

132
Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Resd.

} 1909.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 492, 25th August 1909.

Government Museum and Conremaia Public Library.

Recording report on the working of the — during 1908-1909.

2

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

READ—the following paper :—

Letter—from J. R. HENDERSON, Esq., M.B., F.L.S., Acting Superintendent, Government Museum.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Dated—Madras, the 7th July 1909.

No.—341.

I have the honour to forward, for submission to His Excellency the Governor in Council, the report on the working of the Government Museum and Connemara Public Library during 1908-1909, and to request that I may be supplied with 160 copies for distribution to other museums, etc.

ENCLOSURE.

Administration Report of the Madras Government Museum for the year 1908-1909.

Mr. Thurston, the permanent Superintendent, proceeded on leave on the 9th December 1908, and I had therefore charge of the museum during less than four months of the year under review. This report is largely compiled from notes furnished by Mr. Thurston.

2. VISITORS.—The total numbers of visitors to the old and new buildings were 529,663 and 521,720 against 579,770 and 532,476 in 1907-1908. The largest number of visitors on a single day to the old building was 63,506 on 3rd January (Dvadasi festival), and to the new building 87,921 on 15th January (Kannu Pongal). The total numbers of visitors on Sundays were 151,496 to the old and 138,106 to the new building, against 88,798 and 77,672, respectively, in the previous year; the excess in the year under review was due to the fact that Dvadasi festival fell on a Sunday. The number of Gosha females who visited the museum on the days set apart for them (the first Saturday in each month) was 13,269 against 15,639 in 1907-1908.

The museum was visited on 11th December by His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord Kitchener, Commander-in-Chief in India.

3. BUILDINGS.—The preliminary plans and estimates prepared by the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, for the annexes to the sculpture and economic galleries and for the new clerks' office were forwarded to Government, but orders have not yet been issued for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates.

4. ESTABLISHMENT.—M.R.Ry. V. Govindan, B.A., after thirteen years of highly efficient service, resigned his appointment as Sub-Librarian and Personal Assistant on being appointed to the staff of the Department of Fisheries Investigation, and was succeeded by M.R.Ry. P. Ethirajulu Naidu, B.A., formerly in the Revenue Secretariat. M.R.Ry. K. Rangachari, M.A., L.T., after a service of twelve years, during which in addition to excellent work in the botanical and economic sections, he rendered valuable assistance to the permanent Superintendent in connection with his investigations in South Indian ethnology, vacated his appointment as Herbarium-keeper on transfer to the Educational Department. M.R.Ry. M. O. Parthasaradhi Aiyangar, B.A., has been appointed Herbarium-keeper on probation. A. Isayah, the senior taxidermist, died during the year.

5. THEATRE.—The theatre was used on ten occasions during the year as follows :—

Amateur Dramatic Society entertainments	6
Collegiate School, entertainment and prize distribution	2
Presidency Training School for Mistresses, prize distribution	1
Entertainment in aid of the Poor Fund, General Hospital	1

6. PUBLICATIONS.—The encyclopædic work on "The Castes and Tribes of Southern India", referred to in paragraph 5 of the last annual report, is passing rapidly through the press, and four volumes are now ready. It is hoped that the remaining volumes will be completed before the close of the current official year.

7. HISTORICAL.—An interesting addition to this section is an ivory cane with a silver ring inscribed "Mahé de la Bourdonnais." Bertrand Francois Mahé de la Bourdonnais was the French General, who, in the war of 1743 between France and England, went to the succour of Dupleix at Pondicherry. He besieged the English at Madras and compelled them to capitulate in 1746.

Another noteworthy addition is a wooden measure of the time of the Danish King, Christian VII, with the monogram of the King C 7. It also carries a crescent, and the bale-mark of the English East India Company with the date 1852, seven years subsequent to the acquisition of Tranquebar by the Company. The crescent perhaps indicates the temporary suzerainty of the Nāwāb of Arcot, who subdued and imprisoned the Rāja of Tanjore, to whom Tranquebar had belonged.

