

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

1909.

Regd.

} 1909.

Enclosures

Spars copies

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(2)

G.O., No. 72, 4th February 1909.

Grants.

Replying to the letter from the Government of India enquiring whether it is necessary to continue the annual grant allotted by that Government for collegiate and University education.

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Replying to the letter from the Government of India enquiring whether it is necessary to continue the annual grant allotted by that Government for collegiate and University education.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

I

Letter—from Sir HAROLD STUART, K.C.V.O., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Education).

To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

Dated—Simla, the 5th November 1908.

No.—933.

I am directed to refer to the Home Department letter No. 752, dated the 6th December 1905, regarding the distribution of the annual grant allotted by the Government of India for collegiate and University reform.

2. It will be seen that, apart from grants for the year 1904–1905, for the years 1905–1906 and the following years up to the year 1908–1909, the Government of India placed at the disposal of the Local Government the following amounts annually :—

	R.
(1) for colleges	80,000
(2) for administration, inspection and travelling	25,000
Total ..	1,05,000

They, at the same time, observed that they could not promise that the special grant allotted would be continued beyond the year 1908–1909. The existing grant will cease at the end of the current financial year, and I am to inquire whether in the opinion of the Governor in Council it is considered necessary to continue it, and, if so, what arrangements the local Government proposes to make for the future.

3. Before the Government of India can decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from imperial revenues, it is necessary that they should be informed of the extent to which provincial revenues will be able to help in this direction. I am therefore to request that the Government of India may be furnished with a full report showing the financial position of the University together with estimates of expenditure under the two heads mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter for the next three years and of the amounts that may be available to meet this expenditure. I am also to request that the Government of India may be informed what portions of the expenditure the local Government will be prepared to meet from provincial revenues and whether any donations from private persons may be expected in aid of this expenditure.

4. I am further to say that it would be convenient if this matter could be dealt with so as to admit of its consideration in time for the inclusion of any grants that may be made in the budget estimates of the next financial year.

II

Reference No. 2387-1, Educational, dated 17th November 1908.

The Syndicate of the University of Madras is requested to submit at a very early date a statement showing the financial position of the University, together with

(i) an estimate of the amounts which could be spent with advantage during the next three years—

(a) in improving the colleges affiliated to the University to bring them up to the standard required by the University Regulations; and

(b) on administration, inspection and travelling on behalf of the University; and

(ii) an estimate of the money that may be available to meet this expenditure.

It should also be stated whether any donations from private persons may be expected in aid of this expenditure.

(By Order.)

C. A. SOUTER,
Ag. Under Secretary to Government.

To the Syndicate of the University of Madras.
Copy to the Director of Public Instruction.

III

Memorandum, No. 2387-2, dated 25th November 1908.

The Government of India have raised the question whether it is necessary to continue the special grant hitherto allotted by them for University and collegiate education, but before they can decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from imperial revenues, they require information as to the extent, if any, to which provincial revenues will be able to assist in this direction.

2. Before a reply can be furnished to the Government of India a full report is required showing the financial position of the University together with an estimate of the amount which could be spent during the next three years—

(a) in improving colleges affiliated to the University to bring them up to the standard required by the University Regulations; and

(b) on administration, inspection and travelling on behalf of the University;

(c) whether any donations from private persons may be expected in aid of this expenditure.

3. The Director of Public Instruction is requested to furnish at a very early date a full report on the matters referred to above.

(By Order.)

C. A. SOUTER,
Ag. Under Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

IV

Letter—from F. DEWSBURY, Esq., B.A., LL.B., Registrar, University of Madras.
To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.
Dated—Senate House, the 3rd December 1908.
No.—3845.

In reply to your Memorandum No. 2387-1, dated 17th November 1908, I have the honour to submit the statement called for together with an estimate of the money that might be spent with advantage in the next few years. I may add that the Syndicate sees no prospect of any private donation in aid of any expenditure.

The financial position of the University on 31st March 1908 is approximately represented by the following figures:—

	RS.	A.	P.
I. <i>University Fee Fund</i> invested in Government securities.	6,00,000	0	0
Balance of receipts over expenditure in the year 1907-1908 including Rs. 19,111-14-8, interest on Government securities	50,000	0	0
II. In addition to the above there are now two accounts known as the Endowment Account and the Library Capital account—			
(a) The endowment account on 31st March 1908 stood at—			
Government securities, nominal value	3,28,200	0	0
Cash balance	11,811	0	2
(b) The library account, constituted since 31st March 1908 by the withdrawal from the endowment account of—			
The Government library grant	1,00,000	0	0
The Griffith bequest and interest on these accounts.	30,700	0	0

Administration.—It does not appear that the expenditure under this head is likely to differ materially from that of previous years and therefore the sum available for any special purposes is practically represented under I—The capital and savings of the University Fee Fund.

The further amounts that may advantageously be spent during the next few years may be specified under the following heads:—

- (i) University professorships and studentships.
- (ii) Travelling allowances to Fellows and Members of the Boards of Studies.
- (iii) Inspection of colleges
- (iv) Improvement of colleges.

(i) In G.O., No. 622, Educational, dated 1st September 1908, the Government has sanctioned the utilisation of the interest above mentioned in the University Fee Fund for: (a) Vacation lectures, (b) University lectureships and studentships. The Syndicate considers that not less than Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 25,000, and possibly much more, will be required on this head. This takes no account of the necessity which may arise for the construction of University laboratories which would involve a very large initial outlay as well as a recurring expenditure for upkeep and management. This, however, would be quite beyond the financial resources of the University. Government have likewise sanctioned the proposal of the Syndicate to make an annual grant of Rs. 6,000 for the maintenance and improvement of the University library which will thus reduce the anticipated annual savings of Rs. 50,000 to under Rs. 20,000 and possibly less.

(ii) The expenditure under this head has averaged something over Rs. 5,000 per annum for the last three years. In view of the fact that under section VIII, Regulations 139-143 of the University Regulations, the Boards of Studies will have an increasing share in the administration of the University and that the present rules for travelling allowances tend to discourage members living at a distance from giving their services, the Syndicate considers the expenditure under this head should be increased to about Rs. 7,000 per annum.

(iii) For this purpose a sum of about Rs. 20,000 will be required for each tour of inspection. It would appear desirable that as soon as the new intermediate courses have come into operation and the preparation for the new B.A. courses sufficiently advanced—say about the year 1910—an Inspection Commission should be appointed to visit and report upon each of the affiliated colleges. The strength of the Commission should not be less than that of 1905 for reasons given in the general report of the latter. The cost of that Commission was approximately Rs. 17,000.

(iv) It is considered that a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 might with advantage be given as additional grants to the affiliated colleges. This estimate is based on the distribution of the sum of Rs. 2,77,500 in G.O., No. 810, Educational of 3rd December 1907. The sums thus allotted have chiefly been spent on additional buildings and it is now roughly calculated that something over one-third of that amount may advantageously be given for aiding in the equipment of these buildings with up-to-date apparatus and appliances which in the case of science laboratories is costly. A detailed estimate is appended.

ENCLOSURE.

*Estimate of additional grants to affiliated colleges.**First-grade Colleges.*

	RS.
1. The Madras Christian College	20,000
2. St. Aloysius College, Mangalore	10,000
3. The Noble College, Masulipatam	5,500
4. St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly	18,000
5. S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly	2,500
6. Maharaja's College, Vizianagram	2,000
Total	58,000

Second-grade Colleges.

1. Kallicota College, Berhampur	2,000
2. P. R. College, Cocanada	3,000
3. Coimbatore College	4,100
4. St. Joseph's College, Cuddalore	500
5. C. S. M. College, Madras	500
6. Doveton College, Madras	4,100
7. Wesley College, Madras	2,000
8. Madura College	4,100
9. Findlay College, Mannargudi	2,000
10. Sarah Tucker College, Palameotta	1,000
11. Victoria College, Palghat	4,100
12. Salem College	2,000
13. Brennen College, Tellicherry	2,000
14. C. M. S. College, Tinnevely	500
15. Hindu College, Tinnevely	2,000
16. Voorhees College, Vellore	2,000
17. Mrs. A. V. N. College, Vizagapatam	4,100
Total	40,000
Grand Total	98,000

V

Letter—from the Hon'ble Mr. A. G. BOURNE, D.Sc., F.R.S., C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

To—the Secretary to Government, Educational Department.

