADRAS (b)

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the preparation of the

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE
SECRETARIAT.

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed
urgently, the Superintendent of the section
concerned should sign the Press slip. The
Superintendent should exercise a careful discre-
tion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set
of orders, in the file of correspondence should be
headed in succession with the Roman numeral I,
II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink
or blue chalk above the item. The particular
papers to be printed in the special issue-copies
should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I,
II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in
the correspondence file. All matter, including
marginal remarks or references, to be printed
should be written in ink and matter which should
not be printed should be encircled. Initials and
signatures that are not quite legible should be
re-written distinctly.

(b) For rules regarding printing of notes,
see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public, dated
30th November 1900.

(c) The number of copies and the details of
distribution should be filled in by the Superin-
tendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to
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will be kept standing for one week, and larger
papers for two weeks only. The type of notes
and of all confidential papers is distributed
immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely
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Press; it will be returned by the Press when
proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the
Press when a call is made for revised proofs or
when a corrected proof is sent for striking.
When finally returned by Press it should be
filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of
the Press, a paper has been marked urgent
unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to
the Deputy Registrar with a remark to that
effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made
against the matter, pencil entries should not
be printed. The Superintendent of the Press
may bring to the notice of the Deputy Registrar
any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the
Secretary of State or to the Government of
India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press
to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it
will be sent back to the Press when proofs
are returned corrected and should be finally
returned to the Secretariat when struck-off
copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members
should be printed in full when they occur on
the right hand side, but only the first time when
they appear on the left side, the initials alone
being printed later.

* Copies distributed on (Press Clerk.)
† Copies distributed on (Despatcher.)

TO PRESS, MADRAS.
OOTY.

A	B	C
Please send proof in triplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.	Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.	As the matter is clear and script and has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.
	Type may be released after usual interval at once.	Type may be released after usual interval.
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.....Supdt.	Supdt.	Supdt.

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Revised proof furnished on.....	
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