8. ANTHROPOLOGY.—The new ethnological annexe, formed by enclosing a verandah in the new building, was arranged and opened during the year.

Among the additions to the ethnological section of the museum, the following may be noted :—

(1) A series of gold and silver votive offerings (*ex votos*) from the temple at Guruvāyūr, Malabar, consisting of gods, a baby in a cradle, tortoises, breasts, eyes, etc., added to the existing collection exhibited in the art gallery.

(2) Transparencies of devil-dancing in South Canara exhibited in a carved wooden stand in the art gallery.

(3) Wood carvings of the avatars of Vishnu.

(4) A series of painted wooden gods worshipped by sea-fishermen in Ganjam.

(5) A collection of jewelry and clothing worn by Gadabas and Bonda Porojas, presented by Mr. C. A. Henderson, I.C.S.

A set of anthropometric instruments was transferred to the museum from the Medical College with the sanction of Government.

9. ARCHÆOLOGY AND ART.—The golden casket with a fragment of bone and six golden flowers, referred to in the last annual report, was sent to the Collector of Guntūr on his requisition in connection with an enquiry under the Treasure Trove Act.

Eight copper-plate inscriptions were received from the Assistant Archæological Superintendent for Epigraphy, for deposit in the museum.

Among the additions to the archæological and art sections may be noted :—

(1) A large circular cup or trough of marble with a square hole at the bottom, bearing an inscription in Brāhmi character, which was found in front of a private residence in Garikopādu Agrahara, Sattanepalle taluk, Guntūr district (*vide* Progress Report of the Assistant Archæological Superintendent for Epigraphy, Southern Circle, for 1907-1908, part II, paragraph 8).

(2) Two Buddhist stone figures, one in a good state of preservation, from Elaiyur village, Nannilam taluk, Tanjore district.

(3) Two Jain stone figures from the village of Pedda Tumbalam, Adóni taluk, Bellary district. They appear to be Gautamas and are interesting specimens of statuary.

(4) Treasure trove deities from the villages of Tiruvarambur and Ulundungudi, Trichinopoly district.

(5) A copper god and goddess on a pedestal, from Tanjore.

(6) An extensive series of carved wooden beams, lintels, etc., acquired by purchase. This wood-work came from an old house, dismantled in the course of additions to the Madras Christian College, which house according to tradition, was occupied by Count Lally during the siege of Madras by the French in 1758.

(7) An old hookah with elaborate metal work, said to have formerly belonged to one of the Nāwābs of the Carnatic.

(8) Two old paintings of the Nizam of Hyderabad and the Nāwāb of Cuddapah, with troops in procession. They are exhibited on the staircase of the new building.

(9) An ivory figure of Vallabha Ganesa made at the School of Arts, Trivandrum.

(10) A set of finely executed carved ivory chessmen made in Tirupati.

10. NUMISMATICS.—The following coins were acquired under the Treasure Trove Act :—

(1) Sixty-four gold coins from the Vizagapatam district. Sixty-three of these bear on the obverse a recumbent bull facing the proper left, accompanied by a trisula and a lamp stand; the reverse bears the Nagari letter *pa*, with a numeral below it, probably denoting the regnal year of the king by whom the coins were issued. The remaining coin bears on the obverse the numeral 14 with the Telugu letter *ja* above it; the reverse is not well preserved but the bull is certainly not present. The coins of the first series were attributed by Dr. Hultzsch to the Ganga dynasty of Kalinganagara, the modern Mukhalingam in the Ganjam district. The Ganga crest was a bull. Dr. Hultzsch assigned the coins to the Eastern Ganga king Aphantavarman Chôdaganga, who ascended the throne in A.D. 1078.

(2) Four hundred and thirty-six small copper coins with chequered reverse (early Mysore), and a gold fanam from the Coimbatore district.

(3) Nine hundred and ninety-one purānas, and a small gold jewel found in the village of Venbavur, Perambalur taluk, Trichinopoly district. These purānas are irregular pieces of silver, with Buddhist symbols punched on the surface. They represent the earliest Indian metallic currency, and finds often of considerable size, have occurred from time to time in various localities throughout the country.