Dated—the 16th December 1908.

No.—Ref. on Cur. 7791.

With reference to Memorandum No. 2387-2, dated 25th November 1908, I have the honour to say that I have considered the matter therein referred to as a Member of the Syndicate and am in general agreement with the reply submitted by that body in their letter No. 3845, dated 3rd December 1908.

2. Any amount that can be spared from provincial revenue will be required for the Government colleges.

No. 72, EDUCATIONAL, 4TH FEBRUARY 1909.

Order—No. 72, Educational, dated 4th February 1909.

The Government of India will be addressed.

(True Extract.)

A. BUTTERWORTH,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 73.

From

A. BUTTERWORTH, Esq., I.C.S.,
Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Educational Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dated Fort St. George, the 4th February 1909.

SIR,

I am directed to reply to your letter No. 933, Education, dated 5th November 1908, enquiring whether in the opinion of the Governor in Council it is necessary to continue the annual grant allotted by the Government of India under Home Department letter No. 752, dated 6th December 1905, for collegiate and University reform.

2. With a view to decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from imperial revenues, the Government of India desire to be informed of the extent to which provincial revenues will be able to help in this direction and to be furnished with a full report showing the financial position of the University together with estimates of (1) the expenditure during the next three years on colleges and the administration of the University and inspection and travelling by Fellows, (2) the amounts that may be available to meet this expenditure, (3) the portion of the expenditure which the local Government will be prepared to meet from provincial revenues and (4) the donations from private persons which may be expected in aid of the expenditure.

3. *Financial position of the University.*—On the 31st March 1908, the accumulated surplus of the University Fee Fund, which was invested in Government securities, amounted to Rs. 6,00,000. There was also a cash balance of Rs. 50,000 which was made up of the surplus of the receipts over expenditure in 1907–1908 (Rs. 30,888) and the interest on the accumulated fee fund (Rs. 19,112). The average annual surplus of the receipts of the University over expenditure is about Rs. 27,000 and this sum together with the interest on the present accumulated fee fund of Rs. 6,00,000, which will amount to Rs. 21,000 per annum, constitutes the amount at the disposal of the University to meet the cost of any schemes of reform which may be undertaken in the future. The University has also a sum of

Rs. 1,30,700 under a separate head of account called the "Library account". Of this sum Rs. 30,700 which represents a bequest by Mr. Griffith towards the establishment of a University library, is to be devoted to the initial outlay on the library. The balance of one lakh, which was paid by Government out of the special grant allotted by the Government of India for University and collegiate education, is invested in Government securities and it is proposed to utilize the interest on this amount, together with an annual allotment of Rs. 6,000 from the funds of the University, for the maintenance of this library.

4. *Prospective Expenditure.*—The average ordinary expenditure on the administration of the University during the three years ending 1906–1907 was about 2½ lakhs and it is anticipated that the future ordinary expenditure will not differ materially from that of previous years; but the Syndicate proposes additional outlay in the directions indicated below :—

	Rs.
(1) Establishment of University lectureships and studentships.	20,000 to 25,000 per annum.
(2) Travelling allowance to Fellows and Members of the Board of Studies.	7,000 "
(3) Inspection of colleges (in 1910)	20,000

The Madras Government consider that the annual income from the interest on the accumulated fee fund (Rs. 21,000) together with the annual surplus of about Rs. 27,000 should be made to suffice for the expenditure on University lectureships and studentships, the inspection of colleges and the travelling allowance of Fellows. If necessary, the special annual allotment of Rs. 6,000 from University funds to the library can be reduced, leaving the interest on the Library Endowment fund of Rs. 1,00,000 to provide for its maintenance. This Government do not therefore propose at present to give special assistance to the University to meet any of the aforesaid items of expenditure though it is not improbable that they may be compelled to do so later.

5. *Colleges.*—For the improvement of affiliated colleges, it is estimated that a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 will be required. A sum of Rs. 2,77,500 out of the special University grant already allotted by the Government of India has been distributed among the first and second-grade colleges affiliated to the University in order to enable them to comply with the demands imposed by the University Regulations. The sums thus allotted have chiefly been spent on the provision of additional buildings and it is considered that further help will be required to enable the managers of the affiliated institutions to provide themselves with complete equipments of suitable apparatus which, in the case of laboratories, are costly.

6. It is feared that no portion of the sum required for affiliated colleges can be met from the provincial revenues upon which there will fall heavy demands in connection with the Government institutions. There are under the direct management of Government three first-grade colleges* and a second-grade† college. The cost of bringing these

* Presidency College, Madras.

Kumbakonam College.

Rajahmundry College.

† Government College, Mangalore.

colleges up to the standard required by the new University Regulations in regard to establishment, buildings and equipment will be large. A scheme for reorganizing the establishments of the first-grade colleges at an estimated additional cost of about Rs. 57,000 per annum has been approved by this Government and will be

submitted to the Government of India shortly, while additional buildings and apparatus must also be provided. The demands upon provincial revenues on account of education are constantly and rapidly growing and in various directions enhanced outlay is contemplated in the near future. One very large item of expenditure will be the establishment of model High schools. The Government do not therefore consider that there is any probability of their being able to find money for helping the University and, as the resources of that body are clearly inadequate to do anything beyond meeting ordinary expenditure and the additional demands referred to in paragraph 4 above, I am directed to request that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction a special grant of Rs. 1,50,000 to be spread over the period of three years for expenditure upon the improvement of affiliated colleges.

7. The Syndicate of the University sees no present prospect of any donations from private persons which could be applied towards meeting a part of the additional expenditure referred to in paragraph 4 *supra*. Such donations have hitherto been made towards scholarships and prizes and cannot be expended on other objects.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

A. BUTTERWORTH,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., Nos. 72, 73, EDUCATIONAL, DATED
4TH FEBRUARY 1909.

[SUBJECT.—*Grants for University and Collegiate Education.*]

Previous papers.

G.O., No.	518,	Educational,	dated	19th August	1904.
" "	190	"	"	28th March	1905.
" "	361	"	"	26th May	"
" "	722	"	"	6th November	"
" "	841	"	"	27th December	1906.
" "	29	"	"	18th January	"
" "	57	"	"	4th February	1907.
" "	570	"	"	31st August	"
" "	696	"	"	15th October	"
" "	810	"	"	3rd December	"
" "	814	"	"	4th	"
" "	84	"	"	13th February	1908.
" "	172	"	"	10th March	"
" "	250	"	"	30th	"
" "	438	"	"	4th June	"
" "	622	"	"	1st September	"

From the Government of India, dated 5th November 1908, No. 933.

In Home Department letter No. 192, Education, dated 14th March 1905, the Government of India allotted a special grant of Rs. 70,000 to the Madras Presidency for the benefit of University and Collegiate Education. This grant of Rs. 70,000 was to be devoted to the following purposes:—

1. Travelling expenses of Fellows	..	..	..	..	..	RS.
2. Inspection of Colleges	..	..	..	..	..	5,000
3. University and College buildings	..	..	..	..	..	15,000
						50,000
Total	..					70,000

2. In their further letter * No. 752, Education, dated 6th December 1905, the Government of India intimated their decision to sanction an annual allotment of Rs. 1.05 lakhs for a period of four years from 1905–1908 in aid of University Education and at the same time defined the objects to which the grant was to be devoted. They stated that 80 lakh should be devoted annually to the improvement of Collegiate as distinct from University Education and that the main object for which the grant should be utilized was to render colleges (private institutions) more efficient in those respects in which inspection by the University showed them to be defective and that the grant could most usefully be devoted to the development of the hostel system. The balance of 25 lakh was to be applied primarily to meet charges incurred for strengthening the administration of the University, inspection of Colleges, and the travelling allowance of the Fellows on University business.

* On pages 2 to 4 of G.O., No. 29, Educational, dated 18th January 1906.

† On pages 2 and 3 of G.O., No. 89, Educational, dated 13th February 1908.