(4) An elephant ("Gajapati") pagoda from the Tanjore district.

(5) Fifty copper coins from the South Arcot district.

(6) Nine pagodas ("poovarahans"), and fourteen gold fanams, from the South Arcot district.

(7) Twenty-one gold coins from the Cuddapah district, consisting of pagodas and fanams of well-known types.

(8) Seven hundred and eleven Andhra lead coins, found at Hakkalapalli, Anantapur taluk, Anantapur district. They belong to the well known "horse type", commonly met with in the Kistna and Gôdāvari deltas, and their occurrence in a new locality is of interest.

Sixty-eight copper coins and one gold coin, found in the Vizagapatam district, were received from Mr. A. Rea, Superintendent for Archæology, Southern Circle. M.R.Ry. V. Venkayya, Assistant Archæological Superintendent for Epigraphy, to whom they were submitted, attributes the copper coins to Vishnuvardhana, the first Eastern Chalukya king, who according to Dr. Fleet reigned from A.D. 615 to 633. Mr. Venkayya reports that the gold coin belongs to the reign of Samudragupta, the most powerful king of the Gupta dynasty of Magadha, and that its occurrence so far south is unusual. Samudragupta, who reigned from A.D. 326 to 375, claimed to have conquered Pithāpuram in the Gôdāvari district, and to have extended his military operations as far south as Conjeeveram. The coin belongs to an unusual type, and is not referred to by Mr. V. A. Smith (*Catalogue of Coins in the Indian Museum*); it combines in one coin, the two types described by Mr. Smith, as the "Archer" and "Spearman" types.

Fifty-two copper coins of Muhammad Tughlak, found in the Bellary district, were presented by M.R.Ry. S. Venkoba Rao.

Twenty-three gold coins with Arabic inscriptions, coined at Aden, Alexandria, and Cairo, in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries, which formed part of a large hoard found in the Tinnevely district in 1872, were purchased from Sir Arundel T. Arundel, K.C.S.I.

To the Eastern Bengal and Assam Government, the Central Provinces Government, the United Provinces Government, the Punjab Government, the Asiatic Society of Bengal, and the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, the Museum was indebted for many coins of Northern India.

11. NATURAL HISTORY.—Among the additions to this section, the following may be noted :—

An ant nest presented by the Hon'ble Dr. A. G. Bourne, C.I.E. About a dozen of the nests were found on a nim tree (*Melia azadirachta*) near Hampi, in the Bellary district. They were made of the green leaves of the tree joined together by a glutinous substance.

A new and large eagle-ray from Madras, *Dicerobatis thurstoni*, described by Captain R. E. Lloyd, I.M.S., in the Records of the Indian Museum, Volume II, part 2, July 1908.

Limnodromus indicus, the Forest-Wagtail.

Glaucidium radiatum, the Jungle Owlet.

Hypothymis azurea, the Indian black-naped Flycatcher. This bird, taken in the outskirts of Madras, is new to the district.

Pictures of ducks from Baker's "Indian Ducks and their Allies", and of rats from Hossack's "Rats of Calcutta" (Memoirs of the Indian Museum), were framed and exhibited.

A collection of insects from various South Indian localities, sent for identification to the Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa, was returned with many of the species named.

A series of fresh-water sponges, collected in and around Madras, was sent to the Indian Museum, Calcutta, where the species were identified by Dr. Annandale.

The Marine Aquarium building was taken over from the Public Works Department on 3rd November, and since then the work has been mainly experimental. Unforeseen difficulties, mainly connected with the aeration of the water, have been experienced, but at the close of the year under review the tanks were stocked with fish and they appear to be thriving. The aquarium is probably the first of its kind to be erected in a tropical country, hence to many of the problems connected with its successful working, such as aeration, the selection of fish, etc., there exists no guide. With the approval of Government, Mr. James Hornell of the Department of Fisheries Investigation, was added to the Committee. The second-keeper was appointed in December. The Committee have decided to continue the experimental stage during the hot weather of 1909, and later in the year it is proposed to throw the aquarium open to the public.

12. CONNEMARA PUBLIC LIBRARY.—The total number of readers during the year was 18,663, against 17,679 in 1907-1908.

Largest number of readers in a day	..	..	..	..	..	173
Smallest	"	"	..	..	..	14
Largest	"	on Sunday	..	..	..	186
Smallest	"	"	..	..	..	49

The number of standard works added to the library was 263, of which 227 were acquired by purchase, and 36 presented. Among the latter is an English-Tamil Dictionary (without name of author) "printed and completely done at Vepery near Madras in the year 1786", transferred to the library from the office of the Collector of Gôdāvari. The Collector, Mr. J. J. Cotton, in presenting the copy writes as follows :—"This particular dictionary I have never seen or heard of before,

though I have looked carefully through the Tamil books at the Indian Institute, Oxford, and elsewhere. The book is a rarity and is as interesting for the quaint English words found in it, as for anything else".

The first supplement to Volume I. of the Catalogue (according to authors' names) was issued during the year under report.

I append a list of the books issued during the last two years, under the various subject catalogue heads:—

	1907-1908.	1908-1909.
Anatomy; biology; natural history; zoology	810	640
Anthropology; folklore	732	707
Archæology; architecture	506	218
Arts; industries	1,103	1,319
Atlases; maps	122	111
Belles lettres	1,847	3,200
Botany; arboriculture; horticulture	183	263
Chemistry; agriculture; photography	248	379
Classics	373	109
Dictionaries; encyclopædias; gazetteers; manuals	3,871	2,422
Economic products	195	104
Education; ethics; logic	..	1,397
Exhibitions	59	28
Forestry; timbers	48	62
Geography; physical geography; physiography	155	217
Geology	..	206
History	2,220	2,627
Jurisprudence	484	548
Medicine; surgery; pathology	379	335
Microscopy	65	33
Mineralogy; metallurgy	107	49
Natural philosophy	538	456
Numismatics; medals; heraldry	76	107
Philology; epigraphy	498	449
Photographs	35	229
Physiology	301	347
Public health	102	48
Religion	939	1,206
Sport and games	331	262
Travels; voyages	..	457
Vernacular languages	116	206
Fort St. George Gazette (other than current issues)	638	493

13. UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.—Messrs. Henry Sotheran & Co., London, have been appointed agents for the acquisition of books for this Library.

Books recommended by the following Boards of Studies were received during the year under review:—

English.
Sanskrit, etc.
Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.
Physical Science.
History.
Medicine.

A catalogue of books, relating to the subjects of History, Economics, Politics, and Sociology, which are available in the combined Connemara and University Libraries, has been published.

14. VALUABLE STOCK.—The necessary inventory was maintained, and duly checked.

APPENDIX A.

DONATIONS, 1908-1909.

Anantapur, Collector—

Seven hundred and eleven lead Andhra coins.

Asiatic Society of Bengal—

Six silver coins of the Græco-Bactrian king Apollodotus II Philopator, found in the Dehra Ghazi Khan district.

Nineteen copper coins of Bahlal Lodi and Sikandar Lodi, found in the Hissar district.

Five silver coins of Muhammad Shah, Ahmad Shah Bahadur, and Alamgir II, found in the Muzaffarpur district.

Two silver coins of Alamgir II, found in the Saran district.

A Buddhist coin or perhaps medal struck for deposit in stupas, found in the Yamethin district.

Two silver coins of the kings of Kashmir and of Babar, found in the Gujrat district.

Assistant Archæological Superintendent for Epigraphy—

Eight sets of copper plate inscriptions.

Bellary, Collector—

Two statues cut in black marble, found in the village of Pedda Tumbalam, Adóni taluk.

Central Provinces, Director of Agriculture—

Two silver coins of Shah Alam II, found in the Sagar district, Balanagar Garh mint, and Roshanagar Sagar mint.

Two silver coins. One Mohamad Shah, Surat mint; one Ahmad Shah Bahadur, Katak mint, found in the Bhandara district.