The Government of India, in a subsequent letter † No. 23, dated 18th January 1906, stated that they had no objection to this Government's "subsidising University chairs

"either by a recurring grant-in-aid or by making over to the University a lump sum for that purpose from Provincial balances" in which the unspent portion of the grant given for University purposes will be merged.

3. The total amount of grants allotted by the Government of India on this account is 4.90 lakhs as shown below :—

	LAKHS.
1904-1905	79
1905-1906	1.05
1906-1907	1.05
1907-1908	1.05
1908-1909	1.05
Total	4.90

4. The above grant was allotted as shown below :—

	RS.
<i>Vide details given at bottom of page 3 K.W. G.O., 810, Educational, dated 3rd December 1907.</i> 1. Mathematical Instruments	18,030
2. Inspection of Colleges and travelling allowance of Fellows	33,370
<i>Paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 570, Educational, dated 31st August 1907.</i> 3. University Library	1,00,000
<i>G.O., No. 810, Educational, dated 3rd December 1907.</i> 4. For first and second grade Colleges	2,77,500
<i>G.O., No. 172, Educational, dated 10th March 1908.</i> 5. Grant to Zamorin's College	7,000
<i>G.O., No. 636, Educational, dated 15th October 1907.</i> 6. Travelling allowance of Fellows	10,000
<i>G.O., No. 622, Educational, dated 1st September 1908.</i> 7. For University Vacation lectures	50,000
Total	4,95,900

5. The Director of Public Instruction has recommended a grant of Rs. 27,000 to the Pachaiyappa's College, Madras, and one of Rs. 6,000 to the Raja's College, Parlákimedi, or Rs. 33,000 in all.

In G.O., No. 656, Educational, dated 10th September 1908, the Government informed the trustees of the Pachaiyappa's Charities that the grant of Rs. 27,000 referred to in G.O., No. 433, Educational, dated 4th June 1908, would not be paid unless the scheme for the management of Pachaiyappa's Charities, which was before the High Court, had been settled to the satisfaction of Government. As regards the grant to the Raja's College, Parlákimedi, the Director of Public Instruction was requested in G.O., No. 810, Educational, dated 3rd December 1907, to ascertain from the Court of Wards whether it would sanction the grant out of the funds of the Parlákimedi estate, but no reply has yet been received. It is not also known how much the University will require in the current year for travelling allowance of Fellows and inspection of colleges.

Reply since received and separately under disposal.
K.R.

6. In their letter No. 933, dated 5th November 1908, the Government of India have raised the question whether it is necessary to continue the special grant hitherto allotted by them for University and collegiate education. They consider that before they can decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from Imperial revenues, it is necessary that they should be informed of the extent to which provincial revenues will be able to help in this direction. They therefore request that they may be furnished with a full report showing the financial position of the University together with estimates of expenditure under the heads (1) College and (2) "Administration, Inspection and travelling" for the next three years and of the amount that may be available to meet the expenditure. They also request to be informed what portion of the expenditure this Government will be prepared to meet

from provincial revenues and whether any donations from private persons may be expected in aid of this expenditure. The Government of India further request that this matter may be dealt with so as to admit of its consideration in time for the inclusion of any grant that may be made in the budget estimate of 1909-1910.

7. It is submitted that a reference in the following terms may be made to the University. After issue of the memorandum the file may be sent u.o. to the Director of Public Instruction for a full report on the points raised by the Government of India.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—14-11-08.

The official memorandum may issue. We have not sufficient information in the office to reply to India regarding the University.

2. The Director of Public Instruction may see the papers u.o.

C. A. SOUTER—14-11-08.

I doubt whether it is much use asking the University what amount is required for colleges; it would perhaps be better to obtain that information through the Director of Public Instruction. But as we are calling for a statement of accounts the Syndicate may reasonably expect to know why we ask for the information. The memorandum may issue if the Honourable Member sees no objection to its form. It contains no promise.

Director of Public Instruction will be addressed separately by memorandum G. S. F[ORBES]. and the file will then go to the Financial Department for consideration.

H. D. TAYLOR—14-11-08.

Issue draft to Syndicate.

G. S. F[ORBES]—15-11-08.

Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—17-11-08.

[Official Memorandum No. 2387-1, dated 17th November 1908.]

The memorandum to the Syndicate has issued.

2. A separate memorandum to the Director of Public Instruction is placed below. After issue of this memorandum, the file may be forwarded u.o. to Financial for consideration.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—23-11-08.

C. A. SOUTER—24-11-08.

Approved, except as regards the Provincial contribution. That is a matter for the Financial Department, not for Director of Public Instruction.

Issue the memorandum, then send u.o. to Financial for remarks.

H. D. TAYLOR—25-11-08.

[Official Memorandum No. 2387-2, dated 25th November 1908.]

To the Financial Department.

From the Registrar of the University of Madras, dated 8th December 1908, No. 3845.

It is submitted that the Financial Department may be requested u.o. to be good enough to return the papers forwarded with Educational u.o. No. 2387-2, dated 26th November 1908. These papers are required for the disposal of the letter from the Madras University.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—15-12-08.

C. A. SOUTER—16-12-08.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Submitted that the case may be returned to the Educational Department as desired by them. Before considering the question of the annual contributions that should be made from Provincial funds, it seems necessary that the remarks of the Syndicate and the Director of Public Instruction should be scrutinized by the Educational Department and that a decision should be arrived at as to the expenditure that should be incurred over and above the funds at the disposal of the University.

V.G.K.—18-12-08.

C. M. SCHMIDT—18-12-08.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

From the Director of Public Instruction, dated 17th December 1908, R.O.C. No. 7791.

The Registrar of the University of Madras (Mr. Dewsbury) submits a statement showing the financial position of the University and also the particulars called for in memorandum No. 2387-1, dated 17th November 1908.

2. *Financial position of the University.*—On the 31st March 1908 the University fee fund invested in Government securities amounted to Rs. 6,00,000, and the balance of receipts over expenditure in 1907-1908 including Rs. 19,111-14-8, interest on Government securities, to Rs. 50,000. The total amount to the credit of the University fee fund at the close of 1907-1908 was thus Rs. 6,50,000.

3. In addition to the above fund, there are now two separate accounts maintained by the University, namely, the endowment account and the library account. On the 31st March 1908 the endowment account had a cash balance of Rs. 11,811-0-2 and also Government securities of the nominal value of Rs. 3,28,200. The library account was constituted since the 31st March 1908 by the withdrawal from the Endowment fund of the Government grant for library of Rs. 1,00,000 and of the Griffith bequest of Rs. 30,700. This fund comprises these amounts and the interest thereon. The financial position of the University on the 31st March 1908 may be summarized as shown below:—

				Government securities.		Cash balance.		
				RS.		RS.	A.	P.
1. University fee fund	..	..	..	6,00,000		50,000	0	0
2. Endowment fund	..	..	..	3,28,200		11,811	0	2
Total	..			9,28,200		61,811	0	2

4. No information has been furnished as to the ordinary receipts and charges of the University fee fund and the probable annual surplus. From the audit reports of the University for the three* years ending 31st March 1907 it is observed that the receipts of the University (excluding special grants and interest on investments) and the ordinary expenditure were as shown below:—

						Ordinary receipts excluding special grant and interest on investments.	Ordinary expenditure.	Surplus.
						RS.	RS.	RS.
G.O., No. 722, Educational, dated 6th November 1905.	1904-1905	..	..	..	..	2,53,373	2,27,425	25,958
G.O., No. 87, Educational, dated 4th February 1907.	1905-1906	..	..	..	..	2,65,244	2,45,718	19,526
G.O., No. 814, Educational, dated 4th December 1907.	1906-1907	..	..	..	..	2,63,645	2,32,643	31,002
	1907-1908	..	..	..	..	Not known.	Not known.	† 50,888

† Excludes interest on securities amounting to Rs. 19,112.

5. *Administration of the University.*—It is pointed out that the expenditure under this head is not likely to differ materially from that of previous years and that therefore the sum available for any special purposes is practically represented by "the capital and savings of the University fee fund." The Registrar of the University, however, reports that further amounts may advantageously be spent during the next few years under the following heads:—

- I. University professorships and studentships.
- II. Travelling allowances to Fellows and Members of the Boards of Studies.
- III. Inspection of Colleges.
- IV. Improvement of Colleges.