One copper coin. Hasan Shah, Haiderabad mint, found in the Hoshangabad district.

Three silver coins. Moghul (Shah Alam), Benares mint, found in the Jubbulpore district.

Fourteen silver coins of Aurangzib, Bijapur mint (one), Sholapur mint (one), Surat mint (twelve).

Two gold coins of the Ganga dynasty of Kalinga, 1075-1146 A.D., found in the Raipur district, Central Provinces.

Central Provinces, First Assistant Agent to the Governor-General—

One copper coin, found at Kotar village, Raghurajnagar tahsil, Rewa.

Coimbatore South, District Forest-officer—

Fruit of *Lagerstræmia lanceolata*.

Corporation, Madras—

Leopard cub (*Felis pardus*).

Lion (*Felis leo*).

Black swan.

Cuddapah, Collector—

Twenty-one gold coins.

Cumming, Mr. A. R., I.C.S.—

Tasar silk moth (*Actias selene*).

Devarajulu, Mr. S. A.—

Tortoise.

Donovan, Major C., I.M.S.—

Bird (*Coccyzus coromandus*).

Eastern Bengal and Assam, Government—

Fifty-three silver Assamese coins, found in the Jorhat sub-division, Sibsagar district.

Govindan, Mr. V.—

Fisherman's hat from the Laccadive Islands.

Guntur, Collector—

Marble cup with a Brâhmi inscription, from Garikopadu Agrahara, Guntur district.

Henderson, Mr. C. A., I.C.S.—

Collection of jewelry and clothing of Gadabas and Bonda Porojas.

Hosur, Sub-Collector—

Three lead beads or bullets, found in the hill fort of Jagadevi, Krishnagiri taluk.

Krishnasawmy Aiyangar, Mr. B. R.—

Twenty-seven copper coins.

Lahore, Central Museum, Curator—

Forty-five coins.

Lakshminarayan, Mr. P.—

Tortoise beetle.

Mervyn Smith, Mr. A.—

Magnesite (matrix of chrome ore) from Nunjungode, Mysore Province.

Murray, Mr. J. J. F.—

Two tortoises.

Proprietor, Victoria Hotel, Madras—

Snake (*Oligodon subgriseus*).

Ramachandra Aiyar, Mr. A. V.—

Cocoon of the tasar silk moth.

Rea, Mr. A.—

Sixty-eight copper Eastern Chalukya coins.

One lead Andhra coin.

Two small thin gold plates.

One gold Gupta coin.

Royal Asiatic Society, Bombay Branch—

Three silver coins of the Traikutaka king Dahragana, found in the Indapur taluk, Poona district.

One silver coin of the second Bahmini king Muhammad Shah I. Ghazi, found in the Belgaum district.

Twelve silver coins of Aurangzib, found in the Ahmadnagar district.

One silver coin of Shah Jahan.

Eight silver coins of Aurangzib, found in the Nasik district.

One silver coin of the Peshwas, found in the Poona district.

One gold Sassanian coin, found in the Larkana district (Sind).

Two silver coins of Native States, found in the Belgaum district.

Three silver coins, one of Jehangir, one of Shah Jehan, and one of Aurangzib, found in the Poona district.

One gold coin of Muhammad Bin Taghlak.

One silver coin of Alaaddin Muhammad Shah.

One silver coin of Aurangzib.

One silver coin of Farrukh Siyar.

One silver coin of Muhammad Shah, found in Mahim taluk, Thana district.

Shillong, Curator Government Coin Cabinet—

Three coins of Aurangzib, found in Dacca: Akbarnagar 42nd year, Jahangirnagar 44th year, Jahangirnagar 47th year.

South Arcot, Collector—

Fifty copper coins.

Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Northern Circle—

Five inscribed clay sealings, found in excavation on the ancient site of Kassia, Gorakhpur district.

Tanjore, Collector—

Two stone Buddhist images.

United Provinces, Government—

Three copper coins of Bhoja Deva, found in the Kheri district.

One coin found in the Kheri district (Shah Alam, Ahmadnagar Farrukhabad mint).

Three rupees of Muhammad Shah, Jahanabad mint, found in the Bahraich district.

One hundred Moghul coins of Akbar, etc., found in the Jhansi district.

Six coins of Lucknow, found in the Lucknow district.

Nine copper coins of the Patan Sultans of Delhi, found in the Jhansi district.

A gold mohur of Muhammad Bin Taghlak, found in the Muttra district.

Two coins, found in the Saharanpur district.

Four coins, found in the Shahjahanpur district.

Five coins, found in the Gonda district.

One coin, found in the Pilibhit district.

Twenty-eight silver coins, found in the Moradabad district.

One gold coin found in the Jhansi district.

Venkoba Rao, Mr. S.—

Fifty-two copper coins of Muhammad Taghlak, found in the foundation of a ruined house in Kudligi village, Bellary district.

Wood, Mr. C. W.—

An earthenware pot dug up at Sholinghur.

APPENDIX B.

CLASSIFIED list of Expenditure of the Government Museum during the year 1908-1909.

	Actuals, 1908-1909.	Revised estimate, 1908-1909.
	RS.	RS.
Salaries—		
Superintendent	8,652	9,600
Exchange compensation allowance	465	600
Local allowance	1,858	2,400
Total	10,975	12,600
Permanent establishment, Government Museum—		
Herbarium keeper, first assistant, second assistant, senior and second taxidermists, writer, assistant writer and 26 peons—33 persons	7,900	7,860
Permanent non-pensionable establishment, Government Museum—		
Three gardeners, three sweepers, six watchmen, water pandal Brahman, latrine sweeper, punkah-puller and chockra—16 persons	888	750
Famine batta	500	..
Honoraria	..	..
Permanent establishment, Connemara Public Library—		
Sub-librarian, three attendants and two peons— 6 persons	2,295	1,930
Permanent non-pensionable establishment, Connemara Public Library—		
Servant (sweeper)—1 person	127	60
Famine batta	114	131
Bonus in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the assumption of the Government of India by the Crown.	20	..
Temporary establishment	..	..
Total, Establishment	11,844	10,731
Allowances—		
Travelling allowance	525	1,300
Supplies and Services—		
Cost of specimens purchased on tour	502	..
Objects of interest and coins purchased at head- quarters	911	..
Fittings, furniture, etc., for the collection	1,794	..
Cost of books and publications	893	..
Library	2,168	..
Lithographic plates	592	..
Ammunition	15	..
Charges for feeding live animals	203	..
Expenses—reading coins	6	..
Cost of illustrations for the carpet monograph	1,545	..
Total, Supplies and Services	8,629	8,600

	Actuals, 1908-1909. RS.	Revised estimate, 1908-1909. RS.
Contingencies—		
Purchase of furniture (Europe stores)	..*	..
Tour charges	216	..
Repairs to furniture	99	..
Cleaning charges	11	..
Postage and telegraph charges	102	..
Telephone charges	..*	..
Rents, rates and taxes	4,473	..
Office expenses including such articles as gum pots, rat traps, mixture to prevent destruction of records, brooms, nails, firewood, umbrellas for peons, mats, chalk, food for cats, soap, vinegar, water-pots, ropes, and match boxes	621	..
Total, Contingencies	5,522	5,969
Marine Aquarium—		
Establishment—		
Second keeper and two servants—3 persons	67	..
Famine batta	14	..
Bonus of one week's pay	5	..
Supplies and Services—		
Food for animals	27	..
Contingencies—		
Tour charges	146	..
Office expenses	8	..
Miscellaneous	125	..
Total, Marine Aquarium	392	..
Grand Total	37,887	39,200

* Figures are not available.

Order—No. 492, Educational, dated 25th August 1909.

Recorded.

2. The thanks of Government are due to the persons who made donations to the Museum during the year.

(True Extract.)