6. *I. University Professorships and Studentships.*—In G.O., No. 622, Educational, dated 1st September 1908, the Government sanctioned the utilisation of the interest on the University fee fund for the following purposes, namely, (a) Vacation lectures, (b) University Lectureships and Studentships. The Syndicate considers that not less than Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 25,000, and possibly much more, will be required under this head. This takes no account of the necessity which may arise for the construction of University Laboratories which would involve a very large initial outlay as well as a recurring expenditure for upkeep and management, which, it is said, would be quite beyond the financial resources of the University. The Government have likewise sanctioned the proposal of the Syndicate to make an annual grant of Rs. 6,000 for the maintenance and improvement of the University Library, which, with the expenditure of Rs. 20,000 or more referred to above, will thus reduce the anticipated annual savings of Rs. 50,000* to under Rs. 20,000 and possibly less.

* Including interest on investments.

7. *II. Travelling allowance to Fellows and Members of the Boards of Studies.*—The expenditure under this head has averaged something over Rs. 5,000 per annum for the last three years. In view of the fact that under section VIII—Regulations 139-143 of the University Regulations, the Boards of Studies will have an increasing share in the administration of the University and that the present rules for travelling allowances tend to discourage members living at a distance from giving their services, the Syndicate considers that the expenditure under this head should be increased to about Rs. 7,000 per annum. As the expenditure on this account during the last three years was met from the special University grant, it may be assumed for the purpose of estimating the future requirements that the whole of this Rs. 7,000 will have to be provided by Government.

8. *III. Inspection of Colleges.*—For this purpose a sum of about Rs. 20,000 will, it is stated, be required for each tour of inspection. The Syndicate consider it desirable that as soon as the new intermediate courses have come into operation and the preparation for the new B.A. courses sufficiently advanced—say about the year 1910, an Inspection Commission should be appointed to visit and report upon each of the affiliated colleges. The strength of the Commission should, it is urged, not be less than that of 1905 (namely, six members including the President) for reasons given in the general report of the latter. The cost of that Commission was approximately Rs. 17,000.

9. *IV. Improvement of Colleges.*—The Syndicate considers that a sum of Rupees 1,00,000 might, with advantage, be given as additional grants to the affiliated colleges. This estimate is based on the distribution of the sum of Rs. 2,77,500 in G.O., No. 810, Educational, dated 3rd December 1907. The sums allotted by that order have chiefly been spent on additional buildings and it is now roughly calculated that something over one-third of that amount may advantageously be given for aiding in the equipment of these buildings with up-to-date apparatus and appliances.

10. It is proposed to distribute the grants as shown below :—

First-Grade Colleges.

	RS.
1. The Madras Christian College	20,000
2. St. Aloysius College, Mangalore	10,000
3. The Noble College, Masulicatam	5,500
4. St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly	18,000
5. S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly	2,500
6. Maharaja's College, Vizianagaram	2,000
Total ..	58,000

* This seems out of proportion.
G. S. FORBES

Second-Grade Colleges.

	RS.
1. Kallikota College, Berhampur	2,000
2. P.R. College, Cocanada	3,000
3. Coimbatore College	4,100
4. St. Joseph's College, Cuddalore	500
5. C.S.M. College, Madras	500
6. Doveton College, Madras	4,100
7. Wesley College, Madras	2,000
8. Madura College	4,100
9. Findlay College, Mannargudi	2,000
10. Sarah Tucker College, Palamcottah	1,000
11. Victoria College, Palghat	4,100
12. Salem College	2,000
13. Brennen College, Tellicherry	2,000
14. C.M.S. College, Tinnevely	500
15. Hindu College, Tinnevely	2,000
16. Voorhees College, Vellore	2,000
17. Mrs. A.V.N. College, Vizagapatam	4,100
Total ..	40,000
Grand Total ..	98,000

11. The Director of Public Instruction (the Hon'ble Dr. Bourne) states that he has considered the several points referred to in the Registrar's letter above as a member of the Syndicate and that he is in general agreement with the recommendations of that body. He further observes that any amount which can be spared from Provincial revenues will be required for Government Colleges.

12. The additional amounts stated by the University as likely to be required during the next three years may be briefly summarized as follows :—

	RS.
(1) Travelling allowance to Fellows and Members of the Boards of studies at Rs. 7,000 per annum	21,000
(2) Inspection of Colleges	20,000
(3) Grants to first and second-grade Colleges	1,00,000
Total ..	1,41,000

13. In his u.o. note dated 11th December 1908, the Hon'ble Dr. Bourne said "The Municipal College, Salem, wants Rs. 6,500 for fittings for the new laboratories. The Victoria College, Palghat, wants Rs. 18,000 and the Madura College wants Rs. 68,000."

14. It is proposed to pay the Salem College a grant of Rs. 5,500, out of the balance of the Special University grant already in the hands of this Government. For the Victoria College, Palghat, and the Madura College the grants estimated for by the Syndicate for the next three years are only Rs. 4,000 in each case. Perhaps the probable additional requirements on account of these two colleges may be put

down at Rs. 50,000. If this is done the total grant which may profitably be spent on the University and on the Inspection of Colleges during the next three years will be Rs. 1,41,000 + Rs. 50,000 or Rs. 1,91,000, or roughly two lakhs.

15. It is for consideration whether the Government of India may be informed as above.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—12-1-09.

The note which is little more than a *rechauffé* of the Registrar's letter need not have taken so long to prepare especially as the Government of India wants timely information.

As the Palghat and Madura Colleges will apparently want Rs. 86,000 against Rs. 58,000 suggested in the office-note, it will probably be safe to ask the Government of India for two lakhs to be distributed over three years.

India asks what portion Provincial revenues will meet. The answer must apparently be "nothing" as the Director of Public Instruction, correctly no doubt, declares that we shall want every farthing available for our Government Colleges.

India asks further whether contributions in aid can be expected from private sources. Again the answer must be "nothing" as reported by the Registrar.

A. BUTTERWORTH—15-1-09.

I find the office-note rather confused and it does not set out clearly the annual resources of the University. These consist as I take it of (a) annual fees, (b) interest on certain funded investments and (c) grants of grace from Imperial or Provincial revenues.

2. (a) The *annual fees* meet ordinary expenditure, I gather from paragraph 4 of the note, and leave an average surplus of between Rs. 25,000 and Rs. 30,000? and this surplus is invested in the "University Fee Fund"?

(b) The *funded investments* are—

(i) The University Fee Fund which now amounts to 6 lakhs, (ii) the Endowment fund with $3\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs and (iii) the Library fund with 1 lakh. What is the *annual* income derived by each of these funds?

3. The "fee fund" income is available for lectureships and studentships. What did these cost the University last year; and has the University put forward any settled scheme for their extension and at what cost?

4. What is the *endowment fund*? Is it merely trust monies for scholarship and prizes, etc., of which neither the capital nor interest can be diverted from the trust purpose: if so of course no part of the income is available for other purposes. But apparently this is not so as a lakh was withdrawn for the library (paragraph 3 of office-note)?

5. There is finally the *Library fund*. This is put at one lakh which is merely the Government grant. Is the Griffith Bequest not funded or is the capital being spent outright.

6. It is difficult to say what if any further help should be given from the Public Treasury for the objects stated until the exact state of the available income is made clear.

The library must build itself up from the income of the endowment, gradually—as every other University has had to do. The Connemara library is available to the University and that is handsomely maintained from public revenues. No claim on this account can, I think, be admitted.

7. I have asked above for information regarding extra lectureships and studentships.

8. As to travelling allowances and allowances for inspection committees. There are a good many people on the ruling Boards of the University who look upon it as a milch cow to supply them nutriment in the shape of examination fees and allowances for committees. This is fairly common knowledge and was impressed upon me the other day by a distinguished native member of the syndicate. So that

we must look upon the claim for additional travelling allowances, somewhat critically. In this respect I am inclined to let them cut their coat according to their cloth, that is adjust their fees and allowances to the income. Of course people always howl that remuneration is inadequate so long as they believe the bottomless (!) pocket of the tax-payer may be further exploited; but when they find that the amount is limited they are quite prepared to take what they can get: for all these fees and allowances are *in addition* to regular incomes otherwise assured.