W. FRANCIS,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Superintendent, Government Museum.
" the Director of Public Instruction.
" the Accountant-General.
" the Public Department.
" the Revenue Department.
" the Public Works Department.
" the Director-General of Archaeology (with C.L.).
" all Collectors.
Editors' Table.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 492, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 25TH AUGUST 1909.

[SUBJECT.—*Report on the working of the Government Museum and the Connemara Public Library during 1908-1909.*]

From the Superintendent, Government Museum, dated 7th July 1909, No. 341.

The report calls for the following remarks:—

(1) *Paragraph 3 of the report.*—The Superintendent states that no orders have yet been passed on the rough plans and estimates submitted to Government for the annexes to the sculpture and economic galleries and for the new clerk's office. These plans and estimates were received with the Superintendent's letter No. 645, dated 12th November 1908, and were approved and transferred to the Public Works Department u.o. on the 23rd November 1908. As no orders seem to have yet issued in the matter, the Public Works Department may be asked u.o. to state at a very early date at what stage the matter is at present.

(2) *Paragraph 11 of the report.*—The Marine Aquarium was started during the year, but was still only in the experimental stage. It does not appear to have been thrown open to the public yet.

T.K.—16-7-09.

May be sent to Public Works Department u.o. with reference to A above.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—16-7-09.

C. A. SOUTER—16-7-09.

To the Public Works Department.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

In regard to the additions proposed to the Museum buildings, the Chief Engineer has submitted revised proposals which are being sent to Educational for approval.

A.S.N.

P. K. SUBBA AIYAR—17-8-09.

P. HAWKINS—19-8-09.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

For perusal of current. It may be recorded with the usual expression of Government thanks for donations.

W. FRANCIS—23-8-09.

Yes. No remarks seem necessary.

M. H[AMMICK]—24-8-09.

No. 492, EDUCATIONAL, 25TH AUGUST 1909.

Draft please.

W. FRANCIS—25-8-09.

The draft is for approval.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—25-8-09.

Issue.

C. A. SOUTER—25-8-09.

[G.O., No. 492, Educational, dated 25th August 1909.]

[$\frac{E. \& L.}{76.}$
2,500-25-2-08.

Ed

DEPARTMENT.

READ AGAIN G.O., No. _____, dated _____, 190

” ” ” ” ” ” 190

READ ALSO:—

C. No. 1337, From the Supt. Port museum, No. 341, dated 7. 7. 1909.

" " ? " " ; " ; " 190

[illegible]

ORDER.

No. 492, dated 25-8-1909

Recorded.

2- The thanks of Government
are due to the persons who made
donations to the Museum during
the year.

CVS
20.8.9

25.8.6

To The Supr. Govt Museum ✓
 .. S. P. J. ✓
 .. Account General ✓
 .. Public Dept ✓
 .. Revenue Dept ✓
 .. P. W. Dept ✓ sent
 .. Director General of Arch ✓
 All collectors ✓ in

Despd
with S.C.
15/9/09

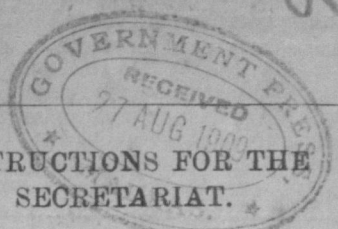
sent to Cady for desp
with S.C.
Richardson
with C.

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

URGENT (a).

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECRETARIAT.

Current No....., dated.....19
G.O., No. 492, dated 25th August 1909.

Number of MS. pages sent { Correspondence including order or orders
(b)
Notes.....

Docket.....
Government Museum and
Public Library
Recording report on the working
of the — during 1908-1909.

Number (c) of copies required when struck off (not including
copies for volumes and editors' table which are retained
in the Press). Complete correspondence and orders. Notes

FOR RECORD.*			
Madras Records	...	25	15
Ooty Records	...	3	3
For filing with original	...	1	1
Total		...	...

FOR ISSUE.†				
Letter only.	Complete G.O.	(b) Special issue copies of G.O.		Notes.
		No.	Papers.	
Signature copies..... 7 Copies				
India Office.....				
Govt. of India..... Dept.				
Public Department.....	5			
Judicial Department.....				
Financial Department				
Revenue Department.....	5			
Public Works Department.....	1			
Local and Municipal Department.....				
..... Dept.				