9. The really deserving claim is on behalf of the "improvement of certain colleges" to bring them up to standard. Are not some of the colleges in the list, colleges which it is proposed that Government shall take over and convert into "Model High schools"?

G. S. F[ORBES]—16-1-09.

Office—Note please quickly and concisely on the various points raised by the Honourable Member.

A. BUTTERWORTH—18-1-09.

Paragraph 1 of Honourable Member's note—Resources of the University.—The sources of income of the University are as stated by the Honourable Member (1) fees, (2) interest on investments, (3) Government grants. There is also another item of income, namely, sale-proceeds of University publications—*vide* page 3 of G.O., No. 722, Educational, dated 6th November 1905, and page 3 of G.O., No. 814, Educational, dated 4th December 1907.

Over Rs. 9,500 in 1906-1907.

C. A. SOUTER—19-1-09.

2. *Paragraph 2 of Honourable Member's note (a).*—The facts are as stated by the Honourable Member, except that sale-proceeds of University publications should be added as a source of income. (b) The University fee fund stood at 6 lakhs, and the endowment fund at 3.28 lakhs on the 31st March 1908. The Library fund is composed of * one lakh, which is the grant sanctioned by Government out of the special University grant and of Rs. 30,700 being the accumulated amount of the Griffith's bequest. The University propose to devote this latter sum to the initial outlay on the establishment of the library. The annual income on account of the Library fund will thus be only the interest on the funded capital of Rs. 1,00,000. The annual income derived from each of these funds will be as shown below:—

RS.		RS.
6,000 × 3½	(1) University fee fund	21,000
2,280 × 3½ (and small sums at 3 and 6 per cent.)	(2) Endowment fund	7,954
1,000 × 3½	(3) Library fund	3,500

3. *Paragraph 3 of Honourable Member's note—Lectureships and studentships.*—Sanction was accorded only so late as September 1908 to the expenditure of the interest on the University fee fund on the establishment of lectureships and studentships. There appears to have been no expenditure under this head in 1908. In connection with the distribution of the special University grant in 1907, the Syndicate proposed a rough scheme of lectureships and studentships, which was estimated to cost Rs. 22,000 per annum, as hereunder:—

	RS. Per annum.
Eight studentships of Rs. 75 each per mensem ..	7,200
Eight lectureships at Rs. 500 each for 3 terms ..	12,000
Four assistant lectureships at Rs. 250 each for 3 terms	3,000
Total ..	22,200

No settled scheme has however yet been submitted by the Syndicate on the subject.

4. *Paragraphs 4 and 5 of Honourable Member's note—Endowment and library funds.*—The endowment fund is, as stated by the Honourable Member, merely trust moneys for scholarships and prizes of which neither the capital nor interest can be diverted from the purposes of the trust. A list of the endowments is given on page * 127 of the Madras University Calendar for 1908-1909. The lakh of rupees which was † withdrawn from the endowment fund was the Government grant of one lakh, which was formerly included under the head "endowment fund," but which is now kept as a separate fund, namely, the library fund. The whole of the Griffith's bequest is to be utilized for the initial outlay on the library.

* The Government grant of one lakh is wrongly shown on page 127 as part of the Griffith's legacy.

A. BUTTERWORTH.

† Government contributed the money originally as a foundation for a library. The University first added it to the endowment fund and then formed with it a separate library fund which was the proper thing to do.

A. BUTTERWORTH.

Page 4 of G.O., No. 570, Educational, dated 31st August 1907.

5. *Paragraph 9 of Honourable Member's note—Colleges to be converted into 'Model High schools.'*—Of the colleges shown in the list in paragraph 10 of the office-note, only the three undermentioned institutions are proposed by the Honourable Member to be taken over by Government to be converted into model high schools:—

1. Coimbatore College (High School department).
2. Salem Municipal College.
3. Brennen College, Tellicherry (High School department).

K. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR—18-1-09.

C. A. SOUTER—19-1-09.

But I am not sure how far the constitution as model schools of the High School departments of these institutions would affect their College departments. The assistance proposed by the University applies, no doubt, to the College departments only. Even if the High School departments are converted into model schools, the College departments may continue to exist and to require the grants mentioned in the Registrar's letter. Any way it is proposed to give these 3 institutions only Rs. 8,000, so the still unsettled question of taking them up as model schools will not materially affect the amount to be asked of the Government of India. I must express my regret that matters were not more clearly expressed when the note was submitted to Honourable Member.

A. BUTTERWORTH—19-1-09.

The library must be expanded from the annual interest of the Library fund, which should make it possible to make very considerable additions yearly.

So with the lectureships and studentships. The Fee fund has an income of Rs. 21,000.

Private benefactions will, it must be expected, come to the help of University endowment as in other parts of the world.

The surplus of the ordinary receipts and expenditure is about Rs. 30,000 now and will cover expense of inspection, etc.

I think we cannot ask the Government of India for more than a lakh to enable Government to help to equip private Colleges.

G. S. F[ORBES]—10-1-09.

I have spoken to the Honourable Member. He says we may ask for 1½ lakhs for the Colleges instead of 1 lakh. I do not think we need say anything to the University as to what funds we are asking for or how they should meet their expenses. I don't think Honourable Member intends that to be done. Draft please to India.

A. BUTTERWORTH—20-1-09.

The draft letter placed below is for approval.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—21-1-09.

For approval.

C. A. SOUTER—22-1-09.

Fresh typed draft please.

A. BUTTERWORTH—23-1-09.

The draft has been retyped and is submitted.

2. With reference to paragraph 6 of the draft, the Secretary has remarked on margin of the original draft :

" . . . Have we any estimates of the cost (of additional buildings and apparatus)? or has any thing been spent already? We should say what our provincial outlay has been for the last 12 years on Education and show how the proportion to our total revenue has rapidly risen. Financial will have to see this paragraph. They alone know what we can afford."

3. It is submitted that no complete estimate has been received from the Director of Public Instruction as to the probable cost of additional buildings and apparatus which will be required in connection with the reorganization of Government Colleges. From the budget estimate for 1909-1910, it is observed that a sum of Rs. 5,000 has been provided in the revised estimate for the current year for the supply of

Vide page 5 of the budget statements. apparatus for the Rajahmundry College and that a further sum of Rs. 37,000 has been provided for additional furniture, apparatus and stores mainly for the Presidency College and for a gas installation (in connection with Physical Science) in the Rajahmundry College. There is no information as to the probable requirements on this account for the Kumbakonam and Mangalore Colleges.

The cost of additional buildings for the Presidency College is roughly estimated at Rs. 50,000—*vide* page 6 of G.O., No. 31, Educational, dated 16th January 1909. There is no information as to the probable requirements of the other Colleges.

4. The Provincial expenditure on education from the year 1900-1901 is given in the statement on page 14 of the budget notes. Attention is also solicited to statement IX on page 37 of K.W. G O., No. 288, Financial, dated 13th May 1907, which gives statistics of educational expenditure from the year 1896-97. For the rate of the growth of Provincial revenue and expenditure, please see paragraphs

The rate is appalling.

A. BUTTERWORTH.

Letter can issue if Financial accepts

A. BUTTERWORTH.

referred to in paragraph 11 of letter to India, No. 138, Educational, dated 24th February 1908.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—23-1-09.

C. A. SOUTER—23-1-09.

Will Financial kindly consider paragraph 6 in particular? I really don't know what the demands in Educational will be but I fancy they are sure to be pretty heavy. Financial knows best whether there is likely to be any extra money forthcoming for Education and may be able to suggest amendments in the draft which will make our case stronger. But I am told that the Provincial expenditure on page 14 of the budget notes includes Imperial grants amounting to 14.40 lakhs. If so we can hardly take credit to ourselves for the great increase in expenditure and it is useless referring to the matter in paragraph 6 of the letter.

A. BUTTERWORTH—24-1-09.

To the Financial Department.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The rough forecast of the transactions of Provincial funds for the next five years calculated in the Financial Department note, dated the 23rd May 1908, on pages 21—24 of K.W. 1002 L., dated the 11th July 1908, which started with the budget estimate figures for 1903-1909 has now been revised as shown in the statement in paragraph 4 *infra*, the figures in the budget for 1909-1910 (Preliminary) being taken as the starting point.

2. In adopting the figures in the budget for 1909-1910, the following minor changes referred to in paragraph 1 of the Financial note, dated 23rd May 1908, have been carried out:—

(a) The assignment from Provincial to Imperial (19.55 lakhs), which is deducted from the share of Land Revenue, has been restored on the revenue side and added to the expenditure side.

(b) As the assignment, as it stands in the budget estimate (19.55), excludes the special grant of 3.50 lakhs for sanitation and the 2.50 lakhs grant under the famine scheme, these two grants have also been excluded from the expenditure total.

(c) The special grant of 6 lakhs to the Madras Corporation which cannot be looked upon as a growing item of expenditure has been excluded from the expenditure.

(d) The budget estimate contains a provision of .76 lakh for the revision of establishment in Collectors' and Divisional offices. India have promised to assist us in financing the "Meyer" scheme and they have been asked to give us an assignment from Imperial. But it does not seem worth while to exclude the amount.

3. In estimating the percentage growth of the revenue and expenditure, the percentages worked out in 1907 for the six years from 1899-1900 to 1905-1906, have been adopted, viz., 2.93 *per cent. per annum* under revenue and 2.87 *per cent. per annum* for expenditure (see statements VII and VIII on page 35 of K.W. 288, Financial, dated the 13th May 1907).

4. The rough forecast works out as follows:—

Revenue.	Lakhs.	Lakhs, surplus.	Expenditure.	Lakhs.	Lakhs.
			Budget for 1909-1910 (excluding 3.50 lakhs under 24. Medical, 2.50 under 36. Reduction or Avoidance of Debt and 6.00 under 45. Civil Works.	565.44	565.44
			Assignment to India	..	25.65
Budget estimate for 1909-1910.	603.71	12.62	Total expenditure in 1909-1910 . .	..	591.09
Add 2.93 <i>per cent.</i> of 603.71 lakhs.	17.69		Add 2.87 <i>per cent.</i> of 565.44 lakhs.	16.23	..
			Probable expenditure in 1910-1911 (excluding 3.50 lakhs under 24. Medical, etc.).	581.67	581.67
			Assignment to India	..	25.65
Probable revenue for 1910-1911.	621.40	14.08	Total expenditure in 1910-1911 . .	..	607.32
Add 2.93 <i>per cent.</i> of 621.40 lakhs.	18.20		Add 2.87 <i>per cent.</i> of 581.67 lakhs . .	16.69	..
			Probable expenditure in 1911-1912 (excluding 3.50 lakhs under 24. Medical, etc.).	598.36	598.36
			Assignment to India	..	25.65
Probable revenue for 1911-1912.	639.30	16.69	Total expenditure in 1911-1912 . .	..	624.01
Add 2.93 <i>per cent.</i> of 639.30 lakhs.	18.74		Add 2.87 <i>per cent.</i> of 598.36 lakhs.	17.17	..
			Probable expenditure in 1912-1913 (excluding 3.50 lakhs under 24. Medical, etc.).	615.53	615.53
			Assignment to India	..	25.65

Revenue.	Lakhs.	Lakhs, surplus.	Expenditure.	Lakhs.	Lakhs.
Probable revenue for 1912-1913.	658.34	17.16	Total expenditure in 1912-1913 ..	..	641.18
Add 2.93 per cent. of 658.34 lakhs.	19.29		Add 2.87 per cent. of 616.53 lakhs ..	17.67	..
			Probable expenditure in 1913-1914 (excluding 3.50 lakhs under 24 Medical, etc.).	633.20	633.20
			Assignment to India	..	25.65
Probable revenue for 1913-1914.	677.63	18.78	Total expenditure in 1913-1914 ..	..	658.86
Add 2.93 per cent. of 677.63 lakhs.	19.85		Add 2.87 per cent. of 633.20 lakhs ..	18.17	..
			Probable expenditure in 1914-1915 (excepting 3.50 lakhs under 24 Medical, etc.).	651.37	651.37
			Assignment to India	..	25.65
Probable revenue for 1914-1915.	697.48	20.46	Total expenditure in 1914-1915 ..	..	677.02

5. The several important schemes involving recurring expenditure which will have to be introduced in the near future are noticed below.

6. I. Land Revenue—"Meyer" Scheme for the constitution of additional districts and redistribution of districts and divisional charges.—The extra cost involved is about 10 lakhs *per annum* including the reorganization of taluk office establishments which is estimated to cost about 3.50 lakhs by the Board of Revenue and which the Board have been asked to revise. This is a large scheme and India will most probably only assist Provincial funds with a portion of the expenditure.

7. II. FOREST.—

	Total cost.	Provision in the budget estimate, 1909-1910.
	LAKHS.	LAKHS.
Introduction of the time scale of pay for the Provincial Forest Service	41	30
Augmentation of the Controlling Forest Service ..	1.09	
Strengthening of the Subordinate Forest Service ..	03	
Total ..	1.53	30
		1.23
Difference		62
Provincial share		

Forest will thus require further additional expenditure of about 60 lakh over and above the budget grant for 1909-1910.

8. III. REGISTRATION—*Strengthening of the clerical staff in Sub-Registry Offices and certain minor schemes, such as employment of a special staff to see to the proper upkeep of records.*—The extra cost may roughly be taken at 50 lakh.

9. IV. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION—*Reform schemes.*—Such as the enlargement of the Legislative Council, etc.

10. V. COURTS OF LAW—*Improvement in the pay and prospects of Sub-Magistrates.*—(Cost not known).

11. VI. POLICE.—The total estimated cost of the Police reorganization scheme is 37½ lakhs inclusive of contingencies and allowances. The budget estimate for 1909-1910 provides roughly for 26½ lakhs of this additional expenditure so that the balance of 11 lakhs will have to be met from Provincial revenues in the near future.

12. VII. EDUCATION—(a) *Free Primary Education (approximate cost is 11.67 lakhs per annum).*—The Government of India have been informed that the possibility of introducing any such scheme depends very largely upon the financial aid which the Government of India will be able to offer.

Paragraph 11 of letter to the Government of India (Home), No. 138, Educational, dated 24th February 1908.

Paragraph 8 of Financial office-note, dated 27th November 1908, on page 13 of Budget Notes for 1909-1910 under 22. EDUCATION.

Paragraph 4 of Educational note, dated 12th September 1907, on page 16 of K.W. 57, Financial, dated 22nd January 1908.

Paragraph 9 of Financial office-note, dated 27th November 1888, on page 13 of Budget Notes for 1909-1910 under 22. EDUCATION.

(f) *Reorganization of the Indian Educational and Provincial Educational Service.*—The proposal is under consideration. The cost is not known.

G.O., No. 1002 L., dated 11th July 1908.

14. IX. SCIENTIFIC, ETC., DEPARTMENTS.—(a) The Secretary of State has sanctioned the scheme for the reorganization of the Provincial and Subordinate Civil Veterinary service at an additional cost of 1.20 lakhs. The scheme can be introduced only gradually as it depends upon the number of qualified veterinary graduates passing out of the Veterinary College annually.

Page 175, Civil Budget Estimate. The budget estimate for 1909-1910 provides about 13 lakh for this scheme.

(b) The Agricultural Department has been reorganized and though there will in the future be expenditure in excess of the budget allotment for 1909-1910 the scheme need not be treated as a special scheme.

(c) *Industrial development.*—The budget estimate for 1909-1910 contains an allotment of 65 lakh for this purpose and the additional expenditure which will be incurred in the near future cannot be gauged at present.

15. As regards the possibility of expenditure on famine relief under the Famine Insurance Scheme, expenditure would be Imperial up to 12.50 lakhs and would then be shared equally between Provincial and Imperial.

16. The grant of compensation for dearness of food costs about 10.50 lakhs per annum and if unfortunately there is no fall in prices the concession may have to be continued.

Again memorials from clerks in the various offices at the Presidency town have been received for the grant of a Presidency allowance in view of the costliness of living at the Presidency town.