Spare copies	The Director of Public Instruction.....	5	...	...
	The Comr. for Govt. Examinations.....	...	...	...
	The Superintendent, Govt. Museum.....	3	...	...
	The Surgeon-General.....	...	...	...
	The Accountant-General.....	10	...	...
	The Collector of.....	70	...	...
	The P. D. B.....	...	...	...
	The Printer, Govt. Press	5	...	...
	The.....	...	...	...
	The.....	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...

(a) If a paper is marked to be printed urgently, the Superintendent of the section concerned should sign the Press slip. The Superintendent should exercise a careful discretion in the matter.

(b) Each letter, memorandum, or order, or set of orders, in the file of correspondence should be headed in succession with the Roman numeral I, II, III, etc., the number being written in red ink or blue chalk above the item. The particular papers to be printed in the special issue-copies should be indicated by the Roman numeral (I, II, etc.) by which that item has been headed in the correspondence file. All matter, including marginal remarks or references, to be printed should be written in ink and matter which should not be printed should be encircled. Initials and signatures that are not quite legible should be re-written distinctly.

(b¹) For rules regarding printing of notes, see the rules in G.O., No. 1220, Public, dated 30th November 1900.

(c) The number of copies and the details of distribution should be filled in by the Superintendent or Referencer concerned.

(d) In the absence of special instructions to the Press to keep matter standing for a specified period, ordinary papers of 8 pages and under will be kept standing for one week, and larger papers for two weeks only. The type of notes and of all confidential papers is distributed immediately after striking.

(e) This slip, properly and completely filled in, should accompany every paper sent to Press; it will be returned by the Press when proofs are furnished; it should be sent to the Press when a call is made for revised proofs or when a corrected proof is sent for striking. When finally returned by Press it should be filed with the original order or letter.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PRESS.

(a) If, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Press, a paper has been marked urgent unnecessarily, he should send the Press slip to the Deputy Registrar with a remark to that effect.

(b) Unless a note to the contrary is made against the matter, pencil entries should not be printed. The Superintendent of the Press may bring to the notice of the Deputy Registrar any instance of incomplete or careless editing.

(c) Signature copies of letters to the Secretary of State or to the Government of India should be printed on hand-made paper.

(d) This slip should be returned by the Press to the Secretariat when proofs are furnished; it will be sent back to the Press when proofs are returned corrected and should be finally returned to the Secretariat when struck-off copies are supplied.

(e) The names of the Secretary and Members should be printed in full when they occur on the right hand side, but only the first time when they appear on the left side, the initials alone being printed later.

* Copies distributed on.....*(Press Clerk.)

† Copies distributed on.....*(Despatcher.)

TO PRESS, MADRAS.
OOTY.

A	B	C
Please send proof in triplicate. The papers have been carefully edited.	Proof returned corrected. Please strike off and send number of copies as indicated.	As the matter is clear manuscript and has been carefully edited, (b) proof need not be sent. Please print and supply number of copies as indicated.
	Type may be released <u>after usual interval.</u> at once.	Type may be released after usual interval.
.....Clerk.	Clerk.	Clerk.
.....Supdt.	Supdt.	Supdt.

(b) Three copies of proof of all notes should be sent for approval, except when instructions are given to the contrary.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

TO BE FILLED IN BY THE PRESS.

Diary.	Initials of Press official.
Received in Press on.....	27/8/09 <i>Lb</i>
First proof furnished on.....	17/9/09 <i>Lb</i>
Call for revised proof received on.....	
Revised proof furnished on.....	
Corrected proof received for striking on.....	8/2/09 <i>Lb</i>
Final copies supplied on.....	14/9/09 <i>Lb</i>

Account of copies.	Complete copies.	Notes.	Issue copies.
Supplied to Secretariat for Record.....	29	19	
" " " Issue.....	121		
For Volumes.....	16		
For E.T.....	40		
Total ...	206	19	