17. Omitting large schemes such as (i) "Meyer" scheme, (ii) Reform schemes and (iii) Free primary education and indefinite schemes such as improvement in the pay of Sub-Magistrates, reorganization of training school for mistresses, reorganization of the Indian and Provincial Educational services, Industrial development and Presidency allowances to clerks

C.M.S.

in offices in the City of Madras, the schemes in paragraphs 6 to 16 *supra* will ultimately throw on Provincial funds the following additional expenditure *per annum* :—

	LAKHS.
Forest department	about 60
Registration department	50
Police	11.00
Educational	5.00
Medical	50
Scientific	1.50
	19.10

18. The rough forecast shows that there will be a surplus of 20 lakhs in 1914-1915 and that under ordinary conditions Provincial should be able to meet the expenditure of 19.10 lakhs and odd involved in the schemes without indenting on their balances.

19. The net result is that schemes involving a *recurring* expenditure of several lakhs such as free primary education, Meyer scheme, etc., cannot be undertaken without assistance from Imperial revenues.

20. It has also to be remembered that the rate of growth in revenues may not be as rapid as it has been of late—Excise revenue is a striking example. The balances are no doubt large and the year 1909-1910 is expected to close with a balance of about 124 lakhs after deducting 5.25 lakhs which will be included in the budget for grain compensation allowance. This cannot, however, be taken into account in sanctioning schemes involving *recurring* expenditure.

21. The present case relates to a grant of 1.50 lakhs to be made to the University of Madras to be spread over a period of three years at the rate of half a lakh *per annum* and the Educational Department propose to inform the Government of India that there is no probability of the amount being found by the Local Government in view of the enhanced outlay contemplated in various directions in the near future. Looking to the fact that the amount in question (1.50 lakhs) is not appreciably large, that the Provincial balances stand at a high figure and that the Local Government require the financial aid of the Government of India for giving effect to larger schemes such as "Meyer Scheme" and free primary education, it is for consideration whether the sum of 1.50 lakhs may not be met from Provincial funds, the Government of India being informed accordingly.

V. GOPALAKRISHNAN—29-1-09.

The prospective increases in Provincial revenues and expenditure worked out in Page 35 of K.W. No. 288, Financial, dated 13th May 1907. paragraph 4 of the preceding note are based on the percentages deduced in 1907; but in order to arrive at approximately correct percentages for application to our revenues and expenditure as they are now shared by Provincial under the existing settlement we should obtain the past percentages of increase by taking the shares of divided heads in the past at the same fraction as they now stand, *e.g.*, Provincial share of LAND REVENUE AND EXCISE is half instead of the quarter prior to 1908. It is proposed to have the figures worked

C. J. WEIR. out directly we have the latest revised for 1908-1909. In dealing with this matter it has also to be remembered that a portion of the additional expenditure involved in special schemes must be taken as covered by the ordinary growth in expenditure, in other words, we cannot ear-mark a G. S. F[ORBES]. scheme as being entirely outside the ordinary growth.

2. Apart from these general considerations it is submitted that if Educational require only 1.50 lakhs in the next three years for collegiate and university reform, the C. J. WEIR. amount can be met from the Provincial balances. The closing balance in the preliminary edition of the Civil Budget Estimate for 1909-1910 is 129 lakhs.

Taking into account the grant of grain compensation (1.60 for two months in 1908-1909 and 5.25 for six months in 1909-1910) and the additional grant of 6 lakhs for Public Works Department, the closing balance of 1909-1910 may be placed at 116 lakhs on the estimates as they now stand. It has to be remembered also that this Government have informed India of their intention of making a grant of 1.50 lakhs in three instalments to the Bangalore Institute of Science and this amount is no more than Educational ask for in connection with University Education in this Presidency.

C. M. SCHMIDT—2-2-09.

Submitted that Provincial may find the money out of the balance.

C. J. WEIR—2-2-09.

But the 1.50 lakhs is only a small portion of the demands which Education will have to make on Financial for collegiate needs. The claim upon India is in response to their own request. We have to find money for the Government colleges and we shall also be forced later to give some further aid to the University, though we must try and compel them to live within their means.

This money is required, as noted, for the non-Government or affiliated colleges.

Should not paragraph 6 refer to the prospective demands for the model High schools? Will Educational Department verify the sentence I have inserted in paragraph 6.

For the above reasons I would therefore address India as proposed. (The University is their child.)

G. S. F[ORBES]—2-2-09.

To the Educational Department.

C. J. WEIR—4-2-09.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Verify Honourable Member's addition about model High schools. If it is correct we can issue the letter. I have omitted from paragraph 6 the reference to doubling of expenditure in ten years as that may not be true of *Provincial* expenditure.

A. BUTTERWORTH—4-2-09.

Submitted that the estimated annual cost of fourteen model High schools, suggested by the Hon'ble Mr. Forbes, is about one lakh of rupees—*vide* paragraph 11 of his note on page 34 of K.W. G.O., No. 250, Educational, dated 30th March 1908. The total cost of the scheme which comprises the establishment of model High

Vide paragraph 16 of the Hon'ble Mr. Forbes' note on page 37 of K.W. G.O., No. 250, Educational, dated 30th March 1908. schools and the provincialization of other Local Board and Municipal Secondary schools is estimated at 2.15 lakhs per annum. This excludes the cost of providing hostels which is estimated at 2.20 lakhs. The Honourable Member's remark about model High schools appears to be correct.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—4-2-09.

Yes. Issue.

A. BUTTERWORTH—4-2-09.

[G.O., Nos. 72, 73, Educational, dated 4th February 1909.]

Advance copy circulated to the Hon'ble Mr. Hammick, C.S.I., C.I.E.

H.D.T.,

9-11-08.

No. 933.

From

Sir Harold Stuart, K.C.V.O., C.S.I.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Home Department.

Educational Department.

(Education).

Simla, the 5th November 1908.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to the Home Department letter No. 752, dated the 6th December 1905, regarding the distribution of the annual grant allotted by the Government of India for collegiate and University reform.

2. It will be seen that, apart from grants for the year 1904-05, for the years 1905-06 and the following years up to the year 1908-09, the Government of India placed at the disposal of the local Government the following amounts annually:-

(1) for colleges -	...	80,000
(2) for administration, inspection and travelling.	...	25,000

	Total	105,000.

They, at the same time, observed that they could not promise that the special grant allotted would be continued beyond the year 1908-09. The existing grant will cease at the end of the current financial year, and I am to inquire whether in the opinion of the Governor in Council it is considered necessary to continue it, and, if so, what arrangements the local Government proposes to make for the future.

3. Before the Government of India can decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from Imperial revenues, it is necessary that they should be informed of the extent to which provincial

provincial revenues will be able to help in this direction. I am therefore to request that the Government of India may be furnished with a full report showing the financial position of the University together with estimates of expenditure under the two heads mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter for the next three years and of the amounts that may be available to meet this expenditure. I am also to request that the Government of India may be informed what portions of the expenditure the local Government will be prepared to meet from provincial revenues and whether any donations from private persons may be expected in aid of this expenditure.

4. I am further to say that it would be convenient if this matter could be dealt with so as to admit of its consideration in time for the inclusion of any grants that may be made in the budget estimates of the next financial year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

H. A. Stuart,

Secretary to the Government of India.



3
University of Madras.

Printed
17

No. 857

SENATE HOUSE, 5-MAR 1909

Enclosures.

181
5/3/9

FROM

Francis Dewsbury, Esq., B.A., LL.B.

Registrar, University of Madras,

TO

The Registrar,

Education Department,

Government of Madras.

Sir,

In reply to your telephonic Message of 2nd instant requesting an explanation of the discrepancy between the sum of the items in the estimated additional grants to affiliated colleges and the total given in this office letter No. 3845 of 8th December 1908, I have the honour to request you to correct the following five items as hereunder:-

Second Grade Colleges.

No. 3 Coimbatore College

No. 6 Doveton College

No. 8 Madura College

No. 11 Victoria College, Palghat

No. 17 Mrs. A. V. N. College, Vizagapatam

to each of the above read Rs 4,100, not Rs 4,000. The total will then be found correct.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Francis Dewsbury
Registrar.

Who asked for this
information?

20-3-09

For the US Educational Department

3

Attention is invited to the estimate of additional grants to affiliated second grade colleges, submitted by the Registrar, Madras University, with his letter N° 3545, dated 3rd December 1908, disposed of in G.O.

3

N° 72-73 Educational, dated 4th February 1909.

1. The total estimate ^{of grants for second grade colleges} is given as Rs 40,000 ^{according to} while the details, the total ^{amounts to} is only Rs 39,500.

2. The Registrar requests that the ^{figures for the} estimates ^{marginal notes} of grants to the following colleges may be corrected from Rs 4,000 into Rs 4,100. in which case the total ^{will be} is all right.

3. For orders whether in the proof of the ^{placed below} G.O. the corrections may be made.

13.3.09 The Corrections may be made -

RD
13.3.09

US
Cled
13.3.9.

Coimbatore College
Dorseton College
Madras College
Victoria College Palghat
M.A.V.N. College, Vizag.
slip D

* slip 7

TELEPHONE MESSAGE.

From

[ASSISTANT] SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
DEPUTY REGISTRAR,
THE HEAD CLERK,

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT,

To

The Manager

~~2809~~
Madras University file.

19
Dont

Dated

190 .

Enclosure to
Reference - Letter from the
University of Madras No. 3845
dated 3.12.08. The total of
estimate of additional grants
to Second Grade Colleges is entered
as Rs 40,000 while ^{according to} the details
the total is Rs 39,500. Will you
please kindly explain the discre-
pancy?

2809
2/3/09

2809
2/3/09

[in consultation with
T. K.
2/3/09]

6

20/28

ORDER:- No. 72 of 4-2-09

The Government of India will be addressed.

28/1
 24/1

LETTER:- 73 874-2-09

To

The Secretary to the
Government of India,
Home Department.

Sir,

I am directed to reply to your letter No.933 Education, dated 5th November 1908 enquiring whether in the opinion of the Governor in Council it is necessary to continue the annual grant allotted by the Government of India under Home Department Letter No. 752 dated 6th December 1905, for collegiate and university reform.

2. With a view to decide what further assistance, if any, should be given from Imperial revenues, the Government of India desire to be informed

Pages of *cf*

Para. 3 of India's letter
page 2 of 4.

Page 7 + 8 of 10.

21 138
7.
informed of the extent to which provincial revenues will be able to help in this direction and to be furnished with a full report showing the financial position of the University together with estimates of (1) the expenditure during the next three years on colleges and the administration of the University and inspection and travelling by Fellows, (2) the amounts that may be available to meet this expenditure, (3) the portion of the expenditure which the Local Government will be prepared to meet from provincial revenues and (4) the donations from private persons which may be expected in aid of the expenditure.

3. Financial position of the University. On the 31st March 1908, the accumulated surplus of the University Fee Fund, which was invested in Government Securities, amounted to Rs.6,00,000. There was also a cash balance of Rs.50,000 which was made up of the surplus of the receipts over expenditure in 1907-08 (Rs.30,888) and the interest on the accumulated Fee fund (Rs.19,112). The average annual surplus of the receipts of the University

Pages 7 to 8 of 16

Page 4 of 16 1057088 - E
31.8.07

Page-2 7 to 8 - E

y x E
Gr. 51888 36188 57088
19.8.04 26.5.05 31.8.07

University over expenditure is about Rs.27,000 and this sum together with the interest on the present accumulated fee fund of Rs.6,00,000, which will amount to Rs.21,000 per annum, constitutes the amount at the disposal of the University to meet the cost of any schemes of reform which may be undertaken in the future. The University has also a sum of Rs.1,30,700 under a separate head of account called the "Library account". Of this sum Rs.30,700 which represents a bequest by Mr. Griffith towards the establishment of a University Library, is to be devoted to the initial outlay on the library. The balance of one lakh, which was paid by Government out of the special grant allotted by the Government of India for University and collegiate education, is invested in Government securities and it is proposed to utilize the interest on this amount, together with an annual allotment of Rs.6,000 from the funds of the University, for the maintenance of this Library.

4. Prospective Expenditure. The average ordinary expenditure on the administration of the University during the three years ending 1906-07 was about

158
about $2\frac{1}{3}$ lakhs and it is anticipated that the future ordinary expenditure will not differ materially from that of previous years; but the Syndicate proposes additional outlay in the directions indicated below:-

- (1) Establishment of University Lectureships and Studentships | Rs.20,000 to Rs.25,000 per annum
- (2) Travelling allowance to Fellows and Members of the Board of studies. | Rs.7,000 per annum
- (3) Inspection of Colleges (in 1910) Rs.20,000.

The Madras Government consider that the annual income from the interest on the accumulated fee fund (Rs.21,000) together with the annual surplus of about Rs.27,000 should be made to suffice for the expenditure on University Lectureships and Studentships, the inspection of Colleges and the travelling allowance of Fellows. If necessary, the special annual allotment of Rs.6,000 from University funds to the Library can be ~~stopped~~ ^{reduced leaving} the interest on the Library Endowment fund of Rs.1,00,000 ^{to provide} ~~should suffice~~ ^{its} for the maintenance of that institution. This Government do not therefore propose ^{present} ~~to give any~~ ^{special} assistance to the University to meet any of the ~~expenditures~~ aforesaid items of expenditure.

though it is not improbable that they may be compelled to do so during the year later.

P. No. 810 Ed - C
3.12.07

Page 9 of 9.

though it is difficult to foresee what funds will become available during the course of the next three years.

upon which will there will fall heavy demands in connection with the Presidency College, Madras Govt. institutions
Kumbakonam College
Rajahmundry College
Govt. College, Madras

10. 29 168
5. Colleges. For the improvement of affiliated Colleges, it is estimated that a sum of Rs.1,50,000 will be required. A sum of Rs.2,77,500 out of the special University grant already allotted by the Government of India has been distributed among the first and second grade colleges affiliated to the University in order to enable them to comply with the demands imposed by the University Regulations. The sums thus allotted have chiefly been spent on the provision of additional buildings and it is considered that further help will be required to enable the managers of the affiliated institutions to provide themselves with complete equipments of suitable apparatus which, in the case of laboratories, are costly.

6. It is feared that no portion of the sum required for affiliated Colleges can be met from the provincial revenues. There are under the direct management of Government three First-grade Colleges and a Second-grade College. The cost of bringing these colleges up to the standard required by the new University Regulations in regard to establishment, buildings and equipment is ~~very~~ ^{large} large. A scheme for

31 Est 793 Est 779 Est
 16.1.09 27.11.08 21.11.08

x. vide para. 18 of the budget
 pp. 7+8 of Part IV.

One very large item of expenditure will be for reorganizing the establishments of the First-grade Colleges at an estimated additional cost of Rs 57,000 per annum has been approved by this Government and will be submitted to the Government of India shortly, while additional buildings and apparatus must also be provided at considerable expense. In these circumstances, I am directed to state that any amount which may be allotted from the provincial revenues for the improvement of collegiate education will have to be devoted exclusively to these Government Colleges, and I am to request that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction a special grant of Rs.1,50,000 to be spread over the period of three years for expenditure upon the improvement of affiliated Colleges.

The demands upon Prov. revenues on account of education are constantly & rapidly growing, but in years the expenditure has doubled & in various directions enhanced outlay is contemplated in the near future. The Govt. do not therefore consider that there is any probability of their being able to find money for helping the University and, as the resources of that body are clearly inadequate to do anything beyond meeting ordinary expenditure of the additional items of expenditure referred to in para 4 above, I am directed to request

for reorganizing the establishments of the First-grade Colleges at an estimated additional cost of Rs 57,000 per annum has been approved by this Government and will be submitted to the Government of India shortly, while additional buildings and apparatus must also be provided at considerable expense. In these circumstances, I am directed to state that any amount which may be allotted from the provincial revenues for the improvement of collegiate education will have to be devoted exclusively to these Government Colleges, and I am to request that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction a special grant of Rs.1,50,000 to be spread over the period of three years for expenditure upon the improvement of affiliated Colleges.

7. The Syndicate of the University sees no prospect of any donations from private persons which could be applied towards meeting a part of the additional expenditure referred to in paragraph 4 supra. Such donations have hitherto been made towards scholarships and prizes and cannot be expended on other objects.

I have etc.

24/11

24/11

ORDINARY.

PREFERENCE.

EDUCATIONAL
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

URGENT (a).

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